An Analysis of Research Methods Employed in Epidemiological Studies to Create a Similar Study for the UNT Marching Band

Melissa Hatheway, Music Education

Kris Chesky, Ph.D., Director of Texas Center for Music & Medicine

Purpose
Performing artists experience injuries that can cripple a career. Epidemiologic research studies have been conducted for some performing artists groups, such as dancers. Furthermore, the field of sports medicine is rich in research regarding both the types and prevalence of injuries in athletes. However, research efforts designed to characterize injuries among marching band musicians are underdeveloped. This preliminary goal will be accomplished by finding, analyzing and eventually selecting assessment materials and procedures from published research studies of injury rates of analogous occupation-specific groups, such as dancers or athletes.

Methods
The preliminary goal of locating analogous sources was accomplished by finding, analyzing and eventually selecting assessment materials and procedures from published research studies of injury rates of analogous occupation-specific groups, such as dancers or athletes.

Results
Examination of this literature shows a variety of research models, assessment strategies, and procedures. It also suggests that selection should be based on the ecological context, age specific strategies, and convenience and timing of related activities. Most studies used a survey or questionnaire format to gather data. Another method was through a series of physical tests over time. For a complete list of sources, see Table 1.

Conclusion
An interdisciplinary research study will be developed prior to the start of the Fall 2011 semester to examine the incidence of music related injuries amongst the students participating in marching band. This study will include a measure of musculoskeletal injuries in the upper and lower extremities, audiological issues such as hearing loss, dermatological issues as a result of long rehearsals in sun exposed environments and mental health effects. The reliability and validity of assessment procedures will be inferred from previous studies of analogous populations.

Table 1. Analogous Sources Used In This Study

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Authors</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Volume</th>
<th>Pages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

For more information, visit the following links: