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B341 Seismic Evaluation

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**LAWRENCE LIVERMORE NATIONAL LABORATORY
LIVERMORE, CALIFORNIA**

**BUILDING 341
Seismic Evaluation**

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1.0 Introduction

Executive Summary

The Seismic Evaluation of Building 341 located at Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory in Livermore, California has been completed. The subject building consists of a main building, Increment 1, and two smaller additions; Increments 2 and 3.

Increment 1, constructed in 1963, is a one-story steel framed structure with a partial mezzanine, concrete shear walls and exterior precast concrete panels. The building is rectangular in plan with plan dimensions of approximately 180 feet in the North-South direction and 140 feet in the East-West direction. Overall building height varies between 22 feet at the low roof and 32 feet at the high roof.

Increment 2, constructed in 1973, is a one-story steel framed building with exterior precast concrete tilt-up panels. Increment 2 is located on the West elevation of Increment 1 and the east wall of Increment 2 is created by the West wall of Increment 1. There is a two-inch separation between the two structures. The building is rectangular in plan with overall dimensions of 102 feet in the North-South direction and 25 feet in the East-West direction. Building height is approximately 20 feet.

Increment 3, constructed in 1975, is a one-story concrete and wood framed structure. Increment 3 is located on the North elevation of Increment 1 and the south wall of Increment 3 is created by the North wall of Increment 1. Furthermore, a portion of the Increment 3 roof is supported directly by the precast panels on the North elevation of Increment 1. The building is rectangular in plan with overall dimensions of 39 feet in the North-South direction and 76 feet in the East-West direction. Building height is approximately 12 feet.

Tier 1 seismic evaluations of Increments 2 and 3 and a Tier 3 seismic evaluation of Increment 1 were conducted in accordance with ASCE 41-13, with a seismic performance goal of Life Safety, which is in agreement with Performance Category 1 (PC-1) as defined in Department of Energy Standard 1021-1993.

Based on our evaluation the building does not meet a Life Safety performance level for the BSE-1E earthquake ground shaking hazard. The BSE-1E is the recommended seismic hazard level for evaluation of existing structures and is based on a 20% probability of exceedence in 50 years.

Our evaluation identified the following key deficiencies:

Increment 1

- Precast panel to panel connection on lines 4, A and K along the vertical joint are overstressed.
- The roof diaphragm at the high roof along lines E and K is overstressed in shear.
- There is a lack of a collector connection between the low roof framing and the concrete shear walls on lines C and E. There are significant loads that need to be dragged to these walls, yet there is no direct connection.

1.0 Introduction

- There is a lack of a collector connection between the low roof/mechanical roof framing south of line E and the concrete shear wall on line 2.
- The horizontal double angle diaphragm bracing connections are overstressed at lines 2/A and 2/K.

Increment 2

- The braced frames located on the East and West sides of Increment 2 do not have the capacity to develop the yield strength of the braces.
- The gap between Increments 1 and 2 is only 2-inches, which will result in damage due to pounding.
- In addition to relatively small gap between the two structures, the expected lateral drift in the east-west direction exceeds the acceptable limit of 2.5%.
- The moment frame beam-column connections do not have adequate capacity to develop flexural yielding of the beams.

Based on the deficiencies listed above, we recommend that the following seismic strengthening measures be implemented to achieve a Life Safety performance level:

1. Increment 1
 - a. Add collector connections between the existing low roof steel beam and the concrete shear walls on lines C and E.
 - b. Strengthen the beam-column connections along line 2 at the low roof to transfer the collector demands to the concrete shear wall on line 2.
 - c. Strengthen the beam-column connections along lines C and E at the low roof to transfer the collector demands to the concrete shear walls on lines C and E.
 - d. Strengthen precast panel to panel connections along vertical joints at lines 4, A and K.
 - e. Strengthen double angle horizontal bracing connections at grid lines 2/A and 2/K by adding welds to the existing connections.
 - f. Strengthen the high roof diaphragm between lines E and K.
2. Increment 2
 - a. Strengthen the braced frame connections on the east and west sides of the building to develop the capacity of the diagonal braces.

1.0 Introduction

1.0 Introduction

This report presents the results of the Tier 1 and Tier 3 Seismic Evaluations of Building 341 located at Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory in Livermore, California. Building 341 consists of three separate structures; a main building (Increment 1) and two small additions (Increments 2 and 3). As outlined in our proposal we performed Tier 1 evaluations on the small additions and a detailed Tier 3 evaluation on the main structure.

The seismic evaluations were performed in accordance with ASCE 41-13 Seismic Evaluation and Retrofit of Existing Buildings. Our evaluations only included the main building structures. We did not evaluate the nonstructural systems or any non-building structures located within the buildings. As requested by Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory the desired performance level is Performance Category 1 (PC-1) as defined in Department of Energy Standard 1021-1993, which corresponds to Life Safety performance (S-3) in accordance with ASCE 41-13.

Our evaluation was based upon the original structural design drawings prepared by the following parties:

- Increment 1: Structural drawings prepared by Garretson, Elmendorf, Klein and Reibin, Architects and Engineers, dated February 18, 1963.
- Increment 2: Architectural and Structural drawings prepared by University of California Lawrence Radiation Laboratory Plant Engineering, dated April 5, 1973.
- Increment 3: Architectural and Structural drawings prepared by Garretson, Elmendorf, Zinov and Reibin, Architects and Engineers, dated October 29, 1975.

Material properties for Increment 1 were based on a previous seismic evaluation report “Preliminary Seismic Evaluation for B-341”, dated December 4, 1984.

A site visit was performed on November 6, 2013 to review the existing condition of the building and confirm that the available documents accurately represent the as-built structure. Based on our site visit we were able to confirm that the majority of the lateral load resisting system was built as shown on the original construction drawings.

2.0 Seismicity and Soils

Seismic Evaluation – Building 341, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

2.0 Seismicity and Soils

The building site is located near the center of the Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory Campus on the north side of Third Street west of South Gate Drive, as shown in Figure 1. The building site is level, as is the majority of the campus. According to the USGS Quaternary Fault Maps the Greenville Fault is located approximately 3 km to the north east of the campus and the Las Positas Fault is located approximately 1 km to the south. Both of these faults are capable of generating strong ground shaking at the building.

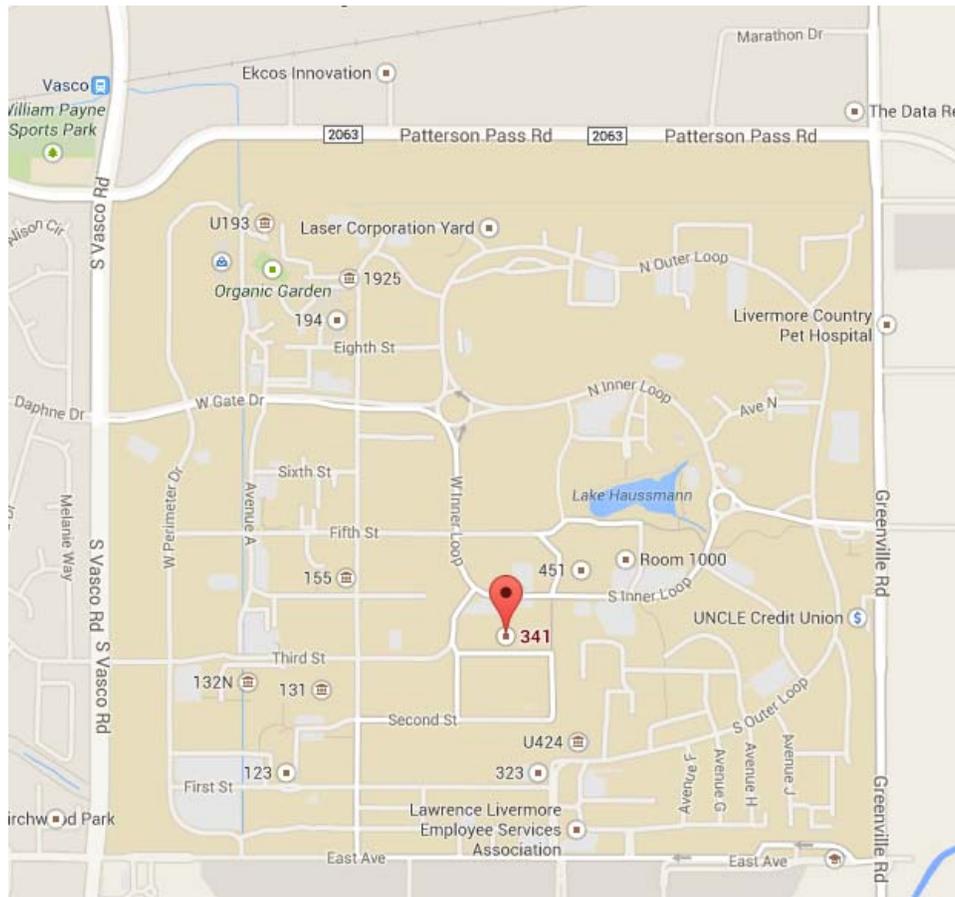


Figure 1 – Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory Vicinity Map

Several soil boring logs were included on the Increment 1 drawings. The soil boring logs indicate fairly stiff soil, with blow counts of 20 to 30 blows/foot over the top 12 feet and greater than 50 blows/foot below a depth of 12 feet. Based on the soil boring data we have assumed a site class D in accordance with ASCE 41-13.

2.0 Seismicity and Soils

Seismic Evaluation – Building 341, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

In accordance with the procedures in ASCE 41-13 and after consultation with the Lab, we have used the BSE-1E earthquake as the seismic hazard level for our evaluation of the structures. The BSE-1E corresponds to a uniform hazard spectrum with a 20% probability of exceedence in 50 years. We obtained seismic hazard values from the United States Geological Survey's (USGS) online web application and modified them for Site Class D. The following values were used to construct the General Response spectrum in accordance with ASCE 41-13:

- $S_{XS} = 0.98 \text{ g}$
- $S_{X1} = 0.52 \text{ g}$

As a point of comparison DOE Standard 1020-2002 references the 2000 International Building Code (IBC) for seismic hazard level for PC-1 and DOE Standard 1020-2012 references ASCE 7-10 for seismic hazard level for PC-1. Based on data from USGS, the following seismic design values were obtained for IBC 2000 and ASCE 7-10, both of which are based on a hazard equal to two-thirds of the Maximum Considered Earthquake:

1. IBC 2000
 - a. $S_{DS} = 1.11 \text{ g}$
 - b. $S_{I5} = 0.62 \text{ g}$
2. ASCE 7-10
 - a. $S_{DS} = 1.33 \text{ g}$
 - b. $S_{D1} = 0.76 \text{ g}$

Figure 2 shows a comparison of all three response spectrum derived from the seismic hazard values.

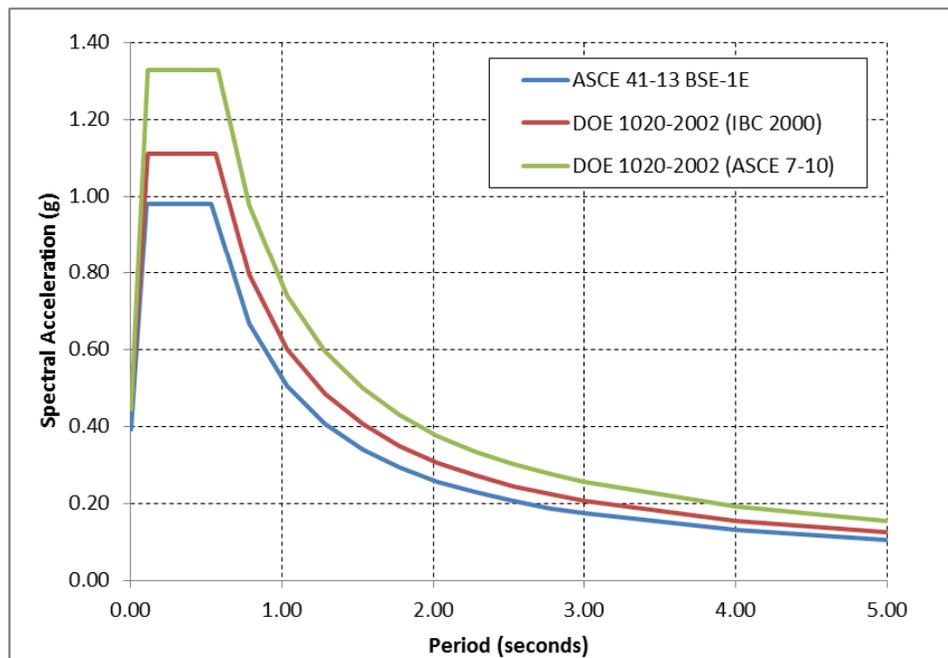


Figure 2 – Comparison of Response Spectrum

3.0 Building Description

Seismic Evaluation – Building 341, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

3.0 Building Description

Building 341, originally named the Pulsed Energy Research Building, was constructed in three phases. The main building, Increment 1, was constructed in approximately 1963. Two additions were later made to the building; Increment 2, in approximately 1973 and Increment 3 in approximately 1975. Increment 1 is a one-story structure with high roof and low roof areas. There is a partial mezzanine in one half of the high roof area. Increment 2, which is an independent structure, is one-story in height and is located on the west side of Increment 1. Increment 3 is a one-story structure located on the North side of Increment 1. Increment 3 has its own lateral force resisting system, but is structurally connected to the North wall of Increment 1.

A key plan of the building, which identifies all three increments, is shown in Figure 3.

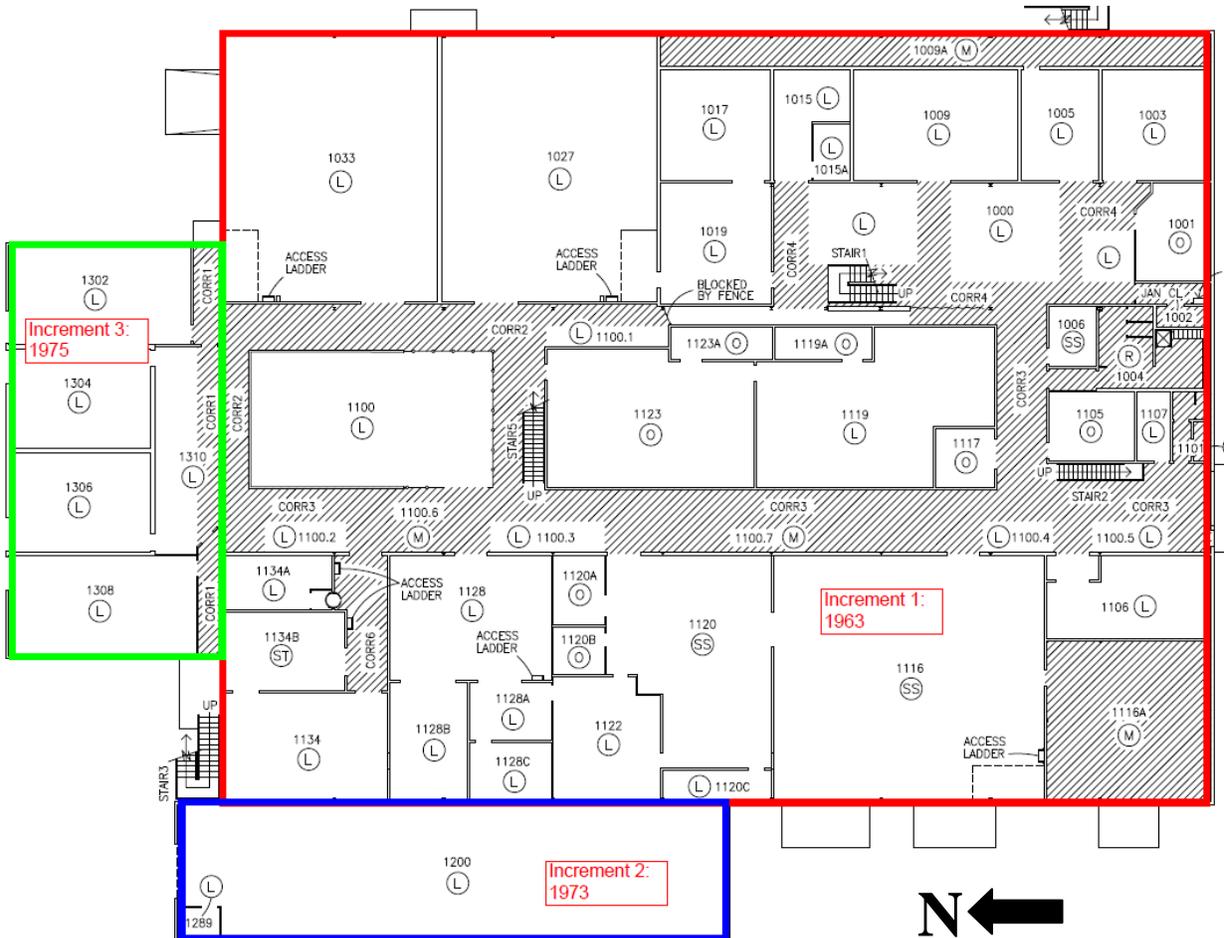


Figure 3 – Building 341 Key Plan

3.0 Building Description

Seismic Evaluation – Building 341, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

3.1 Building Structure

3.1.1 Increment 1

Increment 1 is a one-story steel and concrete building with a partial mezzanine and exterior precast concrete tilt-up panels. The building is rectangular in plan with overall dimensions of 180 feet in the North-South direction and 140 feet in the East-West direction. A 3D image of the building structure is shown in Figure 4.

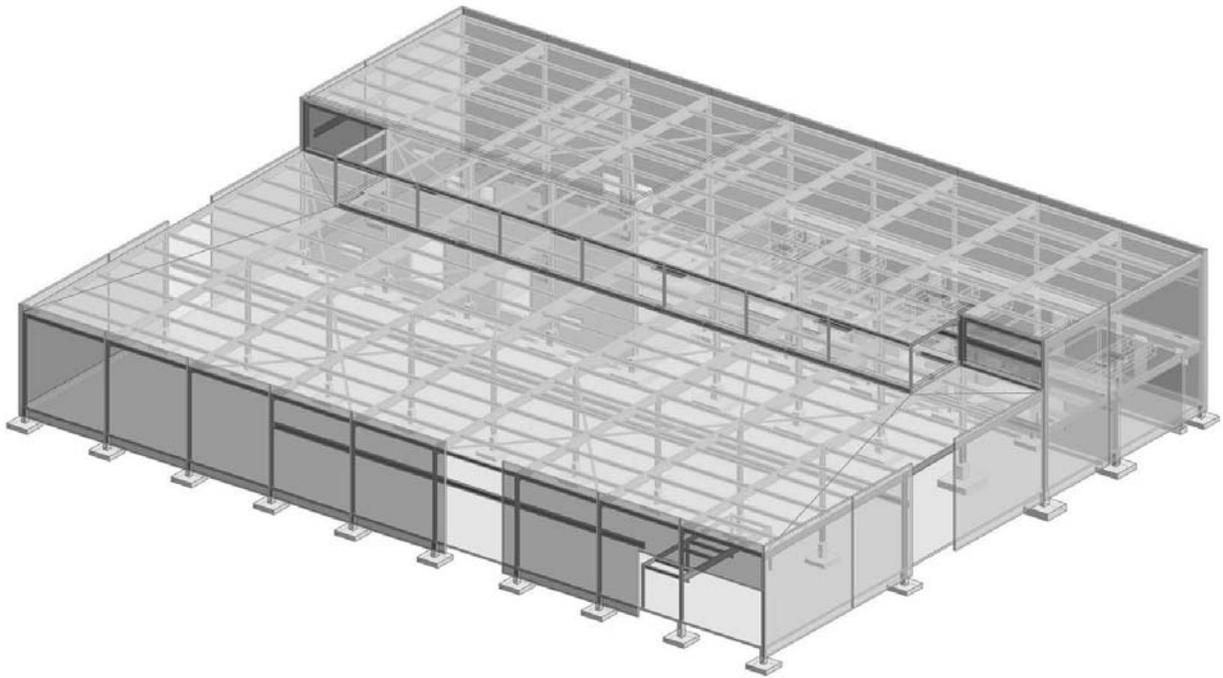


Figure 4 – 3D Image of Increment 1

3.0 Building Description

Seismic Evaluation – Building 341, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

The original foundation plan is shown in Figure 5.

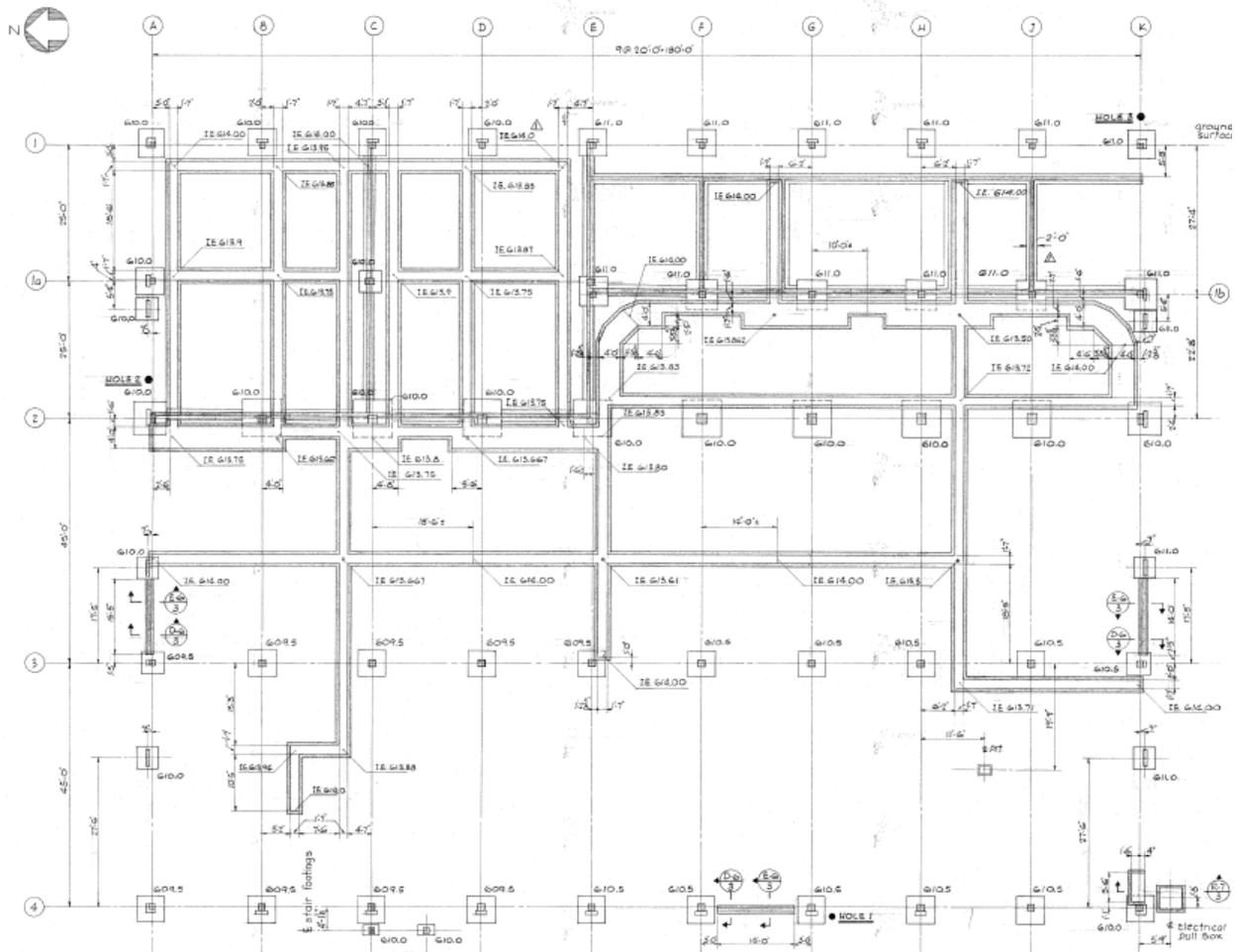


Figure 5 – Increment 1 Foundation Plan

The building consists of a high roof and low roof area. Building height at the high roof areas is approximately 32 feet and building height at the low roof areas is approximately 22 feet. The high roof area has a width of approximately 67 feet in the East-West direction, a portion of which extends over a mechanical room located on the low roof. Figure 6 shows an East-West cross-section through the building, where the step in roof elevation can be seen.

3.0 Building Description

Seismic Evaluation – Building 341, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

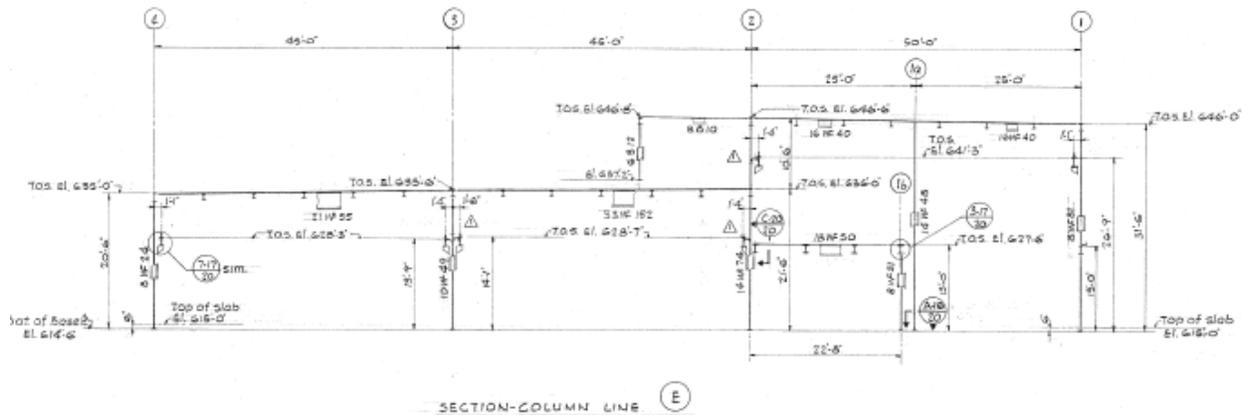


Figure 6 – Increment 1 East-West Cross-Section

There is a partial mezzanine located in the southern half of the high roof area, between grid lines E to K and 1 to 2. The mezzanine has plan dimensions of the 100 feet in the North-South direction and 50 feet in the East-West direction and a finished floor elevation of 13 feet.

At the low roof there is a mechanical room, which extends between grid lines B to J and 2 to 2a. The mechanical room has plan dimensions of approximately 140 feet in the North-South direction and 17 feet in the East-West direction. The southwest corner of the mechanical roof is shown in Figure 7.



Figure 7 – Southwest Corner of Mechanical Room

3.0 Building Description

Gravity Load System

Increment 1's main gravity load resisting system consists of 18 gauge metal deck, supported by wide flange steel beams, girders and columns. At the mezzanine, gravity loads are supported by a reinforced concrete slab, which spans between either steel wide flange beams, girders and columns or reinforced concrete beams and walls. At the mechanical room, the gravity load resisting system consists of a reinforced concrete slab, which spans between steel wide flange beams, girders and columns. Foundations consist of spread footings beneath columns and strip footings beneath cast-in-place concrete walls. The precast concrete panels span between the building columns and are supported by the spread footings located at building columns.

Lateral Force Resisting System

The lateral force resisting system consists of both precast and cast-in-place reinforced concrete shear walls. The precast walls are located at the exterior of the building. The cast-in-place walls are located in the high roof area on lines C, E and 2 and below the mezzanine in both the East-West and North-South directions. The precast walls are six inches thick and the cast-in-place walls are 8 inches thick.

At the exterior of the building and at the cast-in-place concrete walls at the high roof area, lateral loads are delivered to the shear walls by an 18 gauge metal deck, which is puddle welded to the supporting steel beams. In addition to the metal deck diaphragm, horizontal double angle bracing was also provided in the plane of the low and high roof levels, which also deliver loads to the shear walls. The double angle bracing at the low roof level can be seen in Figure 8. At the mezzanine and mechanical room, lateral loads are delivered to the shear walls by the reinforced concrete slab. Horizontal shear loads from the precast panels are delivered to the soil by dowels into the building slab-on-grade and overturning forces are delivered to the building columns and their supporting spread footings by welded concrete inserts between the panels and columns.

3.0 Building Description

Seismic Evaluation – Building 341, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

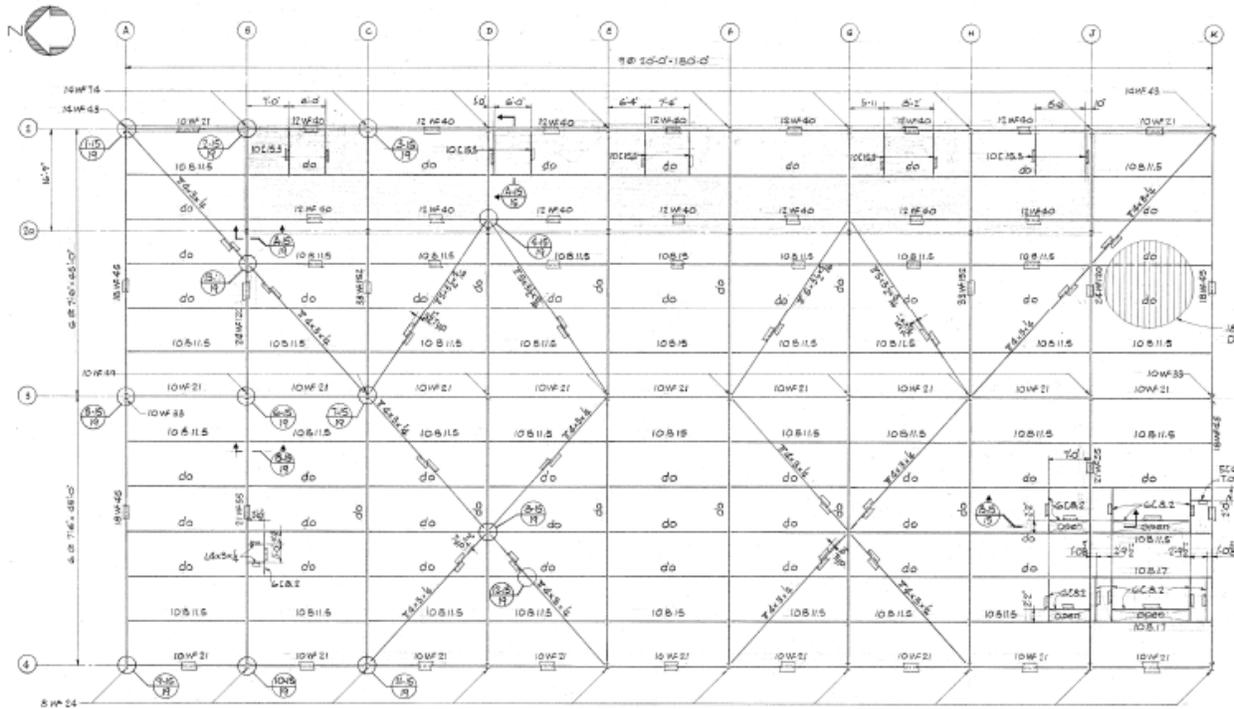


Figure 8 – Increment 1 Low Roof Framing Plan

3.1.2 Increment 2

Increment 2 is a one-story steel framed building with exterior precast concrete tilt-up panels. Increment 2 is located on the West elevation of Increment 1 and the east wall of Increment 2 is created by the West wall of Increment 1. The building is rectangular in plan with overall dimensions of 102 feet in the North-South direction and 25 feet in the East-West direction. Building height is approximately 20 feet. The original roof framing plan is shown in Figure 9.

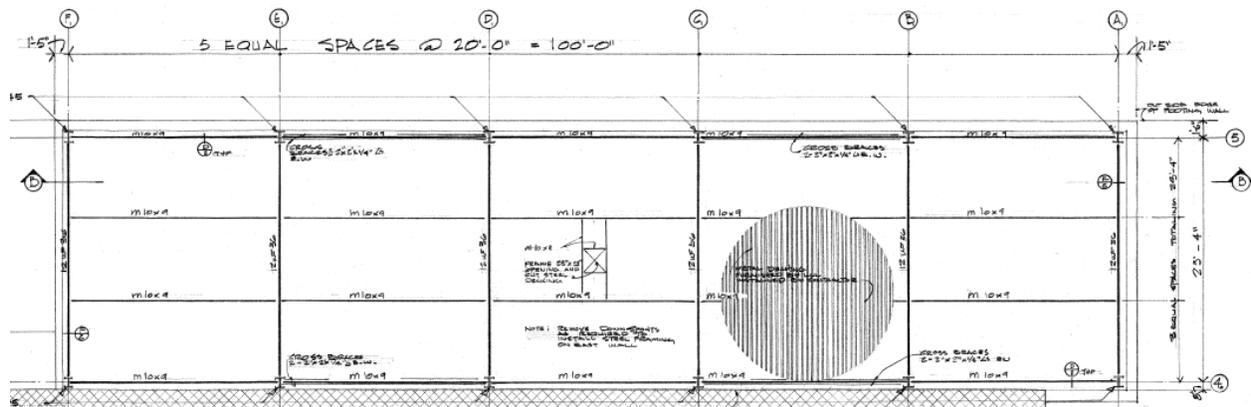


Figure 9 – Increment 2 Roof Framing Plan

3.0 Building Description

Seismic Evaluation – Building 341, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

Gravity Load System

Increment 2's gravity load resisting system consists of metal deck, supported by wide flange steel beams, girders and columns. Columns are supported by spread footings along the west side of the building and by a strip footing adjacent to Increment 1.

Lateral Force Resisting System

Lateral loads are resisted by several different systems. In the East-West and North-South directions the exterior precast panels are directly attached to the roof diaphragm and will therefore participate in resisting lateral loads. In addition to the precast panels, in the East-West direction it appears that there is a steel moment frame on every column line and in the North-South direction there are two tension only steel braced frames on each line as shown in Figure 10. Lateral loads are delivered to the vertical lateral force resisting elements by the metal deck diaphragm.



Figure 10 – Increment 2 Tension Only Bracing

3.1.3 Increment 3

Increment 3 is a one-story concrete and wood framed structure. Increment 3 is located on the North elevation of Increment 1 and the south wall of Increment 3 is created by the North wall of Increment 1. Furthermore, a portion of the Increment 3 roof is supported directly by the precast panels on the North elevation of Increment 1.

3.0 Building Description

Seismic Evaluation – Building 341, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

The building is rectangular in plan with overall dimensions of 39 feet in the North-South direction and 76 feet in the East-West direction. Building height is approximately 12 feet. The original roof framing plan is shown in Figure 11.

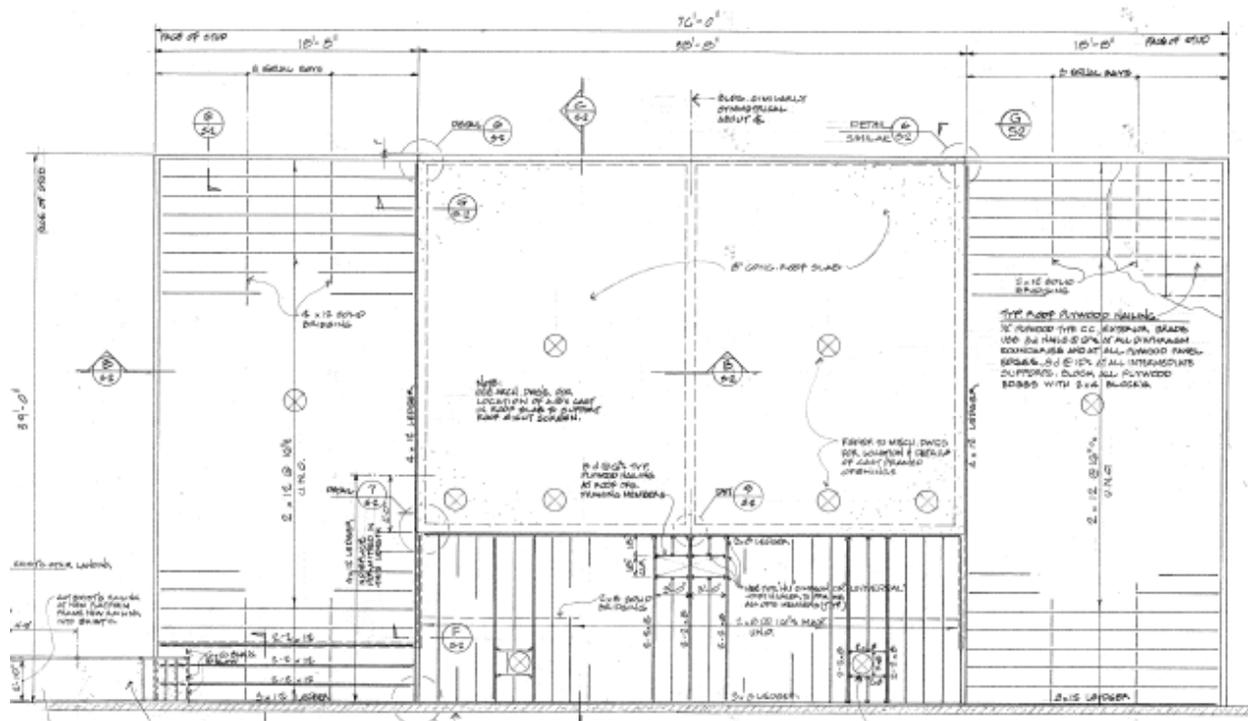


Figure 11 – Increment 3 Roof Framing Plan

Gravity Load System

Increment 3 consists of a concrete core, where gravity loads are supported by a reinforced concrete slab and walls. Around three sides of the concrete core is a wood framed structure, where loads are gravity loads are supported by wood joists, which span between the concrete core and exterior wood framed stud walls, except on the south side, where the joists span to the exterior wall of Increment 1. The concrete and wood stud walls are supported on continuous strip footings.

Lateral Force Resisting System

Lateral loads are resisted by reinforced concrete walls located at the central concrete core structure. Lateral loads are delivered to the concrete walls by a reinforced concrete slab as well as a plywood panel diaphragm located on three sides of the concrete core.

3.0 Building Description

Seismic Evaluation – Building 341, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

3.2 Condition Assessment

The buildings were constructed between approximately 1963 and 1975 with what appears to be a typical level of construction quality for the time period. During our site visit we did not observe any significant signs of deterioration. We did observe a small amount of concrete spalling at several of the precast panel connections on the east wall of Increment 1. In general, the buildings appear to be in good physical condition and have been well maintained.

4.0 Seismic Evaluations of Increments 2 and 3

Seismic Evaluation – Building 341, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

4.0 Seismic Evaluations of Increments 2 and 3

As described in our proposal we performed Tier 1 Seismic Evaluations of Increments 2 and 3 in accordance with ASCE 41-13. Tier 1 Evaluations consist of completing a series of checklists and simple “quick check” calculations of the lateral force resisting system. In agreement with PC-1 the selected seismic performance level for the evaluations was Life Safety (S-3) in accordance with ASCE 41-13.

We have assumed, that where cranes are present within the buildings, that they will be parked at the end of the rails and that catches are provided to ensure that the cranes will remain properly seated on the rails during a seismic event.

4.1 Increment 2

Given that there are three systems that contribute to resisting lateral forces in Increment 2, in addition to the Life Safety Basic Configuration Checklist, checklists for the following systems were completed:

- Steel Moment Frames with Stiff or Flexible Diaphragms (S1/S1A)
- Steel Braced Frames with Stiff or Flexible Diaphragms (S2/S2A)
- Precast/Tilt-up Concrete Shear Walls Stiff or Flexible Diaphragms (PC1/PC1A)

Completed checklists as well as accompanying structural calculations are contained in Appendix B.

Based on the checklists and associated calculations, the following deficiencies were identified:

- **Adjacent Buildings.** There is only a 2-inch gap between the columns of Increment 2 and the exterior wall of Increment 1. It is likely that pounding will occur at this location, causing damage to the wall of Increment 1 and to the steel framing of Increment 2. Given the relatively low weight of Increment 2 and the relatively long length over which contact will occur, we do not believe the pounding damage will lead to a collapse, and therefore is not a life-safety concern.
- **Torsion.** Due to the long line of precast panels on the west side of the building and the lack of panels on the east side of the building there is a large eccentricity between the center of mass and the center of rigidity. However, given that the roof is a flexible diaphragm, this is not a life-safety concern.
- **Moment Frame Beam-Column Connections.** The drawings do not provide details of the beam-column moment connections. However, based on visual observation of the connections and an evaluation of the connections demands based on the capacity of the panel zones it appears that there is likely adequate strength. The system is also expected to undergo limited inelastic action, therefore we do not believe this is a life-safety concern.

4.0 Seismic Evaluations of Increments 2 and 3

Seismic Evaluation – Building 341, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

- **Moment Frame Panel Zones.** Column panel zones do not have the shear capacity to resist the shear demand required to develop 80% of the flexural strength of the beams. However, given the low moment frame bending demand-capacity ratio from the quick check and the presence of the diaphragm and concrete shear walls located at the ends of the building, we do not believe this is a life-safety concern. Furthermore, a quick Tier 2 check reveals that the panel zones have adequate strength when evaluated for the actual shear demand and the appropriate m-factor.
- **Moment Frame Drift Check.** The lateral drift of the moment frames calculated using the quick check procedure and a 2-dimensional ETABS model is 5.4%, which exceeds the acceptable limit of 2.5%. Other than local damage associated with pounding at the exterior wall of Increment 1, we do not believe this is a life-safety concern.
- **Transfer to Steel Frames.** The original construction documents do not indicate the type and frequency of attachment between the metal deck and the moment frames. However, given that every transverse column line is a moment frame and the concrete panels are directly connected to the columns and beams, there is very little demand on the diaphragm, therefore, we do not believe this is a life-safety concern. In addition, there is probably some nominal connection between the deck and beams.
- **Moment Frame Redundancy.** The number of bays per moment frame line is less than 2. However, given that every transverse line is a moment frame the building has significant redundancy, therefore we do not believe this is a life-safety concern.
- **Moment Frame – Interfering Walls.** The precast panels on the North and South sides of the building are in the same plane as the moment frames and will resist lateral loads. Per the precast panel quick check, the panels have adequate capacity to resist the lateral loads they are subjected to, therefore, this is not a life-safety concern.
- **Braced Frame Connection Strength.** The brace connections do not develop the yield capacity of the diagonal braces.
- **Braced Frame Joints.** The diagonal braces do not frame into the beam-column joints concentrically. There is an eccentricity in the connections at each end of the braces.

4.2 Increment 3

In addition to the Life Safety Basic Configuration Checklist the checklist for Concrete Shear Walls with Stiff or Flexible Diaphragms (C2/C2A) was completed.

Completed checklists as well as accompanying structural calculations are contained in Appendix C.

Based on the checklists and associated calculations, the following deficiency was identified:

4.0 Seismic Evaluations of Increments 2 and 3

Seismic Evaluation – Building 341, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

- **Adjacent Buildings.** The south side of the wood framed roof of Increment 3 is directly supported by the exterior precast concrete panels on the North elevation of Increment 1. This could lead to some damage to the roof structure of Increment 3 due to differential movement between the two structures. We do not believe this is a life-safety concern given the relatively stiff lateral force resisting systems present in both structures.

5.0 Seismic Evaluation of Increment 1

Seismic Evaluation – Building 341, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

5.0 Seismic Evaluation of Increment 1

Increment 1 was evaluated in accordance with ASCE 41-13 using a Tier 3 procedure. A Tier 3 evaluation consists of a detailed analysis of the building structure using a 3-dimensional model and involves a complete check of the lateral load resisting system and its elements. In agreement with PC-1 the selected seismic performance level for the evaluation was Life Safety (S-3) in accordance with ASCE 41-13.

Detailed structural calculations that were performed for the Tier 3 evaluation are included in Appendix D.

5.1 Summary of Tier 3 Seismic Evaluation

The building was analyzed and evaluated in accordance with ASCE 41-13 Tier 3 using a linear dynamic procedure. A three-dimensional model of the building was created in SAP2000. A 3D perspective view of the model is shown in Figure 12. The concrete shear walls, concrete slabs and steel roof diaphragm were explicitly modeled using shell elements. The double angle bracing and beams and columns, where needed, were modeled using beam-column elements. The stiffness of the shell elements was modified to account for cracking based on the recommendations in ASCE 41. Material properties were based upon the structural drawings as well as the preliminary evaluation document contained in Appendix A.

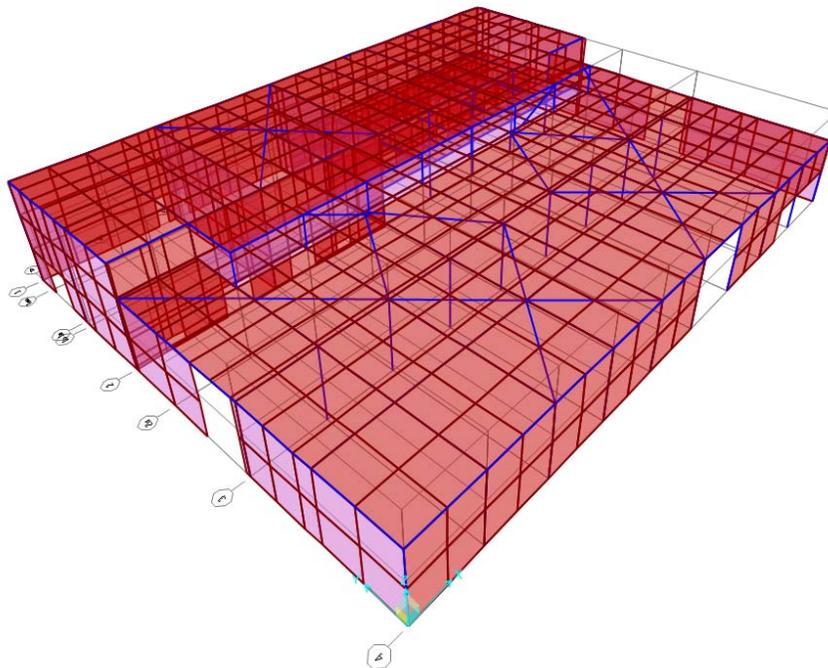


Figure 12 – 3D Perspective View of Analysis Model

5.0 Seismic Evaluation of Increment 1

Seismic Evaluation – Building 341, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

Self-weight of the concrete walls and slabs was directly used for assembling the model mass. A distributed area mass was applied to the roof diaphragms based on a separate weight takeoff. The model was analyzed using the General Response Spectrum developed for the BSE-1E earthquake following the procedure in Section 2.4.1.7 of ASCE 41. The General Response Spectrum is shown in Figure 13.

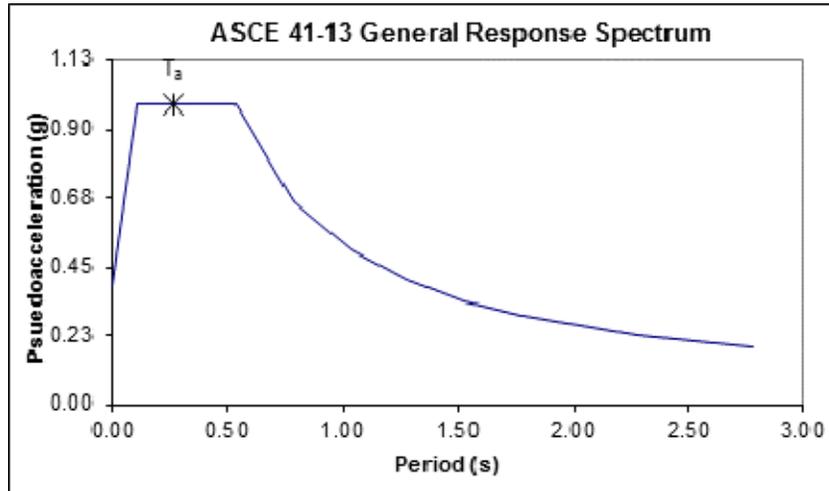


Figure 13 – ASCE 41-13 General Response Spectrum

Modal damping of 5% was used in the analysis. Forty modes were used in the analysis to achieve a total of 95% mass participation in each of the principal horizontal axes.

Based on the analysis model, the fundamental period of the fixed based structure is approximately 0.29 seconds in the transverse (East-West) direction and 0.21 seconds in the longitudinal (North-South) direction.

Per the requirements of ASCE 41-13, the demands from the model on deformation controlled (ductile) elements were further increased by the product of the factors C_1 and C_2 , which was taken from Table 7-3, and is equal to 1.4. This was accomplished by scaling the general response spectrum up by this value. The model demands on deformation controlled elements were then reduced by the appropriate m-factor per ASCE 41-13. The demands on force controlled (brittle) elements taken from the model were reduced by the product of the factors C_1 and C_2 per ASCE 41-13.

We have assumed, that where cranes are present within the building, that they will be parked at the end of the rails and that catches are provided to ensure that the cranes will remain properly seated on the rails during a seismic event.

5.2 Results of Tier 3 Seismic Evaluation

Based on the Tier 3 seismic evaluation of Increment 1 the building does not meet a Life Safety performance level for the BSE-1E earthquake ground shaking hazard. The evaluation has resulted in the identification of the following deficiencies.

5.0 Seismic Evaluation of Increment 1

Seismic Evaluation – Building 341, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

- Precast panel to panel connection along the vertical joint are overstressed as they attempt to transfer shear forces between adjacent panels. The demand on the vertical panel connections results from the panels attempting to act as a single reinforced concrete shear wall. The connections are overstressed on Lines 4, A and K.
- The roof diaphragm at the high roof along lines E and K is overstressed in shear.
- There is a lack of a collector connection between the low roof framing and the concrete shear walls on lines C and E. There are significant loads that need to be dragged to these walls, yet there is no direct connection.
- There is a lack of a collector connection between the low roof/mechanical roof framing and the concrete shear wall on line 2. There is adequate connection between the concrete slab at the mechanical roof and the concrete wall; however, there is inadequate connections between the beams south of the shear wall that drag the loads to the wall.
- The horizontal double angle diaphragm bracing connections are overstressed at lines 2/A and 2/K. These angles serve to transfer some of the diaphragm forces to the perimeter precast walls. The angles have adequate axial capacity; however, the connections are inadequate.
- When evaluated as force controlled using lower bound material properties, some of the precast concrete walls have inadequate strength to span out-of-plane to supporting elements, such as steel wide flange strong backs or the roof beam. However, when expected material properties are used, the panels have adequate strength. Therefore we do not believe this item is a life-safety concern.
- The precast panel strong back at grid line A/1a, which is also a building column, is slightly overstressed in bending when subjected to out-of-plane wall loading. However, given the flexural yielding is a ductile mechanism, we do not believe this is a life-safety concern.

6.0 Seismic Strengthening

Seismic Evaluation – Building 341, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

6.0 Seismic Strengthening

Based on the results of the Tier 1 and Tier 3 seismic evaluations of Building 341, the building does not meet the Life Safety performance level for the BSE-1E earthquake ground shaking hazard. Several deficiencies were identified that require mitigation in order to achieve a Life Safety performance level. The following is a list of seismic strengthening measures, in order of importance, that we recommend be implemented to achieve a Life Safety performance level:

Increment 1

1. Add collector connections between the existing low roof steel beam and the concrete shear walls at lines 2/C and 2/E as shown in Figure 14, Figure 15 and Figure 16.
2. Strengthen the beam-column connections along line 2 at the low roof to transfer the collector demands to the concrete shear wall on line 2 as shown in Figure 14 and Figure 17.
3. Strengthen the beam-column connections at lines 3/C and 3/E at the low roof to transfer the collector demands to the concrete shear walls on lines C and E as shown in Figure 18.
4. Strengthen precast panel to panel connections along vertical joints at lines 4, A and K as shown in Figure 19 (interior of building) or Figure 20 (exterior of building).
5. Strengthen double angle horizontal bracing connections at grid lines 2/A and 2/K by adding welds to the existing connections as shown in Figure 21.
6. Strengthen the high roof diaphragm between lines E and K by adding new horizontal bracing as shown in Figure 22.

6.0 Seismic Strengthening

Seismic Evaluation – Building 341, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

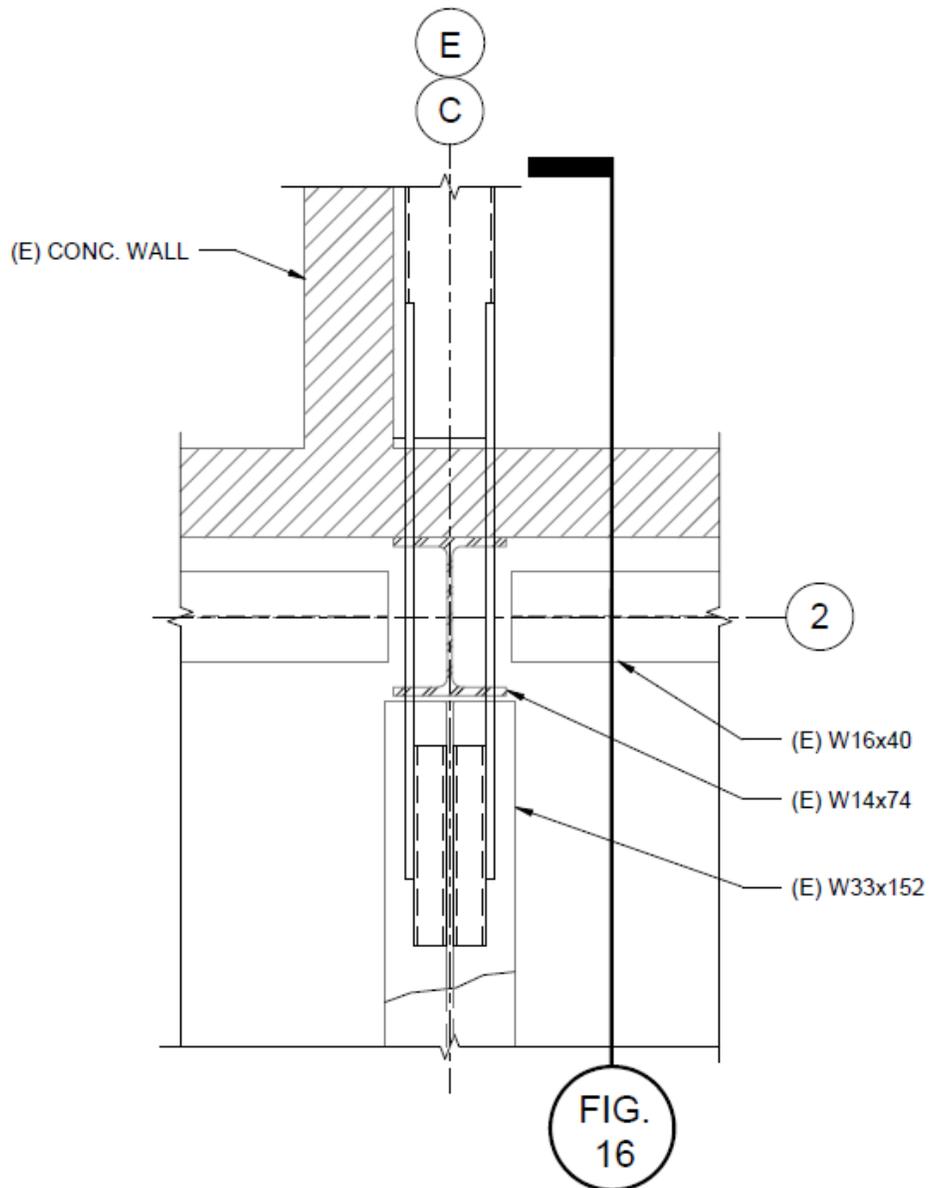


Figure 15 – Collector Connection at Lines 2/C and 2/E

6.0 Seismic Strengthening

Seismic Evaluation – Building 341, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

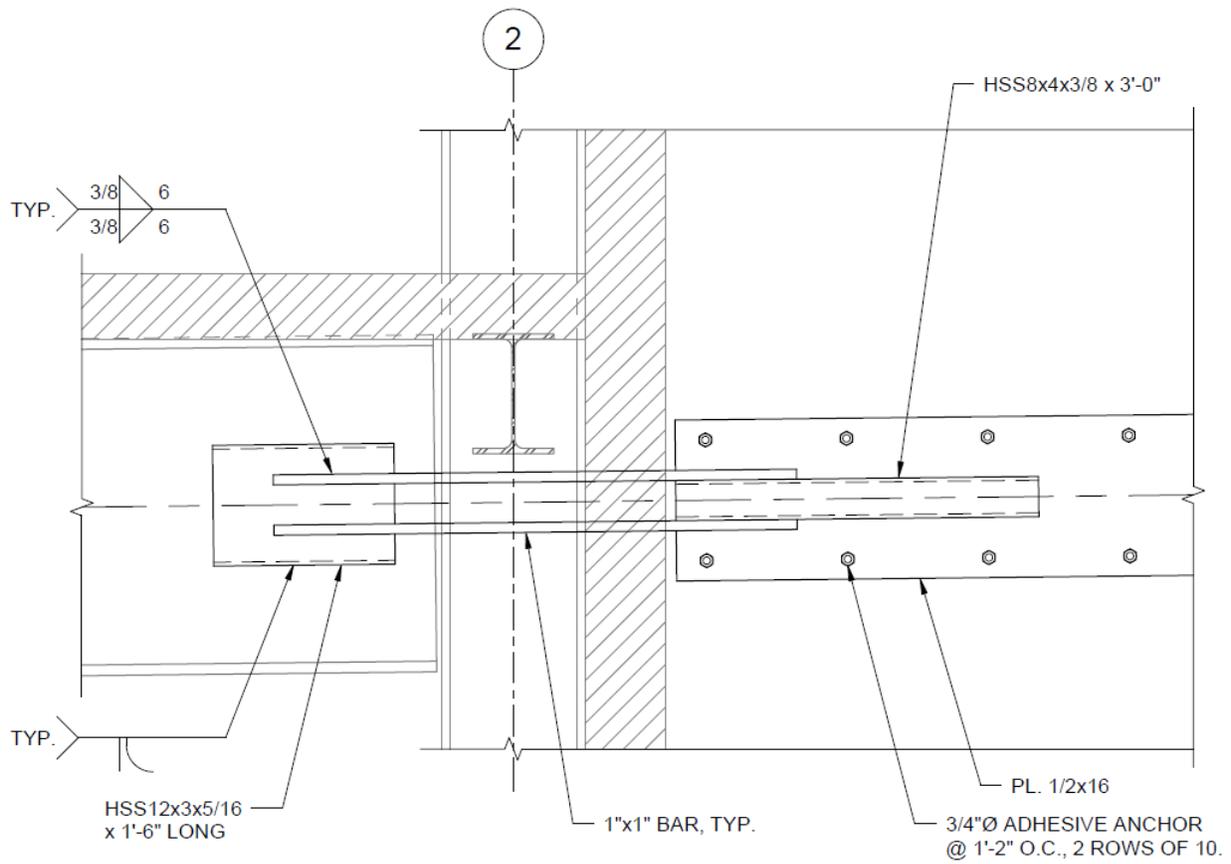


Figure 16 – Collector Connection to Shear Wall at Lines 2/C and 2/E

6.0 Seismic Strengthening

Seismic Evaluation – Building 341, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

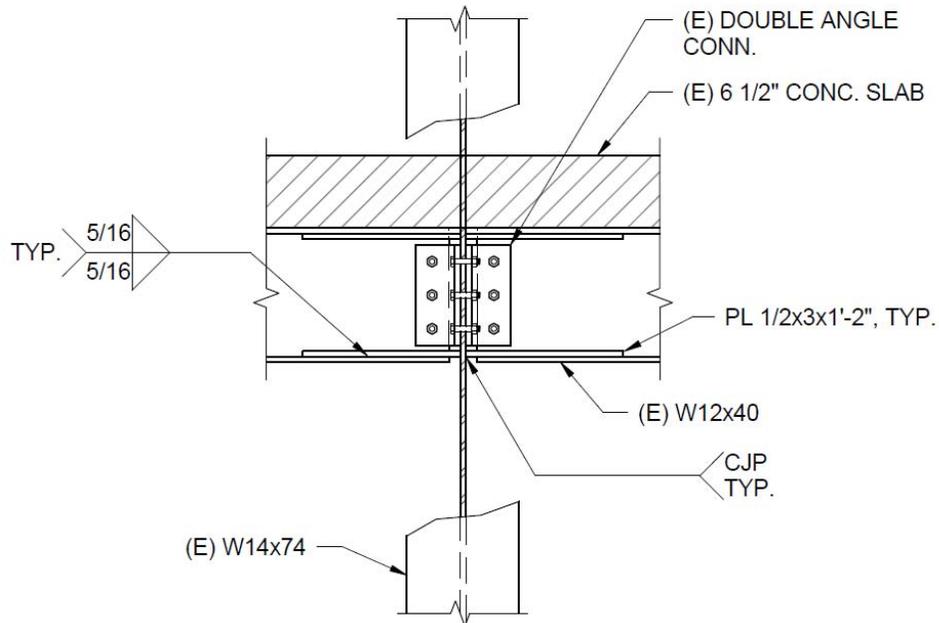


Figure 17 - Collector Connection along Line 2

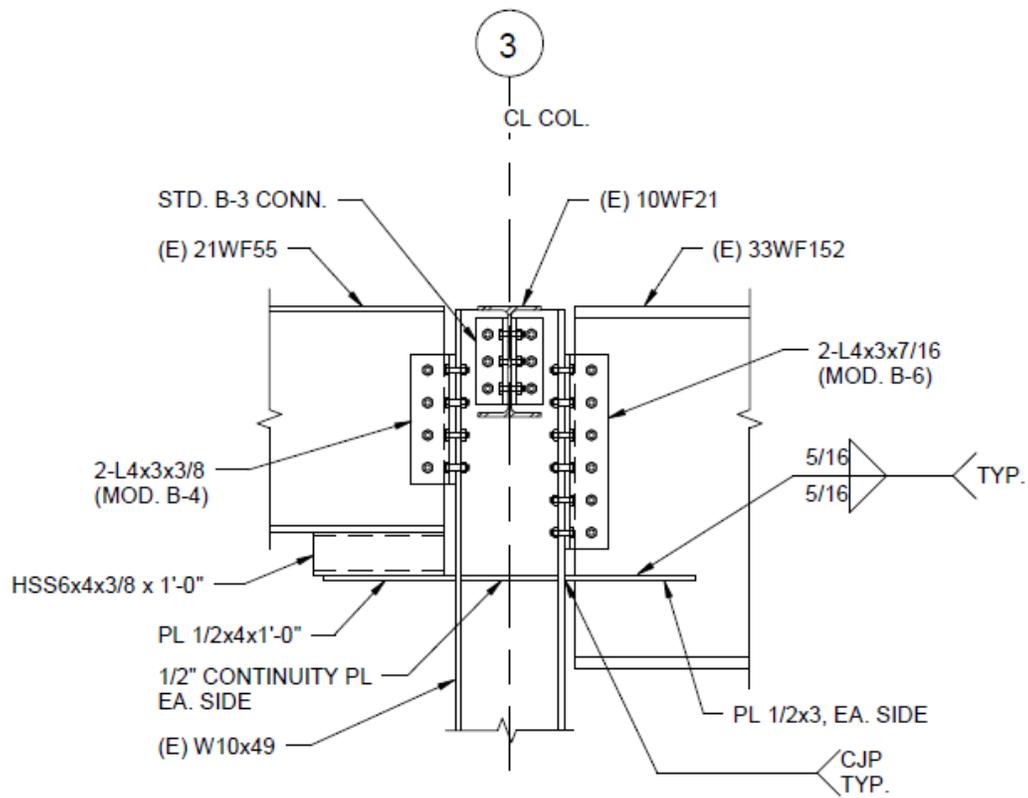


Figure 18 – Collector Connection at Lines 3/C and 3/E

6.0 Seismic Strengthening

Seismic Evaluation – Building 341, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

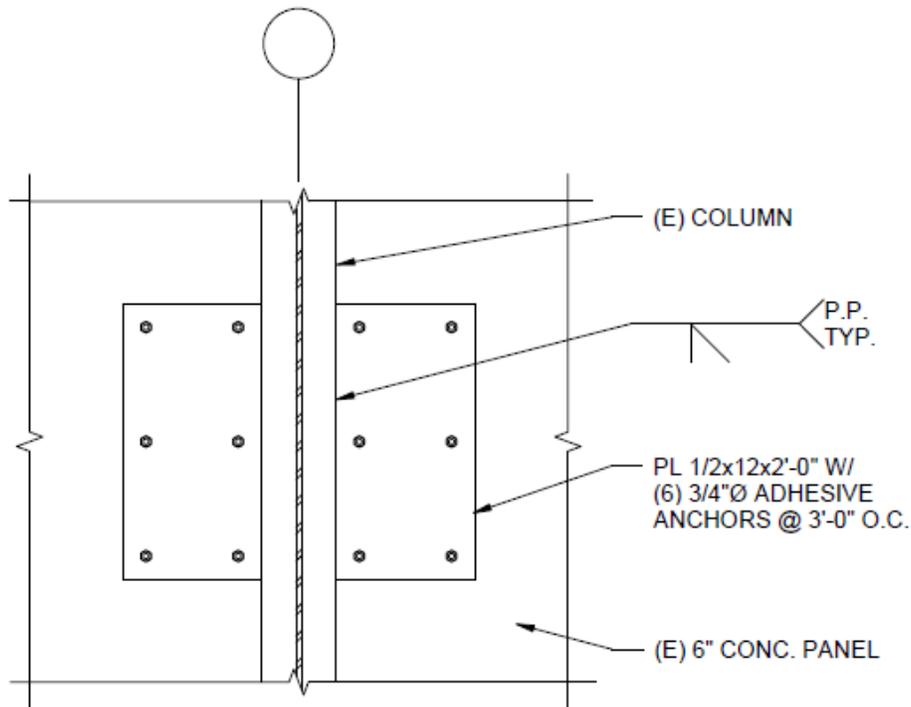


Figure 19 – Precast Panel-Panel Connection Strengthening (Interior Face)

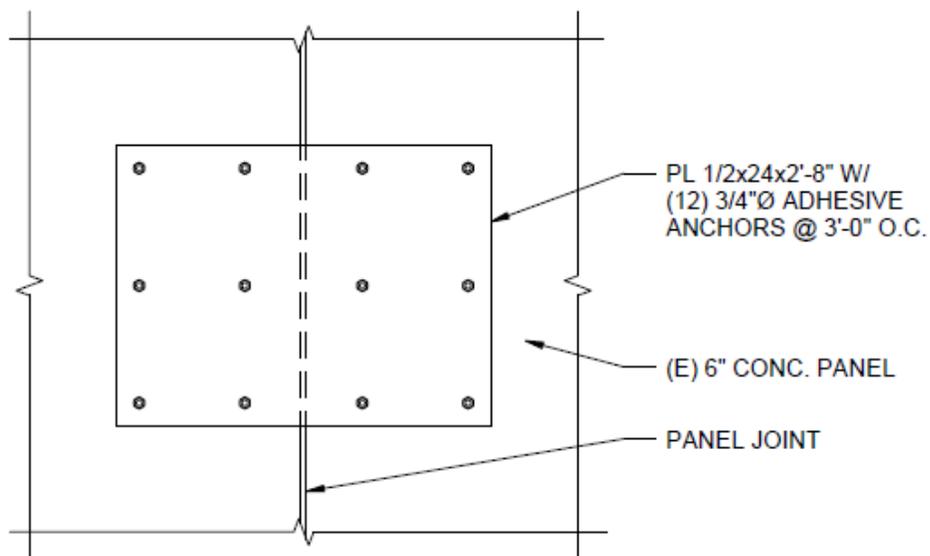


Figure 20 – Precast Panel-Panel Connection Strengthening (Exterior Face)

6.0 Seismic Strengthening

Seismic Evaluation – Building 341, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

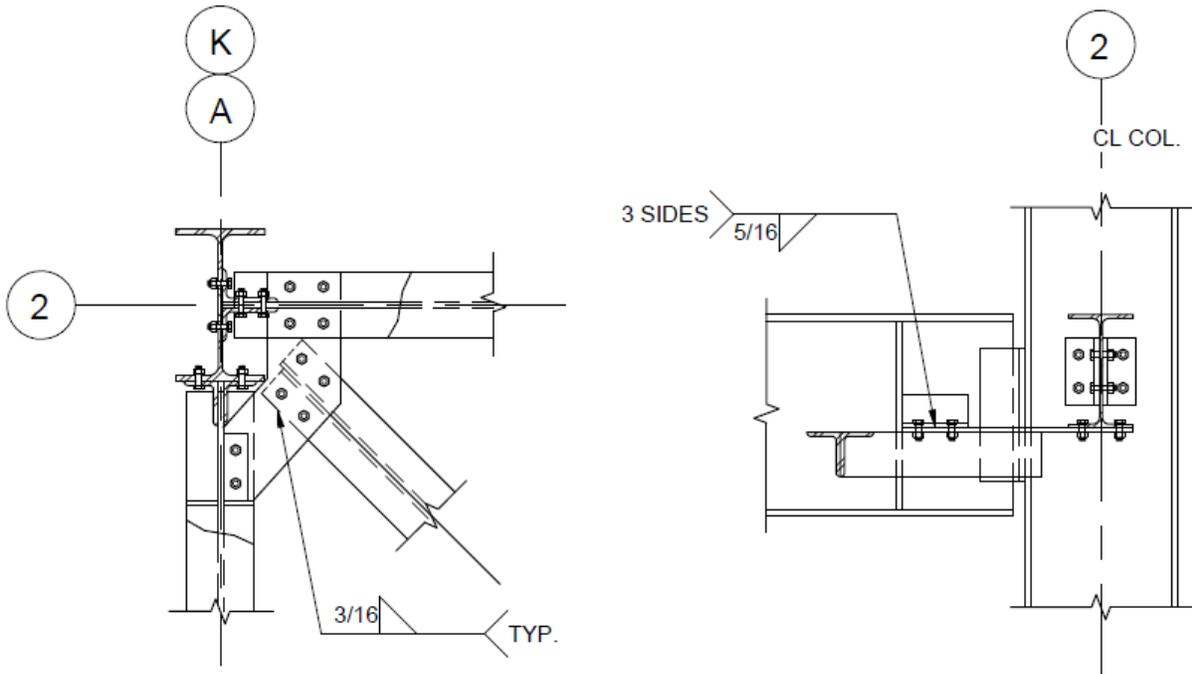


Figure 21 – Strengthening of Existing Horizontal Bracing at Lines 2/A and 2/K

6.0 Seismic Strengthening

Seismic Evaluation – Building 341, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

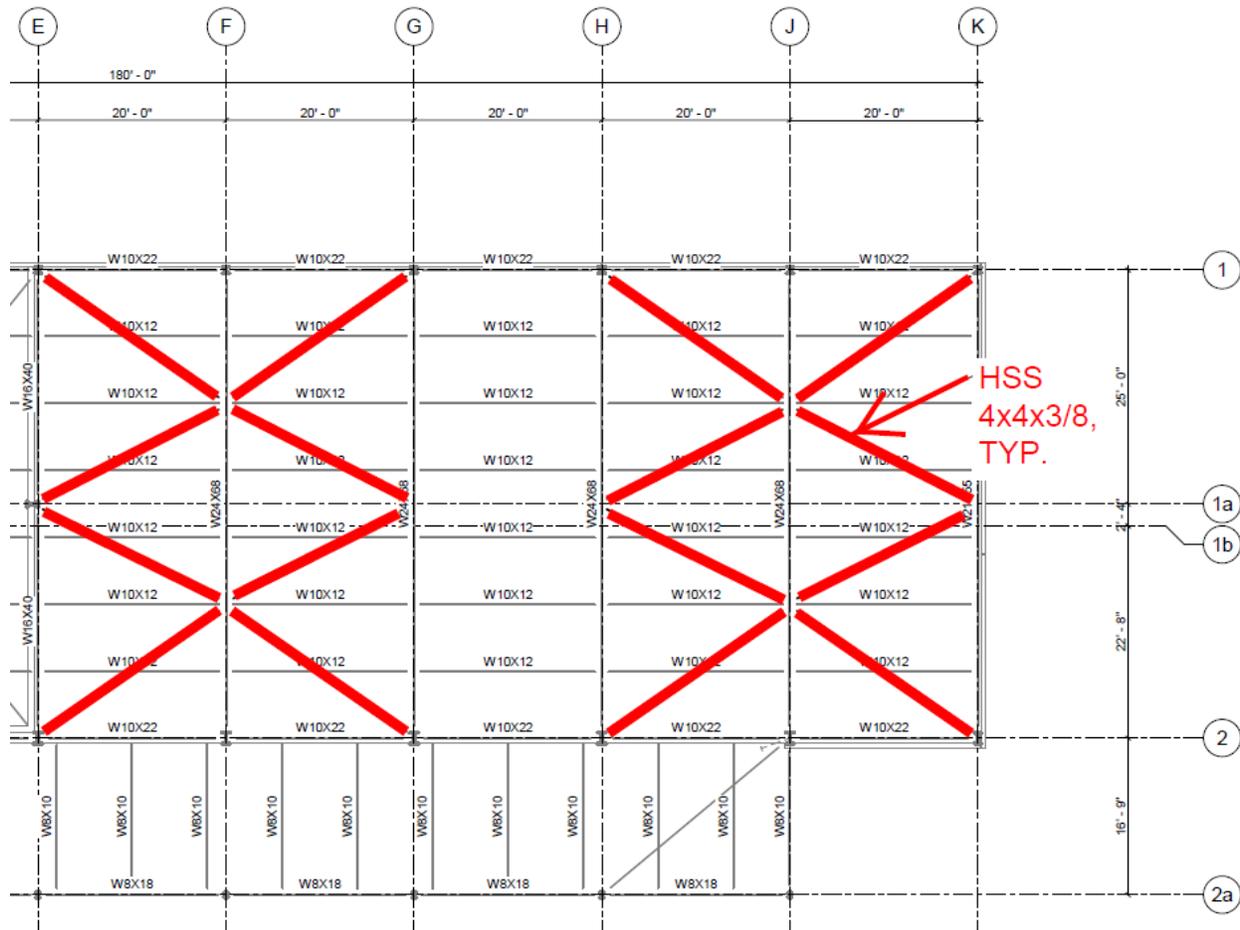


Figure 22 – Partial High Roof Framing Plan - Horizontal Bracing

Increment 2

1. Strengthen the brace connections on the east and west sides of the building to develop the capacity of the diagonal braces. This involves removing the existing gusset plates and replacing with new gusset plates and at the column base, extending the base plate. Strengthening is shown in Figure 23, Figure 24 and Figure 25.

