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Y-1725

Mathematics and
Computers

PREPARATION OF CONTROL TAPE FOR AN
R-θ INSPECTION MACHINE

C. W. Wilson
W. R. Hensley

MASTER

UNION CARBIDE CORPORATION
NUCLEAR DIVISION
OAK RIDGE Y-12 PLANT

operated for the ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION under U. S. GOVERNMENT Contract W-7405 eng 26



OAK RIDGE Y-12 PLANT
P. O. Box Y
OAK RIDGE, TENNESSEE 37830

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Nuclear Division

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ABSTRACT

An APT postprocessor has been written that is suitable for producing control tape for a continuous-path, numerically controlled inspection machine. In addition, geometric construction routines have been written that relate to APT's TABCYL surfaces.

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SUMMARY

An APT postprocessor has been written that is suitable for producing control tape for a continuous-path, numerically controlled inspection machine. In addition, geometric construction routines have been written that relate to APT's TABCYL surfaces.

INTRODUCTION

At present there exists no APT postprocessor for use with continuous-path, numerically controlled inspection machines of the R-θ type. This lack constitutes a severe limitation, particularly when machines with two heads are under consideration. Such machines have two characteristics that make programming inconsistent with existing APT processors:

1. Two heads must be controlled simultaneously with synchronization required in the θ coordinate.
2. "Linear" interpolation of the control unit will create an Archimedes spiral path when applied to R-θ coordinates. In other words, when the machine moves, it follows a spiral path rather than a straight line.

The postprocessor described in this report presents a preliminary technique for R-θ interpolation sufficiently general to take advantage of virtually all capabilities that might be sought in inspection machines of this type. In addition, it will provide a resolution approximately ten times that presently available in the APT system. However, it is recognized that this postprocessor has a number of shortcomings, most notably the following:

1. Conics must be converted to TABCYLS.
2. No provision is made for minimizing the number of interpolations.
3. The transition from one type of contour to another is not conveniently handled.

On-going efforts are directed toward writing a more elegant system.

Several assumptions were made which are basic to this report and to the computer system it describes:

1. The piecewise normalized cubic spline system of curve fitting is used to define the path between the given points. This system is available in the APT system and is described in an earlier report.(a)

(a) Fowler, A. H. and Wilson, C. W.; Cubic Spline, A Curve Fitting Routine, Y-1400 (Rev 1); Union Carbide Corporation-Nuclear Division, Oak Ridge Y-12 Plant, Oak Ridge, Tennessee; June 28, 1966.

2. The radius and the normal to the path must be given for both the inside and outside contours for every value of the θ coordinate.
3. The data are defined in the normal right-handed coordinate system.

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PREPARATION OF THE CONTROL TAPE

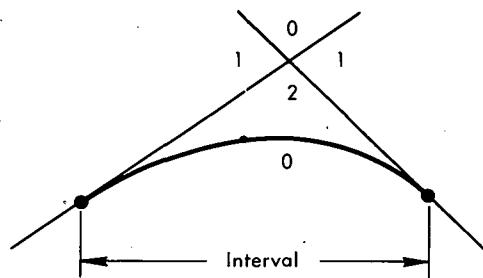
GEOMETRIC CONSTRUCTION CONCERNING THE CUBIC SPLINE

Various geometric intersections and tangents relating the gaging ball, the radial line, and a contour defined by piecewise cubic polynomial functions (TABCYL) are required. These construction routines are currently available in the APT system. However, in a number of cases the accuracy limit of the system has been approached. Therefore, these routines were rewritten to provide greater accuracy and a more efficient system. The first approach taken was analytically to solve a set of simultaneous equations describing the particular point desired. However, it became apparent that the resulting equations were quite unwieldy and unpredictable. For example, the problem of locating the center of a circle of given radius on a given line tangent to a given curve defined by piecewise cubic functions reduces to the solution of at least one equation of the tenth degree. The large number of arithmetic calculations required to solve these equations could introduce enough computer round-off error to reduce the accuracy of the result to, at most, six usable digits. Therefore, this approach was discontinued. The second approach was to write iterative routines to do the required geometric construction. The intent was to make them as accurate, efficient, and short as possible. There are no "epsilons" in the programs which restrict the limit of convergence; that is, the iterative process will automatically continue until the accuracy limit of the computer is reached. The programs were written in a form compatible with the APT system as it existed in 1966 so that they could replace the existing programs.

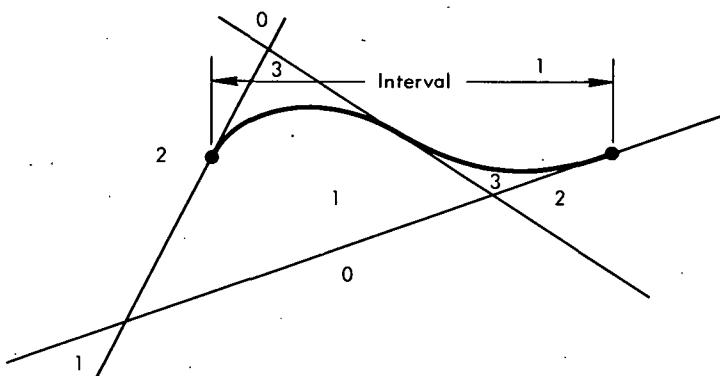
The construction routines consist of the following programs:

1. CUBICR, which finds the smallest root of a cubic, if any, in a given interval.
2. TABPNT, which finds the intersection of a line and a cubic spline contour.
3. TABLIN, which finds a line through a point tangent (perpendicular) to a cubic spline contour.
4. TABCIR, which finds the center of a circle of a given radius tangent to a cubic spline contour. The center may be located on a given line, or the circle may be tangent to the given line.

The TABLIN program is complicated by the fact that frequently more than one tangent (perpendicular) may exist which satisfy the criteria. This problem is illustrated in Figures 1 and 2. Routines CUBICR, TABPNT, and TABCIR are listed in Appendix A as part of the ROCOGA system; TABLIN is listed in Appendix B.



(a) No Inflection Within the Interval



(b) Inflection Within the Interval

Figure 1. TABLIN PROGRAM PROBLEM. (Shown within the regions are the number of lines which can be drawn through a point anywhere within that region and tangent to a cubic within a given interval. Region boundaries are the cubic and the tangents to the cubic at the end points and inflection point.)

INTERPOLATION

The spiral path that the gage ball follows will not usually coincide with the fitted cubic spline curve. For example, as the gage-ball center moves from Point PC₁ to Point PC₂ (Figure 3), it traces a spiral path. This spiral differs from the fitted cubic defining the contour in that area, thus introducing an error in the gaging data which does not relate to the accuracy of the part being inspected. It is necessary, therefore, to determine this gaging error and to insert sufficient additional points on the contour to reduce it to some given value. Since two points uniquely determine a spiral, it is possible to calculate the gaging error at various intermediate values of the theta coordinate.

The procedure used first adds a point in the center of the interval and then selectively bisects the interval into smaller intervals by adding new points in each of the two adjacent subintervals. The addition of points continues until the difference between the cubic and spiral path at each intermediate point is

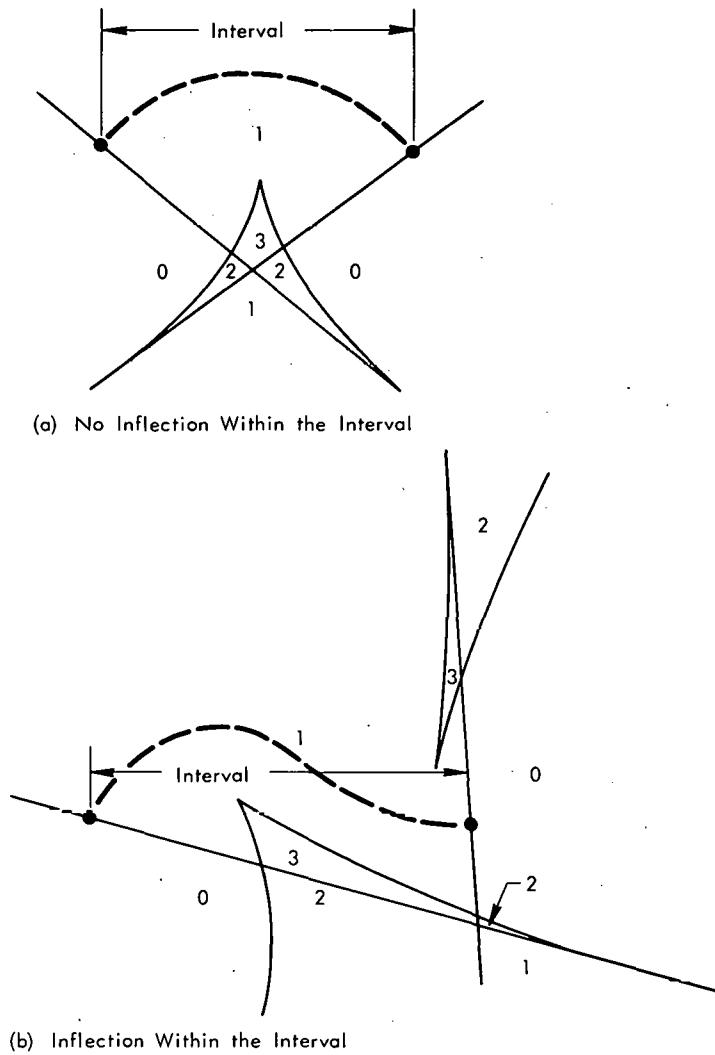


Figure 2. TABLIN PROGRAM PROBLEM. (Shown within regions are the number of lines which can be drawn through a point anywhere within that region and perpendicular to a cubic within a given interval. Region boundaries are the evolute of the cubic and perpendiculars at the end points.)

less than a specified tolerance or until 31 points have been added. The latter limit of iteration may be reached if the input data points are chosen poorly.

