K/D 5773



SITE CHARACTERIZATION REPORT

ER Central BMC

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ORGDP DIFFUSION FACILITIES PERMANENT SHUTDOWN

documentation. Should this documentation be moved This date centains documentation supporting the Kplease notify Lesa Medley, K-1007, MS-7056, 1-3762 or if the documentation receive another identifier, 25 Auxiliary Facilities Administrative Record File The Administrative Record File for this project ncludes a pointer to the ER DMC for this

K-700 POWER HOUSE

AND

K-27 SWITCH YARD/SWITCH HOUSE

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in a decision the document is void of This document has been reviewed for Unclassified-Sensitive issues. The review resulted, U-S issues and that the

3JC ETTP Classification and Information Control Office

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ETTP Classification &

mation Control Office

K-700 Power House and K-27 Switch Yard/Switch House Area Site Characterization Report

Executive Summary

The K-700 Power House area, initially built to supply power to the K-25 gaseous diffusion plant was shutdown and disassembled in the 1960s. This — shutdown was initiated by TVA supplying economical power to the diffusion plant complex. As a result of world wide over production of enriched, reactor grade U²³⁵, the K-27 switch yard and switch house area was placed in standby in 1985. Subsequently, as the future production requirements decreased, the cost of production increased and the separation technologies for other processes improved, the facility was permanently shutdown in December, 1987. —

This Site Characterization Report is a part of the FY-88 engineering Feasibility Study for placing ORGDP Gaseous Diffusion Process facilities in "Permanent Shutdown". It is sponsored by the Department of Energy through Virgil Lowery of Headquarters - Enrichment and through Don Cox of ORO - Enrichment Operations.

The primary purpose of these building or site characterization reports is to document, quantify, and map the following potential problems:

- * Asbestos
- * PCB containing fluids
- * Oils, coolants, and chemicals
- External contamination

With the documented quantification of the concerns (problems) the Engineering Feasibility Study will then proceed with examining the potential solutions.

For this study, permanent shutdown is defined as the securing and/or conditioning of each facility to provide 20 years of safe service with minimal expenditures and, where feasible, also serving DOE's needs for long-term warehousing or other such low-risk use.

The K-700 power house series of buildings were either masonry construction or a mix of masonry and wood. The power generating equipment was removed and sold as salvage in the mid 1960s but the buildings and auxiliary equipment were left intact. The nine ancillary buildings in the power house area use early in the Manhattan Project for special research projects, were left intact minus the original special equipment. During the late 1960s and 1970s, some of the abandoned buildings were used for offices, special projects, and storage.

Some of the remaining electrical transformers contain PCBs in concentrations less than 500 ppm. Many of the steam and hot water pipes in the buildings are insulated with asbestos insulation, but none of the equipment or buildings have high counts of surface radioactive contamination. The general conditions of the buildings are from fair to poor. Many should be boarded-up to prevent personnel entry and in some cases demolitions would be the safer alternative.

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1.0 FACILITY DESCRIPTION

The K-700 Power Complex, as shown on the map of Figure 1, was composed of the buildings and systems needed to receive power from the TVA grid, generate power from the local fossil fuel fired steam-electric generating facilities, and distribute power to the original Oak Ridge Gaseous Diffusion Plant complex. A 161 kV electrical switchyard was built to receive power from TVA over transmission lines and to transform this power to a nominal 14 kV level for powering the underground feeders serving the process buildings when the locally generated power from the "Power-house" was not available. The "Power-house" that was installed contained three 750,000 Lb/hr steam boilers to drive fourteen turbine generators, for a total electrical output of approximately 270 megawatts. The "power house" complex was a complete entity in that all the necessary systems were available for the plant to be self-sufficient.

A Cross-sectional View of the Power house is shown in Figure 2. The steam boilers were located in the K-701 building and the steam was piped to the turbine-generators located in the K-702 building. Offices and laboratory facilities were located in the K-703 building. The power from the generators was routed via underground feeder cable to the Main Switch house, K-704 building. Here, the power was routed to the many 14 kV air circuit breaker buses where it was distributed to the underground feeders routed to the K-300 process buildings, ancillary buildings, and the Plant Auxiliary Power distribution system. The auxiliary power to drive the many fans, coal pulverizers, coal conveyor belts, water pumps, intake screens, etc. was obtained from the transformers and switchgear located in the K-707 Auxiliary Switch-house.

The water needed for the boilers, turbine condensers, etc. was obtained from the Clinch River via a water intake traveling screen filter house, K-705-B. This water flowed through an underground flume to the water Pumphouse, K-706 Building, where it was then pumped to the needed equipment. The discharge water was routed through an underground flume to Poplar Creek which discharged the waste water into the Clinch River immediately downstream of the intake water structure. Ash sluice water pumps, installed in the K-706 Building,

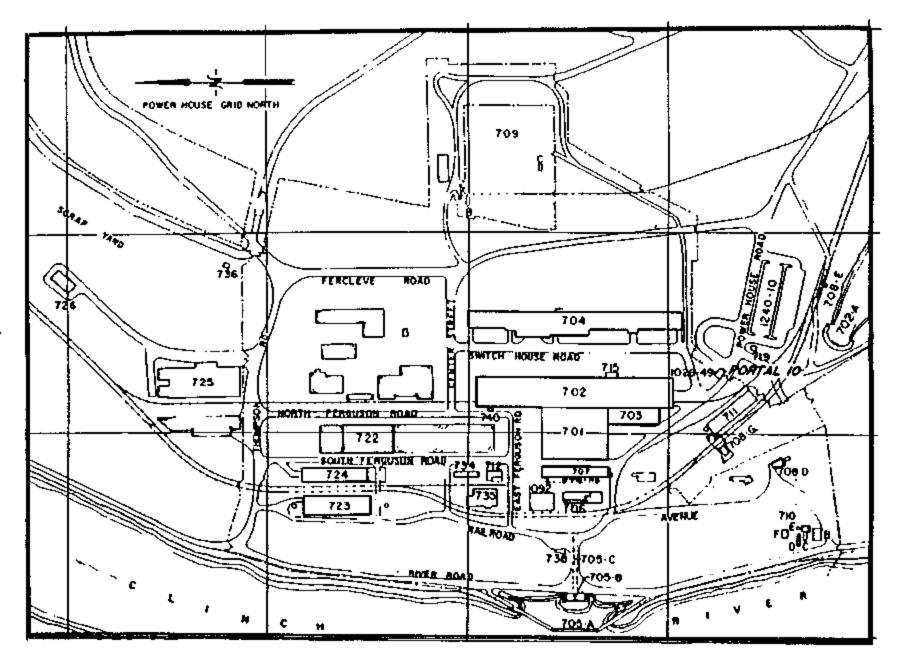


FIGURE 1 - MAP OF POWER HOUSE AREA

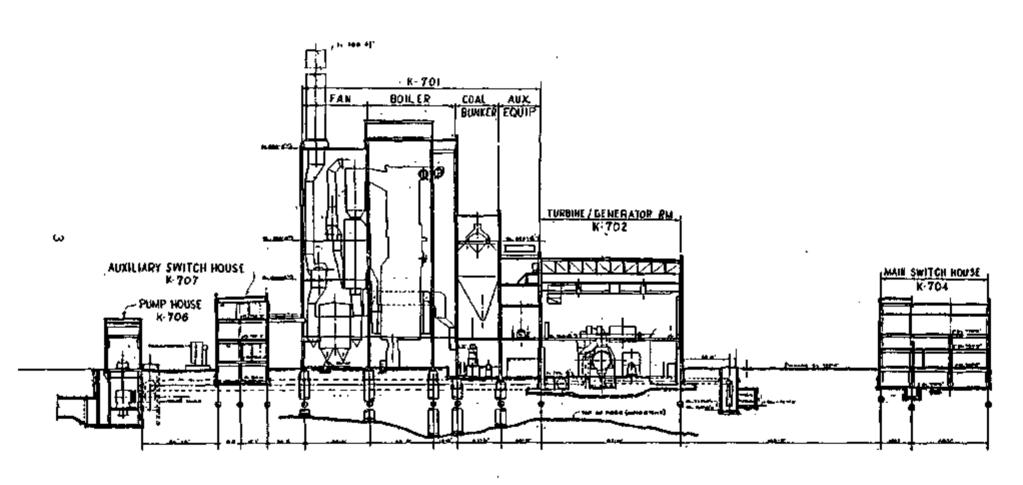


FIGURE 2 - CROSS SECTION THROUGH PUMPHOUSE - POWER HOUSE - SWITCH HOUSE

supplied high pressure water to sluice the ashes from the boiler discharge to the ash disposal field along side the discharge water flume just prior to exiting into Poplar Creek.

Coal was received by rail cars where it was weighed at the Scale House, K-708 Building, and then sent to the unloading chutes. From the coal yard the coal was transported by conveyor into the bunkers on the north side of K-701 building structure.

The area was also served by a Sewer Disposal system with the treatment facilities being housed in the K-710 Buildings.

External views of the various buildings used at the Power House are shown in the photographs in Figures 3 through 15.

Additional buildings in the K-700 Power House complex used for storage and for special research/development activities in the early days of the project include Buildings K-711, 712, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 734, and 735. Special projects associated with the Furcleve thermal diffusion process, and the NEPA Project (nuclear energy propulsion for aircraft) used these buildings for a while in the 1945/48 period. These buildings are shown in the photographs of Figures 16 through 21.

Power from the generators and the TVA transmission system was delivered to the point of usage in the K-25 process and plant auxiliary areas via underground feeders. These underground feeders emanated from the K-704 Main Switchouse to the northeast, where the feeder duct banks passed just south of the K-27/29 switchyard and into the K-25 process area (K-300 series of buildings). Figure 22 shows the feeder runs from K-704 towards the K-300 area, while Figure 23 depicts the routing of these feeders past the K-27/29 switchyard and on to the K-300 and Plant Auxiliary building areas. As described in the "History" chapter the pertinent feeders supplying the K-300 and Plant Auxiliary areas were transferred from the K-704 Switch House to the K-731 Switch House in later years. This K-731 Switch house, shown in Figure 24, was erected originally to supply power to the K-27 process area. Therefore, this facility was installed to complement the K-700 Power House area but using power generated exclusively by TVA.

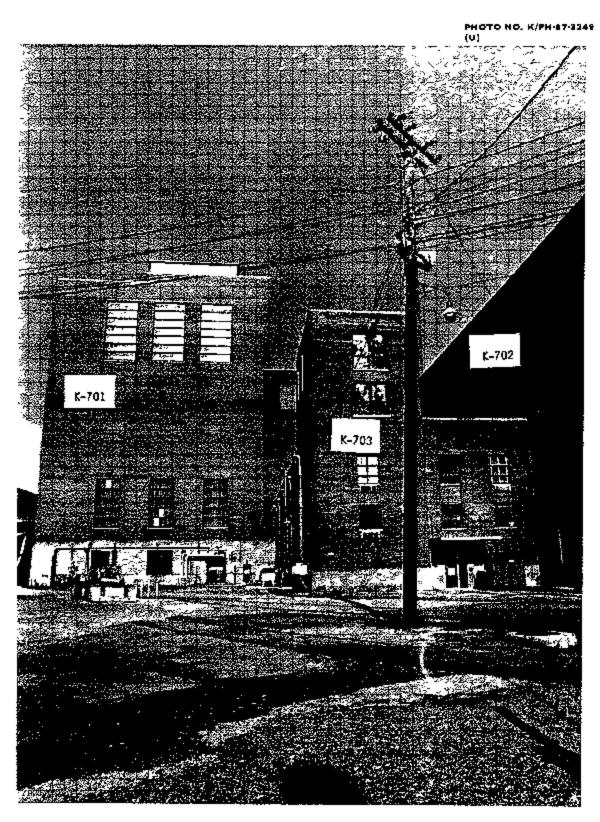


Fig. 3. Main Power House Structure South Side



Fig. 4. Main Power House Structure North Side

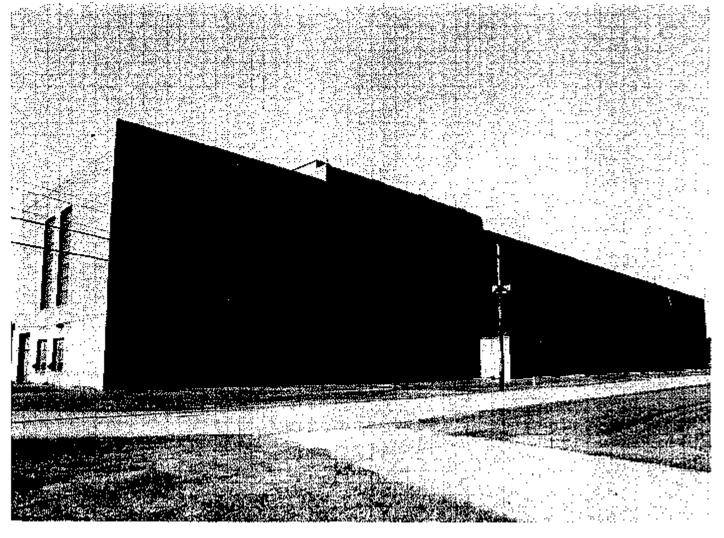


Fig. 5. K-702 Turbine-Generator Building East Side of Power House

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Fig. 6. K-703 Office Area West Side of Building

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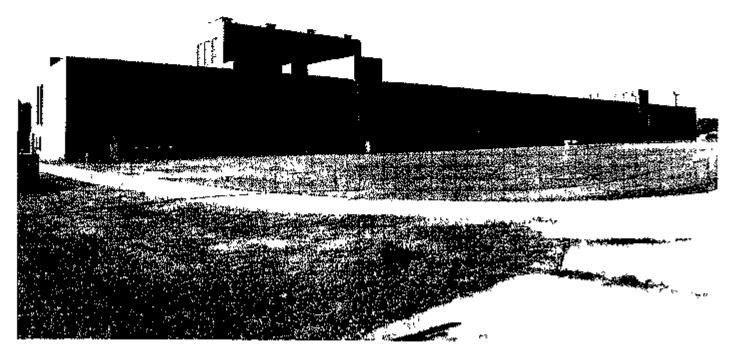