6.0 Seismic Strengthening

Seismic Evaluation – Building 341, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

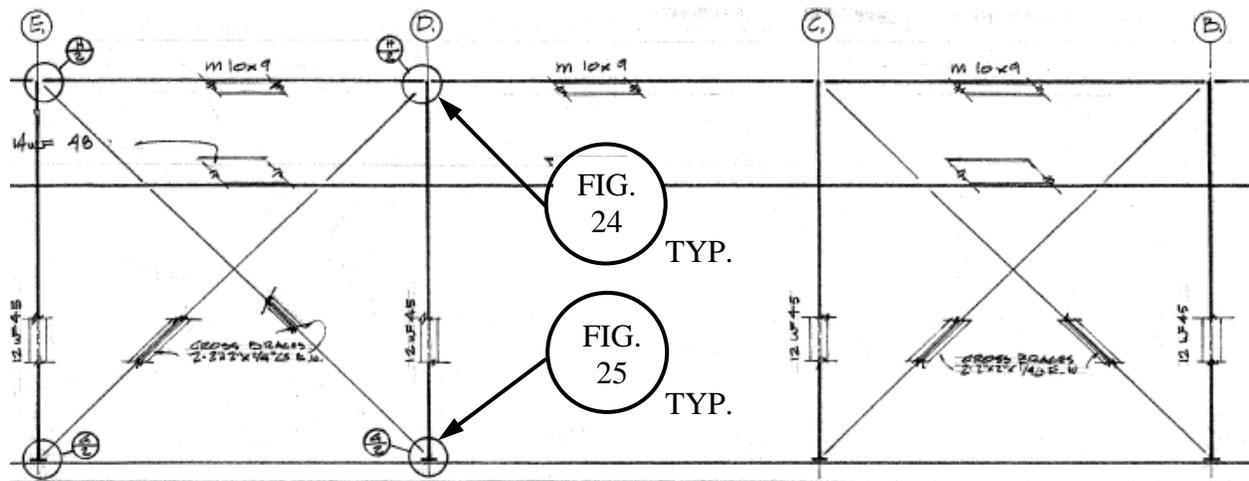


Figure 23 – Increment 2 – East and West Braced Frame Elevations

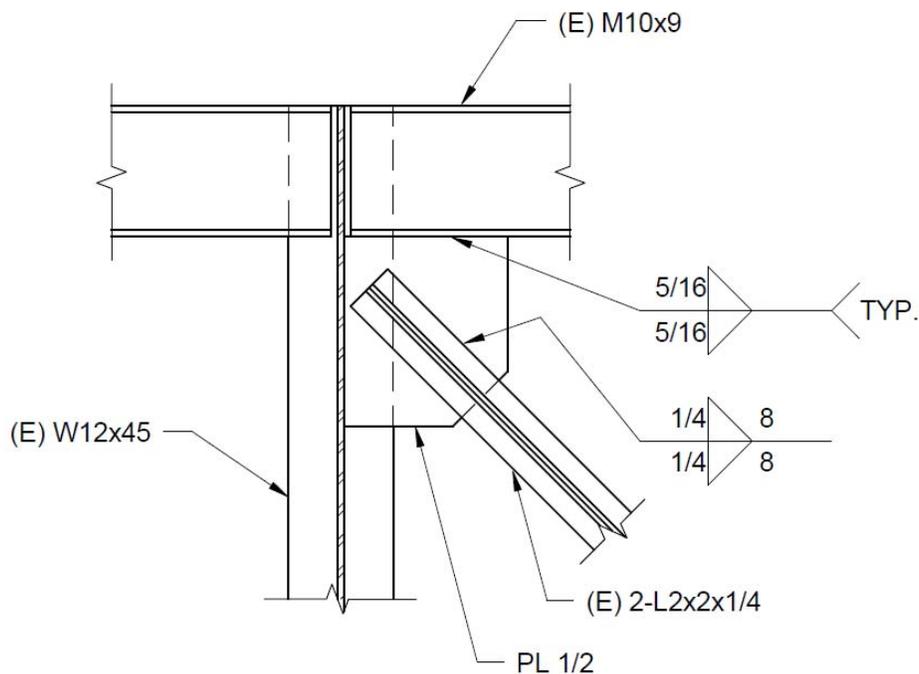


Figure 24 – Strengthening of Tension Only Brace Connection at Roof

6.0 Seismic Strengthening

Seismic Evaluation – Building 341, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

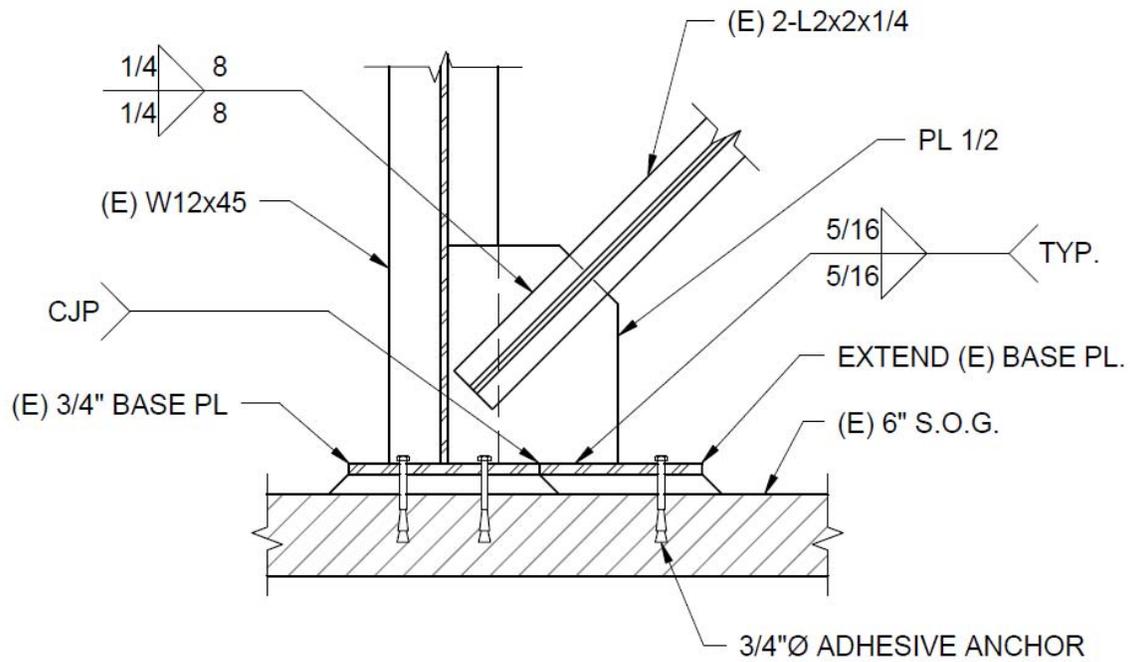


Figure 25 - Strengthening of Tension Only Brace Connection at Column Base

Appendix A

Seismic Evaluation – Building 341, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

Appendix A: Increment 2 Tier 1 Check Lists and Calculations

Building Name: 341, Increment II

Date: November 13, 2013

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Job Number: B3189012.00

Job Name: LLNL B341 Seismic Evaluation

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ASCE 41-13 Life Safety Basic Configuration Checklist

C NC N/A U

Comments

LOW SEISMICITY

BUILDING SYSTEM

LOAD PATH: The structure shall contain a complete, well-defined load path, including structural elements and connections, that serves to transfer the inertial forces associated with the mass of all elements of the building to the foundation. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.1.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.1.1)

ADJACENT BUILDINGS: The clear distance between the building being evaluated and any adjacent building is greater than 4 percent of the height of the shorter building. This statement shall not apply to the following building types: W1, W1A, and W2. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.1.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.1.2)

There is only a 2" gap between columns of Increment II and the exterior wall panels of Increment I. There will be limited damage due to pounding, however, we do not believe this is a life-safety concern.

MEZZANINES: Interior mezzanine levels are braced independently from the main structure, or are anchored to the seismic-force-resisting elements of the main structure. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.1.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.1.3)

BUILDING CONFIGURATION

WEAK STORY: The sum of the shear strengths of the seismic-force-resisting system in any story in each direction is not less than 80% of the strength in the adjacent story above. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.1)

SOFT STORY: The stiffness of the seismic-force-resisting system in any story is not less than 70% of the seismic-force-resisting system stiffness in an adjacent story above or less than 80% of the average seismic-force-resisting system stiffness of the three stories above. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.2)

VERTICAL IRREGULARITIES: All vertical elements in the seismic-force-resisting system are continuous to the foundation. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.4. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.3)

GEOMETRY: There are no changes in the net horizontal dimension of the seismic-force-resisting system of more than 30% in a story relative to adjacent stories, excluding one-story penthouses and mezzanines. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.5. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.4)

MASS: There is no change in effective mass more than 50% from one story to the next. Light roofs, penthouses and mezzanines need not be considered. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.6. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.5)

TORSION: The estimated distance between the story center of mass and the story center of rigidity is less than 20% of the building width in either plan dimension. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.7. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.6)

Exterior wall panels on west façade will create torsion in long direction, however, given flexible diaphragm this is not a life safety concern.

MODERATE SEISMICITY (Complete the following items in addition to the items for Low Seismicity)

GEOLOGIC SITE HAZARDS

LIQUEFACTION: Liquefaction-susceptible, saturated, loose granular soils that could jeopardize the building's seismic performance shall not exist in the foundation soils at depths within 50 feet under the building. (Commentary: Sec. A.6.1.1)

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ASCE 41-13 Life Safety Basic Configuration Checklist

| C | NC | N/A | U | | Comments |
|--|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | SLOPE FAILURE: The building site is sufficiently remote from potential earthquake-induced slope failures or rockfalls to be unaffected by such failures or is capable of accommodating any predicted movements without failure. (Commentary: Sec. A.6.1.2) | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | SURFACE FAULT RUPTURE: Surface fault rupture and surface displacement at the building site is not anticipated. (Commentary: Sec. A.6.1.3) | |
| HIGH SEISMICITY (Complete the following items in addition to the items for Low and Moderate Seismicity) | | | | | |
| FOUNDATION CONFIGURATION | | | | | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | OVERTURNING: The ratio of the least horizontal dimension of the seismic-force-resisting system at the foundation level to the building height (base/height) is greater than $0.6S_a$. (Commentary: Sec. A.6.2.1 Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.3.3) | $20'/19' = 1.05 > 0.6 \cdot 0.98 = 0.59$ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | TIES BETWEEN FOUNDATION ELEMENTS: The foundation has ties adequate to resist seismic forces where footings, piles, and piers are not restrained by beams, slabs, or soils classified as Site Class A, B, or C. (Commentary: Sec. A.6.2.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.3.4) | Foundation tied by slab-on-grade. |

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ASCE 41-13 S1 / S1A Life Safety Structural Checklist: Steel Moment Frames with Stiff or Flexible Diaphragms

C NC N/A U Comments

LOW SEISMICITY

Seismic-Force-Resisting System

- DRIFT CHECK: The drift ratio of the steel moment frames, calculated using the Quick Check procedure of Section 4.5.3.1, is less than 0.025. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.1.3.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.2.1.2)
- AXIAL STRESS CHECK: The axial stress due to gravity loads in columns subjected to overturning forces is less than $0.10F_y$. Alternatively, the axial stress due to overturning forces alone, calculated using the Quick Check procedure of Section 4.5.3.6, is less than $0.30F_y$. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.1.3.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.2.1.3)
- FLEXURAL STRESS CHECK: The average flexural stress in the moment frame columns and beams, calculated using the Quick Check procedure of Section 4.5.3.9 is less than F_y . Columns need not be checked if the Strong Column/Weak beam checklist item is Compliant. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.1.3.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.2.1.5)

Connections

- TRANSFER TO STEEL FRAMES: Diaphragms are connected for transfer of seismic forces to the steel frames. (Commentary: Sec. A.5.2.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.1)
- STEEL COLUMNS: The columns in seismic-force-resisting frames are anchored to the building foundation. (Commentary: Sec. A.5.3.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.3.1)

Given that every column line is a moment frame and the majority of the building weight is in the concrete panels, which are directly connected to the beams and columns, there is very little demand on the diaphragm, therefore, we do not believe this is a life-safety concern.

MODERATE SEISMICITY (Complete the following items in addition to the items for Low Seismicity)

Seismic-Force-Resisting System

- REDUNDANCY: The number of lines of moment frames in each principal direction is greater than or equal to 2. The number of bays of moment frames in each line is greater than or equal to 2. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.1.1.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.1.1)
- INTERFERING WALLS: All concrete and masonry infill walls placed in moment frames are isolated from structural elements. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.1.2.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.2.1.1)
- MOMENT-RESISTING CONNECTIONS: All moment connections are able to develop the strength of the adjoining members based on the specified minimum yield stress of steel. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.1.3.4. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.2.2.1). Note more restrictive requirements for High Seismicity.

Given that every column line is a moment frame, there is significant redundancy in the structure, therefore, this is not a life-safety concern.

The concrete panels that are in line with the concrete moment frames at the end bays have adequate strength to resist the applied lateral loads, therefore this is not a life-safety issue.

See comment on next page.

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ASCE 41-13 S1 / S1A Life Safety Structural Checklist: Steel Moment Frames with Stiff or Flexible Diaphragms

C NC N/A U

Comments

HIGH SEISMICITY (Complete the following items in addition to the items for Low and Moderate Seismicity)

Seismic-Force-Resisting System

- | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <p>MOMENT-RESISTING CONNECTIONS: All moment connections are able to develop the strength of the adjoining members or panel zones based on 110 percent of the expected yield stress of the steel per AISC 341 Section A3.2. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.1.3.4. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.2.2.1)</p> | <p>The actual flexural demand on the beam-column connections based on the column panel zone capacity is approximately 60% of the beam capacity. Based on visual observation of the connections it appears there is adequate strength to develop the panel zone capacity.</p> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <p>PANEL ZONES: All panel zones have the shear capacity to resist the shear demand required to develop 0.8 times the sum of the flexural strengths of the girders framing in at the face of the column. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.1.3.5. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.2.2.2)</p> | <p>Using the Tier 3 m-factor and the actual shear demand, the panel zone has adequate strength.</p> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <p>COLUMN SPLICES: All column splice details located in moment-resisting frames include connection of both flanges and the web. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.1.3.6. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.2.2.3)</p> | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <p>STRONG COLUMN / WEAK BEAM: The percentage of strong column / weak beam joints in each story of each line of moment frames is greater than 50 percent. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.1.3.7. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.2.1.5)</p> | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <p>COMPACT MEMBERS: All frame elements meet section requirements set forth by AISC 341 Table D1.1 for moderately ductile members. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.1.3.8. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.2.2.4)</p> | |

Diaphragms (Stiff or Flexible)

- | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <p>OPENINGS AT FRAMES: Diaphragm openings immediately adjacent to the moment frames extend less than 25 percent of the total frame length. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.1.5. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.1.3)</p> | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|

Flexible Diaphragms

- | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <p>CROSS TIES: There are continuous cross ties between diaphragm chords. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.1.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.1.2)</p> | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <p>STRAIGHT SHEATHING: All straight sheathed diaphragms have aspect ratios less than 2-to-1 in the direction being considered. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.2.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.2)</p> | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <p>SPANS: All wood diaphragms with spans greater than 24 feet consist of wood structural panels or diagonal sheathing. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.2.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.2)</p> | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <p>UNBLOCKED DIAPHRAGMS: All diagonally sheathed or unblocked wood structural panel diaphragms have horizontal spans less than 40 feet and aspect ratios less than or equal to 4-to-1. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.2.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.2)</p> | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <p>OTHER DIAPHRAGMS: The diaphragm does not consist of a system other than wood, metal deck, concrete, or horizontal bracing. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.7.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.5)</p> | |

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ASCE 41-13 S2 / S2A Life Safety Structural Checklist: Steel Braced Frames with Stiff or Flexible Diaphragms

C NC N/A U

Comments

LOW SEISMICITY

Seismic-Force-Resisting System

- AXIAL STRESS CHECK: The axial stress due to gravity loads in columns subjected to overturning forces is less than $0.10F_y$. Alternatively, the axial stress due to overturning forces alone, calculated using the Quick Check procedure of Section 4.5.3.6, is less than $0.30F_y$. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.1.3.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.4.1)
- AXIAL STRESS CHECK: The axial stress in the diagonals, calculated using the Quick Check procedure of Section 4.5.3.4, is less than $0.50F_y$. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.3.1.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.4.1)

Connections

- TRANSFER TO STEEL FRAMES: Diaphragms are connected for transfer of seismic forces to the steel frames. (Commentary: Sec. A.5.2.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.2)
- STEEL COLUMNS: The columns in seismic-force-resisting frames are anchored to the building foundation. (Commentary: Sec. A.5.3.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.3)

Given the relatively low demand on the diaphragm in the long direction of the building we do not believe this is a life-safety concern.

MODERATE SEISMICITY (Complete the following items in addition to the items for Low Seismicity)

Seismic-Force-Resisting System

- REDUNDANCY: The number of lines of braced frames in each principal direction is greater than or equal to 2. The number of braced bays in each line is greater than 2. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.3.1.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.1.1)
- CONNECTION STRENGTH: All the brace connections develop the buckling capacity of the diagonals. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.3.1.5. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.4.4)
- COMPACT MEMBERS: All brace elements meet compact section requirements set forth by AISC 360 Table B4.1. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.3.1.7. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.4)
- K-BRACING: The bracing system does not include K-braced bays. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.3.2.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.4.6)

HIGH SEISMICITY (Complete the following items in addition to the items for Low and Moderate Seismicity)

Seismic-Force-Resisting System

- COLUMN SPLICES: All column splice details located in braced frames develop 50 percent of the tensile strength of the column. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.3.1.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.4.2)
- SLENDERNESS OF DIAGONALS: All diagonal elements required to carry compression have Kl/r ratios less than 200. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.3.1.4. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.4.3)

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ASCE 41-13 S2 / S2A Life Safety Structural Checklist: Steel Braced Frames with Stiff or Flexible Diaphragms

| C | NC | N/A | U | Comments |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | CONNECTION STRENGTH: All the brace connections develop the yield capacity of the diagonals. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.3.1.5. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.4.4) |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | COMPACT MEMBERS: All brace elements meet section requirements set forth by AISC 341 Table D1.1 for moderately ductile members. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.3.1.7. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.4) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | CHEVRON BRACING: Beams in chevron, or V-braced, bays are capable of resisting the vertical load resulting from the simultaneous yielding and buckling of the brace pairs. (Commentary: Sec. 3.3.2.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.4.6) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | CONCENTRICALLY BRACED FRAME JOINTS: All the diagonal braces shall frame into the beam-column joints concentrically. (Commentary: Sec. 3.3.2.4. Tier 2: 5.5.4.8) |
| Diaphragms (Stiff or Flexible) | | | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | OPENINGS AT FRAMES: Diaphragm openings immediately adjacent to the braced frames extend less than 25 percent of the total frame length. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.1.5. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.1.3) |
| Flexible Diaphragms | | | | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | CROSS TIES: There are continuous cross ties between diaphragm chords. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.1.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.1.2) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | STRAIGHT SHEATHING: All straight sheathed diaphragms have aspect ratios less than 2-to-1 in the direction being considered. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.2.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.2) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | SPANS: All wood diaphragms with spans greater than 24 feet consist of wood structural panels or diagonal sheathing. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.2.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.2) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | UNBLOCKED DIAPHRAGMS: All diagonally sheathed or unblocked wood structural panel diaphragms have horizontal spans less than 40 feet and aspect ratios less than or equal to 4-to-1. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.2.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.2) |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | OTHER DIAPHRAGMS: The diaphragm does not consist of a system other than wood, metal deck, concrete, or horizontal bracing. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.7.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.5) |

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Job Number: B3189012.00 Job Name: LLNL B341 Seismic Evaluation

By: AMN Checked: _____

ASCE 41-13 PC1 / PC1A Life Safety Structural Checklist: Precast/ Tilt-up Concrete Shear Walls with Flexible or Stiff Diaphragms

C NC N/A U

Comments

LOW SEISMICITY

Connections

- WALL ANCHORAGE: Exterior concrete or masonry walls that are dependent on the diaphragm for lateral support are anchored for out-of-plane forces at each diaphragm level with steel anchors, reinforcing dowels, or straps that are developed into the diaphragm. Connections shall have adequate strength to resist the connection force calculated in the Quick Check procedure of Section 4.5.3.7. (Commentary: Sec. A.5.1.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.1)

MODERATE SEISMICITY (Complete the following items in addition to the items for Low Seismicity)

Seismic-Force-Resisting System

- REDUNDANCY: The number of lines of shear walls in each principal direction is greater than or equal to 2. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.1.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.1.1)
- SHEAR STRESS CHECK: The shear stress in the precast panels, calculated using the Quick Check procedure of Section 4.5.3.3, is less than the greater of 100 psi or $2\sqrt{f'_c}$. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.3.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.1.1)
- REINFORCING STEEL: The ratio of reinforcing steel area to gross concrete area is not less than 0.0012 in the vertical direction and 0.0020 in the horizontal direction. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.3.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.1.3)

Diaphragms

- TOPPING SLAB: Precast concrete diaphragm elements are interconnected by a continuous reinforced concrete topping slab with a minimum thickness of 2 in. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.5.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.4)

Connections

- WOOD LEDGERS: The connection between the wall panels and the diaphragm does not induce cross-grain bending or tension in the wood ledgers. (Commentary: Sec. A.5.1.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.1.3)
- TRANSFER TO SHEAR WALLS: Diaphragms are connected for transfer of seismic forces to the shear walls. (Commentary: Sec. A.5.2.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.2)
- TOPPING SLAB TO WALLS OR FRAMES: Reinforced concrete topping slabs that interconnect the precast concrete diaphragm elements are doweled for transfer of forces into the shear wall or frame elements. (Commentary: Sec. A.5.2.3. Tier 2 Sec. 5.6.1)
- GIRDER/COLUMN CONNECTION: There is a positive connection utilizing plates, connection hardware, or straps between the girder and the column support. (Commentary: Sec. A.5.4.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.4.1)

Building Name: 341, Increment II

Date: November 13, 2013

Building Address: Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

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Job Number: B3189012.00 Job Name: LLNL B341 Seismic Evaluation

By: AMN Checked: _____

ASCE 41-13 PC1 / PC1A Life Safety Structural Checklist: Precast/ Tilt-up Concrete Shear Walls with Flexible or Stiff Diaphragms

C NC N/A U

Comments

HIGH SEISMICITY (Complete the following items in addition to the items for Low and Moderate Seismicity)

Seismic-Force-Resisting System

- DEFLECTION COMPATIBILITY FOR RIGID DIAPHRAGMS: Secondary components have the shear capacity to develop the flexural strength of the components. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.1.6.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.2.5.2)
- WALL OPENINGS: The total width of openings along any perimeter wall line constitute less than 75 percent of the length of any perimeter wall with the wall piers having aspect ratios of less than 2-to-1. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.3.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.3.1)

Diaphragms

- CROSS TIES IN FLEXIBLE DIAPHRAGMS: There are continuous cross ties between diaphragm chords. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.1.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.1.2)
- STRAIGHT SHEATHING: All straight sheathed diaphragms have aspect ratios less than 2-to-1 in the direction being considered. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.2.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.2)
- SPANS: All wood diaphragms with spans greater than 24 feet consist of wood structural panels or diagonal sheathing. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.2.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.2)
- UNBLOCKED DIAPHRAGMS: All diagonally sheathed or unblocked wood structural panel diaphragms have horizontal spans less than 40 feet and aspect ratios less than or equal to 4-to-1. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.2.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.2)
- OTHER DIAPHRAGMS: The diaphragm does not consist of a system other than wood, metal deck, concrete, or horizontal bracing. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.7.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.5)

Connections

- MINIMUM NUMBER OF WALL ANCHORS PER PANEL: There are at least two anchors from each precast wall panel into the diaphragm elements. (Commentary: Sec. A.5.1.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.1.4)
- PRECAST WALL PANELS: Precast wall panels are connected to the foundation. (Commentary: Sec. A.5.3.6 Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.3.4)
- UPLIFT AT PILE CAPS: Pile caps have top reinforcement and piles are anchored to the pile caps. (Commentary: Sec. A.5.3.8. Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.3.5)
- GIRDERS: Girders supported by walls or pilasters have at least two ties securing the anchor bolts. (Commentary: Sec. A.5.4.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.4.2)

USGS Design Maps Summary Report

User-Specified Input

Report Title LLNL - Building 341
 Wed November 13, 2013 18:35:49 UTC

Building Code Reference Document ASCE 41-13 Retrofit Standard, BSE-1E
 (which utilizes USGS hazard data available in 2008)

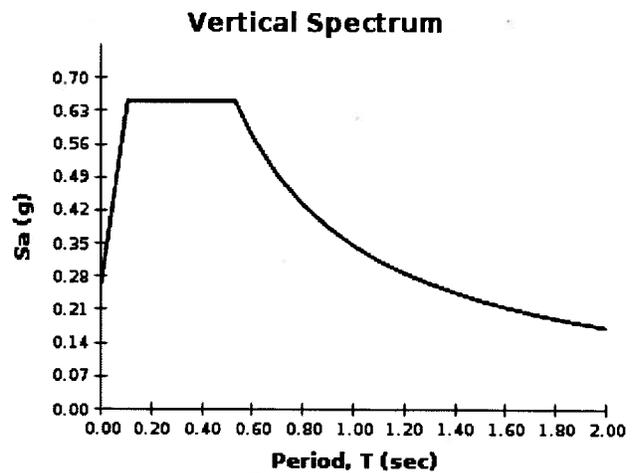
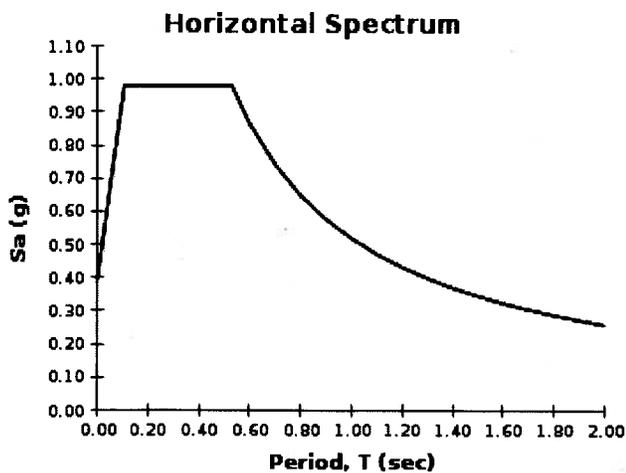
Site Coordinates 37.68545°N, 121.7084°W

Site Soil Classification Site Class D - "Stiff Soil"



USGS-Provided Output

| | | | |
|---------------|---------|-----------------|---------|
| $S_{s,20/50}$ | 0.841 g | $S_{XS,BSE-1E}$ | 0.978 g |
| $S_{1,20/50}$ | 0.283 g | $S_{X1,BSE-1E}$ | 0.519 g |



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Subject:

Job Number: 15348902.00

Date: 11.8.13

Job: B341 INCREMENT II

By: AMN

Section:

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INCREMENT II WEIGHT TAKE OFF

ROOF

| | |
|------------------------------|---------------|
| TAR & GRAVEL ROOFING (5 PLY) | 6 PSF |
| 2" RIGID INSULATION | 3 PSF |
| MTL DECK | 3 PSF |
| M10X9 @ 7'-9" O.C. | 1.5 PSF |
| 12WF36 @ 20' O.C. | 2 PSF |
| M/E/P | 2 PSF |
| MISC. | 2.5 psf |
| | <u>20 PSF</u> |

$$W_{\text{ROOF}} = 20 \text{ psf} \times 24.33' \times 102'$$

$$= \underline{\underline{49.6 \text{ k}}}$$

COLUMNS

12WF45 x 19'-5"

$$W_{\text{cols}} = 19.42' \times 12 \times \frac{1}{2} \times 45 \text{ psf}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{5.2 \text{ k}}}$$

EXT. CONC. PANELS

6" PANELS = 75 psf HEIGHT = 22'-0"

$$W_{\text{PANELS LONG.}} = 103' \times 22' \times 75 \text{ psf} + 9' \times 22' \times 75 \text{ psf}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{185 \text{ k}}}$$

$$W_{\text{PANELS TRANS}} = 2 \times 26.5' \times 22' \times 75 \text{ psf}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{87.5 \text{ k}}}$$

Subject:

Job Number: B3189012.00

Date: 11.8.13

Job: B341 INCREMENT II

By: AMN

Section:

Checked By:

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CRANE BM + RAILS

$$14WF48 + \#40 \text{ RAIL} = 48 + 40/3 = 61.3 \text{ p/f}$$

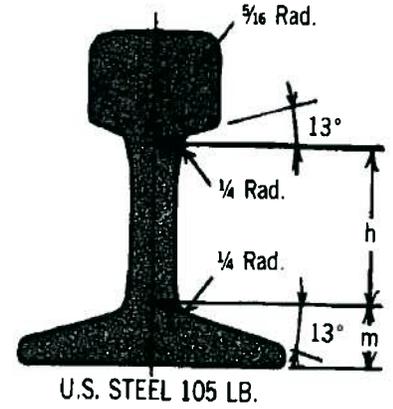
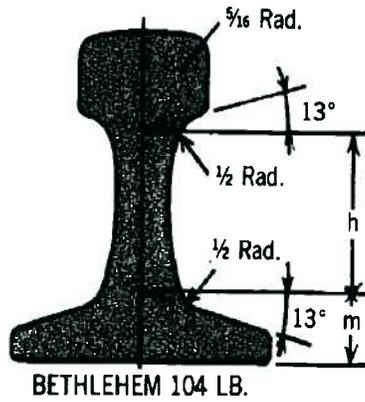
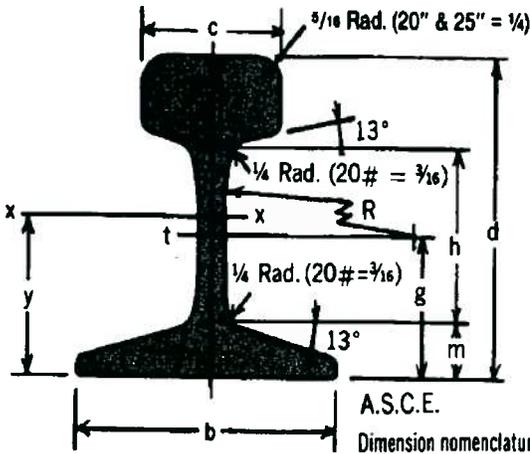
↑ POUNDS
PER YARD

$$W_{\text{CRANE RAIL}} = (2)(100')(61.3 \text{ p/f})$$
$$= \underline{\underline{12.3 \text{ K}}}$$

TOTAL WEIGHT

$$W_{\text{TOT}} = 49.6 \text{ K} + 5.2 \text{ K} + 185 \text{ K} + 87.5 \text{ K} + 12.3 \text{ K}$$
$$= \underline{\underline{386 \text{ K}}}$$

AMERICAN
CRANE & HOIST



Dimension nomenclature on sketch of A.S.C.E. rail also applies to the other rails.

| Type | Desig. (wt. per Yard) | Depth of Section | Base Width | Head Width | Head Radius | Base Thickness | Web Depth | Web Thickness | L Web Radius (Gage) | Web Radius | Area of Section | Base to Neutral Axis | Elastic Properties Axis X-X | | |
|----------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | d | b | c |
| | lb. | in. | in. | in. | in. | in. | in. | in. | in. | in. | in. ² | in. | in. ⁴ | in. ³ | in. ³ |
| A.S.C.E. | 20 | 2 ³ / ₈ | 2 ³ / ₈ | 1 ¹ / ₂ | 12 | ⁷ / ₁₆ | 1 ¹ / ₂ | ¹ / ₄ | 1 ¹ / ₄ | 12 | 2.00 | 1.26 | 1.93 | 1.41 | 1.53 |
| A.S.C.E. | 25 | 2 ³ / ₄ | 2 ³ / ₄ | 1 ¹ / ₂ | 12 | ³ / ₁₆ | 1 ³ / ₄ | ¹ / ₈ | 1 ¹ / ₄ | 12 | 2.40 | 1.33 | 2.50 | 1.76 | 1.88 |
| A.S.C.E. | 30 | 3 ¹ / ₈ | 3 ¹ / ₈ | 1 ¹ / ₁₆ | 12 | ¹ / ₃₂ | 1 ² / ₃₂ | ² / ₁₆ | 1 ² / ₈ | 12 | 3.00 | 1.52 | 4.10 | 2.55 | 2.69 |
| A.S.C.E. | 40 | 3 ¹ / ₂ | 3 ¹ / ₂ | 1 ⁷ / ₈ | 12 | ⁵ / ₈ | 1 ⁵ / ₄ | ² / ₈ | 1 ⁹ / ₁₆ | 12 | 3.94 | 1.68 | 6.54 | 3.59 | 3.89 |
| A.S.C.E. | 60 | 4 ¹ / ₄ | 4 ¹ / ₄ | 2 ³ / ₈ | 12 | ⁴ / ₁₆ | 2 ¹ / ₄ | ³ / ₁₆ | 1 ² / ₃₂ | 12 | 5.93 | 2.05 | 14.60 | 6.64 | 7.12 |
| A.S.C.E. | 70 | 4 ⁵ / ₈ | 4 ⁵ / ₈ | 2 ⁷ / ₁₆ | 12 | ¹ / ₁₆ | 2 ¹ / ₃₂ | ³ / ₁₆ | 2 ³ / ₁₆ | 12 | 6.81 | 2.22 | 19.70 | 8.19 | 8.87 |
| A.S.C.E. | 75 | 4 ¹ / ₁₆ | 4 ¹ / ₁₆ | 2 ¹ / ₃₂ | 12 | ² / ₃₂ | 2 ³ / ₁₆ | ¹ / ₃₂ | 2 ¹ / ₈ | 12 | 7.33 | 2.30 | 22.86 | 9.10 | 9.94 |
| A.S.C.E. | 80 | 5 | 5 | 2 ¹ / ₂ | 12 | ⁷ / ₈ | 2 ⁵ / ₈ | ³ / ₁₆ | 2 ³ / ₁₆ | 12 | 7.86 | 2.38 | 26.38 | 10.07 | 11.08 |
| A.S.C.E. | 85 | 5 ³ / ₁₆ | 5 ³ / ₁₆ | 2 ⁹ / ₁₆ | 12 | ⁵ / ₁₆ | 2 ³ / ₄ | ⁹ / ₁₆ | 2 ¹ / ₄ | 12 | 8.33 | 2.47 | 30.07 | 11.08 | 12.17 |
| A.S.C.E. | 90 | 5 ³ / ₈ | 5 ³ / ₈ | 2 ⁵ / ₈ | 12 | ⁹ / ₁₆ | 2 ⁵ / ₁₆ | ⁹ / ₁₆ | 2 ² / ₁₆ | 12 | 8.83 | 2.55 | 34.39 | 12.19 | 13.49 |
| A.S.C.E. | 100 | 5 ³ / ₄ | 5 ³ / ₄ | 2 ³ / ₄ | 12 | ³ / ₃₂ | 3 ⁵ / ₁₆ | ⁹ / ₁₆ | 2 ¹ / ₂ | 12 | 9.84 | 2.73 | 43.97 | 14.55 | 16.11 |
| Crane *1 | 104 | 5 | 5 | 2 ¹ / ₂ | 12 | ¹ / ₁₆ | 2 ⁷ / ₁₆ | 1 | 2 ⁷ / ₁₆ | 3 ¹ / ₂ | 10.3 | 2.21 | 29.8 | 10.7 | 13.5 |
| Crane *2 | 105 | 5 ³ / ₁₆ | 5 ³ / ₁₆ | 2 ⁹ / ₁₆ | 12 | 1 | 2 ¹ / ₃₂ | ¹ / ₁₆ | 2 ¹ / ₁₆ | 12 | 10.3 | 2.41 | 34.4 | 12.4 | 14.3 |
| Crane *3 | 135 | 5 ³ / ₄ | 5 ³ / ₁₆ | 3 ⁷ / ₁₆ | 14 | ¹ / ₁₆ | 2 ¹ / ₁₆ | ¹ / ₄ | 2 ¹ / ₃₂ | 12 | 13.3 | 2.81 | 50.6 | 17.2 | 18.0 |
| Crane *1 | 171 | 6 | 6 | 4.3 | Flat | ¹ / ₄ | 2 ³ / ₄ | ¹ / ₄ | 2 ⁵ / ₈ | Vert. | 16.8 | 3.01 | 73.4 | 24.5 | 24.4 |
| Crane *3 | 175 | 6 | 6 | 4 ¹ / ₄ | 18 | ¹ / ₁₆ | 3 ⁵ / ₁₆ | ¹ / ₂ | 2 ² / ₃₂ | Vert. | 17.1 | 3.02 | 70.2 | 23.5 | 23.3 |

*1 Bethlehem *2 U.S. Steel *3 Bethlehem & U.S. Steel.

- REFERENCES:**
- "Manual of Steel Construction," Eighth (1980) Edition, American Institute of Steel Construction, Inc., New York.
 - "Bethlehem Trackwork," Bethlehem Steel Corporation, Bethlehem, Pa., Catalog 2341.
 - "C.M.A.A." Specification No. 70, Revised 1975. Crane Manufacturers Association of American, Inc., Pittsburgh, Pa., 1975.

Subject:

Job: B341 INCREMENT II

Job Number: B318902.00

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TIER I QUICK CHECKS

4.5.3.7 - WALL ANCHORAGE

$$T_c = \psi S_{xs} w_p A_p$$

$$\psi = 1.2 \text{ - LIFE SAFETY}$$

$$T_c = 1.2 \times 0.98 \times 75 \text{ psf} \times A_p$$

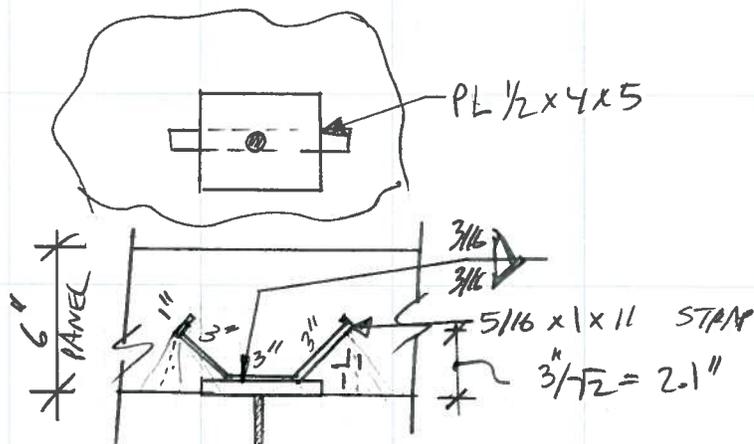
$$S_{xs} = 0.98 g$$

$$w_p = 6\frac{1}{2}'' \times 150 \text{ psf} = 75 \text{ psf}$$

$$T_c = 88.2 A_p$$

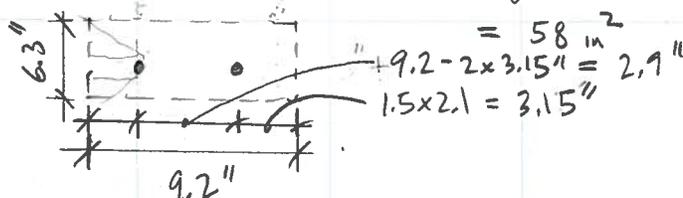
$$A_p = \frac{3.58' + 3'}{2} \times \left(\frac{17.33'}{2} + 5' \right) = 45 \text{ sf}$$

$$T_c = 88.2 \times 45 = \underline{\underline{4000 \#}}$$



CALCULATE INSERT CAPACITY PER ACI APPENDIX D
EQUIVALENT TWO ANCHORS; EMBED = 2.1"

$$\text{CONC BREAKOUT AREA} = (2)(1.5 \times 2.1'') (3'' + 2 \times 2.1'' \times 2 \times 1'')$$



FROM PROFILES, CAPACITY (w/ $\phi = 1.0$) = 4136 # > 4000 #
BUT 0.75 FOR SEISMIC OK

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CAPACITY OF $\frac{1}{2}$ " \varnothing THRD STUD

$$0.2 \times 36 \times 0.75 = 5.4^k > 4^k \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$$

WELD TO BM - CONT $\frac{3}{16}$ " FILLET WELD, OK BY INSP.

BENDING OF ANGLE LEG

L4x3x $\frac{1}{4}$, LLH

$$M_u = 4^k \times 1.5'' \times \frac{1}{2} = 3^k \text{ in}$$

$$M_n = 36 \times 4'' \times \frac{0.25^2}{4} \times 1.25 = 2.8^k \text{ in} \approx 3^k \text{ in} \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$$

PANEL CONNECTION OK

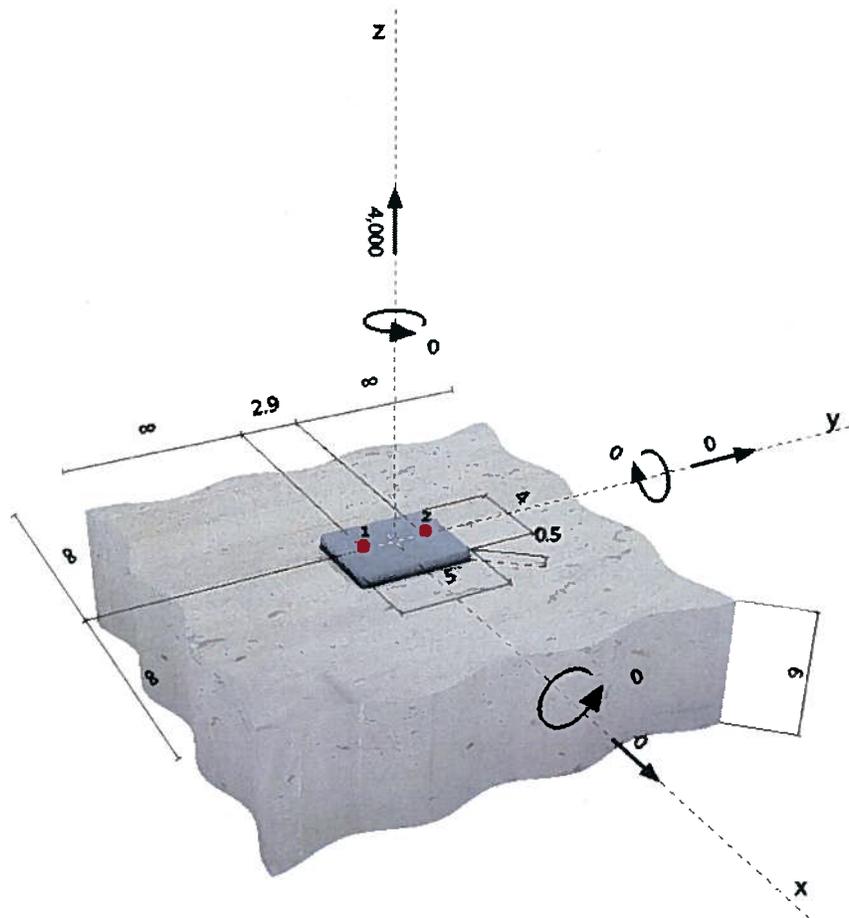
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 Company:
 Specifier:
 Address:
 Phone | Fax:
 E-Mail:

 Page: 1
 Project:
 Sub-Project | Pos. No.:
 Date: 11/13/2013

Specifier's comments:
1 Input data

| | | |
|------------------------------------|--|---|
| Anchor type and diameter: | Kwik Bolt TZ - CS 1/2 (2) |  |
| Effective embedment depth: | $h_{ef} = 2.000$ in., $h_{nom} = 2.375$ in. | |
| Material: | Carbon Steel | |
| Evaluation Service Report: | ESR-1917 | |
| Issued Valid: | 5/1/2013 5/1/2015 | |
| Proof: | design method ACI 318 / AC193 | |
| Stand-off installation: | $e_b = 0.000$ in. (no stand-off); $t = 0.500$ in. | |
| Anchor plate: | $l_x \times l_y \times t = 4.000$ in. \times 5.000 in. \times 0.500 in.; (Recommended plate thickness: not calculated) | |
| Profile: | no profile | |
| Base material: | uncracked concrete, 3000, $f_c' = 3000$ psi; $h = 6.000$ in. | |
| Reinforcement: | tension: condition B, shear: condition B; no supplemental splitting reinforcement present edge reinforcement: none or < No. 4 bar | |
| Seismic loads (cat. C, D, E, or F) | no | |

Geometry [in.] & Loading [lb, in.lb]


2 Load case/Resulting anchor forces

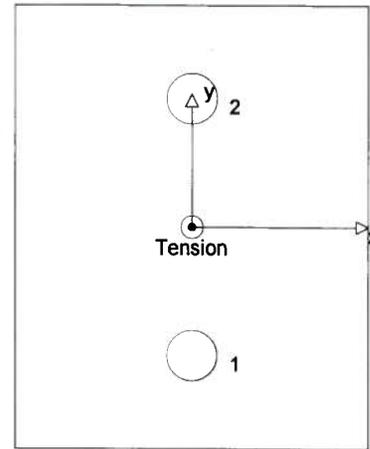
Load case: Design loads

Anchor reactions [lb]

Tension force: (+Tension, -Compression)

| Anchor | Tension force | Shear force | Shear force x | Shear force y |
|--------|---------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1 | 2000 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | 2000 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

max. concrete compressive strain: - [%]
 max. concrete compressive stress: - [psi]
 resulting tension force in (x/y)=(0.000/0.000): 4000 [lb]
 resulting compression force in (x/y)=(0.000/0.000): 0 [lb]



3 Tension load

| | Load N_{ua} [lb] | Capacity ϕN_n [lb] | Utilization $\beta_N = N_{ua}/\phi N_n$ | Status |
|------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|---|-----------------|
| Steel Strength* | 2000 | 8029 | 25 | OK |
| Pullout Strength* | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Concrete Breakout Strength** | 4000 | 3585 | 112 | not recommended |

* anchor having the highest loading **anchor group (anchors in tension)

3.1 Steel Strength

N_{sa} = ESR value refer to ICC-ES ESR-1917
 $\phi N_{steel} \geq N_{ua}$ ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-1)

Variables

| n | $A_{se,N}$ [in. ²] | f_{uta} [psi] |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1 | 0.10 | 106000 |

Calculations

| |
|---------------|
| N_{sa} [lb] |
| 10705 |

Results

| N_{sa} [lb] | ϕ_{steel} | ϕN_{sa} [lb] | N_{ua} [lb] |
|---------------|----------------|--------------------|---------------|
| 10705 | 0.750 | 8029 | 2000 |

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 Date:

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 11/13/2013

3.2 Concrete Breakout Strength

$$N_{cbg} = \left(\frac{A_{Nc}}{A_{Nco}} \right) \psi_{ec,N} \psi_{ed,N} \psi_{c,N} \psi_{cp,N} N_b \quad \text{ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-5)}$$

$$\phi N_{cbg} \geq N_{ua} \quad \text{ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-1)}$$

$$A_{Nc} \text{ see ACI 318-08, Part D.5.2.1, Fig. RD.5.2.1(b)}$$

$$A_{Nco} = 9 h_{ef}^2 \quad \text{ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-6)}$$

$$\psi_{ec,N} = \left(\frac{1}{1 + \frac{2 e_N}{3 h_{ef}}} \right) \leq 1.0 \quad \text{ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-9)}$$

$$\psi_{ed,N} = 0.7 + 0.3 \left(\frac{c_{a,min}}{1.5 h_{ef}} \right) \leq 1.0 \quad \text{ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-11)}$$

$$\psi_{cp,N} = \text{MAX} \left(\frac{c_{a,min}}{c_{ac}}, \frac{1.5 h_{ef}}{c_{ac}} \right) \leq 1.0 \quad \text{ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-13)}$$

$$N_b = k_c \lambda \sqrt{f_c} h_{ef}^{1.5} \quad \text{ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-7)}$$

Variables

| | | | | |
|----------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| h_{ef} [in.] | $e_{c1,N}$ [in.] | $e_{c2,N}$ [in.] | $c_{a,min}$ [in.] | $\psi_{c,N}$ |
| 2.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | ∞ | 1.000 |
| c_{ac} [in.] | k_c | λ | f_c [psi] | |
| 4.500 | 24 | 1 | 3000 | |

Calculations

| | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|------------|
| A_{Nc} [in. ²] | A_{Nco} [in. ²] | $\psi_{ec1,N}$ | $\psi_{ec2,N}$ | $\psi_{ed,N}$ | $\psi_{cp,N}$ | N_b [lb] |
| 53.40 | 36.00 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 3718 |

Results

| | | | |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------|
| N_{cbg} [lb] | $\phi_{concrete}$ | ϕN_{cbg} [lb] | N_{ua} [lb] |
| 5515 | 0.650 | 3585 | 4000 |

CONK. CAPACITY $\phi = 1.0$

MULTIPLY BY 0.75 FOR SEISMIC

$$V_c = 4136 \#$$

Subject:

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4.5.3.3 SHEAR STRESS CHECK

$$V = C S_g W \quad C = 1.4 \quad S_g = S_{gs} = 0.98$$

$$V = (1.4)(0.98)W = \underline{\underline{1.37W}}$$

LONG DIR

$$V = \left[\frac{1}{2} (50^k + 5.2^k + 88^k + 12.3^k) + 185^k \right] 1.37$$

$$V = 360^k$$

$$\tau_{avg} = \frac{1}{M_s} \frac{V}{A_w} = \frac{1}{4} \frac{360^k}{(6'' \times 174' \times 12''/12)} = 0.0133 \text{ ksi}$$

$$= 13.3 \text{ psi} < 2\sqrt{F'_c}$$

OK

TRANS. DIR

MOMENT FRAMES @ 20' O.C.