IMPLEMENTATION

Any implementation of R0C0GA will call for additional software since the existing APT system was not designed to handle it. Additional sections have been designed consisting of an APT program with system macros and an interface.

The APT program will provide information on a cutter location file for the post-processor to use in producing an inspection tape for parts with radial or near-

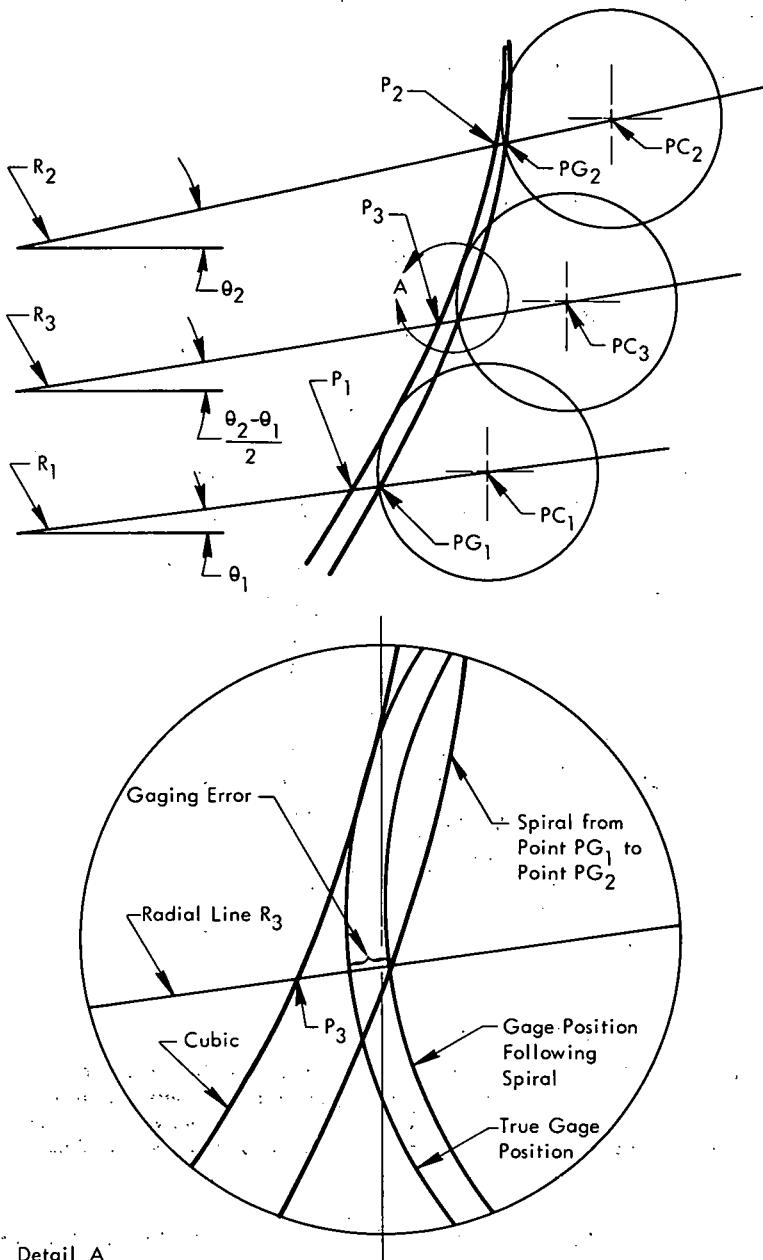


Figure 3. GAGING ERROR RESULTING FROM THE MACHINE MOVING IN A SPIRAL PATH.

radial configurations, Figure 4, such as the HUBCAP described by A. H. Fowler and C. W. Wilson ("An Extension of APT to Obtain Centroid and Inertia Information", Y-1420, Revision 1; Union Carbide Corporation-Nuclear Division, Oak Ridge Y-12 Plant; February 14, 1966). The curve type can vary any number of times on the same part and need not be the same for the inner and outer contours. The point of origin may be offset if desired. The direction of inspection is optional. A new "CALL" statement is required every time either contour

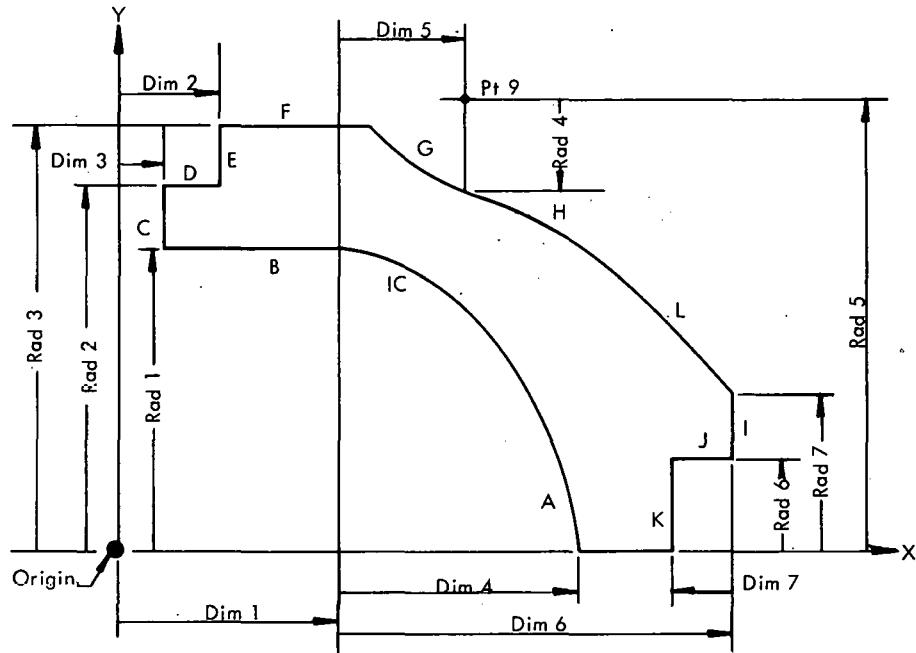


Figure 4. TYPICAL NEAR RADIAL PART.

changes type. The data used by the system are detailed in Appendix C along with general flowcharts of the APT program and system macro which processes it. Appendix D presents examples of preprinted data forms designed to ease the task of entering data. Appendix E describes the system macro.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The authors wish to acknowledge the contributions of A. H. Fowler, now of the University Computing Company, and R. J. Easterday of the Oak Ridge Computer Technology Center. Mr. Fowler, was instrumental in the creation of the ROCOGA postprocessor while an employee at Y-12; Mr. Easterday incorporated the ROCOGA postprocessor and the related programs and macros into the APT system.

EXAMPLE

PROGRAM LIST

TAPENO ROCOGA EXAMPLE	WRH	9212	0102
CHARGE#7350			0104
MACHIN/SHEFLD.INSP.ROCOGA			0106
OPTION/30.3			0108
SEONO/1.INCR.1			0110
MULTAX			0112
CUTTER/.15625			0114
SPINDL/1.0			0116
FEDRAT/6.0			0118
LINTOL/1			0120
CLPRNT			0122
WPO#POINT/0,0			0124
YIF#.1			0202
XIF#.1			0204
MINMATRIX/TRANSL,XIF,YIF.0			0206
REF&SY/S/M			0208
RAD1 #4			0210
DIM1 #1			0212
DIM2 #.5			0214
DIM3 #.25			0216
RAD2 #4.5			0218
RAD3 #5			0220
RAD4 #.5			0302
RAD5 #6			0304
RAD6 #.25			0306
RAD7 #.5			0308
DIM4 #4			0310
DIM5 #1			0312
DIM6 #6			0314
DIM7 #1			0316
ORIG #POINT/0,0,0			0318
X #LINE/ORIG.ATANGL.0			0320
Y #LINE/ORIG.ATANGL.90			0322
SURFA #ELLIPS/CENTER,(POINT/DIM1,0,0),RAD1,\$			0902
DIM4,.90			0904
SURFB #LINE/PARREL,X,YLARGE,RAD1			0906
SURFC #LINE/PARREL,Y,XLARGE,DIM3			0908
SURFD #LINE/PARREL,X,YLARGE,RAD2			0910
SURFE #LINE/PARREL,Y,XLARGE,DIM2			0912
SURFF #LINE/PARREL,X,YLARGE,RAD3			0914
PT9 #POINT/(DIM1+DIM5),RAD5			0916
SURFG #CIRCLE/CENTER,(POINT/DIM1,0),(\$			0918
POINT/(DIM1+DIM5),(RAD5-RAD4))			0920
SURFI #LINE/PARREL,Y,XLARGE,(DIM1+DIM6)			0922
SURFJ #LINE/PARREL,X,YLARGE,RAD6			0924
SURFK #LINE/PARREL,SURFI,XSMALL,DIM7			1002
SURFL #LINE/(PCINT/(DIM1+DIM6),\$			1004
RAD7).RIGHT,TANTO,SURFH			1006
OBTAIN.ELLIPS/SURFA,IA,IB,,ID...,\$			1008
IH,IP,IQ,			1010
ICCN #0 ADRIC/CANON,IA,IB,0,0,0,0,0,IH,IP,IO,0			1012
WPT10#POINT/RTHETA,XYPLAN,5,1,0			1014
WPT12#POINT/RTHETA,XYPLAN,5,077777,2			0404
WPT14#POINT/RTHETA,XYPLAN,5,055555,4			0406
WPT16#POINT/RTHETA,XYPLAN,5,033333,6			0408
WPT18#POINT/RTHETA,XYPLAN,5,011111,8			0410
WPT10#POINT/RTHETA,XYPLAN,4,988888,10			0412
WPT12#POINT/RTHETA,XYPLAN,4,966666,12			0414
WPT14#POINT/RTHETA,XYPLAN,4,944444,14			0416
			0418