Fig. 7. K-704 Main Switch House View from East

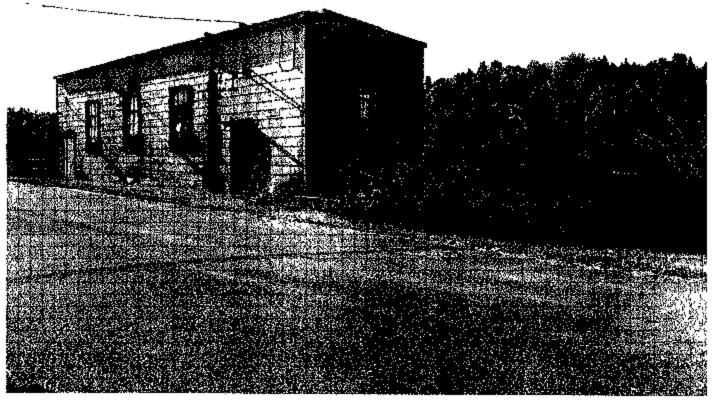


Fig. 8. K-705 Water Intake Building East Side of Building

Fig. 9. Intake Water Fixed Screens at River Edge

РНОТО NO, К/РН-67-9372 (U) K-707 K-705

Fig. 10. K-706 Pump House with K-707 Auxiliary Switch House in Right Background

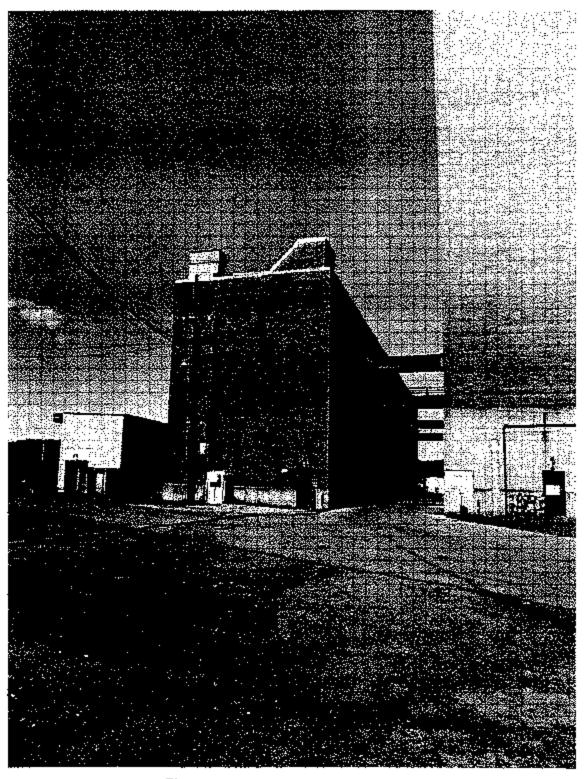


Fig. 11. K-707 Auxiliary Switch House South End

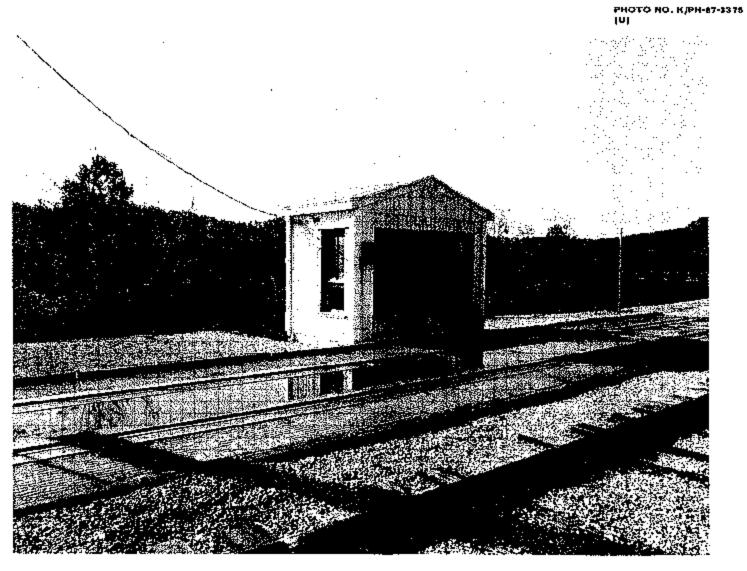


Fig. 12. K-708 Scale House

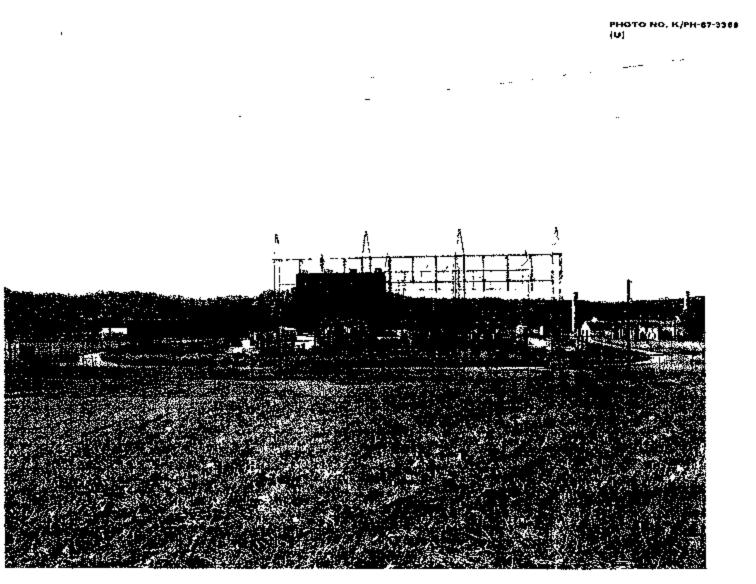


Fig. 13. K-709 Switch Yard - Viewed from East

Fig. 14. K-710 Sewage Treatment Plant

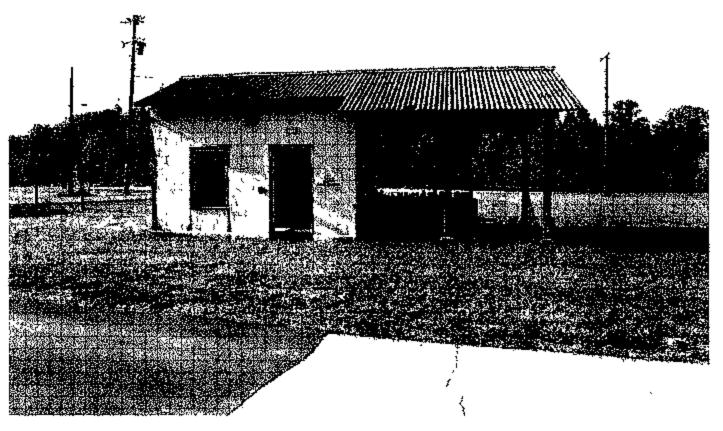


Fig. 15. K-738 Water Treatment Chemical Feed Building

Fig. 16. K-711 Storage Warehouse

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Fig. 17. K-735 & K-712 Storage Buildings

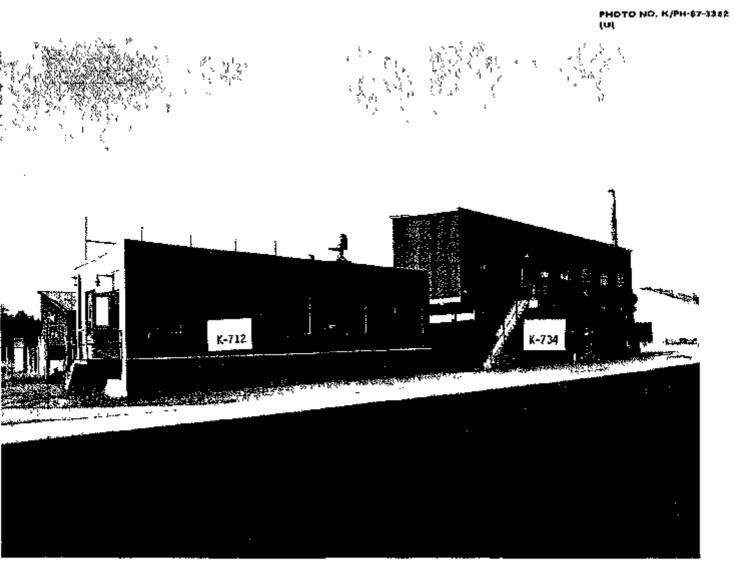


Fig. 18. K 712 & K-734 Storage Buildings Viewed from the East

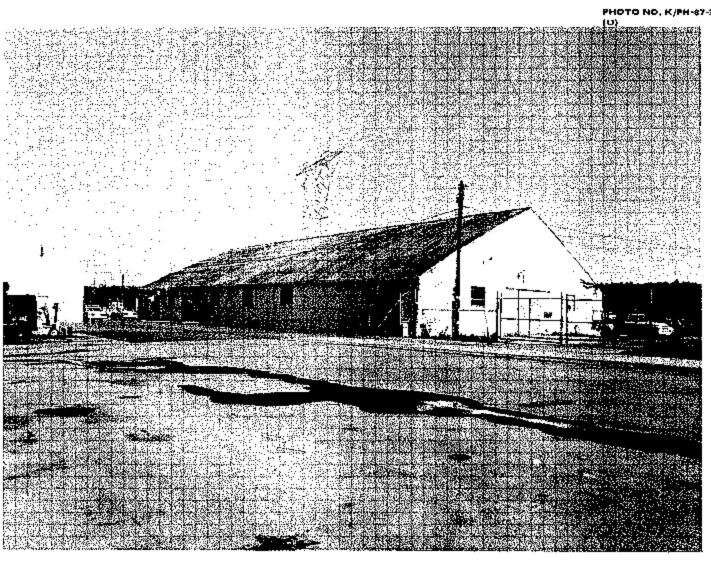


Fig. 19. K-722 Surplus Sales Building

Fig. 20, K-723 Storage Warehouse

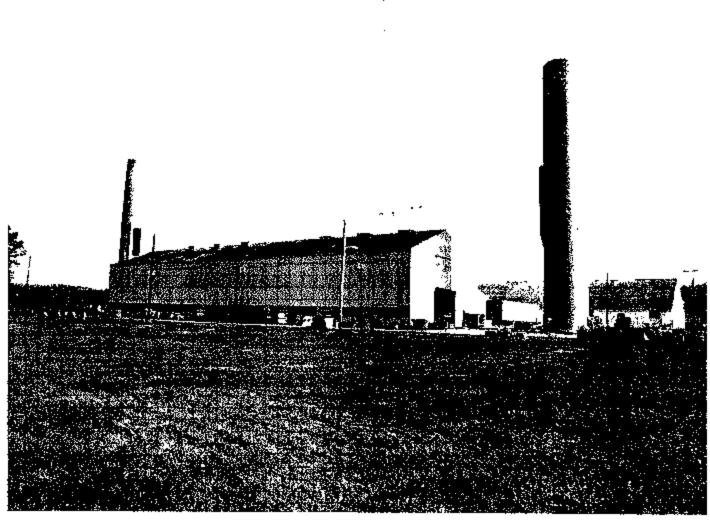
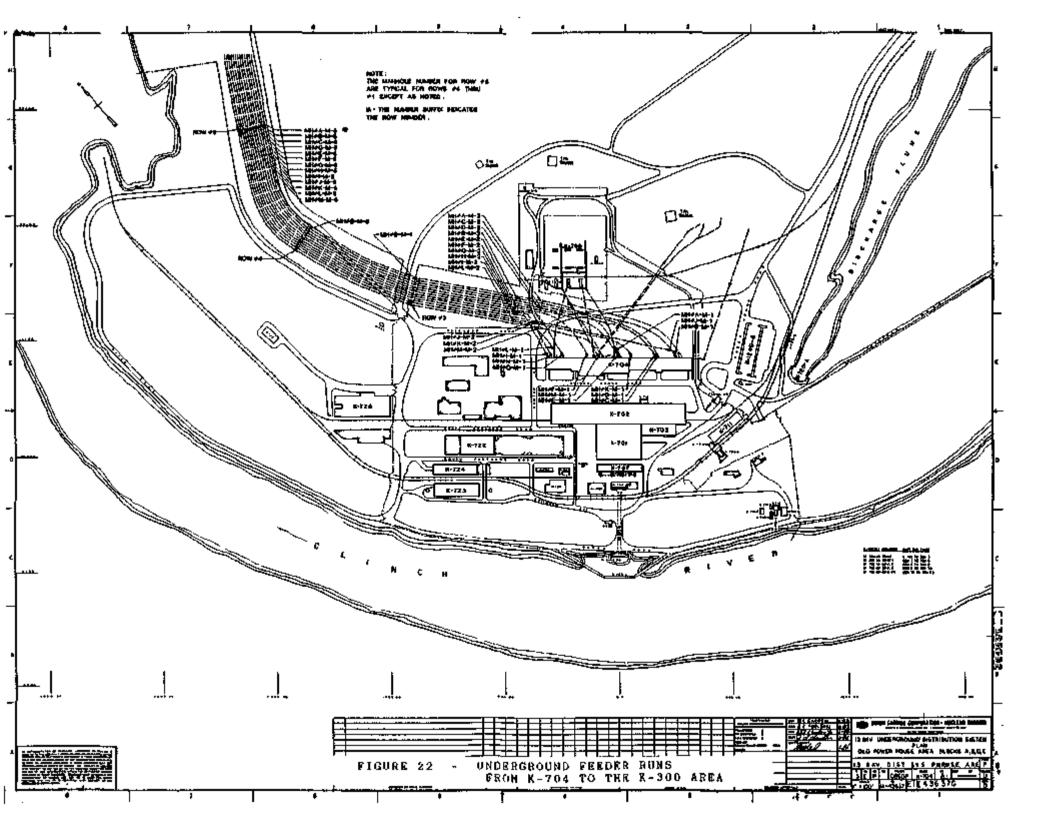
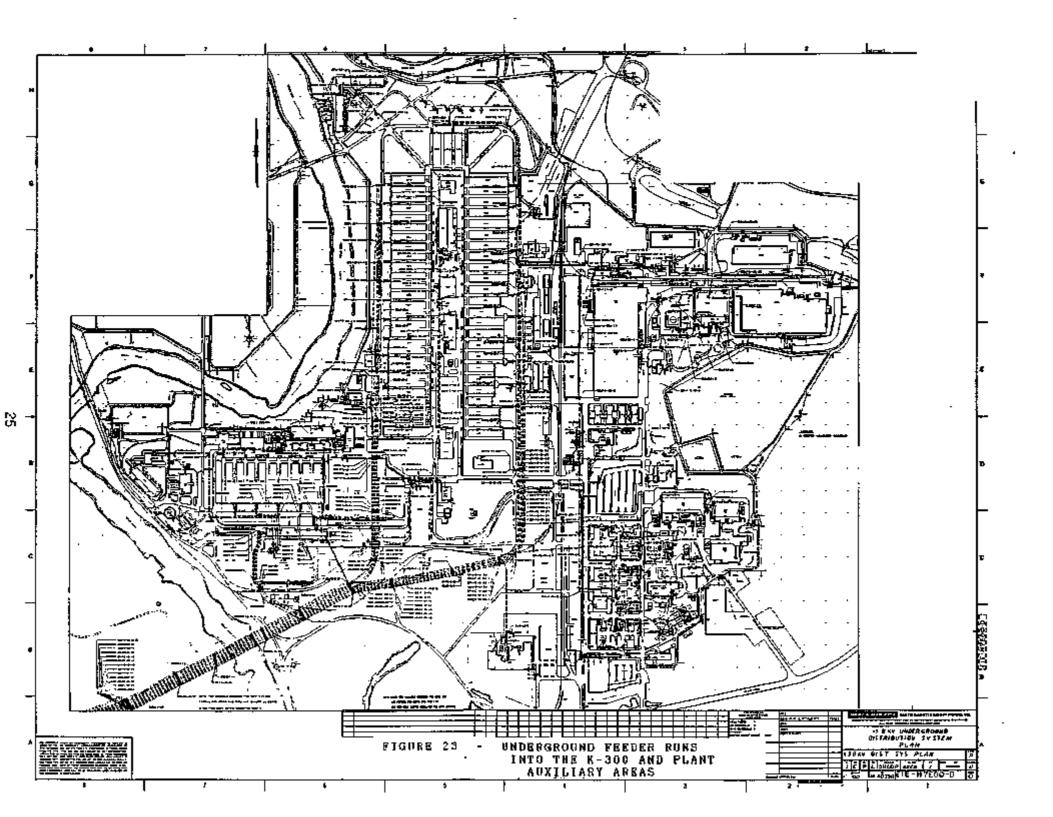