ASSUME END WALLS ONLY RESIST 10' TRIB WIDTH

$$V = \left[\frac{1}{2} (88^k) + \frac{10'}{100'} \times (50^k + 5^k + 185^k + 12^k) \right] 1.37$$

$$V = 95^k$$

$$\tau_{avg} = \frac{95^k}{4} \times \frac{1}{(2 \times 6.75' \times 12''/12 \times 6'')} = 0.024 \text{ ksi}$$

$$= 24 \text{ psi} < 2\sqrt{F'_c}$$

OK

Subject:

Job Number: B3189012.00

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By: AMN

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REINFORCING STEEL RATIO

6" PANEL w/ #4 @ 12" O.C., E4.

$$P_H = P_V = 0.2 / 6 \times 12 = 0.0028 > 0.0012 \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$$

$$> 0.002 \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$$

MOMENT FRAME DRIFT CHECK

$$V = C S_a W$$

$$C = 1.3$$

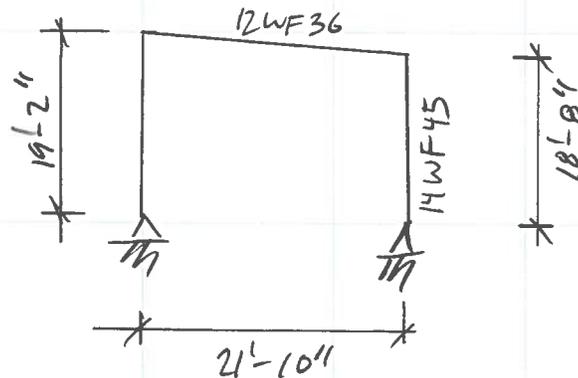
$$\underline{\underline{V = 1.27 W}}$$

$$S_a = S_{x5} = 0.98$$

Typ. MF @ 20' O.C.

$$V = \frac{20'}{100'} \times (50^k + 5^k + \frac{1}{2}(185^k) + 12^k) (1.27)$$

$$= 40.5^k$$



From ETABS MODEL, DRIFT = 12.2"

$$\text{DRIFT RATIO} = 12.2" / 18.92' \times 12" = 0.054 > 0.025$$

NO

$$\text{ACTUAL PERIOD} = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{M}{K}}$$

$$= 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{8.25 \times 10^{-2}}{3.3}}$$

$$M = 40.5^k / 1.27 / 386.4 = 8.25 \times 10^{-2} \text{ K-S}^2 / \text{ft}^2$$

$$K = 40.5^k / 12.2' = 3.3^k / \text{in}$$

$$= 1 \text{ SEC} \quad \therefore S_A = 0.52 g \quad S_{x1}$$

$$V = 40^k \times 0.52 / 0.98 g = 21^k$$

$$\text{DR} = \frac{21^k}{40^k} \times 0.054 = 0.028 \approx 0.025 \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$$

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MOMENT FRAME AXIAL STRESS CHECK

$$P_{OT} = \frac{1}{M_S} \times V \times \frac{h}{L} \times \frac{1}{A_{col}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 40.5^k + \frac{18.92^l}{21.83^l} \times \frac{1}{13.2 \text{ in}^2} = 1.3 \text{ ksi} < 0.3 \times 36 \text{ ksi} = 10.8 \text{ ksi}$$

$M_S = 2.0$
OK

MOMENT FRAME FLEXURAL STRESS CHECK

FROM ETABS MODEL

$$M_{u_{col}} = 365 \text{ k-ft}$$

$$M_{u_{bm}} = 367 \text{ k-ft}$$

$$\sigma = \frac{M_u}{Z M_S}$$

$$M_S = 8.0$$

$$\sigma_{col} = \frac{365 \text{ k-ft} \times 12^{1/4}}{(8)(69.6 \text{ in}^3)} = 7.9 \text{ ksi} < 36 \text{ ksi} \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$$

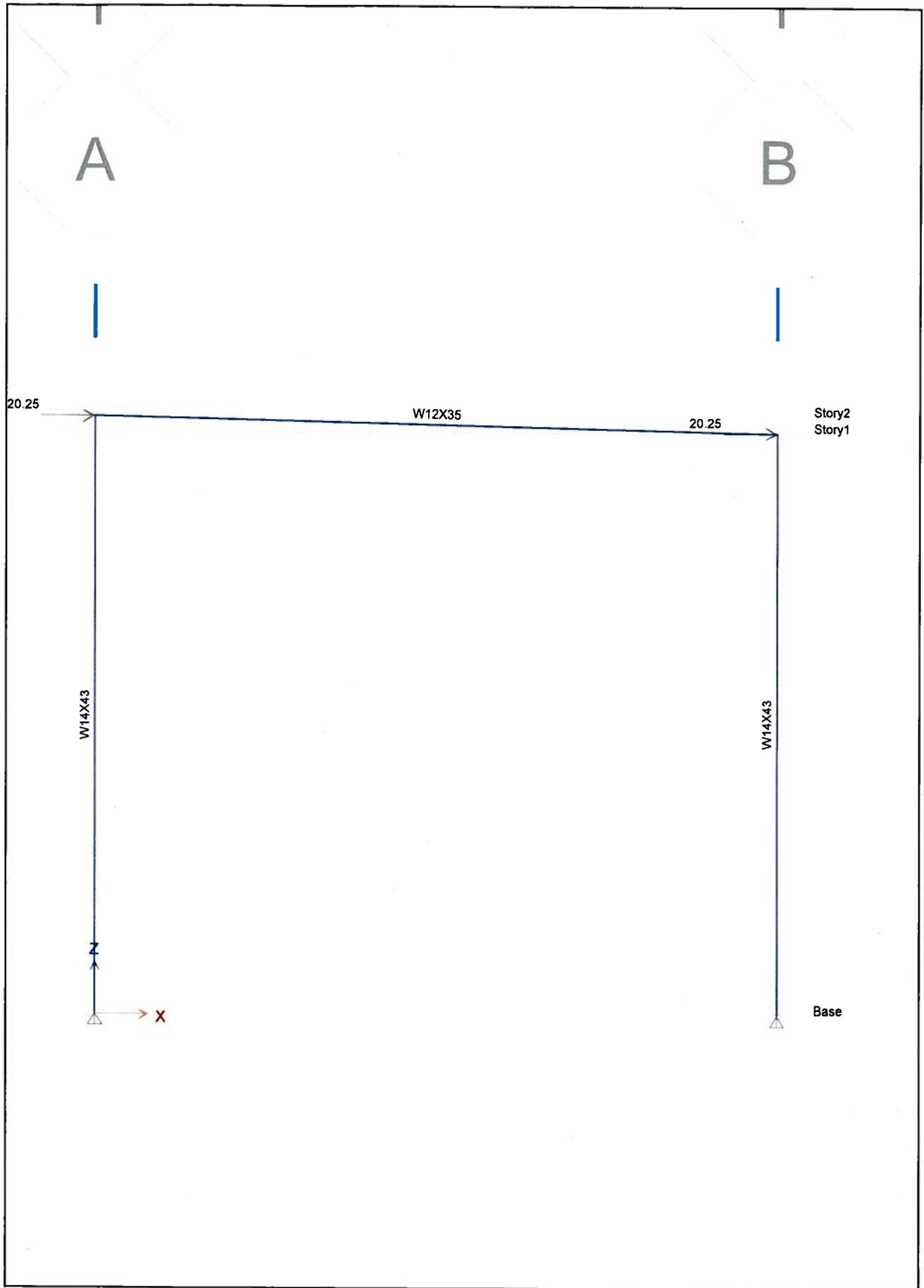
$$\sigma_{bm} = \frac{367 \text{ k-ft} \times 12^{1/4}}{(8)(51.2 \text{ in}^3)} = 10.8 \text{ ksi} < 36 \text{ ksi} \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$$

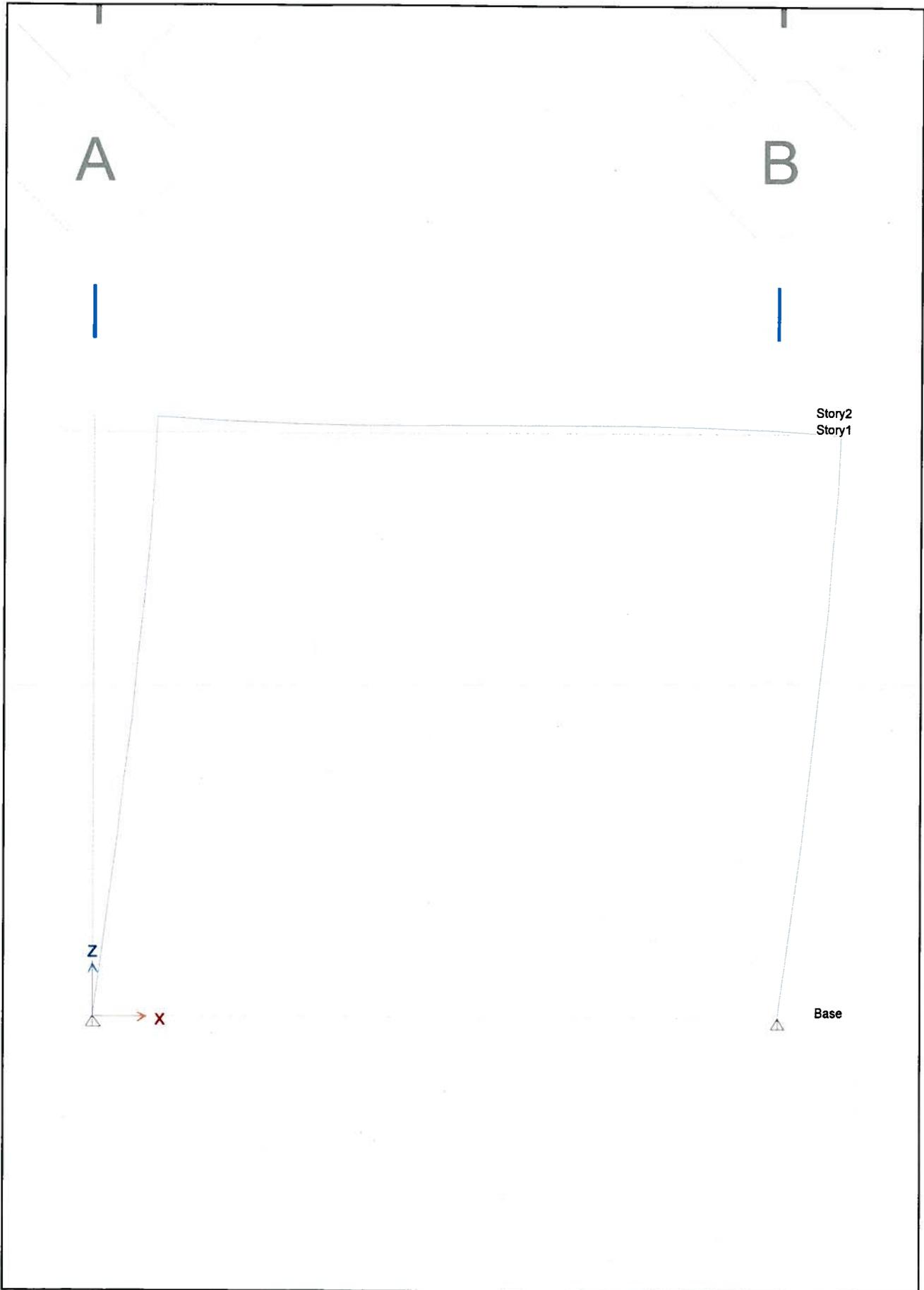
USING REVISED PERIOD OF 1 SEC

$$M_{u_{bm}} = \frac{0.52g}{0.98g} \times 367 \text{ k-ft} = 195 \text{ k-ft}$$

$$\sigma_{bm} = 195 / 51.2 \times 12 = 46 \text{ ksi} \approx \text{ELASTIC}$$

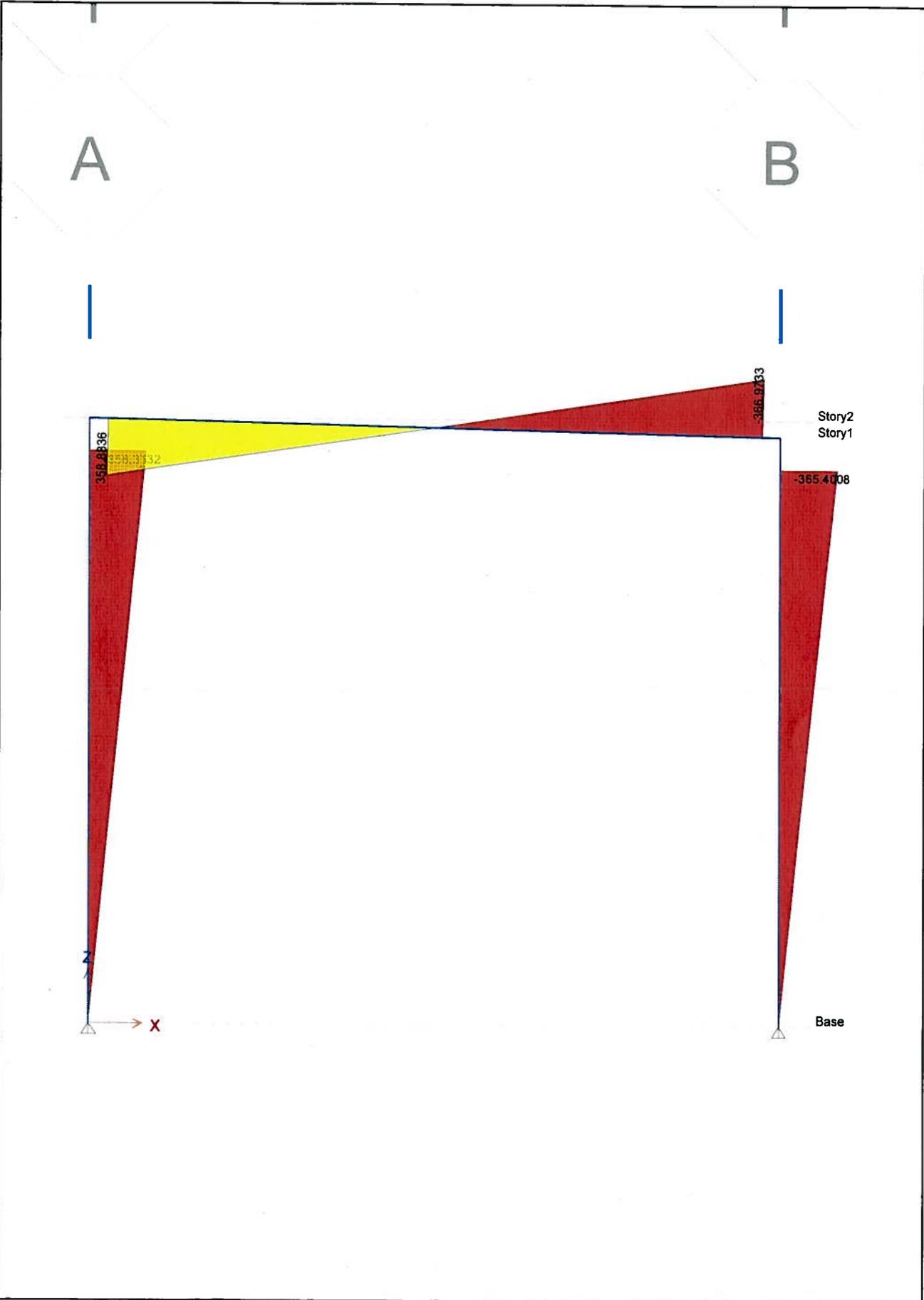
$$\sigma_{col} = 365 \text{ k-ft} \times 0.52 / 0.98 / 69.6 \times 12 = 33 \text{ ksi} = \text{ELASTIC}$$





Increment II MF Drift Check.ED Elevation View - 1 - Displacements (Live) [in]

lb, in, F



Increment II MF Drift Check Edition View - 1 Moment 3-3 Diagram (Live) [kip-ft]

lb, in, F

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MOMENT FRAME PANEL ZONES

$$M_{p, BM} = 1.25 \times 36 \times 51.2 \text{ in}^3 = 2304 \text{ k-in}$$

ACTUAL $M_{p, BM} = 195 \text{ k-ft}$
 $= 2340 \text{ k-in}$

$$V_{p, \text{PANEL ZONE}} = \frac{2304 \text{ k-in}}{(12.5 - 0.5)} = 192 \text{ k}$$

$M_{p, \text{PANEL ZONE}} = 8$, TABLE 9-5

$$V_u = \frac{2340 \text{ k-in}}{8(12')} = 24 \text{ k}$$

$$V_{n, \text{PANEL ZONE}} = (0.6)(1.25 \times 36)(0.3" \times 13.66") \quad t_{\text{WEB}} = 0.31"$$

$$= 114 \text{ k} < 0.8 \times 192 \text{ k} = 154 \text{ k} \quad d_{\text{COL}} = 13.66"$$

$V_n = 114 \text{ k} > 24 \text{ k}$
OK

NO → TIER 3 →

STRONG COL. WEAK BM

$$Z_{BM} = 51 \text{ in}^3 < Z_{COL} = 69 \text{ in}^3 \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$$

COMPACT MEMBER CHECK

MODERATELY DUCTILE MEMBERS

BM/COL FLANGE $b/t \leq 0.38 \sqrt{E/F_y} = 0.38 \sqrt{\frac{29000}{45}}$
 ≤ 9.6

12WF36 $b/t = \frac{6.56"}{(2)(0.52")} = 6.3 \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$

14WF45 $b/t = \frac{8"}{(2)(0.53")} = 7.5 \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$

BM/COL WEBS $h/t_w \leq 1.49 \sqrt{E/F_y} = 37.8$

12WF36 $h/t_w = \frac{10.125"}{0.3} = 33.8 \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$

14WF45 $h/t_w = \frac{10.875"}{0.31"} = 35.1 \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$

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CHECK BM FLEXURAL DEMAND @ PANEL ZONE CAPACITY?
 BM-COL CONN IS COVER PLATE CONN.

$$V_{\text{PANEL}} = 114 \text{ K}$$

$$M_{\text{BM}} = 12'' \times 114 \text{ K} = 1368 \text{ K-in} / 12'' = 114 \text{ K-ft}$$

$$\sigma_{\text{BM @ PANEL CAP}} = \frac{1368 \text{ K-in}}{51.2 \text{ in}^3} = 27 \text{ ksi}$$

$$\therefore 27 / 44 \text{ ksi} = 0.6 F_{yc}$$

$$F_{\text{FLNG}} = 27 \text{ ksi} \times 6.56'' \times 0.52'' = 92 \text{ K}$$

$$A_{\text{REQD}} = 92 \text{ K} / (1.25 \times 36) = 2 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\text{WELD @ } 5/16'' \text{ FILLET} = 92 \text{ K} / \left(\frac{1.39}{0.75} \times 5 \right) (2) = 5''$$

↑ EA SIDE

BASED ON VISUAL OBSERVATION CONN.
 APPEARS TO HAVE ADEQUATE CAP.

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BRACED FRAME AXIAL STRESS CHECK - COLS.

$$V = C S_a W$$

$$S_a = S_x = 0.98$$

$$\underline{V = 1.37W}$$

$$C = 1.4$$

$$V = \frac{1}{2} (50^k + 5.2^k + \frac{1}{2} 88^k + 12^k) 1.37$$

ASSUME CONC
PANELS CARRY
OWN LOAD
IN LONG DIR.

$$V = 76^k \text{ PER LINE}$$

2 BAYS PER LINE

$$\sigma_{col} = \frac{76^k}{2} \times \frac{19.6'}{20'} \times \frac{1}{13.2in^2} \times \frac{1}{2}$$

$$M_s = 2$$

$$= 1.4^k/si < 0.3F_y \quad \underline{OK}$$

BRACED FRAME AXIAL STRESS CHECK - BRACES

DOUBLE ANGLE 2- L2x2x1/4

$$L_{BRACE} = \sqrt{20^2 + 18.75^2} = 27.4'$$

$$A_{BRACE} = 1.89in^2 \quad r = 0.842''$$

$$\frac{KL}{r} = \frac{27.4' \times 12 \times (1)}{0.842} = 390$$

$$\sigma_{BRACE} = \frac{76^k \times 27.4'}{3 \times 20' \times 2 \times 1.89in^2}$$

→ TENSION ONLY

$$M_s = 3.0$$

$$\sigma_{BRACE} = 9^k/si < 0.5F_y = 18^k/si$$

OK

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BRACE FRAME CONNECTION STRENGTH

$$\frac{KL}{r} = 390 \rightarrow F_c \approx 1.7 \text{ ksi}$$

$$A_{\text{BRACE}} = 1.89 \text{ in}^2$$

$$P_{cr} = 1.7 \text{ ksi} \times 1.89 \text{ in}^2 = 3.2 \text{ k}$$

$$P_{ye} = 1.25 \times 36 \times 1.89 = 85 \text{ k}$$

$$\text{CONN CAPACITY } \approx 2 \times \frac{1.39 \text{ k/inch}^2}{0.75} \times 3 \times 2" = 22 \text{ k} > 3.2 \text{ k}$$

$\frac{3}{16}$ " FILET WELD EA SIDE 2" LONG

< 85k

NO

BRACE COMPACT MEMBERS

L2x2x1/4

$$b/t = 2/0.25 = 8 < 0.38 \sqrt{\frac{E'}{F_y}} = 9.6$$

OK

Appendix B

Seismic Evaluation – Building 341, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

Appendix B: Increment 3 Tier 1 Check Lists and Calculations



Building Name: 341, Increment III

Date: November 14, 2013

Building Address: Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

Page: 1 of 2

Job Number: B3189012.00 Job Name: LLNL B341 Seismic Evaluation

By: AMN Checked:

ASCE 41-13 Life Safety Basic Configuration Checklist

C NC N/A U

Comments

LOW SEISMICITY

BUILDING SYSTEM

LOAD PATH: The structure shall contain a complete, well-defined load path, including structural elements and connections, that serves to transfer the inertial forces associated with the mass of all elements of the building to the foundation. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.1.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.1.1)

ADJACENT BUILDINGS: The clear distance between the building being evaluated and any adjacent building is greater than 4 percent of the height of the shorter building. This statement shall not apply to the following building types: W1, W1A, and W2. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.1.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.1.2)

Increment III is attached to Increment I, however, given that the buildings are relatively stiff, we do not believe there will be significant relative movement at this location, therefore we do not believe this is a life-safety concern.

MEZZANINES: Interior mezzanine levels are braced independently from the main structure, or are anchored to the seismic-force-resisting elements of the main structure. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.1.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.1.3)

BUILDING CONFIGURATION

WEAK STORY: The sum of the shear strengths of the seismic-force-resisting system in any story in each direction is not less than 80% of the strength in the adjacent story above. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.1)

SOFT STORY: The stiffness of the seismic-force-resisting system in any story is not less than 70% of the seismic-force-resisting system stiffness in an adjacent story above or less than 80% of the average seismic-force-resisting system stiffness of the three stories above. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.2)

VERTICAL IRREGULARITIES: All vertical elements in the seismic-force-resisting system are continuous to the foundation. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.4. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.3)

GEOMETRY: There are no changes in the net horizontal dimension of the seismic-force-resisting system of more than 30% in a story relative to adjacent stories, excluding one-story penthouses and mezzanines. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.5. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.4)

MASS: There is no change in effective mass more than 50% from one story to the next. Light roofs, penthouses and mezzanines need not be considered. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.6. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.5)

TORSION: The estimated distance between the story center of mass and the story center of rigidity is less than 20% of the building width in either plan dimension. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.7. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.6)

MODERATE SEISMICITY (Complete the following items in addition to the items for Low Seismicity)

GEOLOGIC SITE HAZARDS

Building Name: **341, Increment III**

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Building Address: **Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory**

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Job Number: **B3189012.00**

Job Name: **LLNL B341 Seismic Evaluation**

By: **AMN** Checked: _____

ASCE 41-13 Life Safety Basic Configuration Checklist

| C | NC | N/A | U | Comments |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | LIQUEFACTION: Liquefaction-susceptible, saturated, loose granular soils that could jeopardize the building's seismic performance shall not exist in the foundation soils at depths within 50 feet under the building. (Commentary: Sec. A.6.1.1) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | SLOPE FAILURE: The building site is sufficiently remote from potential earthquake-induced slope failures or rockfalls to be unaffected by such failures or is capable of accommodating any predicted movements without failure. (Commentary: Sec. A.6.1.2) |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | SURFACE FAULT RUPTURE: Surface fault rupture and surface displacement at the building site is not anticipated. (Commentary: Sec. A.6.1.3) |

HIGH SEISMICITY (Complete the following items in addition to the items for Low and Moderate Seismicity)

FOUNDATION CONFIGURATION

| | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|---|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | OVERTURNING: The ratio of the least horizontal dimension of the seismic-force-resisting system at the foundation level to the building height (base/height) is greater than 0.6S _a . (Commentary: Sec. A.6.2.1 Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.3.3) | $30'/12.5' = 2.5 > 0.6 \cdot 0.98 = 0.59$ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | TIES BETWEEN FOUNDATION ELEMENTS: The foundation has ties adequate to resist seismic forces where footings, piles, and piers are not restrained by beams, slabs, or soils classified as Site Class A, B, or C. (Commentary: Sec. A.6.2.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.3.4) | Foundation tied by slab-on-grade. |

Building Name: **341, Increment III**

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Job Number: **B3189012.00**

Job Name: **LLNL B341 Seismic Evaluation**

By: **AMN** Checked: _____

ASCE 41-13 C2 / C2A Life Safety Structural Checklist: Concrete Shear Walls with Stiff or Flexible Diaphragms

C NC N/A U

Comments

LOW AND MODERATE SEISMICITY

Seismic-Force-Resisting System

- COMPLETE FRAMES: Steel or concrete frames classified as secondary components form a complete vertical-load-carrying system. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.1.6.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5)
- REDUNDANCY: The number of lines of shear walls in each principal direction is greater than or equal to 2. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.2.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.1.1)
- SHEAR STRESS CHECK: The shear stress in the concrete shear walls, calculated using the Quick Check procedure of Section 4.5.3.3, is less than the greater of 100 psi or $2\sqrt{f'_c}$. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.2.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.1.1)
- REINFORCING STEEL: The ratio of reinforcing steel area to gross concrete area is not less than 0.0012 in the vertical direction and 0.0020 in the horizontal direction. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.2.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.1.3)

Connections

- WALL ANCHORAGE AT FLEXIBLE DIAPHRAGMS: Exterior concrete or masonry walls that are dependent on flexible diaphragms for lateral support are anchored for out-of-plane forces at each diaphragm level with steel anchors, reinforcing dowels, or straps that are developed into the diaphragm. Connections have adequate strength to resist the connection force calculated in the Quick Check procedure of Section 4.5.3.7. (Commentary: Sec. A.5.1.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.1.1)
- TRANSFER TO SHEAR WALLS: Diaphragms are connected for transfer of seismic forces to the shear walls. (Commentary: Sec. A.5.2.1. Tier 2: 5.7.2)
- FOUNDATION DOWELS: Wall reinforcement is doweled into the foundation with vertical bars equal in size and spacing to the vertical wall reinforcing immediately above the foundation. (Commentary: Sec. A.5.3.5. Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.3.4)

HIGH SEISMICITY (Complete the following items in addition to the items for Low and Moderate Seismicity)

Seismic-Force-Resisting System

- DEFLECTION COMPATIBILITY: Secondary components have the shear capacity to develop the flexural strength of the components. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.1.6.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.2.5.2)
- FLAT SLABS: Flat slabs / plates not part of the seismic-force-resisting system have continuous bottom steel through the column joints. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.1.6.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.2.5.3)
- COUPLING BEAMS: The stirrups in coupling beams over means of egress are spaced at or less than $d/2$ and are anchored into the confined core of the beam with hooks of 135° or more. The ends of both walls to which the coupling beam is attached are supported at each end to resist vertical loads due to overturning. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.2.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.2.1)

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Job Number: B3189012.00

Job Name: LLNL B341 Seismic Evaluation

By: AMN Checked: _____

ASCE 41-13 C2 / C2A Life Safety Structural Checklist: Concrete Shear Walls with Stiff or Flexible Diaphragms

C NC N/A U

Comments

Connections

- UPLIFT AT PILE CAPS: Pile caps have top reinforcement and piles are anchored to the pile caps. (Commentary: Sec. A.5.3.8. Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.3.5)

Diaphragms (Flexible or Stiff)

- DIAPHRAGM CONTINUITY: The diaphragms are not composed of split-level floors and do not have expansion joints. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.1.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.1.1)
- OPENINGS AT SHEAR WALLS: Diaphragm openings immediately adjacent to the shear walls are less than 25 percent of the wall length. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.1.4. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.1.3)

Flexible Diaphragms

- CROSS TIES IN FLEXIBLE DIAPHRAGMS: There are continuous cross ties between diaphragm chords. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.1.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.1.2)
- STRAIGHT SHEATHING: All straight sheathed diaphragms have aspect ratios less than 2-to-1 in the direction being considered. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.2.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.2)
- SPANS: All wood diaphragms with spans greater than 24 feet consist of wood structural panels or diagonal sheathing. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.2.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.2)
- UNBLOCKED DIAPHRAGMS: All diagonally sheathed or unblocked wood structural panel diaphragms have horizontal spans less than 40 feet and aspect ratios less than or equal to 4-to-1. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.2.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.2)
- OTHER DIAPHRAGMS: The diaphragm does not consist of a system other than wood, metal deck, concrete, or horizontal bracing. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.7.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.5)

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INCREMENT III WEIGHT TAKEOFF

TAR & GRAVEL ROOFING (SPLY)
1 5/8" RIGID INSULATION

6 psf
2 psf

8 psf

WOOD ROOF

2x12 @ 16" O.C.
1/2" PLYWD
3 1/2" BATT INSUL
5/8" GYP BOARD
MEP
MISC

3.5 psf
1.7 psf
0.5 psf
2.8 psf
3 psf
2 psf

14 psf

CONC. ROOF

8" CONC. SLAB
MEP
MISC.

100 psf
3 psf
2 psf

105 psf

TOTALS:

CONC ROOF 113 psf
WOOD ROOF 22 psf

EXTERIOR STUD WALLS

2x4 @ 16" O.C.
5/8" GYP BOARD
BATT INSULATION
STUCCO
MEP + MISC.

1.1 psf
2.8 psf
0.5 psf
10 psf
1

15 psf

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CONC. WALLS

8" CONC.
PLASTER SKIM COAT
MEP + MISC

100 psf
2 psf
1 psf
103 psf

BUILDING WEIGHT

$$\text{WOOD ROOF} = 22 \text{ psf} \times [(2)(18.66')(39') + (38.66' \times 12')] \\ = \underline{42^k}$$

$$\text{CONC. ROOF} = 105 \text{ psf} \times 38.66' \times 27' = \underline{110^k}$$

$$\text{STUD WALLS} = 15 \text{ psf} \times [2 \times (39' + 18.66') \times 13.62' + \\ 39' \times 12.5'] \\ = \underline{31^k}$$

$$\text{CONC. WALLS} = 103 \text{ psf} \times [76' + 54'] \times 11.83' = \underline{158^k}$$

$$\text{TOTAL} = 42^k + 110^k + 31^k + 158^k \\ = \underline{\underline{341^k}}$$

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PSEUDO LATERAL LOAD

$$V = C S_a W$$

$$S_a = S_{vs} = 0.98g$$

$$V = 1.37W$$

$$C = 1.4$$

$$= 1.37 \times 341k$$

$$= \underline{\underline{467k}}$$

TIER 1 QUICK CHECKS

CONC. WALL SHEAR STRESS CHECK

EAST-WEST DIR CONTROLS

$$\sigma = \frac{467k}{4 \times 8'' \times (2)(38' - 15' - 6' - 3')(12''/1')}$$

$$M_s = 4.0$$

$$= 0.022 \text{ ksi} = 22 \text{ psi} < 2\sqrt{3000} = 110 \text{ psi} \underline{\underline{OK}}$$

REINFORCING RATIO

$$\text{VERT: } \#6 @ 8'' \quad \rho_v = 0.44 \frac{\text{in}^2}{(\text{ft})(12)} = 0.0046 > 0.0012$$

$$\text{HOR: } \#5 @ 8'' \quad \rho_H = 0.31 \frac{\text{in}^2}{(\text{ft})(12)} = 0.0032 > 0.002$$

OK

Appendix C

Seismic Evaluation – Building 341, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

Appendix C: Increment 1 Tier 3 Calculations

Seismic Weight Takeoff and Lateral Loading



| | | | |
|-----------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Subject: | Seismic Weight Take-off | Job Number: B3189012. | Date: 11.14.13 |
| Job: | LLNL B341 Increment I | By: AMN | Section: |
| | | Checked By: | |

Building Weight

High Roof

| Component | Deck | Beam | Girders | Columns | Lateral |
|------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 5 ply Tar and Gravel Roofing | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Metal Deck | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 10B11.5 @ 7'-2" o.c. | 0 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| 21WF68 @ 20' o.c. | 0 | 0 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 |
| Insulation | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| MEP | | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Misc. | | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Total | 12 | 21 | 24 | 24 | 24 |

Low Roof

| Component | Deck | Beam | Girders | Columns | Lateral |
|------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 5 ply Tar and Gravel Roofing | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Metal Deck | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 10B15 @ 7'-6" o.c. | 0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| 21WF55 & 33WF152 @ 20' o.c. | 0 | 0 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.2 |
| Insulation | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| MEP | | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Misc. | | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Total | 12 | 21 | 26 | 26 | 26 |

Equipment Loft

| Component | Deck | Beam | Girders | Columns | Lateral |
|--------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 6.5" concrete slab | 81 | 81 | 81 | 81 | 81 |
| 12WF40 @ 7'-6" | 0 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 7.2 |
| Conc bm @ line 2a | 0 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| 33WF152 @ 20' o.c. | 0 | 0 | 8 | 5 | 5 |
| MEP | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 |
| Misc | | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Total | 103 | 124 | 131 | 129 | 129 |

Mezzanine with conc beams

| Component | Deck | Beam | Girders | Columns | Lateral |
|-------------------------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 6.5" concrete slab | 81 | 81 | 81 | 81 | 81 |
| 2'x1'-3" bm @ 10'-0" +/- o.c. | 0 | 38 | 38 | 38 | 38 |
| 16WF45 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| MEP | | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Misc | | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Total | 81 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 |

Mezzanine with steel beams

| Component | Deck | Beam | Girders | Columns | Lateral |
|--------------------|------|------|---------|---------|---------|
| 6.5" concrete slab | 81 | 81 | 81 | 81 | 81 |

Subject:

Job: B341 INCREMENT I

Job Number: B3189012.00

Date: 11.19.13

By: AMW

Section:

Checked By:

Page

of

ASCE 41-13 LINEAR DYNAMIC PROCEDURE

- SCALE BSE-1E RESPONSE SPECTRUM
BY C_1, C_2

- PER TABLE 7-3 FOR M BETWEEN 2 & 6

$C_1, C_2 = 1.4$

USGS Design Maps Summary Report

User-Specified Input

Report Title LLNL - Building 341
 Wed November 13, 2013 18:35:49 UTC

Building Code Reference Document ASCE 41-13 Retrofit Standard, BSE-1E
 (which utilizes USGS hazard data available in 2008)

Site Coordinates 37.68545°N, 121.7084°W

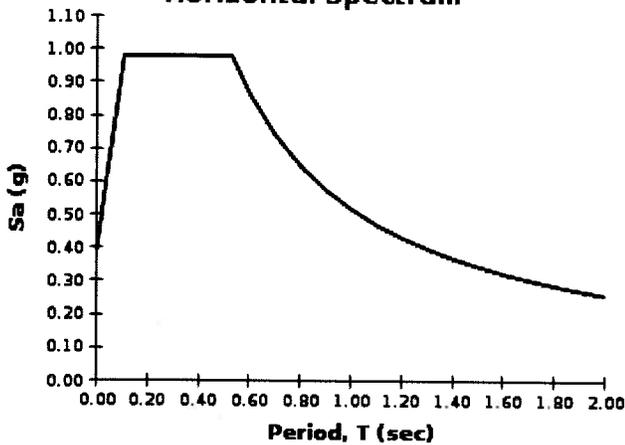
Site Soil Classification Site Class D - "Stiff Soil"



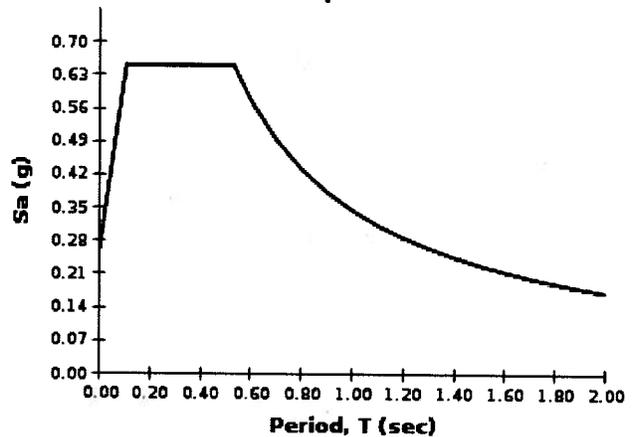
USGS-Provided Output

| | | | |
|---------------|---------|-----------------|---------|
| $S_{S,20/50}$ | 0.841 g | $S_{XS,BSE-1E}$ | 0.978 g |
| $S_{1,20/50}$ | 0.283 g | $S_{X1,BSE-1E}$ | 0.519 g |

Horizontal Spectrum



Vertical Spectrum



Although this information is a product of the U.S. Geological Survey, we provide no warranty, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy of the data contained therein. This tool is not a substitute for technical subject-matter knowledge.



Degenkolb Engineers

1300 Clay Street
 Oakland, CA 94612
 Phone: 510.272.9040
 Fax: 510.272.9526

| | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Subject: ASCE 41-13 Lateral Load | Job Number: B3189012.00 | Date: 10.31.2013 |
| Job: LLNL B341 Increment 1 | By: AMN | Section: |
| | Checked By: | Page of |

ASCE 41-13 Pseudo Lateral Load

INPUT DATA

| | | | |
|------------------|---|------|-----------------|
| S _s : | Short Period Response Acceleration = | 1.47 | x g |
| S ₁ : | Spectral Response Acceleration @ 1 sec. = | 0.52 | x g |
| SC: | Soil Class = | D | |
| C1*C2: | C1*C2 | 1.4 | |
| W: | Total Building Weight = | 3696 | kips |
| h: | Total Building Height = | 31 | feet |
| A _b : | Base Area of Building = | 2733 | ft ² |
| C _t : | Building System Coefficient = | 0.02 | |
| x: | Period Determination Exponent = | 0.75 | |
| n: | Number of Stories = | 2 | |
| T _L : | Long-Period Transition Period = | 12 | sec. |

CALCULATE BASE SHEAR

| | | |
|------------------|--|-----------|
| | Controlling Sesimic Design Category = | D |
| T _a : | Approximate Fundamental Period of Vibration = C _t * h _n ^x = | 0.26 sec. |
| T: | Calculated Structural Period = | 0.26 sec. |
| T: | Limiting Structural Period = | 0.37 sec. |
| T: | Design Structural Period = | 0.26 sec. |
| k: | Vertical Force Distribution Exponent = | 1.00 |

| | | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Table 1615.1.2(2): | S ₁ <= 0.1 | S ₁ = 0.2 | S ₁ = 0.3 | S ₁ = 0.4 | S ₁ >= 0.5 |
| Soil Class D | 2.4 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.5 |
| F _v | - | - | - | - | 1.50 |

F_v: Site Coefficient for S₁ = 1.50

| | | | | | |
|--------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Table 1615.1.2(1): | S _s <= 0.25 | S _s = 0.50 | S _s = 0.75 | S _s = 1.00 | S _s >= 1.25 |
| Soil Class D | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.0 |
| F _a | - | - | - | - | 1.00 |

F_a: Site Coefficient for S_s = 1.00

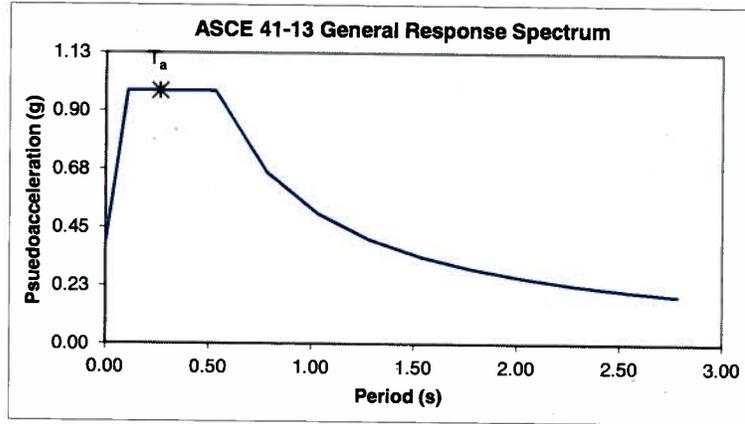
| | | |
|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| S _{MS} : | Modified Short Period Acceleration = F _a *S _s = | 1.47 |
| S _{M1} : | Modified 1 sec. Period Acceleration = F _v *S ₁ = | 0.78 |
| S _{DS} : | Design Short Period Acceleration = 2/3*S _{MS} = | 0.98 |
| S _{D1} : | Design 1 sec. Period Acceleration = 2/3*S _{M1} = | 0.52 |
| T _s : | T _s = S _{D1} /S _{DS} = | 0.53 sec. |
| T ₀ : | T ₀ = 0.2T _s = | 0.11 sec. |
| S _a : | Design Spectral Acceleration at Building Period = | 0.98 |
| C1C2Sa | C1*C2*Sa = | 1.372 <= Controls |
| V: | Pseudo Lateral Load = C1*C2*Sa*W = | 5070 kips |



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| | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Subject: ASCE 41-13 Lateral Load | Job Number: B3189012.00 | Date: 10.31.2013 |
| Job: LLNL B341 Increment 1 | By: AMN | Section: |
| Checked By: | Page | of |



CALCULATE VERTICAL FORCE DISTRIBUTION

| Story | w_x (kips) | h_x (feet) | $w_x \cdot h_x^k$ | C_{vx} | F_x (kips) | V_x (kips) |
|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------|
| High Roof | 910 | 31.25 | 28432 | 0.48 | 2449 | 2449 |
| Low Roof | 934 | 21.5 | 20084 | 0.34 | 1730 | 4178 |
| Mezz | 797 | 13 | 10359 | 0.18 | 892 | 5070 |
| | | | 58875 | 1.00 | | 5070 |

CALCULATE DIAPHRAGM FORCE DISTRIBUTION

| Story | w_x (kips) | F_x (kips) | F_{px} (kips) | $F_{px \text{ min}}$ (kips) | $F_{px \text{ max}}$ (kips) | Diaphragm Design Force (kips) | F_{px}/F_x |
|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|
| High Roof | 910 | 2449 | 2449 | 178 | 357 | 2449 | 1.00 |
| Low Roof | 934 | 1730 | 2117 | 183 | 366 | 2117 | 1.22 |
| Mezz | 797 | 892 | 1530 | 156 | 312 | 1530 | 1.71 |

Subject: FLOOR/SLAB ELEVATIONS

Job: LLNL - B341

Job Number:

Date:

By:

Section:

Checked By:

Page

of

ELEVATIONS - INCREMENT 1

| | | | |
|---------------------------|---------|----|---------|
| TYP. BOT. OF FTG. | 609'-6" | TO | 611'-0" |
| T.O.P. OF S.O.G. | 615'-0" | | 0'-0" |
| MEZZ. FLR SLAB (E-K/1-2) | 628'-0" | | 13'-0" |
| EQUIPMENT LOFT (B-J/2-2a) | 636'-6" | | 21'-6" |
| LOW ROOF (A-K/2-4) | 635'-0" | | 20'-0" |
| HIGH ROOF (A-K/1-2) | 646'-0" | | 31'-0" |

ELEVATIONS - INCREMENT 2 (SEPARATE STRUCT)

| | | | |
|---------------|---------|--|--------|
| T.O. S.O.G. | 615'-0" | | 0'-0" |
| T.O. STL ROOF | | | 19'-2" |

ELEVATIONS - INCREMENT 3 (TIED INTO INCR. 1)

| | | | |
|----------------------|---------|--|--------|
| T.O. S.O.G. | 615'-0" | | 0'-0" |
| T.O. CONC. ROOF SLAB | | | 12'-2" |

SAP 2000 3D Model Development

PRELIMINARY SEISMIC EVALUATION FOR B-341A. Description of the building structures:

The main building is a 140' x 180' rectangular shaped one story building with a 50' x 100' mezzanine floor at the south-east corner. It is constructed of a steel frame with precast concrete panels attached to the perimeter of the steel frame, and with steel decks on the top of the frame as the roof.

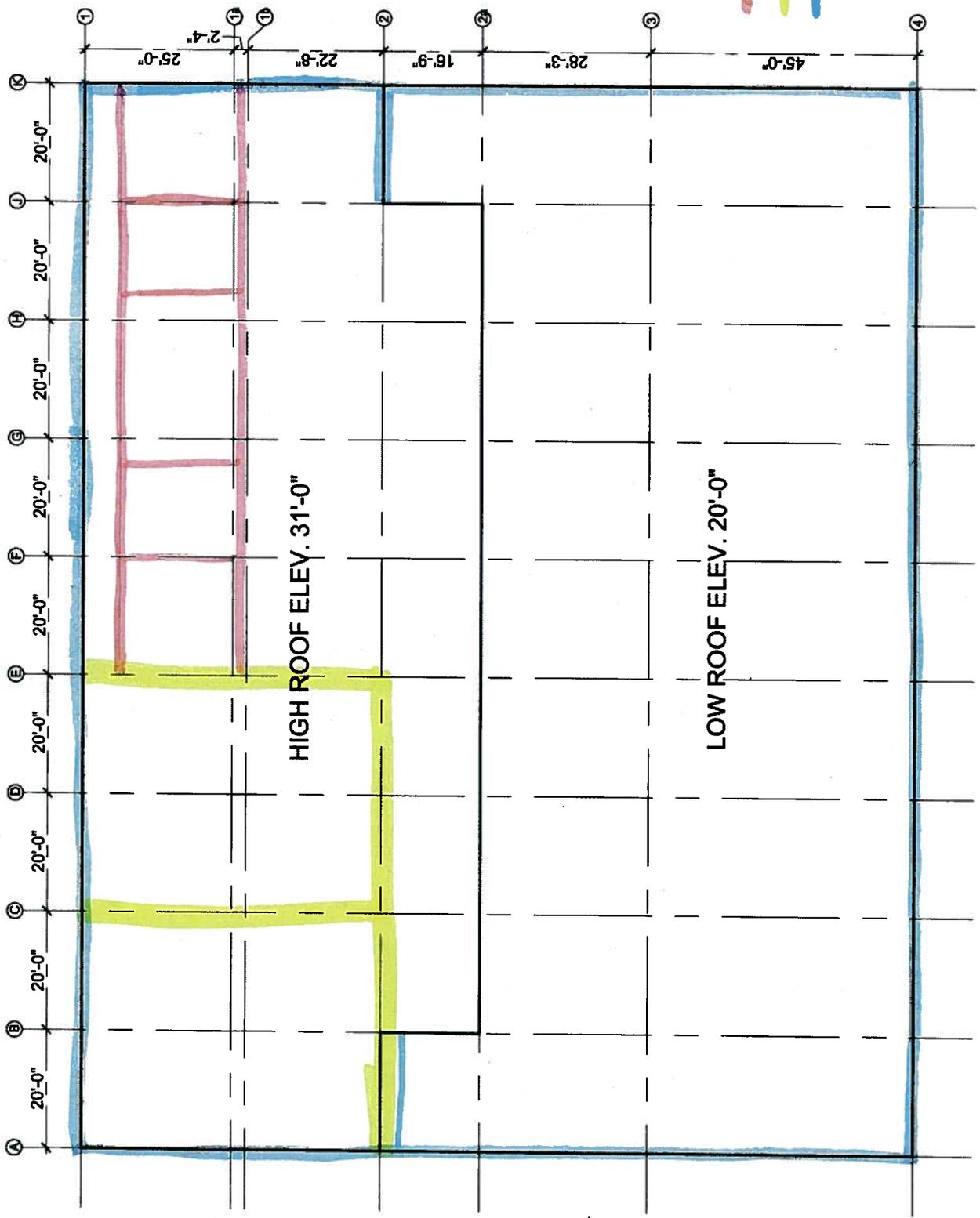
It, basically, is a "Box System" structure. The lateral loads i.e., wind or seismic loads are laterally supported by the roof diaphragms, then carried into shear walls, the precast concrete wall panels and a few internal cast-in-place concrete walls. The steel frame is designed for vertical loads only, therefore, there are no vertical bracing systems, and some horizontal bracing systems under the roof are designed for construction purpose only.

The roof system is split into two levels stepping down from east to west, (see sketch 1). The high bay is 50' wide, and 31' above the grade slab. The low roof, is 90' wide and 20' above the slab. A 17' wide strip of the low roof, adjacent to the high bay, is utilized as a mechanical loft covered with light gauge steel panels.

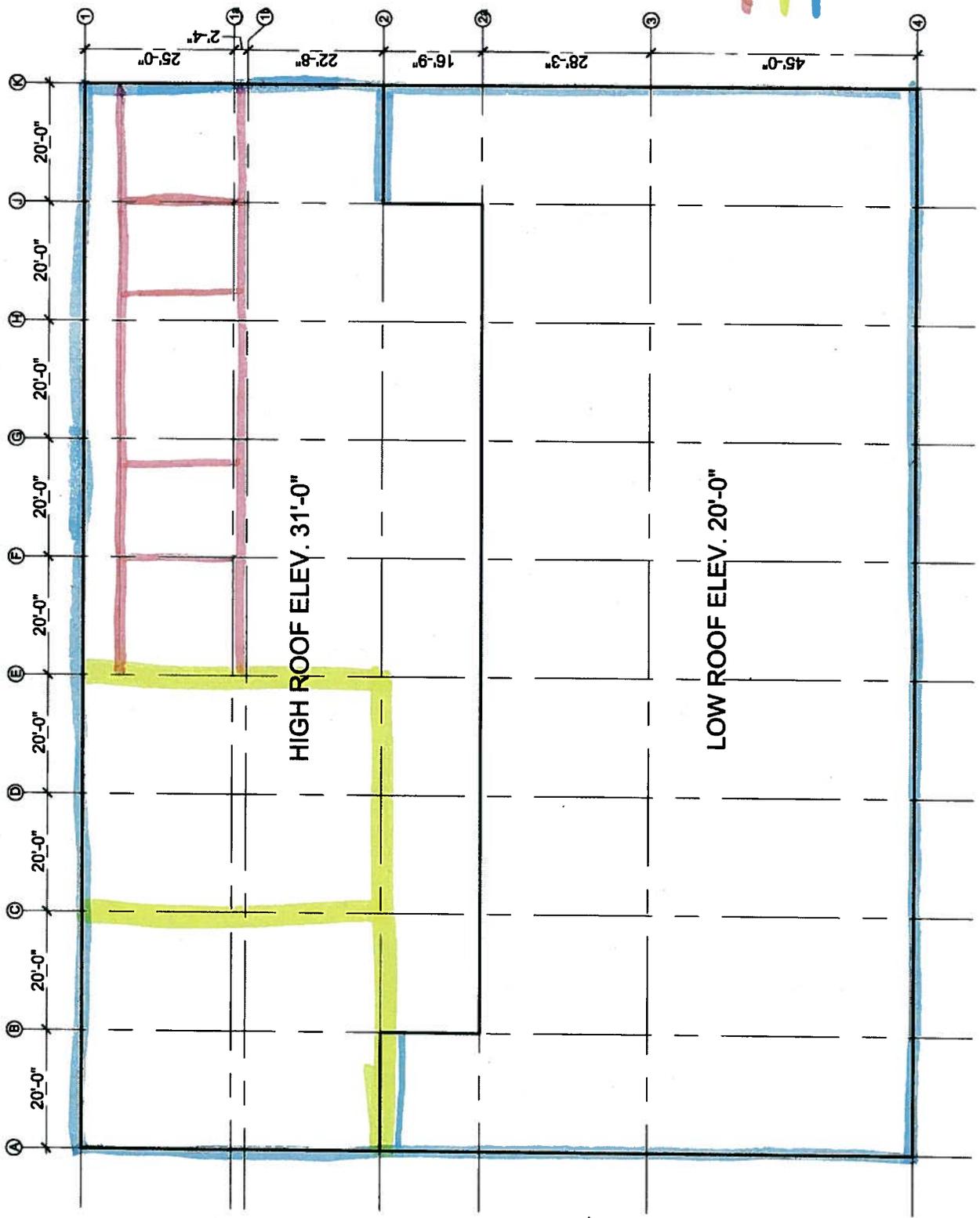
The "Increment 3" is a small rectangular one-story building with a size of 39' x 76' x 12.5'. It is attached to the north end of the main building at its longitudinal side. The structure consists of a fairly large concrete core around and a wood framed structure with a flat roof. There are no existing drawings for the "Increment 2" structure available.

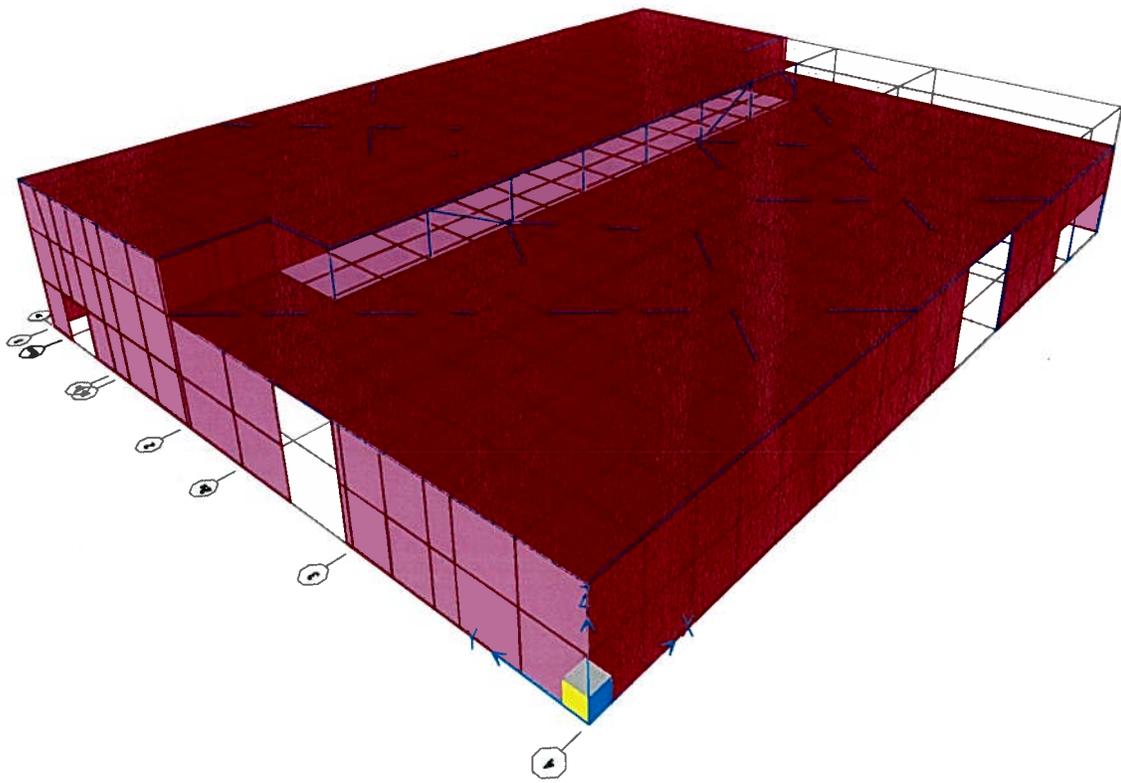
B. Available existing design data:

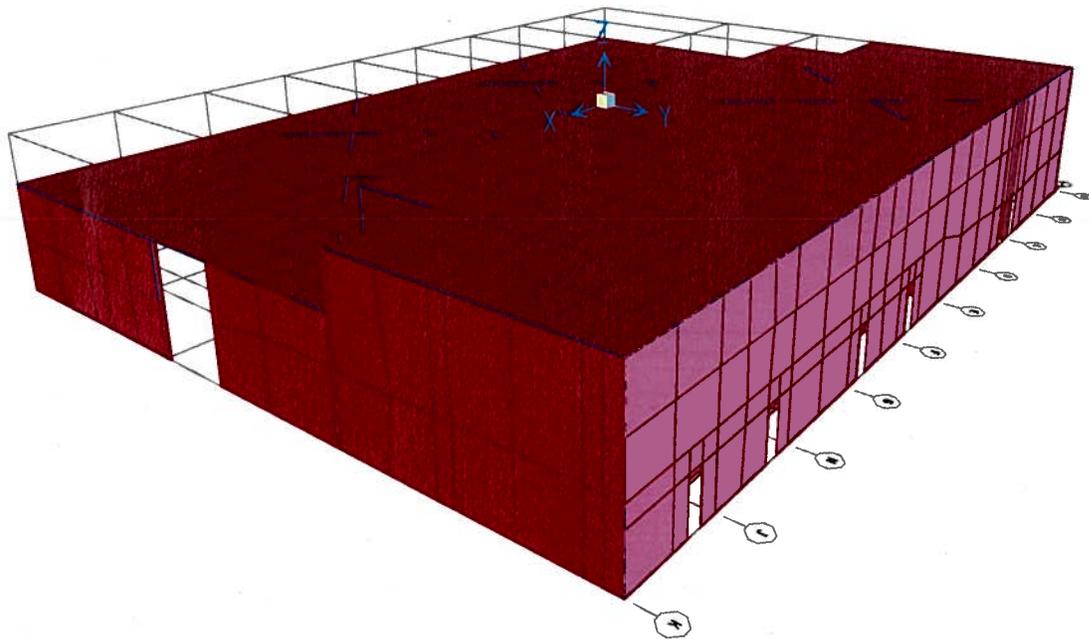
1. As built drawings for the main building and the "Increment 3" structure.
2. Design specification for main building only.
3. Structural calculations for the main building "Increment 2" and "Increment 3".
4. Design criteria :
 - a. Design code:
 - UBC 1961 - main building
 - UBC 1973 - "Increment 3"
 - b. Seismic design level (for main building):
 - 0.1W - structural systems
 - 0.2W - structural components
 - c. Steel frame - A36 steel ($f_y = 36,000$ psi)
 - d. Concrete strength:
 - $f_c' = 4,000$ psi - Precast panels
 - $f_c' = 3,000$ psi - Loft and Mezzanine floor slabs
 - $f_c' = 2,500$ psi - Walls and foundations
 - e. Reinforcement:
 - $f_y = 40,000$ psi
 - f. Light gauge steel roof deck:
 - Milcor (Inland Steel), Type B, 24" wide galvanized 18 gauge deck with 3 puddle welds at ends and side seams bottom punched 24" o.c.
 - Allowable horizontal shear = 455 lb/ft. with no increase recommended for lateral loads (F.S. = 3.0).

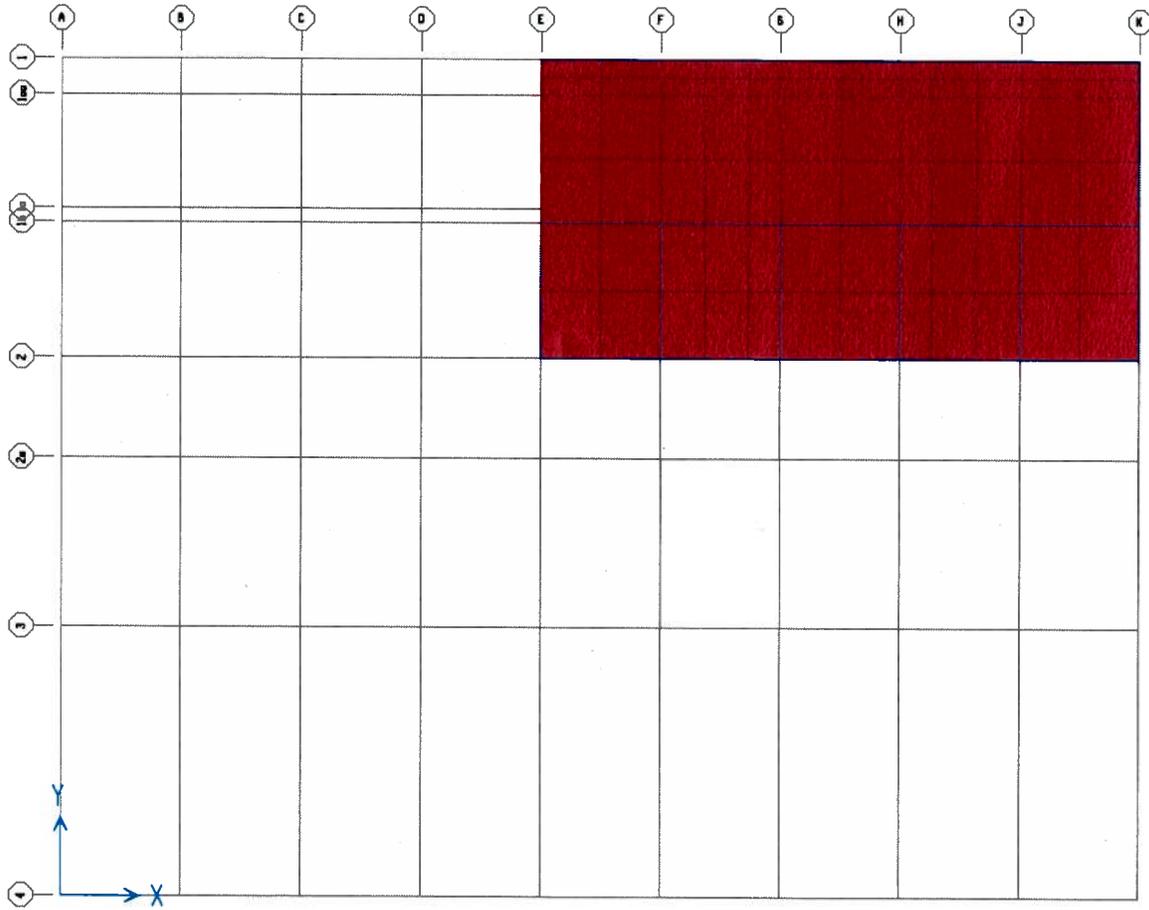


8" CONG.
TO MEZZ.
8" CONG.
TO HIGH ROOF
6" PRE-CAST
GANG.

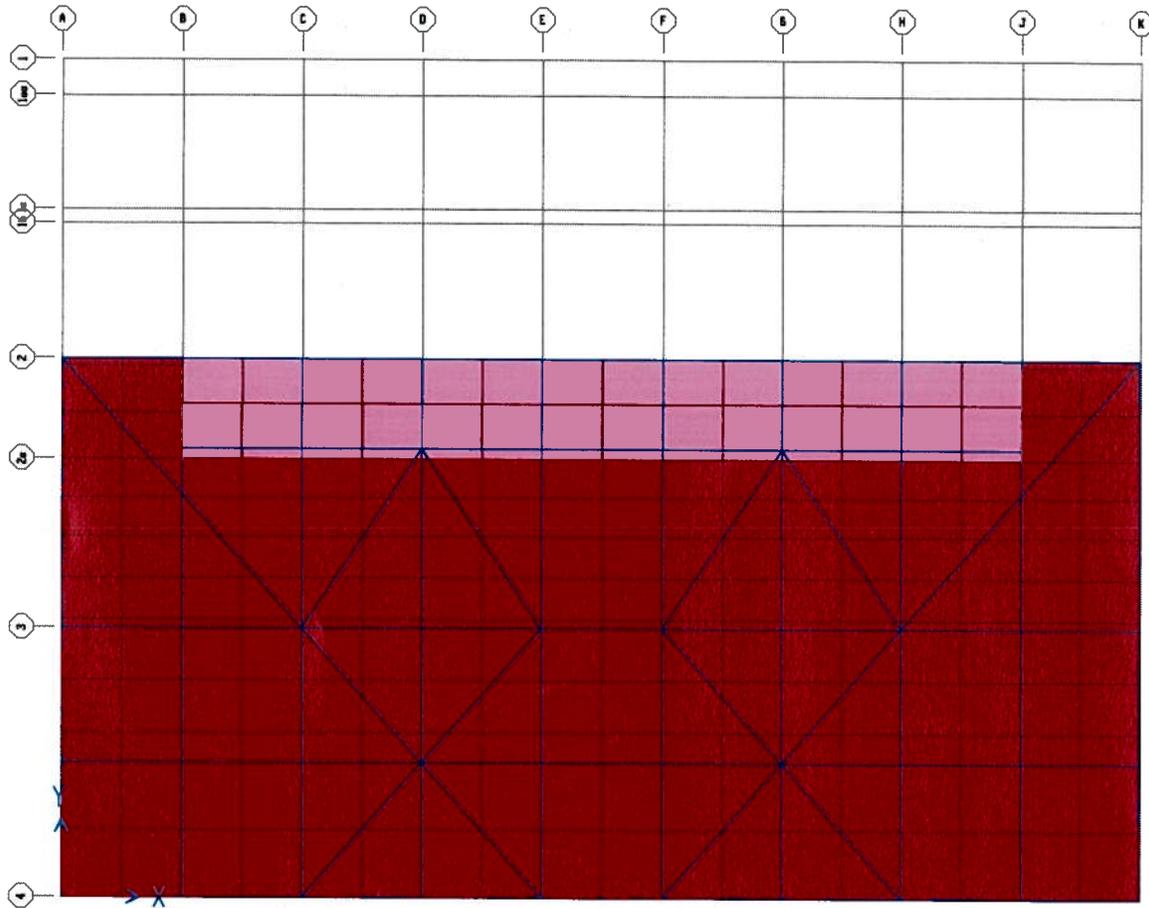




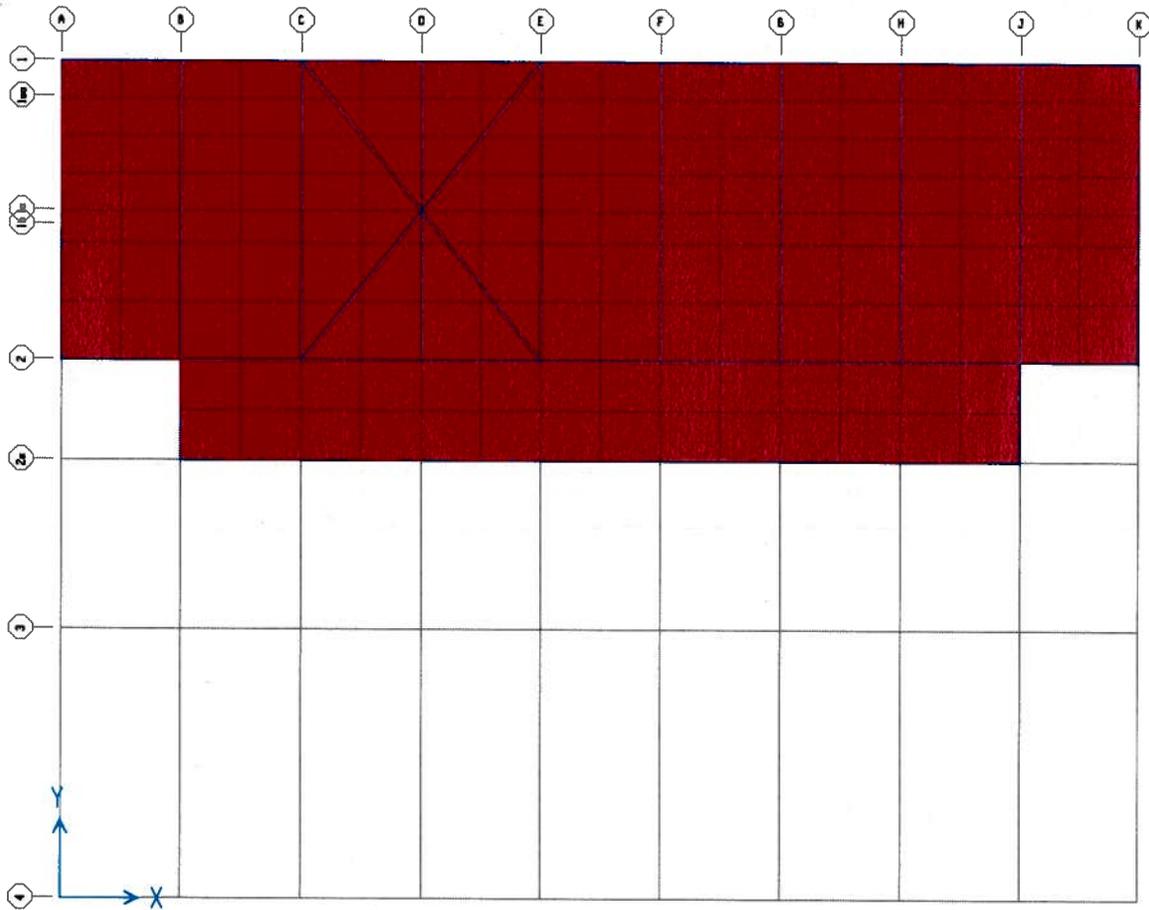




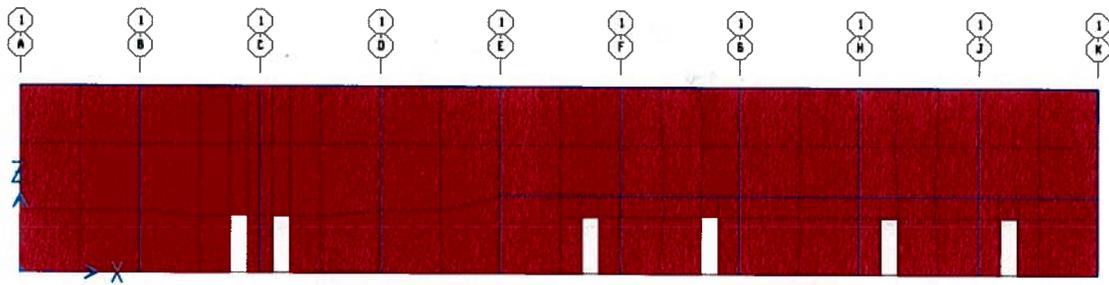
MEZZ.