WPTI16#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.922222.16	0420
WPTI18#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.899999.18	0422
WPTI20#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.877777.20	0424
WPTI22#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.855555.22	0502
WPTI24#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.833333.24	0504
WPTI26#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.811111.26	0506
WPTI28#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.788888.28	0508
WPTI30#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.766666.30	0510
WPTI32#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.744444.32	0512
WPTI34#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.722222.34	0514
WPTI36#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.699999.36	0516
WPTI38#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.677777.38	0518
WPTI40#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.655555.40	0520
WPTI42#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.633333.42	0522
WPTI44#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.611111.44	0524
WPTI46#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.588888.46	0602
WPTI48#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.566666.48	0604
WPTI50#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.544444.50	0606
WPTI52#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.522222.52	0608
WPTI54#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.499999.54	0610
WPTI56#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.477777.56	0612
WPTI58#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.455555.58	0614
WPTI60#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.433333.60	0616
WPTI62#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.411111.62	0618
WPTI64#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.388888.64	0620
WPTI66#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.366666.66	0622
WPTI68#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.344444.68	0624
WPTI70#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.322222.70	0702
WPTI72#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.299999.72	0704
WPTI74#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.277777.74	0706
WPTI76#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.255555.76	0708
WPTI78#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.233333.78	0710
WPTI80#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.211111.80	0712
WPTI82#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.188888.82	0714
WPTI84#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.166666.84	0716
WPTI86#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.144444.86	0718
WPTI88#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.122222.88	0720
WPTI90#POINT/RTHETA.XYPLAN.4.1.90	0722
REFSYS/NOMORE	
IC #TABCYL/NOZ, SPLINE,\$	0801
WPTI0.WPTI2.WPTI4.WPTI6.WPTI8.WPTI10.\$	0803
WPTI12.WPTI14.WPTI16.WPTI18.WPTI20.WPTI22,\$	0805
WPTI24.WPTI26.WPTI28.WPTI30.WPTI32.WPTI34,\$	0807
WPTI36.WPTI38.WPTI40.WPTI42.WPTI44.WPTI46,\$	0809
WPTI48.WPTI50.WPTI52.WPTI54.WPTI56.WPTI58,\$	0811
WPTI60.WPTI62.WPTI64.WPTI66.WPTI68.WPTI70,\$	0813
WPTI72.WPTI74.WPTI76.WPTI78.WPTI80.WPTI82,\$	0815
WPTI84.WPTI86.WPTI88.WPTI90	0817
NSPECT/ON	1102
CALL/NSPROC,WCIN#ICCN,WCOUT#\$	1104
SURFL,WSTA#20,WENA#40,WDELA#\$	1106
10,WNSPO#NSPLN,WNSPI#NSPCN	1108
CYCLE/SWEEP,1.0	1110
CALL/NSPROC,WCIN#IC,WCOUT#SURFH,\$	1112
WSTA#50,WENA#60,WDELA#10,\$	1114
WNSPO#NSPCR,WNSPI#NSPTBI	1116
CYCLE/OFF	1118

SECTION 3 LIST

ROCOGA EXAMPLE	WRH	9212	CARD NO.	0102 TAPE NO.	2	
MACHIN/SHEFLD INSP		0.0	CARD NO.	0106 TAPE NO.	4	
OPTIONS	30.0000	3.0000	CARD NO.	0108 TAPE NO.	6	
SEQNO/	1.0000	INCR	1.0000	CARD NO.	0110 TAPE NO.	8
MULTAX/				CARD NO.	0112 TAPE NO.	10
CUTTER/	0.1562			CARD NO.	0114 TAPE NO.	12
SPINDL/	1.0000			CARD NO.	0116 TAPE NO.	14
FEDRAT/	6.0000			CARD NO.	0118 TAPE NO.	16
LINTOL/	1.0000			CARD NO.	0120 TAPE NO.	18
NSPECT/	ON			CARD NO.	1102 TAPE NO.	20
			CALL CARD NO.	1104 TAPE NO.	21	
			CALL CARD NO.	00001270 TAPE NO.	22	
			CALL CARD NO.	00001290 TAPE NO.	23	
DS IS	X 20.000000	Y 5.057893	Z 30.933751	CARD NO.	00001310 TAPE NO.	25
			I 6.662449	J 26.565050	K 0.	
			CALL CARD NO.	00001270 TAPE NO.	26	
			CALL CARD NO.	00001290 TAPE NO.	27	
DS IS	X 30.000000	Y 4.975695	Z 47.328234	CARD NO.	00001310 TAPE NO.	29
			I 6.630673	J 26.565050	K 0.	
			CALL CARD NO.	00001270 TAPE NO.	30	
			CALL CARD NO.	00001290 TAPE NO.	31	
DS IS	X 40.000000	Y 4.856930	Z 62.507087	CARD NO.	00001310 TAPE NO.	33
			I 6.804984	J 26.565050	K 0.	

CYCLE/ SWEEP 1.0000

CARD NO. 1110 TAPE NO. 35

18

CALL CARD NO. 1112 TAPE NO. 36
CALL CARD NO. 00001270 TAPE NO. 37
CALL CARD NO. 00001290 TAPE NO. 38

DS IS

X

Y

Z

CARD NO. 00001310 TAPE NO. 40

I

J

K

50.000000 4.683583 58.131962

6.319386 58.003815 0.
CALL CARD NO. 00001270 TAPE NO. 41
CALL CARD NO. 00001290 TAPE NO. 42

DS IS

X 60.000000

Y 4.564522

Z 68.653951

CARD NO. 00001310 TAPE NO. 44
I 6.153419 J 69.292052 K 0.

CYCLE/ FINI OFF

CARD NO. 1118 TAPE NO. 46
CARD NO. 1122 TAPE NO. 48

ROCOGA OUTPUT

ROCOGA EXAMPLE		WRH	9212						
SEQ	THETA	R(I)	WALL	R(O)	X	U	TILT	TABLE	
	20.0000	5.056529	1.606436	6.662964					
1	25.0000	5.029948	1.591311	6.621259	0.026580	0.015125	6.	1.	
1	30.0000	4.972308	1.658506	6.630814	0.057640	0.067195	6.	1.	
2	35.0000	4.927413	1.764581	6.691994	0.044895	0.106075	6.	1.	
2	40.0000	4.850768	1.956196	6.806964	0.076645	0.191615	6.	1.	
3	45.0000	4.741353	1.931206	6.672559	0.109415	0.024990	6.	1.	
3	50.0000	4.682773	1.637516	6.320289	0.058580	0.293690	6.	1.	
SWEET									1.
4	55.0000	4.623788	1.616156	6.239944	0.058985	0.021360	6.	1.	
4	60.0000	4.563623	1.590821	6.154444	0.060165	0.025335	6.	1.	
SWEET									1.
NO OF LOWEST LEVEL SECTIONS REQUIRING FURTHER DIVISION WAS								0	

TAPE LIST

N001X-0026580U-0015125C018000S4M18
X-0057640U0067195C018000
N002X-0044895U0106075C018000
X-0076645U0191615C018000
N003X-0109415U-0024990C018000
X-0058580U-0293690C018000
S0M18
N004X-0058985U-0021360C018000S4M18
X-0060165U-0025335C018000
S0M18

APPENDIX A

ROCOGA LISTS

```

*LABEL
CADDPT ROUTINE FOR ROCOGA TO CALCULATE LOCATION OF AND ERROR AT A POINT
SUBROUTINE ADDPT (IBX,IFAC,IOK,IA,A,ID,D,EPS,RADGAG)
EQUIVALENCE (SYSTEM(1700),KOM (1700),KFLAGS(1692),TAPETB(1622))
EQUIVALENCE (TAPETB(18),PROTAP(18),CANTAP(17),CLTAPE(16),
1  POCTAP(15),PLOTAP(14),SRFTAP(13),LIBTAP(12),CRDTAP(11),
2  CORTAP( 9),
3  TAPES1( 8),TAPES2( 7),TAPES3( 6),TAPES4( 5),
4  FORTIN( 4),INTAPE( 3),IOUTAPI( 2),PUNTAP( 1))
DIMENSION SYSTEM(1739)
COMMON SYSTEM
COMMON DEFANS,JSUBER
DIMENSION DEFANS(3)
DIMENSION D(610,2),ID(610,2),A(33,8),IA(33,8)
CONV=57.29578
750 IP1 = IBX-IFAC
IP2 = IBX+IFAC
IOK = 0
IA(IBX,1)=1
A(IBX,2)= (A(IP1,2) + A(IP2,2)) /2.
D1=-SINF(A(IBX,2)/CONV)
D2= COSF(A(IBX,2)/CONV)
FS=CONV/(A(IP1,2)-A(IP2,2))
DO 760 I=1,2
D(4,I)=D1
D(5,I)=D2
CALL TABPNT (D(1,I),ID(1,I))
A(IBX,I+2)=SQRTF(DEFANS(1)**2 + DEFANS(2)**2)
AS=(A(IP1,I+4) - A(IP2,I+4))*FS
BS=(A(IP2,I+4)*A(IP1,2) - A(IP1,I+4)*A(IP2,2))*FS/CONV
RS=AS*A(IBX,2)/CONV + BS
CALL TABCIR (D(1,I),ID(1,I))
A(IBX,I+4)=SQRTF(DEFANS(1)**2+DEFANS(2)**2)-RADGAG*FLOATF(2*I-3)
TEMP=A(IBX,I+4)-RS
IA(IBX,I+6)=1000000.* TEMP+SIGNF(0.5,TEMP)
745 IF( ABSF(A(IBX,I+4)-RS) - EPS ) 760,760,755
755 IOK=1
760 CUNTINUE
RETURN
END

*LABEL
*FAP
*CUBICR
      COUNT    250
      ENTRY    CUBICR
CUBICR SXA    390A,1
          SXA    390A+1,2
          CLA    1,4
          STA    YFUNC+1
          CLA    2,4
          STA    YFUNC+2
          CLA    3,4
          STA    YFUNC+5
          STA    DERIV+5
          CLA    4,4
          STA    YFUNC+8