Fig. 21. K-724 Storage Warehouse





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РИОТО НО К/РН-87-3367 (U)

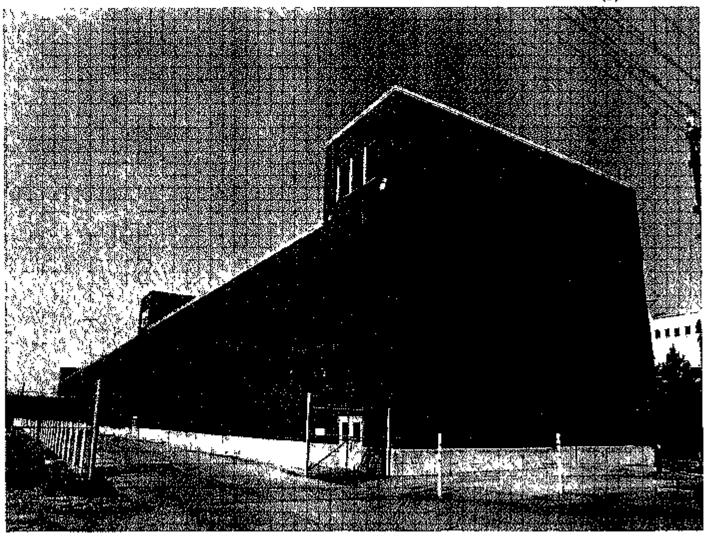


Fig. 24. K-731 (K-27/29) Switch House

2.0 HISTORY

The Oak Ridge Gaseous Diffusion Plant was originally built under the auspices of the Manhatten Project, administered by the Corp of Engineers during the early years of World War II. The K-700 Power House facilities were designed by the Sargent and Lundy Company, an architect-engineering firm located in Chicago, Illinois with the construction being performed by several construction contractors, led by the J. A. Jones Construction Company. Initial operation to supply power to the K-300 process equipment started in 1944 and continued until 1962 when the power generating facilities were shutdown after it was decided to use 60 Hertz power from the Tennessee Valley Authority. The "scrap-out" of the power generating facilities was effected in the mid 1960's, and the equipment was removed from the K-701 and K-702 boiler-turbine buildings with completion occurring in 1967. Essentially all auxiliary equipment and buildings were left intact, as was the K-701 and K-702 building skeleton.

The ancillary buildings in the Power House area, composed of the K-711, 712, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 734, and 735 buildings had been used early in the project for special research projects associated with the thermal diffusion process, the NEPA (nuclear energy for the propulsion of aircraft), and for miscellaneous storage or training facilities. During the late 1960's and 1970's some of the abandoned offices and laboratory areas in the K-703 office complex were used for the MAN Project (Molecular ANatomy).

The K-702 turbine-generator building at present houses a Oak Ridge National Laboratory reactor vessel pressure test facility. This test set-up is partially mounted in the basement area, with instrumentation trailers and control rooms located on the equipment floor, both at the north end of the K-702 structure.

At present the K-701, 702, 711, 722, 723, 724 buildings are used for warehousing and for surplus equipment sales activities. Two buildings not previously mentioned, K-725 and K-726, are classified in the RCRA category and are not treated in this report. K-725 was contaminated with hazardous metals

and has been declared off-limits to personnel for many years. The K-726 building is currently being used to store small PCB articles.

Prior to the shutdown of the K-709 161 kV switchyard and the K-704 Main Switch House the 14 kV underground feeders from the K-300 area were rerouted into the K-731 Switch House (K-27/29 area). Power from the K-731 transformers was obtained via necessary 13.8 kV air circuit breakers within the Switch House to power the process and plant auxiliary substations in the K-300 and ORGDP plant area. Also, two feeders were routed back to the K-700 Power House area to serve power to the "shut down" buildings.

3.0 CURRENT PERSONNEL ACCESS

The K-700 Power House area is contained within a security fence and personnel entering must pass through an attended guard portal.

Whenever a surplus equipment sale is pending, the general public interested in bidding on the sale equipment is allowed to pass to the K-722 Building; the surrounding area where cars, trucks, and equipment too large to move into the sheltered area is placed; the K-723 Warehouse; and the K-724 Warehouse. The general public is asked not to enter the other buildings along the walk area but there is no fences or barriers preventing people from going into the K-701, 706, 707, 712, 734, 735 buildings: other structures are sufficiently remote that entrance by the casual public is not anticipated (K-705, 710, and 738). The K-711 Warehouse within the security fence, and the K-708 Scale house outside the fenced area are maintained locked, and not considered readily available to the general public.

Contractor personnel currently have ready access to all areas except the locked buildings. If their work so demands they are given access to these locked areas at their request.

4.0 FUTURE PERSONNEL ACCESS

If the Surplus Sales activity is continued within the K-700 Power House area, the access to the general public and contractor personnel is not expected to be altered from that described above.

If, however, the Surplus Sales activity is moved to another location then the security fences can be maintained locked and all personnel excluded from the area except for the ORNL Reactor Vessel Pressure Test experiment. All buildings could be locked and/or boarded-up to prevent access except for the ORNL Reactor Pressure Test area. This area could be locked when not occupied and Security surveillance maintained by closed circuit television monitoring by the security guard force at K-25.

5.0 HAZARDS SAMPLING

Requests for analysis of samples of materials thought to be hazardous were minimized for economic reasons and to expedite an early result. In the K-700 series of buildings the hazards that could be encountered centered around asbestos insulation and asbestos building materials, possible PCB contaminated mineral oil filled electrical equipment, acids from station batteries, bird droppings, and the remote possibility of some radioactive surfaces. Samples were not requested of battery acid, nor bird droppings, and except for a few confirmation samples the previous sample data obtained by Power Operations on PCB levels in the transformer oils was accepted as being correct.

The samples requested were drawn and analyzed as per Bibliography "A", GENERIC SAMPLING GUIDANCE DOCUMENT, by the Martin Marietta Energy Systems laboratory personnel. The samples requested for the K-700 Power House area are listed in Table I while the samples for the K-731 and K-732 areas (K-27/29 Switch House and switch yard) are shown in Table II.

Samples with an "A" prefix number were basically for determination of the presences of asbestos within pipe insulation or in building materials, while a "P" prefix indicated a PCB analysis of the oil in a piece of electrical equipment. The table heading "Type of Analysis" indicated "Surface" for radioactivity, PCB for ppm of PCB's, and Asbestos for content of asbestos in insulation of building material. The "Density" column indicated if the density of the material in weight per unit volume was desired, while the "Dimension" column indicated if the thickness of insulation on a pipe or the thickness of building material was desired.

5.1 Asbestos

Asbestos was extensively used in steam and hot water pipe insulation during the 1940's when these facilities were built. It was not until the mid-70's that the use of asbestos was curtailed. Since, during the construction period asbestos was the premium insulation to be used whenever possible, any pipe insulation sampled was assumed to have the same material through-out the

TABLE I
SITE CHARACTERIZATION STUDY
LIST OF REQUESTED SAMPLES

K-700 POWER HOUSE AREA

Samp Building		./ <u>Type</u> Map No.	Analysis Surface	PCB	Ashestas	Density	Dimension
K-701	A-0401 A-0402 A-0403 A-0404 P-0401 P-0402	SL-M-4 M-4 M-4 M-4 M-4 M-4	X X X X	X	X X X X	X X X X	X X X X
K≁702	A-0405 A-0406 A-0407 A-0408	S&L M-5 M-5 M-5 M-5	X X X X		X X X	X X X	X X X X
K-703	A-0409 A-0410 A-0411	CALL (1)	X X X		X X X	X X X	X X X
K-704	A-0412 A-0413 P-0403 P-0404	S&L E-16 E-16 B-144 B- 144	X X	X X	X	X X	X X
K-705	A-0414	D-KP-19178/	X A		х	X	X
K-706	A-0415	S&L B-265	-		X	X	X
K-707	A-0416 A-0417 A-0417 A-418A A-04186 A-04186 P-0405 P-0406 P-0407		X X X X	X X X	X X X X X	X X X X X	X X X X X
K-708E	A-0419 A-0420	E-E-32514/ E-E-32514/			X	X	X X

TABLE I (CONTINUED)

	Sample	Dwg./	Type Anal			
<u>Buildi</u>	<u>ng Na.</u>	Mao No. S	<u>Surface PC</u>	<u>B Asbestos</u>	<u>Densit</u>	<u>v Dimension</u>
K-709A K-709C	A-042I A-0422	S&L M-421 M-421	-	X X	X X	X X
K-711	A~0423	AWS-10725[-	x	x	x
K-722	A-0424 A-0425 A-0426		X - -	X X X	X X X	X X X
K-723	A-0427	(I) Sample Trans	- ite Siding	Х	X	χ
K-724	A-0428 A-0429 A-0430	D-KS-19112A	X X X	X X X	X X X	X X X
K-725	SAMPL1	NG PER RCRA F	ACILITY INVE	STIGATION (RFI)	
K-738	A-0431	(1) Sample Trans	ite Roof	X	X	X

(1) ORGDP Building Identification and Location Map TABLE II

TABLE II

List of Requested Samples

K-731 Electrical System

Building	Sample	Dwg./			<u>T</u>	ype Ana	<u>lvsis</u>		
	No.	Map No	•——	Surface	<u>PCB</u> A	sbestos.	Density	<u>Dimension</u>	
K-731	A-0445	EE-395	69D3	Х		χ	х	χ	
		A-0446	n				X	X	X
		A-0447	EKE-	1827A	X		Χ	X	X
		A-0448	đ				X	X	X
K-732	A-0449	EKE-K1	827L			X	X	х	

length of pipe for that service; e.g. a steam line insulated with asbestos indicated all steam lines in that building would have asbestos insulation. All suspected asbestos insulated lines and equipment were sampled, and surface beta and gamma monitoring performed with a portable Geiger counter. EPA approved sampling procedures were followed in obtaining the samples, and the sampling personnel were "dressed-out" as per Industrial Health & Hygiene standards.

In addition to the use of asbestos for thermal insulation of pipe lines, asbestos insulation was applied to the electrical feeder cables where ever they would be subjected to intense electrical arcing during an electrical fault or subsequent flames from equipment involved in a combustible fire. Bare feeder cables in the switch houses and these same types of cables in each manhole were so treated. The cables, where so exposed, were wrapped with asbestos tape, covered with hemp rope, and then treated with a mortar mix of cement and asbestos. Since the design prints specified this type of treatment, no sampling was requested. However, it is to be noted that there is extensive use of this practice through-out the electrical distribution system.

Asbestos treated control wiring (Code designation "TA") was used almost exclusively in the instrument and control panels of the Control Rooms and in all of the switchgear. Many thousands of feet of wire now exist, but in all cases checked the wire insulation is not desicated and the asbestos has not become "friable". Sampling of this wire was not requested.

5.2 Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB's)

The electrical transformers originally installed in the K-700 Power House area were insulated either with mineral oil, or were air cooled units for indoor applications. Possibly during the course of equipment servicing procedures some of the mineral oil was contaminated with PCB's. A few confirmation samples were taken to verify the samples taken during the 1981 to 1984 period by the Power Operations personnel were correct. As previously mentioned, the results from this previous sampling program is in most cases being used for the Site Characterization review.

Fluorescent light fixture ballasts and power factor correction capacitors that contain PCBs were not sampled since these units are sealed. Units procured after the mid 1970's may not contain PCBs but in those cases it is assumed the articles will be so designated.

5.3 Radioactive Contamination

The "Surface" contamination analysis by use of a Geiger counter was negative in all cases, being less than 0.1 mr/hr. This is to be expected since the Power House area is far removed from the process buildings where the Uranium is handled.

5.4 Other Types of Contamination

The station batteries within the K-704 and K-731 switch houses contain Targe quantities of sulphuric acid electrolyte. It was deemed not necessary to withdraw samples for analysis.

The "ash disposal area" of the K-700 facility was not sampled since conversations with Health, Safety and Environmental personnel indicated that no problems would be expected after 25 years of weathering and leaching action.

The "pigeon droppings" problem is included in OSHA provisions and is considered to be a source of "Histoplasmosis". Histoplasmosis as defined in the Webster New Collegiate dictionary is "a disease caused by infection with a fungus and marked by benigh involvement of lymph nodes of the trachea and bronchi or by severe progressive generalized involvement of the lymph nodes and the reticuloendothelial system.

Both central and wall/window type air conditioners still remain in some of the facilities. It was assumed that these units will be removed prior to final "Safe Storage" certification and therefore did not require sampling to prove the existence of freens.

6.0 HAZAROS DESCRIPTIONS

Results of the sampling analyses have been received and are shown in Tables IIIA and IIIB, SAMPLE ANALYSIS RESULTS. Incorporating these analyses with visual observations and necessary computations, has provided the data for input of hazards to the tables in Appendix A, Titled "Facility Structure Evaluation". Also, a recap of the hazards that must be considered for "Safe Storage" action is presented in Table VI, "HAZARDS SURVEY RESULTS - CRITICAL SAFE STORAGE ITEMS".

The hazards currently forseen for each of the different buildings treated are indicated in the "FACILITY STRUCTURE EVALUATION" listing in Appendix A. However, a short marrative for each structure is included here to expand on the information contained in the listings.