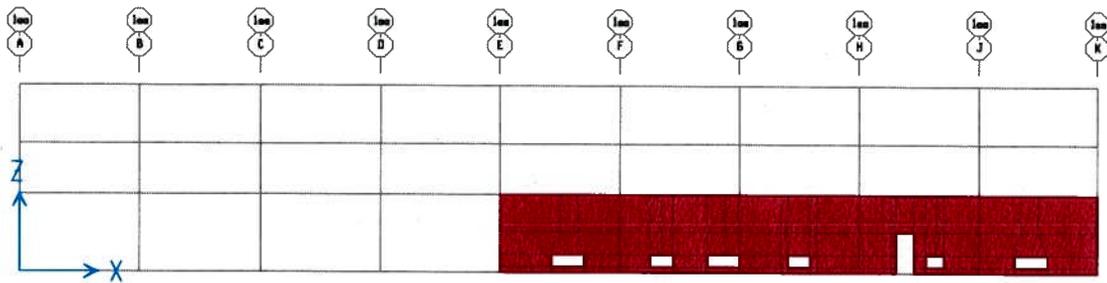


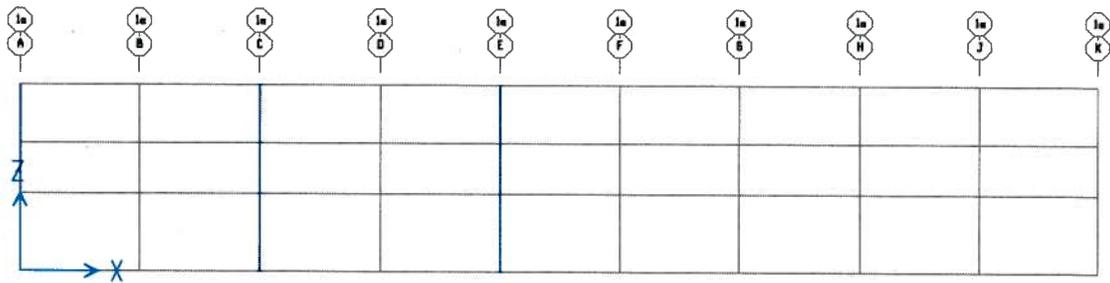
LOW ROOF / EQUIPMENT LOFT

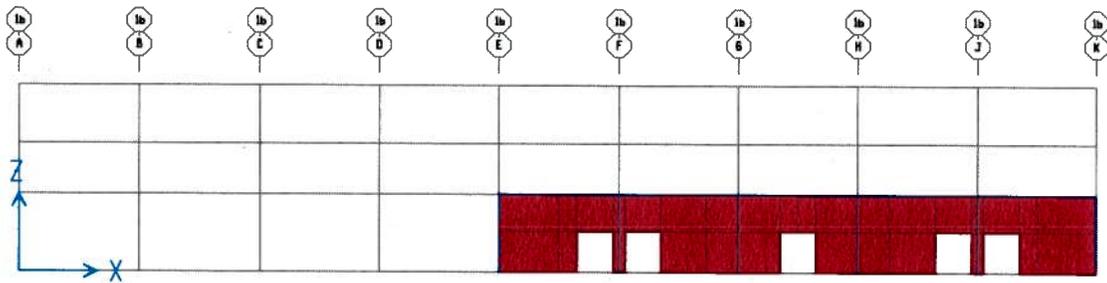


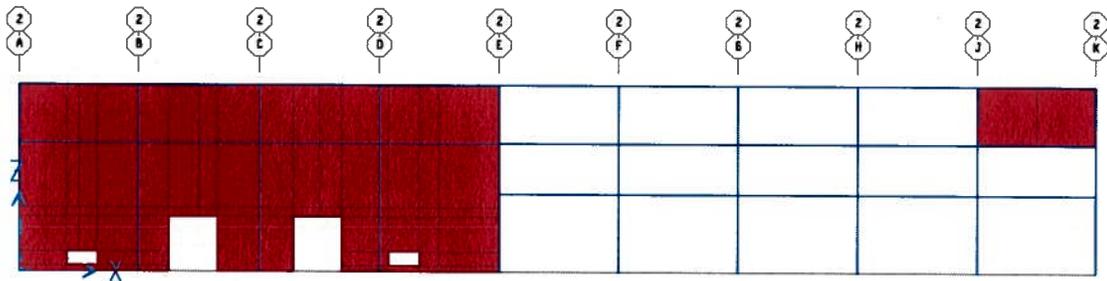
HIGH ROOF

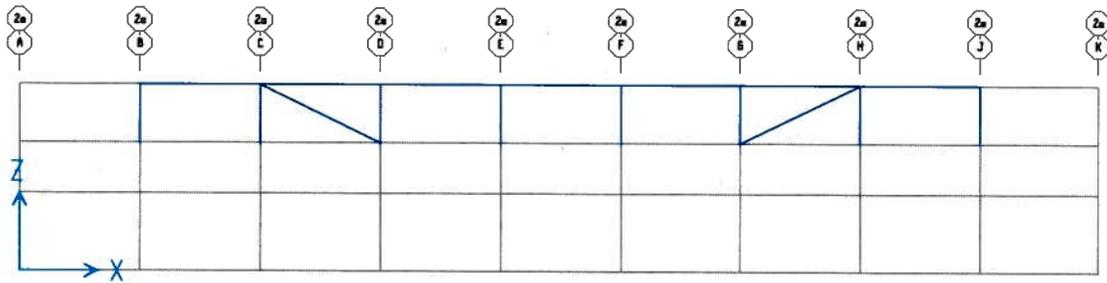


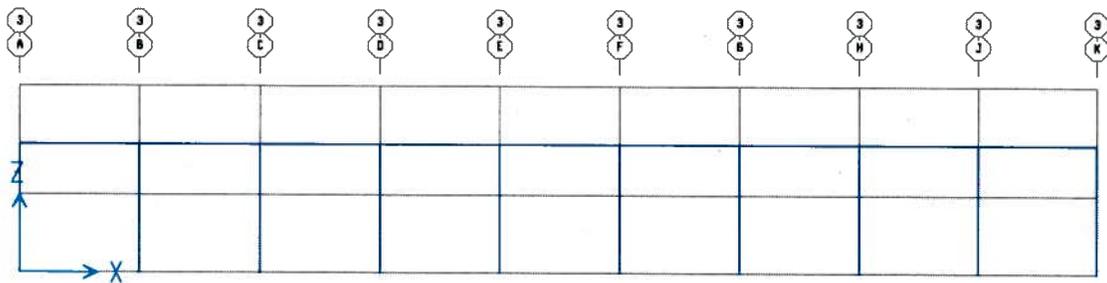


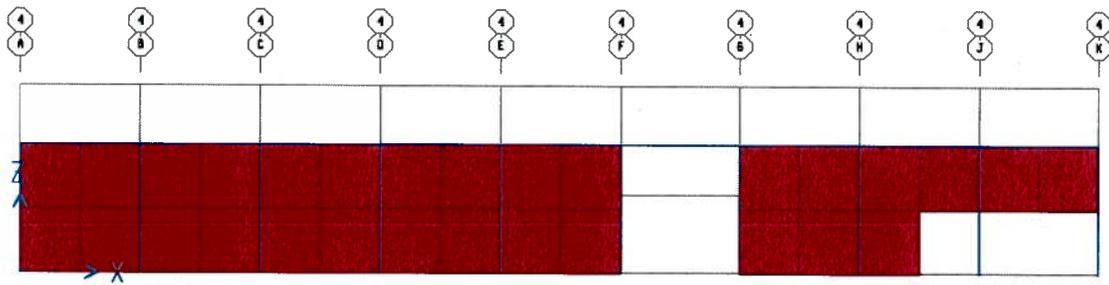


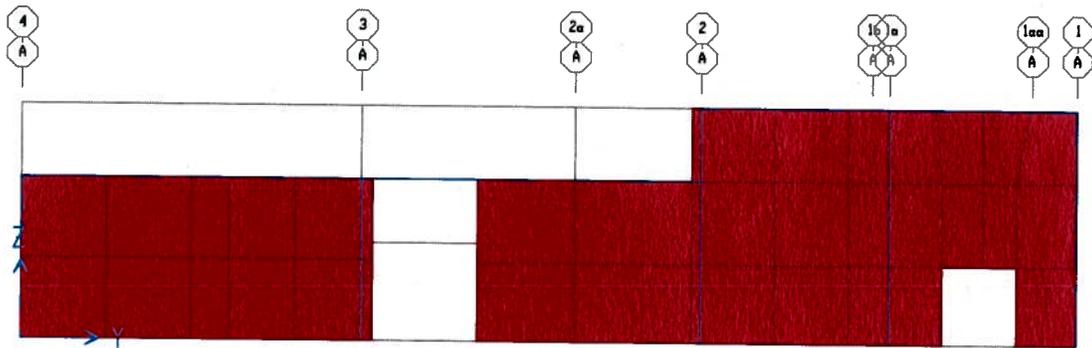


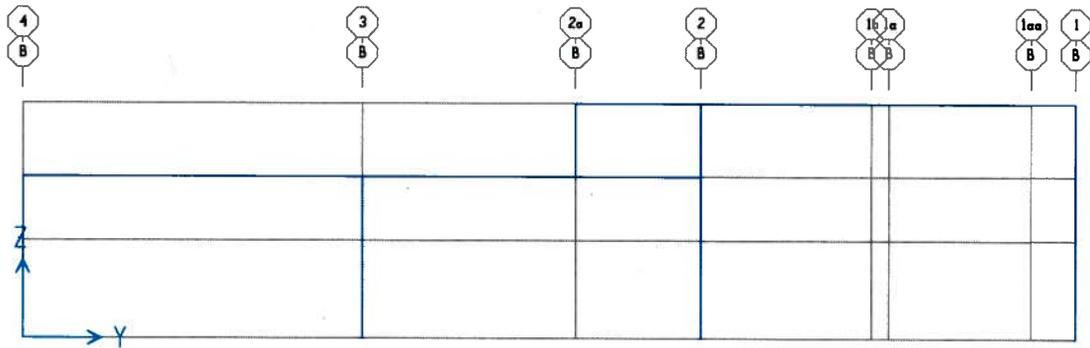


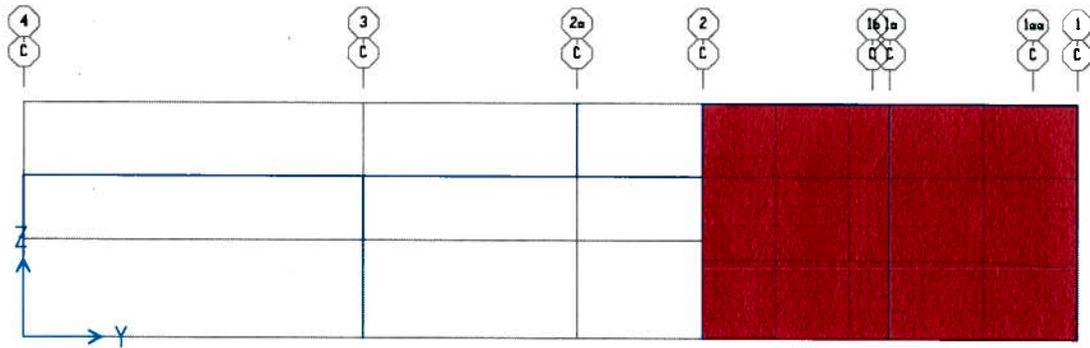


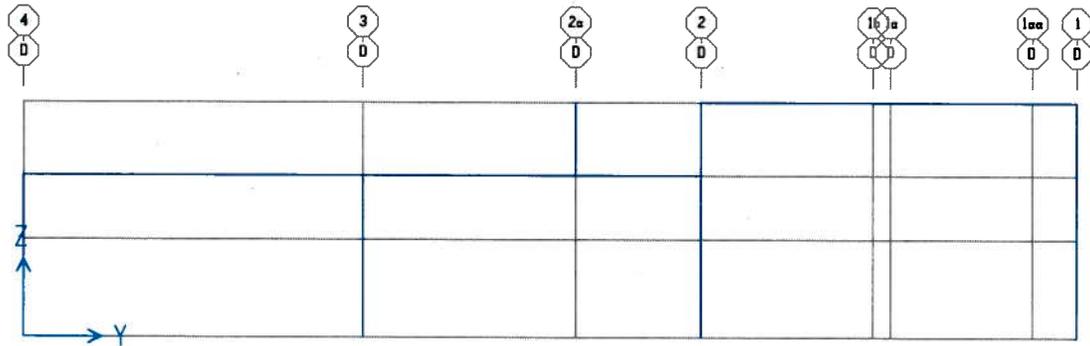


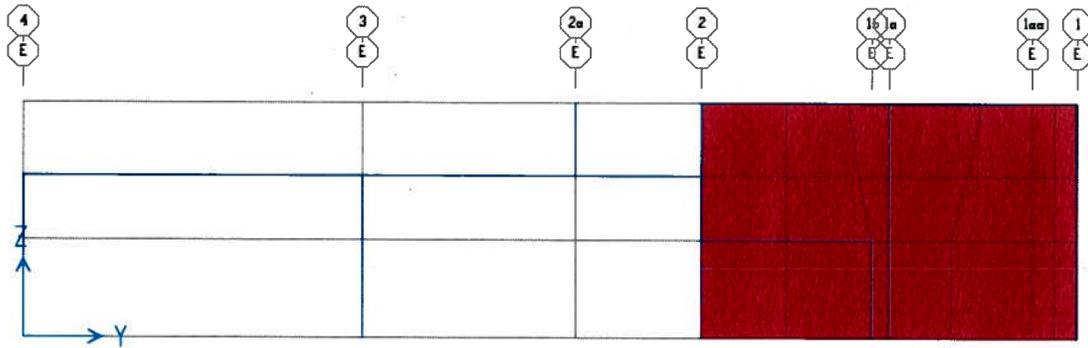


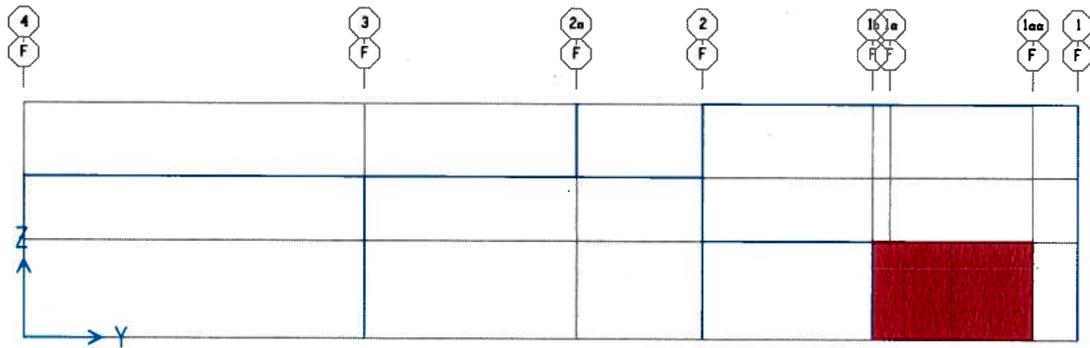


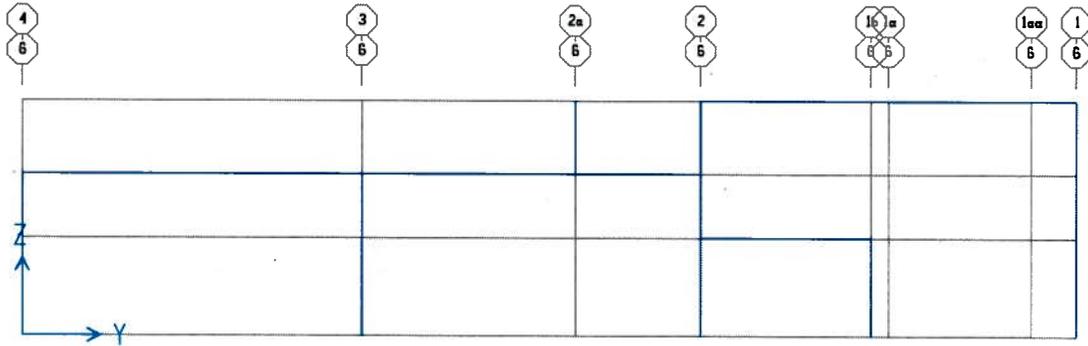


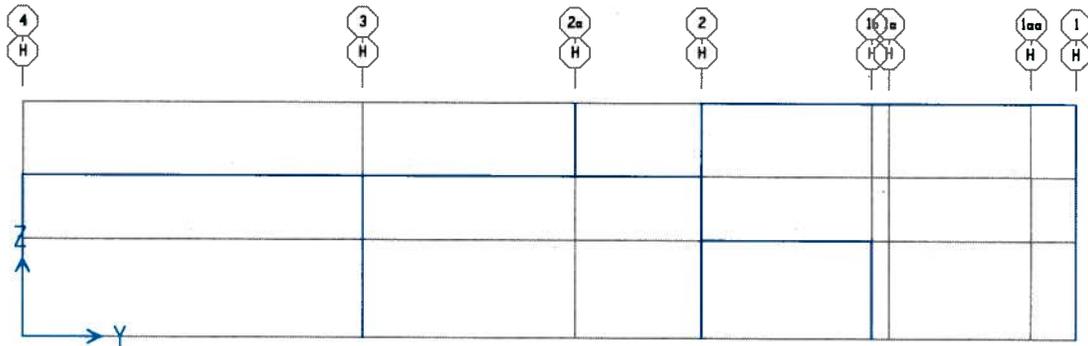


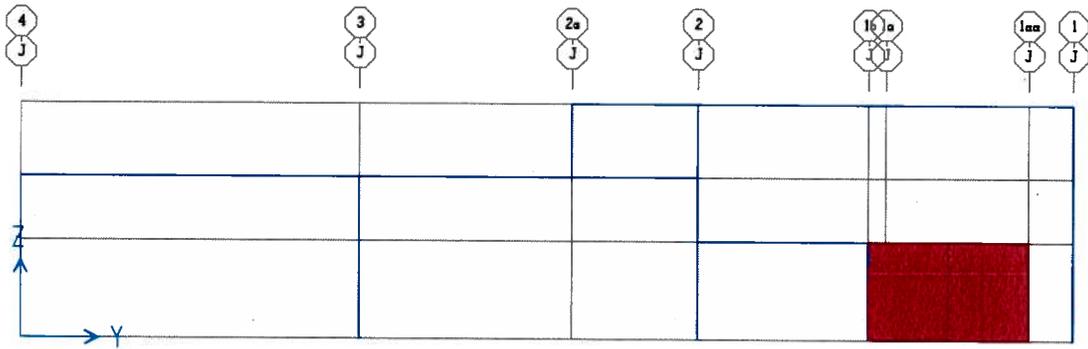


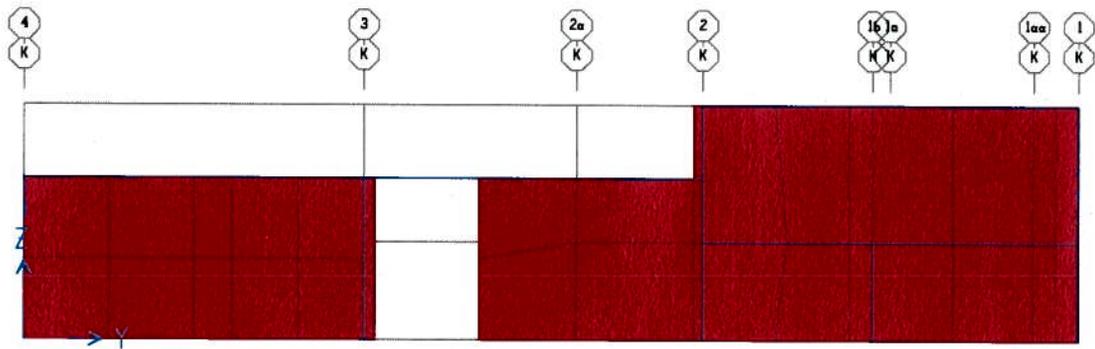












| | | |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Subject: Metal Deck Roof Diaphragm Properties | Job Number: B3189012.00 | Date: 11.19.13 |
| Job: LLNL B341 Increment I | By: AMN | Section: |
| Checked By: | | |

I. General Deck Information

| | | |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|--------|
| h : | Deck Height (in.) = | 1.50 |
| d : | Rib Spacing (in.) = | 6 |
| t : | Base Metal Thickness (in.) = | 0.0474 |
| w : | Panel Width (in.) = | 24 |
| L : | Panel Length (ft.) = | 30 |
| P : | Weld Pattern = | 3 |
| s _e : | Edge Weld Spacing, [w/(P-1)], (in.) = | 12 |
| s _i : | Interior Stitch Spacing (in.) = | 24 |
| w _c : | Corrugation dimension (in.) = | 1.55 |
| e : | Corrugation dimension (in.) = | 0.875 |
| f : | Corrugation dimension (in.) = | 3.5 |

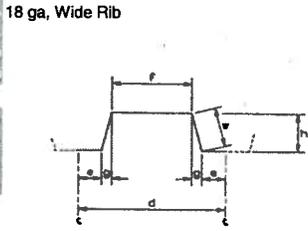


FIG 2.4-1 CORRUGATION DIMENSIONS

II. Connector Strength
Structural Fastener - Arc Spot Weld

| | | |
|------------------|---|--------|
| d _w : | Weld Diameter (in.) = | 0.5 |
| F _u : | Specified Minimum Steel Strength, Members (ksi) = | 45 |
| Q _t : | Structural Connector Strength, [2.2*F _u *(d _w -t)] , (kips) = | 2.12 |
| S _t : | Structural Connector Flexibility, [1.15x10 ⁻³ /(t) ^{0.5}], (in./kip) = | 0.0053 |

Sidelap Fastener - Button Punched (equivalent to #10 screw, per Verco manual)

| | | | |
|------------------|---|-------|--------|
| Q _s : | Sidelap Connector Strength (kips) = | 1.02 | App IV |
| S _s : | Sidelap Connector Flexibility (in./kip) = | 0.014 | App IV |

III. Diaphragm Strength
Edge Fasteners

| | | |
|-------------------|--|------|
| α ₁ : | End Distribution Factor, [App. IV] = | 1.1 |
| n _p : | No. of Purlins (excluding ends) = | 3 |
| α ₂ : | Purlin Distribution Factor, [App. IV] = | 1.1 |
| n _e : | No. of Edge Connectors between Cross Supports, [(L/(n _p +1))/s _e] = | 7 |
| S _{ue} : | Diaphragm Strength (Edge Limit), [(2α ₁ +n _p α ₂ +n _e)Q _t /L] (Kip/ft) = | 0.88 |

Interior Panels

| | | |
|-----------------------|--|------|
| L _v : | Purlin Spacing (ft.) = | 7.50 |
| λ : | [1-h*L _v /(240*t ^{0.5})] = | 0.78 |
| n _s : | No. of Stitch Connectors in Length, [L/s _i] : | 15 |
| α _s : | [Q _s /Q _t] = | 0.48 |
| Σ(x/w) ² : | [App. IV] = | 0.51 |
| S _{ui} : | Diaphragm Strength (Interior Limit), [2(λ-1)+n _s α _s +Σ(x/w) ² *(2n _s +4)]*(Q _s /L), (kip/ft) = | 0.84 |

End Members

| | | |
|------------------|---|-------|
| N : | No. Fasters per Foot Along Ends = | 1.00 |
| B : | [n _s α _s +Σ(x/w) ² *(2n _s +4)] = | 12.29 |
| S _u : | Diaphragm Strength (Corner Limit), [(N ² B ² /(L ² N ² +B ²)) ^{0.5} Q _t], (kip/ft) = | 0.81 |

Limiting Diaphragm Strength Value

| | | |
|-----|-------------------------------|------|
| S : | Diaphragm Strength (kip/ft) : | 0.81 |
|-----|-------------------------------|------|

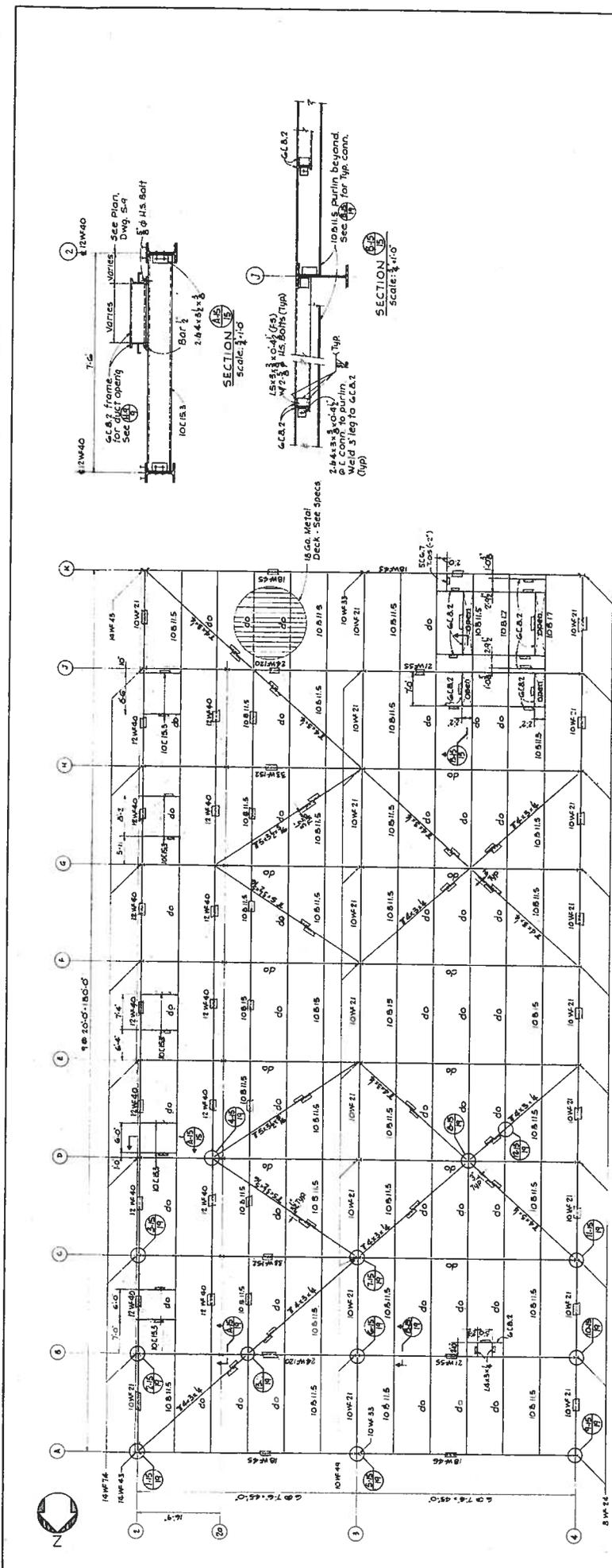
IV. Stability Check

| | | |
|------------------|---|-------|
| I : | Panel Moment of Inertia (in ⁴ /ft width) = | 0.305 |
| d _p : | Corrugation Pitch (in.) = | 6 |
| s _d : | Developed Flute Width, [2(e+w)+f], (in.) = | 8.34 |
| S _c : | Critical Buckling Load, [(3.25*10 ³ /L _v ²)*(I ³ d _p /s _d ^{0.25})] (kips/ft) = | 2.22 |

⇒ 810 plf COMPARES
 WELL TO 2xT_{ALLOW}
 = 2x455 plf = 910 plf
 FROM 1984
 EVALUATION
 MEMO.

IV. Diaphragm Stiffness

| | | |
|------------------|---|----------|
| E : | Modulus of Elasticity (ksi) = | 29000 |
| ν : | Poissons Ratio = | 0.3 |
| C : | Slip Coefficient [(E/w)*S _t *((24L/(2α ₁ +n _p α ₂ +2n _s S _s /S _t))] = | 12.83 |
| D : | Assume Wide Rib, [Table 3.31 pg. 3-4] = | 13013 |
| D _n : | Warping Constant [D/12L] = | 36.15 |
| φ : | D _n Reduction [Table 3.3-2] = | 0.80 |
| G' : | Diaphragm Stiffness (kips/in) = | 30.30 |
| G : | Effective Modulus (ksi) = | 639.35 |
| t' : | Effective Panel Thickness [t*(G/11350)] (in.) = | 0.002717 |



LOW ROOF FRAMING PLAN
Scale 1/8"=1'-0"

Note: Shading indicates limits of equipment left concrete and beams having concrete anchors.



| No. | DATE | REVISION | BY |
|-----|------|----------|----|
| | | | |

AS BUILT
DATE 6-29-64
BY TJC

SEBASTIAN, ELMENDORF, KLEIN, REIBER
ARCHITECTS & ENGINEERS
214 MARKET STREET, SAN FRANCISCO 11, CALIFORNIA
APPROVED BY: [Signature]

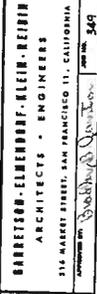
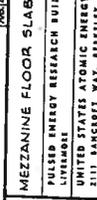
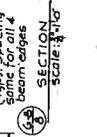
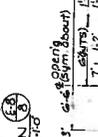
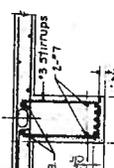
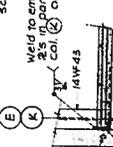
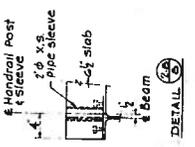
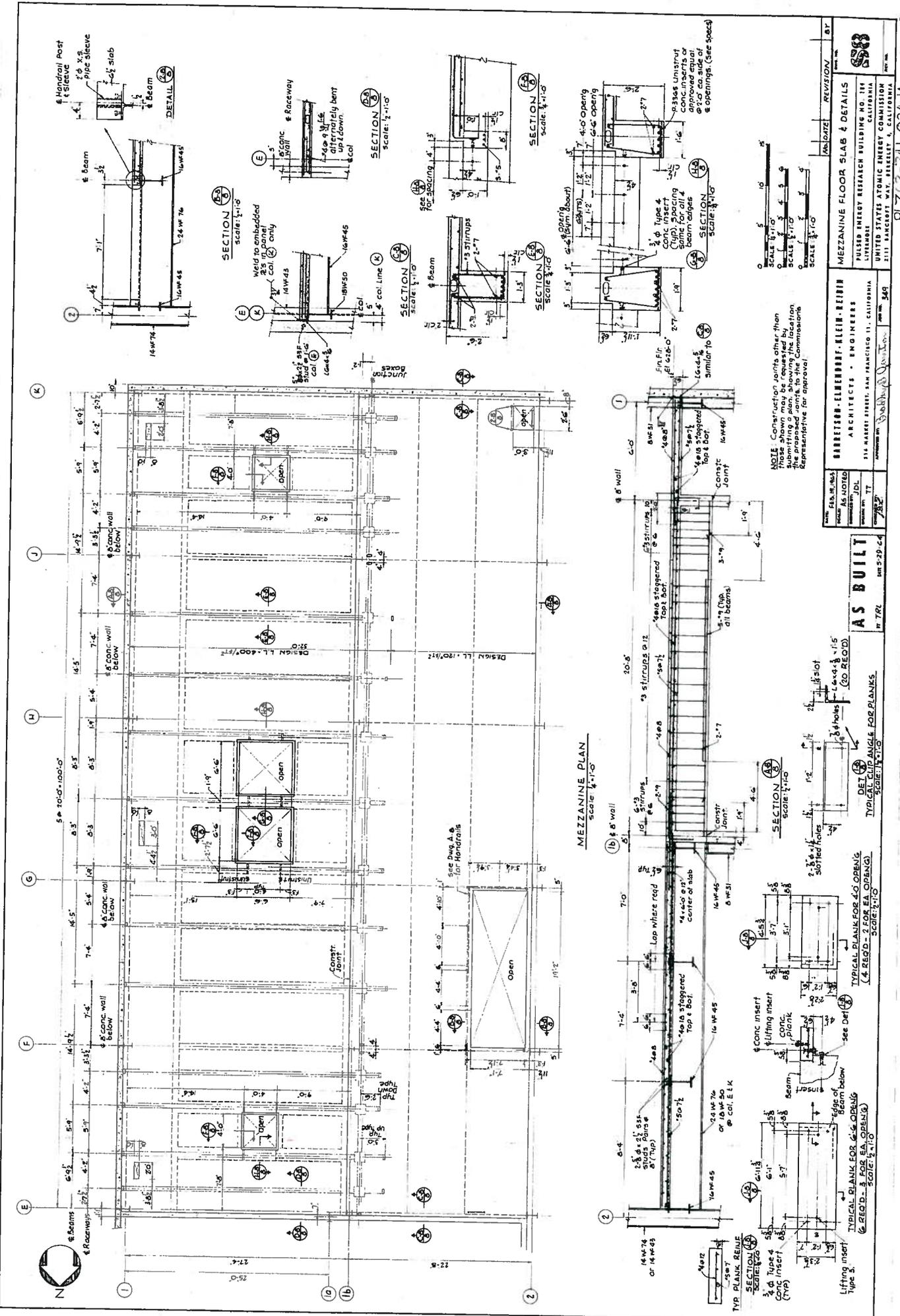
UNITED STATES ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION
2111 BANCROFT WAY, BERKELEY 4, CALIFORNIA
PROJECT NO. 349

STRUCTURAL STEEL FRAMING
PLAN AND DETAILS

PLSLED ENERGY RESEARCH BUILDING, NO. 174
LIVERMORE, CALIFORNIA

915

PLZG3-341-031UA



NOTE: Construction joints other than those shown may be requested by the contractor. The contractor shall submit the proposed joints to the Commission Representative for approval.

SCALE 1/4\"/>

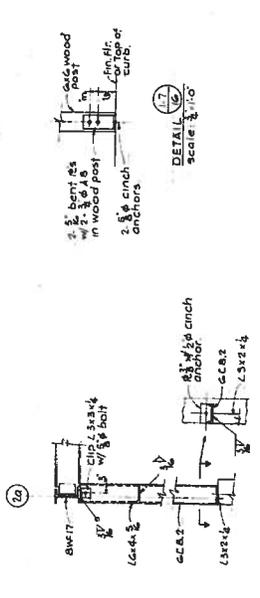
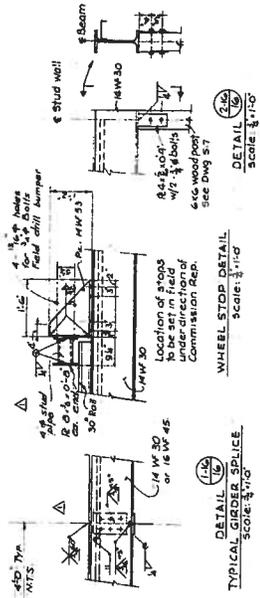
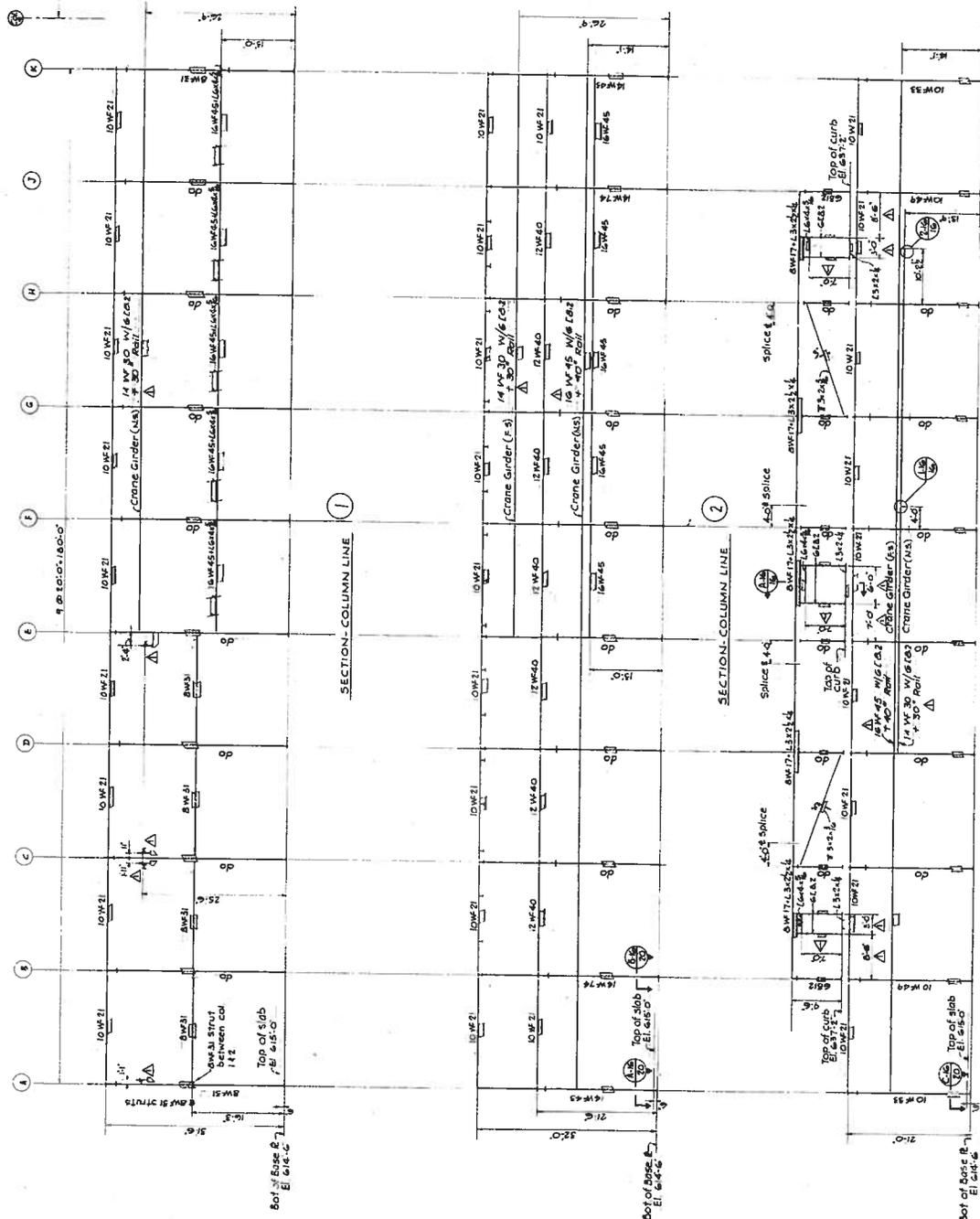
AS BUILT
 7/82
 1/25-29-24

BRISTOL-ELLENBOFF-KLEIN-REINH
 ARCHITECTS - ENGINEERS
 214 MARKET STREET, SAN FRANCISCO 11, CALIFORNIA
 PHONE 398-3400

MEZZANINE FLOOR SLAB & DETAILS
 FULLER ENERGY RESEARCH BUILDING NO. 118
 LIVERMORE
 UNITED STATES ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION
 2111 HARGRETT WAY, BERKELEY 4, CALIFORNIA

DATE: 7/82
 REVISION: 81

PL 763-341-024A



| NO. | DATE | AS BUILT CORRECTION | REVISION | BY |
|-----|---------|---------------------|----------|----|
| 1 | 5/29/64 | As Built Correction | | |

DRAWN BY: J.S. BASS
 CHECKED BY: J.S. BASS
 PROJECT NO.: 7-22
 SHEET NO.: 349

AS BUILT
 MAY 29 1964
 W. T. R. C.

HARRISON-ELLENBERG-REICH-REICH
 ARCHITECTS - ENGINEERS
 214 MARKET STREET, SAN FRANCISCO 11, CALIFORNIA

STRUCTURAL STEEL ELEVATIONS
 SECTIONS DETAILS
 UNITED STATES ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION
 2111 BANCROFT WAY, BERKELEY 4, CALIFORNIA

SECTION - COLUMN LINE 3
 UPPER ELEVATION - COLUMN LINE 20

PLZ63-341-032JA

Evaluation of Concrete Shear Walls



Degenkolb Engineers
1300 Clay Street, 8th Floor
Oakland, California 94612
Phone 510.272.9400

Subject: Concrete Shear Wall Checks
Job: LLNL B341 Increment I
Job Number: B3189012
Date: 12.17.11
By: AVN
Section:

Checked By:

| | |
|-----------------------------|----------|
| f _c (6" walls) = | 4000 psi |
| f _c (8" walls) = | 2500 psi |
| f _y = | 40 ksi |

| | | |
|------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Wall Type | Vertical Steel (in ² /ft) | Horizontal Steel (in ² /ft) |
| 6" Precast | 0.20 | 0.20 |
| 8" CIP | 0.31 | 0.32 |

controlled by dowels (#5@12") into footing at 36 ksi due to incomplete development

| Section Cut | Length (ft) | Height (ft) | Flange Length (ft) | Earthquake | Vu (k) | Mu (k-ft) | Wall Thickness (in) | Shear | | | | Flexure | | | | Shear Friction at Base of Precast Panels | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|------------|--------|-----------|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------|-----------|----------|---------|-----------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--|-----------|----------|------|-----------|----------------|-----|------|------|
| | | | | | | | | Vu (k/ft) | sqrt's f _c | Vn (k/ft) | m-factor | DCR | As (in ²) | P/Aw _c | 0.9 P _{dead} (k) | d (ft) | Mn (k-ft) | m-factor | DCR | Vn (k/ft) | Vu/C1C2 (k/ft) | DCR | | |
| Line 1 E-K Shear Wall Mezz | 100.0 | 32.5 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-X | 104 | 1027 | 6 | 1.0 | 0.2 | 19.1 | 2.5 | 0.02 | 20 | 0.01 | 219 | 48.64 | 59026 | 2.5 | 0.01 | N/A | N/A | N/A | | |
| Line 1 E-K Shear Wall Mezz | 100.0 | 32.5 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 64 | 710 | 6 | 0.6 | 0.1 | 19.1 | 2.5 | 0.01 | 20 | 0.01 | 219 | 48.64 | 59026 | 2.5 | 0.01 | N/A | N/A | N/A | | |
| Line 1 Shear Wall Base | 162.0 | 32.5 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-X | 325 | 5661 | 6 | 2.0 | 0.4 | 19.1 | 2.5 | 0.04 | 32 | 0.01 | 355 | 78.79 | 139161 | 2.5 | 0.02 | 2.5 | 0.02 | 1.4 | 0.57 | |
| Line 1 Shear Wall Base | 162.0 | 32.5 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 56 | 5649 | 6 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 19.1 | 2.5 | 0.01 | 32 | 0.01 | 355 | 78.79 | 139161 | 2.5 | 0.02 | 2.5 | 0.02 | 2.5 | 0.2 | 0.10 |
| Line 1a Shear Wall Base | 73.7 | 13.5 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-X | 113 | 2122 | 8 | 1.5 | 0.3 | 25.6 | 2.5 | 0.02 | 23 | 0.00 | 90 | 35.67 | 31370 | 2.5 | 0.03 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 1.1 | 0.10 | |
| Line 1a Shear Wall Base | 73.7 | 13.5 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 21 | 442 | 8 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 25.6 | 2.5 | 0.00 | 23 | 0.00 | 90 | 35.67 | 31370 | 2.5 | 0.01 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 0.2 | 0.02 | |
| Line 1b Shear Wall P1 | 13.0 | 13.5 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-X | 51 | 268 | 8 | 3.9 | 0.8 | 25.6 | 2.5 | 0.06 | 4 | 0.00 | 16 | 6.29 | 977 | 2.5 | 0.11 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 2.8 | 0.25 | |
| Line 1b Shear Wall P2 | 13.0 | 13.5 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 15 | 74 | 8 | 1.2 | 0.2 | 25.6 | 2.5 | 0.02 | 4 | 0.00 | 16 | 6.29 | 977 | 2.5 | 0.03 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 0.8 | 0.08 | |
| Line 1b Shear Wall P3 | 20.0 | 32.5 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-X | 86 | 431 | 8 | 4.3 | 0.9 | 25.6 | 2.5 | 0.07 | 6 | 0.01 | 59 | 9.68 | 2524 | 2.5 | 0.07 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 3.1 | 0.28 | |
| Line 1b Shear Wall P3 | 20.0 | 32.5 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 20 | 138 | 8 | 1.0 | 0.2 | 25.6 | 2.5 | 0.02 | 6 | 0.01 | 59 | 9.68 | 2524 | 2.5 | 0.02 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 0.7 | 0.06 | |
| Line 1b Shear Wall P4 | 20.0 | 22.0 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-X | 88 | 453 | 8 | 4.4 | 0.9 | 25.6 | 2.5 | 0.07 | 6 | 0.01 | 40 | 9.68 | 2407 | 2.5 | 0.08 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 3.2 | 0.28 | |
| Line 1b Shear Wall P4 | 20.0 | 22.0 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 21 | 128 | 8 | 1.0 | 0.2 | 25.6 | 2.5 | 0.02 | 6 | 0.01 | 40 | 9.68 | 2407 | 2.5 | 0.02 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 0.7 | 0.07 | |
| Line 2 Shear Wall P1 | 13.0 | 22.0 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-X | 52 | 306 | 8 | 4.0 | 0.8 | 25.6 | 2.5 | 0.06 | 4 | 0.01 | 26 | 6.29 | 1017 | 2.5 | 0.12 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 2.9 | 0.26 | |
| Line 2 Shear Wall P1 | 8.0 | 32.5 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 14 | 78 | 8 | 1.1 | 0.2 | 25.6 | 2.5 | 0.02 | 4 | 0.01 | 26 | 6.29 | 1017 | 2.5 | 0.03 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 0.8 | 0.07 | |
| Line 2 Shear Wall P2 | 8.0 | 32.5 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-X | 16 | 105 | 8 | 7.5 | 1.6 | 25.6 | 2.5 | 0.12 | 2 | 0.01 | 23 | 3.87 | 404 | 2.5 | 0.10 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 5.4 | 0.48 | |
| Line 2 Shear Wall P2 | 11.8 | 22.0 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 92 | 282 | 8 | 2.0 | 0.4 | 25.6 | 2.5 | 0.03 | 2 | 0.01 | 23 | 3.87 | 404 | 2.5 | 0.03 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 1.4 | 0.13 | |
| Line 2 Shear Wall P3 | 11.8 | 22.0 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-X | 20 | 40 | 8 | 1.7 | 0.4 | 25.6 | 2.5 | 0.03 | 4 | 0.01 | 23 | 5.73 | 843 | 2.5 | 0.13 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 5.6 | 0.50 | |
| Line 2 Shear Wall P3 | 12.7 | 32.5 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 124 | 708 | 8 | 9.8 | 2.0 | 25.6 | 2.5 | 0.15 | 4 | 0.01 | 37 | 6.13 | 1011 | 2.5 | 0.02 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 7.0 | 0.63 | |
| Line 2 Shear Wall P4 | 8.0 | 32.5 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-X | 12 | 69 | 8 | 0.9 | 0.2 | 25.6 | 2.5 | 0.01 | 4 | 0.01 | 37 | 6.13 | 1011 | 2.5 | 0.03 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 0.7 | 0.06 | |
| Line 2 Shear Wall P4 | 8.0 | 32.5 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 88 | 244 | 8 | 11.0 | 2.3 | 25.6 | 2.5 | 0.17 | 2 | 0.01 | 23 | 3.87 | 404 | 2.5 | 0.24 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 7.9 | 0.71 | |
| Line 2 Shear Wall P5 | 13.3 | 13.5 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-X | 137 | 470 | 8 | 10.2 | 2.1 | 25.6 | 2.5 | 0.16 | 4 | 0.00 | 16 | 6.45 | 1027 | 2.5 | 0.03 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 1.1 | 0.10 | |
| Line 2 Shear Wall P5 | 13.3 | 13.5 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 24 | 143 | 8 | 1.8 | 0.4 | 25.6 | 2.5 | 0.03 | 4 | 0.00 | 16 | 6.45 | 1027 | 2.5 | 0.18 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 7.3 | 0.66 | |
| Line 4 A-F Shear Wall Base | 100.0 | 13.5 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-X | 325 | 3492 | 6 | 3.3 | 0.7 | 19.1 | 2.5 | 0.07 | 20 | 0.00 | 91 | 48.64 | 50461 | 2.5 | 0.06 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 1.3 | 0.12 | |
| Line 4 A-F Shear Wall Base | 100.0 | 13.5 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 86 | 1518 | 6 | 0.9 | 0.2 | 19.1 | 2.5 | 0.02 | 20 | 0.00 | 91 | 48.64 | 50461 | 2.5 | 0.01 | 2.5 | 0.01 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 0.93 |
| Line 4 G-K Shear Wall Base | 60.0 | 13.5 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-X | 78 | 1374 | 6 | 1.3 | 0.3 | 19.1 | 2.5 | 0.03 | 12 | 0.00 | 55 | 29.18 | 18166 | 2.5 | 0.02 | 2.5 | 0.02 | 2.5 | 0.9 | 0.37 |
| Line 4 G-K Shear Wall Base | 60.0 | 13.5 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 25 | 683 | 6 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 19.1 | 2.5 | 0.01 | 12 | 0.00 | 55 | 29.18 | 18166 | 2.5 | 0.02 | 2.5 | 0.02 | 2.5 | 0.3 | 0.12 |



Degenkolb Engineers
1300 Clay Street, 9th Floor
Oakland, California 94612
Phone 510.272.9040

Subject: Concrete Shear Wall Checks
Job: LLNL B341 Increment I

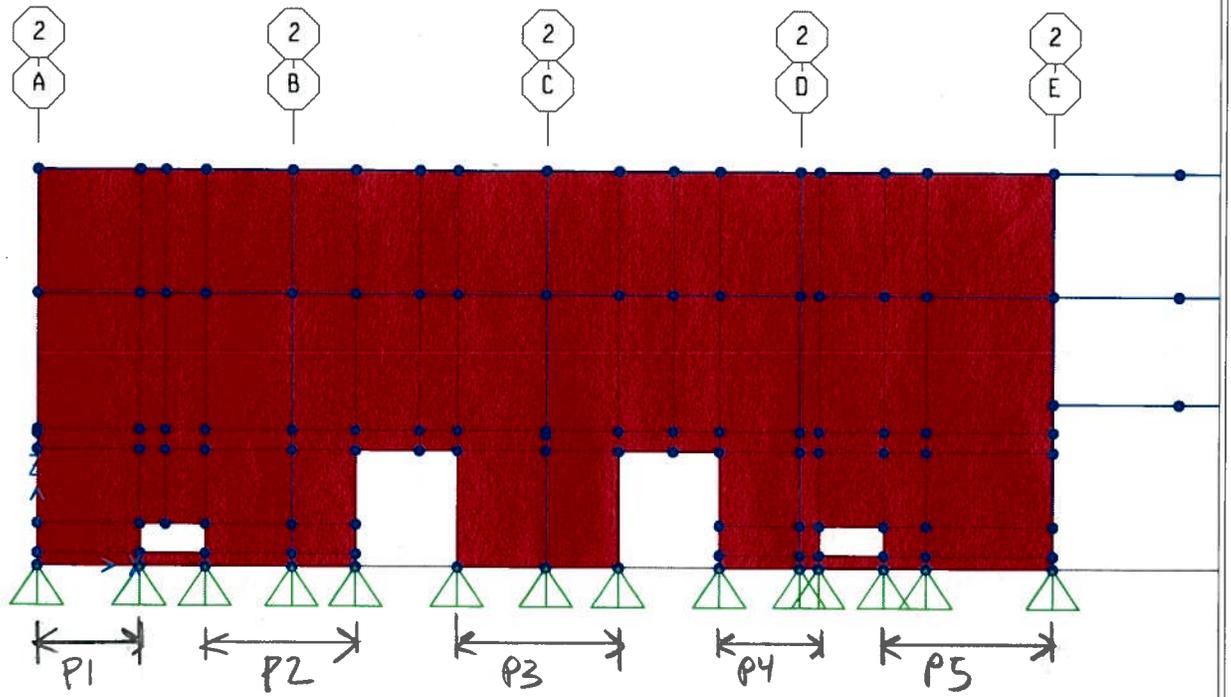
Job Number: B318901E Date: 12.17.17
By: AMN Section:
Checked By:

| | |
|--------------------|----------|
| f_c (6" walls) = | 4000 psi |
| f_c (8" walls) = | 2500 psi |
| f_y = | 40 ksi |

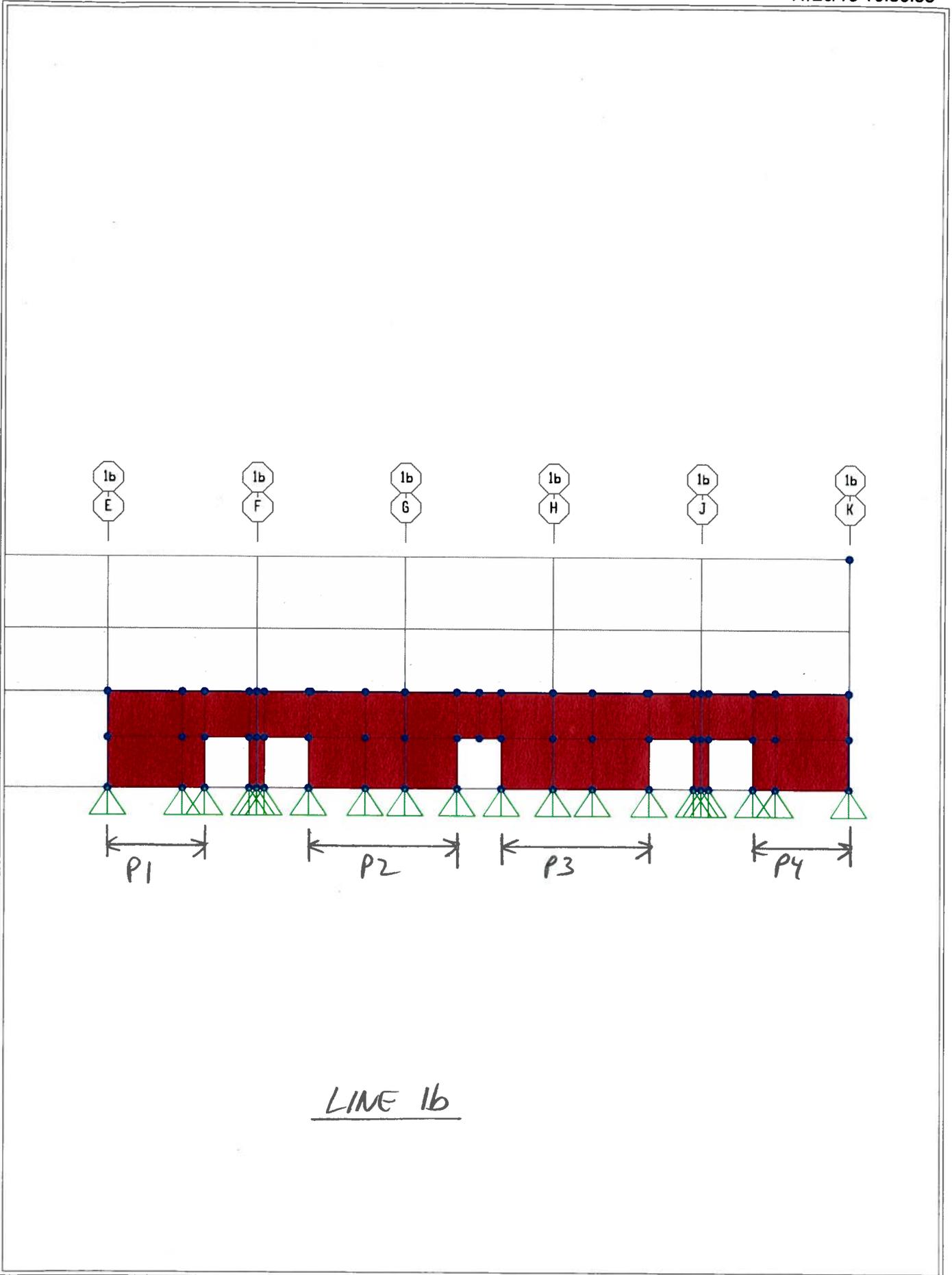
| | | |
|------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| Wall Type | Vertical Steel (lnz/ft) | Horizontal Steel (lnz/ft) |
| 6" Precast | 0.20 | 0.20 |
| 8" CIP | 0.31 | 0.32 |

controlled by dowels (#5@12") into footing at 36 ksi due to incomplete development

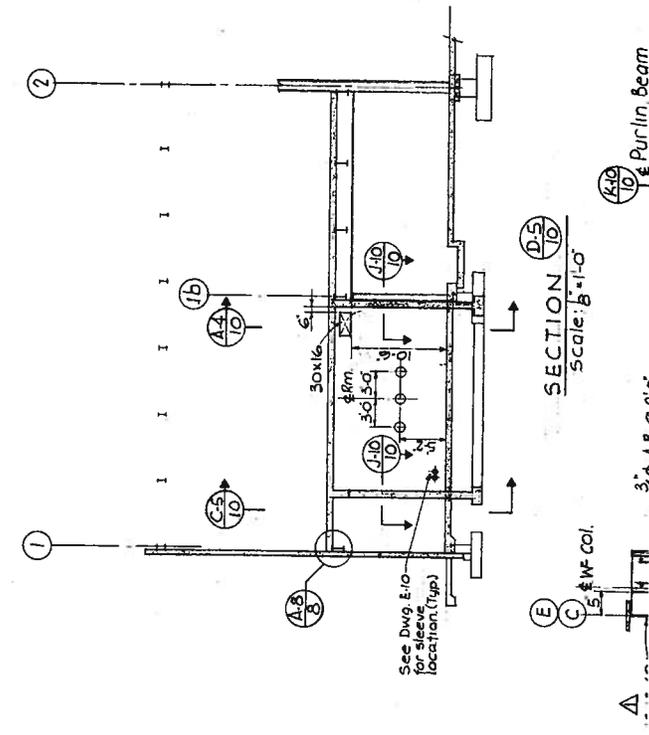
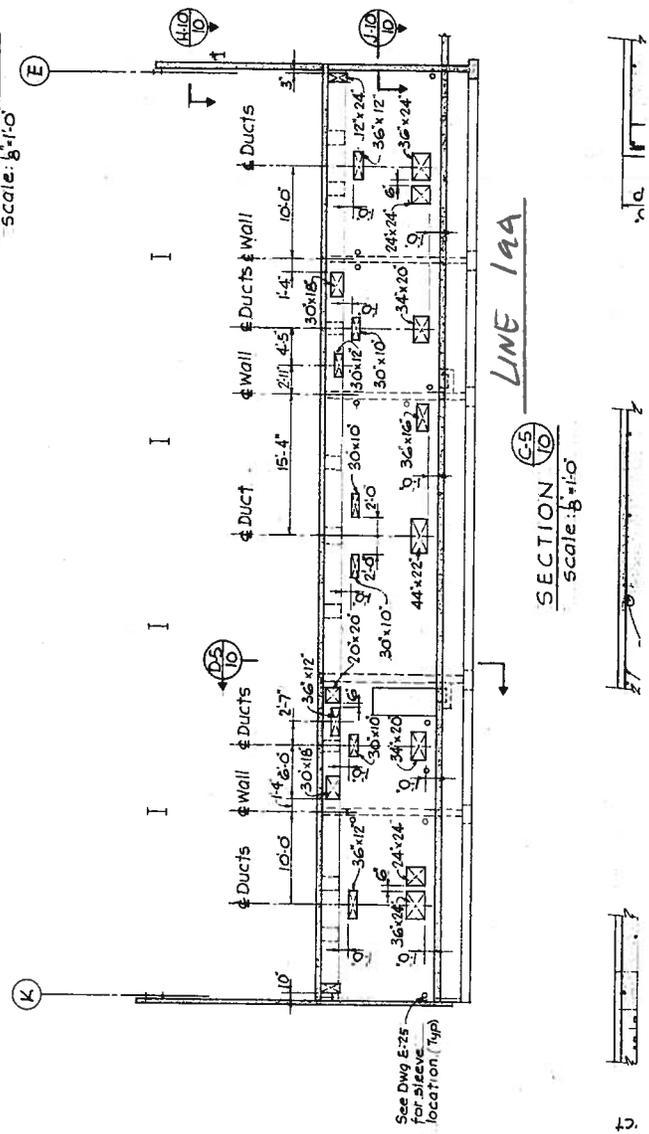
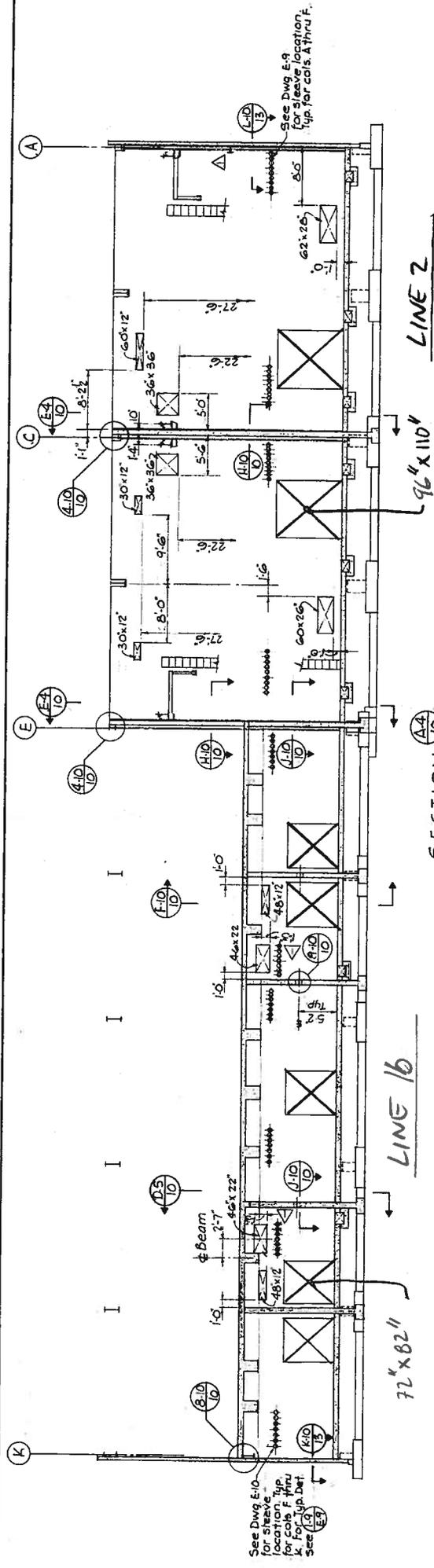
| Section Cut | Length (ft) | Height (ft) | Flange Length (ft) | Earthquake | Vu (k) | Mu (k-ft) | Wall Thickness (in) | Shear | | | | Flexure | | | | Shear Friction at Base of Precast Panels | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|------------|--------|-----------|---------------------|-----------|----------------------|-----------|-----------------------|---------|----------|---------------------|---------------------------|--|-----------|-----------------------|------|-----------|----------------|------|
| | | | | | | | | Vu (k/ft) | spr's f _c | Vn (k/ft) | m ⁻ factor | DCR | As (lnz) | P/Aw ² c | 0.9 P _{dead} (k) | d (ft) | Mn (k-ft) | m ⁻ factor | DCR | Vn (k/ft) | Vu/C1C2 (k/ft) | DCR |
| Line A 1-2.7 Shear Wall Base | 79.7 | 13.5 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-X | 59 | 1034 | 6 | 0.7 | 0.2 | 19.1 | 2.5 | 0.02 | 16 | 0.00 | 73 | 38.75 | 32021 | 2.5 | 0.01 | 2.5 | 0.5 | 0.21 |
| Line A 1-2.7 Shear Wall Base | 79.7 | 13.5 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 158 | 2088 | 6 | 2.0 | 0.4 | 19.1 | 2.5 | 0.04 | 16 | 0.00 | 73 | 38.75 | 32021 | 2.5 | 0.03 | 2.5 | 1.4 | 0.56 |
| Line A 3-4 Shear Wall Base | 46.4 | 32.5 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-X | 30 | 399 | 6 | 0.6 | 0.1 | 19.1 | 2.5 | 0.01 | 9 | 0.01 | 102 | 22.57 | 11416 | 2.5 | 0.01 | 2.5 | 0.5 | 0.18 |
| Line A 3-4 Shear Wall Base | 46.4 | 32.5 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 113 | 1310 | 6 | 2.4 | 0.5 | 19.1 | 2.5 | 0.05 | 9 | 0.01 | 102 | 22.57 | 11416 | 2.5 | 0.05 | 2.5 | 1.7 | 0.69 |
| Line C Shear Wall Base | 50.0 | 22.0 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-X | 55 | 501 | 8 | 1.1 | 0.2 | 25.6 | 2.5 | 0.02 | 16 | 0.01 | 99 | 24.21 | 15043 | 2.5 | 0.01 | 11.1 | 0.8 | 0.07 |
| Line C Shear Wall Base | 50.0 | 22.0 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 303 | 3399 | 8 | 6.1 | 1.3 | 25.6 | 2.5 | 0.09 | 16 | 0.01 | 99 | 24.21 | 15043 | 2.5 | 0.09 | 11.1 | 4.3 | 0.39 |
| Line E Shear Wall Base | 50.0 | 22.0 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-X | 92 | 3687 | 8 | 1.8 | 0.4 | 25.6 | 2.5 | 0.03 | 16 | 0.01 | 99 | 24.21 | 15043 | 2.5 | 0.10 | 11.1 | 1.3 | 0.12 |
| Line E Shear Wall Base | 50.0 | 22.0 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 364 | 5503 | 8 | 7.3 | 1.5 | 25.6 | 2.5 | 0.11 | 16 | 0.01 | 99 | 24.21 | 15043 | 2.5 | 0.15 | 11.1 | 5.2 | 0.47 |
| Line F Shear Wall Base | 21.3 | 22.0 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-X | 23 | 214 | 8 | 1.1 | 0.2 | 25.6 | 2.5 | 0.02 | 7 | 0.01 | 42 | 10.33 | 2738 | 2.5 | 0.03 | 11.1 | 3.9 | 0.35 |
| Line F Shear Wall Base | 21.3 | 22.0 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 116 | 1046 | 8 | 5.4 | 1.1 | 25.6 | 2.5 | 0.08 | 7 | 0.01 | 42 | 10.33 | 2738 | 2.5 | 0.15 | 11.1 | 0.8 | 0.07 |
| Line F.7 Shear Wall Base | 21.3 | 22.0 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-X | 24 | 196 | 8 | 1.1 | 0.2 | 25.6 | 2.5 | 0.02 | 7 | 0.01 | 42 | 10.33 | 2738 | 2.5 | 0.03 | 11.1 | 3.9 | 0.35 |
| Line F.7 Shear Wall Base | 21.3 | 22.0 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 132 | 1132 | 8 | 6.3 | 1.3 | 25.6 | 2.5 | 0.10 | 7 | 0.01 | 42 | 10.33 | 2738 | 2.5 | 0.17 | 11.1 | 4.5 | 0.40 |
| Line H.3 Shear Wall Base | 21.3 | 22.0 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-X | 20 | 181 | 8 | 0.9 | 0.2 | 25.6 | 2.5 | 0.01 | 7 | 0.01 | 42 | 10.33 | 2738 | 2.5 | 0.02 | 11.1 | 4.4 | 0.40 |
| Line H.3 Shear Wall Base | 21.3 | 22.0 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 132 | 1132 | 8 | 6.2 | 1.3 | 25.6 | 2.5 | 0.10 | 7 | 0.01 | 42 | 10.33 | 2738 | 2.5 | 0.17 | 11.1 | 4.4 | 0.40 |
| Line J Shear Wall Base | 21.3 | 22.0 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-X | 14 | 127 | 8 | 0.7 | 0.1 | 25.6 | 2.5 | 0.01 | 7 | 0.01 | 42 | 10.33 | 2738 | 2.5 | 0.02 | 11.1 | 4.4 | 0.40 |
| Line J Shear Wall Base | 21.3 | 22.0 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 114 | 1022 | 8 | 5.3 | 1.1 | 25.6 | 2.5 | 0.08 | 7 | 0.01 | 42 | 10.33 | 2738 | 2.5 | 0.15 | 11.1 | 3.8 | 0.34 |
| Line K 1-2.7 Shear Wall Base | 79.7 | 22.0 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-X | 75 | 1429 | 6 | 0.9 | 0.2 | 19.1 | 2.5 | 0.02 | 16 | 0.01 | 118 | 38.76 | 32782 | 2.5 | 0.02 | 2.5 | 0.07 | 0.27 |
| Line K 1-2.7 Shear Wall Base | 79.7 | 22.0 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 226 | 5387 | 6 | 2.8 | 0.6 | 19.1 | 2.5 | 0.06 | 16 | 0.01 | 118 | 38.76 | 32782 | 2.5 | 0.07 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 0.81 |
| Line K 3-4 Shear Wall Base | 46.4 | 22.0 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-X | 30 | 362 | 6 | 0.6 | 0.1 | 19.1 | 2.5 | 0.01 | 9 | 0.01 | 69 | 22.57 | 11111 | 2.5 | 0.01 | 2.5 | 0.5 | 0.18 |
| Line K 3-4 Shear Wall Base | 46.4 | 22.0 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 132 | 2158 | 6 | 2.9 | 0.6 | 19.1 | 2.5 | 0.06 | 9 | 0.01 | 69 | 22.57 | 11111 | 2.5 | 0.08 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 0.82 |
| Line 2 J-K Shear Wall | 20.0 | 10.0 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-X | 43 | 280 | 6 | 2.2 | 0.5 | 19.1 | 2.5 | 0.05 | 4 | 0.00 | 14 | 9.73 | 2000 | 2.5 | 0.06 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Line 2 J-K Shear Wall | 20.0 | 10.0 | 0.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 55 | 595 | 6 | 2.7 | 0.6 | 19.1 | 2.5 | 0.06 | 4 | 0.00 | 14 | 9.73 | 2000 | 2.5 | 0.12 | N/A | N/A | N/A |



LINE 2



LINE 1b



Subject:

Job Number:

Date:

Job:

By:

Section:

Checked By:

Page of

EVALUATE IN-PLANE SHEAR CINH. @ BASE OF PRECAST

SHEAR FRICTION w/ #4 @ 12" O.C. TO SLAB

$$l_{dh} = 11.2 d_b = 5.6''$$

$$\therefore F_s = \frac{3''}{5.6''} \times 40 \text{ ksi} = 21 \text{ ksi}$$

REDUCE FOR
DEVELOPMENT
IN WALL

ASSUME $\mu = 0.6$ PRECAST NOT
INTENTIONALLY FURNISHED

$$\tau_n = 0.2 \text{ in}^2 \times 21 \text{ ksi} \times 0.6 = \underline{\underline{2.5 \text{ k/ft}}}$$

EVALUATE AS FORCE CONTROLLED

$$\therefore \tau_u = \tau_u / C_1 C_2 = \tau_u / 1.4$$

SHEAR FRICTION @ BASE OF CIP WALLS

#5 @ 12" O.C.