```

SXA **+1,4
 AXT **,2
 AXT 4,1
 CLA* 1,2
 SSP
 FSB EPS
 TPL **2
 STZ* 1,2
 TXI **+1,2,-1
 TIX **-6,1,1
 10A LDQ R3
 FMP* 1,4 A
 STO A3
 LDQ R2
 FMP* 2,4 B
 STO B2
 STZ XA
 CLA* 3,4 C
 STO SA
 CLA* 4,4 D
 STO VA
 CLA* 5,4 XL
 STO TEMP
 TSX YFUNC,2
 STO Y3
 TSX DERIV,2
 STO DY3
 STZ N1
 STZ N2
 20A CLA* 1,4 A
 TZE 50A
 30A CLA* 2,4 B
 FDP A3
 XCA
 CHS
 STO X2
 40A TZE 50A
 TMI 50A
 45A FSB* 5,4 XL
 TMI 70A
 50A CLA* 5,4 XL
 STO XB
 CLA Y3
 STO VB
 CLA DY3
 STO SB
 60A LXD I1,1
 TRA 75A
 70A CLA X2
 STO TEMP
 TSX YFUNC,2
 STO Y2
 TSX DERIV,2
 STO DY2
 CLA X2
 STO XB
 CLA Y2
 STO VB
 CLA DY2
 STO SB
 LXD I2,1
 75A CLA R1
 LDQ SA
 LLS 0

	STO	SIGNSA
	LDQ	VA
	LLS	O
	STO	SIGNVA
77A	CLA	VA
	TZE	380A
80A	XCA	
	FMP	VB
	TZE	300A
	TMI	300A
85A	CLA	SA
	TZE	190A
90A	LDQ	SIGNSA
	FMP	SB
	TZE	190A
	TPL	190A
95A	STZ	DX0
100A	CLA	VA
	FDP	SA
	XCA	
	CHS	
	STO	DX
	CLA	N1
	ADD	!!
	STO	N1
	SUB	I100
	TZE	400A
110A	CLA	DX
	TZE	380A
	TMI	190A
115A	FSB	DX0
	TZE	380A
120A	CLA	XA
	FAD	DX
	STO	XA
130A	FSB	XB
	TPL	190A
140A	CLA	XA
	STO	TEMP
	TSX	YFUNC,2
	STO	VA
150A	XCA	
	FMP	SIGNVA
	TZE	380A
	TMI	380A
160A	TSX	DERIV,2
	STO	SA
170A	XCA	
	FMP	SIGNSA
	TZE	190A
	TMI	190A
180A	CLA	DX
	STO	DX0
	TRA	100A
190A	TXL	210A,1,1
200A	CLA	X2
	STO	XA
	CLA	DY2
	STO	SA
	CLA	Y2
	STO	VA
	CLA*	5,4 XL
	STO	XB
	CLA	DY3
	STO	SB

	CLA	Y3
	STO	VB
	TRA	60A
210A	CLA	DY3
	FDP	Y3
	STQ	TEMP
	CLA*	3,4 C
	FDP*	4,4 D
	XCA	
	FAD	TEMP
220 A	TZE	240A
	TPL	240A
230 A	CLA	R1
	STO*	1,4 A
	TRA	390A
240 A	CLS	R1
	STO*	1,4 A
	TRA	390A
300 A	CLA	XB
	FSB	XA
	STO	TEMP
	CLA	VB
	FSB	VA
	FDP	TEMP
	XCA	
	SSP	
	STO	TEMP
	CLA	SA
	SSP	
	FSB	TEMP
	TZE	330A
	TMI	330A
310 A	CLA	VA
	FDP	SA
	XCA	
	CHS	
	STO	DX
320 A	TZE	380A
	TPL	340A
330 A	CLA	XB
	STO	XA
	CLA	VB
	STO	VA
	CLA	SB
	STO	SA
	CLS	R1
	STO	X2
	STZ	DX0
	TRA	360A
340 A	CLA	R1
	STO	X2
350 A	LDQ	X2
	FMP	DX
	FAD	XA
	STO	XA
	STO	TEMP
	TSX	YFUNC,2
	STO	VA
	TSX	DERIV,2
	STO	SA
	CLA	DX
	STO	DX0
360 A	CLA	X2
	FDP	SA
	FMP	VA

```

CHS
STO    DX
CLA    N2
ADD    I1
STO    N2
SUB    I100
TZE    400A
370A   CLA    DX
        TZE    380A
        TMI    380A
375A   FSB    DX0
        TNZ    350A
380A   CLA    XA
        STO*   2,4 B
        STZ*   1,4 A
390A   AXT    **,1
        AXT    **,2
        TRA    6,4
400A   CLA    R2
        STO*   1,4 A
        TRA    390A
YFUNC  LDQ    TEMP
        FMP    ** A
        FAD    ** B
        XCA
        FMP    TEMP
        FAD    ** C
        XCA
        FMP    TEMP
        FAD    ** D
        TRA    1,2
DERIV  LDQ    TEMP
        FMP    A3
        FAD    B2
        XCA
        FMP    TEMP
        FAD    ** C
        TRA    1,2
EPS    DEC .000001
R1     DEC 1.
R2     DEC 2.
R3     DEC 3.
I1     OCT 1000000
I2     OCT 2000000
I100   OCT 144000000
N1
N2
TEMP
A3
B2
DX0
DX
DY3
DY2
SA
SB
SIGNSA
SIGNVA
VA
VB
X2
XA
XB
Y2
Y3
END

```

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*LABEL
CFINISH
    SUBROUTINE FINISH
    EQUIVALENCE (SYSTEM(1700),KOM (1700),KFLAGS(1692),TAPETB(1622))
    EQUIVALENCE (TAPETB(18),PROTAP(18),CANTAP(17),CLTAPE(16),
1   POCTAP(15),PLOTAP(14),SRFTAP(13),LIBTAP(12),CRDTAP(11),
2   CORTAP( 9),
3   TAPES1( 8),TAPES2( 7),TAPES3( 6),TAPES4( 5),
4   FORTIN( 4),INTAPE( 3),IOUTAP( 2),PUNTAP( 1))
    DIMENSION SYSTEM(1739)
    COMMON SYSTEM
    COMMON DEFANS,JSUBER
    DIMENSION KFLAGS(50)
B   AA=606060606060
    CALL PUNCHA(-1,AA,1,0)
    CALL SETUP(1)
    CALL PUNCHA(-1,AA,1)
    CABCTR=KFLAGS(50)
    CABON=CABCTR*.6+12.0
    JCAB=CABON
    CALL PRTON(1,JCAB)
    KFLAGS(39)=KFLAGS(39)+JCAB
    KFLAGS(50)=0
    CALL DESPAT
    RETURN
    END

*LIST
*LABEL
CROCOGA  CONTINUOUS PATH ROTARY CONTOUR GAGE
    SUBROUTINE ROCOGA
    DIMENSION SCODT(10),AMCODT(10),          V(250),INCOD(10),IPECOD(3,
1200),SPECOD(3,200),D(610,2),ID(610,2),Q(10,102),IQ(10,102),
2STP(3),IA(33,8),A(33,8),PUN(8),          IV(250),IW(2)
    DIMENSION DEFANS(3)
    EQUIVALENCE (SYSTEM(1700),KOM (1700),KFLAGS(1692),TAPETB(1622))
    EQUIVALENCE (TAPETB(18),PROTAP(18),CANTAP(17),CLTAPE(16),
1   POCTAP(15),PLOTAP(14),SRFTAP(13),LIBTAP(12),CRDTAP(11),
2   CORTAP( 9),
3   TAPES1( 8),TAPES2( 7),TAPES3( 6),TAPES4( 5),
4   FORTIN( 4),INTAPE( 3),IOUTAP( 2),PUNTAP( 1))
    DIMENSION SYSTEM(1739)
    COMMON SYSTEM
    COMMON DEFANS,JSUBER
    COMMON INP,IOT,ICL,IPN,IZR,ICLFLG,IDL,IDA
    EQUIVALENCE (IPECOD(1),SPECOD(1),(-ID(1),D(1)),(IQ(1),Q(1)),
1 (IA(1),A(1)),(IV(1),VV(1),TAPSTO(4)),(IT1,TAPSTO(2))
2 ,(IT2,TAPSTO(3)),(V(1),TAPSTO(6)))
    EQUIVALENCE(TAPSTO(1),IRECNO)
    DIMENSION KFLAGS(1)
    DIMENSION BUFP(20),VV(3)
    EQUIVALENCE(FIW,IW(1))
    SMALF(Z1)=SIGNF(MAX1F(ABSF(Z1),1.E-12),Z1)
    TANF(Z1) = SINF(Z1/CONV)/SMALF(COSF(Z1/CONV))
    TANMF(Z1,Z2) = (Z1-Z2)/SMALF(1.+Z1*Z2)
    IOUTAP=6
B   SP=606060606060
B   SM=406060606060
100  CONV = 57.29578
      DO 101 J=1,12
101  DEFANS(J)=0.
      PID8=45./CONV
      SCODT( 1) = 60.
      SCODT( 2) = 30.
      SCODT( 3) = 16.

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SCDT( 4) = 10.
SCDT( 5) = 8.
SCDT( 6) = 6.
SCDT( 7) = 4.
SCDT( 8) = 2.
SCDT( 9) = 1.
SCDT(10) = 0.
AMCDT( 1) = 9.
AMCDT( 2) = 8.
AMCDT( 3) = 7.
AMCDT( 4) = 6.
AMCDT( 5) = 5.
AMCDT( 6) = 4.
AMCDT( 7) = 3.
AMCDT( 8) = 2.
AMCDT( 9) = 1.
AMCDT(10) = 0.
INCOD(1) = 1019
INCOD(2) = 1009
INCOD(3) = 1031
INCOD(4) = 2
INCOD(5) = 3
INCOD(6) = 1006
INCOD(7) = 1054
INCOD(8) = 1052
INCOD(9) = 1067
INCOD(10)= 1
B   STP(1) = 440000536060
B   STP(2) = 440001536060
B   STP(3) = 440300536060
150  NP = 0
     ISCOPD = -1
     MPRE = -1
     ICYCLE=0
     ISCOD = 9
     IMCOD. = 26
     NVAL = 0
     NDEL = 1
     NSC = 0
     IDATA=0
     TOLER = .000025*4.
     RADGAG=0.
180  CALL TAPERD( CLTAPE,IRETN,NWPR,1,TAPSTO,0)
     IF(IRETN)182,181,181
181  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IOUTAP,3000
     GU TO 976
182  IF(IT1-2000)180,200,190
190  IF( IT1 - 5000 ) 180, 300, 380
200  DO 210 I = 1,10
205  IF( INCOD(I) - IT2 ) 210,215,210
210  CONTINUE
     GO TO 180
C     SEQNO,FEDRAT,SPINDL,STOP,OPSTOP,REWIND,CYCLE
215  GOTO 220, 225, 240, 290, 290, 290, 270
C     NSPECT,LINTOL,END
     1,296, 216, 405),I
C LINTOL
     216 TOLER=VV(1)*4.
     GO TO 180
C 220-SEQNO
220  IF(IV(2)-66)222,221,222
221  NDEL=VV(3)
     GO TO 223
222  NDEL=1

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223 NVAL = XINTF(VV(1)+.5)-NDEL
      GO TO 180
C 225-FEDRAT
225 DO 230 I = 1,8
      IF(VV(1) - SCODT(I) ) 230,235,235
230 CONTINUE
      I = 9
235 ISCOD = 10-I
      GO TO 180
C 240-SPINDL
240 DO 245 I = 1,8
      IF(VV(1) - AMCODT(I) ) 245,260,260
245 CONTINUE
      IF(VV(1) ) 255,250,255
250 IMCOD = 17
      GO TO 180
255 I = 9
260 IMCOD = 27-I
      GO TO 180
C0270 CYCLE
0270 IF(IV(1).- 72 ) 271,290,271
    271 IF(IV(1)-239)180,275,180
0275 DO 280 J=1,8
      IF(VV(2) - AMCODT(J) ) 280,285,285
0280 CONTINUE
      J=9
0285 ICV=27-J
      GO TO 295
C 290-STOP-OPSTOP-REWIND
290 ICV=0
295 NSC = NSC + 1
      IPECOD(1,NSC) = I-3
      IPECOD(2,NSC) = ICV
      IPECOD(3,NSC) =IRECNO
      GO TO 180
C NSPECT
296 IF(IV(1)-71)180,297,298
297 IDATA=1
      GO TO 180
298 IF(IV(1)-72)180,299,180
299 IDATA=0
      GO TO 180
C 300-GOTO-DATA
300 NP = NP+1
      N = 6*NP +17
      F1 = COSF(V(1)/CONV)
      N=N
      D(N,1) = V(2)*F1
      D(N,2) = V(4)*F1
      F1 = SINF( V(1)/CONV)
      N=N
      NP=NP
      D(N+1,1) = V(2)*F1
      D(N+1,2) = V(4)*F1
310 DO 315 I = 1,5
315 Q(I,NP) = V(I)
      IF(IDATA)318,317,318
317 IQ(6,NP)=0
      GO TO 319
318 NVAL=NVAL+NDEL
      IQ(6,NP) = NVAL
319 IQ(7,NP) = ISCOD
      IQ(8,NP) = IMCOD
      IQ(9,NP) =IRECNO
      Q(10,NP) = TOLER

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320 IF( NP = 2 ) 180,325,365
325 DO 360 I = 1,2
      D(22,I) = Q(2*I+1,1) - SIGNF(90.,Q(2*I+1,1)) /CONV
340 DX = 10.*COSF(D(22,I))
      DY = 10.*SINF(D(22,I))
      II=I
345 IF( DX*(D(23,II)-D(29,II)) + DY*(D(24,II)-D(30,II)) ) 350,355,355
350 DX = -DX
      DY = -DY
355 D(17,II) = DX + D(23,II)
      D(18,II) = DY + D(24,II)
360 CONTINUE
      N=N
365 DO 375 I = 1,2
370 DX = D(N,I)-D(N-6,I)
      DY = D(N+1,I)-D(N-5,I)
      SS = DY/SMALF(DX)
      XL = SQRTF(DX*DX+DY*DY)
      NP=NP
      S3 = -1./SMALF(TANF(Q(2*I+1,NP)))
      NP=NP
      S2 = -1./SMALF(TANF(Q(2*I+1,NP-1)))
      TA = TANMF(S2,SS)
      TB = TANMF(S3,SS)
      N=N
      D(N-4,I) = (TA+TB)/(XL*XL)
      D(N-3,I) = -(2.*TA+TB)/XL
      D(N-2,I) = TA
      D(N-1,I) = ATANF(SS)
375 CONTINUE
      GO TO 180
380 IF( IT1-6000) 180,385,400
385 IF( IT2- 6 )180,395,180
C 395 CUTTER
395 RADGAG=VV(1)/2.
      GO TO 180
C 400-FINI-END
400 IF(IT1-14000)180,405,180
405 ID(1,1) = NP+2
      ID(1,2) = ID(1,1)
      DO 435 I = 1,2
      NP=NP
      D(N+5,I) =(Q(2*I+1,NP) - SIGNF(90.,Q(2*I+1,NP)) ) /CONV
415 DX = 10.*COSF(D(N+5,I))
      N=N
      DY = 10.*SINF(D(N+5,I))
      N=N
420 IF( DX*(D(N,I)-D(N-6,I)) + DY*(D(N+1,I)-D(N-5,I)) ) 425,430,430
425 DX = -DX
      DY = -DY
430 D(N+6,I) = DX + D(N,I)
      D(N+7,I) = DY + D(N+1,I)
435 CONTINUE
440 NSCN = 1
450 KFLAGS(50)=0
      CALL SETUP(0)
      NSEGTD = NP
      NERR=0
      DO 491 NSEGDB=1,NP
      IF( IQ(6,NSEGDB) ) 491,491,492
491 CONTINUE
492 NSEGDB=NSEGDB+1
      NSCN=NSCN
460 IF( NSCN - NSC ) 465,465,490
465 IF( IPECOD(3,NSCN) - IQ(9,NSEGDB-1) ) 470,490,490

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470 IF( IPECOD(1,NSCN) - 4 ) 475,480,480
475 I = IPECOD(1,NSCN)
      CALL PUNCHA (-3,STP(I),0)
      GO TO 485
480 ICYCLE = IPECOD(2,NSCN)
485 NSCN = NSCN + 1
      GO TO 460
490 DO 950 NSEG=NSEG8,NSEGTD
      IF( IQ(6,NSEG) ) 955,955,499
499 K=6*NSEG+11
500 DO 505 I = 1,33
      IA(I,7)=0
      IA(I,8)=0
505 IA(I,1) = 0
510 D(2,1) = D(K,1)
      D(2,2) = D(K,2)
      D(3,1) = D(K+1,1)
      D(3,2) = D(K+1,2)
515 IA(1,1) = 1
      A(1,2) = Q(1,NSEG-1)
      A(1,3) = Q(2,NSEG-1)
      A(1,4) = Q(4,NSEG-1)
      IA(33,1) = 1
      A(33,2) = Q(1,NSEG)
      A(33,3) = Q(2,NSEG)
      A(33,4) = Q(4,NSEG)
      EPS = Q(10,NSEG)
530 DO 550 I=1,2
      D(12,I)=RADGAG
      D( 6,I)=0.
      ID( 9,I)=71
      IF( ABSF(D(K+5,I)) - PID8) 545,545,540
540 ID(11,I)=33-I
      GO TO 550
545 ID(11,I)=37-I
550 CONTINUE
555 DO 560 J=1,33,32
      JJ=J
      D1=-SINF(A(JJ,2)/CONV)
      JJ=JJ
      D2= COSF(A(JJ,2)/CONV)
      DO 560 I=1,2
      D(4,I)=D1
      D(5,I)=D2
      CALL TABCIR (D(1,I),ID(1,I))
      JJ=JJ
      II=I
560 A(JJ,II+4)=SQRTF(DEFANS(1)**2+DEFANS(2)**2) -RADGAG*FLOATF(2*II-3)
      IF( NSEG-NSEG8 ) 570,570,690
570 SUMDX=A(1,5)
      SUMDU=A(1,6)-A(1,5)
      CALL HEAD (0,V)
      WRITEOUTPUTTAPE IOUTAP,4003
      LINES=48
      WRITEOUTPUTTAPE IOUTAP,4002,A(1,2),SUMDX,SUMDU,A(1,6)
690 DO 805 IO = 1,1
      IB00 = 17
      CALL ADDPT (IB00,16,IOK,IA,A,ID,D,EPS,RADGAG)
695 IF( IOK ) 805,805,700
700 DO 800 II = 1,2
      IB01 = IB00 + 16*II - 24
      CALL ADDPT (IB01, 8,IOK,IA,A,ID,D,EPS,RADGAG)
705 IF( IOK ) 800,800,710
710 DO 795 I2 = 1,2
      IB02 = IB01 + 8*I2 - 12
      CALL ADDPT (IB02, 4,IOK,IA,A,ID,D,EPS,RADGAG)

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715 IF( IOK ) 795,795,720
720 DO 790 I3 = 1,2
    I803 = I802 + 4*I3 - 6
    CALL ADDPT (I803, 2,IOK,IA,A,ID,D,EPS,RADGAG)
725 IF( IOK ) 790,790,730
730 DO 785 I4 = 1,2
    I804 = I803 + 2*I4 - 3
    CALL ADDPT (I804, 1,IOK,IA,A,ID,D,EPS,RADGAG)
735 IF( IOK ) 785,785,740
740 NERR = NERR + 1
785 CONTINUE
790 CONTINUE
795 CONTINUE
800 CONTINUE
805 CONTINUE
810 IF( ICYCLE ) 820,820,815
815 CYCLE=ICYCLE
     CALL CONBCD(CYCLE,IW(2),2,0)
B   FIW=620C44606060
     CALL PUNCHA (-12,IW,0)
     ISCODP=-1
     MPRE=-1
     IF( LINES ) 816,816,817
816 LINES=49
     CALL HEAD (-1,V)
     CALL HEAD (0,V)
     WRITEOUTPUTTAPE IOUTAP,4003
817 I=27-ICYCLE
     TABLE=AMCODT(I)
     WRITEOUTPUTTAPE IOUTAP,4000,TABLE
     LINES=LINES-1
820 IF( NSCN-NSC ) 825,825,850
825 NSEG=NSEG
     NSCN=NSCN
     IF( IPECOD(3,NSCN) - IQ(9,NSEG) ) 830,850,850
830 IF( IPECOD(1,NSCN) - 4 ) 835,840,840
835 I=IPECOD(1,NSCN)
     CALL PUNCHA (-3,STP(I),0)
     ISCODP=-1
     MPRE=-1
     GO TO 845
840 ICYCLE=IPECOD(2,NSCN)
845 NSCN = NSCN + 1
     GO TO 820
850 NP = 1
     DO 945 NPI = 2,33
     IF( IA(NPT,1) ) 945,945,855
855 DELX=A(NPT,5)-SUMDX
     DXP=5.*INTF(DELX*200000.+SIGNF(.5,DELX))
     SUMDX=SUMDX+DXP/1000000.
     DELU=A(NPT,6)-SUMDX-SUMDU
     DUP=5.*INTF(DELU*200000.+SIGNF(.5,DELU))
     SUMDU=SUMDU+DUP/1000000.
     DELR=MAX1F(ABSF(DXP),ABSF(DUP))/1000000.
     DELC =(A(NPT,2)-A(NP,2))*3600.
     IF( DELR) 851,851,852
851 DELTM=60.
     GO TO 853
852 DELTM=ABSF(DELC/(2000.*DELR))
853 I=10-IQ(7,NSEG)
     SVALCA= MIN1F(60.,SCODT(I),DELTM)
     SX=SP
     IF( DXP ) 856,857,857
856 SX=SM

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857 DXP=ABSF(DXP)
    SU=SP
    IF( DUP ) 858,859,859
858 SU=SM
859 DUP=ABSF(DUP)
    DO 860 I=1,8
    IF( SVALCA - SCODT(I) ) 860,865,865
860 CONTINUE
    I=9
865 ISP=10-I
    MO=0
    IF( IQ(8,NSEG) - MPRE ) 870,875,870
870 MPRE = IQ(8,NSEG)
    MPP=MPRE+100
    MO=1
875 ISO=0
    IF( ISP - ISCODP ) 880,885,880
880 ISCODP=ISP
    ISO=1
885 ISQN=IQ(6,NSEG-1) +1000
    SXU=SUMDX+SUMDU
    DXP1=DXP/1000000.
    DUP1=DUP/1000000.
    I=10-ISP
    TILT=SCODT(I)
    I=27-MPRE
    TABLE=AMCODT(I)
    IF( LINES ) 886,886,887
886 CALL HEAD (-1,V)
    CALL HEAD (0,V)
    WRITEOUTPUTTAPE IOUTAP,4003
    LINES=49
887 WRITEOUTPUTTAPE IOUTAP,4001,IQ(6,NSEG-1),A(NPT,2),SUMDX,SUMDU,
    1SXU,DXP1,DUP1,TILT,TABLE
    LINES=LINES-1
    FSQN=ISQN
    FSP=ISP
    FMPP=MPP
    CALL CONBCD(FSQN,PUN(1),3,0)
    FDXP=DXP/1000.
    FDUP=DUP/1000.
    CALL CONBCD(FDXP,PUN(2),7,3)
    CALL CONBCD(FDUP,PUN(4),7,3)
    CALL CONBCD(DELc,PUN(6),6,0)
    CALL CONBCD( FSP,PUN(7),1,0)
    CALL CONBCD(FMPP,PUN(8),2,0)
    DO 888 JJ=1,20
888 BUFP(JJ)=SP
    IF(DXP-.5) 890,890,889
B 889 BUFP(20)=536060606060
B     BUFP( 3)=676060606060
     BUFP( 4)=SX
     BUFP( 5)=PUN(2)
     BUFP( 6)=PUN(3)
890 IF(DUP-.5) 892,892,891
B 891 BUFP( 7)=646060606060
     BUFP( 8)=SU
     BUFP( 9)=PUN(4)
     BUFP(10)=PUN(5)
892 IF(DELC-.5) 894,894,893
B 893 BUFP(11)=236060606060
     BUFP(12)=PUN(6)
894 IF( NP-1 ) 910,895,910
B 895 BUFP( 1)=456060606060
     BUFP( 2)=PUN(1)
     IF( MO ) 910,910,896

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```

B 896 BUFP(13)=626060606060
      BUFP(14)=PUN(7)
B     BUFP(15)=446060606060
      BUFP(16)=PUN(8)
      IF( ISO ) 905,905,940
905 BUFP(13)=SP
      BUFP(14)=SP
      GO TO 940
B 910 BUFP(13)=626060606060
      BUFP(14)=PUN(7)
      IF( ISO ) 905,905,940
940 CALL PUNCHA(-12,BUFP,0)
      NP=NPT
945 CONTINUE
950 CONTINUE
955 IF(ICYCLE)959,959,956
956 CYCLE=ICYCLE
      CALL CONBCD(CYCLE,IW(2),2,0)
B     FIW=620044606060
      CALL PUNCHA (-12,IW,0)
      ISCODP=-1
      MPRE=-1
      IF( LINES ) 957,957,958
957 LINES-49
      CALL HEAD (-1,V)
      CALL HEAD (0,V)
      WRITEOUTPUTTAPE IOUTAP,4003
958 I=27-ICYCLE
      TABLE=AMC0DT(I)
      WRITEOUTPUTTAPE IOUTAP,4000,TABLE
      LINES=LINES-1
959 IF( NSCN-NSC ) 950,960,975
960 IF( IPECOD(1,NSCN)-4) 965,970,970
965 I=IPECOD(1,NSCN)
      CALL PUNCHA (-3,STP(I),0)
970 NSCN=NSCN+1
      GO TO 955
975 WRITEOUTPUTTAPE IOUTAP,2001,NERR
976 CALL FINISH
999 RETURN
3000 FORMAT(18H0CLTAPE READ ERROR)
3002 FORMAT(13,3F8.0,11,12)
3003 FORMAT(A3,A6,A1,1X,A6,A1,2X,A6,1X,A1,A2)
3004 FORMAT(1HN,A3,1HX,A1,A6,A1,1HU,A1,A6,A1,1HC,A6,1HS,A1,1HM,A2)
3005 FORMAT(6A6)
3006 FORMAT(1HN,A3,1HX,A1,A6,A1,1HU,A1,A6,A1,1HC,A6,1HM,A2)
3007 FORMAT(1HN,A3,1HX,A1,A6,A1,1HU,A1,A6,A1,1HC,A6)
3008 FORMAT(1HN,A3,1HX,A1,A6,A1,1HU,A1,A6,A1,1HC,A6,1HS,A1)
3009 FORMAT(1HX,A1,A6,A1,1HU,A1,A6,A1,1HC,A6)
3010 FORMAT(1HX,A1,A6,A1,1HU,A1,A6,A1,1HC,A6,1HS,A1)
2001 FORMAT(60HONO OF LOWEST LEVEL SECTIONS REQUIRING FURTHER DIVISION
      1WAS ,14)
4000 FORMAT(6H SWEEP,68X,F10.0)
4001 FORMAT(1H ,13,F10.4,5F10.6,2F10.0)
4002 FORMAT(1H ,3X,F10.4,3F10.6)
4003 FORMAT(85H SEQ    THETA      R(I)      WALL      R(O)      X
      1 U        TILT      TABLE )
      END

*LABEL
CHEAD          HEADING FOR R0C0GA1ISTS
SUBROUTINE HEAD (IC,ITITL)
DIMENSION ITITL(11),ITIT(11),DEFANS(3)
EQUIVALENCE (SYSTEM(1700),KOM   (1700),KFLAGS(1692),TAPETB(1622))
EQUIVALENCE (TAPETB(18),PROTAP(18),CANTAP(17),CLTAPE(16),

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1 POCTAP(15),PLOTAP(14),SRFTAP(13),LIBTAP(12),CRDTAP(11),
2 CORTAP( 9),
3 TAPES1( 8),TAPES2( 7),TAPES3( 6),TAPES4( 5),
4 FORTIN( 4),INTAPE( 3),IOUTAP( 2),PUNTAP( 1)
DIMENSION SYSTEM(1739)
COMMON SYSTEM
COMMON DEFANS,JSUBER
COMMON INP,IOT,ICL,IPN,IZR,ICLFLG,IDL,IDL2
IFI( IC ) 230,100,10
10 DO 15 I=1,11
15 ITIT(I)=ITITL(I)
100 WRITEOUTPUTTAPE IOUTAP,2000,ITIT
230 RETURN
2000 FORMAT(1H1,11A6)
END

*LABEL
CSCHTB
SUBROUTINE SCHTB (N,D,ID)
DIMENSION D(1),ID(1),DEFANS(3)
EQUIVALENCE (SYSTEM(1700),KOM (1700),KFLAGS(1692),TAPETB(1622))
EQUIVALENCE (TAPETB(18),PROTAP(18),CANTAP(17),CLTAPE(16),
1 POCTAP(15),PLOTAP(14),SRFTAP(13),LIBTAP(12),CRDTAP(11),
2 CORTAP( 9),
3 TAPES1( 8),TAPES2( 7),TAPES3( 6),TAPES4( 5),
4 FORTIN( 4),INTAPE( 3),IOUTAP( 2),PUNTAP( 1)
DIMENSION SYSTEM(1739)
COMMON SYSTEM
COMMON DEFANS,JSUBER
N2= 6*ID(1) + 11
20 DO 50 N=23,N2,6
30 IF( ABSF(D(2)-D(N)) - .005) 40,40,50
40 IF( ABSF(D(3)-D(N+1)) - .005) 70,70,50
50 CONTINUE
60 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IOUTAP,1000
1000 FORMAT(26HOTABCYL INTERVAL NOT FOUND)
N=0
70 RETURN
END

*LABEL
CSETUP
SUBROUTINE SETUP(L)
EQUIVALENCE (SYSTEM(1700),KOM (1700),KFLAGS(1692),TAPETB(1622))
EQUIVALENCE (TAPETB(18),PROTAP(18),CANTAP(17),CLTAPE(16),
1 POCTAP(15),PLOTAP(14),SRFTAP(13),LIBTAP(12),CRDTAP(11),
2 CORTAP( 9),
3 TAPES1( 8),TAPES2( 7),TAPES3( 6),TAPES4( 5),
4 FORTIN( 4),INTAPE( 3),IOUTAP( 2),PUNTAP( 1)
DIMENSION SYSTEM(1739)
COMMON SYSTEM
COMMON DEFANS,JSUBER
DIMENSION AA(15),PNOFLG(14)
EQUIVALENCE(PNOFLG(1),SYSTEM(1715))
IFI(L)200,100,200
B 100 BLNK=606060606060
DO 101 JJ=1,12
101 AA(JJ)=BLNK
B AA( 9)=606044000053
B AA(10)=606044000053
B AA(11)=440000757575
N=-72
J=0
K=1
CALL PUNCH(AA,J,K)

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N=-6
CALL PUNCHA(N,AA(10),J,K)
N=-12
CALL PUNCHA(N,AA(11),J,K)
B 200 AA(1)=623025264324
B   AA(2)=733145624773
B   AA(3)=514623462746
B   AA(4)=606060606060
K=14
DO 201 J=5,15
K=K-1
201 AA(J)=PNOFLG(K)
CALL HEAD(1,AA(5))
AA(14)=BLNK
CALL DATE(AA(14))
PNUFLG(14)=AA(1)
N=-90
CALL PARNOM(N,AA)
IF(L)400,300,400
300 M=-60
DO 301 LL=1,9
B 301 AA(LL)=343434343434
B   AA(10)=343434341353
J=0
K=1
CALL PUNCHA(M,AA,J,K)
400 RETURN
END

*LABEL
CTABCIR
      SUBROUTINE TABCIR (D, ID)
      YFUNC(X)=X*( X*( X*A+B )+C )
      DERIVF(X)=X*(X*AT3+BT2)+C
      YFUNOF(X)=X*( X*( X*A0+B0 )+C0 )+DO
      DERIOF(X)=X*(X*A0*3.+B0*2.)+C0
      DIMENSION D(1),ID(1),DEFANS(3)
      EQUIVALENCE (SYSTEM(1700),KOM (1700),KFLAGS(1692),TAPETB(1622))
      EQUIVALENCE (TAPETB(18),PROTAP(18),CANTAP(17),CLTAPE(16),
1  POCTAP(15),PLOTAP(14),SRFTAP(13),LIBTAP(12),CRDTAP(11),
2          CORTAP( 9),
3  TAPES1( 8),TAPES2( 7),TAPES3( 6),TAPES4( 5),
4  FORTIN( 4),INTAPE( 3),IOUTAP( 2),PUNTAP( 1))
      DIMENSION SYSTEM(1739)
      COMMON SYSTEM
      COMMON OFFANS,JSUBER
      DIMENSION DV(4,2)
10 DV(1,1) = 1.
DV(2,1) = -1.
DV(3,1) = 0.
DV(4,1) = 0.
DV(1,2) = 0.
DV(2,2) = 0.
DV(3,2) = 1.
DV(4,2) = -1.
JSUBER=0
20 CALL SCHTB (N,D, ID)
30 IF(N) 40,960,40
40 CALL TABDIR (N, ID(1),0.)
50 IF(D(6)) 60,70,70
60 D(4)=-D(4)
D(5)=-D(5)
D(6)=-D(6)
70 IF( ID(9)-27 ) 80,90,80
C   27 IS FOR CIRCLE TANGENT TO LINE

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```

80 RCL=0.
GO TO 130
90 IF( ID(10) -34 ) 110,100,100
100 IDCL= ID(10)-32
GO TO 120
110 IDCL=ID(10)-30
120 DCL=SIGNF(1.,D(4)*DV(IDCL,1) + D(5)*DV(IDCL,2) )
RCL= D(12)*DCL
130 IF( ID(11)-34 ) 150,160,160
150 IDCT=ID(11)-30
GO TO 170
160 IDCT=ID(11)-32
170 A=D(N+2)
B=D(N+3)
C=D(N+4),
AT3=3.*A
BT2=2.*B
D2=D(6)+RCL
DX=D(N+6)-D(N)
DY=D(N+7)-D(N+1)
XLSQ=DX*DX+DY*DY
XL=SQRTF(XLSQ)
F1=DX/XL
F2=DY/XL
AL=D(4)*F1 + D(5)*F2
BL=D(5)*F1 - D(4)*F2
DLP= D2 - D(4)*D(N) - D(5)*D(N+1)
U1=0.
V1=0.
S1=C
IDIR=0.
200 DCT=SIGNF(1.,DX*DVL(IDCT,2)-DY*DVL(IDCT,1))
RCT= D(12)*DCT
210 IF(A) 220,260,220
220 UI=-B/AT3
230 IF( UI ) 260,260,240
240 IF( UI-XL ) 250,260,260
250 U2=UI
V2=YFUNCF(U2)
ND=1
GO TO 270
260 U2=XL
V2=0.
ND=0
270 S2=DERIVF(U2)
NI=0
280 U4=0.
V4=0.
DIS=1.E20
F3=SQRTF(1.+S1*S1)
A1=1./F3
B1=S1/F3
F3=SQRTF(1.+S2*S2)
A2=1./F3
B2=S2/F3
290 U1P=U1-B1*RCT
V1P=V1+A1*RCT
DL=DL-AL*U1P
300 IF( DL ) 310,320,320
310 AL=-AL
BL=-BL
DL=-DL
320 U2P=U2-B2*RCT
V2P=V2+A2*RCT
U1PO=U1P

```

```

330 DX=U2P-U1P
DX1I=U1P-U1PO
AO=(S1+S2-2.*(V2P-V1P)/DX) / (DX*DX)
BO=(S2-S1-3.*((U2P-U1PO)**2-DX1I**2)*AO) / (2.*DX)
CO=S1-DX1I*(3.*AO*DX1I + 2.*BO)
DO=V1P-DX1I*(DX1I*(DX1I*AO+BO)+CO)
340 IF( IDIR ) 350,350,360
350 U1PO=U1P
DXP=DX
360 IF( BL ) 380,370,380
370 D2=DL
GO TO 500
380 D1=AO
D2=BO
D3=CO+AL/BL
D4=DO-DL/BL
DXPE=DXP+.000001
390 CALL CUBICR (D1,D2,D3,D4,DXPE)
400 IF( D1 ) 430,500,410
410 IF( D1-2. ) 430,900,430
430 IF( ND ) 440,450,440
440 U1=U2
V1=V2
S1=S2
GO TO 260
450 CALL TABDIR (N, ID(1),D1)
460 IF( N ) 170,970,170
500 VC=YFUNOF(D2)
UC=D2+U1PO
505 IF( IDIR ) 506,506,510
506 IF( UC-XL/2. ) 507,507,508
507 IDIR=1
GO TO 530
508 IDIR=2
GO TO 530
510 DIS=SQRTF((UC-UCP)**2+(VC-VCP)**2)
515 IF( DIS ) 800,800,520
520 IF( DIS-DISP ) 530,525,525
525 UC=UCP
VC=VCP
GO TO 800
530 UCP=UC
VCP=VC
DISP=DIS
SC=DERIOF(D2)
F3=SQRTF(1.+SC*SC)
A3=1./F3
B3=SC/F3
D3=A3*UC+B3*VC
540 IF( B3 ) 550,545,550
545 U3=D3
GO TO 590
550 D1=A
D2=B
D3P=C+A3/B3
D4=-D3/B3
XLE=XL+.000001
560 CALL CUBICR (D1,D2,D3P,D4,XLE)
570 IF( D1 ) 910,580,575
575 IF( D1-2. ) 910,920,910
580 U3=D2
590 V3=YFUNCF(U3)
S3=DERIVF(U3)
F3=SQRTF(1.+S3*S3)