K-701:

The boiler and fan bays have been stripped of all operating equipment except for an unused service water line and some miscellaneous steam or hot water lines. The large service water line insulation does not contain asbestos, but the other lines to have asbestos containing insulation. Figure 25 shows some of the lines in the south end of the building at ground floor level, while Figure 26 shows the structural steel that is fairly well covered with pigeon droppings.

K-702:

The service water line in the basement of the Turbine-generator room, shown in Figure 27, does not have asbestos insulation, but some of the lines that "Tee" off of this line as shown in Figure 28 have asbestos insulation.

K-703:

The small 1 inch and 2 inch service hot water and steam lines in the "crawl space" under the first floor level of offices are insulated with asbestos, as shown in Figure 29. Also, this office complex has a central air conditioning unit, some wall mounted A/Cs, and of course an extensive number of fluorescent fixtures.

TABLE III A

SITE CHARACTERIZATION STUDY

SAMPLE ANALYSIS RESULTS

K-700 POWER HOUSE AREA

Building	Sample Dwg/Map <u>No.</u> <u>No.</u>	Type Anal <u>Surface PCB</u>	ysîs <u>Asbestos</u>	Dimension
K-701	A-0401 SL-M-4 A-0402 M-4 A-0403 M-4 A-0404 M-4 P-0401 M-4 P-0402 M-4	<0.1mr/hr <0.1mr/hr <0.1mr/hr <0.1mr/hr 16ug 27.5	Neg. Neg. 60% 60% /g ug/g	X X X
K-702	A-0405 S&L M-5 A-0406 M-5 A-0407 M-5 A-0408 N-5	<0.1mr/hr <0.1mr/hr <0.1mr/hr <0.1mr/hr	60% Neg. 3% 45%	X X X
K-703	A-0409 As Instru A-0410 " " A-0411 " "	cted <0.lmr/hr X X	X X X	X X X
K-704	A-0412 S&L E-16 A-0403 E-16 P-0403 B-144 P-0404 B-144		X X 8ug/g 2ug/g	X
K-705	A-0414 D-KP-1917	8A <0.1mr/hr	X	X
K-706	A-0415 S&L B-265	"	Х	х
K-707	A-0416 S&L B-110 A-0417 B-110 A-0418A B-110 A-0418B B-110 A-0418C B-110 P-0405 B-110 P-0406 B-110 P-0407 B-110		X 70% 3% 60% 6ug/g 4ug/g	X X X X
K-708E	A-0419 E-E-3251 A-0420 E-E-3251		X 15%	X X
K-709A	A-0421 S&L M-4	21 X	20%	X

TABLE III A (Continued)

<u>Building</u>	<u>No.</u>	Sample Dwg/M No. Surf		Analysis Asbestos	Dimension
K-7090	A-0422	M-421 <0	.lmr/hr	12%	х
K-711	A-0423	AWS-107251	χ .	20%	X
K-722	A-0424 A-0425 A-0426	S1E-51896A	X X	X X X	X X X
K-723	A-0427	(1) Sample Transi	<0.1mr/hr te Siding	X	X
K-724	A-0428 A-0429 A-0430		<0.1mr/hr X X	X X 20%	X X X
K-725	SAMPLING	PER RCRA FACIL	ETY INVESTIGA	ATION (RFI)
K-738	A-0431	(1) Sample Transi	# te Roof	X	Х

(1) ORGDP Building [dentification and Location Map

TABLE III 8

Sample Analysis Results
K-731 Electrical System

Building	Sample No.	Dwg./ <u>Map No.</u>	Surface PCB		<u>/sis</u> <u>Dimension</u>
K-731	A-0445 A-0446	EE-39569D3	X	(70%) 70%	l" 1"
	A-0447 A-0448	EKE-1827A	X	70% 70%	1" 1"
K-732	A-0449	EKE-K1827L		NEG	1"

 ${\tt Fig_{\bullet}}{\tt ~25}$. K-701 Boiler Room Showing Asbestos Insulated Steam Lines

Fig. 26. K-701 Boiler Support Steel Typical for Three Boiler Positions This Steel is Coated with Pigeon Droppings

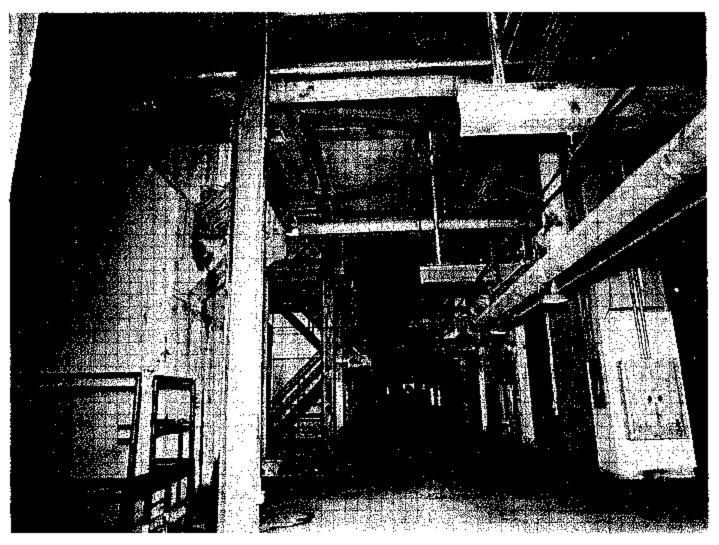


Fig. 27. K-702 8asement of Turbine-Generator Room Showing Asbestos Insulated Line



Fig. 28. K-702 Basement of Turbine-Generator Room Showing Asbestos Insulated Lines

Fig. 29. K-703 Office-Laboratory Building Showing Asbestos Insulated Steam Service Lines

K-704:

This Main Switch house two story structure with a basement area has 10 buses of 14 kV air circuit breakers with a total of 126 breakers. These two-story high units receive power from the generators in the K-702 Building and distribute the power to the process area via PILC (paper insulated lead covered) cable. The cables from the generators to the air circuit breakers and the 61 feeders from the breakers to the point of power usage were routed in transite (asbestos and cement) ducts. A photograph showing only a minor portion of the above ground duct arrays is presented in Figure 30. There is approximately 18,700 linear feet of transite duct runs within the basement area of K-704, with a total volume approximating 880 cubic feet.

There are two lighting transformers located on the east side of the building each containing 395 gallons of mineral oil with a PCB content of 74 and 98 ppm.

There are 4 wall type A/C units and one central unit. Also, there are an extensive number of fluorescent fixtures with ballasts suspected of containing PCBs.

K-705:

The water intake (see Figure 31) structure is a building housing four rotating screens used to screen out leaves and debris that have passed through the fixed screen at the river intake. The back-wash water line (see Figure 32) used to back-flush the rotating screens is composed of 120 ft of 6" pipe and 220 ft of 3" pipe. All of this piping is insulated and it is believed that asbestos was used in the insulation. If so, there is a total of approximately 68 cubic feet of asbestos containing insulation.

K-706:

The K-706 water pump house (reference Figures 33 through 39) contains three large 82,550 gpm water circulating pumps, 5 service water pumps and 2 ash sluice water pumps with associated controls, block valves, filter screens, etc. Piping composed of 1/2, 3/4, 1, 1 1/4, 2, 3, 6, 10, 12, and 16 inch lines are insulated with asbestos. A total of approximately 200 cu. ft. of

Fig. 30. K-704 Cable Spreader Room (Basement Area) Showing Transite Conduit Duct Runs

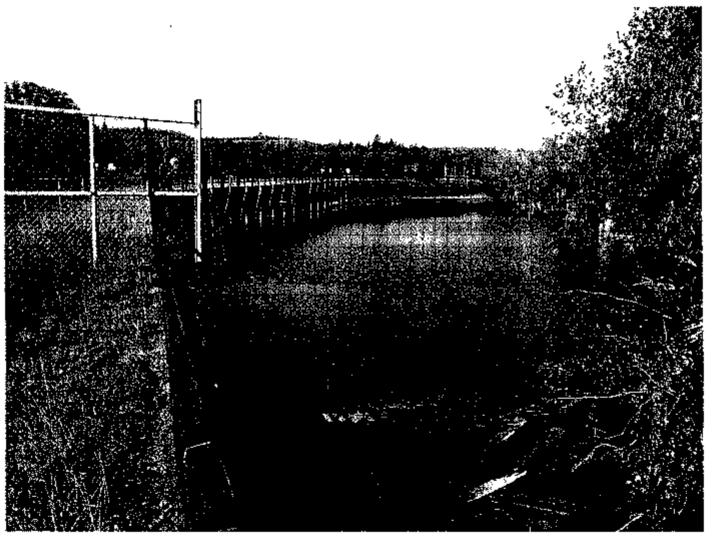


Fig. 31. K-705 Water Intake Structure (Intake Screens are Deteriorating)

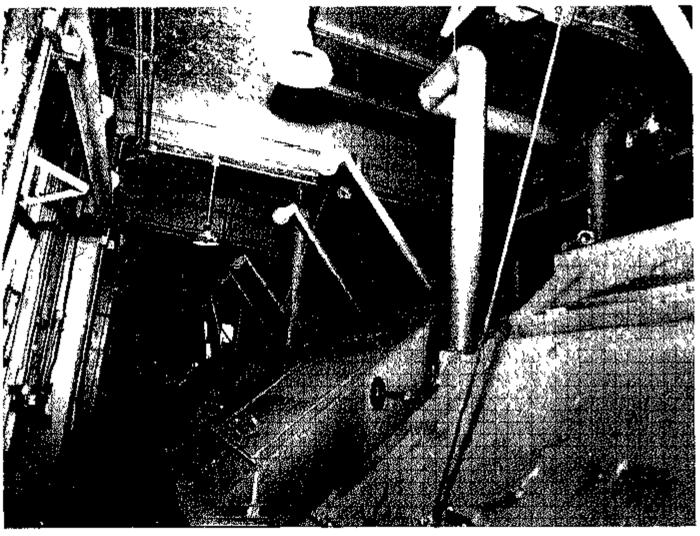


Fig. 32. K-705 Water Intake Filters Note Backwash Water Lines With Asbestos Insulation

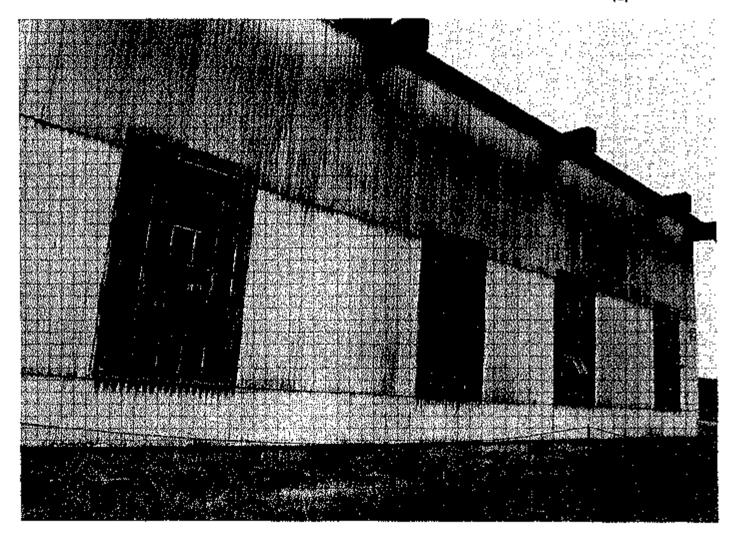


Fig. 33, K-706 Water Pump House
This Concrete Column/Beam With Wood Framing Structure Needs to be Repaired and Windows Boarded

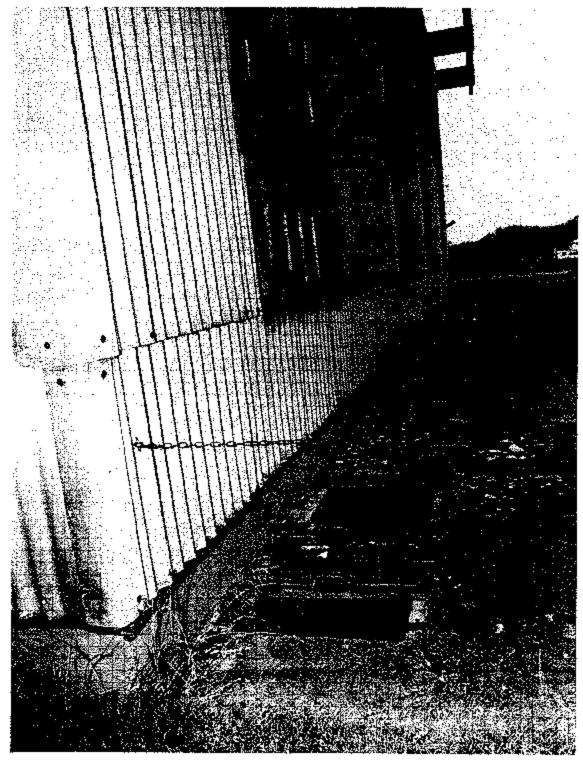


Fig. 34. K-706 Pump House Water Pump Pit. Wood Slat Cover Needs Replacement for Personnel Safety

Fig. 35. K-706 Pump House – Ground Floor (Note Pigeon Droppings)

Fig. 36. K-706 Pump House ~ Ground Floor (Note 10-inch Pile of Pigeon Droppings)

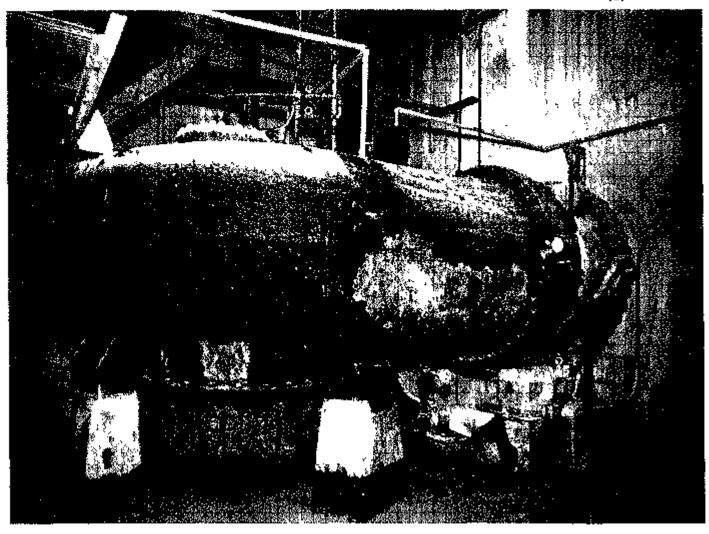


Fig. 37. K-706 Water Pump House - Basement Level Water Pump Casings are Coated with a Bitumastic 7 Asbestos Insulation

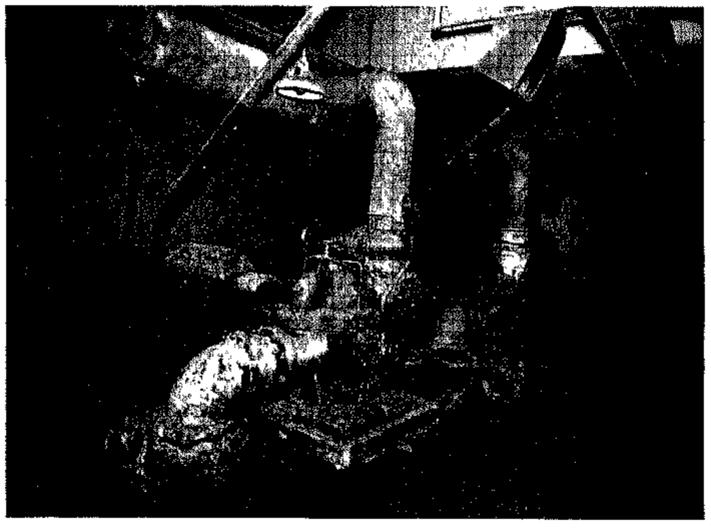


Fig. 38. K-706 Water Pump House Service Water Pumps are Insulated with 1-1/2" - 2" of Asbestos

Fig. 39, K-706 Water Pump House Service Water Fifters Insulated with 1-1/2" – 2" of Asbestos

asbestos insulation with most of it in extremely poor condition now exists.