9" HOOK TO FNON.

18" STRAIGHT DEVELOPMENT INTO WALL

$$l_{dh} = 11.2 d_b = 7'' < 9'' \text{ OK - HOOK DEVELOPMENT}$$

$$l_d = 32 d_b = 20'' \therefore F_s = \frac{18}{20} \times 40 \text{ ksi} = 36 \text{ ksi}$$

$$\tau_n = 0.31 \text{ in}^2 \times 36 \text{ ksi} \times 1.0 = \underline{\underline{11 \text{ k/ft}}}$$

\uparrow
N

COMPARE TO 2-#4 @ 18" O.C. = 13.3 k/ft
FULLY DEVELOPED

Subject:

Job Number:

Date:

Job:

By:

Section:

Checked By:

Page

of

CHECK S.O.G. AS DIAPHRAGM @ BASE OF WALLS

7" CONC SLAB w/ 6x6-3/3 WWF
 $F'_c = 2500$ psi $\rightarrow 0.06$ in²/ft

$$V_{ce} = 2\sqrt{1.5 \times 2500} (7") (12") = 10.3 \text{ k/ft}$$

$$V_{se} = 65 \text{ psi} \times 0.06 \text{ in}^2/\text{ft} \times 1.25 = 4.9 \text{ k/ft}$$

$$V_{ne} = 10.3 \text{ k/ft} + 4.9 \text{ k/ft} = \underline{\underline{15.2 \text{ k/ft}}}$$

MAXIMUM SHEAR / FT @ PRECAST PANEL BASE

$$V_u = 3.2 \text{ k/ft} \quad \text{ELASTIC DEMAND}$$

$$V_{ne} = 15.2 \text{ k/ft} > 3.2 \text{ k/ft} \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$$



Subject: Concrete Shear Wall Over Turning Stability Checks

Job: LLNL B341 Increment I

Job Number: B3189012 **Date:** 12.17.13

By: AMN **Section:**

Checked By:

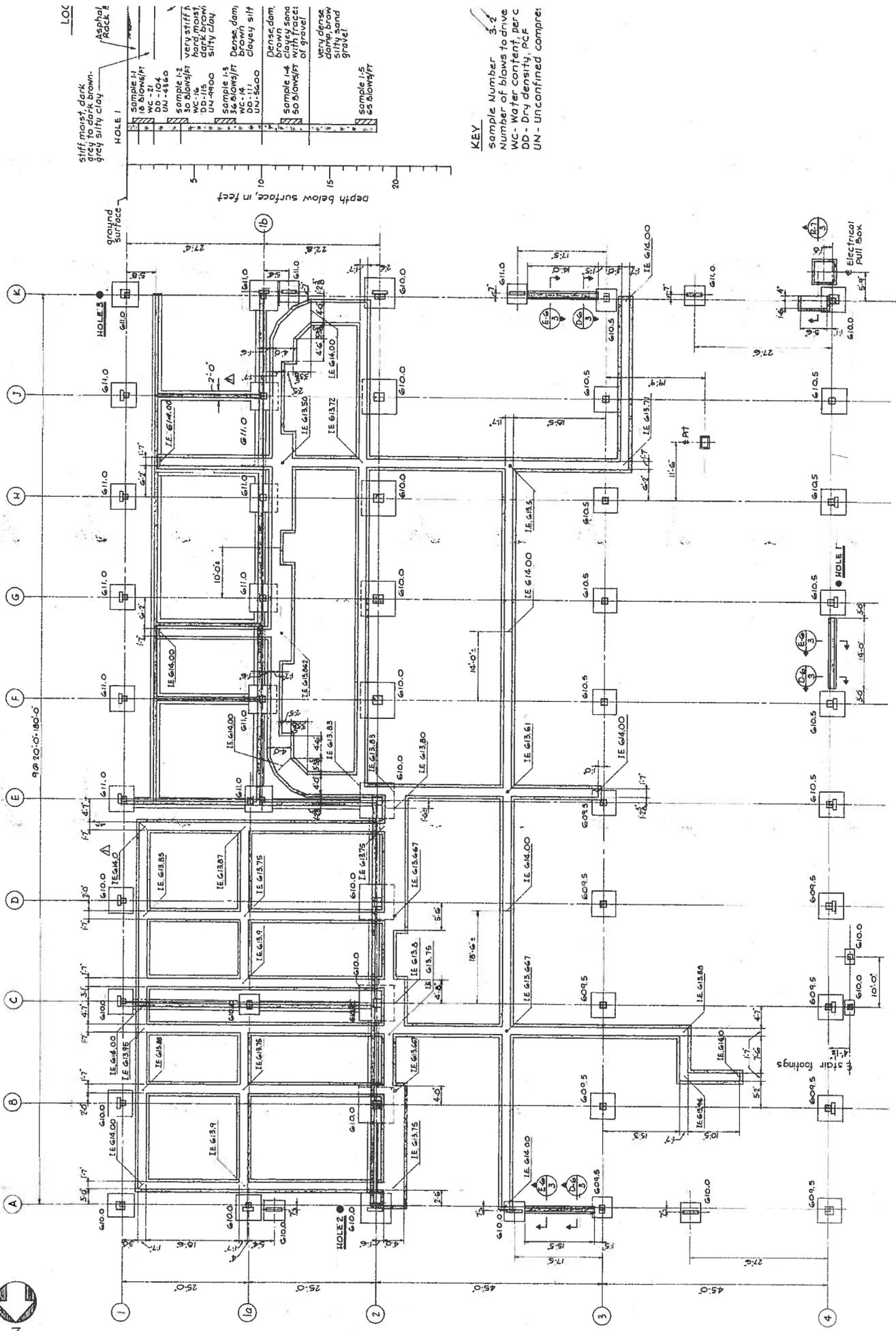
0.9Mst > Mot/C1C2μ ASCE 41-13 Equation 7-6

$C1^*C2 = 1.4$

$\mu = 8$ Life Safety

m-factor = 3 for soil bearing pressure check
 Soil Bearing Capacity = 3*allowable = 6 ksf

| Section Cut | Length (ft) | Height (ft) | Earthquake | Mot (k-ft) | Wall Thickness (in) | Mot/(C1C2μ) | 0.9 Pdead (k) | 0.9 Mist (k-ft) | OT DCR | Trib Width (ft) | P trib (k) | A (sf) | S (ft ³) | P/A (ksf) | M/S/m (ksf) | Total Pressure (ksf) | DCR |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|---------------------|-------------|---------------|-----------------|--------|-----------------|------------|--------|----------------------|-----------|-------------|----------------------|------|
| Line 1 Shear Wall Base | 180.0 | 32.5 | BSE-1E-X | 5661 | 6 | 505 | 395 | 35539 | 0.01 | 25 | 144 | 250 | 9167 | 2.50 | 0.21 | 2.71 | 0.45 |
| Line 1 Shear Wall Base | 180.0 | 32.5 | BSE-1E-Y | 5649 | 6 | 504 | 395 | 35539 | 0.01 | 25 | 144 | 250 | 9167 | 2.50 | 0.21 | 2.71 | 0.45 |
| Line 2 Shear Wall Base | 80.0 | 32.5 | BSE-1E-X | 9928 | 8 | 886 | 234 | 9360 | 0.09 | 66 | 168 | 284 | 3600 | 1.60 | 0.92 | 2.52 | 0.42 |
| Line 2 Shear Wall Base | 80.0 | 32.5 | BSE-1E-Y | 1587 | 8 | 142 | 234 | 9360 | 0.02 | 66 | 168 | 284 | 3600 | 1.60 | 0.15 | 1.75 | 0.33 |
| Line 1aa Shear Wall Base | 100.0 | 13.5 | BSE-1E-X | 2122 | 8 | 189 | 122 | 6075 | 0.03 | 13.75 | 203 | 200 | 3333 | 1.76 | 0.21 | 1.97 | 0.29 |
| Line 1aa Shear Wall Base | 100.0 | 13.5 | BSE-1E-Y | 442 | 8 | 39 | 122 | 6075 | 0.01 | 13.75 | 203 | 200 | 3333 | 1.76 | 0.04 | 1.80 | 0.30 |
| Line 1b Shear Wall Base | 100.0 | 13.5 | BSE-1E-X | 2140 | 8 | 191 | 122 | 6075 | 0.03 | 50 | 740 | 326 | 4235 | 2.72 | 0.17 | 2.89 | 0.48 |
| Line 1b Shear Wall Base | 100.0 | 13.5 | BSE-1E-Y | 502 | 8 | 45 | 122 | 6075 | 0.01 | 50 | 740 | 326 | 4235 | 2.72 | 0.04 | 2.76 | 0.46 |
| Line 4 A-F Shear Wall Base | 100.0 | 13.5 | BSE-1E-X | 3492 | 6 | 312 | 91 | 4556 | 0.07 | 22.5 | 72 | 150 | 3500 | 1.22 | 0.33 | 1.55 | 0.26 |
| Line 4 A-F Shear Wall Base | 100.0 | 13.5 | BSE-1E-Y | 1518 | 6 | 136 | 91 | 4556 | 0.03 | 22.5 | 72 | 150 | 3500 | 1.22 | 0.14 | 1.37 | 0.23 |
| Line 4 G-K Shear Wall Base | 60.0 | 13.5 | BSE-1E-X | 1374 | 6 | 123 | 55 | 1640 | 0.07 | 22.5 | 43 | 100 | 1666 | 1.10 | 0.27 | 1.37 | 0.23 |
| Line 4 G-K Shear Wall Base | 60.0 | 13.5 | BSE-1E-Y | 683 | 6 | 61 | 55 | 1640 | 0.04 | 22.5 | 43 | 100 | 1666 | 1.10 | 0.14 | 1.24 | 0.21 |
| Line A 1-2.7 Shear Wall Base | 79.7 | 13.5 | BSE-1E-X | 1034 | 6 | 92 | 73 | 2891 | 0.03 | 10 | 25 | 100 | 2281 | 1.14 | 0.15 | 1.29 | 0.22 |
| Line A 1-2.7 Shear Wall Base | 79.7 | 13.5 | BSE-1E-Y | 2088 | 6 | 186 | 73 | 2891 | 0.06 | 10 | 25 | 100 | 2281 | 1.14 | 0.31 | 1.45 | 0.24 |
| Line A 3-4 Shear Wall Base | 46.4 | 32.5 | BSE-1E-X | 399 | 6 | 36 | 102 | 2362 | 0.02 | 10 | 15 | 50 | 1125 | 2.78 | 0.12 | 2.90 | 0.48 |
| Line A 3-4 Shear Wall Base | 46.4 | 32.5 | BSE-1E-Y | 1310 | 6 | 117 | 102 | 2362 | 0.05 | 10 | 15 | 50 | 1125 | 2.78 | 0.39 | 3.17 | 0.53 |
| Line C Shear Wall Base | 50.0 | 22.0 | BSE-1E-X | 501 | 8 | 45 | 99 | 2475 | 0.02 | 20 | 148 | 166 | 2416 | 1.62 | 0.07 | 1.69 | 0.28 |
| Line C Shear Wall Base | 50.0 | 22.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 3339 | 8 | 298 | 99 | 2475 | 0.12 | 20 | 148 | 166 | 2416 | 1.62 | 0.46 | 2.08 | 0.35 |
| Line E Shear Wall Base | 50.0 | 22.0 | BSE-1E-X | 3687 | 8 | 329 | 99 | 2475 | 0.13 | 20 | 148 | 166 | 2416 | 1.62 | 0.51 | 2.13 | 0.35 |
| Line E Shear Wall Base | 50.0 | 22.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 5503 | 8 | 491 | 99 | 2475 | 0.20 | 20 | 148 | 166 | 2416 | 1.62 | 0.76 | 2.38 | 0.40 |
| Line F Shear Wall Base | 21.3 | 22.0 | BSE-1E-X | 214 | 8 | 19 | 42 | 450 | 0.04 | 10 | 32 | 90 | 664 | 0.92 | 0.11 | 1.03 | 0.17 |
| Line F Shear Wall Base | 21.3 | 22.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 1046 | 8 | 93 | 42 | 450 | 0.21 | 10 | 32 | 90 | 664 | 0.92 | 0.53 | 1.45 | 0.24 |
| Line F.7 Shear Wall Base | 21.3 | 22.0 | BSE-1E-X | 196 | 8 | 17 | 42 | 450 | 0.04 | 10 | 32 | 90 | 664 | 0.92 | 0.10 | 1.02 | 0.17 |
| Line F.7 Shear Wall Base | 21.3 | 22.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 1136 | 8 | 101 | 42 | 450 | 0.23 | 10 | 32 | 90 | 664 | 0.92 | 0.57 | 1.49 | 0.25 |
| Line H.3 Shear Wall Base | 21.3 | 22.0 | BSE-1E-X | 181 | 8 | 16 | 42 | 450 | 0.04 | 10 | 32 | 90 | 664 | 0.92 | 0.09 | 1.02 | 0.17 |
| Line H.3 Shear Wall Base | 21.3 | 22.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 1132 | 8 | 101 | 42 | 450 | 0.22 | 10 | 32 | 90 | 664 | 0.92 | 0.57 | 1.49 | 0.25 |
| Line J Shear Wall Base | 21.3 | 22.0 | BSE-1E-X | 127 | 8 | 11 | 42 | 450 | 0.03 | 10 | 32 | 90 | 664 | 0.92 | 0.06 | 0.99 | 0.16 |
| Line J Shear Wall Base | 21.3 | 22.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 1022 | 8 | 91 | 42 | 450 | 0.20 | 10 | 32 | 90 | 664 | 0.92 | 0.51 | 1.44 | 0.24 |
| Line K 1-2.7 Shear Wall Base | 79.7 | 22.0 | BSE-1E-X | 1429 | 6 | 128 | 118 | 4716 | 0.03 | 10 | 25 | 100 | 2281 | 1.70 | 0.21 | 1.91 | 0.32 |
| Line K 1-2.7 Shear Wall Base | 79.7 | 22.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 5387 | 6 | 481 | 118 | 4716 | 0.10 | 10 | 25 | 100 | 2281 | 1.70 | 0.79 | 2.49 | 0.41 |
| Line K 3-4 Shear Wall Base | 46.4 | 22.0 | BSE-1E-X | 362 | 6 | 32 | 69 | 1599 | 0.02 | 10 | 15 | 83 | 1125 | 1.19 | 0.11 | 1.30 | 0.22 |
| Line K 3-4 Shear Wall Base | 46.4 | 22.0 | BSE-1E-Y | 2158 | 6 | 193 | 69 | 1599 | 0.12 | 10 | 15 | 83 | 1125 | 1.19 | 0.64 | 1.83 | 0.31 |



LOC

stiff moist, dark grey to dark brown, grey silty clay
Asphalt ROCK I

sample 1-1
18 blows/ft
DB - 104
UN - 4150

sample 1-2
30 blows/ft
WC - 16
UN - 4900
Silty clay

sample 1-3
34 blows/ft
WC - 14
UN - 4600
Dense, damp brown clayey silt

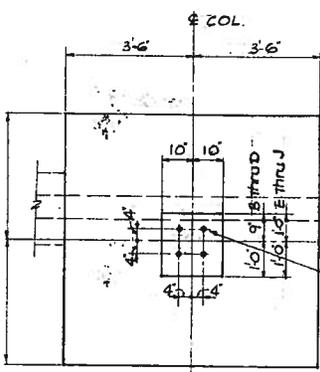
sample 1-4
50 blows/ft
with traces of gravel
Dense, damp brown clayey sand with traces of gravel

sample 1-5
65 blows/ft
very dense damp, brown silty sand gravel

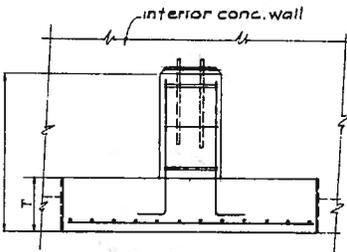
KEY

Sample Number 3-2
Number of blows to drive
WC - Water content, perc
DD - Dry density, pcf
UN - Unconfined compressive strength, psi

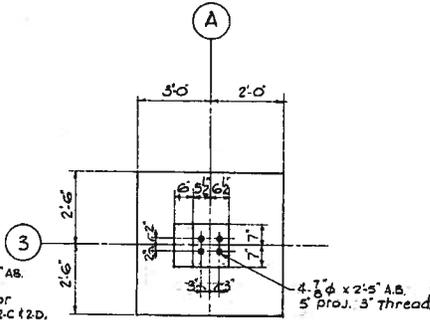
FOUNDATION PLAN



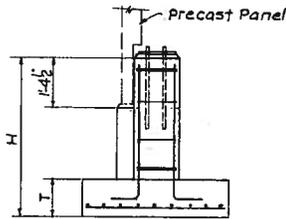
PLAN



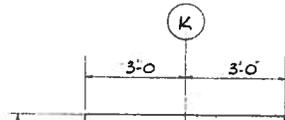
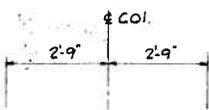
COL FTG. 2-B THRU 2-J



PLAN



COL FTG 3-A & 3-K (OPP HAND)



FOUNDATION SCHEDULE

| COL MARK | FOOTING | | | PEDESTAL | | | | |
|---------------|----------|-------|-------|-------------|-----------|------------|-----------|----------------|
| | SIZE N-S | EW | T" IN | REINFORCING | SIZE N-S | VERT REINF | H' FT-IN | TOP OF PED EL. |
| 1-A | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 12" x 12" | 4-#5 | 4'-3 1/2" | 614'-3 1/2" |
| 1-B | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 14" x 12" | 4-#5 | 4'-3 1/2" | |
| 1-C | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 14" x 12" | 4-#5 | 4'-3 1/2" | |
| 1-D | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 14" x 12" | 4-#5 | 4'-3 1/2" | |
| 1-E | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 14" x 12" | 4-#5 | 3'-3 1/2" | |
| 1-F | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 14" x 12" | 4-#5 | 3'-3 1/2" | |
| 1-G | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 14" x 12" | 4-#5 | 3'-3 1/2" | |
| 1-H | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 14" x 12" | 4-#5 | 3'-3 1/2" | |
| 1-J | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 14" x 12" | 4-#5 | 3'-3 1/2" | |
| 1-K | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 12" x 12" | 4-#5 | 3'-3 1/2" | |
| 1a-A | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 12" x 14" | 4-#5 | 4'-3 1/2" | |
| 1a-C | 4'-0" | 4'-0" | 12" | 5-#5 EW | 20" x 12" | 4-#6 | 4'-3 1/2" | |
| 1a-E | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 14" | 11-#5 EW | 18" x 14" | 4-#6 | 3'-3 1/2" | |
| 1b-E | 5'-0" | 5'-6" | 14" | 11-#5 EW | 14" x 13" | 4-#6 | 3'-3 1/2" | |
| 1b-F | 5'-6" | 5'-6" | 14" | 11-#5 EW | 14" x 13" | 4-#6 | 3'-3 1/2" | |
| 1b-G | 5'-6" | 5'-6" | 14" | 11-#5 EW | 14" x 13" | 4-#6 | 3'-3 1/2" | |
| 1b-H | 5'-6" | 5'-6" | 14" | 11-#5 EW | 14" x 13" | 4-#6 | 3'-3 1/2" | |
| 1b-K | 6'-0" | 5'-6" | 14" | 11-#5 EW | 12" x 13" | 4-#6 | 3'-3 1/2" | |
| 2-A | 6'-0" | 6'-0" | 18" | 8-#6 EW | 12" x 21" | 4-#6 | 4'-3 1/2" | |
| 2-B | 7'-0" | 7'-0" | 18" | 12-#6 EW | 20" x 21" | 4-#6 | 4'-3 1/2" | |
| 2-C | 7'-0" | 7'-0" | 18" | 12-#6 EW | 20" x 21" | 4-#6 | 4'-3 1/2" | |
| 2-D | 7'-0" | 7'-0" | 18" | 12-#6 EW | 20" x 21" | 4-#6 | 4'-3 1/2" | |
| 2-E | 7'-0" | 7'-0" | 18" | 12-#6 EW | 20" x 21" | 4-#6 | 4'-3 1/2" | |
| 2-F | 7'-0" | 7'-0" | 18" | 12-#6 EW | 20" x 24" | 4-#6 | 4'-3 1/2" | |
| 2-G | 7'-0" | 7'-0" | 18" | 12-#6 EW | 20" x 24" | 4-#6 | 4'-3 1/2" | |
| 2-H | 7'-0" | 7'-0" | 18" | 12-#6 EW | 20" x 24" | 4-#6 | 4'-3 1/2" | |
| 2-J | 7'-0" | 7'-0" | 18" | 12-#6 EW | 20" x 24" | 4-#6 | 4'-3 1/2" | |
| 2-K | 6'-0" | 6'-0" | 18" | 8-#6 EW | 12" x 21" | 4-#6 | 4'-3 1/2" | |
| 3-A | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 12" x 14" | 4-#6 | 4'-9 1/2" | |
| 3-B | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 14" x 14" | 4-#6 | 4'-9 1/2" | |
| 3-C | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 14" x 14" | 4-#6 | 4'-9 1/2" | |
| 3-D | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 14" x 14" | 4-#6 | 4'-9 1/2" | |
| 3-E | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 14" x 14" | 4-#6 | 3'-9 1/2" | |
| 3-F | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 14" x 14" | 4-#6 | 3'-9 1/2" | |
| 3-G | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 14" x 14" | 4-#6 | 3'-9 1/2" | |
| 3-H | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 14" x 14" | 4-#6 | 3'-9 1/2" | |
| 3-J | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 14" x 14" | 4-#6 | 3'-9 1/2" | |
| 3-K | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 12" x 14" | 4-#6 | 3'-9 1/2" | |
| 4-A | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 12" x 12" | 4-#5 | 4'-9 1/2" | |
| 4-B | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 14" x 12" | 4-#5 | 4'-9 1/2" | |
| 4-C | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 14" x 12" | 4-#5 | 4'-9 1/2" | |
| 4-D | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 14" x 12" | 4-#5 | 4'-9 1/2" | |
| 4-E | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 14" x 12" | 4-#5 | 3'-9 1/2" | |
| 4-F | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 14" x 12" | 4-#5 | 3'-9 1/2" | |
| 4-G | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 14" x 12" | 4-#5 | 3'-9 1/2" | |
| 4-H | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 14" x 12" | 4-#5 | 3'-9 1/2" | |
| 4-J | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 14" x 12" | 4-#5 | 3'-9 1/2" | |
| 4-K | 5'-0" | 5'-0" | 12" | 10-#5 EW | 12" x 12" | 4-#5 | 4'-3 1/2" | |
| Stair Footing | 3'-0" | 2'-2" | 12" | 5-#4 E.W. | 14" x 14" | 4-#6 | 4'-8" | 614'-8" |

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Date:

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By:

Section:

Checked By:

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CHECK FOUNDATION BEARING PRESSURES

- NO FOUNDATION @ PRECAST PANELS - ONLY @ COLS
- PER ASCE 41-13 FOR FIXED BASE MODEL
EVALUATE SOIL AS DEFORMATION
CONTROLLED w/ $M = 3.0$ (LS)
- TYP. COL FTGS:

LINE 1: 5'x5'

LINE 2: 6'x6'

LINE 4: 5'x5'

LINE A: 5'x5'

LINE K: 5'x5'

- TYP. CIP WALL STRIP FTGS - 2'-0"

FOUNDATION PROPERTIES FOR SOIL PRESSURE CHECKS

LINE 1 (180' LONG - 10 - 5'x5' FTGS)

$$A = 10 \times 5' \times 5' = 250 \text{ sf}$$

$$S = \frac{\sum A d^2}{90'}$$

$$= \frac{2 \times 25 \text{ sf} \times [10^2 + 30^2 + 50^2 + 70^2 + 90^2]}{90'}$$

$$= \frac{825000 \text{ ft}^3}{90'} = 9167 \text{ ft}^3$$

LINE 4 A-F 100' LONG

$$A = 6 \times 5' \times 5' = 150 \text{ sf}$$

$$S = \frac{2 \times 25 \text{ sf} \times [10^2 + 30^2 + 50^2]}{50'} = 3500 \text{ ft}^3$$

LINE 4 G-K 60' LONG

$$A = 4 \times 25 = 100 \text{ sf}$$

$$S = \frac{2 \times 25 \times [10^2 + 30^2]}{30'} = 1666 \text{ ft}^3$$

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LINE 2 (80' LONG)

$$A = 5 \times 6' \times 6' = 180 \text{ sf} + 2' \times 4' \times (20' - 7') = 284 \text{ sf}$$

$$S = \frac{2 \times 36 \text{ sf} \times [20^2 + 40^2]}{40'} = 3600 \text{ ft}^3$$

LINE 199 (100' LONG x 2' STRIP)

$$A = 2' \times 100' = 200 \text{ sf}$$

$$S = \frac{(100)^2 \times 2'}{6} = 3333 \text{ ft}^3$$

LINE 16 (100' LONG)

$$A = 6 \times 5.5' \times 5.5' + 5 \times 2' \times (20' - 5.5') = 326 \text{ sf}$$

$$S = \frac{2 \times 30.25 \text{ sf} \times [10^2 + 30^2 + 50^2]}{50'} = 4235 \text{ ft}^3$$

LINE A & K 1-2.7 (80' LONG)

$$A = 4 \times 5' \times 5' = 100 \text{ sf}$$

$$S = \frac{2 \times 25 \text{ sf} \times [15^2 + 40^2]}{40'} = 2281 \text{ ft}^3$$

LINE A & K 3-4 (45' LONG)

$$A = 2 \times 5' \times 5' = 50 \text{ sf}$$

$$S = \frac{2 \times 25 \text{ sf} (225')^2}{225'} = 1125 \text{ ft}^3$$

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LINES C & E (50' LONG)

$$A = 7' \times 7' + 4' \times 4' + 5' \times 5' + 2 \times 2' \times (25' - 6') = 166 \text{ sf}$$

$$S = \frac{49 \text{ sf} \times 25^2 + 25 \text{ sf} \times 25^2 + (2) \left[(2' \times 4') (12.5)^2 + \frac{(2)(19)^3}{12} \right]}{25'} = 2416 \text{ ft}^3$$

LINES E, F, F.7, H.3 & J

$$A = 2' \times 21.3' + 2 \times 2' \times 12' = 90 \text{ sf} \quad \checkmark \text{ FTG RETURN}$$

$$S = \frac{21.3^3 \times 2'}{12} + (2) \left[2' \times 12' \times 10.7'^2 \right] = 664 \text{ ft}^3$$

ALLOWABLE SOIL BEARING PRESSURE

$$Q_{ULT} = 3 Q_{ALLOW}$$

Q_{ALLOW} NOT GIVEN HOWEVER

TYPI. PERIMETER FTG: (LOW ROOF)

$$5' \times 5' = 25 \text{ sf}$$

$$P_{\text{PROOF DEAD}} = 20' \times 22.5' \times 24 \text{ psf} = 10800 \#$$

$$P_{\text{WALL}} = 24' \times 20' \times 75 \text{ psf} = 36000 \#$$

$$P_{\text{TOT}} = 46800 \#$$

$$Q_{\text{ALLOW}} = \frac{46800 \#}{25 \text{ sf}} = 1872 \text{ psf}$$

SAME FOOTING AS HIGH ROOF W/ 34'-6" TALL WALLS

$$Q_{\text{ALLOW}} = \frac{10800 \# + 51750 \#}{25 \text{ sf}} = 2502 \text{ psf}$$

CONSERVATIVELY USE 2000 psf Q_{ALLOW}

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5' x 5' x 12" FTG w/ 10-#5 E.U.

$$M_{ne} = (40 \times 1.25)(10 \times 0.31 \text{ m}^2)(9' - \frac{40 \times 1.25 \times 10 \times 0.31}{(2)(0.85)(25)(60)})$$

$$= 1300 \text{ k-in}$$

TYP. PEDESTAL = 14" x 12"

$$M_u = (2.5' - 0.5')^2 (W_u) / 2 = 1300 \text{ k-in} / 12 \text{ in}$$

$$W_u = 54 \text{ KSF}$$

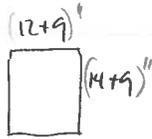
$$V_u = (60 \text{ in})(9 \text{ in})(2 \sqrt{2500'}) = 54 \text{ K}$$

$$V_u = (5' \times (2' - 9 \text{ in} / 12)) W_u = 54 \text{ K}$$

$$W_u = 8.6 \text{ KSF}$$

PUNCHING SHEAR

$$V_c = 4 \sqrt{2500'} (2 \times (12 \text{ in} + 9 \text{ in} + 14 \text{ in} + 9 \text{ in})) 9 \text{ in}$$



$$b_o = \uparrow = 88 \text{ in}$$

$$V_c = 150 \text{ K} = (5' \times 5' - 1' \times 1.17') W_u$$

$$W_u = 6.6 \text{ KSF}$$

$$\text{FOOTING CAPACITY} \approx 6.6 \text{ KSF} < \sigma_{\text{max}} = 3.16 \text{ KSF}$$

OK

Evaluation of Precast Concrete Panel Connections



Subject: Precast Panel Interconnection Checks

Job: LLNL B341 Increment I

Job Number: B3189012.00

Date: 12.17.13

By: AMN

Section:

Checked By:

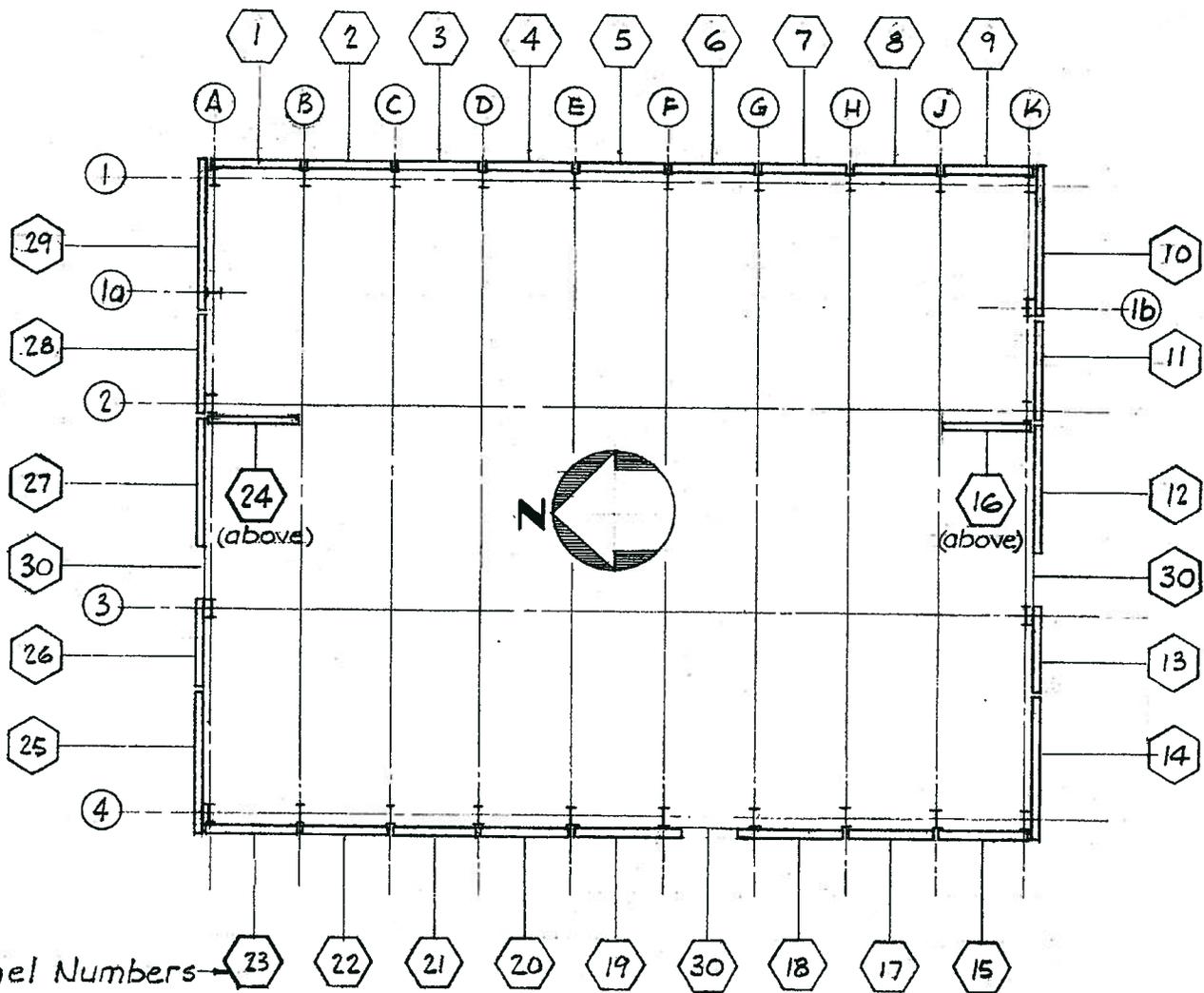
Precast Panel Connections are Force Controlled, therefore divide model demand by $C1^*C2 = 1.4$

$C1^*C2 = 1.4$

Panel-Panel Conn Capacity = 4.0 kips
Panel-WF Col Conn Capacity = 5.1 kips
Panel-WF Col @ Corner = 8.8 kips

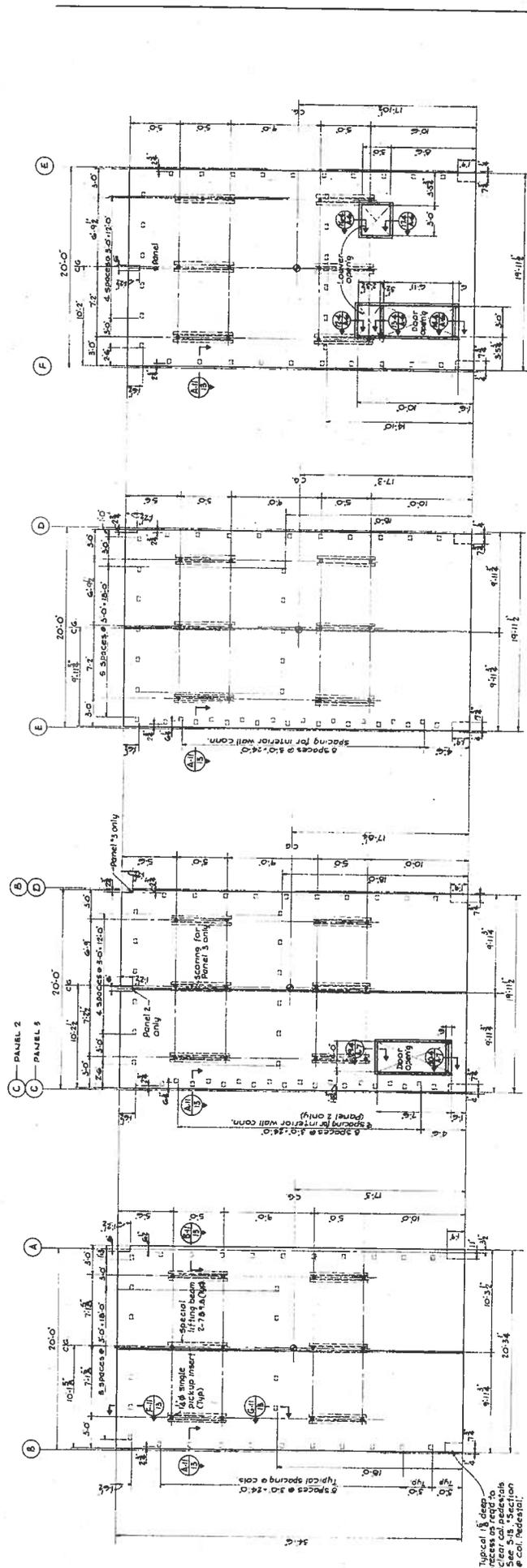
Double Sided Col Conn Capacity = 10.0 kips

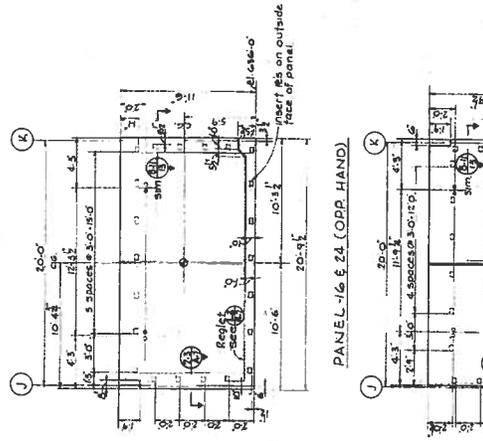
| Panel Number | Panel Width (ft) | Panel Height (ft) | Horizontal Shear (k/ft) | Horizontal Shear (k) | Vertical Shear (k) | Number of Connectors - Side 1 | Connector Capacity - Side 1 | DCR - Side 1 | Number of Connectors - Side 2 | Connector Capacity - Side 2 | DCR - Side 2 |
|--------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|
| 1 | 20.0 | 31.6 | 1.4 | 28.7 | 45.3 | 10 | 8.8 | 0.51 | 10 | 5.1 | 0.89 |
| 2 | 20.0 | 31.6 | 1.4 | 28.7 | 45.3 | 10 | 5.1 | 0.89 | 19 | 5.1 | 0.47 |
| 3 | 20.0 | 31.6 | 1.4 | 28.7 | 45.3 | 10 | 5.1 | 0.89 | 10 | 5.1 | 0.89 |
| 4 | 20.0 | 31.6 | 1.4 | 28.7 | 45.3 | 10 | 5.1 | 0.89 | 19 | 5.1 | 0.47 |
| 5 | 20.0 | 31.6 | 1.4 | 28.7 | 45.3 | 10 | 5.1 | 0.89 | 10 | 5.1 | 0.89 |
| 6 | 20.0 | 31.6 | 1.4 | 28.7 | 45.3 | 10 | 5.1 | 0.89 | 10 | 5.1 | 0.89 |
| 7 | 20.0 | 31.6 | 1.4 | 28.7 | 45.3 | 10 | 5.1 | 0.89 | 10 | 5.1 | 0.89 |
| 8 | 20.0 | 31.6 | 1.4 | 28.7 | 45.3 | 10 | 5.1 | 0.89 | 10 | 5.1 | 0.89 |
| 9 | 20.0 | 31.6 | 1.4 | 28.7 | 45.3 | 10 | 5.1 | 0.89 | 10 | 8.8 | 0.51 |
| 10 | 31.2 | 31.6 | 2.0 | 63.2 | 64.1 | 10 | 8.8 | 0.73 | 10 | 4.0 | 1.60 |
| 11 | 20.8 | 31.6 | 2.0 | 42.1 | 64.1 | 10 | 4.0 | 1.60 | 10 | 4.0 | 1.60 |
| 12 | 28.5 | 21.3 | 2.0 | 57.8 | 43.1 | 7 | 4.0 | 1.54 | 7 | 4.0 | 1.54 |
| 13 | 18.9 | 21.3 | 2.0 | 38.6 | 43.3 | 7 | 10.0 | 0.62 | 7 | 4.0 | 1.55 |
| 14 | 28.3 | 21.3 | 2.0 | 57.8 | 43.3 | 7 | 4.0 | 1.55 | 7 | 8.8 | 0.70 |
| 15 | 20.0 | 7.8 | 0.9 | 18.6 | 7.2 | 4 | 8.8 | 0.20 | 4 | 5.1 | 0.35 |
| 17 | 20.0 | 21.3 | 0.9 | 18.6 | 19.7 | 4 | 5.1 | 0.97 | 7 | 5.1 | 0.55 |
| 18 | 20.0 | 21.3 | 0.9 | 18.6 | 19.7 | 7 | 5.1 | 0.55 | 7 | 10.0 | 0.28 |
| 19 | 20.0 | 21.3 | 2.3 | 46.5 | 49.4 | 7 | 10.0 | 0.71 | 7 | 5.1 | 1.38 |
| 20 | 20.0 | 21.3 | 2.3 | 46.5 | 49.4 | 7 | 5.1 | 1.38 | 7 | 5.1 | 1.38 |
| 21 | 20.0 | 21.3 | 2.3 | 46.5 | 49.4 | 7 | 5.1 | 1.38 | 7 | 5.1 | 1.38 |
| 22 | 20.0 | 21.3 | 2.3 | 46.5 | 49.4 | 7 | 5.1 | 1.38 | 7 | 5.1 | 1.38 |
| 23 | 20.0 | 21.3 | 2.3 | 46.5 | 49.4 | 7 | 5.1 | 1.38 | 7 | 8.8 | 0.80 |
| 25 | 28.3 | 21.3 | 1.7 | 49.2 | 36.9 | 7 | 8.8 | 0.60 | 7 | 4.0 | 1.32 |
| 26 | 18.9 | 21.3 | 1.7 | 32.8 | 36.9 | 7 | 4.0 | 1.32 | 7 | 10.0 | 0.53 |
| 27 | 28.5 | 21.3 | 1.4 | 40.3 | 30.0 | 7 | 4.0 | 1.07 | 7 | 4.0 | 1.07 |
| 28 | 20.8 | 31.6 | 1.4 | 29.4 | 44.6 | 10 | 4.0 | 1.12 | 10 | 4.0 | 1.12 |
| 29 | 31.2 | 31.6 | 1.4 | 44.0 | 44.6 | 10 | 4.0 | 1.12 | 10 | 8.8 | 0.51 |



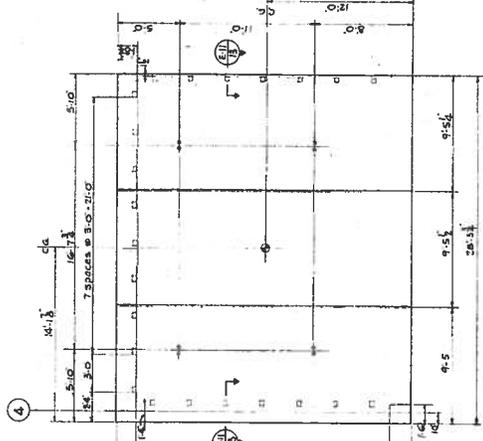
Panel Numbers
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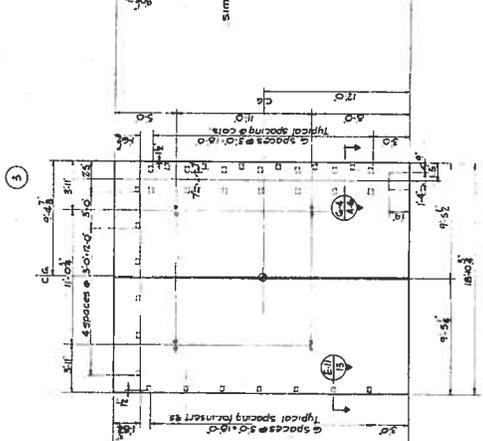




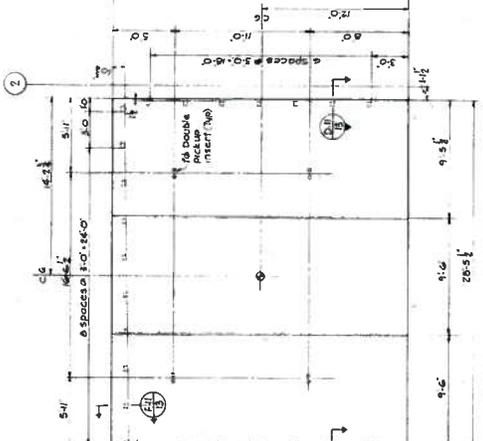
PANEL 12 & 27 (OPP. HAND)



PANEL 13 & 26 (OPP. HAND)

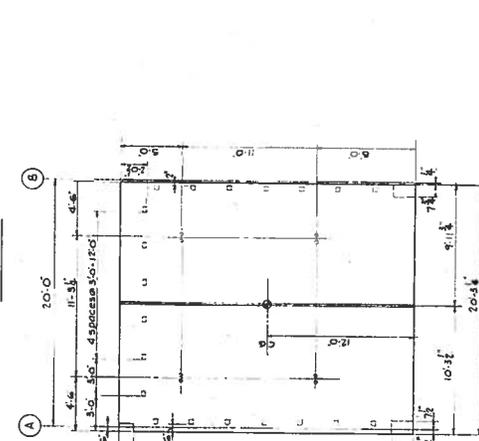


PANEL 14 & 25 (OPP. HAND)

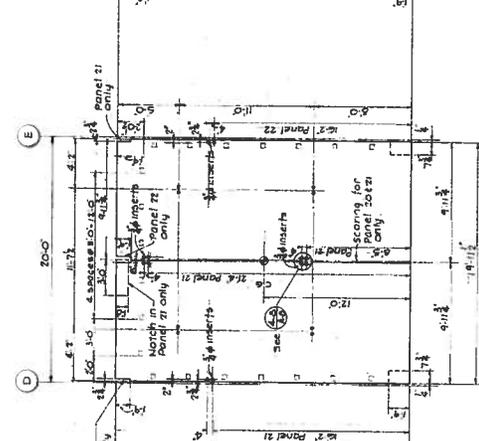


PANEL 15 & 24 (OPP. HAND)

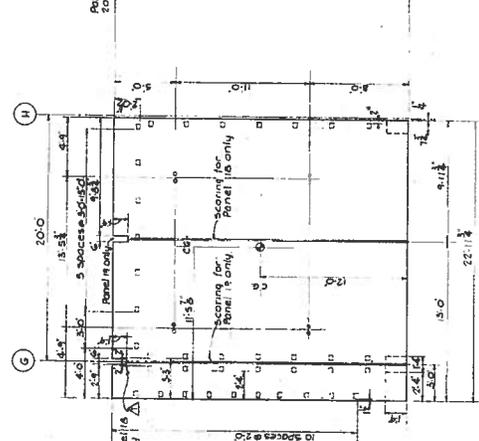
PANEL 15



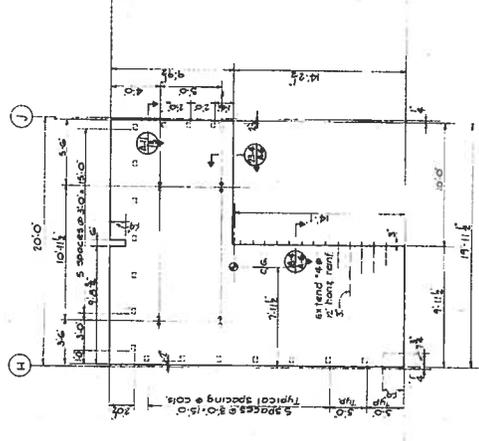
PANEL 16 & 23



PANEL 17 & 22



PANEL 18 & 19 (OPP. HAND)

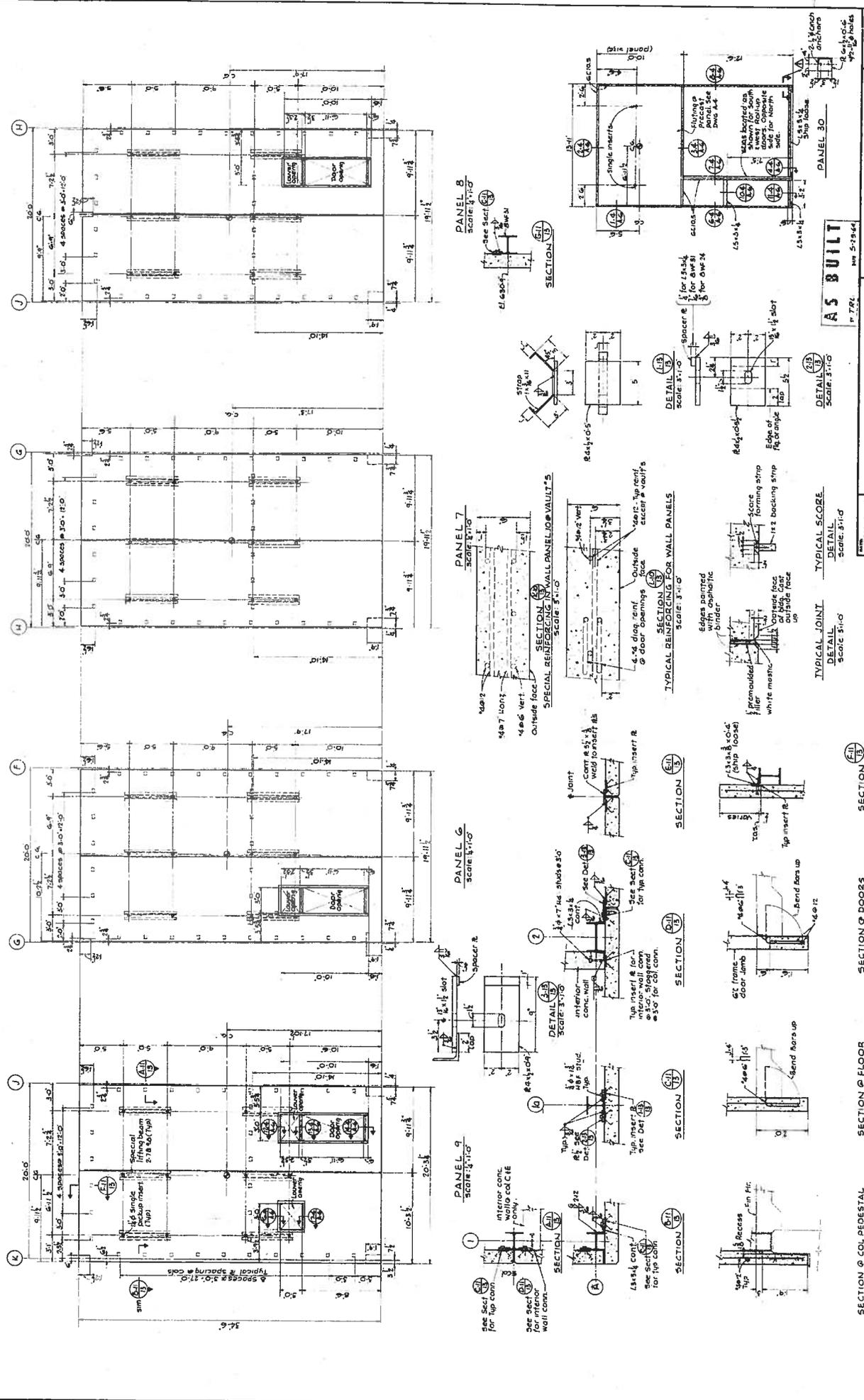


PANEL 20 & 21

SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---------|----------------------|----------------------|--|---------|----|----------|
| A\$ BUILT 17 TR. 5-29-64 | | AS BUILT CORRECTIONS | | REVISION | | BY | |
| NO. | DATE | BY | REVISION | NO. | DATE | BY | REVISION |
| 1 | 5-29-64 | | AS BUILT CORRECTIONS | 1 | 5-29-64 | | REVISION |
| BARRETTON-LEBERKOFF-KLEIN-BEIBIN ARCHITECTS - ENGINEERS 314 MARKET STREET, SAN FRANCISCO 11, CALIFORNIA APPROVED BY: <i>[Signature]</i> | | | | EXTERIOR PRECAST CONG WALL DETAILS UNITED STATES ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION 2111 BANCROFT WAY, BERKELEY 4, CALIFORNIA | | | |
| DRAWN BY: <i>[Signature]</i> CHECKED BY: <i>[Signature]</i> DATE: 5-29-64 | | | | PROJECT NO. 349 SHEET NO. 12 | | | |

PLZG3-341-028JA



AS BUILT
 Nov 5-1964
 P. 782

| | | | | | |
|---|--|--|---|--|--|
| PROJECT NO. 14-1163 1500 W. BROADWAY LOS ANGELES, CALIF. | DRAWING NO. 782 DATE 5-1964 BY [Signature] | REVISION NO. DATE BY | SCALE 3/4" = 1'-0" 0 1 2 3 4 SCALE 1/2" = 1'-0" 0 1 2 3 4 SCALE 3/8" = 1'-0" 0 1 2 3 4 | SECTION OF FLOOR SECTION OF DOORS SECTION OF COL. PEDISTAL | SECTION SECTION SECTION |
| BARRETTON, ELMENDORF, KLEIN, REIDIN ARCHITECTS - ENGINEERS 314 MARKET STREET, SAN FRANCISCO 11, CALIFORNIA REPRESENTED BY [Signature] | | PROJECT NO. 14-1163 DRAWING NO. 782 DATE 5-1964 BY [Signature] | REVISION NO. DATE BY | SCALE 3/4" = 1'-0" 0 1 2 3 4 SCALE 1/2" = 1'-0" 0 1 2 3 4 SCALE 3/8" = 1'-0" 0 1 2 3 4 | SECTION SECTION SECTION |
| AS BUILT Nov 5-1964 P. 782 | | EXTERIOR PRECAST CONC. WALL DETAILS FULLER ENERGY RESEARCH BUILDING NO. 184 LIVERMORE UNITED STATES ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION 1111 FAUCETT WAY, FREELY, CALIFORNIA | PROJECT NO. 14-1163 DRAWING NO. 782 DATE 5-1964 BY [Signature] | REVISION NO. DATE BY | SCALE 3/4" = 1'-0" 0 1 2 3 4 SCALE 1/2" = 1'-0" 0 1 2 3 4 SCALE 3/8" = 1'-0" 0 1 2 3 4 |

PLZ-63-341-029A

Subject:

Job Number:

Date:

Job:

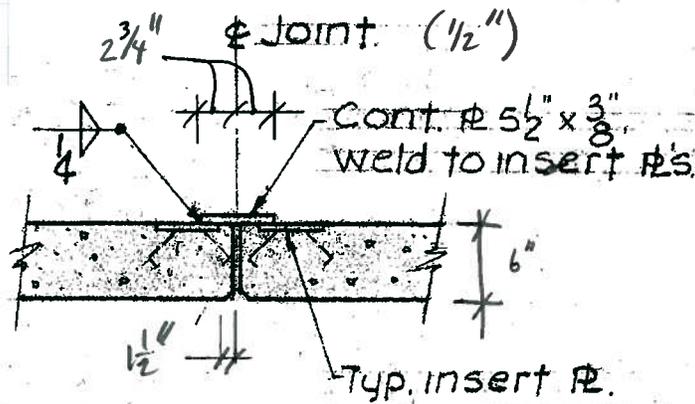
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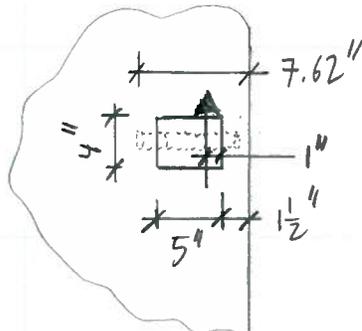
Checked By:

Page of

PRECAST PANEL INSERT CAPACITY PANEL - PANEL CONN



1" x 3/16" STRAP
 $A = 0.1875 \text{ in}^2$
 EQUIV ROUND
 BAR = 0.49" ϕ
 USE 1/2" ϕ
 FOR CALC.



WELD

$$\frac{1.39 \text{ K/in.} \cdot 16^{\text{TH}} \times 4 \times 4^{\text{TH}}}{0.75} = \underline{\underline{30 \text{ K}}}$$

CONC. ANCHORAGE

ACI APPENDIX D

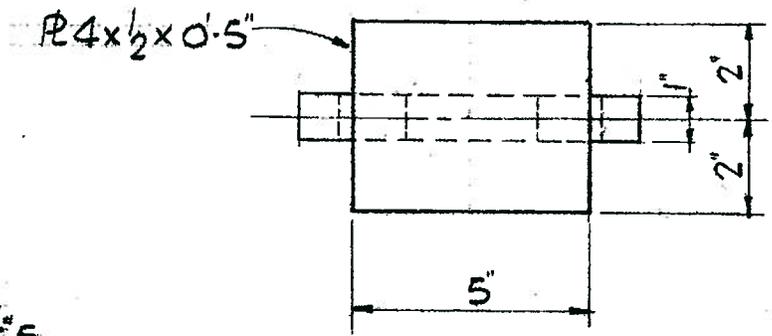
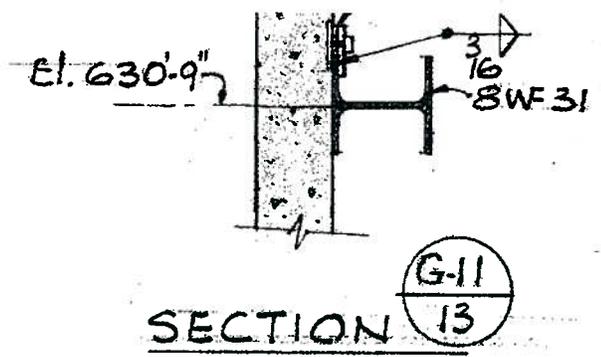
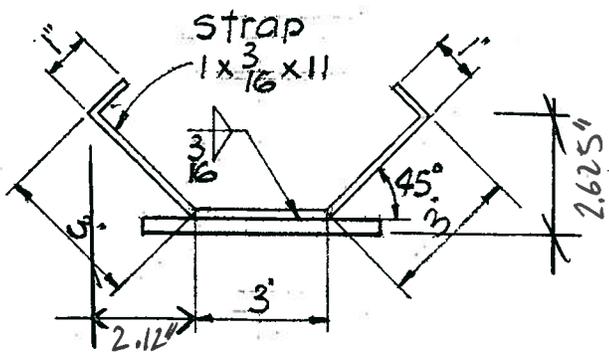
≈ EQUIVALENT TO TWO
 ANCHORS - ONE @ 2.5" EDGE DIST
 & ONE @ 5.5" EDGE DIST

$$\underline{\underline{V_{CBJ} = 4057 \#}} \text{ (SEE SPREADSHEET)}$$

STRAP

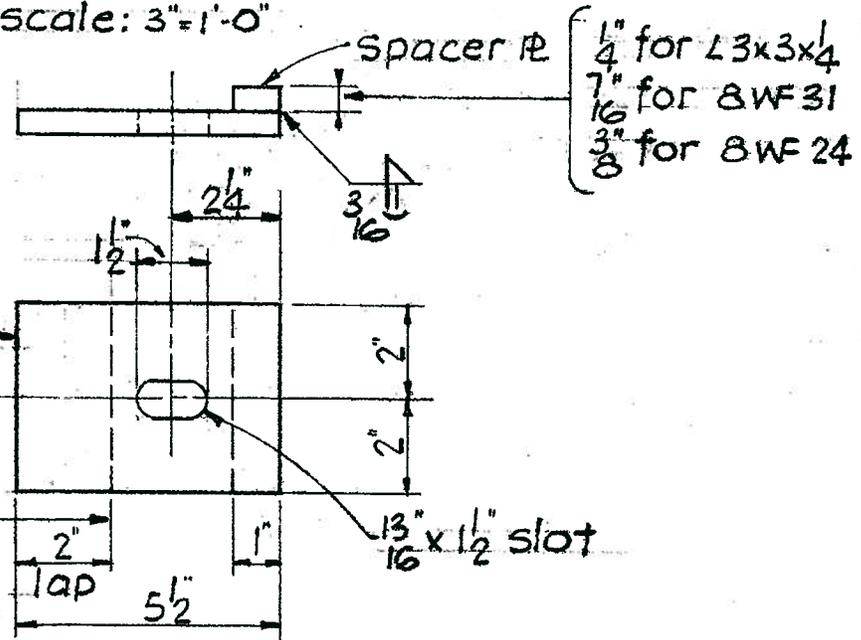
$$V_n = (2)(0.6)(\pi)(1" \times 3/16") = \underline{\underline{9.9 \text{ K}}}$$

5



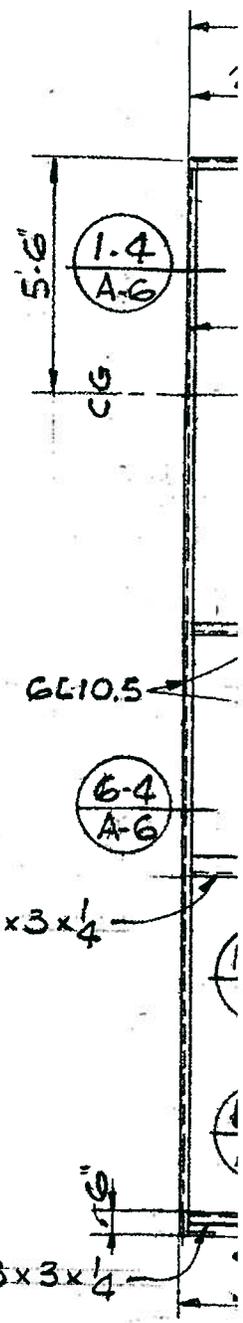
inf. ult's

DETAIL 1-13
13
 scale: 3"=1'-0"



strip
strip

DETAIL 2-13
13
 scale: 3"=1'-0"



AS BUILT

| | | |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Subject: Panel-Column Precast Connection | Job Number: B31891012.00 | Date: 12.20.13 |
| Job: LLNL B341 | By: | Section: |
| | Checked By: | Page/of: |

Anchorage to Concrete per ACI 318-08 Appendix D

Anchorage Condition:

Location: Precast Panel Connections
Condition: Panel-Panel Connection
Loading: Shear along panel edge

Cast-In-Place Anchor Properties:

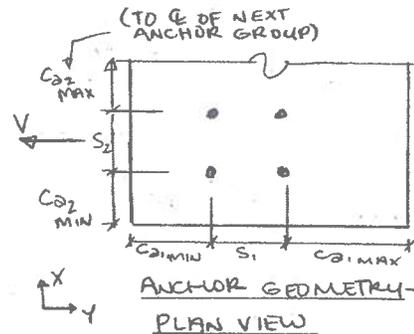
Material: F1554 Gr. 36
 Diameter: 3/8" ϕ
 Nut Type: A563 Hex
 Supplementary Reinforcement (between anchor and edge): None or <#4
 Anchor Yield Stress, f_y : 44 ksi
 Anchor Tensile Stress, f_u : 62 ksi
 $d_o = 0.188$ in
 Effective Embedment Depth of Anchor, h_{ef} : 2.10 in
 Embed from ACI D.5.2.3 for eqns (D-4)-(D-11), h'_{ef} : N/A in (for anchors close to three or more edges)
 Are anchors in group rigidly connected to support? No
 Min Thickness of Steel Attachment: N/A in. (ACI Sec. D.6.2.3, max of 3/8" and 0.5" d_o)
 Embedded washer plate area, if applicable: 0.00 in.² (Input '0.00' if not used)
 Embedded washer plate thickness, if applicable: 0.00 in. (Input '0.00' if not used)
 Embedded nut width, if applicable: 0.00 in

Concrete Data:

$f_c = 4000$ psi
 Concrete Type = Normal Weight
 $\lambda = 1.00$ ACI 8.6.1
 Concrete Performance: Cracking at Service Loads
 Concrete Depth, h_c : 6 in

Anchor Geometry:

Anchor Spacing in Y-Direction, s_1 : 3 in
 Anchor Spacing in X-Direction, s_2 : 0 in
 Number of Anchor Rows in Y-Direction, n_y : 2
 Number of Anchor Rows in X-Direction, n_x : 1
 Total Number of anchors in group, n : 2
 Y-Dir: 1/2 Dist to Next Anchor Group OR Max. Edge Dist., c_{a1_max} : 100.00 in
 Y-Dir Edge Min. Edge Dist., c_{a1_min} : 2.5 in
 X-Dir: 1/2 Dist to Next Anchor Group OR Max. Edge Dist., c_{a2_max} : 36.0 in
 X-Dir Min. Edge Dist., c_{a2_min} : 36.0 in
 Critical edge distance from ACI D.8.6, c_{ac} : 8.4 in
 Dist from centroid of bolt group to applied tension load, e'_N : 0.0 in
 Dist from centroid of bolt group to applied shear load, e'_V : 1.5 in
 Can Shear Breakout Occur in Y-direction? Y
 Can Shear Breakout Occur in X-direction? N



*Note that e'_N and e'_V do not account for additional T or V on anchors due to eccentric application of load. They are only used to calculate the ψ factors for shear and tension breakout.

Anchor Demands:

Do anchors resist seismic demands in a moderate or high seismic region?

Y (If "Y", include 0.75 decrease on capacity for concrete failure modes per D.3.3.3)

Max Tension at Conn Point = 0 lbs
 Max Shear at Conn Point = 1000 lbs
 Direction of Shear Loading = X-Dir
 Required Incr. in Tension Demand** = 1.0
 Required Incr. in Shear Demand** = 1.0

Tension Demand:

N_u = Tension at Anchor Group = 0 lbs

Shear Demand:

V_u = Shear at Anchor Group = 1000 lbs

**Required Demand Increases:

Note: For anchorage of nonstructural components, increase demands by a factor of 1.3 per ASCE 7-05 Ch13.4.2a. Per CBC 2010 Section 1615A.1.14 this increase is no longer required for OSHPD jobs.



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| Job: LLNL B341 | By: | Section: |
| | Checked By: | Page/of: |

Anchorage to Concrete per ACI 318-08 Appendix D

Anchorage Condition:

Location: Precast Panel Connections
Condition: Panel-Panel Connection
Loading: Shear along panel edge

Anchor Capacities:

Note: Capacities associated with concrete failure modes are multiplied by 0.75 per ACI 318-08 D.3.3.3 for structures in Seismic Design Categories D, E, F.