This building has also served as a pigeon roost for many years and there is as much as 10 inches of pigeon droppings on the ground floor in spots.

K-707:

This Auxiliary switch house used to supply power to the many auxiliary pieces of equipment within the power station is composed of three floors with a basement. The 480 volt substations and switchgear is located on the ground floor and the 4160 volt substations and switchgear are located on the upper level. Power cables are run both vertically (reference Figure 40) and longitudinal on the 2nd floor and in the basement. Where the cables are not in conduits they are protected from fire with an asbestos wrap. The cables are also routed through transite conduit prior to exit to the load areas in the power station and auxiliary buildings. There is approximately 1865 ft of 3" transite conduit and 155 ft of 4" conduit, for a total linear 2020 ft or 52 cubic feet of transite material. Asbestos wrapping of cables include approximately 462 linear feet of cable for approximately 5.2 cubic feet.

Piping within the building, such as shown in Figure 41, is insulated with asbestos and includes 3/4, 1, 1 1/4, 2, and 3 inch lines for a total linear footage of 460 ft. The insulation on these lines approximates 44 cu. ft.

Two power transformers, (see Figure 42) that originally supplied power to the 4160 volt system are mounted just outside of the west wall. These two units each hold 3750 gallons of mineral oil with PCB analysis of 49 and 18 ppm.

K-708-E:

This scale house (refer to Figure 12), used to weigh railroad cars, is a frame structure with transite roof and siding. The corrugated materials approximate 250 sq. ft. of surface.

K-709:

The original K-25 switchyard housed nine oil circuit breakers and three power transformers. The yard was equipped with an oil filter system and a fire

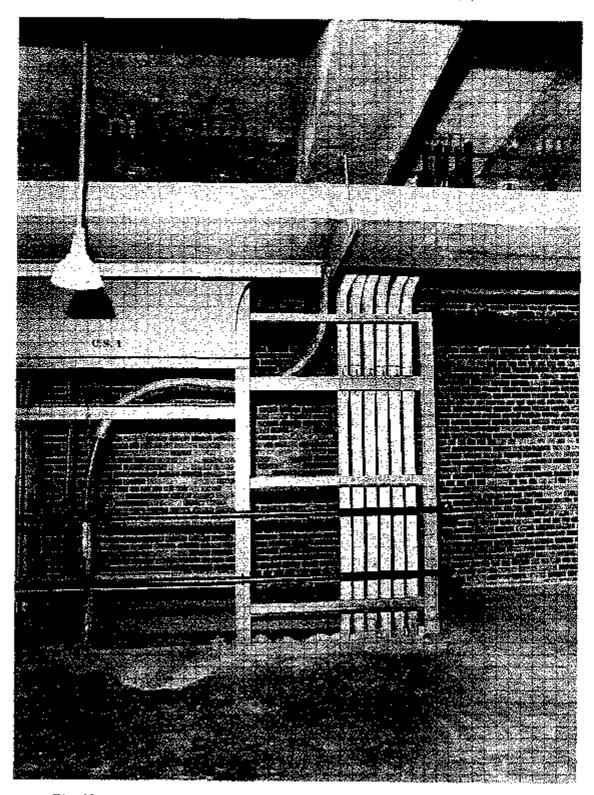


Fig. 40. K-707 Auxiliary Switch House Upper Floor Cable Spreader Room



Fig. 41. K-707 Auxiliary Switch House Basement Showing Asbestos Insulated Steam Line Tunnel from K 701 Boiler Room

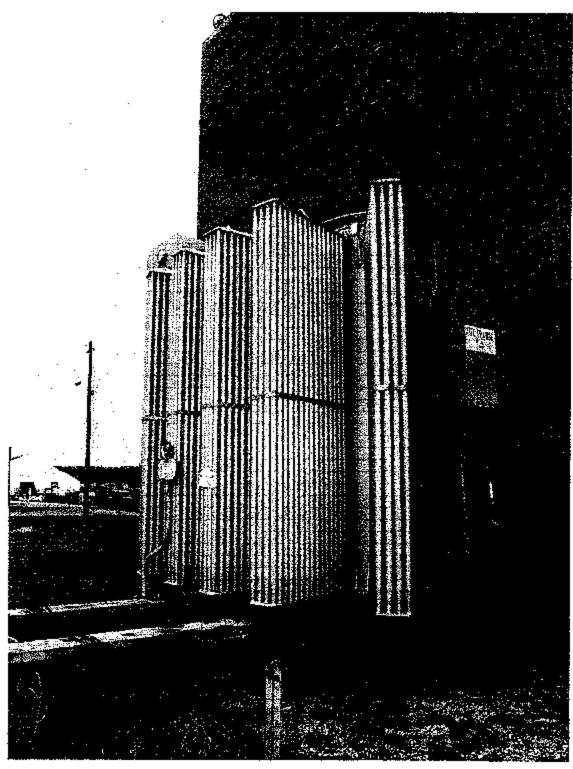


Fig. 42. K-707 Auxiliary Switch House One of Two Power Transformers for Auxiliary Power (Not Now In Use)

sprinkler system, both housed in steel frame structures (see Figures 43 and 44) using transite siding and roofing materials. These two buildings contain approximately 990 sq. ft. of surface area of transite(asbestos). In addition, this yard which was dismantled in the mid-1960's is now used as a storage area for oil circuit breakers, a power transformer regulator, a moderate number of small distribution size auxiliary transformers, and miscellaneous switchgear components. Excess transite duct is also stored in this yard. It is assumed that this temporary storage area can be cleaned and disposal of all components be effected. PCB content of the spare transformers will need to be ascertained if records indicate the units were ever serviced.

K-710:

The original sewage disposal plant (see Figure 14) has not been used since the mid-1960's. A few fluorescent fixture ballasts were the only possible hazards noted.

K-711:

This building (Figure 16) was originally a J. A. Jones construction warehouse for spare stock. In recent years it was converted to a training facility for welders and is now again a materials warehouse. Hazards noted were fluorescent fixtures and approximately 6700 sq. ft. of corrugated roofing material.

K-712:

This abandoned structure (Figure 17 & 18) served as a research area for the Fercleve thermal diffusion project. The only hazards noted were approximately 10 cubic feet of pigeon droppings.

K-722:

This wood stud wall with steel roof framing structure (Figure 19) has a Transite corrugated roof, and the exterior walls are asbestos shingled. There is approximately 14,000 sq. ft. of transite roofing and 6,800 sq.ft. of asbestos shingles. In addition, there are approximately 50 fluorescent fixtures and 200 ft. of 1" pipe insulated with asbestos. The building is currently being used as the field offices for Surplus Sales activities.

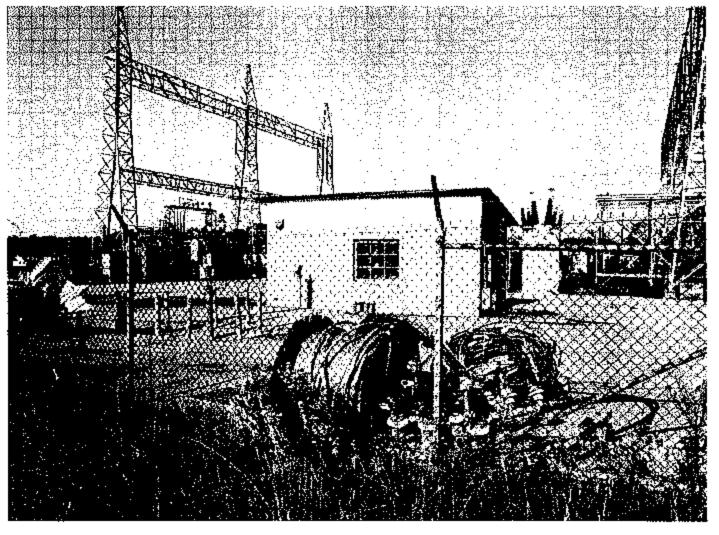


Fig. 43. K-709 Switch Yard Fire Sprinkler Valve House Area is Used for Storage of Electrical Outdoor Equipment

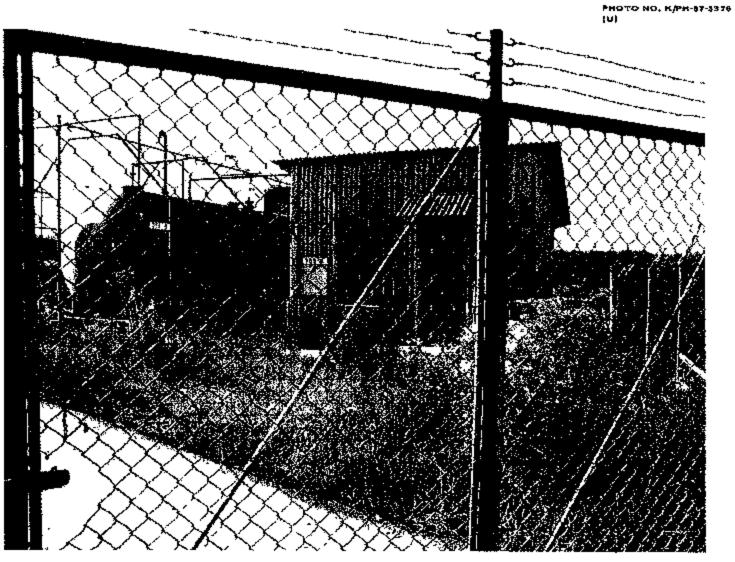


Fig. 44. K-709 Switch Yard Oil Handling House

K-723:

This wood frame structure (Figure 20) is being used as a warehouse for Surplus Sales activities. It currently has approximately 8400 sq.ft. of transite siding material.

K-724:

This masonry building (Figure 21) with built-up roof is being used as a warehouse for Surplus Sales activities. Hazards noted were approximately 300 ft of 1 and 2 inch pipe insulated with asbestos. There also are 200 fluorescent fixtures that probably have PCB ballasts.

K-734:

This combination masonry and frame structure (Figure 18) was used for Thermal Diffusion Research in the early 1940's. It has approximately 10 to 20 cubic feet of pigeon droppings within the building.

K-735:

This concrete and frame warehouse (Figure 17) was used for storage in the Thermal Diffusion research era. It is now abandoned but does contain approximately 5 cubic feet of pigeon droppings.

K-738:

This concrete block building (Figure 15) lies adjacent to the K-706 water pumphouse and served as the Chlorine Treatment Building to control algae in the cooling water system of the power station. This building has a 200 sq. ft. roof of transite (asbestos).

K-731 Switch House & K-732 Switch Yard:

The K-731 Switch House was originally built to serve the K-27 process building. In 1949 construction was started on the K-29 process building and the proximity of the two structures led to the expansion of K-731 to serve power also to K-29.

There were originally four transformers and 13.8 kV air circuit breaker buses to serve the K-27 process and plant auxiliary loads. The addition of the K-29

process building increased the number of transformers and ACB buses to six. Since the spare transformer still served both installations, the total charges to the two installations can be prorated where 67% is designated to K-27 and 33% to K-29 facilities.

Power to the plant auxiliary loads is obtained through this K-731 switch house and K-732 switch yard, therefore until the entire ORGDP complex is decommisioned, there will be a need for a portion of the equipment. The 13.8 kV underground feeders with associated air circuit breakers can be deenergized and if needed removed. However, since the station must be kept active, there is no driving need for removal of transite ductwork and non-friable asbestos insulation now contained on the equipment. Figure 45 shows some of the transite ducts and asbestos insulated pipe in the basement of K-731. Also, transite siding and roofing were used in the Oil Handling and Fire Sprinkler houses installed in the K-732 Switchyard; it is not anticipated that these structures be disturbed until complete decommissioning of the plant is accomplished.

Figure 46 presents a view of a K-732 power transformer and Figure 47 shows the associated regulating transformer. Figure 48 also shows a typical oil circuit breaker with some of the other switch yard equipment depicted in the background. These mineral oil filled transformers and oil circuit breakers are slightly contaminated with PCBs as indicated in TABLE IV, "K-732 Switchyard Equipment PCB Concentrations". It will be necessary to detoxify the pieces of equipment having greater than 50 ppm concentrations of PCBs. Although the switchyard will not be de-energized when the other facilities are placed in Safe Storage, it is assumed that the K-732 equipment will be treated and 67% of the costs transferred to the "Safe Storage" account.

UNDERGROUND DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM:

As previously discussed, the 13.8kV underground feeder cableplant is composed of many thousands of feet of PILC (paper insulated lead covered) cable. This cable plant is presented in Figures 22 and 23, while the design for a typical electrical feeder cable man-hole is shown in Figure 49.



Fig. 45. K-731 Switch House Basement Showing Insulated Steel Lines and Transite Electrical Feeder Duct Runs

Fig. 46. K-732 Switch Yard - A Typical Mineral Oil Filled Main Power Transformer

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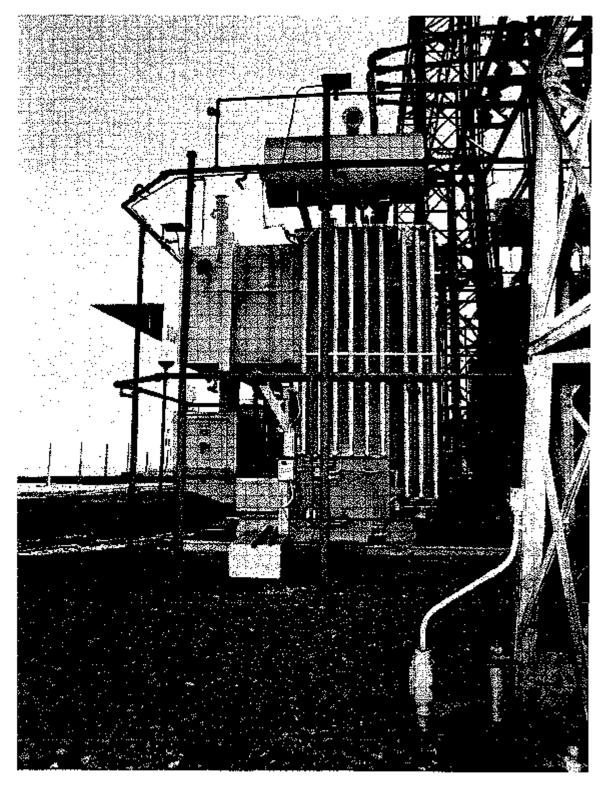


Fig. 47. K-732 Switch Yard - A Typical Mineral Oil Filled Regulating Transformer

Fig. 48. K-732 Switch Yard - A Typical Mineral Oil Filled Oil-Blast Circuit Breaker

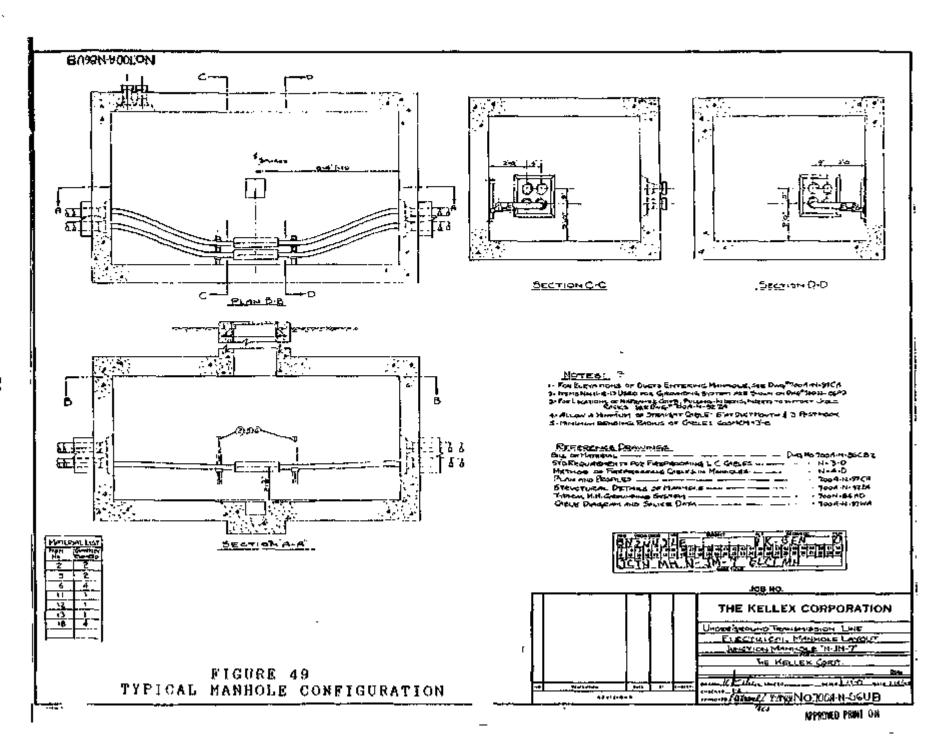


TABLE IV
K-732 SWITCH YARD
PCB CONTAMINATION LEVELS - MINERAL OIL FILLED EQUIPMENT

EQUIPMENT	ID		AMINATION	- PPM		OIL
	N	<u>AIN TANK</u>	TAP CHGR	REV SW	POTHED	<u>Ouantity</u>
Transformer	New-1					11,240
Transformer	New-2					11,240
TRANSFORMER	102	45				11,700
REG. TRANSF	102	87	88	85	13	3,150
TRANSFORMER	103	31				11,700
REG. TRANSF	103	67	65	64	51	3,150
Transformer	104	47				11,700
Reg. Transf	104	46	86	58	55	3,150
Transformer	105	43				11,700
Reg. Transf	105	38	45	45	13	3,150
Transformer	106	36				11,700
Reg. Transf	106	84	6 6	84	9	3,150
Transformer	107	36				11,700
Reg. Transf	107	60	53	63	45	3,150
Bus POT	91P/A	598				230
Bus POT	91P/B	625				230
Bus POT	91P/C	492				230
Bus POT	92P/A	594				230
Bus POT	92P/8	432				230
Bus POT	92P/C	510				230
POT Transf	K-1	495				230
POT Transf	K-2	0				230
POT Transf	K-33	1558				230
POT Transf	X-10	691				
		Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	}	
OCB	824	42	57	57	2	4,665
OCB	834	45	46	44		4,665
OCB	844	87	50	52		4,665
OCB	854	49	47	51		4,665
OCB	864	51	50	50		5,880
OCB	874	68	98	75		5,880
OCB	914	48	49	47		4,665
0CB	924	50	54	32		4,665
008	934	36	41	43		5,880
ŎČB	944	78	77	75		4,665
OCB	954	7 4	80	71		4,665
ÖCB	964	66	63	58		5,010
		* *	~~	•		-, -1

The cables, where exposed in the manholes, are fire-proofed with an asbestos tape, a layer of hemp rope, and an overall coating of mortar. If the layer of mortar is cracked from cable flexing, subsequent deterioration of the rope can allow the asbestos tape underlayment to become "friable". If the man-holes are then subject to ground water, some asbestos fibers can be liberated to either the ambient air, or to the ground. In either case, if personnel must work in the manholes to repair or install other cable, a possible hazard can exist. As shown in Figures No. 22 and 23 the cables are run in duct banks which interconnent between manholes. The manholes are installed in "rows" where they travel in groups across a cable plant route. Since most of the cable runs were abandoned when the Power House was deactivated, many of the cables were cut and removed from the manholes, but allowed to remain in the duct banks between manholes. The remaining cables, now being energized from the K-27 switch house, supply the present plant auxiliary system have an extensive amount of asbestos in the manholes. Table V attached, lists the length of cable wrapped with fireproofing and the approximate volume of asbestos tape/rope/mortar used. An estimate of 376 cubic feet of combination mix was calculated to exist.

TABLE Y
ASBESTOS FIRE PROOFING QUANTITIES
14 KV UNDERGROUND CABLE
DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

MANHOLE Number	MANHOLE CABLE-FT	EXPOSED Length	SPLICE CU-FT	ASBESTOS CU-FT	FIREPROOFING ROW
1	G & L N	23.5 36	6 9	. 574 .872	1.243 1.891
2	O G & L N	24 23.5 36	6 6. 9	.163 .574 .872 .163	1.076 1.243 1.891
3	0 ፍ & L 0	24 23.5 26	9 6 6. 6	.163 .574 .163 .574	1.076 1.243 1.136
4 5 6	G & L G & L G & L	23.5 23.5	6. 6. 6.	.574 .574 .574	1.243 1.243 1.243
7 8 9	G&L G&L G&L	23.5 23.5 23.5 23.5 23.5	6 6. 6.	.574 .574 .574 .574 .574	1.243 1.243 1.243
10 11	G & L G & L G & L	23.5	6. 6.	.574 .574 .574	1.243 1.243
12 13 14	G & L G & L	23.5 23.5 23.5	6. 6. 6.	.574 .574	1.243 1.243 1.243 1.243
15 16	G & L A-M BJM	23.5 12. 28.	6. 3 6.	.574 .291 .646 1.727	1.243 .630 1.401 3.747
	F G k	71 <i>.</i> 48 18.	18 12	1.727 .387	3.747 2.521 .840
17	L A-M BJM	58 12. 28.	3 12 3 6	1.324 .291 .646	2.871 .630 1.401
	Ç FJ GJ	13. 130 54	3. 17 12	.307 2.319 1.259	.665 4.413 2.731
	KJ LJ	16 60	3 12	.355 1.335 .307	.770 2.899
18	M B-JM A-M	13 526 12	129 3 6	26.899 .291	.665 57.058 .639
	B C F	24 13 36	6 3 9	.581 .307 .831	1.261 .665 1.808

MANHOLE RON	MANHOLE NUMBER	EXPOSED Cable-ft	SPLICE LENGTH	ASBESTOS CU-FT	FIREPROOFING CU-FT
18(CONT)	G	59	12	1.383	3.008
19	A-M	12	3 6 3 9 15 3 9 15 6 6 3 9	.291	.630
	B C F G	24	6	.581	1.261
	C	13	3	.307	. 665
	F	36	9	.831	1.808
	G	59	15	1.383	3.008
20	Ä-M B C F	12	3	.291	.630
	В	24	6	.581	1.261
	ũ	13	3	.307	.665
	۲ م	43	.9	.930	2.009
41	li • I•	59	15	1.383	3.008
21	A-M BCFGBCEFGBCBB	24	b	.581	1.261
	Ď	24 13	9	.581	1.261
	È	36	a a	.307	.665
	Ġ	64	12	.831 1.278	1.808 2.192
22	à	42	12	.969	2.192
~~	ř	13	3	.307	.665
	Ĕ	25	š	.407	.909
	Ē	40	š	.800	1.741
	Ġ	92	9 3 5 6 22 3 3 3	1.386	4.456
23	Ř	12	3	291	.630
	č	13	ž	.291 .307 .291 .291	. 665
24	В	12	3	.291	.630
25	В	12	3	.291	.630
Cable Run	AR				
(10 Manhol		504	93	10.62	23.114
Plant Auxí Cable Run)*	()*	92.189	202.335
TOTAL		(2950.5)	* (659)*	172.377	376.535

^{*} Not Complete

7.0 GENERAL CONDITIONS

Each building has been reviewed relative to what its condition is currently and what is considered appropriate for a safe condition after 20 years in storage. A thorough evaluation has not yet been conducted so the information here-in presented borders more on opinion than engineering review. Also, upon completion of the "Feasibility Study" recommendations will be proposed, which if carried out, may appreciably alter the results of the "20 Year" action. Also, the type and amount of Surveillance/Maintenance to be conducted during the 20 year time frame will effect the results. Table VI titled, "20 YEAR SAFE-STORAGE CONDITION" is a first attempt at structure evaluation:

TABLE VI

20 YEAR SAFE STORAGE CONDITION
STRUCTURES ASSOCIATED WITH THE HEU CHARACTERIZATION REPORT

STRUCTURE NO. NAME	PRESENT CONDITION	ACTION FOR 20 YEAR STORAGEAND_COMMENTS
K-701 Boiler House	Fair	Board-up windows, Maintain
V 704 Tout (0	D =	entrance ways closed
K-702 Turbine Room	Poor	Needs reroofing and windows
		boarded-up.
K-703 Office/Lab	Good	Remove A/cs & Fluorescent
		Fixtures.
K-704 Switch House	Good	Repair Wood doors and remove A/Cs &
		Fluor.Fix.
K-705 Water Intake	Poor	Intake Screens should be
Filter House		removed & Bldg. Repaired.
		Roof Hatches -replace
K-706 Pump House	Bad	Board Up, repair, &
		prevent entry.
K-707 Aux. Switch	Good	Repair doors and limit
House		personnel access.
K-708 Scale House	Good	Continue Use If Needed
K-709 A & C	Good	Limit Access
K-709 Switch Yard	Good	Remove stored Equipment
K-710 Sewer Plant	Fair	Could Demolish
K-711 Ware house	Good	Can continue Use as Ware-
1/-/11 MAIC HOUSE	4004	house.
K-712 Ware houses	8ad	Demoljsh
K-722 Surplus Office/	Good	Maintain Normal Maintenance
Warehouse	4004	natituali normal matituenance
K-723 Warehouse	Good	Maintain Normal Maint.
K-723 Warehouse K-724 Warehouse	Good	
		Maintain Normal Maint.
K-734 Warehouse	Bad	Demolish
K-735 Warehouse	Bad	Demolish
K-738 Chemical Feed	Fair	Board-Up windows & doors
Water Treatment	C111	U-t-k-to to Access to
K-731 Switch House	Excellent	Maintain in Operation
K-732 Switch Yard	Excellent	Maintain in Operation

8.0 SUMMARY OF HAZARDS

TABLE VI
HAZARD SURVEY RESULTS

FACILITY	SECTION	ASBESTOS	TYPE HAZARD PCB EQUIPT	OIL	FREON A/C	BIRD DROPPING
K-701	BOILER	27 Cu.Ft. Insulation		790gal		10-20 cu.
K-702	GENERATOR	25 Cu.Ft. Insulation	17-Fl.F1x.		1 Centrl	
K-703	Offices	13 Cu.Ft.Insulation	300-F1.Fix.	 -	1-Ctrl,11-W	Mall —
K-704	SWHOUSE	460 Cu.Ft. Insulation	01-Fl.Fix.	790gal	4 Wind.	Minor
		880 Cu.Ft. Transite	39-8'Fix.		1 Centrl	
K-705	Intake	68 Cu.Ft. Insulation				Minor
K-706	PUMPS	200 Cu.Ft. Insulation				20 Cu.Ft.
		5100 Sq.Ft.Transite S	iding —			
K-707	AUX PWR	44 Cu.Ft. Insulation	5-Fl.Fix.	7500 gal	None	
		52 Cu.Ft. Transite				
		462 Ft. PILC Cable In	sul			
K-708	Scales	250 Sq.Ft.Transite				
K-709	SWYARD	990 Sq.Ft. Transite				
K-710	SEWAGE		3~F1.Fix		—	
K-711	STORAGE	6700 Sq.Ft. Transite	50-F1.Fix.			
K-712	STORAGE	 · —				10 Cu.Ft.
K-722	STORAGE	1 Cu.Ft. Insulation	~50-F1.Fix.		3-A/C's	
		14,000 Sq.Ft. Transit				
		8,800 Sq.Ft.Asbestos	Shingles			
K-723	STORAGE	8,400 Sq.Ft.Transite				VeryMinor
K-724	STORAGE	300ft-1-2"Pipe Insul	200Fl.Fix.			-
K-734	STORAGE		_			10-20 Cu.
K-735	STORAGE	60ft-i"pipe Insul.				5 Cu.Ft.
K-738	Chlorine	200 Sq.Ft.Transite Ro				
K-731 K-732	K-27SwHse K-27SwYd	520 Cu.Ft.Transite Du	ct —	67,725 Gal	6-A/C's L —-	<u>:</u>

9.0 Appendices

- 9.1 Facility Structure Tables
- 9.2 Drawing Reference List

Building Number K-701

Power House - Boiler Room Building Name

Steam Generation Original Use

Present Usage Storage

Type of Construction Masonry

Number of Floor Levels One = 140 ft high

192' x 147'; 28,224 sq.ft. Projected Area

Personnel Traffic Estimated one per day

Type of Hazards Asbestos Insulation on Service

Water Line, Bird Droppings, & PCB Contaminated Mineral Oil

Hazard Location Water Pipe is 8-12 Feet above

Ground Level.

Fan Bay 40Ft 12" Pipe

Boiler Bay 100Ft-10" Pipe, 100Ft 5" Pipe Bunker 100Ft-6" Pipe, 80Ft-2" Pipe

380fT-3" Pipe

Floor & Steel Beams Extensive Layer of Droppings

External Transformer Mineral Oil

Applicable References Dwgs. S & L M-2, M-4, M-5, M-6

Analytical Sample Number

Fan Bay A-0401(K-701) & A-0402(K-701) Boiler Bay A-0403 (K-701) & A-0404 (K-701)

Bunker

External P-0401(K-701)Ltg.Xfrmr #11 P-0402(K-701)Ltg.Xfrmr #12

Laboratory Analysis

Approximate Quantity 790 Gallons of Mineral Oil of Material

Approx. 10-20 Cu.Ft. Bird

Droppings 22.2 Cu.Ft. Insulation

Building Number K-702

Building Name Power House - Turbine Room

Original Use Power Generation

Present Usage Vacant Except for ORNL Testing

Type of Construction Masonry

Number of Floor Levels Two = 70 ft high

Projected Area 585' x 87'; 50,895 sq.ft.

Personnel Traffic Estimate 4 per day

Type of Hazards Asbestos Insulation on

Service Water line Fluorescent Fixtures & Central Air Conditioner

Hazard Location Service Water line is 8 to 12

feet above basement floor.
Approx. 55ft 3/4",120Ft 2",
100ft 6" & 400Ft 10" Pipe

Applicable References Dwgs. S & L M-2, M-4, M-5

Analytical Sample Number A-0405(K-702), A-0406(K-702)

A-0407 (K-702) & A-0408 (K-702)

Laboratory Analysis

Approximate Quantity Of 13 Fluorescent Fixtures

Material 4 - 6Ft Fluorescent Fixtures

1 Central A/C

25 Cu.Ft. Insulation

Building Number K-703

Building Name Power House - Office Area

Original Use Administrative Offices for

Power House

Present Usage Vacant - 3 Floors - 22,000 sqft

Type of Construction Masonry

Number of Floor Levels Three

Projected Area 48'8' x 154'; 7500 sq.ft.

Personnel Traffic Nil - Area Locked

Type of Hazards Fluorescent Fixtures & AC Freon

Utility Pipe Insulation, &

Insulation of Service

Pipe/Ducts

Hazard Location Ceiling Fixtures, Wall A/Cs, &

Utility Chase service Piping Approx. 600 Ft total of 1", 4"

and 8" pipe.

Applicable References Dwgs. S&L M-4, & MM-ES

M-40398-

Analytical Sample No. A-0409(K-703), A-0410(K-703) &

A-0411(K-703)

Laboratory Analysis

Approximate Quantity 300 Fluorescent Fixtures

Of Material 11 wall/package A/Cs

1 Central A/C

13 cu.ft. Insulation

Building Number K-704

Building Name Main Switch house

Original Use Power Distribution

Present Usage Machine Tool Storage for

Surplus Salvage Sales

Type of Construction Masonry

Number of Floor Levels Three

Projected Area 637' x 48'; 30,580 sq.ft.

Personnel Traffic Negligible except for Ground

Floor Locker Room - Estimate 4

twice a day.

Type of Hazards Asbestos Conduit, Flourescent

Fixtures, Freen from Excess A/c Units. Transformer Mineral Oil

Pipe Insulation

Hazard Location Asbestos in underground base-

ment Area - Pipe Insulation Ground Floor and Basement. Offices Fluorescent Fixtures. 2 Transformers Outside on NE

side of Building

Applicable References Dwgs. S&L B-144 thru B-152 &

UCC S-AWE-9215, thru 9217 & 9220

Analytical Sample No. A-0412(K-704), A-0413(K-704),

P-0403 (K-704) Ltg. Xfrmr#13, P-0404 (K-704) Ltg. Xfrmr#14

Laboratory Analysis

Approximate Quantity 2540 Pt-3/4'-6"Pipe Insulation Of Material 460 cu.ft. of material

85 Ft- Cable Fire Proofing

85 Ft- Caple Fire Proofing

18,700 Ft - 4, 5, 6" Transite Duct

880 cu.ft. of material 81 Fluorescent Fixtures 39 8'Fluorescent Fixtures 1 Central A/C, 4 Wall A/Cs

790 Gallons Mineral Oil

Building Number K-705

Building Name Water Intake Filter House

Original Use Filter Cooling Water to Con-

densers

Present Usage Abandoned Pacility

Type of Construction Masonry

Number of Floor Levels One

Projected Area 50' x 16'; 800 sq.ft.

Personnel Traffic Nil

Type of Hazards Asbestos Insulation on Back Wash

Water Lines

Hazard Location Operating Floor of Bldg.

3" & 6" Service Water Line

Insulation

Applicable References Dwg. C&CCC D-KP-19178A Rev A

Analytical Sample No. A-0415(K-705)

Laboratory Analysis

Approximate Quantity 120 Ft 6" Pipe Insulation

Of Material 220 Ft 3" Pipe Insulation

Building Number K-706

Building Name Condenser Water Pumphouse

Original Use Pumpage of Cooling Water

Present Usage Abandoned

Type of Construction Concrete with Transite Siding

Number of Floor Levels One

Projected Area 115' x 28'; 3,220 sq.ft.

Personnel Traffic Nil

Type of Hazards Asbestos Insulation on 5 Service

water pumps, 2 ash sluice water pumps, and insulation on 1/2, 3/4, 1, 1 1/4, 2, 3, 6, 10, 12, & 16 inch

pipes.

Asbestos in Siding

Bird Droppings

Hazard Location Siding

Floor and Internal Beams

Applicable References Dwgs. S&L M-145, B-128. B-265

Analytical Sample No. A-0414(K-706)

Laboratory Analysis

Approximate Quantity

of Material

5,100 SqFt Transite Siding 5 CuFt Pigeon Droppings 200 Cu.ft.asbestos Insulation

Building Number

K-707

Building Name

Auxilary Switch House

Original Use

Distributed Ancilary Power

Present Usage

Abandoned

Type of Construction

Maschry

Number of Floor Levels Four

Projected Area

197' x 33'; 6,500 sq.ft.

Personnel Traffic

Negligible

Type of Hazards

Asbestos Combuit, PTLC Cable Fire Proofing, Pipe Insulation, Mineral Oil & Fluorescent Fixtures

Hazard Location

Transite (asbestos conduit and Pipe Insulation in Basement. PILC Asbestos Fireproofing at Transformers External to Bldg. Also, transformer mineral oil.

Applicable References

S & L Dwgs: B-110; E-42, 90, 91, 92, 101 CACCC: 5-AVE-8333, 8334, 9213, 9300

Analytical Sample No.

A-0416(K-707), A-0417(K-707), A-0418(K-707), & P-0405(K-707) & P-0406(K-707)

Laboratory Analysis

Approximate Quantity Of Material

1865 Ft 3" Conduit, 155 Ft 4" Conduit (52 cu.ft. composite); 460 Ft 3/4, 1,

1 1/4, 2,& 3 inch Pipe insulation

(44 aubic feet);

460 Ft PILC Cable Fire Proofing

7500 Gallons Mineral Oil

Building Namber K-708-E

Scale House **Building Name**

Original Use Railroad Scale

Railroad Scale Present Usage

Type of Construction Frame Transite Roof & Siding

Number of Floor Levels One Plus Pit

Projected Area 12' x 12'; 144 sq.ft.

Personnel Traffic Minor

Asbestos Type of Hazards

Hazard Location Roof & Siding

Applicable References Dwg. EE-32514 A

Analytical Sample No. A-0419 (K-708) & A-0420 (K-708)

Laboratory Analysis

Approximate Quantity 150 sqft Transite Siding Of Material

100 sqft Transite Roofing

Building Number K-709 (K-709A & K-709C)

Building Name K-25 Switchyard (K-709A - Oil

Valve House; K-709C - Fire System

Valve House)

Power Distribution 161kV/14kV Original Use

Dismantled (Except for Steel Towers) Present Usage

and Valve Houses

K-709 - Open Steel & Concrete Pads Type of Construction

K-709A- Transite Siding/Roof on Pad K-709C- Transite Siding/Roof on Pad

Number of Floor Levels One level - Not a Building

Projected Area $K-709 A - 17' \times 16'$; 272 sq.ft.

 $K-709 C = 21' \times 11'; 231 sq.ft.$

Personnel Traffic Minor Amount / Maintenance & Stores

Type of Hazards Asbestos in Transite: Unknown for

Stored Equipment.

Roof and Siding of Valve Houses and Hazard Location

Possible in Stored Equipment.

Applicable References Dwg. UCC B-E-37804 A

S&L B-450

Analytical Sample No. A-0421(K-709A) & A-0422(K-709C)

Laboratory Analysis

Approximate Quantity

720 SqFt Siding 270 SQFt Roofing Of Material

Building Number K-710

Building Name Sewage Disposal Facility

unitorità Name 2004 de Disposar racitità

Original Use Sewage Disposal

Present Usage Inactive

Type of Construction Masonry

Number of Floor Levels One Floor with Above ground Berned

Settling Resirs

Projected Area 14' x 21'; 294 sq.ft.

Personnel Traffic Neglible

Type of Hazards None

Hazard Location None

Applicable References S & L Dwg. B-236, B-237

Analytical Sample No.

Laboratory Analysis ----

Approximate Quantity ————
Of Material

Building Number K-711

Building Name Training Building

Original Use Guard Ridg.

Present Usage Storage

Type of Construction Masonry with Transite Roof

Number of Floor Levels One

Projected Area 126' x 38'; 4,788 sq.ft.

Personnel Traffic Minor

Type of Hazards Asbestos in Roof Panels

Fluorescent Fixtures

Hazard Incetion Roof and Internal Ceiling Area

Applicable References Dwg. J A Jones 20 295

Analytical Sample No. A-0423(K-711)

Laboratory Analysis

Approximate Quantity 6700 sq.ft. transite corrugated

Of Material roofing material

50 Fluorescent Fixtures

Building Number

K-712

Building Name

Fercleve

Original Use

Thermal Diffusion Testing

Present Usage

Abendaned

Type of Construction

Masonry/Steel

Number of Floor Levels

CWT

Personnel Traffic

Nil

Type of Hazards

Bird Droppings

Hazard Location

Through out Bldg

Applicable References

Analytical Sample No.

Laboratory Analysis

Approximate Quantity
Of Material

10 OuFt Bird Droppings

Building Number K-722

Building Name Fercleve Office Bldg

Original Use Offices

Present Usage Surplus Sales

Type of Construction Stud Wall-Asbestos Shingles &

Transite corrugated Roofing

Number of Floor Levels One

Projected Area 153' x 82'; 12,546 sq.ft.

Personnel Traffic Heavy - Open to Public At Times

Type of Hazards Asbestos in Siding & Roofing

Pipe Insulation Fluorescent Fixtures Air Conditioners

Hazard Location Internal - Water Pipe Insulation

Fluorescent Fixtures

External - Asbestos Siding/Roofing

Applicable References Dwg. S1E-51896-A

Analytical Sample No. A-0424(K-722) & A-0425(K-722)

A-0426 (K-722)

Laboratory Analysis

Approximate Quantity Asbestos - 200 Ft 1" Pipe Insul.
Of Material 14,000 SqFt Transite Roofing

6,800 Soft Asbestos Shingle

50 Fluorescent Fixtures

Building Number

K-723

Building Name

Fercieve Laboratory

Original Use

Laboratory and Offices

Present Usage

Surplus Sales Storage

Type of Construction

Transite Siding

Number of Floor Levels One

Projected Area

198' x 53'; 10,494 sq.ft.

Personnel Traffic

Heavy - Open to Public At Times

Type of Hazards

Asbestos

Hazard Location

Building Siding

Applicable References

Dwg S-S-23663 BP, (BR & BS ?)

Analytical Sample No.

A-0427 (K-723)

Laboratory Analysis

Approximate Quantity \$400 SqFt Siding Of Material

Building Number

K-724

Building Name

Fercleve Area

Original Use

Warehouse

Present Usage

Sumplus Sales - Storage :

Type of Construction

Masonry - Built-up Roof

Number of Floor Levels One

Projected Area

178' x 38'; 6,764 sq.ft.

Personnel Traffic

Heavy ~ Open to Public At Times

Type of Hazards

Pipe Insulation - Asbestos

Fluorescent Fixtures

Hazard Location

Attic & Ceilings

Applicable References

Dwg. D-KS-19112A Rev A

Analytical Sample No.

A-0428, A-0429, & A-0430

Laboratory Analysis

Approximate Quantity

Of Material

300 Ft 1"/2" Pipe Insulation 200 Fluorescent Fixtures

Building Number

K-734

Building Name

Fercleve Test Facility

Original Use

Thermal Diffusion Testing

Present Usage

Abandoned

Type of Construction

Masonry and Frame

Number of Floor Levels Two

Projected Area

Personnel Traffic

NII

Type of Hazards

Bird Droppings

Hazard Location

Floor and Roof Beams

Applicable References

Dwg. UCC D-NWK-12250B (Shows a

Bldg. Modification not made).

Analytical Sample No.

Laboratory Analysis

Approximate Quantity Of Material

10 to 20 CuFt of Droppings

Building Number K-735

Building Name Percleve Storage

Original Use Warrehouse

Present Usage Abandoned

Type of Construction Concrete and Frame

Number of Floor Levels Two

Projected Area

Personnel Traffic Nil

Type of Hazards Bird Droppings

Asbestos Insulation

Hazard Location Floor

60 Ft of 1" Pipe Insulation

Applicable References

Analytical Sample No.

Laboratory Analysis

Approximate Quantity 5 OuFt Droppings

Of Material

Building Number

K-738

Building Name

Chlorine Treatment Bldg.