TENSION CAPACITY: Lowest of ΦN_{sa} , ΦN_{cb} , ΦN_{pn} , ΦN_{sb}

Steel Strength of Anchor in Tension: ACI D.5.1

$$\Phi N_{sa} = \Phi \cdot n \cdot A_{se} \cdot f_{ut} \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-3)}$$

$\Phi = 0.75$
 $A_{se} = 0.078 \text{ in}^2$
 $f_{ut} = 62000 \text{ psi}$
 $\Phi N_{sa} = 7254 \text{ lbs}$
 $N_u = 0 \text{ lbs}$
 $N_u / \Phi N_{sa} = 0.00$

Concrete Breakout Strength of Anchor in Tension: ACI D.5.2

| | | | | |
|---|---|---------------|------|---|
| $\Phi N_{cb} = \Phi \cdot A_{Nc} / A_{Nco} \cdot \Psi_{ed,N} \cdot \Psi_{c,N} \cdot \Psi_{cp,N} \cdot N_b$ | ACI Eq (D-4) | $\Psi_{sc,N}$ | 1.00 | Eqn (D-9) |
| $\Phi N_{cbg} = \Phi \cdot A_{Nc} / A_{Nco} \cdot \Psi_{ec,N} \cdot \Psi_{ed,N} \cdot \Psi_{c,N} \cdot \Psi_{cp,N} \cdot N_b$ | ACI Eq (D-5) | $\Psi_{ed,N}$ | 0.94 | Eqns (D-10 and D-11) |
| $\Phi = 0.7$ | | $\Psi_{c,N}$ | 1.00 | Section D.5.2.6 |
| $N_b = \lambda \cdot k_c \cdot \sqrt{f'_c} \cdot (h_{ef})^{1.5} \text{ OR } N_b = \lambda \cdot 16 \cdot \sqrt{f'_c} \cdot (h_{ef})^{5/3} \text{ if } (11 < h_{ef} < 25)$ | | $\Psi_{cp,N}$ | 1.00 | Does not apply to cast-in-place anchors |
| $k_c = 24$ | ACI Eqn (D-7) or (D-8) | | | |
| $N_b = 4619 \text{ lbs}$ | | | | |
| $A_{Nco} = 9 \cdot h_{ef}^2$ | ACI Eqn (D-6) | | | |
| $A_{Nco} = 40 \text{ in}^2$ | (Projected area for a single anchor without edge distance considered) | | | |
| $A_{Nc} = 54 \text{ in}^2$ | (Proj. area for group of anchors with edge dist. considered; Not greater than $n \cdot A_{Nco}$) | | | |
| | (Where washers are used, projected area is calculated per ACI 318-05 Section D.5.2.8.) | | | |
| $N_{cb} \text{ or } N_{cbg} = 5950 \text{ lbs}$ | Strength of group of anchors | | | |
| $0.75 \Phi N_{cb} \text{ or } 0.75 \Phi N_{cbg} = 3124 \text{ lbs}$ | | | | |
| $N_u = 0 \text{ lbs}$ | | | | |
| $N_u / \Phi N_{cbg} = 0.00$ | | | | |

Concrete Pullout Strength of Anchor in Tension: ACI D.5.3

$$\Phi N_{pn} = \Phi \cdot \Psi_{c,p} \cdot N_p \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-14)}$$

$$N_p = 8 \cdot A_{brg} \cdot f'_c \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-15)}$$

$A_{brg} = 0.16 \text{ in}^2$ (From PCA Notes on ACI 318-05 Table 34-2)
 $\Phi = 0.70$
 $N_p = 5248 \text{ lbs}$
 $\Psi_{c,p} = 1.00 \text{ in}$
 $0.75 \Phi N_{pn} = 2755 \text{ lbs}$ (Strength of a single anchor in group)
 $N_u = 0 \text{ lbs}$ (Demand of a single anchor in group)
 $N_u / \Phi N_p = 0.00$



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Anchorage to Concrete per ACI 318-08 Appendix D

Anchorage Condition:

Location: Precast Panel Connections
Condition: Panel-Panel Connection
Loading: Shear along panel edge

TENSION CAPACITY, cont.

Concrete Side-Face Blowout Strength of a Headed Anchor in Tension: ACI D.5.4

| | |
|---|--|
| $\Phi N_{sb} = \Phi \lambda \cdot 160 \cdot c_{s1} \sqrt{A_{brg}} \sqrt{f_c}$ | ACI Eqn (D-17) |
| $\Phi N_{sb} = \Phi (1 + s / (6 \cdot c_{s1})) \cdot N_{sb}$ | ACI Eqn (D-18) |
| $\Phi = 0.70$ | |
| Deep embed. close to edge in Y-dir? | No <i>"Yes" if $c_{s1} < 0.4h_{ef}$</i> |
| Deep embed. close to edge in X-dir? | No <i>"Yes" if $c_{s2} < 0.4h_{ef}$</i> |
| For anchor group, is $s_2 < 6 \cdot c_{s1}$? | Yes <i>For blowout of group in Y-direction</i> |
| For anchor group, is $s_1 < 6 \cdot c_{s2}$? | Yes <i>For blowout of group in X-direction</i> |
| Does failure mode apply in either dir? | No <i>Failure mode applies if $c_{s,min} < 0.4h_{ef}$ and if $s < 6 \cdot c_s$ (for group of anchors)</i> |
| Edge distance factor for N_{sb} : | 1.0 <i>Factor applies for single anchor if $c_{s2} < 3c_{s1}$ where $1.0 \leq c_{s2}/c_{s1} \leq 3.0$ and $c_{s1} = c_{s,min}$</i> |
| $N_{sb} =$ | N/A lbs |
| $N_{sb} =$ | N/A lbs |
| $0.75\Phi N_{sb}$ or $0.75\Phi N_{cbg} =$ | N/A lbs |
| $N_u =$ | lbs |
| $N_u / \Phi N_{sb} =$ | N/A |

(where N_{sb} doesn't include edge distance factor)

SHEAR CAPACITY: Lowest of ΦV_{ss} , ΦV_{cg} , ΦV_{cp}

Steel Strength of Anchor in Shear: ACI D.6.1

(for headed bolts)

| | |
|--|-----------------|
| $\Phi V_{ss} = \Phi \cdot n \cdot 0.6 \cdot A_{se} \cdot f_{ut}$ | ACI Eqn (D-20) |
| $\Phi = 1$ | |
| $A_{se} = 0.078$ | in ² |
| $f_{ut} = 62000$ | psi |
| $\Phi V_{ss} = 5803$ | lbs |
| $V_u = 1000$ | lbs |
| $V_u / \Phi V_{ss} =$ | 0.17 |

| | | |
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Anchorage to Concrete per ACI 318-08 Appendix D

Anchorage Condition:

| | |
|-------------------|---------------------------|
| Location: | Precast Panel Connections |
| Condition: | Panel-Panel Connection |
| Loading: | Shear along panel edge |

Concrete Breakout Strength of Anchor in Shear: ACI D.6.2

Note: Assume all load acts on back anchor, and check anchor group. See ACI 318-05 Fig. RD.6.2.1(b).

$$\Phi V_{cb} = \Phi^* A_{Vc} / A_{Vco} * \Psi_{ed,v} * \Psi_{c,v} * V_b \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-21)}$$

$$\Phi V_{cbg} = \Phi^* A_{Vc} / A_{Vco} * \Psi_{ec,v} * \Psi_{ed,v} * \Psi_{c,v} * V_b \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-22)}$$

$$V_b = \lambda * 7 * (l_e / d_c)^{0.2} * \sqrt{d_c} * \sqrt{f'_c} * (c_{a1})^{1.5} \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-24)}$$

$$A_{Vc} = (\text{Based on geometry}) \leq n * A_{Vco} \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-23): Proj. failure area in shear for group of anchors considering edge dist}$$

$$A_{Vco} = 4.5 * c_{a1}^2 \quad \text{Projected failure area in shear for a single anchor w/out considering edge dist}$$

$$\Phi = 1.00$$

$$l_e = 1.5 \text{ in} \quad \text{Load bearing length of anchor for shear, ACI Section D.6.2.2}$$

$$\Psi_{c,v} = 1.0 \quad \text{ACI Section D.6.2.7}$$

Shear Breakout in Y-Direction:

(Capacities increased by 2 for loading parallel to edge per ACI Section D6.2.1)

Assume all load acts on back anchor (check group):

$$c_{a1} = 5.50 \text{ in}$$

$$V_b = 3748 \text{ lbs}$$

$$A_{Vc} = 99 \text{ in}^2$$

$$A_{Vco} = 136 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\Psi_{ed,v} = 1.00 \quad \text{Eqn (D-27) or (D-28)}$$

$$\Psi_{ec,v} = 0.85 \quad \text{Eqn (D-26)}$$

$$\Psi_{h,v} = 1.17 \quad \text{Eqn (D-29)}$$

$$V_{cbg} = 5409 \text{ lbs}$$

$$0.75\Phi(V_{cb,y} \text{ or } V_{cbg,y}) = 4057 \text{ lbs}$$

$$V_u = 1000 \text{ lbs}$$

$$V_u / \Phi V_{cbg,y} = 0.25$$

Assume load is distributed equally between anchors (check front anchors):

$$c_{a1} = 2.50 \text{ in} \quad \text{(This case should not be considered if anchors in group are rigidly connected to support)}$$

$$V_b = 1149 \text{ lbs}$$

$$A_{Vc} = 28 \text{ in}^2$$

$$A_{Vco} = 28 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\Psi_{ed,v} = 1.00 \quad \text{Eqn (D-27) or (D-28)}$$

$$\Psi_{ec,v} = 0.71 \quad \text{Eqn (D-26)}$$

$$\Psi_{h,v} = 1.00 \quad \text{Eqn (D-29)}$$

$$V_{cbg} = 1641 \text{ lbs}$$

$$0.75\Phi(V_{cb,y} \text{ or } V_{cbg,y}) = 1231 \text{ lbs}$$

$$V_u = 500 \text{ lbs}$$

$$V_u / \Phi V_{cbg,y} = 0.41$$

Shear Breakout in X-Direction:

Assume all load acts on back anchor (check group):

$$c_{a2} = 36.00 \text{ in}$$

$$V_b = 62763 \text{ lbs}$$

$$A_{Vc} = 357 \text{ in}^2$$

$$A_{Vco} = 5832 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\Psi_{ed,v} = 0.71 \quad \text{Eqn (D-27) or (D-28)}$$

$$\Psi_{ec,v} = 0.97 \quad \text{Eqn (D-26)}$$

$$\Psi_{h,v} = 3.00 \quad \text{Eqn (D-29)}$$

$$V_{cbg} = 8006 \text{ lbs}$$

$$0.75\Phi(V_{cb,x} \text{ or } V_{cbg,x}) = 6004 \text{ lbs}$$

$$V_u = 1000 \text{ lbs}$$

$$V_u / \Phi V_{cbg,x} = 0.17$$

Assume load is distributed equally between anchors (check front anchors):

$$c_{a2} = 36.00 \text{ in} \quad \text{(This case should not be considered if anchors in group are rigidly connected to support)}$$

$$V_b = 62763 \text{ lbs}$$

$$A_{Vc} = 357 \text{ in}^2$$

$$A_{Vco} = 5832 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\Psi_{ed,v} = 0.90 \quad \text{Eqn (D-27) or (D-28)}$$

$$\Psi_{ec,v} = 0.97 \quad \text{Eqn (D-26)}$$

$$\Psi_{h,v} = 3.00 \quad \text{Eqn (D-29)}$$

$$V_{cbg} = 10093 \text{ lbs}$$

$$0.75\Phi(V_{cb,x} \text{ or } V_{cbg,x}) = 7570 \text{ lbs}$$

$$V_u = 1000 \text{ lbs}$$

$$V_u / \Phi V_{cbg,x} = 0.13$$



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Anchorage to Concrete per ACI 318-08 Appendix D

Anchorage Condition:

Location: Precast Panel Connections
Condition: Panel-Panel Connection
Loading: Shear along panel edge

SHEAR CAPACITY, cont.

Concrete Pryout Strength of Anchor in Shear: ACI D.6.3

$$\Phi V_{cp} = \Phi * k_{cp} * N_{cb} \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-29); for single anchor}$$

$$\Phi V_{cpg} = \Phi * k_{cp} * N_{cbg} \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-30); for group of anchors}$$

N_{cb} or $N_{cbg} = 5950$ lbs
 $\Phi = 1.00$
 $k_{cp} = 1.00$
 $0.75\Phi V_{cp}$ or $0.75\Phi V_{cpg} = 4462$ lbs
 $V_u = 1000$ lbs
 $V_u / \Phi V_{cp} = 0.22$

Design Summary and Combined Loading Checks:

Summary of Tension D/C Ratios:

Steel Strength of Anchor in Tension:
 Concrete Breakout Strength of Anchor in Tension:
 Concrete Pullout Strength of Anchor in Tension:
 Concrete Side-Face Blowout Strength of Anchor in Tension:

Ductile Failure D/C

0.00
 0.00
 0.00
 N/A
 max 0.00

Non-Ductile Failure D/C*

0.00
 0.00
 0.00
 N/A
 max 0.00 < 1.0, OK

Summary of Shear D/C Ratios:

Steel Strength of Anchor in Shear:
 Concrete Breakout Strength of Anchor in Shear:
 Concrete Pryout Strength of Anchor in Shear:

0.17
 0.41 Non-Ductile Failure Governs
 0.22
 max 0.41

0.43
 1.02
 0.56
 max 1.02 > 1.0, Redes

*Note: Where a ductile failure does not govern, ACI 318-08 Section D.3.3.6 requires that the design strength, determined in accordance with Section D.3.3.3, must be multiplied by a factor of 0.4.

Combined Loading Per ACI D.7:

Ductile Failure:

Combined D/C => Combined Effects need not be considered when either Tension or Shear D/C ≤ 0.20
 D/C = N/A

Non-Ductile Failure:

Combined D/C => Combined Effects need not be considered when either Tension or Shear D/C ≤ 0.20
 D/C = N/A

Check Minimum Edge Distances and Spacings Per ACI D.8:

Minimum Center to Center Spacing = 0.8 in.
 Check spacing in X-Direction: Spacing OK
 Check spacing in Y-Direction: N/A

ACI D.8.1, $4d_o$ for untorqued cast-in anchor

Minimum Edge Distance = 2 in.
 Check edge dist in direction of shear force: Edge Dist OK
 Check edge dist perpendicular to shear force: Edge Dist OK

ACI D.8.2, Edge distance requirements based on cover requirements of ACI 318-05 Section 7.7.

Subject:

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Job:

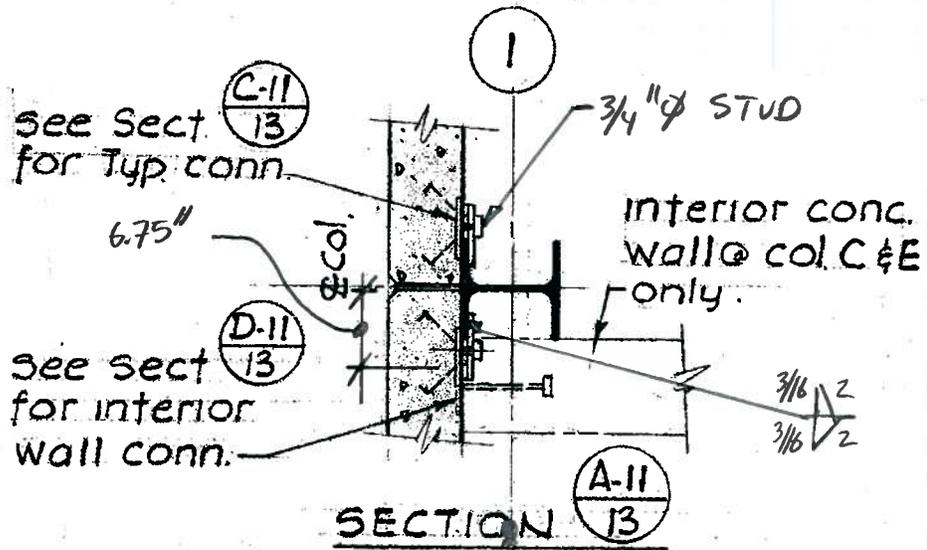
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Section:

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PANEL TO WF COL CONN



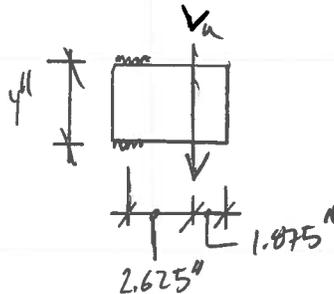
3/4" Ø STUD

ASSUME MILD STEEL $F_{TW} = 24 \text{ ksi}$ (A307)

$$V_n = \frac{0.75^2 \pi}{4} \times 24 \text{ ksi}$$

$$= 10.6 \text{ K}$$

WELD TO COL



$$A_{\text{WELD}} = (2)(2) = 4 \text{ in}^2/\text{in}$$

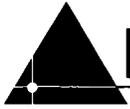
$$S_{\text{WELD}} = (2)(2)^2 = 8 \text{ in}^3/\text{in}$$

$$\sigma_v = \frac{V}{4}$$

$$\sigma_b = \frac{V \times 2.625}{8}$$

$$\sigma_r = \sqrt{\frac{V^2}{16} + V^2 \times 0.108} = \frac{3 \times 1.39}{0.75} = 5.6 \text{ K/in}$$

V = 13.6 K



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Job Number:

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CONC. ANCHOR

$$\underline{\underline{V_{CR65} = 5125 \#}}$$

(SEE SPREAD SA7)

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Anchorage to Concrete per ACI 318-08 Appendix D

Anchorage Condition:

Location: Precast Panel Connections
Condition: Panel to WF column
Loading: Shear along panel edge

Cast-In-Place Anchor Properties:

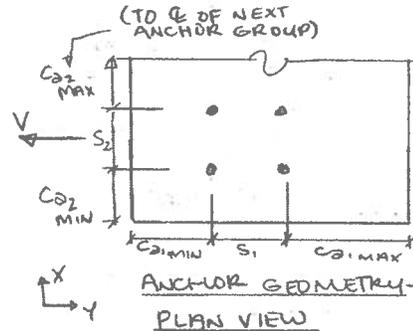
| | |
|--|--|
| Material: | F1554 Gr. 36 |
| Diameter: | 3/8" ϕ |
| Nut Type: | A563 Hex |
| Supplementary Reinforcement (between anchor and edge): | None or <#4 |
| Anchor Yield Stress, f_y : | 44 ksi |
| Anchor Tensile Stress, f_u : | 62 ksi |
| $d_o =$ | 0.188 in |
| Effective Embedment Depth of Anchor, h_{ef} : | 2.10 in |
| Embed from ACI D.5.2.3 for eqns (D-4)-(D-11), h_{ef} : | N/A in (for anchors close to three or more edges) |
| Are anchors in group rigidly connected to support? | No |
| Min Thickness of Steel Attachment: | N/A in. (ACI Sec. D.6.2.3, max of 3/8" and 0.5"do) |
| Embedded washer plate area, if applicable: | 0.00 in. ² (Input '0.00' if not used) |
| Embedded washer plate thickness, if applicable: | 0.00 in. (Input '0.00' if not used) |
| Embedded nut width, if applicable: | 0.00 in |

Concrete Data:

| | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| $f_c =$ | 4000 psi |
| Concrete Type = | Normal Weight |
| $\lambda =$ | 1.00 ACI 8.6.1 |
| Concrete Performance: | Cracking at Service Loads |
| Concrete Depth, h_c : | 6 in |

Anchor Geometry:

| | |
|--|-----------|
| Anchor Spacing in Y-Direction, s_1 : | 3 in |
| Anchor Spacing in X-Direction, s_2 : | 0 in |
| Number of Anchor Rows in Y-Direction, n_y : | 2 |
| Number of Anchor Rows in X-Direction, n_x : | 1 |
| Total Number of anchors in group, n: | 2 |
| Y-Dir: 1/2 Dist to Next Anchor Group OR Max. Edge Dist., c_{a1_max} : | 100.00 in |
| Y-Dir Edge Min. Edge Dist., c_{a1_min} : | 3.8 in |
| X-Dir: 1/2 Dist to Next Anchor Group OR Max. Edge Dist., c_{a2_max} : | 36.0 in |
| X-Dir Min. Edge Dist., c_{a2_min} : | 36.0 in |
| Critical edge distance from ACI D.8.6, c_{ac} : | 8.4 in |
| Dist from centroid of bolt group to applied tension load, e'_N : | 0.0 in |
| Dist from centroid of bolt group to applied shear load, e'_V : | 1.5 in |
| Can Shear Breakout Occur in Y-direction? | Y |
| Can Shear Breakout Occur in X-direction? | N |



*Note that e'_N and e'_V do not account for additional T or V on anchors due to eccentric application of load. They are only used to calculate the ψ factors for shear and tension breakout.

Anchor Demands:

Do anchors resist seismic demands in a moderate or high seismic region?

Y (If "Y", include 0.75 decrease on capacity for concrete failure modes per D.3.3.3)

| | |
|--------------------------------------|----------|
| Max Tension at Conn Point = | 0 lbs |
| Max Shear at Conn Point = | 1000 lbs |
| Direction of Shear Loading = | X-Dir |
| Required Incr. in Tension Demand** = | 1.0 |
| Required Incr. in Shear Demand** = | 1.0 |

Tension Demand:

N_u = Tension at Anchor Group = 0 lbs

Shear Demand:

V_u = Shear at Anchor Group = 1000 lbs

**Required Demand Increases:

Note: For anchorage of nonstructural components, increase demands by a factor of 1.3 per ASCE 7-05 Ch13.4.2a. Per CBC 2010 Section 1615A.1.14 this increase is no longer required for OSHPD jobs.



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Anchorage to Concrete per ACI 318-08 Appendix D

Anchorage Condition:

Location: Precast Panel Connections
Condition: Panel to WF column
Loading: Shear along panel edge

Anchor Capacities:

Note: Capacities associated with concrete failure modes are multiplied by 0.75 per ACI 318-08 D.3.3.3 for structures in Seismic Design Categories D, E, F.

TENSION CAPACITY: Lowest of ΦN_{sa} , ΦN_{cb} , ΦN_{pn} , ΦN_{sb}

Steel Strength of Anchor in Tension: ACI D.5.1

$$\Phi N_{sa} = \Phi * n * A_{se} * f_{uta} \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-3)}$$

$\Phi = 0.75$
 $A_{se} = 0.078 \text{ in}^2$
 $f_{ut} = 62000 \text{ psi}$
 $\Phi N_{sa} = 7254 \text{ lbs}$
 $N_u = 0 \text{ lbs}$
 $N_u / \Phi N_{sa} = 0.00$

Concrete Breakout Strength of Anchor in Tension: ACI D.5.2

$$\Phi N_{cb} = \Phi * A_{Nco} / A_{Nco} * \Psi_{ed,N} * \Psi_{c,N} * \Psi_{cp,N} * N_b \quad \text{ACI Eq (D-4)} \quad \Psi_{ec,N} \quad 1.00 \quad \text{Eqn (D-9)}$$

$$\Phi N_{cbg} = \Phi * A_{Nco} / A_{Nco} * \Psi_{ec,N} * \Psi_{ed,N} * \Psi_{c,N} * \Psi_{cp,N} * N_b \quad \text{ACI Eq (D-5)} \quad \Psi_{ed,N} \quad 1.00 \quad \text{Eqns (D-10 and D-11)}$$

$\Phi = 0.7$
 $N_b = \lambda * k_c * \sqrt{f'_c} * (h_{ef})^{1.5} \text{ OR } N_b = \lambda * 16 * \sqrt{f'_c} * (h_{ef})^{5/8} \text{ if } (11 < h_{ef} < 25)$
 $k_c = 24 \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-7) or (D-8)}$
 $N_b = 4619 \text{ lbs}$
 $A_{Nco} = 9 * h_{ef}^2 \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-6)}$
 $A_{Nco} = 40 \text{ in}^2 \quad \text{(Projected area for a single anchor without edge distance considered)}$
 $A_{Nc} = 59 \text{ in}^2 \quad \text{(Proj. area for group of anchors with edge dist. considered; Not greater than } n * A_{Nco} \text{)}$
 $N_{cb} \text{ or } N_{cbg} = 6819 \text{ lbs} \quad \text{Strength of group of anchors}$
 $0.75 \Phi N_{cb} \text{ or } 0.75 \Phi N_{cbg} = 3580 \text{ lbs}$
 $N_u = 0 \text{ lbs}$
 $N_u / \Phi N_{cbg} = 0.00$

Concrete Pullout Strength of Anchor in Tension: ACI D.5.3

$$\Phi N_{pn} = \Phi * \Psi_{c,p} * N_p \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-14)}$$

$$N_p = 8 * A_{brg} * f'_c \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-15)}$$

$A_{brg} = 0.16 \text{ in}^2 \quad \text{From PCA Notes on ACI 318-05 Table 34-2}$
 $\Phi = 0.70$
 $N_p = 5248 \text{ lbs}$
 $\Psi_{c,p} = 1.00 \text{ in}$
 $0.75 \Phi N_{pn} = 2755 \text{ lbs} \quad \text{Strength of a single anchor in group}$
 $N_u = 0 \text{ lbs} \quad \text{Demand of a single anchor in group}$
 $N_u / \Phi N_p = 0.00$



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Anchorage to Concrete per ACI 318-08 Appendix D

Anchorage Condition:

Location: Precast Panel Connections
Condition: Panel to WF column
Loading: Shear along panel edge

TENSION CAPACITY, cont.

Concrete Side-Face Blowout Strength of a Headed Anchor in Tension: ACI D.5.4

| | |
|---|----------------|
| $\Phi N_{sb} = \Phi \lambda \cdot 160 \cdot c_{a1} \sqrt{A_{brg}} \sqrt{f_c}$ | ACI Eqn (D-17) |
| $\Phi N_{sbg} = \Phi \cdot (1 + s / (6 \cdot c_{a1})) \cdot N_{sb}$ | ACI Eqn (D-18) |
| $\Phi =$ 0.70 | |
| Deep embed. close to edge in Y-dir? | No |
| Deep embed. close to edge in X-dir? | No |
| For anchor group, is $s_2 < 6 \cdot c_{a1}$? | Yes |
| For anchor group, is $s_1 < 6 \cdot c_{a2}$? | Yes |
| Does failure mode apply in either dir? | No |
| Edge distance factor for N_{sb} : | 1.0 |
| $N_{sb} =$ | N/A lbs |
| $N_{sbg} =$ | N/A lbs |
| $0.75 \Phi N_{sb}$ or $0.75 \Phi N_{sbg} =$ | N/A lbs |
| $N_u =$ | lbs |
| $N_u / \Phi N_{sb} =$ | N/A |

**Yes* if $c_{a1} < 0.4h_{ef}$
 Yes if $c_{a2} < 0.4h_{ef}$
 For blowout of group in Y-direction
 For blowout of group in X-direction
 Failure mode applies if $c_{a,min} < 0.4h_{ef}$ and if $s < 6 \cdot c_a$ (for group of anchors)
 Factor applies for single anchor if $c_{a2} < 3c_{a1}$ where $1.0 \leq c_{a2}/c_{a1} \leq 3.0$ and $c_{a1} = c_{a,min}$
 (where N_{sb} doesn't include edge distance factor)*

SHEAR CAPACITY: Lowest of ΦV_{sa} , ΦV_{cg} , ΦV_{cp}

Steel Strength of Anchor in Shear: ACI D.6.1

| | |
|--|-----------------|
| $\Phi V_{sa} = \Phi \cdot n \cdot 0.6 \cdot A_{sa} \cdot f_{ut}$ | ACI Eqn (D-20) |
| $\Phi =$ 1 | |
| $A_{sa} =$ 0.078 | in ² |
| $f_{ut} =$ 62000 | psi |
| $\Phi V_{sa} =$ 5803 | lbs |
| $V_u =$ 1000 | lbs |
| $V_u / \Phi V_{sa} =$ | 0.17 |

(for headed bolts)



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Anchorage to Concrete per ACI 318-08 Appendix D

Anchorage Condition:

Location: Precast Panel Connections
Condition: Panel to WF column
Loading: Shear along panel edge

Concrete Breakout Strength of Anchor in Shear: ACI D.6.2

Note: Assume all load acts on back anchor, and check anchor group. See ACI 318-05 Fig. RD.6.2.1(b).

$$\Phi V_{cb} = \Phi \cdot A_{Vc} / A_{Vco} \cdot \Psi_{ed,v} \cdot \Psi_{c,v} \cdot V_b \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-21)}$$

$$\Phi V_{cbg} = \Phi \cdot A_{Vc} / A_{Vco} \cdot \Psi_{ec,v} \cdot \Psi_{ed,v} \cdot \Psi_{c,v} \cdot V_b \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-22)}$$

$$V_b = \lambda \cdot 7 \cdot (l_e / d_o)^{0.2} \cdot \sqrt{d_o} \cdot \sqrt{f'_c} \cdot (C_{a1})^{1.5} \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-24)}$$

$$A_{Vc} = (\text{Based on geometry}) \leq n \cdot A_{Vco} \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-23): Proj. failure area in shear for group of anchors considering edge dist}$$

$$A_{Vco} = 4.5 \cdot C_{a1}^2 \quad \text{Projected failure area in shear for a single anchor w/out considering edge dist}$$

$$\Phi = 1.00$$

$$l_e = 1.5 \text{ in} \quad \text{Load bearing length of anchor for shear, ACI Section D.6.2.2}$$

$$\Psi_{c,v} = 1.0 \quad \text{ACI Section D.6.2.7}$$

Shear Breakout in Y-Direction:

(Capacities increased by 2 for loading parallel to edge per ACI Section D6.2.1)

Assume all load acts on back anchor (check group):

$$C_{a1} = 6.75 \text{ in}$$

$$V_b = 5096 \text{ lbs}$$

$$A_{Vc} = 122 \text{ in}^2$$

$$A_{Vco} = 205 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\Psi_{ed,v} = 1.00 \quad \text{Eqn (D-27) or (D-28)}$$

$$\Psi_{ec,v} = 0.87 \quad \text{Eqn (D-26)}$$

$$\Psi_{h,v} = 1.30 \quad \text{Eqn (D-29)}$$

$$V_{cbg} = 6833 \text{ lbs}$$

$$0.75\Phi(V_{cb,y} \text{ or } V_{cbg,y}) = 5125 \text{ lbs}$$

$$V_u = 1000 \text{ lbs}$$

$$V_u / \Phi V_{cbg,y} = \boxed{0.20}$$

Assume load is distributed equally between anchors (check front anchors):

(This case should not be considered if anchors in group are rigidly connected to support)

$$C_{a1} = 3.75 \text{ in}$$

$$V_b = 2110 \text{ lbs}$$

$$A_{Vc} = 63 \text{ in}^2$$

$$A_{Vco} = 63 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\Psi_{ed,v} = 1.00 \quad \text{Eqn (D-27) or (D-28)}$$

$$\Psi_{ec,v} = 0.79 \quad \text{Eqn (D-26)}$$

$$\Psi_{h,v} = 1.00 \quad \text{Eqn (D-29)}$$

$$V_{cbg} = 3332 \text{ lbs}$$

$$0.75\Phi(V_{cb,y} \text{ or } V_{cbg,y}) = 2499 \text{ lbs}$$

$$V_u = 500 \text{ lbs}$$

$$V_u / \Phi V_{cbg,y} = \boxed{0.20}$$

Shear Breakout in X-Direction:

Assume all load acts on back anchor (check group):

$$C_{a2} = 36.00 \text{ in}$$

$$V_b = 62763 \text{ lbs}$$

$$A_{Vc} = 365 \text{ in}^2$$

$$A_{Vco} = 5832 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\Psi_{ed,v} = 0.72 \quad \text{Eqn (D-27) or (D-28)}$$

$$\Psi_{ec,v} = 0.97 \quad \text{Eqn (D-26)}$$

$$\Psi_{h,v} = 3.00 \quad \text{Eqn (D-29)}$$

$$V_{cbg} = 8253 \text{ lbs}$$

$$0.75\Phi(V_{cb,x} \text{ or } V_{cbg,x}) = 6190 \text{ lbs}$$

$$V_u = 1000 \text{ lbs}$$

$$V_u / \Phi V_{cbg,x} = \boxed{0.16}$$

Assume load is distributed equally between anchors (check front anchors):

(This case should not be considered if anchors in group are rigidly connected to support)

$$C_{a2} = 36.00 \text{ in}$$

$$V_b = 62763 \text{ lbs}$$

$$A_{Vc} = 365 \text{ in}^2$$

$$A_{Vco} = 5832 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\Psi_{ed,v} = 0.90 \quad \text{Eqn (D-27) or (D-28)}$$

$$\Psi_{ec,v} = 0.97 \quad \text{Eqn (D-26)}$$

$$\Psi_{h,v} = 3.00 \quad \text{Eqn (D-29)}$$

$$V_{cbg} = 10305 \text{ lbs}$$

$$0.75\Phi(V_{cb,x} \text{ or } V_{cbg,x}) = 7729 \text{ lbs}$$

$$V_u = 1000 \text{ lbs}$$

$$V_u / \Phi V_{cbg,x} = \boxed{0.13}$$



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Anchorage to Concrete per ACI 318-08 Appendix D

Anchorage Condition:

Location: Precast Panel Connections
Condition: Panel to WF column
Loading: Shear along panel edge

SHEAR CAPACITY, cont.

Concrete Pryout Strength of Anchor in Shear: ACI D.6.3

$$\Phi V_{cp} = \Phi * k_{cp} * N_{cb} \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-29); for single anchor}$$

$$\Phi V_{cpg} = \Phi * k_{cp} * N_{cbg} \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-30); for group of anchors}$$

$N_{cb} \text{ or } N_{cbg} = 6819 \text{ lbs}$
 $\phi = 1.00$
 $k_{cp} = 1.00$
 $0.75\Phi V_{cp} \text{ or } 0.75\Phi V_{cpg} = 5114 \text{ lbs}$
 $V_u = 1000 \text{ lbs}$
 $V_u / \Phi V_{cp} = 0.20$

Design Summary and Combined Loading Checks:

Summary of Tension D/C Ratios:

Steel Strength of Anchor in Tension: 0.00
 Concrete Breakout Strength of Anchor in Tension: 0.00
 Concrete Pullout Strength of Anchor in Tension: 0.00
 Concrete Side-Face Blowout Strength of Anchor in Tension: N/A

Ductile Failure D/C

max 0.00

Non-Ductile Failure D/C*

max 0.00 < 1.0, OK

Summary of Shear D/C Ratios:

Steel Strength of Anchor in Shear: 0.17
 Concrete Breakout Strength of Anchor in Shear: 0.20
 Concrete Pryout Strength of Anchor in Shear: 0.20

max 0.20
 Non-Ductile Failure Governs

max 0.50 < 1.0, OK

*Note: Where a ductile failure does not govern, ACI 318-08 Section D.3.3.6 requires that the design strength, determined in accordance with Section D.3.3.3, must be multiplied by a factor of 0.4.

Combined Loading Per ACI D.7:

Ductile Failure:

Combined D/C => Combined Effects need not be considered when either Tension or Shear D/C ≤ 0.20
 D/C = N/A

Non-Ductile Failure:

Combined D/C => Combined Effects need not be considered when either Tension or Shear D/C ≤ 0.20
 D/C = N/A

Check Minimum Edge Distances and Spacings Per ACI D.8:

Minimum Center to Center Spacing = 0.8 in.

ACI D.8.1, $4d_o$ for untorqued cast-in anchor

Check spacing in X-Direction: Spacing OK

Check spacing in Y-Direction: N/A

Minimum Edge Distance = 2 in.

Check edge dist in direction of shear force: Edge Dist OK
 Check edge dist perpendicular to shear force: Edge Dist OK

ACI D.8.2, Edge distance requirements based on cover requirements of ACI 318-05 Section 7.7.

Subject:

Job Number:

Date:

Job:

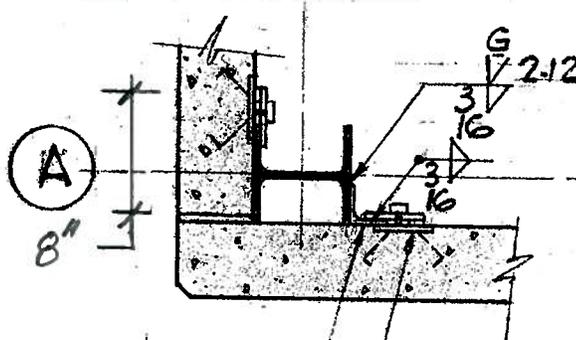
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PANEL - COL @ CORNER



L3x3x1/4 cont.

See Sect (E-11)
13
for typ. conn.

WELDS & STUFS SAME AS COL-PANEL

CONC. ANCHORAGE

$$\underline{\underline{V_{CH_2} = 8790 \#}}$$

CONTRAS

SEE SARD. SFT.

5/20/02

| | | |
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Anchorage to Concrete per ACI 318-08 Appendix D

Anchorage Condition:

Location: Precast Panel Connections
Condition: Panel to WF Corner Column
Loading: Shear along panel edge

Cast-In-Place Anchor Properties:

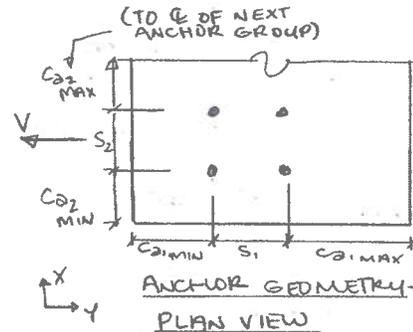
Material: F1554 Gr. 36
 Diameter: 3/8" ϕ
 Nut Type: A563 Hex
 Supplementary Reinforcement (between anchor and edge): None or <#4
 Anchor Yield Stress, f_y : 44 ksi
 Anchor Tensile Stress, f_u : 62 ksi
 $d_o = 0.188$ in
 Effective Embedment Depth of Anchor, h_{ef} : 2.10 in
 Embed from ACI D.5.2.3 for eqns (D-4)-(D-11), h'_{ef} : N/A in (for anchors close to three or more edges)
 Are anchors in group rigidly connected to support? No
 Min Thickness of Steel Attachment: N/A in. (ACI Sec. D.6.2.3, max of 3/8" and 0.5" d_o)
 Embedded washer plate area, if applicable: 0.00 in.² (Input '0.00' if not used)
 Embedded washer plate thickness, if applicable: 0.00 in. (Input '0.00' if not used)
 Embedded nut width, if applicable: 0.00 in

Concrete Data:

$f_c = 4000$ psi
 Concrete Type = Normal Weight
 $\lambda = 1.00$ ACI 8.6.1
 Concrete Performance: Cracking at Service Loads
 Concrete Depth, h_c : 6 in

Anchor Geometry:

Anchor Spacing in Y-Direction, s_1 : 3 in
 Anchor Spacing in X-Direction, s_2 : 0 in
 Number of Anchor Rows in Y-Direction, n_y : 2
 Number of Anchor Rows in X-Direction, n_x : 1
 Total Number of anchors in group, n : 2
 Y-Dir: 1/2 Dist to Next Anchor Group OR Max. Edge Dist., c_{a1_max} : 100.00 in
 Y-Dir Edge Min. Edge Dist., c_{a1_min} : 8.0 in
 X-Dir: 1/2 Dist to Next Anchor Group OR Max. Edge Dist., c_{a2_max} : 36.0 in
 X-Dir Min. Edge Dist., c_{a2_min} : 36.0 in
 Critical edge distance from ACI D.8.6, c_{ac} : 8.4 in
 Dist from centroid of bolt group to applied tension load, e'_N : 0.0 in
 Dist from centroid of bolt group to applied shear load, e'_V : 1.5 in
 Can Shear Breakout Occur in Y-direction? Y
 Can Shear Breakout Occur in X-direction? N



*Note that e'_N and e'_V do not account for additional T or V on anchors due to eccentric application of load. They are only used to calculate the ψ factors for shear and tension breakout.

Anchor Demands:

Do anchors resist seismic demands in a moderate or high seismic region?

Y (If "Y", include 0.75 decrease on capacity for concrete failure modes per D.3.3.3)

Max Tension at Conn Point = 0 lbs
 Max Shear at Conn Point = 1000 lbs
 Direction of Shear Loading = X-Dir
 Required Incr. in Tension Demand** = 1.0
 Required Incr. in Shear Demand** = 1.0

Tension Demand:

N_u = Tension at Anchor Group = 0 lbs

Shear Demand:

V_u = Shear at Anchor Group = 1000 lbs

**Required Demand Increases:

Note: For anchorage of nonstructural components, increase demands by a factor of 1.3 per ASCE 7-05 Ch13.4.2a. Per CBC 2010 Section 1615A.1.14 this increase is no longer required for OSHPD jobs.



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Anchorage to Concrete per ACI 318-08 Appendix D

Anchorage Condition:

Location: Precast Panel Connections
Condition: Panel to WF Corner Column
Loading: Shear along panel edge

Anchor Capacities:

Note: Capacities associated with concrete failure modes are multiplied by 0.75 per ACI 318-08 D.3.3.3 for structures in Seismic Design Categories D, E, F.

TENSION CAPACITY: Lowest of ΦN_{sa} , ΦN_{cb} , ΦN_{pn} , ΦN_{sb}

Steel Strength of Anchor in Tension: ACI D.5.1

$$\Phi N_{sa} = \Phi * n * A_{se} * f_{ut} \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-3)}$$

$\Phi = 0.75$
 $A_{se} = 0.078 \text{ in}^2$
 $f_{ut} = 62000 \text{ psi}$
 $\Phi N_{sa} = 7254 \text{ lbs}$
 $N_u = 0 \text{ lbs}$
 $N_u / \Phi N_{sa} = 0.00$

Concrete Breakout Strength of Anchor in Tension: ACI D.5.2

$$\Phi N_{cb} = \Phi * A_{Nc} / A_{Nco} * \Psi_{ed,N} * \Psi_{c,N} * \Psi_{cp,N} * N_b \quad \text{ACI Eq (D-4)} \quad \Psi_{c,N} \quad 1.00 \quad \text{Eqn (D-9)}$$

$$\Phi N_{cbg} = \Phi * A_{Nc} / A_{Nco} * \Psi_{ec,N} * \Psi_{ed,N} * \Psi_{c,N} * \Psi_{cp,N} * N_b \quad \text{ACI Eq (D-5)} \quad \Psi_{ed,N} \quad 1.00 \quad \text{Eqns (D-10 and D-11)}$$

$\Phi = 0.7$
 $N_b = \lambda * k_c * \sqrt{f'_c} * (h_{ef})^{1.5} \text{ OR } N_b = \lambda * 16 * \sqrt{f'_c} * (h_{ef})^{5/8} \text{ if } (11 < h_{ef} < 25)$
 $k_c = 24 \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-7) or (D-8)}$
 $N_b = 4619 \text{ lbs}$
 $A_{Nco} = 9 * h_{ef}^2 \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-6)}$
 $A_{Nc} = 40 \text{ in}^2 \quad \text{(Projected area for a single anchor without edge distance considered)}$
 $A_{Nc} = 59 \text{ in}^2 \quad \text{(Proj. area for group of anchors with edge dist. considered; Not greater than } n * A_{Nco} \text{)}$
 $\Psi_{cp,N} \quad 1.00 \quad \text{Does not apply to cast-in-place anchors}$
 $N_{cb} \text{ or } N_{cbg} = 6819 \text{ lbs} \quad \text{Strength of group of anchors}$
 $0.75 \Phi N_{cb} \text{ or } 0.75 \Phi N_{cbg} = 3580 \text{ lbs}$
 $N_u = 0 \text{ lbs}$
 $N_u / \Phi N_{cbg} = 0.00$

Concrete Pullout Strength of Anchor in Tension: ACI D.5.3

$$\Phi N_{pn} = \Phi * \Psi_{c,p} * N_p \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-14)}$$

$$N_p = 8 * A_{brg} * f'_c \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-15)}$$

$A_{brg} = 0.16 \text{ in}^2 \quad \text{From PCA Notes on ACI 318-05 Table 34-2}$
 $\Phi = 0.70$
 $N_p = 5248 \text{ lbs}$
 $\Psi_{c,p} = 1.00 \text{ in}$
 $0.75 \Phi N_{pn} = 2755 \text{ lbs} \quad \text{Strength of a single anchor in group}$
 $N_u = 0 \text{ lbs} \quad \text{Demand of a single anchor in group}$
 $N_u / \Phi N_{pn} = 0.00$



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Anchorage to Concrete per ACI 318-08 Appendix D

Anchorage Condition:

Location: Precast Panel Connections
Condition: Panel to WF Corner Column
Loading: Shear along panel edge

TENSION CAPACITY, cont.

Concrete Side-Face Blowout Strength of a Headed Anchor in Tension: ACI D.5.4

| | |
|--|----------------|
| $\Phi N_{sb} = \Phi \cdot \lambda \cdot 160 \cdot c_{a1} \cdot \sqrt{A_{brg}} \cdot \sqrt{f'_c}$ | ACI Eqn (D-17) |
| $\Phi N_{sbq} = \Phi \cdot (1 + s / (6 \cdot c_{a1})) \cdot N_{sb}$ | ACI Eqn (D-18) |
| $\Phi =$ 0.70 | |
| Deep embed. close to edge in Y-dir? | No |
| Deep embed. close to edge in X-dir? | No |
| For anchor group, is $s_2 < 6 \cdot c_{a1}$? | Yes |
| For anchor group, is $s_1 < 6 \cdot c_{a2}$? | Yes |
| Does failure mode apply in either dir? | No |
| Edge distance factor for N_{sb} : | 1.0 |
| $N_{sb} =$ | N/A lbs |
| $N_{sbq} =$ | N/A lbs |
| $0.75 \Phi N_{sb}$ or $0.75 \Phi N_{sbq} =$ | N/A lbs |
| $N_u =$ | lbs |
| $N_u / \Phi N_{sb} =$ | N/A |

**Yes* if $c_{a1} < 0.4h_{ef}$
 Yes if $c_{a2} < 0.4h_{ef}$
 For blowout of group in Y-direction
 For blowout of group in X-direction
 Failure mode applies if $c_{a,min} < 0.4h_{ef}$ and if $s < 6 \cdot c_a$ (for group of anchors)
 Factor applies for single anchor if $c_{a2} < 3c_{a1}$, where $1.0 \leq c_{a2}/c_{a1} \leq 3.0$ and $c_{a1} = c_{a,min}$
 (where N_{sb} doesn't include edge distance factor)*

SHEAR CAPACITY: Lowest of ΦV_{sa} , ΦV_{cg} , ΦV_{cp}

Steel Strength of Anchor in Shear: ACI D.6.1

| | |
|--|-----------------|
| $\Phi V_{sa} = \Phi \cdot n \cdot 0.6 \cdot A_{se} \cdot f_{ut}$ | ACI Eqn (D-20) |
| $\Phi =$ 1 | |
| $A_{se} =$ 0.078 | in ² |
| $f_{ut} =$ 62000 | psi |
| $\Phi V_{sa} =$ 5803 | lbs |
| $V_u =$ 1000 | lbs |
| $V_u / \Phi V_{sa} =$ | 0.17 |

(for headed bolts)



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Anchorage to Concrete per ACI 318-08 Appendix D

Anchorage Condition:

Location: Precast Panel Connections
Condition: Panel to WF Corner Column
Loading: Shear along panel edge

Concrete Breakout Strength of Anchor in Shear: ACI D.6.2

Note: Assume all load acts on back anchor, and check anchor group. See ACI 318-05 Fig. RD.6.2.1(b).

$$\Phi V_{cb} = \Phi^* A_{Vc} / A_{Vco} * \Psi_{ed,v} * \Psi_{c,v} * V_b \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-21)}$$

$$\Phi V_{cbg} = \Phi^* A_{Vc} / A_{Vco} * \Psi_{ec,v} * \Psi_{ed,v} * \Psi_{c,v} * V_b \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-22)}$$

$$V_b = \lambda * 7 * (L_f / d_o)^{0.2} * \sqrt{d_o} * \sqrt{f'_c} * (C_{a1})^{1.5} \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-24)}$$

$$A_{Vc} = (\text{Based on geometry}) \leq n * A_{Vco} \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-23): Proj. failure area in shear for group of anchors considering edge dist}$$

$$A_{Vco} = 4.5 * C_{a1}^2 \quad \text{Projected failure area in shear for a single anchor w/out considering edge dist}$$

$$\Phi = 1.00$$

$$\lambda = 1.5 \text{ in} \quad \text{Load bearing length of anchor for shear, ACI Section D.6.2.2}$$

$$\Psi_{c,v} = 1.0 \quad \text{ACI Section D.6.2.7}$$

Shear Breakout in Y-Direction:

(Capacities increased by 2 for loading parallel to edge per ACI Section D6.2.1)

Assume all load acts on back anchor (check group):

$$C_{a1} = 11.00 \text{ in}$$

$$V_b = 10601 \text{ lbs}$$

$$A_{Vc} = 198 \text{ in}^2$$

$$A_{Vco} = 545 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\Psi_{ed,v} = 1.00 \quad \text{Eqn (D-27) or (D-28)}$$

$$\Psi_{ec,v} = 0.92 \quad \text{Eqn (D-26)}$$

$$\Psi_{h,v} = 1.66 \quad \text{Eqn (D-29)}$$

$$V_{cbg} = 11720 \text{ lbs}$$

$$0.75\Phi(V_{cb_y} \text{ or } V_{cbg_y}) = 8790 \text{ lbs}$$

$$V_u = 1000 \text{ lbs}$$

$$V_u / \Phi V_{cbg_y} = 0.11$$

Assume load is distributed equally between anchors (check front anchors):

(This case should not be considered if anchors in group are rigidly connected to support)

$$C_{a1} = 8.00 \text{ in}$$

$$V_b = 6575 \text{ lbs}$$

$$A_{Vc} = 144 \text{ in}^2$$

$$A_{Vco} = 288 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\Psi_{ed,v} = 1.00 \quad \text{Eqn (D-27) or (D-28)}$$

$$\Psi_{ec,v} = 0.89 \quad \text{Eqn (D-26)}$$

$$\Psi_{h,v} = 1.41 \quad \text{Eqn (D-29)}$$

$$V_{cbg} = 8265 \text{ lbs}$$

$$0.75\Phi(V_{cb_y} \text{ or } V_{cbg_y}) = 6199 \text{ lbs}$$

$$V_u = 500 \text{ lbs}$$

$$V_u / \Phi V_{cbg_y} = 0.08$$

Shear Breakout in X-Direction:

Assume all load acts on back anchor (check group):

$$C_{a2} = 36.00 \text{ in}$$

$$V_b = 62763 \text{ lbs}$$

$$A_{Vc} = 390 \text{ in}^2$$

$$A_{Vco} = 5832 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\Psi_{ed,v} = 0.74 \quad \text{Eqn (D-27) or (D-28)}$$

$$\Psi_{ec,v} = 0.97 \quad \text{Eqn (D-26)}$$

$$\Psi_{h,v} = 3.00 \quad \text{Eqn (D-29)}$$

$$V_{cbg} = 9120 \text{ lbs}$$

$$0.75\Phi(V_{cb_x} \text{ or } V_{cbg_x}) = 6840 \text{ lbs}$$

$$V_u = 1000 \text{ lbs}$$

$$V_u / \Phi V_{cbg_x} = 0.15$$

Assume load is distributed equally between anchors (check front anchors):

(This case should not be considered if anchors in group are rigidly connected to support)

$$C_{a2} = 36.00 \text{ in}$$

$$V_b = 62763 \text{ lbs}$$

$$A_{Vc} = 390 \text{ in}^2$$

$$A_{Vco} = 5832 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\Psi_{ed,v} = 0.90 \quad \text{Eqn (D-27) or (D-28)}$$

$$\Psi_{ec,v} = 0.97 \quad \text{Eqn (D-26)}$$

$$\Psi_{h,v} = 3.00 \quad \text{Eqn (D-29)}$$

$$V_{cbg} = 11026 \text{ lbs}$$

$$0.75\Phi(V_{cb_x} \text{ or } V_{cbg_x}) = 8269 \text{ lbs}$$

$$V_u = 1000 \text{ lbs}$$

$$V_u / \Phi V_{cbg_x} = 0.12$$



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Anchorage to Concrete per ACI 318-08 Appendix D

Anchorage Condition:

Location: Precast Panel Connections
Condition: Panel to WF Corner Column
Loading: Shear along panel edge

SHEAR CAPACITY, cont.

Concrete Pryout Strength of Anchor in Shear: ACI D.6.3

$$\begin{aligned} \Phi V_{cp} &= \Phi * k_{cp} * N_{cb} && \text{ACI Eqn (D-29); for single anchor} \\ \Phi V_{cpg} &= \Phi * k_{cp} * N_{cbg} && \text{ACI Eqn (D-30); for group of anchors} \\ N_{cb} \text{ or } N_{cbg} &= 6819 \text{ lbs} \\ \Phi &= 1.00 \\ k_{cp} &= 1.00 \\ 0.75\Phi V_{cp} \text{ or } 0.75\Phi V_{cpg} &= 5114 \text{ lbs} \\ V_u &= 1000 \text{ lbs} \\ V_u / \Phi V_{cp} &= \boxed{0.20} \end{aligned}$$

Design Summary and Combined Loading Checks:

Summary of Tension D/C Ratios:

Steel Strength of Anchor in Tension:
 Concrete Breakout Strength of Anchor in Tension:
 Concrete Pullout Strength of Anchor in Tension:
 Concrete Side-Face Blowout Strength of Anchor in Tension:

Ductile Failure D/C

0.00
 0.00
 0.00
 N/A
 max 0.00

Non-Ductile Failure D/C*

0.00
 0.00
 0.00
 N/A
 max 0.00 < 1.0, OK

Summary of Shear D/C Ratios:

Steel Strength of Anchor in Shear:
 Concrete Breakout Strength of Anchor in Shear:
 Concrete Pryout Strength of Anchor in Shear:

0.17
 0.15
 0.20 Non-Ductile Failure Governs
 max 0.20

0.43
 0.37
 0.49
 max 0.49 < 1.0, OK

*Note: Where a ductile failure does not govern, ACI 318-08 Section D.3.3.6 requires that the design strength, determined in accordance with Section D.3.3.3, must be multiplied by a factor of 0.4.

Combined Loading Per ACI D.7:

Ductile Failure:

Combined D/C => Combined Effects need not be considered when either Tension or Shear D/C ≤ 0.20
 D/C =

Non-Ductile Failure:

Combined D/C => Combined Effects need not be considered when either Tension or Shear D/C ≤ 0.20
 D/C =

Check Minimum Edge Distances and Spacings Per ACI D.8:

Minimum Center to Center Spacing = 0.8 in.

ACI D.8.1, $4d_o$ for untorqued cast-in anchor

Check spacing in X-Direction: Spacing OK

Check spacing in Y-Direction: N/A

Minimum Edge Distance = 2 in.

ACI D.8.2, Edge distance requirements based on cover requirements of ACI 318-05 Section 7.7.

Check edge dist in direction of shear force: Edge Dist OK
 Check edge dist perpendicular to shear force: Edge Dist OK

Subject:

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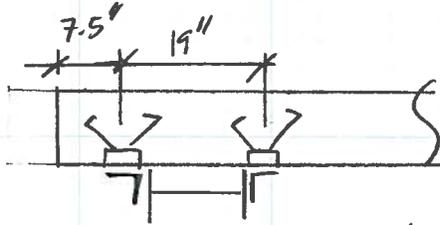
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DOUBLE SIDED CONN TO COL - LINE 3



$$\text{STUDS} = 2 \times 10.6^k = \underline{\underline{21.2^k}}$$

$$\text{WELDS} = 2 \times 13.6^k = \underline{\underline{27.2^k}}$$

$$\text{CONC. ANCHORAGE} = \underline{\underline{10000^\#}} \quad \text{SPRO 547.}$$

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Anchorage to Concrete per ACI 318-08 Appendix D

Anchorage Condition:

Location: Precast Panel Connections
Condition: Double Sided Panel to Column Connection
Loading: Shear along panel edge

Cast-In-Place Anchor Properties:

Material: F1554 Gr. 36
 Diameter: 3/8" ϕ
 Nut Type: A563 Hex
 Supplementary Reinforcement (between anchor and edge): None or <#4

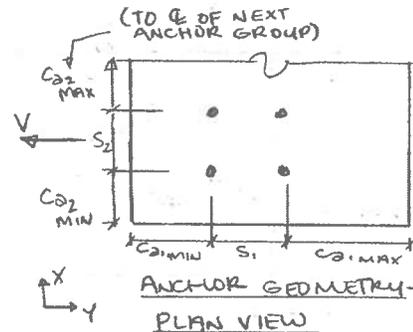
Anchor Yield Stress, f_y : 44 ksi
 Anchor Tensile Stress, f_u : 62 ksi
 d_o = 0.188 in
 Effective Embedment Depth of Anchor, h_{ef} : 2.63 in
 Embed from ACI D.5.2.3 for eqns (D-4)-(D-11), h'_{ef} : N/A in (for anchors close to three or more edges)
 Are anchors in group rigidly connected to support? No
 Min Thickness of Steel Attachment: N/A in. (ACI Sec. D.6.2.3, max of 3/8" and 0.5" d_o)
 Embedded washer plate area, if applicable: 0.00 in.² (Input '0.00' if not used)
 Embedded washer plate thickness, if applicable: 0.00 in. (Input '0.00' if not used)
 Embedded nut width, if applicable: 0.00 in

Concrete Data:

f'_c = 4000 psi
 Concrete Type = Normal Weight
 λ = 1.00 ACI 8.6.1
 Concrete Performance: Cracking at Service Loads
 Concrete Depth, h_c : 6 in

Anchor Geometry:

Anchor Spacing in Y-Direction, s_1 : 3 in
 Anchor Spacing in X-Direction, s_2 : 0 in
 Number of Anchor Rows in Y-Direction, n_y : 2
 Number of Anchor Rows in X-Direction, n_x : 1
 Total Number of anchors in group, n : 2
 Y-Dir: 1/2 Dist to Next Anchor Group OR Max. Edge Dist., c_{a1_max} : 100.00 in
 Y-Dir Edge Min. Edge Dist., c_{a1_min} : 26.5 in
 X-Dir: 1/2 Dist to Next Anchor Group OR Max. Edge Dist., c_{a2_max} : 36.0 in
 X-Dir Min. Edge Dist., c_{a2_min} : 36.0 in
 Critical edge distance from ACI D.8.6, c_{ac} : 10.5 in
 Dist from centroid of bolt group to applied tension load, e'_N : 0.0 in
 Dist from centroid of bolt group to applied shear load, e'_V : 1.5 in
 Can Shear Breakout Occur in Y-direction? Y
 Can Shear Breakout Occur in X-direction? N



*Note that e'_N and e'_V do not account for additional T or V on anchors due to eccentric application of load. They are only used to calculate the ψ factors for shear and tension breakout.

Anchor Demands:

Do anchors resist seismic demands in a moderate or high seismic region?

Max Tension at Conn Point = 0 lbs
 Max Shear at Conn Point = 1000 lbs
 Direction of Shear Loading = X-Dir
 Required Incr. in Tension Demand** = 1.0
 Required Incr. in Shear Demand** = 1.0

Y (If "Y", include 0.75 decrease on capacity for concrete failure modes per D.3.3.3)

Tension Demand:

N_u = Tension at Anchor Group = 0 lbs

Shear Demand:

V_u = Shear at Anchor Group = 1000 lbs

**Required Demand Increases:

Note: For anchorage of nonstructural components, increase demands by a factor of 1.3 per ASCE 7-05 Ch13.4.2a. Per CBC 2010 Section 1615A.1.14 this increase is no longer required for OSHPD jobs.



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Anchorage to Concrete per ACI 318-08 Appendix D

Anchorage Condition:

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Location: | Precast Panel Connections |
| Condition: | Double Sided Panel to Column Connection |
| Loading: | Shear along panel edge |

Anchor Capacities:

Note: Capacities associated with concrete failure modes are multiplied by 0.75 per ACI 318-08 D.3.3.3 for structures in Seismic Design Categories D, E, F.

TENSION CAPACITY: Lowest of ΦN_{sa} , ΦN_{cb} , ΦN_{pn} , ΦN_{sb}

Steel Strength of Anchor in Tension: ACI D.5.1

$$\Phi N_{sa} = \Phi * n * A_{se} * f_{ut} \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-3)}$$

$\Phi = 0.75$
 $A_{se} = 0.078 \text{ in}^2$
 $f_{ut} = 62000 \text{ psi}$
 $\Phi N_{sa} = 7254 \text{ lbs}$
 $N_u = 0 \text{ lbs}$
 $N_u / \Phi N_{sa} = 0.00$

Concrete Breakout Strength of Anchor in Tension: ACI D.5.2

| | | | |
|---|---|----------------------|---|
| $\Phi N_{cb} = \Phi * A_{Nc} / A_{Nco} * \Psi_{ed,N} * \Psi_{c,N} * \Psi_{cp,N} * N_b$ | ACI Eq (D-4) | $\Psi_{ec,N} = 1.00$ | Eqn (D-9) |
| $\Phi N_{cbg} = \Phi * A_{Nc} / A_{Nco} * \Psi_{ec,N} * \Psi_{ed,N} * \Psi_{c,N} * \Psi_{cp,N} * N_b$ | ACI Eq (D-5) | $\Psi_{ed,N} = 1.00$ | Eqns (D-10 and D-11) |
| $\Phi = 0.7$ | | $\Psi_{c,N} = 1.00$ | Section D.5.2.6 |
| $N_b = \lambda * k_c * \sqrt{f'_c} * (h_{ef})^{1.5}$ OR $N_b = \lambda * 16 * \sqrt{f'_c} * (h_{ef})^{5/3}$ if $(11 < h_{ef} < 25)$ | | $\Psi_{cp,N} = 1.00$ | Does not apply to cast-in-place anchors |
| $k_c = 24$ | ACI Eqn (D-7) or (D-8) | | |
| $N_b = 6456 \text{ lbs}$ | | | |
| $A_{Nco} = 9 * h_{ef}^2$ | ACI Eqn (D-6) | | |
| $A_{Nco} = 62 \text{ in}^2$ | (Projected area for a single anchor without edge distance considered) | | |
| $A_{Nc} = 86 \text{ in}^2$ | (Proj. area for group of anchors with edge dist. considered; Not greater than $n * A_{Nco}$) | | |
| | (Where washers are used, projected area is calculated per ACI 318-05 Section D.5.2.8.) | | |
| N_{cb} or $N_{cbg} = 8915 \text{ lbs}$ | Strength of group of anchors | | |
| $0.75 \Phi N_{cb}$ or $0.75 \Phi N_{cbg} = 4680 \text{ lbs}$ | | | |
| $N_u = 0 \text{ lbs}$ | | | |
| $N_u / \Phi N_{cbg} = 0.00$ | | | |

Concrete Pullout Strength of Anchor in Tension: ACI D.5.3

$$\Phi N_{pn} = \Phi * \Psi_{c,p} * N_p \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-14)}$$

$$N_p = 8 * A_{brg} * f'_c \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-15)}$$

$A_{brg} = 0.16 \text{ in}^2$
 $\Phi = 0.70$
 $N_p = 5248 \text{ lbs}$
 $\Psi_{c,p} = 1.00 \text{ in}$
 $0.75 \Phi N_{pn} = 2755 \text{ lbs}$
 $N_u = 0 \text{ lbs}$
 $N_u / \Phi N_p = 0.00$

Strength of a single anchor in group
 Demand of a single anchor in group



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| | | |
|---|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| Subject: Precast Panel Connections | Job Number: B31891012.00 | Date: 12.4.13 |
| Job: LLNL B341 | By: | Section: |
| | Checked By: | Page/of: |

Anchorage to Concrete per ACI 318-08 Appendix D

Anchorage Condition:

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Location: | Precast Panel Connections |
| Condition: | Double Sided Panel to Column Connection |
| Loading: | Shear along panel edge |

TENSION CAPACITY, cont.