Original Use

Control Algae in Cooling Water

Present Usage

Abandonend

Type of Construction Concrete Block & Transite Roof

Number of Floor Lavels One

Projected Area

10' x 20"; 200 Sq.ft.

Personnel Traffic Negligible

Type of Hazards

Asbestos

Hazard Location

Roof

Applicable References

Analytical Sample No. A-0431(K-738)

Laboratory Analysis

Approximate Quantity 200 SqFt Roofing

Of Material

Building Number

K-731 (K-27/29 AREA)

Building Name

Main Switch house

Original Use

Power Distribution

Present Usage

Power Distribution

Type of Construction

Masomry

Number of Floor Levels

Three

Projected Area

521' x 48'; 25,008 sq.ft.

Personnel Traffic

Normal Operating Personnel

Type of Hazards

Asbestos Conduit, Flourescent Fix-

tures, Pipe Insulation

Hazarti Location

Asbestos in underground basement. Area - Pipe Insulation Ground

Floor and Basement. Offices

Fluorescent Fixtures.

Applicable References

Dag. ElE-H7E00-A, B, C

Analytical Sample No.

Laboratory Analysis

Approximate Quantity

Of Material

8,425 Ft - 5" Transite Duct

(519 Cu.Ft. of Material)

Building Number K-732 (K-27/29 AREA)

Building Name Main Switch yard

Original Use Power Distribution

Power Distribution Present Usage

Type of Construction Concrete foundations & Steel

structures

Projected Area 274,000 SAFT.

Personnel Traffic Normal Operating Personnel

Type of Hazards RCB's Within operation Transformers

and Oil circuit breakers.

Hazard Location Operating equipment in Switchyard

Applicable References Dwg. E-KE-1827 X&Y

Analytical Sample No.

Laboratory Analysis

Approximate Quantity 67,725 gallons of Mineral Oil with Of Material

PCB contaminants in excess of 50

ppm.

DRAWING REFERENCE LIST

SAFE STORAGE FEASIBILITY STUDY

DRAWING ID	DRAWING TITLE
S & L M-2	Profile Thru River & General Cross Section Power Station
M-4	Plan of Piping in Main Switch house
M-5	General Arrangement Plan - Basement Floor
K-6	General Cross Section - Power Station
M-12	Plan of Piping in Auxiliary Switch house
M-13	Sections of Piping in Auxiliary Switch House
M-14	Plan of Piping In Main Switch House
M~15	Sections of Piping in Main Switch House
M-35	Details of Outdoor Piping - Sheet No. 1
M-37	Plan of Circulating Water Piping - Power St.
M-143	Basement & Main Floor Plans - Pump House
	Piping
M-144	Longitudinal Section - Pump House Piping
M-145	Cross Section of Pump House Piping
M-348	Lower Plans of Piping in Switch House K-27
M-421	Fire Piping in Switch Yard - K-25 Project
B-110	Auxiliary Switch House - Bsmt, 1st, & 2nd Fl
B-128	Elevations & Sections - Pump House

DRAWING	ID	DRAWING	TITLE

	B-144	Ground Floor Plan - South Section, Mn Swhse
	B-146	Second Floor Plan, North Section, Mn Swhse
	B-152	Longitudinal Section - MainSwitch House
	B-236	Sewage Disposal Plant Sections & Details
	B-237	Sewage Disposal Plant Sections & Details
	B-265	Wood Enclosure For Pumphouse - K-706
	B-450	Fire Protection - Valve House - K-25 Project
	E-1	Gen. Arrngmt of Elect. Equip. & Grdg. Plan
	E-42	Cable Pans - Sections & Details - Aux. Swhse
	E-90	Cable Runs & Details - Auxiliary Switch Hse
	E-91	Aux. Power Transformers & Connections AuxSwh
	E-92	Conduits & Elect. Connections 2nd Floor,
		Auxiliary Switch House
	E-101	2300 Volt Switchgear - Sections- Aux. Swhse
JAJon	es	
	20295	Equipment & Spare Parts Warehouse (K-711)
UCC	E-3716~1	K-709 & K-732 Switch Yards - Elect. Layout
		Oil Treatment Houses
	S-AWE-8334	Cable Pans - Plan Aux. Swhse (K-707)
	S-AWE-9212-6	K-707 Power Station Duct Runs at Aux. Swhse
	S-AWE-9213	Conduits & Channels in Floor - Aux. Swhse
	E-AWE-9300B	2300 V. Switchgear, Group 3, K-707 Aux Swhse

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DRAWI	NG ID	DRAWING TITLE
UCC	D-KP-19178A-A	Modifications of REX Screens-Gen. Arrangmet.
	D-KP-19178D-A	Modification of REX Traveling Screen -
		Details of Counterweight Assembly
	S-AWE-9214	Duct Runs-Turbine Room-Main Swhse, (Sht lof3)
-	S-AWE-9216	Ditto (Sheet 2 of 3)
	S-AWE-9217	Ditto (Sheet 3 of 3)
	S-AWE-9220-3K	K-704 Power Station Duct Runs - Sections
		Main Switch House
	S-AWE-10725-1	K-711 Electrical Maintenance & Welding Shop
	D-KWK-12250B	Sand Blast Facilities (Proposal No. 2)
	D-KS-19112A-A	Alterations to K-734 Plumbing
	D-KS-19112B	Alterations to K-734 Heating and Ventilation
	B-E-37804A	K-25 SwitchYard-Oil Filter Unit - Power Plan
	E-E-39569A	Phase Out - K-709 Switch Yard
	E-E-39569D3	K-731 Switch House 14 kV East & West Wing
		Basement Floor Plan - Duct Runs
	E1E-43637G	13.8 kV Underground Distribution System Plan
		Blocks A, B, D, E
	S1E-51896~A	K-722 Roof and Wall Insulation Plans & Detls
	P1E-52879B	Instrument EC Unit Control Room HV/AC
		Replacement, K-731
	E1E-H7E0G-A	K-731/K-732 SwHse/SwYd Cable Runs (Sht.lof3)

E1E-H7E00-B (Sheet 2 of 3)

E1E-H7E00-C (Sheet 3 of 3)

13.8 kV Underground Distribution System Plan E1E-H7E00-D

E-KE-1827-X&Y Rearr'gm't Of K-27 Switchyard

	RIETTA ENERGY S' e, Tenn Paduc					XMT1 NO. 140	ISSUE	DATE
					89-0/03 PROCUREMENT BY		22/89	
) ENGINE	EKTING TRANSMITTE	4L				PROCUREMENT ST	LIELL	TO NURK DE
PROJECT TITLE ORGOP Diffusion	Facilities Per	manent Shutdo	חשנ			PROJECT NO.	E.S.C M-H8E	00
JOB TITLE						BUILDING	PLAN7	
<u>Engineering Fea</u>	asibility Study, Distribution	<u>/Site Unaraci</u> Ni	<u>ceriza</u> uantit	<u>cron</u>		K-700 ISSUED FOR:	ORGDE	curement
	Disci Inductor	M/S	Dwg		T	InfoComm		
FUNCTION	NAME	BLDG or R/N	X R/F	B/M		* <u>xx</u> Approved _	_CFC	Des Comp
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<u>Oils - P.E.</u> Risk Mar.	JM Chiang RC DeLozier	K-1550F 229 1000 333	1	Н		2		
Manager	RW Glass	K-1580 599	1	Н		\		
Remedial - P.E.	JB Hale	K-1035 209	1	Н	— t	it e		
Safety Ana.	HF Hartman	1000 333				<u>i</u> †		
Chem. & Cool.	ES Harrington	1000 342	1			**PAGE 2**	k	
Radigactivity	DA Kucsmas	K-1035 209				$\overline{1}$		
	KH lin	K-1550F 229				\coprod		
Asbestos - P.E.		K-1550W 223		Ш		11		
R,E,D.	1H Stinton	1000 342		\sqcup		<u>1</u>		
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11341 C-644 9 Cm	MJ Stephenson	9/33-3 002	1	├─┤	}-	<u> </u>	AL -	
Health, Safety & Env.	TA Bowers	K-1020A 402	1	├─┤		+Attached is		
<u>Environmental</u> Enviv Chem.	DA Coleman	K-1020A 402 K-1652 352		 -		I Issue Approv Rev. 0 of th		
Envir. Water	WJ Scheib	K-1020 402		Н		Building Cha		_
Safety	EL Crowe	K-1020 401				Report, Power		
IH/HP	DT Duncan	K-1003 420		H		K-731 Area,		
Envir PCBs	JL Haymore	K-1020 402				† ``` <i>`</i> ```	.,, •	0.70
IH - Asbestos	LA Headrick	K-1003 420				$oxed{ extstyle oxed{ extstyle T}}$ Any correcti	ions, c	omments.
IH - HI	TC Helms	K-1001 420				and/or conce	erns sh	ould be
<u>Nucl. Safety</u>	JC Ingram	K+1020 403				directed to	R. J.	Thomas
<u>Accountability</u>		K-1020 401				<u> </u> K-1001, MS 1	163	
EnvirAsbestos		K-1020 402		$\vdash \vdash \vdash$		+		
HP	JM Mahathy	K-1003 420				. 		
IH/HP	RW Oliver D Milan	K-1003 420 K-1003 420		 		 		
Safety-Asb/0ils		K-1020 401				- 		
Safety - PCBs	DB Shupe	K-1020 401		1		+		
34(42) (683	oo shape	N-1020 701		 		†		
MAINTENANCE				\Box		†		
PCBs	BJ Ford	K-1035 219	1			<u> </u>		
Asbestos	EL Garland	K-1030 319				I		
Chemicals	DS Gordon	<u>K-1035 219</u>						
<u>Cool. & U.</u>	TD Harris	K-1035 209				RECEIVING INST		
Contamination	JW Hodge	K-1401 367				(1)Routine	<u>} (</u>	<u>2)Special</u>
- 0:1-	HK Hugnes	K-1401 367		 	···			
0ils	<u>BS Milligan</u>	K-1401 367		 		Refer Technica		tions
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Development	RW Anderson	K-1006 272						‡
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	GJ Kidd	K-1004L 271	1					Į
Analytical Chem.	RL Ritter CR Kirkpatrick	K-1004L 266				-	L	*Attached is the Issue Approved (IA)
Allary Crear Ottom:	WE McLendon	K-1004B 449					ī	Rev. 0 of the K-700
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INTERNATIONAL TECH.	SA Herron	K-1600 313	1				1	Report, Power House and K-731 Area, K/D - 5773
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INVIRON. SCI. DIV.	FE Sharples	1505_X38	<u> </u>		i		_,,,	-
@ORNL.	CF Sigmon	1505 X36						Any corrections, comments,
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CENTRAL E&SA	ME Mitchell	1000 335	1			\vdash	1	directed to R. J. Thomas K-1001, MS 163
CERTIFIC EGG/A	LJ Megza	2518 325	1					I * 1001, 113 103
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COMPORTABLE	J Dykstra J Foster	9733-3 002						†
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	···	Concorse	Н			├─┤	••••	Refer Technical Questions To: R. J. Thomas
HQ	VW Lowery	DOE HO	1			٠	3	Phone: 4-9062
		Germantown.	Ц			\Box		RETURN ORIGINALS TO:
·	<u> </u>	TOTALS	\dashv				_	S. A. Harris K-303-7, MS 7396
ORIGINATED BY	SECTION HEAD	DEPARTMENT				PE		PM
JM Chiang	DS Milewski	MJ Stephens	or)		LD	ı	McCullough BF Crump

MARTIN MARIETTA ENERGY SYSTEMS, INC. Oak Ridge, Tenn Paducah, Ky.							XMTL NO. 140 ISSUE DATE 03/22/89	
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FUNCTION	NAME	BLOG or R/N	X	R/F	B/M	D/S	*	xxApprovedCFCDes Comp
MANAGEMENT				:				Return Comments To By(Date)
Plant Manager	WR Golliber	K-1001 134					1	
Qual. & Tech. Ser.	JT Bradbury	K-1004A 428			,-	· ···	1	-
<u>Engr. Site Mgr.</u> Fab. & Maintenance	<u>CE Frye</u> JC Hall	K-1001 196 K-1035 219			· · · · · · ·	 	÷	
Plant. Prot. Div.	CH Peterson	K-1652 350	Ħ	 			t	†
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OPERATIONS		_	L				Ц	*Attached is the
Proc.Fac.Ser.Dept.	RL Faulkner	K-1024 325	1	 			3	
	<u>CR_Barlow</u>	K-1024 325	ļ				ļ	Rev. 0 of the K-700
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<u>-</u>	JL Guthrie MG Zuschneid	K-1024 325 K-1024 325				\vdash	1	Report, Power House and K-731 Area, K/D 5773
Security	JO Nations	K-1652 351	╁				╁	L K-131 Area, K/U 3//3
Fire Protection	AC Heltzman	K-1652 351	Ιŧ				╅	Any corrections, comments
!	KI Roy	K-1652 351	ī	i · · · · · · ·			1	and/or concerns should be
Utilities	RD Blanchard	K-1650 300	1				1	directed to R. J. Thomas
	JS Dalton	K-1650 300	1			L,	1	K-1001, MS 163, 4-9062
<u> Waste Operations</u>	GD Conner	K-1420 347	1				Ļ	↓
FUATUECRINO	BE Vaughn	K-1420 347	₽				1	
ENGINEERING	BF Crump	K-1001 196	Ι,				7	+
<u>Project Manager</u> Principal Engr.	WR Reed	K-1001 196					╁	†
Sr. Tech. Consult.	MI Lundin	K-1580 598				\vdash	Ħ	†
Proj.Eng(PCBs & Oils)							ī	†
Proj. Engr. (Asbestos)		K-1001 196					ī	Ī
Project Engineer	WD Strunk	K-1580 7520	1	<u> </u>	·		8	I
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Project Files		K-1001 196	1				1	1
Civil & Arch.	BK Miles	K-1550B 231	1	٠.			-	RECEIVING INSPECTION REQUIRED
CIVIL & AICH.	CT McLoughlin	K-1550B 431	÷	┤─┤			+	(1)Routine (2)Special
	FW Stout	K-1550U 233		·			ī	(1)1100011111 (11)50001111
Electrical	SM O'Neal	K-1001 163						Refer Technical Questions
	DB Janney	K-1001 163	1					To: R. J. Thomas
	HG Smith	K-1001 163				.——		Phone: 4-9062
PCBs - P.E.	RJ Thomas	K-1001 163						RETURN ORIGINALS TO:
<u>Engr. Mechanics</u>	JC Cotts	9733-2 001						S. A. Harris
Cationation	CL Garren	9733-2 001 K-1550V 234					4	k~303-7, MS 7396
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