Concrete Side-Face Blowout Strength of a Headed Anchor in Tension: ACI D.5.4

| | |
|--|--|
| $\Phi N_{sb} = \Phi \lambda^* 160^* c_{a1} \sqrt{A_{brg}} \sqrt{f'_c}$ | ACI Eqn (D-17) |
| $\Phi N_{cbg} = \Phi^* (1 + s / (6^* c_{a1}))^* N_{sb}$ | ACI Eqn (D-18) |
| $\Phi =$ | 0.70 |
| Deep embed. close to edge in Y-dir? | No <i>*Yes* if $c_{a1} < 0.4h_{ef}$</i> |
| Deep embed. close to edge in X-dir? | No <i>*Yes* if $c_{a2} < 0.4h_{ef}$</i> |
| For anchor group, is $s_2 < 6^* c_{a1}$? | Yes <i>For blowout of group in Y-direction</i> |
| For anchor group, is $s_1 < 6^* c_{a2}$? | Yes <i>For blowout of group in X-direction</i> |
| Does failure mode apply in either dir? | No <i>Failure mode applies if $c_{a,min} < 0.4h_{ef}$ and if $s < 6^* c_a$ (for group of anchors)</i> |
| Edge distance factor for N_{sb} : | 0.6 <i>Factor applies for single anchor if $c_{a2} < 3c_{a1}$ where $1.0 \leq c_{a2}/c_{a1} \leq 3.0$ and $c_{a1} = c_{a,min}$</i> |
| $N_{sb} =$ | N/A lbs |
| $N_{cbg} =$ | N/A lbs |
| $0.75\Phi N_{sb}$ or $0.75\Phi N_{cbg} =$ | N/A lbs |
| $N_u =$ | lbs |
| $N_u / \Phi N_{sb} =$ | N/A |

(where N_{sb} doesn't include edge distance factor)

SHEAR CAPACITY: Lowest of ΦV_{ss} , ΦV_{cg} , ΦV_{cp}

Steel Strength of Anchor in Shear: ACI D.6.1

(for headed bolts)

| | |
|--|-----------------------|
| $\Phi V_{ss} = \Phi^* n^* 0.6^* A_{se}^* f_{ut}$ | ACI Eqn (D-20) |
| $\Phi =$ | 1 |
| $A_{se} =$ | 0.078 in ² |
| $f_{ut} =$ | 62000 psi |
| $\Phi V_{ss} =$ | 5803 lbs |
| $V_u =$ | 1000 lbs |
| $V_u / \Phi V_{ss} =$ | 0.17 |



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| Job: LLNL B341 | By: | Section: |
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Anchorage to Concrete per ACI 318-08 Appendix D

Anchorage Condition:

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Location: | Precast Panel Connections |
| Condition: | Double Sided Panel to Column Connection |
| Loading: | Shear along panel edge |

Concrete Breakout Strength of Anchor in Shear: ACI D.6.2

Note: Assume all load acts on back anchor, and check anchor group. See ACI 318-05 Fig. RD.6.2.1(b).

| | |
|---|--|
| $\Phi V_{cb} = \Phi^* A_{Vc} / A_{Vco} * \Psi_{ed,v} * \Psi_{c,v} * V_b$ | ACI Eqn (D-21) |
| $\Phi V_{cbg} = \Phi^* A_{Vc} / A_{Vco} * \Psi_{ec,v} * \Psi_{ed,v} * \Psi_{c,v} * V_b$ | ACI Eqn (D-22) |
| $V_b = \lambda * \gamma * (L/d_o)^{0.2} * \sqrt{d_o} * \sqrt{f_c} * (c_{a1})^{1.5}$ | ACI Eqn (D-24) |
| $A_{Vc} = (\text{Based on geometry}) \leq n * A_{Vco}$ | ACI Eqn (D-23): Proj. failure area in shear for group of anchors considering edge dist |
| $A_{Vco} = 4.5 * c_{a1}^2$ | Projected failure area in shear for a single anchor w/out considering edge dist |
| $\Phi = 1.00$ | |
| $l_e = 1.5 \text{ in}$ | Load bearing length of anchor for shear, ACI Section D.6.2.2 |
| $\Psi_{c,v} = 1.0$ | ACI Section D.6.2.7 |

Shear Breakout in Y-Direction:

(Capacities increased by 2 for loading parallel to edge per ACI Section D6.2.1)

Assume all load acts on back anchor (check group):

| | |
|--|--|
| $c_{a1} = 24.00 \text{ in}$ | |
| $V_b = 34164 \text{ lbs}$ | |
| $A_{Vc} = 432 \text{ in}^2$ | |
| $A_{Vco} = 2592 \text{ in}^2$ | |
| $\Psi_{ed,v} = 1.00 \text{ Eqn (D-27) or (D-28)}$ | |
| $\Psi_{ec,v} = 0.96 \text{ Eqn (D-26)}$ | |
| $\Psi_{h,v} = 2.45 \text{ Eqn (D-29)}$ | |
| $V_{cbg} = 26779 \text{ lbs}$ | |
| $0.75\Phi(V_{cb_y} \text{ or } V_{cbg_y}) = 20084 \text{ lbs}$ | |
| $V_u = 1000 \text{ lbs}$ | |
| $V_u / \Phi V_{cbg_y} = 0.05$ | |

Assume load is distributed equally between anchors (check front anchors):

| | |
|--|---|
| $c_{a1} = 26.50 \text{ in}$ | (This case should not be considered if anchors in group are rigidly connected to support) |
| $V_b = 39638 \text{ lbs}$ | |
| $A_{Vc} = 432 \text{ in}^2$ | |
| $A_{Vco} = 3160 \text{ in}^2$ | |
| $\Psi_{ed,v} = 1.00 \text{ Eqn (D-27) or (D-28)}$ | |
| $\Psi_{ec,v} = 0.96 \text{ Eqn (D-26)}$ | |
| $\Psi_{h,v} = 2.57 \text{ Eqn (D-29)}$ | |
| $V_{cbg} = 26880 \text{ lbs}$ | |
| $0.75\Phi(V_{cb_y} \text{ or } V_{cbg_y}) = 20160 \text{ lbs}$ | |
| $V_u = 500 \text{ lbs}$ | |
| $V_u / \Phi V_{cbg_y} = 0.02$ | |

Shear Breakout in X-Direction:

Assume all load acts on back anchor (check group):

| | |
|--|--|
| $c_{a2} = 36.00 \text{ in}$ | |
| $V_b = 62763 \text{ lbs}$ | |
| $A_{Vc} = 501 \text{ in}^2$ | |
| $A_{Vco} = 5832 \text{ in}^2$ | |
| $\Psi_{ed,v} = 0.85 \text{ Eqn (D-27) or (D-28)}$ | |
| $\Psi_{ec,v} = 0.97 \text{ Eqn (D-26)}$ | |
| $\Psi_{h,v} = 3.00 \text{ Eqn (D-29)}$ | |
| $V_{cbg} = 13333 \text{ lbs}$ | |
| $0.75\Phi(V_{cb_x} \text{ or } V_{cbg_x}) = 10000 \text{ lbs}$ | |
| $V_u = 1000 \text{ lbs}$ | |
| $V_u / \Phi V_{cbg_x} = 0.10$ | |

Assume load is distributed equally between anchors (check front anchors):

| | |
|--|---|
| $c_{a2} = 36.00 \text{ in}$ | (This case should not be considered if anchors in group are rigidly connected to support) |
| $V_b = 62763 \text{ lbs}$ | |
| $A_{Vc} = 501 \text{ in}^2$ | |
| $A_{Vco} = 5832 \text{ in}^2$ | |
| $\Psi_{ed,v} = 0.90 \text{ Eqn (D-27) or (D-28)}$ | |
| $\Psi_{ec,v} = 0.97 \text{ Eqn (D-26)}$ | |
| $\Psi_{h,v} = 3.00 \text{ Eqn (D-29)}$ | |
| $V_{cbg} = 14164 \text{ lbs}$ | |
| $0.75\Phi(V_{cb_x} \text{ or } V_{cbg_x}) = 10623 \text{ lbs}$ | |
| $V_u = 1000 \text{ lbs}$ | |
| $V_u / \Phi V_{cbg_x} = 0.09$ | |



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Anchorage to Concrete per ACI 318-08 Appendix D

Anchorage Condition:

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Location: | Precast Panel Connections |
| Condition: | Double Sided Panel to Column Connection |
| Loading: | Shear along panel edge |

SHEAR CAPACITY, cont.

Concrete Pryout Strength of Anchor in Shear: ACI D.6.3

$$\Phi V_{cp} = \Phi * k_{cp} * N_{cb}$$

ACI Eqn (D-29); for single anchor

$$\Phi V_{cpg} = \Phi * k_{cp} * N_{cpg}$$

ACI Eqn (D-30); for group of anchors

N_{cb} or $N_{cpg} = 8915$ lbs
 $\Phi = 1.00$
 $k_{cp} = 2.00$
 $0.75\Phi V_{cp}$ or $0.75\Phi V_{cpg} = 13372$ lbs
 $V_u = 1000$ lbs
 $V_u / \Phi V_{cp} = 0.07$

Design Summary and Combined Loading Checks:

Summary of Tension D/C Ratios:

Steel Strength of Anchor in Tension:
 Concrete Breakout Strength of Anchor in Tension:
 Concrete Pullout Strength of Anchor in Tension:
 Concrete Side-Face Blowout Strength of Anchor in Tension:

Ductile Failure D/C

0.00
 0.00
 0.00
 N/A
 max 0.00

Non-Ductile Failure D/C*

0.00
 0.00
 0.00
 N/A
 max 0.00 < 1.0, OK

Summary of Shear D/C Ratios:

Steel Strength of Anchor in Shear:
 Concrete Breakout Strength of Anchor in Shear:
 Concrete Pryout Strength of Anchor in Shear:

0.17 Ductile Failure Governs
 0.10
 0.07
 max 0.17 < 1.0, OK

0.43
 0.25
 0.19
 max 0.43

*Note: Where a ductile failure does not govern, ACI 318-08 Section D.3.3.6 requires that the design strength, determined in accordance with Section D.3.3.3, must be multiplied by a factor of 0.4.

Combined Loading Per ACI D.7:

Ductile Failure:

Combined D/C => Combined Effects need not be considered when either Tension or Shear D/C ≤ 0.20
 D/C = N/A

Non-Ductile Failure:

Combined D/C => Combined Effects need not be considered when either Tension or Shear D/C ≤ 0.20
 D/C = N/A

Check Minimum Edge Distances and Spacings Per ACI D.8:

Minimum Center to Center Spacing = 0.8 in.
 Check spacing in X-Direction: Spacing OK
 Check spacing in Y-Direction: N/A

ACI D.8.1, $4d_o$ for untorqued cast-in anchor

Minimum Edge Distance = 2 in.
 Check edge dist in direction of shear force: Edge Dist OK
 Check edge dist perpendicular to shear force: Edge Dist OK

ACI D.8.2, Edge distance requirements based on cover requirements of ACI 318-05 Section 7.7.

Evaluation of Braces on Line 2a

Subject:

Job Number:

Date:

Job:

By:

Section:

Checked By:

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of

EVALUATE BRACES ON LINE 2a

$$P_u = 10.4 \text{ K}$$

$$2L \ 3 \times 2 \times 3/16$$

$$KL = (1)(9.6 + 20^2)^{1/2} = 22'$$

$$m\text{-factor} = 5$$

$$P_{cr} = 3.6 \text{ K} \quad \text{NEXT PAGE}$$

$$DCR_{max} = 10.4 \text{ K} / (5 \times 3.6) = 0.58 \quad \underline{\underline{OK}} \quad \underline{\underline{BUCKLING}}$$

CONN. CAPACITY2-3/4" ϕ HSB IN DBL SHR

$$R_n = 2 \times 31.8 \text{ K} / 0.75 = 85 \text{ K} \quad \underline{\underline{OK}} \quad DCR = 0.12$$

10I 25.4 GUSSET WELDED TO COL

x 4" x 2 SIDES (T & B) x 3/16" FILLET

$$R_n = 4" \times 2 \times 3 \times 1.39 / 0.75 = 44 \text{ K} \quad \underline{\underline{OK}} \quad DCR = 0.24$$

BRACES OK



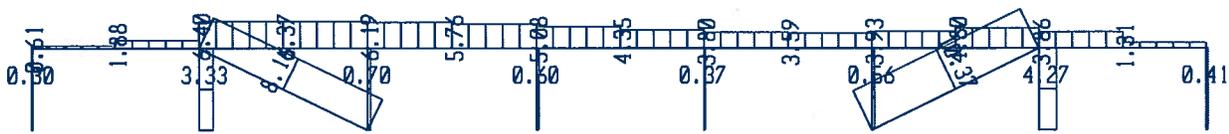
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 Oakland, California

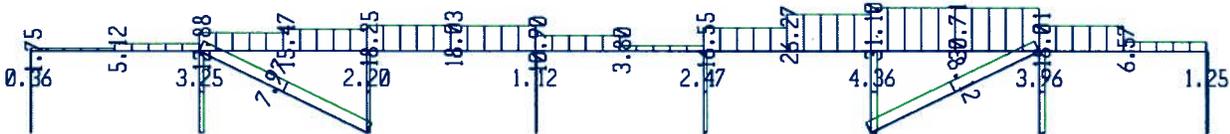
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|--------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------|-----------------|----------|
| Subject: | Diaphragm Bracing Checks | Job Number: | B3189012. | Date: | 11.20.13 |
| Job: | LLNL, B341 Increment I | By: | AMN | Section: | |
| Checked By: | | | | | |

Braces on Line 2a

Fye = 44 ksi

| Section | Pcr (k) | Area (in2) | rx (in) | ry (in) | ro (in) | J (in4) | H | length (ft) | kl/ry | Fe (ksi) | Fcry (ksi) | Fcrz (ksi) | Fcr (ksi) |
|-----------------|---------|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|------|-------------|-------|----------|------------|------------|-----------|
| 2L3X2X3/16 LLBB | 3.6 | 1.83 | 0.961 | 0.739 | 1.49 | 0.0238 | 0.67 | 22 | 357.2 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 65.6 | 1.9 |





Evaluation of Diaphragms and Diaphragm Bracing

| | | | |
|----------|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Subject: | Diaphragm Checks | Job Number: B3189012.00 | Date: 12.17.13 |
| Job: | LLNL B341 Increment I | By: AMN | Section: |
| | | Checked By: | |

| Level | Fpx/Fx |
|------------|--------|
| High Roof | 1.00 |
| Low Roof | 1.22 |
| Equip Loft | 1.22 |
| Mezz | 1.71 |

| Type | Strength (k/ft) |
|----------------|-----------------|
| Metal Deck | 0.81 |
| 6.5" Conc Slab | 9.6 |

| Diaphragm-Wall Connect Strength | |
|---------------------------------|----------|
| Pre-cast Panels | 3.3 k/ft |
| CIP High Roof | 4.1 k/ft |
| CIP Mezz | 7.6 k/ft |

| Section Cut | Level | Length (ft) | Earthquake | Vu (kips) | Amplification Factor | Diaphragm Demand (k/ft) | m-factor | Strength (k/ft) | Diaphragm DCR | Diaphragm-Wall Connection Strength | Connection DCR |
|--|------------|-------------|------------|-----------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------|-----------------|---------------|------------------------------------|----------------|
| Line 1 High Roof Diaphragm | High Roof | 180 | BSE-1E-X | 103 | 1.0 | 0.57 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 0.95 | 3.3 | 0.17 |
| Line 1 High Roof Diaphragm | High Roof | 180 | BSE-1E-Y | 34 | 1.0 | 0.08 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 0.05 | 3.3 | 0.02 |
| Line 1 Mezz Diaphragm | Mezz | 100 | BSE-1E-X | 44 | 1.7 | 0.76 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.04 | 3.3 | 0.23 |
| Line 1 Mezz Diaphragm | Mezz | 100 | BSE-1E-Y | 22 | 1.7 | 0.38 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.02 | 3.3 | 0.12 |
| Line 1a East Mezz Diaphragm | Mezz | 100 | BSE-1E-X | 53 | 1.7 | 0.90 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.05 | 7.6 | 0.12 |
| Line 1a East Mezz Diaphragm | Mezz | 100 | BSE-1E-Y | 23 | 1.7 | 0.39 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.02 | 7.6 | 0.05 |
| Line 1a West Mezz Diaphragm | Mezz | 100 | BSE-1E-X | 134 | 1.7 | 2.28 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.12 | 7.6 | 0.30 |
| Line 1a West Mezz Diaphragm | Mezz | 100 | BSE-1E-Y | 35 | 1.7 | 0.60 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.03 | 7.6 | 0.08 |
| Line 1b East Mezz Diaphragm | Mezz | 100 | BSE-1E-X | 77 | 1.7 | 1.31 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.07 | 7.6 | 0.17 |
| Line 1b East Mezz Diaphragm | Mezz | 100 | BSE-1E-Y | 28 | 1.7 | 0.48 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.03 | 7.6 | 0.08 |
| Line 1b West Mezz Diaphragm | Mezz | 100 | BSE-1E-X | 223 | 1.7 | 3.81 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.20 | 7.6 | 0.50 |
| Line 1b West Mezz Diaphragm | Mezz | 100 | BSE-1E-Y | 48 | 1.7 | 0.83 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.04 | 7.6 | 0.11 |
| Line 2 A-E East High Roof Diaphragm | High Roof | 80 | BSE-1E-X | 49 | 1.0 | 0.61 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 0.38 | 2.1 | 0.30 |
| Line 2 A-E East High Roof Diaphragm | High Roof | 80 | BSE-1E-Y | 7 | 1.0 | 0.08 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 0.05 | 2.1 | 0.04 |
| Line 2 B-E West Equipment Loft Diaphragm | Equip Loft | 60 | BSE-1E-X | 193 | 1.2 | 3.92 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.21 | 5.7 | 0.68 |
| Line 2 B-E West Equipment Loft Diaphragm | Equip Loft | 60 | BSE-1E-Y | 48 | 1.2 | 0.97 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.05 | 5.7 | 0.17 |
| Line 2 B-E West High Roof Diaphragm | High Roof | 60 | BSE-1E-X | 14 | 1.0 | 0.24 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 0.15 | 4.1 | 0.08 |
| Line 2 B-E West High Roof Diaphragm | High Roof | 60 | BSE-1E-Y | 15 | 1.0 | 0.25 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 0.15 | 4.1 | 0.08 |
| Line 2 East High Roof Diaphragm | High Roof | 180 | BSE-1E-X | 96 | 1.0 | 0.54 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 0.33 | 3.3 | 0.16 |
| Line 2 East High Roof Diaphragm | High Roof | 180 | BSE-1E-Y | 12 | 1.0 | 0.07 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 0.04 | 3.3 | 0.02 |
| Line 2 West High Roof Diaphragm | High Roof | 140 | BSE-1E-X | 31 | 1.0 | 0.22 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 0.14 | 3.3 | 0.07 |
| Line 2 West High Roof Diaphragm | High Roof | 140 | BSE-1E-Y | 9 | 1.0 | 0.06 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 0.04 | 3.3 | 0.02 |
| Line 2a B-I Low Roof Diaphragm | Low Roof | 140 | BSE-1E-X | 49 | 1.2 | 0.43 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 0.28 | - | - |
| Line 2a B-I Low Roof Diaphragm | Low Roof | 140 | BSE-1E-Y | 21 | 1.2 | 0.18 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 0.11 | - | - |
| Line 2a High Roof Diaphragm | High Roof | 140 | BSE-1E-X | 7 | 1.0 | 0.05 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 0.03 | - | - |
| Line 2a High Roof Diaphragm | High Roof | 140 | BSE-1E-Y | 11 | 1.0 | 0.08 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 0.05 | - | - |
| Line 4 Low Roof Diaphragm | Low Roof | 180 | BSE-1E-X | 88 | 1.2 | 0.60 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 0.37 | 3.3 | 0.18 |
| Line 4 Low Roof Diaphragm | Low Roof | 180 | BSE-1E-Y | 13 | 1.2 | 0.08 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 0.05 | 3.3 | 0.03 |

Subject: Diaphragm Checks
Job: LLNL B341 Increment I

Job Number: B3189012.00
By: AMN
Date: 12.17.13
Section:
Checked By:

| Level | Fpx/Fx |
|------------|--------|
| High Roof | 1.00 |
| Low Roof | 1.22 |
| Equip Loft | 1.22 |
| Mezz | 1.71 |

| Type | Strength (k/ft) |
|----------------|-----------------|
| Metal Deck | 0.81 |
| 6.5" Conc Slab | 9.6 |

| Diaphragm-Wall Connect Strength | |
|---------------------------------|----------|
| Pre-cast Panels | 3.3 k/ft |
| CIP High Roof | 4.1 k/ft |
| CIP Mezz | 7.6 k/ft |

| Section Cut | Level | Length (ft) | Earthquake | Vu (kips) | Amplification Factor | Diaphragm Demand (k/ft) | m-factor | Strength (k/ft) | Diaphragm DCR | Diaphragm-Wall Connection Strength | Connection DCR |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-------------|------------|-----------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------|-----------------|---------------|------------------------------------|----------------|
| Line A High Roof Diaphragm | High Roof | 50 | BSE-1E-X | 12 | 1.0 | 0.23 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 0.14 | 3.3 | 0.07 |
| Line A High Roof Diaphragm | High Roof | 50 | BSE-1E-Y | 28 | 1.0 | 0.55 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 0.34 | 3.3 | 0.17 |
| Line A Low Roof Diaphragm | Low Roof | 90 | BSE-1E-X | 18 | 1.2 | 0.25 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 0.19 | 3.3 | 0.07 |
| Line A Low Roof Diaphragm | Low Roof | 90 | BSE-1E-Y | 63 | 1.2 | 0.86 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 0.53 | 3.3 | 0.26 |
| Line C North High Roof Diaphragm | High Roof | 67 | BSE-1E-X | 14 | 1.0 | 0.21 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 0.13 | 4.1 | 0.05 |
| Line C North High Roof Diaphragm | High Roof | 67 | BSE-1E-Y | 32 | 1.0 | 0.48 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 0.29 | 4.1 | 0.12 |
| Line E Mezz Diaphragm | Mezz | 50 | BSE-1E-X | 48 | 1.7 | 1.63 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.29 | 7.6 | 0.21 |
| Line E Mezz Diaphragm | Mezz | 50 | BSE-1E-Y | 63 | 1.7 | 2.15 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.11 | 7.6 | 0.28 |
| Line E South High Roof Diaphragm | High Roof | 67 | BSE-1E-X | 10 | 1.0 | 0.15 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 0.09 | 4.1 | 0.04 |
| Line E South High Roof Diaphragm | High Roof | 67 | BSE-1E-Y | 137 | 1.0 | 2.05 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 1.24 | 4.1 | 0.50 |
| Line F North Mezz Diaphragm | Mezz | 50 | BSE-1E-X | 41 | 1.7 | 1.40 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.07 | 7.6 | 0.18 |
| Line F North Mezz Diaphragm | Mezz | 50 | BSE-1E-Y | 43 | 1.7 | 1.48 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.08 | 7.6 | 0.20 |
| Line F South Mezz Diaphragm | Mezz | 50 | BSE-1E-X | 52 | 1.7 | 1.77 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.09 | 7.6 | 0.23 |
| Line F South Mezz Diaphragm | Mezz | 50 | BSE-1E-Y | 52 | 1.7 | 1.77 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.09 | 7.6 | 0.23 |
| Line F.7 North Mezz Diaphragm | Mezz | 50 | BSE-1E-X | 49 | 1.7 | 1.67 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.09 | 7.6 | 0.22 |
| Line F.7 North Mezz Diaphragm | Mezz | 50 | BSE-1E-Y | 27 | 1.7 | 0.92 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.05 | 7.6 | 0.12 |
| Line F.7 South Mezz Diaphragm | Mezz | 50 | BSE-1E-X | 62 | 1.7 | 2.13 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.11 | 7.6 | 0.28 |
| Line F.7 South Mezz Diaphragm | Mezz | 50 | BSE-1E-Y | 98 | 1.7 | 3.35 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.18 | 7.6 | 0.44 |
| Line H.3 North Mezz Diaphragm | Mezz | 50 | BSE-1E-X | 60 | 1.7 | 2.04 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.11 | 7.6 | 0.27 |
| Line H.3 North Mezz Diaphragm | Mezz | 50 | BSE-1E-Y | 101 | 1.7 | 3.44 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.18 | 7.6 | 0.45 |
| Line H.3 South Mezz Diaphragm | Mezz | 50 | BSE-1E-X | 62 | 1.7 | 2.12 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.11 | 7.6 | 0.28 |
| Line H.3 South Mezz Diaphragm | Mezz | 50 | BSE-1E-Y | 29 | 1.7 | 0.98 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.05 | 7.6 | 0.13 |
| Line J North Mezz Diaphragm | Mezz | 50 | BSE-1E-X | 60 | 1.7 | 2.05 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.11 | 7.6 | 0.27 |
| Line J North Mezz Diaphragm | Mezz | 50 | BSE-1E-Y | 53 | 1.7 | 1.81 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.09 | 7.6 | 0.24 |
| Line J South Mezz Diaphragm | Mezz | 50 | BSE-1E-X | 60 | 1.7 | 2.04 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.11 | 7.6 | 0.27 |
| Line J South Mezz Diaphragm | Mezz | 50 | BSE-1E-Y | 48 | 1.7 | 1.64 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.09 | 7.6 | 0.22 |
| Line K High Roof Diaphragm | High Roof | 50 | BSE-1E-X | 9 | 1.0 | 0.18 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 0.11 | 3.3 | 0.05 |
| Line K High Roof Diaphragm | High Roof | 50 | BSE-1E-Y | 131 | 1.0 | 2.62 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 1.62 | 3.3 | 0.80 |
| Line K Low Roof Diaphragm | Low Roof | 90 | BSE-1E-X | 14 | 1.2 | 0.19 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 0.12 | 3.3 | 0.06 |
| Line K Low Roof Diaphragm | Low Roof | 90 | BSE-1E-Y | 88 | 1.2 | 1.19 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 0.74 | 3.3 | 0.38 |
| Line K Mezz Diaphragm | Mezz | 50 | BSE-1E-X | 58 | 1.7 | 1.98 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.10 | 3.3 | 0.60 |
| Line K Mezz Diaphragm | Mezz | 50 | BSE-1E-Y | 64 | 1.7 | 2.18 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 0.11 | 3.3 | 0.66 |

0.42

0.43

0.50

0.56

0.55

0.58

0.54

0.45

| | | |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Subject: Metal Deck Roof Diaphragm Properties | Job Number: B3189012.00 | Date: 11.19.13 |
| Job: LLNL B341 Increment I | By: AMN | Section: |
| Checked By: | | |

I. General Deck Information

| | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------|
| h: | Deck Height (in.) = | 1.50 |
| d: | Rib Spacing (in.) = | 6 |
| t: | Base Metal Thickness (in.) = | 0.0474 18 ga, Wide Rib |
| w: | Panel Width (in.) = | 24 |
| L: | Panel Length (ft.) = | 30 |
| P: | Weld Pattern = | 3 |
| s_e: | Edge Weld Spacing, (w/(P-1)), (in.) = | 12 |
| s_i: | Interior Slitch Spacing (in.) = | 24 |
| w_c: | Corrugation dimension (in.) = | 1.55 |
| e: | Corrugation dimension (in.) = | 0.875 |
| f: | Corrugation dimension (in.) = | 3.5 |

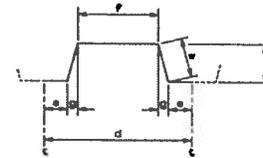


FIG 2.4-1 CORRUGATION DIMENSIONS

II. Connector Strength
Structural Fastener - Arc Spot Weld

| | | |
|-----------------------|--|--------|
| d_w: | Weld Diameter (in.) = | 0.5 |
| F_u: | Specified Minimum Steel Strength, Members (ksi) = | 45 |
| Q_r: | Structural Connector Strength, [2.2 * F _u * (d _w * t)], (kips) = | 2.12 |
| S_r: | Structural Connector Flexibility, [1.15 * 10 ⁻⁹ / (t) ^{0.5}], (in./kip) = | 0.0053 |

Sidelap Fastener - Button Punched (equivalent to #10 screw per Verco manual)

| | | |
|-----------------------|---|--------------|
| Q_s: | Sidelap Connector Strength (kips) = | 1.02 App IV |
| S_s: | Sidelap Connector Flexibility (in./kip) = | 0.014 App IV |

III. Diaphragm Strength
Edge Fasteners

| | | |
|------------------------|---|------|
| α₁: | End Distribution Factor, [App. IV] = | 1.1 |
| n_p: | No. of Purlins (excluding ends) = | 3 |
| α₂: | Purlin Distribution Factor, [App. IV] = | 1.1 |
| n_e: | No. of Edge Connectors between Cross Supports, [(L/(n _p +1))/s _e] = | 7 |
| S_{ue}: | Diaphragm Strength (Edge Limit), [(2α ₁ +n _p α ₂ +n _e)Q _r /L], (Kip/ft) = | 0.88 |

Interior Panels

| | | |
|----------------------------|--|------|
| L_v: | Purlin Spacing (ft.) = | 7.50 |
| λ: | [1-h*L _v /(240*t ^{0.5})] = | 0.78 |
| n_s: | No. of Slitch Connectors in Length, [L/s _i] = | 15 |
| α₃: | [Q _s /Q _i] = | 0.48 |
| Σ(x/w)²: | [App. IV] = | 0.51 |
| S_{ui}: | Diaphragm Strength (Interior Limit), [2(λ-1)+n _s α ₃ +Σ(x/w) ² *(2n _s +4)]*(Q _r /L), (kip/ft) = | 0.84 |

End Members

| | | |
|-----------------------|---|-------|
| N: | No. Fasters per Foot Along Ends = | 1.00 |
| B: | [n _e α ₂ +Σ(x/w) ² *(2n _p +4)] = | 12.29 |
| S_u: | Diaphragm Strength (Corner Limit), [(N ² B ² /(L ² N ² +B ²)) ^{0.5} Q _r], (kip/ft) = | 0.81 |

Limiting Diaphragm Strength Value

| | | |
|-----------|-------------------------------|------|
| S: | Diaphragm Strength (kip/ft) : | 0.81 |
|-----------|-------------------------------|------|

IV. Stability Check

| | | |
|-----------------------|--|-------|
| I: | Panel Moment of Inertia (in ⁴ /ft width) = | 0.305 |
| d_p: | Corrugation Pitch (in.) = | 6 |
| s_d: | Developed Flute Width, [2(e+w)+f], (in.) = | 8.34 |
| S_c: | Critical Buckling Load, [(3.25*10 ³ /L _v ²)*(I ³ d _p /s _d) ^{0.25}] (kips/ft) = | 2.22 |

⇒ 810 plf COMPARES WELL TO
 2x √ ALLOWABLE = 2x455 plf = 910 plf
 ↑ FROM 1984
 EVALUATION
 MEMO

IV. Diaphragm Stiffness

| | | |
|-----------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| E: | Modulus of Elasticity (ksi) = | 28000 |
| ν: | Poissons Ratio = | 0.3 |
| C: | Slip Coefficient [(E _t /w)*S _r *((24L/(2α ₁ +n _p α ₂ +2n _s S _r /S _s))] = | 12.83 |
| D: | Assume Wide Rib, [Table 3.3-1 pg. 3-4] = | 13013 18 ga, every third valley |
| D_n: | Warping Constant [D/12L] = | 36.15 |
| φ: | D _n Reduction [Table 3.3-2] = | 0.80 |
| G': | Diaphragm Stiffness (kips/in) = | 30.30 |
| G: | Effective Modulus (ksi) = | 639.35 |
| t': | Effective Panel Thickness [t*(G/11350)] (in.) = | 0.002717 |

Subject:

Job Number:

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By:

Section:

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MEZZ & EQUIPMENT LOFT DIAPH. CAP.

6'12" CONC. SLAB

$$V_c = 2 \sqrt{2500 \times 1.5} \times 6.5' \times 12" / 1000$$

$$= \underline{\underline{9.6\text{K}/\text{ft}}}$$

Subject:

Job Number:

Date:

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of

DIAPHRAGM - WALL CONN.

WELD TO INSERT (1/4" FILLET)

$$3'' \times 2 \times 4 \times 1.39 / 0.75 = \underline{\underline{45^k}}$$

WELD TO B.M (1/4" FILLET)

$$\text{GAP BET. ANGLE \& INSERT} = 1.125''$$

$$\text{IN-PLANE ECCENTRICITY} = 1.125'' + \frac{3 - 1.125}{2} = 2.06''$$

$$L \ 3 \times 3 \times \frac{3}{8} \times 0' - 4''$$

$$A_{\text{WELD}} = 2 \times 1.875'' = 3.75 \text{ in}^2/\text{in}$$

$$S_{\text{WELD}} = 1.875 \times 2^2 \times 2 = 15 \text{ in}^3/\text{in}$$

$$\sigma_v = V / 3.75 \quad \sigma_b = 2.06'' \times V / 15$$

$$\sigma_R = \sqrt{\left(\frac{V}{3.75}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{2.06V}{15}\right)^2} = 1.39 / 0.75 \times 4 = 7.4^k/\text{in}$$

$$\underline{\underline{V = 247^k}}$$

CONCRETE ANCHOR

$$\underline{\underline{V_n = 10.4^k}} \rightarrow \text{SEE SPRD SH.}$$

STRAPS

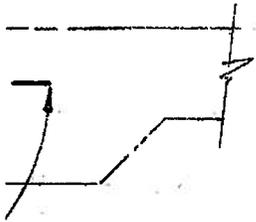
$$V_n = 2 \times \frac{3}{16}'' \times 1'' \times 0.6 \times 44^{\text{ksi}}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{9.9^k}}$$

$$\text{STRAP CONTROLS } \frac{V_n = 9.9^k}{3'} = \underline{\underline{3.3^k/\text{ft}}}$$

>> DIAPHRAGM
CAPACITY
= 0.8^k/ft

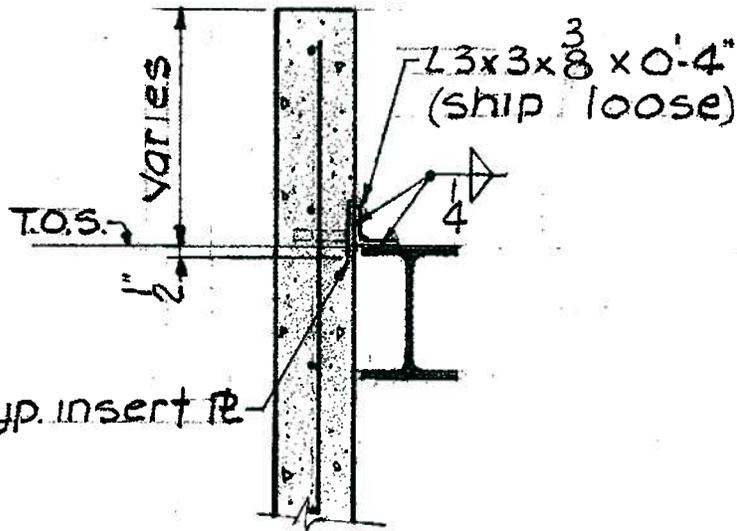
J=4"
@6" | 1.3"



- Bend Bars up.

@12

DOORS



1/2" premoulded
filler.

white mastic

TYPICAL

DI

S

SECTION

F.11
13

| | | |
|---|---------------------------------|----------------------|
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Anchorage to Concrete per ACI 318-08 Appendix D

Anchorage Condition:

Location: Metal Deck to Wall Connection - Worst Case
Condition: In-plane Shear Connection: Diaphragm to panels
Loading: Shear parallel to panel edge

Cast-In-Place Anchor Properties:

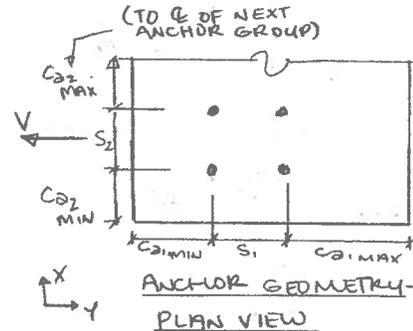
| | |
|---|---|
| Material: | F1554 Gr. 36 |
| Diameter: | 1/2" Φ |
| Nut Type: | A563 Hex |
| Supplementary Reinforcement (between anchor and edge): | None or <#4 |
| Anchor Yield Stress, f_y : | 44 ksi |
| Anchor Tensile Stress, f_u : | 62 ksi |
| $d_o =$ | 0.500 in |
| Effective Embedment Depth of Anchor, h_{ef} : | 2.63 in |
| Embed from ACI D.5.2.3 for eqns (D-4)-(D-11), h'_{ef} : | N/A in (for anchors close to three or more edges) |
| Are anchors in group rigidly connected to support? | No |
| Min Thickness of Steel Attachment: | N/A in. (ACI Sec. D.6.2.3, max of 3/8" and 0.5* d_o) |
| Embedded washer plate area, if applicable: | 0.00 in. ² (Input '0.00' if not used) |
| Embedded washer plate thickness, if applicable: | 0.00 in. (Input '0.00' if not used) |
| Embedded nut width, if applicable: | 0.00 in |

Concrete Data:

| | |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| $f'_c =$ | 4000 psi |
| Concrete Type = | Normal Weight |
| $\lambda =$ | 1.00 ACI 8.6.1 |
| Concrete Performance: | No Cracking at Service Loads |
| Concrete Depth, h_c : | 6 in |

Anchor Geometry:

| | |
|--|----------|
| Anchor Spacing in Y-Direction, s_1 : | 3 in |
| Anchor Spacing in X-Direction, s_2 : | 0 in |
| Number of Anchor Rows in Y-Direction, n_y : | 2 |
| Number of Anchor Rows in X-Direction, n_x : | 1 |
| Total Number of anchors in group, n : | 2 |
| Y-Dir: 1/2 Dist to Next Anchor Group OR Max. Edge Dist., c_{a1_max} : | 18.00 in |
| Y-Dir Edge Min. Edge Dist., c_{a1_min} : | 18.0 in |
| X-Dir: 1/2 Dist to Next Anchor Group OR Max. Edge Dist., c_{a2_max} : | 120.0 in |
| X-Dir Min. Edge Dist., c_{a2_min} : | 10.8 in |
| Critical edge distance from ACI D.8.6, c_{ac} : | 10.5 in |
| Dist from centroid of bolt group to applied tension load, e'_N : | 0.0 in |
| Dist from centroid of bolt group to applied shear load, e'_V : | 0.0 in |
| Can Shear Breakout Occur in Y-direction? | N |
| Can Shear Breakout Occur in X-direction? | Y |



*Note that e'_N and e'_V do not account for additional T or V on anchors due to eccentric application of load. They are only used to calculate the ψ factors for shear and tension breakout.

Anchor Demands:

Do anchors resist seismic demands in a moderate or high seismic region?

Y (If "Y", include 0.75 decrease on capacity for concrete failure modes per D.3.3.3)

| | |
|--------------------------------------|----------|
| Max Tension at Conn Point = | 0 lbs |
| Max Shear at Conn Point = | 1000 lbs |
| Direction of Shear Loading = | Y-Dir |
| Required Incr. in Tension Demand** = | 1.0 |
| Required Incr. in Shear Demand** = | 1.0 |

Tension Demand:

$N_u =$ Tension at Anchor Group = 0 lbs

Shear Demand:

$V_u =$ Shear at Anchor Group = 1000 lbs

**Required Demand Increases:

Note: For anchorage of nonstructural components, increase demands by a factor of 1.3 per ASCE 7-05 Ch13.4.2a. Per CBC 2010 Section 1615A.1.14 this increase is no longer required for OSHPD jobs.



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Anchorage to Concrete per ACI 318-08 Appendix D

Anchorage Condition:

Location: Metal Deck to Wall Connection - Worst Case
Condition: In-plane Shear Connection: Diaphragm to panels
Loading: Shear parallel to panel edge

Anchor Capacities:

Note: Capacities associated with concrete failure modes are multiplied by 0.75 per ACI 318-08 D.3.3.3 for structures in Seismic Design Categories D, E, F.

TENSION CAPACITY: Lowest of ΦN_{sa} , ΦN_{cb} , ΦN_{pn} , ΦN_{sb}

Steel Strength of Anchor in Tension: ACI D.5.1

$$\Phi N_{sa} = \Phi \cdot n \cdot A_{se} \cdot f_{ut} \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-3)}$$

$\Phi = 0.75$
 $A_{se} = 0.142 \text{ in}^2$
 $f_{ut} = 62000 \text{ psi}$
 $\Phi N_{sa} = 13206 \text{ lbs}$
 $N_u = 0 \text{ lbs}$
 $N_u / \Phi N_{sa} = 0.00$

Concrete Breakout Strength of Anchor in Tension: ACI D.5.2

$$\Phi N_{cb} = \Phi \cdot A_{Nco} / A_{Nco} \cdot \Psi_{ed,N} \cdot \Psi_{c,N} \cdot \Psi_{cp,N} \cdot N_b \quad \text{ACI Eq (D-4)} \quad \Psi_{ed,N} \quad 1.00 \quad \text{Eqn (D-9)}$$

$$\Phi N_{cbg} = \Phi \cdot A_{Nco} / A_{Nco} \cdot \Psi_{ec,N} \cdot \Psi_{ed,N} \cdot \Psi_{c,N} \cdot \Psi_{cp,N} \cdot N_b \quad \text{ACI Eq (D-5)} \quad \Psi_{ed,N} \quad 1.00 \quad \text{Eqns (D-10 and D-11)}$$

$\Phi = 0.7$
 $N_b = \lambda \cdot k_c \cdot \sqrt{f'_c} \cdot (h_{ef})^{1.5} \text{ OR } N_b = \lambda \cdot 16 \cdot \sqrt{f'_c} \cdot (h_{ef})^{5/3} \text{ if } (11 < h_{ef} < 25)$
 $k_c = 24 \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-7) or (D-8)}$
 $N_b = 6456 \text{ lbs}$
 $A_{Nco} = 9 \cdot h_{ef}^2 \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-6)}$
 $A_{Nco} = 62 \text{ in}^2 \quad \text{(Projected area for a single anchor without edge distance considered)}$
 $A_{Nc} = 86 \text{ in}^2 \quad \text{(Proj. area for group of anchors with edge dist. considered; Not greater than } n \cdot A_{Nco} \text{)}$
 $\text{(Where washers are used, projected area is calculated per ACI 318-05 Section D.5.2.8.)}$
 $N_{cb} \text{ or } N_{cbg} = 11144 \text{ lbs} \quad \text{Strength of group of anchors}$
 $0.75 \Phi N_{cb} \text{ or } 0.75 \Phi N_{cbg} = 5850 \text{ lbs}$
 $N_u = 0 \text{ lbs}$
 $N_u / \Phi N_{cbg} = 0.00$

Concrete Pullout Strength of Anchor in Tension: ACI D.5.3

$$\Phi N_{pn} = \Phi \cdot \Psi_{c,p} \cdot N_p \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-14)}$$

$$N_p = 8 \cdot A_{brg} \cdot f_c \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-15)}$$

$A_{brg} = 0.29 \text{ in}^2 \quad \text{From PCA Notes on ACI 318-05 Table 34-2}$
 $\Phi = 0.70$
 $N_p = 9312 \text{ lbs}$
 $\Psi_{c,p} = 1.40 \text{ in}$
 $0.75 \Phi N_{pn} = 6844 \text{ lbs} \quad \text{Strength of a single anchor in group}$
 $N_u = 0 \text{ lbs} \quad \text{Demand of a single anchor in group}$
 $N_u / \Phi N_p = 0.00$



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Anchorage to Concrete per ACI 318-08 Appendix D

Anchorage Condition:

Location: Metal Deck to Wall Connection - Worst Case
Condition: In-plane Shear Connection: Diaphragm to panels
Loading: Shear parallel to panel edge

TENSION CAPACITY, cont.

Concrete Side-Face Blowout Strength of a Headed Anchor in Tension: ACI D.5.4

| | |
|---|---|
| $\Phi N_{sb} = \Phi \cdot \lambda \cdot 160 \cdot c_{a1} \cdot \sqrt{A_{brg}} \cdot \sqrt{f_c}$ | ACI Eqn (D-17) |
| $\Phi N_{sbg} = \Phi \cdot (1 + s / (6 \cdot c_{a1})) \cdot N_{sb}$ | ACI Eqn (D-18) |
| $\Phi =$ | 0.70 |
| Deep embed. close to edge in Y-dir? | No "Yes" if $c_{a1} < 0.4h_{ef}$ |
| Deep embed. close to edge in X-dir? | No "Yes" if $c_{a2} < 0.4h_{ef}$ |
| For anchor group, is $s_2 < 6 \cdot c_{a1}$? | Yes For blowout of group in Y-direction |
| For anchor group, is $s_1 < 6 \cdot c_{a2}$? | Yes For blowout of group in X-direction |
| Does failure mode apply in either dir? | No Failure mode applies if $c_{a,min} < 0.4h_{ef}$ and if $s < 6 \cdot c_a$ (for group of anchors) |
| Edge distance factor for N_{sb} : | 1.0 Factor applies for single anchor if $c_{a2} < 3c_{a1}$, where $1.0 \leq c_{a2}/c_{a1} \leq 3.0$ and $c_{a1} = c_{a,min}$ |
| $N_{sb} =$ | N/A lbs |
| $N_{sbg} =$ | N/A lbs |
| $0.75\Phi N_{sb}$ or $0.75\Phi N_{sbg} =$ | N/A lbs |
| $N_u =$ | lbs |
| $N_u / \Phi N_{sb} =$ | N/A |

(where N_{sb} doesn't include edge distance factor)

SHEAR CAPACITY: Lowest of ΦV_{sa} , ΦV_{cg} , ΦV_{cp}

Steel Strength of Anchor in Shear: ACI D.6.1

| | |
|--|-----------------------|
| $\Phi V_{sa} = \Phi \cdot n \cdot 0.6 \cdot A_{se} \cdot f_{ut}$ | (for headed bolts) |
| $\Phi =$ | 1 |
| $A_{se} =$ | 0.142 in ² |
| $f_{ut} =$ | 62000 psi |
| $\Phi V_{sa} =$ | 10565 lbs |
| $V_u =$ | 1000 lbs |
| $V_u / \Phi V_{sa} =$ | 0.09 |

ACI Eqn (D-20)



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Anchorage to Concrete per ACI 318-08 Appendix D

Anchorage Condition:

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Location: | Metal Deck to Wall Connection - Worst Case |
| Condition: | In-plane Shear Connection: Diaphragm to panels |
| Loading: | Shear parallel to panel edge |

Concrete Breakout Strength of Anchor in Shear: ACI D.6.2

Note: Assume all load acts on back anchor, and check anchor group. See ACI 318-05 Fig. RD.6.2.1(b).

$$\Phi V_{cb} = \Phi A_{Vc} / A_{Vco} \Psi_{ed,v} \Psi_{ec,v} \Psi_{c,v} V_b \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-21)}$$

$$\Phi V_{cbg} = \Phi A_{Vc} / A_{Vco} \Psi_{ec,v} \Psi_{ed,v} \Psi_{c,v} V_b \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-22)}$$

$$V_b = \lambda \sqrt{f'_c} (l_e / d_o)^{0.2} \sqrt{d_o} \sqrt{f'_c} (c_{a1})^{1.5} \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-24)}$$

$$A_{Vc} = (\text{Based on geometry}) \leq n A_{Vco}$$

$$A_{Vco} = 4.5 c_{a1}^2$$

$$\Phi = 1.00$$

$$l_e = 2.6 \text{ in}$$

$$\Psi_{c,v} = 1.4$$

Load bearing length of anchor for shear, ACI Section D.6.2.2
 ACI Section D.6.2.7

Shear Breakout in Y-Direction:

| Assume all load acts on back anchor (check group): | Assume load is distributed equally between anchors (check front anchors): | (This case should not be considered if anchors in group are rigidly connected to support) |
|--|---|---|
| $c_{a1} = 21.00 \text{ in}$ | $c_{a1} = 18.00 \text{ in}$ | |
| $V_b = 41973 \text{ lbs}$ | $V_b = 33308 \text{ lbs}$ | |
| $A_{Vc} = 254 \text{ in}^2$ | $A_{Vc} = 227 \text{ in}^2$ | |
| $A_{Vco} = 1985 \text{ in}^2$ | $A_{Vco} = 1458 \text{ in}^2$ | |
| $\Psi_{ed,v} = 0.80 \text{ Eqn (D-27) or (D-28)}$ | $\Psi_{ed,v} = 0.82 \text{ Eqn (D-27) or (D-28)}$ | |
| $\Psi_{ec,v} = 1.00 \text{ Eqn (D-26)}$ | $\Psi_{ec,v} = 1.00 \text{ Eqn (D-26)}$ | |
| $\Psi_{h,v} = 2.29 \text{ Eqn (D-29)}$ | $\Psi_{h,v} = 2.12 \text{ Eqn (D-29)}$ | |
| $V_{cbg} = 13800 \text{ lbs}$ | $V_{cbg} = 12593 \text{ lbs}$ | |
| $0.75\Phi(V_{cb,y} \text{ or } V_{cbg,y}) = 10350 \text{ lbs}$ | $0.75\Phi(V_{cb,y} \text{ or } V_{cbg,y}) = 9445 \text{ lbs}$ | |
| $V_u = 1000 \text{ lbs}$ | $V_u = 500 \text{ lbs}$ | |
| $V_u / \Phi V_{cbg,y} = 0.10$ | $V_u / \Phi V_{cbg,y} = 0.05$ | |

Shear Breakout in X-Direction:

| Assume all load acts on back anchor (check group): | Assume load is distributed equally between anchors (check front anchors): | (This case should not be considered if anchors in group are rigidly connected to support) |
|--|---|---|
| $c_{a2} = 10.75 \text{ in}$ | $c_{a2} = 10.75 \text{ in}$ | |
| $V_b = 15373 \text{ lbs}$ | $V_b = 15373 \text{ lbs}$ | |
| $A_{Vc} = 212 \text{ in}^2$ | $A_{Vc} = 212 \text{ in}^2$ | |
| $A_{Vco} = 520 \text{ in}^2$ | $A_{Vco} = 520 \text{ in}^2$ | |
| $\Psi_{ed,v} = 1.00 \text{ Eqn (D-27) or (D-28)}$ | $\Psi_{ed,v} = 1.00 \text{ Eqn (D-27) or (D-28)}$ | |
| $\Psi_{ec,v} = 1.00 \text{ Eqn (D-26)}$ | $\Psi_{ec,v} = 1.00 \text{ Eqn (D-26)}$ | |
| $\Psi_{h,v} = 1.64 \text{ Eqn (D-29)}$ | $\Psi_{h,v} = 1.64 \text{ Eqn (D-29)}$ | |
| $V_{cbg} = 28699 \text{ lbs}$ | $V_{cbg} = 28699 \text{ lbs}$ | |
| $0.75\Phi(V_{cb,x} \text{ or } V_{cbg,x}) = 21524 \text{ lbs}$ | $0.75\Phi(V_{cb,x} \text{ or } V_{cbg,x}) = 21524 \text{ lbs}$ | |
| $V_u = 1000 \text{ lbs}$ | $V_u = 1000 \text{ lbs}$ | |
| $V_u / \Phi V_{cbg,x} = 0.05$ | $V_u / \Phi V_{cbg,y} = 0.05$ | |



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Anchorage to Concrete per ACI 318-08 Appendix D

Anchorage Condition:

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Location: | Metal Deck to Wall Connection - Worst Case |
| Condition: | In-plane Shear Connection: Diaphragm to panels |
| Loading: | Shear parallel to panel edge |

SHEAR CAPACITY, cont.

Concrete Pryout Strength of Anchor in Shear: ACI D.6.3

| | |
|---|---|
| $\Phi V_{cp} = \Phi * k_{cp} * N_{cb}$ | <i>ACI Eqn (D-29); for single anchor</i> |
| $\Phi V_{cpg} = \Phi * k_{cp} * N_{cbg}$ | <i>ACI Eqn (D-30); for group of anchors</i> |
| N_{cb} or $N_{cbg} =$ | 11144 lbs |
| $\Phi =$ | 1.00 |
| $k_{cp} =$ | 2.00 |
| $0.75\Phi V_{cp}$ or $0.75\Phi V_{cpg} =$ | 16715 lbs |
| $V_u =$ | 1000 lbs |
| $V_u / \Phi V_{cp} =$ | <input type="text" value="0.06"/> |

Design Summary and Combined Loading Checks:

Summary of Tension D/C Ratios:

| | Ductile Failure D/C | Non-Ductile Failure D/C* |
|---|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Steel Strength of Anchor in Tension: | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Concrete Breakout Strength of Anchor in Tension: | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Concrete Pullout Strength of Anchor in Tension: | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Concrete Side-Face Blowout Strength of Anchor in Tension: | N/A | N/A |
| | max 0.00 | max 0.00 < 1.0, OK |

Summary of Shear D/C Ratios:

| | | |
|--|-----------------|------------------------------|
| Steel Strength of Anchor in Shear: | 0.09 | 0.24 |
| Concrete Breakout Strength of Anchor in Shear: | 0.10 | 0.24 |
| Concrete Pryout Strength of Anchor in Shear: | 0.06 | 0.15 |
| | max 0.10 | max 0.24 < 1.0, OK |

*Note: Where a ductile failure does not govern, ACI 318-08 Section D.3.3.6 requires that the design strength, determined in accordance with Section D.3.3.3, must be multiplied by a factor of 0.4.

Combined Loading Per ACI D.7:

Ductile Failure:

Combined D/C => **Combined Effects need not be considered when either Tension or Shear D/C ≤ 0.20**
 D/C =

Non-Ductile Failure:

Combined D/C => **Combined Effects need not be considered when either Tension or Shear D/C ≤ 0.20**
 D/C =

Check Minimum Edge Distances and Spacings Per ACI D.8:

| | | |
|---|---------------------|---|
| Minimum Center to Center Spacing = | 2.0 in. | <i>ACI D.8.1, 4d_s for untorqued cast-in anchor</i> |
| Check spacing in X-Direction: | Spacing OK | |
| Check spacing in Y-Direction: | N/A | |
| Minimum Edge Distance = | 2 in. | <i>ACI D.8.2, Edge distance requirements based on cover requirements of ACI 318-05 Section 7.7.</i> |
| Check edge dist in direction of shear force: | Edge Dist OK | |
| Check edge dist perpendicular to shear force: | Edge Dist OK | |

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By:

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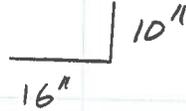
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DIAPHRAGM-WALL CONN. @ CIP WALLS

LINE 2 MEZZ

#5 @ 15" O.C.



$$l_d = \frac{40000 \text{ psi}}{25 \sqrt{2500}} d_b = 32 d_b = 20''$$

SHEAR FRICTION

$$V_n = \frac{40^{\text{ksi}} \times 0.3 \text{ in}^2 \times 1.0 \times \frac{16-4}{20}}{15/12} = 5.7 \text{ K/ft}$$

$$l_{dn} = \frac{0.02 \times 40000}{\sqrt{2500}} \times 0.7 \times d_b = 11.2 d_b = 7''$$

SHEAR FRICTION

$$V_n = \frac{40^{\text{ksi}} \times 0.3 \text{ in}^2 \times 1.0 \times \frac{4}{7}}{15/12} = 5.7 \text{ K/ft} \leftarrow \text{CONTROLS}$$

$$\underline{\underline{V_n = 5.7 \text{ K/ft}}}$$

Subject:

Job Number:

Date:

Job:

By:

Section:

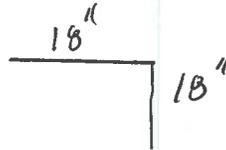
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LINE E MEZZ

#4 @ 9' O.C.



$$l_d = 32d_b = 16''$$

$$l_{dn} = 11.2d_b = 5.6''$$

SHEAR FRACTION

$$V_n = \frac{18'' - 4''}{16''} \times 40 \text{ ksi} \times 0.2 \text{ in}^2 \times 1.0 = 9.3 \text{ k/ft}$$

9/12

$$V_n = \frac{4''}{5.6''} \times 40 \text{ ksi} \times 0.2 \text{ in}^2 \times 1.0 = 7.6 \text{ k/ft}$$

9/12

$$\underline{\underline{V_n = 7.6 \text{ k/ft}}}$$

Subject: _____

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LINE E & C - HIGH ROOF $3/4" \phi$ A.B. @ 2'-0" O.C. w/ CONT. L4x3x3/8

ANCHOR STRENGTH GOVERNS, SEE SARD SAT.

$$V_n = 12.4^k$$

$$T_n = 12.4^k / 2' = \underline{\underline{6.2^k/ft}}$$

LINE 2 - HIGH ROOF $3/4" \phi$ A.B. @ 3' O.C. w/ CONT. L7x4x3/8 $V_n = 12.4^k$, SAME AS PREV.

$$T_n = 12.4^k / 3' = \underline{\underline{4.1^k/ft}}$$

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LINE 199 & 16 MEZZ

CONST. ST. IN WALL @ BOT OF BMS
SHEAR FRICTION PROVIDED BY WALL VERT. STC

#4 @ 18" O.C., E.F.

→ #4 @ 9" O.C.

SAME AS LINE E @ MEZZ

$$\underline{\underline{v_n = 7.6 \text{ k/ft}}}$$

EAST-WEST WALLS @ MEZZ.

VERT WALL BARS HOOKED INTO TOP OF
6 1/2" SLAB

2- #4 @ 10" O.C.

$$\therefore \underline{\underline{v_n = 7.6 \text{ k/ft}}}$$

| | | |
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Anchorage to Concrete per ACI 318-08 Appendix D

Anchorage Condition:

Location: High Roof Cast in place anchor bolt
Condition: In-plane Shear Connection: diaphragm to CIP walls
Loading: Shear parallel to panel edge

Cast-In-Place Anchor Properties:

Material: F1554 Gr. 36
 Diameter: 3/4" Φ
 Nut Type: A563 Hex
 Supplementary Reinforcement (between anchor and edge): None or <#4

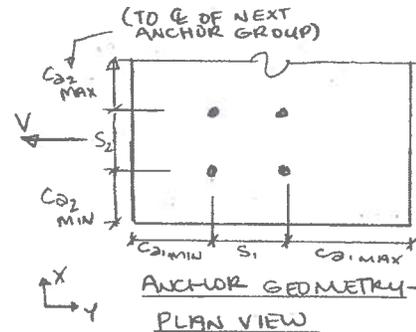
Anchor Yield Stress, f_y : 44 ksi
 Anchor Tensile Stress, f_u : 62 ksi
 d_o = 0.750 in
 Effective Embedment Depth of Anchor, h_{ef} : 5.50 in
 Embed from ACI D.5.2.3 for eqns (D-4)-(D-11), h'_{ef} : N/A in (for anchors close to three or more edges)
 Are anchors in group rigidly connected to support? No
 Min Thickness of Steel Attachment: N/A in. (ACI Sec. D.6.2.3, max of 3/8" and 0.5" d_o)
 Embedded washer plate area, if applicable: 0.00 in.² (Input '0.00' if not used)
 Embedded washer plate thickness, if applicable: 0.00 in. (Input '0.00' if not used)
 Embedded nut width, if applicable: 0.00 in

Concrete Data:

f_c = 4000 psi
 Concrete Type = Normal Weight
 λ = 1.00 ACI 8.6.1
 Concrete Performance: No Cracking at Service Loads
 Concrete Depth, h_c : 6 in

Anchor Geometry:

Anchor Spacing in Y-Direction, s_1 : 0 in
 Anchor Spacing in X-Direction, s_2 : 0 in
 Number of Anchor Rows in Y-Direction, n_y : 1
 Number of Anchor Rows in X-Direction, n_x : 1
 Total Number of anchors in group, n : 1
 Y-Dir: 1/2 Dist to Next Anchor Group OR Max. Edge Dist., c_{a1_max} : 12.00 in
 Y-Dir Edge Min. Edge Dist., c_{a1_min} : 12.0 in
 X-Dir: 1/2 Dist to Next Anchor Group OR Max. Edge Dist., c_{a2_max} : 120.0 in
 X-Dir Min. Edge Dist., c_{a2_min} : 18.0 in
 Critical edge distance from ACI D.8.6, c_{ac} : 22 in
 Dist from centroid of bolt group to applied tension load, e'_N : 0.0 in
 Dist from centroid of bolt group to applied shear load, e'_V : 0.0 in
 Can Shear Breakout Occur in Y-direction? N
 Can Shear Breakout Occur in X-direction? Y



*Note that e'_N and e'_V do not account for additional T or V on anchors due to eccentric application of load. They are only used to calculate the ψ factors for shear and tension breakout.

Anchor Demands:

Do anchors resist seismic demands in a moderate or high seismic region?

Max Tension at Conn Point = 0 lbs
 Max Shear at Conn Point = 1000 lbs
 Direction of Shear Loading = Y-Dir
 Required Incr. in Tension Demand** = 1.0
 Required Incr. in Shear Demand** = 1.0

Y (If "Y", include 0.75 decrease on capacity for concrete failure modes per D.3.3.3)

Tension Demand:

N_u = Tension at Anchor Group = 0 lbs

Shear Demand:

V_u = Shear at Anchor Group = 1000 lbs

**Required Demand Increases:

Note: For anchorage of nonstructural components, increase demands by a factor of 1.3 per ASCE 7-05 Ch13.4.2a. Per CBC 2010 Section 1615A.1.14 this increase is no longer required for OSHPD jobs.



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Anchorage to Concrete per ACI 318-08 Appendix D

Anchorage Condition:

Location: High Roof Cast in place anchor bolt
Condition: In-plane Shear Connection: diaphragm to CIP walls
Loading: Shear parallel to panel edge

Anchor Capacities:

Note: Capacities associated with concrete failure modes are multiplied by 0.75 per ACI 318-08 D.3.3.3 for structures in Seismic Design Categories D, E, F.

TENSION CAPACITY: Lowest of ΦN_{sa} , ΦN_{cb} , ΦN_{pn} , ΦN_{sb}

Steel Strength of Anchor in Tension: ACI D.5.1

$$\Phi N_{sa} = \Phi * n * A_{se} * f_{uts} \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-3)}$$

$\Phi = 0.75$
 $A_{se} = 0.334 \text{ in}^2$
 $f_{uts} = 62000 \text{ psi}$
 $\Phi N_{sa} = 15531 \text{ lbs}$
 $N_u = 0 \text{ lbs}$
 $N_u / \Phi N_{sa} = 0.00$

Concrete Breakout Strength of Anchor in Tension: ACI D.5.2

| | | | | |
|---|---|---------------|------|---|
| $\Phi N_{cb} = \Phi * A_{nc} / A_{nco} * \Psi_{ed,N} * \Psi_{c,N} * \Psi_{cp,N} * N_b$ | ACI Eq (D-4) | $\Psi_{ec,N}$ | 1.00 | Eqn (D-9) |
| $\Phi N_{cbg} = \Phi * A_{nc} / A_{nco} * \Psi_{ec,N} * \Psi_{ed,N} * \Psi_{c,N} * \Psi_{cp,N} * N_b$ | ACI Eq (D-5) | $\Psi_{ed,N}$ | 1.00 | Eqns (D-10 and D-11) |
| $\Phi = 0.7$ | | $\Psi_{c,N}$ | 1.25 | Section D.5.2.6 |
| $N_b = \lambda * k_c * \sqrt{f'_c} * (h_{ef})^{1.5}$ OR $N_b = \lambda * 16 * \sqrt{f'_c} * (h_{ef})^{5/3}$ if $(11 < h_{ef} < 25)$ | | $\Psi_{cp,N}$ | 1.00 | Does not apply to cast-in-place anchors |
| $k_c = 24$ | ACI Eqn (D-7) or (D-8) | | | |
| $N_b = 19579 \text{ lbs}$ | | | | |
| $A_{nco} = 9 * h_{ef}^2$ | ACI Eqn (D-6) | | | |
| $A_{nco} = 272 \text{ in}^2$ | (Projected area for a single anchor without edge distance considered) | | | |
| $A_{nc} = 272 \text{ in}^2$ | (Proj. area for group of anchors with edge dist. considered; Not greater than $n * A_{nco}$) | | | |
| N_{cb} or $N_{cbg} = 24473 \text{ lbs}$ | (Where washers are used, projected area is calculated per ACI 318-05 Section D.5.2.8.) | | | |
| $0.75 \Phi N_{cb}$ or $0.75 \Phi N_{cbg} = 12849 \text{ lbs}$ | Strength of group of anchors | | | |
| $N_u = 0 \text{ lbs}$ | | | | |
| $N_u / \Phi N_{cbg} = 0.00$ | | | | |

Concrete Pullout Strength of Anchor in Tension: ACI D.5.3

$$\Phi N_{pn} = \Phi * \Psi_{c,p} * N_p \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-14)}$$

$$N_p = 8 * A_{brg} * f'_c \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-15)}$$

$A_{brg} = 0.65 \text{ in}^2$
 $\Phi = 0.70$
 $N_p = 20928 \text{ lbs}$
 $\Psi_{c,p} = 1.40$
 $0.75 \Phi N_{pn} = 15382 \text{ lbs}$
 $N_u = 0 \text{ lbs}$
 $N_u / \Phi N_p = 0.00$

Strength of a single anchor in group
Demand of a single anchor in group



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Anchorage to Concrete per ACI 318-08 Appendix D

Anchorage Condition:

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Location: | High Roof Cast in place anchor bolt |
| Condition: | In-plane Shear Connection: diaphragm to CIP walls |
| Loading: | Shear parallel to panel edge |

TENSION CAPACITY, cont.

Concrete Side-Face Blowout Strength of a Headed Anchor in Tension: ACI D.5.4

| | |
|---|---|
| $\Phi N_{sb} = \Phi \cdot \lambda \cdot 160 \cdot c_{a1} \cdot \sqrt{A_{brg}} \cdot \sqrt{f_c}$ | ACI Eqn (D-17) |
| $\Phi N_{sb} = \Phi \cdot (1 + s / (6 \cdot c_{a1})) \cdot N_{sb}$ | ACI Eqn (D-18) |
| $\Phi =$ | 0.70 |
| Deep embed. close to edge in Y-dir? | No <i>"Yes" if $c_{a1} < 0.4h_{ef}$</i> |
| Deep embed. close to edge in X-dir? | No <i>"Yes" if $c_{a2} < 0.4h_{ef}$</i> |
| For anchor group, is $s_2 < 6 \cdot c_{a1}$? | Yes <i>For blowout of group in Y-direction</i> |
| For anchor group, is $s_1 < 6 \cdot c_{a2}$? | Yes <i>For blowout of group in X-direction</i> |
| Does failure mode apply in either dir? | No <i>Failure mode applies if $c_{a,min} < 0.4h_{ef}$ and if $s < 6 \cdot c_a$ (for group of anchors)</i> |
| Edge distance factor for N_{sb} : | 0.6 <i>Factor applies for single anchor if $c_{a2} < 3c_{a1}$, where $1.0 \leq c_{a2}/c_{a1} \leq 3.0$ and $c_{a1} = c_{a,min}$</i> |
| $N_{sb} =$ | N/A lbs |
| $N_{sb} =$ | N/A lbs |
| $0.75\Phi N_{sb}$ or $0.75\Phi N_{cbg} =$ | N/A lbs |
| $N_u =$ | lbs |
| $N_u / \Phi N_{sb} =$ | N/A |

(where N_{sb} doesn't include edge distance factor)

SHEAR CAPACITY: Lowest of ΦV_{sa} , ΦV_{cg} , ΦV_{cp}

Steel Strength of Anchor in Shear: ACI D.6.1

(for headed bolts)

| | |
|--|-----------------------|
| $\Phi V_{sa} = \Phi \cdot n \cdot 0.6 \cdot A_{se} \cdot f_{ut}$ | ACI Eqn (D-20) |
| $\Phi =$ | 1 |
| $A_{se} =$ | 0.334 in ² |
| $f_{ut} =$ | 62000 psi |
| $\Phi V_{sa} =$ | 12425 lbs |
| $V_u =$ | 1000 lbs |
| $V_u / \Phi V_{sa} =$ | 0.08 |



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Anchorage to Concrete per ACI 318-08 Appendix D

Anchorage Condition:

Location: High Roof Cast in place anchor bolt
Condition: In-plane Shear Connection: diaphragm to CIP walls
Loading: Shear parallel to panel edge

Concrete Breakout Strength of Anchor in Shear: ACI D.6.2

Note: Assume all load acts on back anchor, and check anchor group. See ACI 318-05 Fig. RD.6.2.1(b).

$$\Phi V_{cb} = \Phi \cdot A_{vc} / A_{vco} \cdot \Psi_{ed,v} \cdot \Psi_{c,v} \cdot V_b \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-21)}$$

$$\Phi V_{cbg} = \Phi \cdot A_{vc} / A_{vco} \cdot \Psi_{ec,v} \cdot \Psi_{ed,v} \cdot \Psi_{c,v} \cdot V_b \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-22)}$$

$$V_b = \Lambda \cdot 7 \cdot (l_e / d_n)^{0.2} \cdot \sqrt{d_n} \cdot f'_c (c_{a1})^{1.5} \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-24)}$$

$$A_{vc} = (\text{Based on geometry}) \leq n \cdot A_{vco} \quad \text{ACI Eqn (D-23): Proj. failure area in shear for group of anchors considering edge dist}$$

$$A_{vco} = 4.5 \cdot c_{a1}^2 \quad \text{Projected failure area in shear for a single anchor w/out considering edge dist}$$

$$\Phi = 1.00$$

$$l_e = 5.5 \text{ in} \quad \text{Load bearing length of anchor for shear, ACI Section D.6.2.2}$$

$$\Psi_{c,v} = 1.4 \quad \text{ACI Section D.6.2.7}$$

Shear Breakout in Y-Direction:

| | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| Assume all load acts on back anchor (check group): | | Assume load is distributed equally between anchors (check front anchors): | | <i>(This case should not be considered if anchors in group are rigidly connected to support)</i> |
| $c_{a1} =$ | 12.00 in | $c_{a1} =$ | 12.00 in | |
| $V_b =$ | 23741 lbs | $V_b =$ | 23741 lbs | |
| $A_{vc} =$ | 216 in ² | $A_{vc} =$ | 216 in ² | |
| $A_{vco} =$ | 648 in ² | $A_{vco} =$ | 648 in ² | |
| $\Psi_{ed,v} =$ | 1.00 Eqn (D-27) or (D-28) | $\Psi_{ed,v} =$ | 1.00 Eqn (D-27) or (D-28) | |
| $\Psi_{ec,v} =$ | 1.00 Eqn (D-26) | $\Psi_{ec,v} =$ | 1.00 Eqn (D-26) | |
| $\Psi_{h,v} =$ | 1.73 Eqn (D-29) | $\Psi_{h,v} =$ | 1.73 Eqn (D-29) | |
| $V_{cbg} =$ | 19189 lbs | $V_{cbg} =$ | 19189 lbs | |
| $0.75\Phi(V_{cb_y} \text{ or } V_{cbg_y}) =$ | 14392 lbs | $0.75\Phi(V_{cb_y} \text{ or } V_{cbg_y}) =$ | 14392 lbs | |
| $V_u =$ | 1000 lbs | $V_u =$ | 1000 lbs | |
| $V_u / \Phi V_{cbg_y} =$ | <input type="text" value="0.07"/> | $V_u / \Phi V_{cbg_y} =$ | <input type="text" value="0.07"/> | |

Shear Breakout in X-Direction:

| | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| Assume all load acts on back anchor (check group): | | Assume load is distributed equally between anchors (check front anchors): | | <i>(This case should not be considered if anchors in group are rigidly connected to support)</i> |
| $c_{a2} =$ | 8.00 in | $c_{a2} =$ | 8.00 in | |
| $V_b =$ | 12923 lbs | $V_b =$ | 12923 lbs | |
| $A_{vc} =$ | 144 in ² | $A_{vc} =$ | 144 in ² | |
| $A_{vco} =$ | 288 in ² | $A_{vco} =$ | 288 in ² | |
| $\Psi_{ed,v} =$ | 1.00 Eqn (D-27) or (D-28) | $\Psi_{ed,v} =$ | 1.00 Eqn (D-27) or (D-28) | |
| $\Psi_{ec,v} =$ | 1.00 Eqn (D-26) | $\Psi_{ec,v} =$ | 1.00 Eqn (D-26) | |
| $\Psi_{h,v} =$ | 1.41 Eqn (D-29) | $\Psi_{h,v} =$ | 1.41 Eqn (D-29) | |
| $V_{cbg} =$ | 25586 lbs | $V_{cbg} =$ | 25586 lbs | |
| $0.75\Phi(V_{cb_x} \text{ or } V_{cbg_x}) =$ | 19189 lbs | $0.75\Phi(V_{cb_x} \text{ or } V_{cbg_x}) =$ | 19189 lbs | |
| $V_u =$ | 1000 lbs | $V_u =$ | 1000 lbs | |
| $V_u / \Phi V_{cbg_x} =$ | <input type="text" value="0.05"/> | $V_u / \Phi V_{cbg_x} =$ | <input type="text" value="0.05"/> | |



Degenkolb Engineers

1300 Clay St, 9th Floor
 Oakland, CA 94612-2047
 Phone: 510.272.9040
 Fax: 510.272.9526

| | | |
|---|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| Subject: Precast Panel Connections | Job Number: B31891012.00 | Date: 12.4.13 |
| Job: LLNL B341 | By: | Section: |
| | Checked By: | Page/of: |

Anchorage to Concrete per ACI 318-08 Appendix D

Anchorage Condition:

Location: High Roof Cast in place anchor bolt
Condition: In-plane Shear Connection: diaphragm to CIP walls
Loading: Shear parallel to panel edge

SHEAR CAPACITY, cont.

Concrete Pryout Strength of Anchor in Shear: ACI D.6.3

$$\begin{aligned} \Phi V_{cp} &= \Phi * k_{cp} * N_{cb} && \text{ACI Eqn (D-29); for single anchor} \\ \Phi V_{cpg} &= \Phi * k_{cp} * N_{cbg} && \text{ACI Eqn (D-30); for group of anchors} \\ N_{cb} \text{ or } N_{cbg} &= 24473 \text{ lbs} \\ \Phi &= 1.00 \\ k_{cp} &= 2.00 \\ 0.75\Phi V_{cp} \text{ or } 0.75\Phi V_{cpg} &= 36710 \text{ lbs} \\ V_u &= 1000 \text{ lbs} \\ V_u / \Phi V_{cp} &= \boxed{0.03} \end{aligned}$$

Design Summary and Combined Loading Checks:

Summary of Tension D/C Ratios:

Steel Strength of Anchor in Tension: 0.00
 Concrete Breakout Strength of Anchor in Tension: 0.00
 Concrete Pullout Strength of Anchor in Tension: 0.00
 Concrete Side-Face Blowout Strength of Anchor in Tension: N/A

Ductile Failure D/C

0.00
 0.00
 0.00
 N/A
 max 0.00

Non-Ductile Failure D/C*

0.00
 0.00
 0.00
 N/A
 max 0.00 < 1.0, OK

Summary of Shear D/C Ratios:

Steel Strength of Anchor in Shear: 0.08
 Concrete Breakout Strength of Anchor in Shear: 0.07
 Concrete Pryout Strength of Anchor in Shear: 0.03

Ductile Failure Governs
 0.08
 0.07
 0.03
 max 0.08 < 1.0, OK

0.20
 0.17
 0.07
 max 0.20

*Note: Where a ductile failure does not govern, ACI 318-08 Section D.3.3.6 requires that the design strength, determined in accordance with Section D.3.3.3, must be multiplied by a factor of 0.4.

Combined Loading Per ACI D.7:

Ductile Failure:

Combined D/C => Combined Effects need not be considered when either Tension or Shear D/C ≤ 0.20
 D/C =

Non-Ductile Failure:

Combined D/C => Combined Effects need not be considered when either Tension or Shear D/C ≤ 0.20
 D/C =

Check Minimum Edge Distances and Spacings Per ACI D.8:

Minimum Center to Center Spacing = 3.0 in. ACI D.8.1, 4d_s for untorqued cast-in anchor
 Check spacing in X-Direction: N/A
 Check spacing in Y-Direction: N/A

Minimum Edge Distance = 2 in. ACI D.8.2, Edge distance requirements based on cover requirements of ACI 318-05 Section 7.7.
 Check edge dist in direction of shear force: Edge Dist OK
 Check edge dist perpendicular to shear force: Edge Dist OK

Subject:

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of

CHECK COLLECTORS TO CONC. WALLS @
LOW ROOF ON LINES C & E

$$\text{DEMAND @ E} = 195^k$$

$$\text{DEMAND @ C} = 125^k$$

} FROM
ANALYSIS, SEE
SAP OUTPUT NEXT PG.

FOR FORCE CONTROLLED DIVIDE BY $C_1 C_2 = 1.4$

$$P_{U_E} = 195^k / 1.4 = 140^k$$

$$P_{U_C} = 125^k / 1.4 = 90^k$$

THERE IS NO SIGNIFICANT TENSILE LOAD
PATH @ THESE LOCATIONS, AT BEST

1- #5 FROM SLAB INTO WALL

$$T_n = 0.31 \times 40^k \times \frac{16''}{32 \times 0.625''} = 10^k$$

$$\text{DCR} \gg 1.0$$

NO GOOD

TABLE: Section Cut Forces - Analysis

| SectionCut | OutputCase | F1 | F2 | F3 |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Text | Text | Kip | Kip | Kip |
| Line C/2 Low Roof Collector | BSE-1E-X | 26.143 | 14.921 | 3.672 |
| Line C/2 Low Roof Collector | BSE-1E-Y | 16.399 | 125.21 | 2.667 |
| Line E/2 Low Roof Collector | BSE-1E-X | 71.533 | 15.745 | 3.617 |
| Line E/2 Low Roof Collector | BSE-1E-Y | 57.36 | 194.5 | 1.868 |

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CHECK COLLECTOR ALONG LINE 2 @ EQUIP. LOFT

$$T_u = 124^k \quad \text{FROM SAP MODEL}$$

FORCE CONTROLLED \therefore DIVIDE BY $C_1 C_2 = 1.4$

$$T_u = 124^k / 1.4 = 89^k$$

W12x40 BM

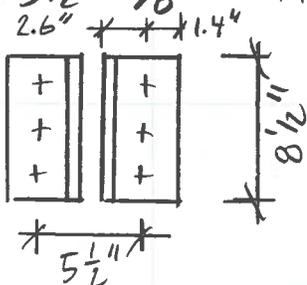
STD B-3 CONN: 2L'S w/ 3- $\frac{3}{4}$ " ϕ BOLTS
@ BM & 6- $\frac{3}{4}$ " ϕ BOLTS
@ COL

CHECK BOLTS @ BM

$$R_n = (3) (31.6^k / \phi = 0.75) = 127^k \quad \underline{\underline{OK}} \quad \text{DBL SHEAR}$$

CHECK PRYING ON COL CONN

2L 4x3 $\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{3}{8}$ FROM AISC 1958 - SEE FOLLOWING PAGES



$$F_u = 62 \text{ ksi}$$

$$B = 39.7^k$$

$$p = 3" \quad d' = \frac{13}{16}"$$

$$b = 2.41" \quad b' = 2.41" - \frac{13}{32}" = 2"$$

$$a = 1.4" \quad a' = 1.4" + \frac{13}{32}" = 1.81" \quad p = \frac{b'}{a'} = 1.1$$

BOLT
PRYING
FORCE

$$\rightarrow Q = B [\delta \alpha p (t/t_c)^2] \quad t = \frac{3}{8}"$$

$$t_c = \sqrt{\frac{4.44 \times 39.7 \times 2"}{3" \times 62 \text{ ksi}}} = 1.37"$$

$$\delta = 1 - \frac{d'}{p} = 1 - \frac{13/16}{3} = 0.73$$

Subject:

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$T_{AVAIL} = B Q$ AVAILABLE STRENGTH OF BUILT INCLUDING TENSION + PRYING

$$\alpha' = \frac{1}{\delta(1+p)} \left[\left(\frac{t_c}{t} \right)^2 - 1 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{0.73(1+1.1)} \left[\left(\frac{1.37}{0.375} \right)^2 - 1 \right] = 8$$

$$Q = \left(\frac{t}{t_c} \right)^2 (1 + \delta) = \left(\frac{0.375}{1.37} \right)^2 (1 + 0.73) = 0.137$$

$$T_{AVAIL} = 0.43 \times 39.7^k = 5.1^k$$

$$T_n = 6 \times 5.1^k = 30.6^k$$

$$DCR = 89^k / 30.6^k = 2.9 \quad \underline{\underline{NO GOOD}}$$

OF BAYS TO STRENGTHEN @ WALL

WALL CONN IS GOOD FOR $5.7^k/ft$

$$90^k / 5.7^k/ft = 16'$$

\therefore STRENGTHEN 2 BAYS @ WALL

$\&$ 4 BAYS SOUTH

\therefore GRIDS D-H

TABLE: Section Cut Forces - Analysis

| SectionCut | OutputCase | F1 | F2 | F3 |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Text | Text | Kip | Kip | Kip |
| Line 2/E Low Roof Collector | BSE-1E-X | 124.154 | 18.952 | 1.04 |
| Line 2/E Low Roof Collector | BSE-1E-Y | 98.923 | 60.849 | 0.482 |

RIVETS
3/4"

STANDARD BEAM CONNECTIONS

AMERICAN STANDARD BEAMS

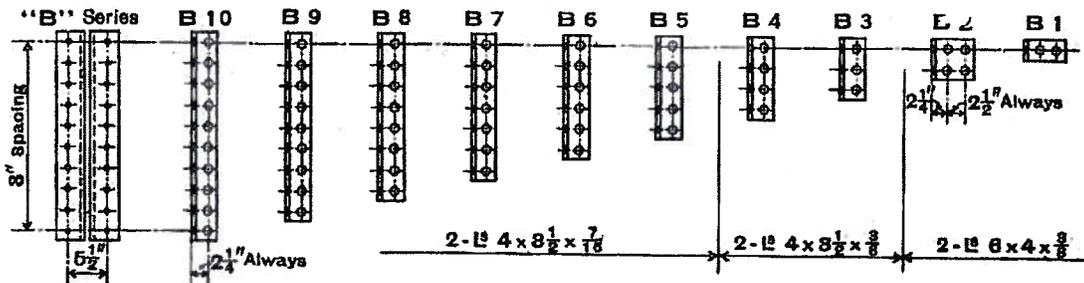
WEIGHTS AND MINIMUM SPANS FOR ALLOWABLE UNIFORM LOADS

Notes on page 152 apply in general.
For Channels use same standard connection as for American Standard Beam of same depth.

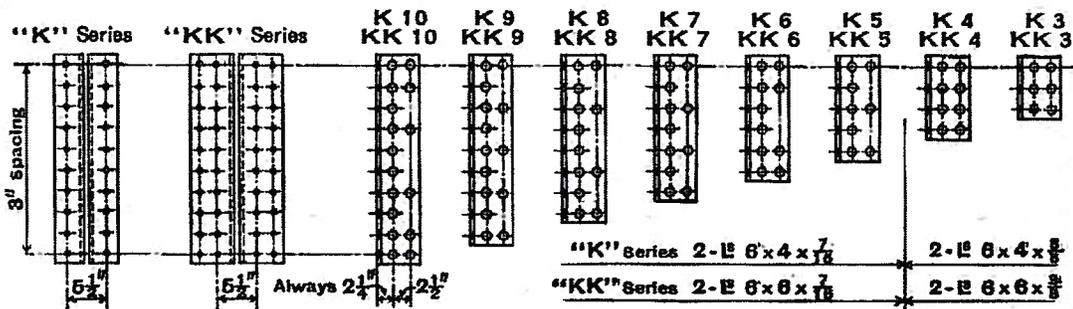
| Section | | "B" Connection | | | | "K" Connection | | | | "KK" Connection | | | | Section | | "B" Connection | | | | "K" Connection | | | | "KK" Connection | | | | | | |
|-----------|---------|----------------|---------|----------------|--------|----------------|----------------|--------|---------|-----------------|-----------|---------|--------|---------|----------------|----------------|---------|----------------|--------|----------------|----------------|-----------|---------|-----------------|---------|----------------|--------|---------|----------------|--|
| Depth In. | Wt. Lb. | Symbol | Wt. Lb. | Min. Span Feet | Symbol | Wt. Lb. | Min. Span Feet | Symbol | Wt. Lb. | Min. Span Feet | Depth In. | Wt. Lb. | Symbol | Wt. Lb. | Min. Span Feet | Symbol | Wt. Lb. | Min. Span Feet | Symbol | Wt. Lb. | Min. Span Feet | Depth In. | Wt. Lb. | Symbol | Wt. Lb. | Min. Span Feet | Symbol | Wt. Lb. | Min. Span Feet | |
| 24 | 120 | B 6 | 34 | 21.1 | | | | KK 6 | 55 | 12.6 | 12 | 50 | B 3 | 14 | 8.4 | K 3 | 20 | | KK 3 | 24 | 4.2 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 105.9 | | | 19.7 | | | | | | 11.8 | | 7.5 | | | 4.1† | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 100 | | | 16.6 | | | | | | 9.9 | | 6.5† | | | 3.8† | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 90 | | | 15.6 | | | | | | 9.3 | | 7.6† | | | 4.4† | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | 95 | B 5 | 28 | 16.1 | | | | KK 5 | 46 | 10.1 | 10 | 35 | B 2 | 13 | 7.3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 85 | | | 15.1 | | | | | | 9.4 | | 6.1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 75 | | | 12.7 | | | | | | 7.9 | | 6.1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | 70 | B 4 | 20 | 12.8 | | | | KK 4 | 33 | 6.4 | 7 | 20 | B 1 | 7 | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 54.7 | | | 11.1 | | | | | | 5.6 | | 5.2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | 50 | B 4 | 20 | 8.1 | K 4 | 28 | 7.4 | KK 4 | 33 | 4.0 | 6 | 17.25 | B 1 | 7 | 4.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 42.9 | | | 8.0† | | | | | | 4.9† | | 3.7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

†These spans are governed by web bearing or web shear.

STANDARD TWO-ANGLE CONNECTIONS "B" SERIES



STANDARD TWO-ANGLE CONNECTIONS "K" AND "KK" SERIES



Subject:

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Date:

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of

CHECK DIAPHRAGM CHORDS @ LOW & HIGH ROOF

HIGH ROOF

$$\text{DIAPHRAGM CAPACITY} = 0.8 \text{ K/FT}$$

$$\text{MAX SPAN} = 100'$$

$$\text{DEPTH} = 50'$$

$$W = \frac{0.8 \text{ K/FT} \times 50' \times 2}{100'} = 0.8 \text{ K/FT}$$

$$M = \frac{W L^2}{8} = \frac{0.8 \text{ K/FT} (100')^2}{8} = 1000 \text{ K-FT}$$

$$P_{\text{CHORD}} = 1000 \text{ K-FT} / 50' = 20 \text{ K}$$

10 B21 w/ 2L 5x3x3/8 conn.

$$T_n = 4 \times 5.1 \text{ K} = 20.4 \text{ K} \approx 20 \text{ K} \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$$

↑
 STD
 "B CONN."
 SEE MECH.
 ROOM CONN.
 CALL.

LOW ROOF

OK BY COMPARISON TO HIGH ROOF



| | | |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Subject: Diaphragm Bracing Checks | Job Number: B3189012.00 | Date: 11.20.13 |
| Job: LLNL, B341 Increment I | By: AMN | Section: |
| Checked By: | | |

Brace Properties

F_{ye} = 44 ksi

| Section | Pcr (k) | Area (in ²) | rx (in) | ry (in) | ro (in) | J (in ⁴) | H | length (ft) | kl/ry | Fe (ksi) | Fcry (ksi) | Fcrz (ksi) | Fcr (ksi) |
|--------------------|---------|-------------------------|---------|---------|---------|----------------------|------|-------------|-------|----------|------------|------------|-----------|
| 2L4X3X1/4LLBB | 65.3 | 3.38 | 1.28 | 1.15 | 2.03 | 0.0772 | 0.71 | 10 | 104.3 | 26.3 | 21.8 | 62.1 | 19.3 |
| 2L5X3-1/2X5/16LLBB | 121.9 | 5.12 | 1.61 | 1.32 | 2.51 | 0.1766 | 0.68 | 9 | 81.8 | 42.8 | 28.6 | 61.3 | 23.8 |

Bracing Member Checks

| SAP Element | Frame Section | Buckling Capacity | BSE-1E-X | BSE-1-Y | m-factor | Brace Buckling | Connection Capacity (k) | Connection DCR |
|-------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------|---------|----------|----------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| | | Pcr (k) | Pmax | Pmax | | DCRmax | | |
| 168 | 2L4X3X1/4LLBB | 65 | 39 | 21 | 5.0 | 0.12 | 56.0 | 0.69 |
| 169 | 2L4X3X1/4LLBB | 65 | 11 | 22 | 5.0 | 0.07 | 76.0 | 0.28 |
| 170 | 2L4X3X1/4LLBB | 65 | 39 | 24 | 5.0 | 0.12 | 56.0 | 0.69 |
| 171 | 2L4X3X1/4LLBB | 65 | 13 | 28 | 5.0 | 0.09 | 76.0 | 0.37 |
| 172 | 2L4X3X1/4LLBB | 65 | 32 | 19 | 5.0 | 0.10 | 56.0 | 0.58 |
| 173 | 2L4X3X1/4LLBB | 65 | 6 | 17 | 5.0 | 0.05 | 76.0 | 0.22 |
| 174 | 2L4X3X1/4LLBB | 65 | 31 | 14 | 5.0 | 0.10 | 56.0 | 0.56 |
| 175 | 2L4X3X1/4LLBB | 65 | 7 | 21 | 5.0 | 0.06 | 76.0 | 0.28 |
| 180 | 2L4X3X1/4LLBB | 65 | 16 | 30 | 5.0 | 0.09 | 76.0 | 0.39 |
| 181 | 2L4X3X1/4LLBB | 65 | 33 | 56 | 5.0 | 0.17 | 56.0 | 1.00 |
| 182 | 2L4X3X1/4LLBB | 65 | 18 | 40 | 5.0 | 0.12 | 76.0 | 0.52 |
| 183 | 2L4X3X1/4LLBB | 65 | 19 | 81 | 5.0 | 0.25 | 56.0 | 1.44 |
| 184 | 2L5X3-1/2X5/16LLBB | 122 | 30 | 22 | 5.0 | 0.05 | 76.0 | 0.40 |
| 185 | 2L5X3-1/2X5/16LLBB | 122 | 28 | 31 | 5.0 | 0.05 | 76.0 | 0.40 |
| 186 | 2L5X3-1/2X5/16LLBB | 122 | 34 | 28 | 5.0 | 0.06 | 76.0 | 0.45 |
| 187 | 2L5X3-1/2X5/16LLBB | 122 | 41 | 16 | 5.0 | 0.07 | 76.0 | 0.54 |
| 206 | 2L4X3X1/4LLBB | 65 | 10 | 13 | 5.0 | 0.04 | 54.0 | 0.25 |
| 207 | 2L4X3X1/4LLBB | 65 | 11 | 14 | 5.0 | 0.04 | 54.0 | 0.27 |
| 208 | 2L4X3X1/4LLBB | 65 | 9 | 13 | 5.0 | 0.04 | 54.0 | 0.23 |
| 209 | 2L4X3X1/4LLBB | 65 | 13 | 15 | 5.0 | 0.05 | 54.0 | 0.28 |

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DIAPHRAGM BRACING CONN. STRENGTHS

BOLTS = $3/4"$ ϕ A325

TYP. CONN - SEE PAGES

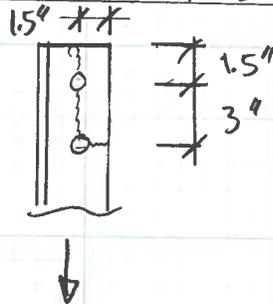
$$\text{BOLT CAPACITY} = 4 \times 15.9^k / \phi = 0.75 = \underline{\underline{85^k}}$$

$$\text{BOLT BEARING @ } 1/4" \text{ ANGLE} = \frac{62^k/\text{in}}{\phi = 0.75} \times 0.25 \times 4 = \underline{\underline{83^k}}$$

$$\text{@ } 5/16" \text{ ANGLE} = \underline{\underline{103^k}}$$

BLOCK SHEAR @ L4x3x1/4 - $F_y = 44^k/s$; $F_u = 62^k/s$

GUSSET PL
= $3/8"$
 \therefore ANGLES
CONTROL
BLOCK SHEAR



$$A_{NV} = \left(4.5 - \frac{3}{2} \times (0.75 + 0.0625) \right) \times 0.25$$

$$= 0.82 \text{ in}^2$$

$$A_{NT} = \left(1.5 - \frac{1}{2} (0.75 + 0.0625) \right) \times 0.25$$

$$= 0.27 \text{ in}^2$$

$$R_n = 0.6 F_u A_{NV} + U_{BS} F_u A_{NT} \leq 0.6 F_y A_{GV} + U_{BS} F_u A_{NT}$$

$$U_{BS} = 0.5 \text{ (ANGLE)}$$

$$= (0.6)(62)(0.82) + (0.5)(62)(0.27)$$

$$= 39^k$$

$$A_{GV} = 0.25 \times 4.5 = 1.125 \text{ in}^2$$

$$0.6 F_y A_{GV} = 1.125 \times 0.6 \times 44 = 29.7^k \leftarrow \text{CONTROL}$$

$$0.6 F_u A_{NV} = 0.6 \times 62 \times 0.82 = 30.5$$

$$R_n = 30^k \text{ EA. ANGLE}$$

$$R_{n \text{ TOT}} = 2 \times 30^k = \underline{\underline{76^k}}$$

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BLOCK SHEAR @ L5x3 1/2 x 5/16

$$R \cong (76^k) (0.325 / 0.25) = \underline{\underline{95^k}}$$

GUSSET CONN w/ 2 BOLTS PER BM

$$2 - 3/4" \phi \text{ BOLTS} = 42^k$$

$$\text{@ L4x3x1/4 } T_{n \text{ BOLTS}} = 0.75 T_{\text{BRACE}}$$

$$42^k = 0.75 T_{\text{BRACE}}$$

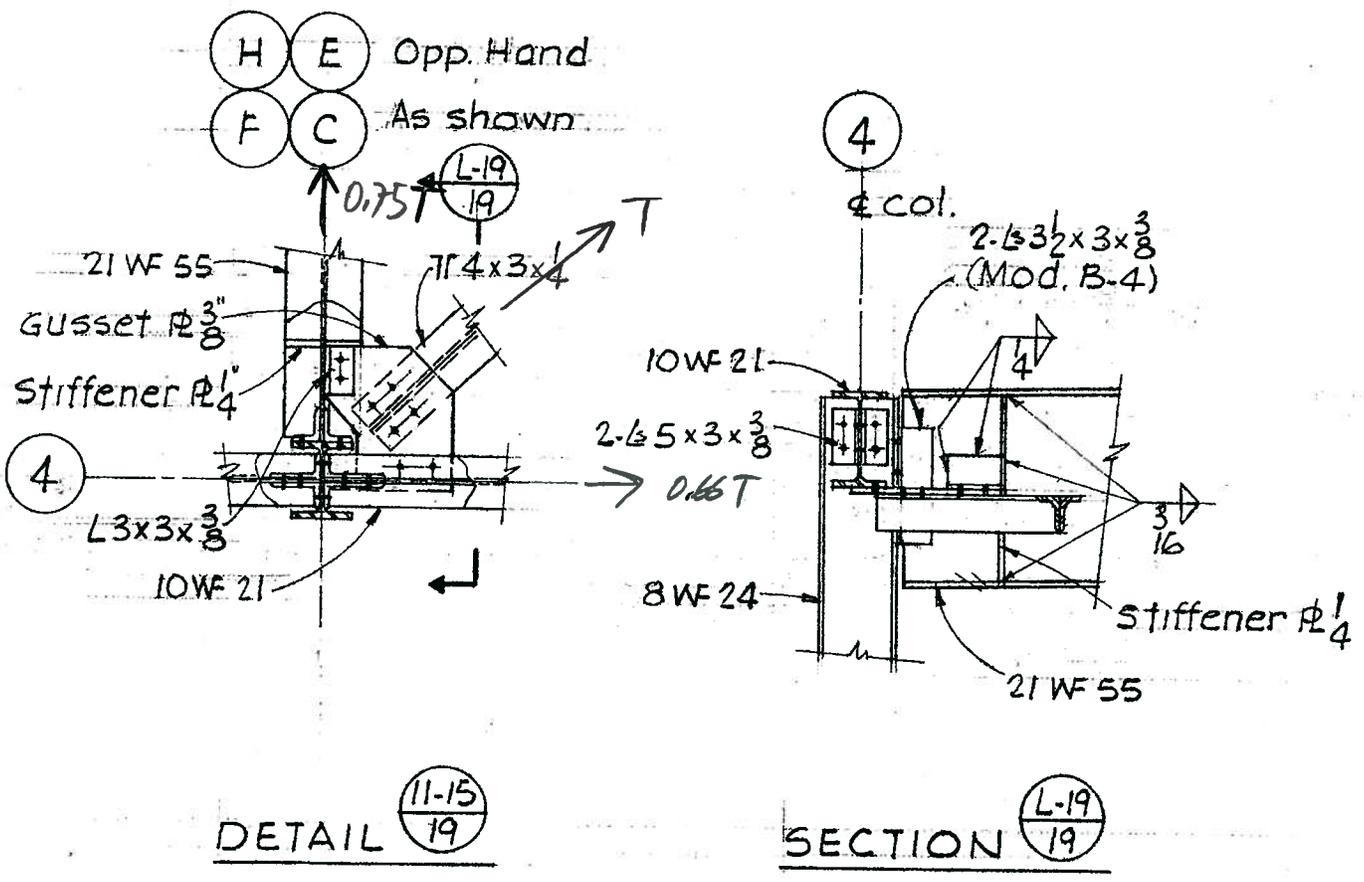
$$T_n = \underline{\underline{56^k}}$$

@ L5x3 1/2 x 3/16 - LINE 2a

$$T_{n \text{ BOLTS}} = 0.55 T_{\text{BRACE}}$$

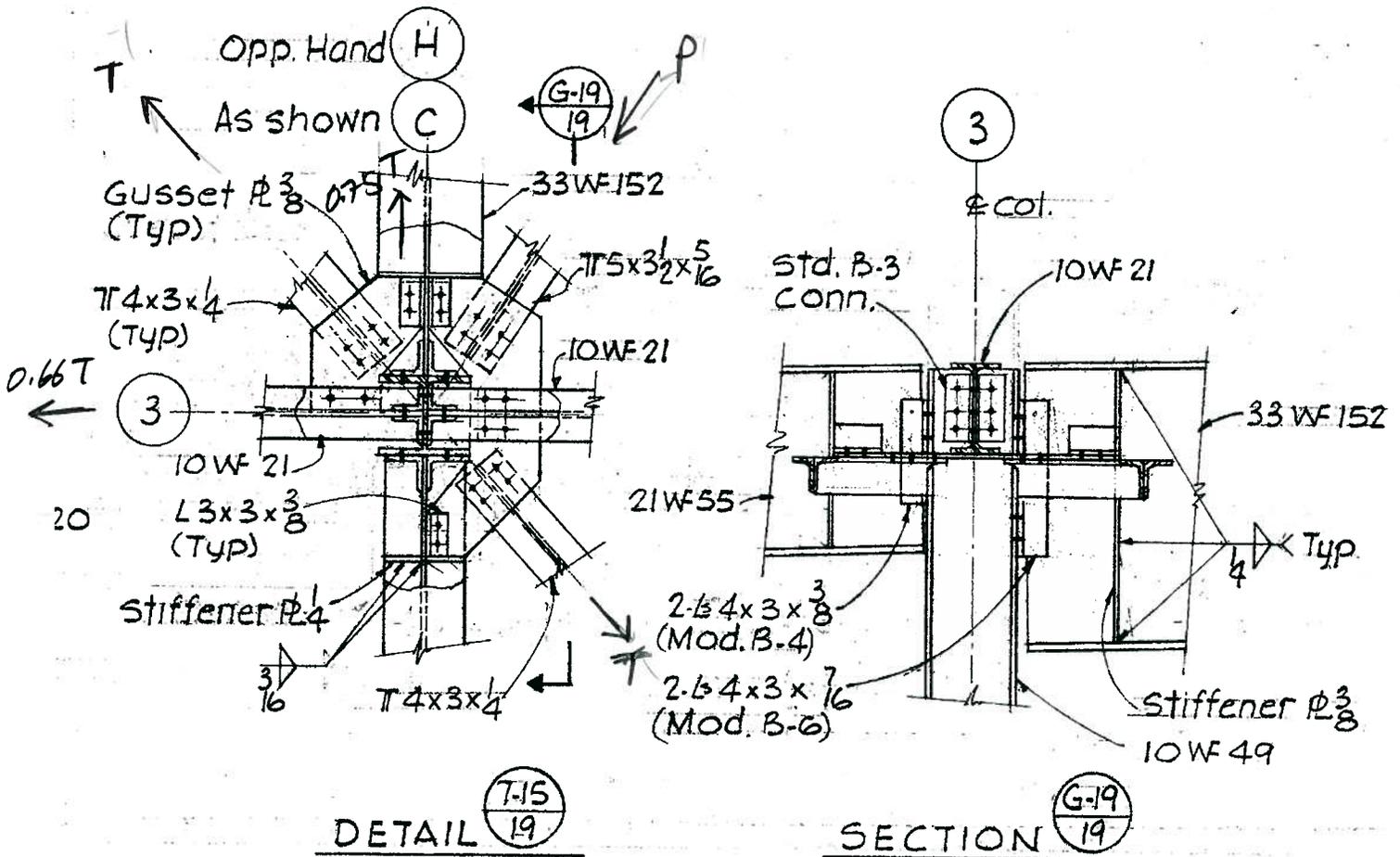
$$42^k = 0.55 T_{\text{BRACE}}$$

$$\underline{\underline{T_n = 76^k}}$$



SAP ELEMENTS 168, 170, 172, 174

$$T_n = 56 \text{ k}$$

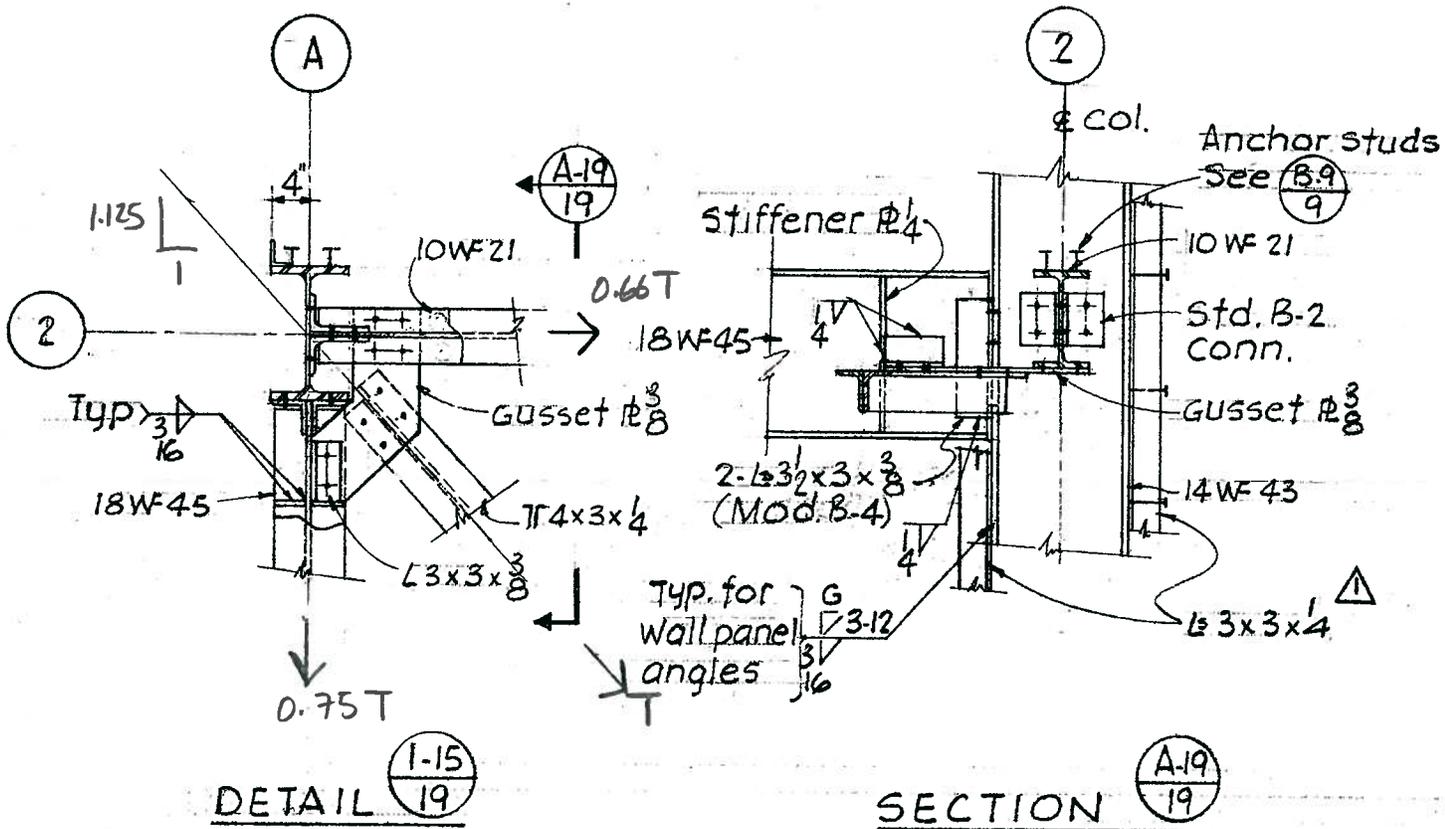


DETAIL T-15
19

SECTION G-19
19

SAP ELEMENTS 180 & 182

$$T_n = 56 \text{ K}$$



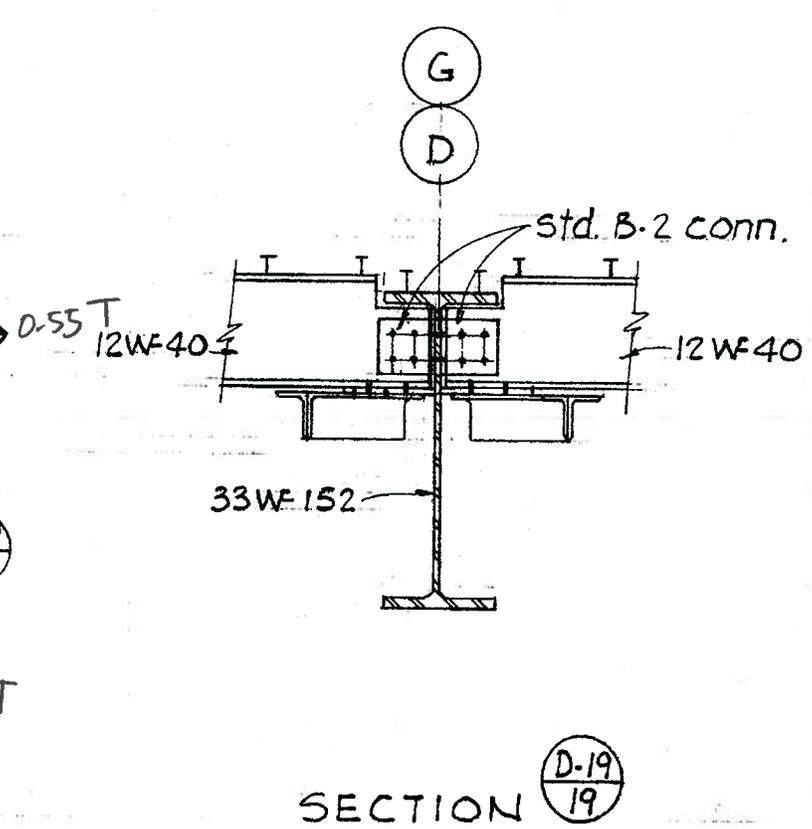
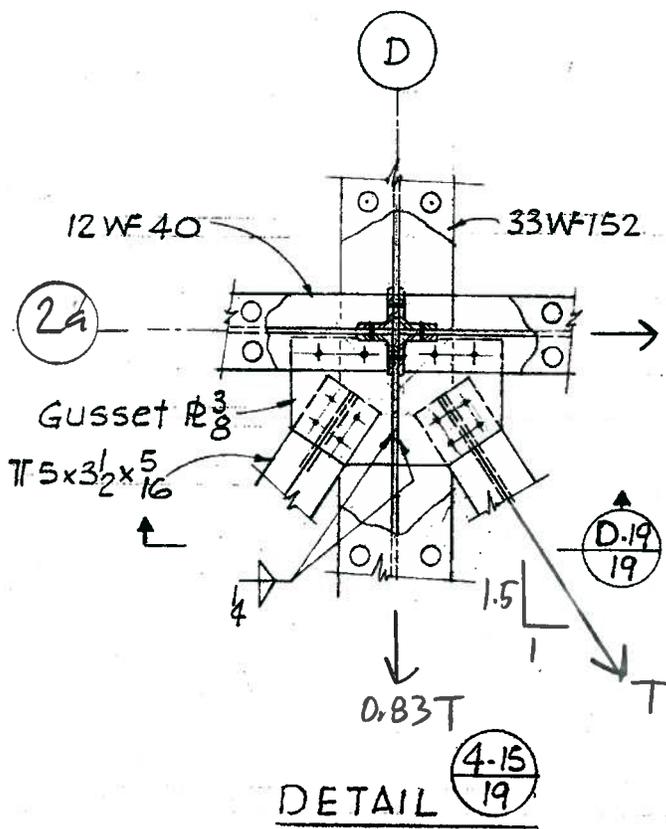
A

3

SAP ELEMENTS 181 & 183

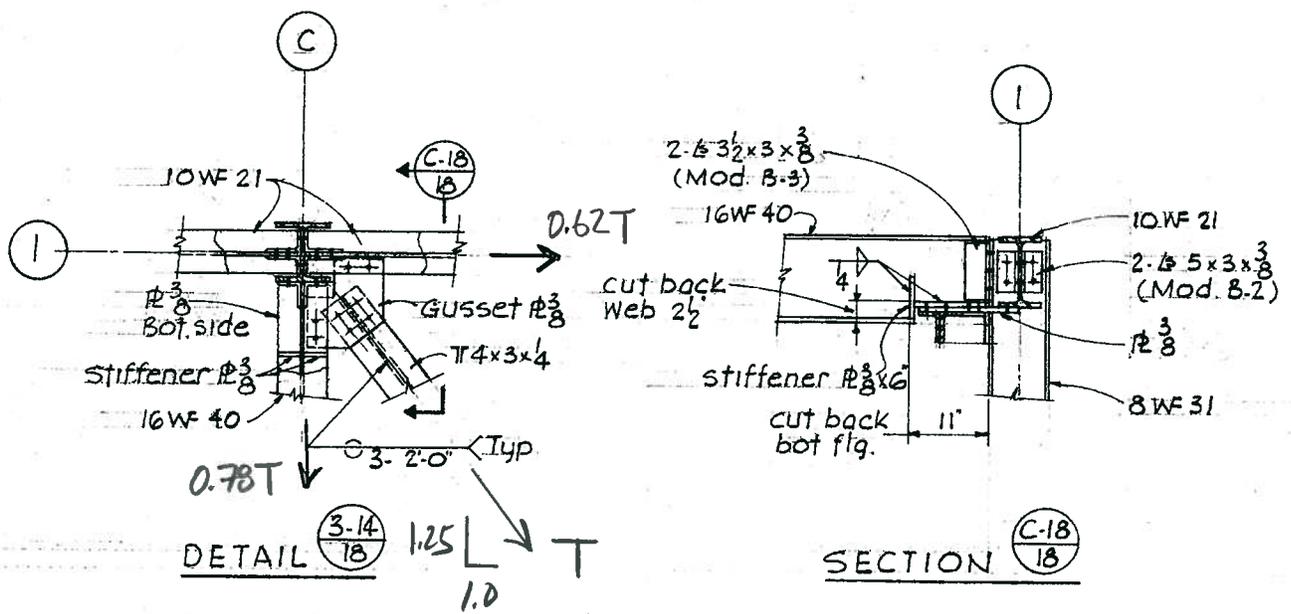
$T_n = 56^k$

180 & 182 SIM.



SAP ELEMENTS 184, 185, 186 & 187

$$T_n = 76^k$$



SAP ELEMENTS 206, 207, 208 & 209

$$T_n = 42^k / 0.78 = \underline{\underline{54^k}}$$

Evaluation of Out-of-Plane Wall Strength and Anchorage

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OUT-OF-PLANE WALL STRENGTH

$$F_p = 0.4 S_{XS} \lambda W_p \quad \lambda = 1.3$$

$$S_{XS} = 0.98$$

$$F_p = (0.4)(0.98)(1.3) W_p$$

$$= 0.51 W_p$$

$$F_{pmin} = (0.1)(1.3)(W_p) = 0.13 W_p$$

6" CONC. PANEL $W_p = 75 \text{ psf}$

$$F_p = 38 \text{ psf}$$

PANELS @ HIGH ROOF

$$\text{SPAN} = (34'-6") - (1'-1") - (1'-9") = 31.7'$$

$$M_u = \frac{(38 \text{ psf})(1')(31.7')^2}{8} = 4773 \text{ #-ft}$$

6" PANEL w/ #4 @ 12" O.C. EA. WAY

$$M_n = (40 \text{ psi})(0.2 \text{ in}^2)(2.75' - \frac{(40)(0.2)}{(2)(0.85)(3)(12)})$$

$$= 21 \text{ K-in} = 1746 \text{ #-ft} < M_u = 4773 \text{ #-ft}$$

NO GOOD DCR = 2.7

CHECK PANELS
TO SPAN
HOR. TO COLS

SHEAR: $V_u = 38 \text{ psf} \times 1' \times 31.7' \times \frac{1}{2} = 602 \text{ #}$

$$V_n = (2.75')(12'') 2\sqrt{3000} = 3615 \text{ #} > 602 \text{ #} \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$$

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PANELS @ LOW ROOF

$$\text{SPAN} = (24'-0") - (1'-0") - (1'-9") = 21.25'$$

$$M_u = \frac{(38 \text{ psf})(1')(21.25')^2}{8} = 2145 \text{ #-ft}$$

SAME PANEL REINF. AS @ HIGH ROOF

$$M_n = 1746 \text{ #-ft} < 2145 \text{ #-ft} \quad \underline{\text{DCR} = 1.23}$$

$$\underline{\text{DCR} = 1.0} \quad \text{FOR } F_y = F_{yc} = 50 \text{ ksi}$$

$$\text{SHEAR: } V_u = 38 \text{ psf} \times 21.25' \times 1' \times \frac{1}{2} = 404 \text{ \#}$$

$$V_n = 3615 \text{ \#} > 602 \text{ \#} \quad \underline{\text{OK}}$$

CHECK PANELS TO SPAN BET. STL. STRONG BACKS

HOW FAR CAN PANELS SPAN?

$$M_n = 1746 \text{ #-ft} = \frac{(38 \text{ psf})(1')(L)^2}{8}$$

$$\underline{L \leq 19'-2"} \quad (\text{HOR. OR VERT.})$$

FOR EXPECTED STRENGTH, $F_y = 1.25 \times 40 \text{ ksi}$
 $= 50 \text{ ksi}$

$$M_n = 1.25 \times 1746 \text{ #-ft} = (38)(L)^2 / 8$$

$$\underline{\underline{L \leq 21.4'}}$$

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CHECK STEEL COLS/STRONG BACKS FOR PRECAST O-O-P WALL FORCES

W8x31 - LINE 1 $F_y = 44 \text{ ksi}$

$$\text{SPAN} = 31' - 0.66' = 30.33'$$

$$\text{TRIB WIDTH} = 20'$$

$$W = (20') (38 \text{ pft}) = 760 \text{ pft}$$

$$M_u = \frac{(760 \text{ pft})(30.33')^2}{8} = 87409 \text{ #-ft} \\ = 1049 \text{ k-in}$$

$$P_u = 1.1 (24 \text{ pft} + 20 \text{ pft}/4) (20' \times 25') = 16 \text{ k}$$

$$K_L = 30.33' \quad (\text{BUCKLING}) \quad K_L/r_x = 105 \\ L_B = 16' \quad (\text{BENDING})$$

$$P_n = 9.12 \times 19.4 \text{ ksi} \times \frac{1}{0.9} = 197 \text{ k}$$

$$M_n \approx 93 \text{ k-ft} / 0.9 \times 44/50 = 91 \text{ k-ft} = 1092 \text{ k-in}$$

$$\text{DCR} = \frac{16 \text{ k}}{(2)(197 \text{ k})} + \frac{1049 \text{ k-in}}{1092 \text{ k-in}} = \underline{\underline{1.0 \text{ OK}}}$$

W8x31 - LINE 1a & A

$$\text{TRIB WIDTH} = 25'$$

$$\text{SPAN} = 31' - 1.33' = 29.66'$$

$$M_u = (25' \times 38 \text{ pft}) (29.66')^2 / 8 = 104466 \text{ #-ft} = 1253 \text{ k-in}$$

$$P_u = 1.1 (24 \text{ pft}) (25' \times 10') = 8 \text{ k}$$

$$\text{DCR} = \frac{8}{(2)(197)} + \frac{1253}{1092} = \underline{\underline{1.17 \text{ NO}}}$$

Subject: Precast Panel - Out-of-plane strength (span check)

Job Number: B3189012.00

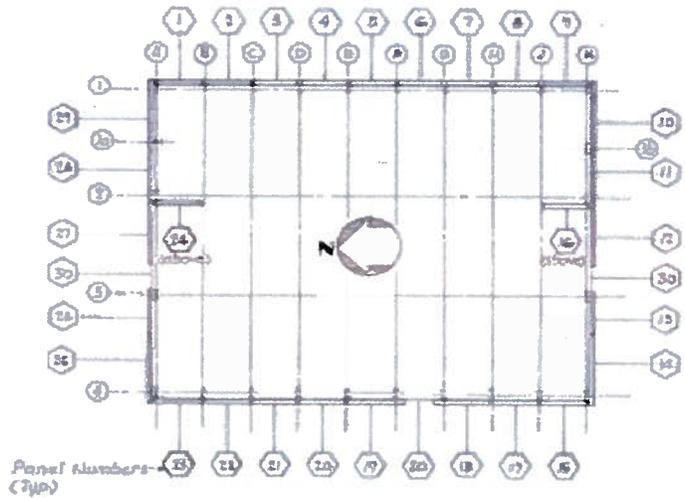
Date: 12.3.13

Job: LLNL B341 Increment I

By: AMN

Section:
Checked By:

| Panel Number | Horizontal Span (ft) | Vertical Span (ft) | Check Span < 19'-2" | Check Span < 21'-5" |
|--------------|----------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | 19.0 | 16.25 | OK | OK |
| 2 | 19.0 | 16.25 | OK | OK |
| 3 | 19.0 | 16.25 | OK | OK |
| 4 | 19.0 | 16.25 | OK | OK |
| 5 | 19.0 | 18.20 | OK | OK |
| 6 | 19.0 | 18.20 | OK | OK |
| 7 | 19.0 | 18.20 | OK | OK |
| 8 | 19.0 | 18.20 | OK | OK |
| 9 | 19.0 | 18.20 | OK | OK |
| 10 | 24.5 | 18.25 | OK | OK |
| 11 | 24.5 | 18.25 | OK | OK |
| 12 | 45.0 | 21.25 | NO | OK |
| 13 | 45.0 | 20.75 | NO | OK |
| 14 | 45.0 | 20.58 | NO | OK |
| 15 | 19.0 | N/A | OK | OK |
| 16 | 19.0 | 10.50 | OK | OK |
| 17 | 19.0 | 20.25 | OK | OK |
| 18 | 19.0 | 20.25 | OK | OK |
| 19 | 19.0 | 20.25 | OK | OK |
| 20 | 19.0 | 20.25 | OK | OK |
| 21 | 19.0 | 20.25 | OK | OK |
| 22 | 19.0 | 20.25 | OK | OK |
| 23 | 19.0 | 20.25 | OK | OK |
| 24 | 19.0 | 10.50 | OK | OK |
| 25 | 45.0 | 20.58 | NO | OK |
| 26 | 45.0 | 20.75 | NO | OK |
| 27 | 45.0 | 21.25 | NO | OK |
| 28 | 24.5 | 18.25 | OK | OK |
| 29 | 24.5 | 18.25 | OK | OK |
| 30 | 14.0 | 22.00 | OK | OK |



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SUMMARY OF OUT-OF-PLANE STRENGTH

LINE 1 : PANELS SPAN TO COLS / MEZZ SLAB OK

LINE 4 : PANELS SPAN TO ROOF DIAPHRAGM OK

LINE A & X LOW ROOF : PANELS SPAN TO ROOF OK

LINE A @ HIGH ROOF : PANELS SPAN TO COLS NG
COL STRONG BACK

LINE X @ HIGH ROOF : PANELS SPAN TO MEZZ OK
& HIGH ROOF

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PRECAST PANEL OUT-OF-PLANE WALL ANCHORAGEANCHORAGE DEMANDS

$$F_p = 0.4 S_{xs} K_a K_h \chi W_p$$

$$\chi = 1.3 \quad LS$$

$$S_{xs} = 0.98$$

$$K_a = 1.0 + \frac{L_f}{100}, \quad L_f = 100'$$

$$K_a = 2.0$$

$$K_h = 1.0 \quad (\text{FLEXIBLE DIAPHRAGM})$$

$$F_p = (0.4)(0.98)(2)(1)(1.3) W_p$$

$$\underline{= 1.02 W_p} \quad \leftarrow \text{CONTROLS}$$

$$F_{pmin} = 0.2 K_h \chi W_p = (0.2)(2)(1.3) W_p = 0.52 W_p$$

$$W_p = 75 \text{ psf} - 6" \text{ CONC.}$$

$$\underline{\underline{F_p = 77 \text{ psf}}}$$



Subject: Precast Panel - Out-of-plane Anchorage

Job Number: B3189012.00

Date: 12.3.13

Job: LLNL B341 Increment I

By: AMN

Section:

Checked By:

Fp = 77 psf

Beam Connection Capacity = 4.1 kips
 Column Connection Capacity = 3.8 kips

| Panel Number | Horizontal Trib Width(ft) | Vertical Trib Width (ft) | Vertical Insert Spacing (ft) | Horizontal Insert Spacing (ft) | Tension Demand at Col Anchorage | Tension Demand at Beam Anchorage | Col. Anchorage DCR | Beam Anchorage DCR |
|--------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | 10.0 | N/A | 3 | 3 | 2.3 | N/A | 0.61 | N/A |
| 2 | 10.0 | N/A | 3 | 3 | 2.3 | N/A | 0.61 | N/A |
| 3 | 10.0 | N/A | 3 | 3 | 2.3 | N/A | 0.61 | N/A |
| 4 | 10.0 | N/A | 3 | 3 | 2.3 | N/A | 0.61 | N/A |
| 5 | 10.0 | N/A | 3 | 3 | 2.3 | N/A | 0.61 | N/A |
| 6 | 10.0 | N/A | 3 | 3 | 2.3 | N/A | 0.61 | N/A |
| 7 | 10.0 | N/A | 3 | 3 | 2.3 | N/A | 0.61 | N/A |
| 8 | 10.0 | N/A | 3 | 3 | 2.3 | N/A | 0.61 | N/A |
| 9 | 10.0 | N/A | 3 | 3 | 2.3 | N/A | 0.61 | N/A |
| 10 | N/A | 12.50 | 3 | 3 | N/A | 2.9 | N/A | 0.70 |
| 11 | N/A | 12.50 | 3 | 3 | N/A | 2.9 | N/A | 0.70 |
| 12 | N/A | 12.50 | 3 | 3 | N/A | 2.9 | N/A | 0.70 |
| 13 | N/A | 12.50 | 3 | 3 | N/A | 2.9 | N/A | 0.70 |
| 14 | N/A | 12.50 | 3 | 3 | N/A | 2.9 | N/A | 0.70 |
| 15 | 10.0 | N/A | 3 | 3 | 2.3 | N/A | 0.61 | N/A |
| 16 | 10.0 | 10.50 | 3 | 3 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 0.61 | 0.59 |
| 17 | N/A | 10.13 | 3 | 3 | N/A | 2.3 | N/A | 0.57 |
| 18 | N/A | 10.13 | 3 | 3 | N/A | 2.3 | N/A | 0.57 |
| 19 | N/A | 10.13 | 3 | 3 | N/A | 2.3 | N/A | 0.57 |
| 20 | N/A | 10.13 | 3 | 3 | N/A | 2.3 | N/A | 0.57 |
| 21 | N/A | 10.13 | 3 | 3 | N/A | 2.3 | N/A | 0.57 |
| 22 | N/A | 10.13 | 3 | 3 | N/A | 2.3 | N/A | 0.57 |
| 23 | N/A | 10.13 | 3 | 3 | N/A | 2.3 | N/A | 0.57 |
| 24 | 10.0 | 10.50 | 3 | 3 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 0.61 | 0.59 |
| 25 | N/A | 12.50 | 3 | 3 | N/A | 2.9 | N/A | 0.70 |
| 26 | N/A | 12.50 | 3 | 3 | N/A | 2.9 | N/A | 0.70 |
| 27 | N/A | 12.50 | 3 | 3 | N/A | 2.9 | N/A | 0.70 |
| 28 | N/A | 16.00 | 3 | 3 | N/A | 3.7 | N/A | 0.90 |
| 29 | N/A | 16.00 | 3 | 3 | N/A | 3.7 | N/A | 0.90 |

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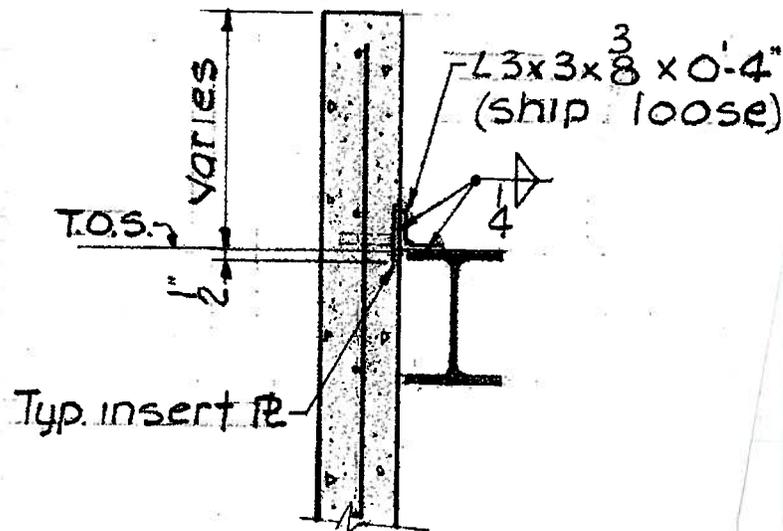
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TYPICAL PANEL CONN @ ROOF & STRANGBACK BAS



WELD TO BM

$$\text{WALL TO BM GAP} = \frac{8'' - 5.75''}{2} = 1.125''$$

$$\text{WELD LENGTH} = 3'' - 1.125'' = 1.875'' \text{ EA. SIDE}$$

$$A_{\text{WELD}} = (2)(1.875'') = 3.75 \text{ in}^2/\text{in}$$

$$S_{\text{WELD}} = \frac{(2)(1.875'')^2}{6} = 1.17 \text{ in}^3/\text{in}$$

$$\sigma_V = V_u / 3.75 \quad \sigma_B = V_u \times 1.5'' / 1.17$$

$$\sigma_R = \sqrt{\left(\frac{V_u}{3.75}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1.5V_u}{1.17}\right)^2} = 4 \times 1.39 / 0.75 = 7.4 \text{ ksi}$$

$$\underline{\underline{V_u = 5.7 \text{ k}}}$$

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BENDING OF ANGLE

$$M_u = 1.5'' \times V_u = M_n$$

$$M_n = \frac{(0.375'')^2 (4'')}{4} \times 44 \text{ ksi} = 6.2 \text{ k-in}$$

$$V_u = 6.2 \text{ k-in} / 1.5'' = \underline{\underline{4.1 \text{ k}}}$$

WELD TO ANGLE

$$V_n = (2)(3'')(1.39/0.75)(4) = \underline{\underline{44 \text{ k}}}$$

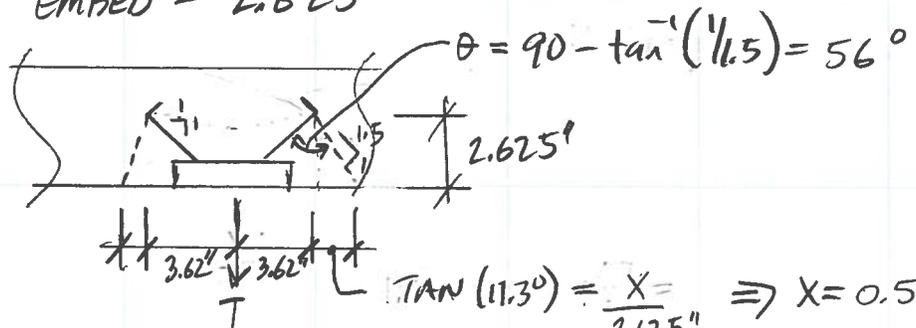
CONCRETE PANEL INSERT

STRAP CAPACITY IN TENSION

$$T_n = \frac{(2)(3/16'')(1'')(62 \text{ ksi})}{\sqrt{2}} = \underline{\underline{16 \text{ k}}}$$

CONCRETE ANCHORAGE

$$\text{EMBED} = 2.625''$$



$$A_{NC} = (2)(3.62'' + 0.5'')(3 \times 2.625'') = 65 \text{ in}^2$$

$$A_{NC0} = (9)(2.625'')^2 = 62 \text{ in}^2$$

$$N_b = (24)(1)\sqrt{4000} (2.625)'^{1.5} = 6455 \#$$

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$$N_{cb} = \frac{A_{nc}}{A_{nc0}} \psi_{ec,N} \psi_{ed,N} \psi_{c,N} \psi_{cp,N} N_b$$

$$\psi_{ec,N} = 1.0 \quad \psi_{ed,N} = 1.0 \quad \psi_{c,N} = 1.25 \quad (\text{NO CRACKING})$$

$$\psi_{cp,N} = 1.0$$

REDUCE FURTHER 0.75 FOR HIGH SEISMIC

$$N_{cb} = (0.75) \frac{65 \text{ in}^2}{62 \text{ in}^2} \times 1 \times 1 \times 1.25 \times 1 \times 6455 \#$$

$$\underline{\underline{N_{cb} = 6344 \#}}$$

ANGLE BENDING CONTROLS

$$\underline{\underline{T_n = 4.1 \text{ k}}}$$

SHARE BENDING BET. ANGLE & INSERT

$$e = 0.75 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{ANGLE CAPACITY} = 8.2 \text{ k}$$

RECALL ECCENTRICITY FOR CONC. ANCH.

$$\psi_{ec,N} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{2 \times 0.75 \text{ in}}{3 \times 2.625}} = 0.84$$

$$N_{cb} = 6344 \# \times 0.84 = 5328 \#$$

$$\text{ANCHOR CONTROLS} \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{T_n = 5.3 \text{ k}}}$$

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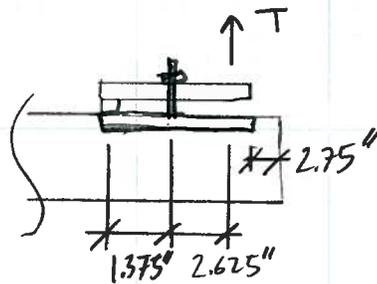
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CONN @ COL ON LINES 1 & 4

WELD (PL TO COL FLNG)

$$T_n = 2" \times 1.37 / 0.75 \times 3 \times 2 = \underline{\underline{22^k}}$$

3/4" ϕ STUD



$$T_{n \text{ STUD}} = 0.44 \text{ in}^2 \times 45 \text{ ksi} = 19.8^k$$

$$T_{U \text{ STUD}} = \frac{T \times (1.375 + 2.625)}{1.375} = 19.8^k$$

$$= \underline{\underline{6.8^k}}$$

CONCRETE ANCHORAGE

SIMILAR TO INSERT @ BM

$$N_b = 6455^\# \quad A_{nc} = 65 \text{ in}^2 \quad A_{ncd} = 62 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\psi_{ec,n} = \frac{1}{\left(1 + \frac{2 \times 2.625}{3 \times 2.625}\right)} = 0.6 \quad (\text{ECCENTRICITY})$$

$$\psi_{ed,n} = 1 \quad \psi_{cn} = 1.25 \quad \psi_{dn} = 1.0$$

$$N_{cb} = 0.75 \times \frac{65}{62} \times 0.6 \times 1 \times 1.25 \times 6455^\#$$

$$\underline{\underline{N_{cb} = 3.8^k}}$$

COMPLETE CONTROLS

$$\underline{\underline{T_n = 3.8^k}}$$

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CHECK CROSS-TIES @ LOW ROOF

EAST-WEST LINES

$$\text{SPACING} = 20'$$

$$\text{WALL ANCH. FORCE} = 12' \times 77 \text{ psf} = 924 \text{ plf}$$

$$T_U = 20' \times 924 \text{ plf} = 18.5 \text{ K}$$

2LWF55

$$T_n = 44 \text{ ksi} \times 16.2 \text{ in}^2$$

$$= 713 \text{ K}$$

$$M_n = \frac{1.1(24 + 20/5)(20')(45)^2}{8} = 1938 \text{ K-in}$$

$$M_n = 44 \text{ ksi} \times 126 \text{ in}^3 = 5544 \text{ K-in}$$

$$\text{DCR} = \frac{18.5 \text{ K}}{(2)(713 \text{ K})} + \frac{1938 \text{ K-in}}{5544 \text{ K-in}} = \underline{\underline{0.35 \text{ OK}}}$$

CONN = 2L4x3x3/8 w/ 4-3/4" ϕ HS3 EA. LEG

OK By INSP.

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NORTH-SOUTH LINES

$$\text{SPACING} = 7.5'$$

$$T_u = \frac{7.5'}{20'} \times 18^k = 7^k$$

10B11.5

$$T_u = 44 \text{ ksi} \times 3.38 \text{ in}^2 = 149^k$$

DCR DUE TO TENSION ONLY $\leq 5\%$ OK BY INSP.CONN 2-5/8" ϕ HSB & 2-L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 1/4 OK BY INSP.OK

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CHECK CROSS TIES @ HIGH ROOFEAST - WEST LINES

$$T_u = (20') (77 \text{ psf} \times 31\frac{1}{2}') = 24^k$$

$$T_n = 20.1 \text{ in}^2 \times 44 \text{ ksi} = 884^k \quad 24 \text{ WF } 68$$

OK DCR DUE TO T_u 0.027
BY INSP.

NORTH-SOUTH LINES

$$\text{SPACING} = 7.17'$$

$$T_u = \frac{7.17'}{20'} \times 24^k = 8.6^k$$

$$\text{DOB } 11.5 \quad T_n = 149^k$$

DCR DUE TO TENSION = 0.057 OK BY
INSP.