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```

A4=1./F3
B4=S3/F3
600 U4=U3-B4*RCT
V4=V3+A4*RCT
IFI( (U4-UC)**2+(V4-VC)**2 - 1.E-11 ) .800,800,680
680 IFI( IDIR - 1 ) .700,700,720
700 U1P=U4
V1P=V4
S1=S3
GO TO 740
720 U2P=U4
V2P=V4
S2=S3
740 NI=NI+1
IFI( NI-100 ) 330,330,920
800 DEFANS(1)=UC*F1-VC*F2+D(N)
DEFANS(2)=VC*F1+UC*F2+D(N+1)
DEFANS(3)=0.
GO TO 999
900 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE-IOUTAP,1000
1000 FORMAT(26HOCUBICR FAILED TO CONVERGE )
910 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IOUTAP,1001,NI
1001 FORMAT(31HOTAB CIRCLE NOT FOUND /NO.ITER=,I3)
I1=N+7
WRITEOUTPUTTAPE 6,1004,N,(D(I),I=N,I1)
1004 FORMAT(I5,8F12.6)
GO TO 960
920 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IOUTAP,1002
1002 FORMAT(30HOTAB CIRCLE FAILED TO CONVERGE )
960 JSUBER=1
970 WRITEOUTPUTTAPE IOUTAP,1003
1003 FORMAT(35H TABCIR NOT FOUND IN NEARBY SEGMENT )
999 RETURN
END

```

```

*LABEL
CTABDIR
SUBROUTINE TABDIR (J,N,DIR)
10 IFI( DIR ) 30,20,70
20 IRIGHT = 0
LEFT = 0
INTJ = J
N2= 6*N+11
GO TO 120
30 LEFT = LEFT + 6
40 IFI( LEFT - 18 ) 50,50,110
50 J = INTJ - LEFT
60 IFI( J-17) 70,120,120
70 IRIGHT = IRIGHT + 6
80 IFI( IRIGHT - 18 ) 90,90,110
90 J = INTJ + IRIGHT
100 IFI( J - N2 ) 120,120,30
110 J = 0
120 RETURN
END

```

```

*LABEL
CTABPNT
SUBROUTINE TABPNT (D,ID)
DIMENSION D(1),ID(1),DEFANS(3)
EQUIVALENCE (SYSTEM(1700),KOM (1700),KFLAGS(1692),TAPETB(1622))
EQUIVALENCE (TAPETB(18),PROTAP(18),CANTAP(17),CLTAPE(16),
1 POCTAP(15),PLOTAP(14),SRFTAP(13),LIBTAP(12),CRDTAP(11),
2 CORTAP( 9),
3 TAPES1( 8),TAPES2( 7),TAPES3( 6),TAPES4( 5),

```

```

4 FORTIN( 4),INTAPE( 3),IOUTAP( 2),PUNTAP( 1)
DIMENSION SYSTEM(1739)
COMMON SYSTEM
COMMON DEFANS,JSUBER
10 JSUBER= 0
20 CALL SCHTB (N,D,ID)
30 IF( N ) 40,330,40
40 CALL TABDIR (N,ID(1),0.)
50 B3= D(6) - D(4)*D(N) - D(5)*D(N+1)
60 IF( B3 ) 80,70,80
70 DEFANS(1)=D(N)
DEFANS(2)=D(N+1)
GO TO 280
80 F1=D(N+6)-D(N)
F2=D(N+7)-D(N+1)
XLSQ=F1+F2+F2
XL = SQRTF(XLSQ)
F1=F1/XL
F2=F2/XL
B1= D(4)*F1 + D(5)*F2
B2= D(5)*F1 - D(4)*F2
F3 = B1 + B2*D(N+4)
ND=N+7
90 IF( ABSF(D3) XL ) 110,110,100
100 D1 = SIGNF(1.,B1*B3)
GO TO 300
110 IF( F3 ) 120,180,120
120 U = B3/F3
E = XLSQ/1.E4
130 IF( D(N+3) ) 140,150,140
140 F = MIN1F(1.E-6/ABSF(D(N+3)),E)
150 IF( U*U - E ) 160,160,180
160 V = U*D(N+4)
GO TO 270
180 IF( ABSF(B2) - 1.E-3 ) 230,230,190
190 D1 = D(N+2)
D2 = D(N+3)
D3 = D(N+4) + B1/B2
D4 = -B3/B2
200 CALL CUBICR (D1,D2,D3,D4,XL)
210 IF( D1 ) 300,220,215
215 IF( D1-2.) 300,325,300
220 U=D2
GO TO 260
230 U = B3/B1
240 IF( U ) 290,250,250
250 V = U*(U*(U*D(N+2) + D(N+3) ) +D(N+4) )
DV = U*(U*3.*D(N+2) + 2.*D(N+3) ) + D(N+4)
U = (B3 - B2*(V-DV*U)) / (B1 + B2*DV)
260 V = U*(U*(U*D(N+2) + D(N+3) ) +D(N+4) )
270 DEFANS(1) = U*F1 - V*F2 + D(N)
DEFANS(2) = V*F1 + U*F2 + D(N+1)
280 DEFANS(3)=0.
GO TO 340
290 D1 = -1.
300 CALL TABDIR (N,ID(1),D1)
310 IF( N ) 320,320,50
320 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IOUTAP,1000
1000 FORMAT(36HOTABCYL INTERSECTION POINT NOT FOUND)
GO TO 330
325 WRITE UPUT TAPE IOUTAP,1001
1001 FORMAT(26HOCUBICR FAILED TO CONVERGE)
330 JSUBER = 1
340 RETURN
END

```

*FAP

PERROR	ENTRY	PERROR
SXA		BACK,4
	CALL	DESPAT
BACK	AXT	***,4
	TRA	1,4
	END	

* FAP

*LABEL

*4500	PRTON	
PRTON	ENTRY	PRTON
CLIA*	1,4	
STO	N	
ARS	18	
XCA		
PXD	0,0	
MPY	N6	
XCA		
ADD	ADR	
STA	DO	
SXA	B,4	
CLIA*	2,4	
STO	BB	
AXT	0,4	
DO	CLA	0,4
STO	PRT+5,4	
TXI	*+1,4,1	
TXL	DO,4,5	
CALL	(SPH),PRT	
CALL	(FIL)	
LFTM		
CALL	(SPH),ACC	
LDQ	BB	
STR		
CALL	(FIL)	
LFTM		
LXA	B,4	
TRA	3,4	
B	PZE	0
BB	PZE	0
N	PZE	0
ACC	BCI	6,(19H LENGTH OF TAPE IS 15,6H FEET)
N6	OCT	6
ADR	PZE	E1-1
PRT	BSS	6
E1	BCI	6,(30H PUNCHED TAPE FOR ROCOGA)
	BSS	6
	END	

APPENDIX B

TABLIN LIST

```

*LABEL
CTABLIN
    SUBROUTINE TABLIN
    YFUNC(X)#X*(X*(X*A+B)+C)
    DERIVF(X)#X*(X*A3+B2)+C
    DIMENSION KOM(1),DEFANS(1),DEFTAB(1),IDFTAB(1),ZSUR(1),D(1),ID(1)
    EQUIVALENCE (DEFANS(331),IDFTAB(1334),DEFTAB(1334),ID(1333),
    ID(1333),ZSUR(172),JSUBER(235),KOM(9834)),(KOM(95),IOUTAP)
    COMMON KOM
10 N#17
    NI#6*(ID(17)-1)+22
    JSUBER#0
20 CALL SCHTB (N,D(N),D(N+1))
30 IF( N ) 40,830,40
40 CALL TABDIR (N,17,0.)
50 FI#COSF(D(N+5))
    F2#SINF(D(N+5))
    UP#(D(2)-D(N))*FI + (D(3)-D(N+1))*F2
    VP#(D(3)-D(N+1))*FI - (D(2)-D(N))*F2
    XLSQ#(D(N+6)-D(N))**2 + (D(N+7)-D(N+1))**2
    XL#SQRTF(XLSQ)
    A#D(N+2)
    B#D(N+3)
    C#D(N+4)
    A3#3.*A
    B2#2.*B
    NI#0
60 IF( ID(5) - 18 ) 70,200,70
70 IF( UP + 1.E-5 ) 120,80,80
80 IF( UP - XL - 1.E-5 ) 90,90,120
90 VUP#YFUNC(UP)
100 IF( ABSF(VUP-VP) - 1.E-5 ) 110,110,120
110 VP#VUP
    SP#DERIVF(UP)
    UI#UP
    VI#VP
    GO TO 160
120 D1#2.*A
    D2#B-A3*D(2)
    D3#-2.*D(2)*B
    D4#D(3) - D(2)*C
130 CALL CUBICR (D1,D2,D3,D4,XL)
140 IF( D1 ) 800,150,800
150 UI#D2
    VI#YFUNC(UI)
    SP#(VP-VI)/(UP-UI)
160 B2#1./SQRTF(1.+SP*SP)
    A2#-B2*SP
    U2#A2*UP+B2*VP
    GO TO 900
200 F3#SQRTF(1.+C*C)
    AL#1./F3
    BL#C/F3

```

DL#J.
 FL#AL*UP+BL*VP
 210 IF(FL) 220,230,230
 220 DI#-1.
 GO TO 810
 230 SB#A*XLSQ - C
 F3#SQRTF(I.+SB*SB)
 AR#I./F3
 BR#SB/F3
 DR#AR*XL
 FR#AR*UP+BR*VP-DR
 240 IF(FR) 260,260,250
 250 DI#+1.
 GO TO 810
 260 IF(FL) 270,265,270
 265 A2#AL
 B2#BL
 D2#DL
 GO TO 900
 270 IF(FR) 280,275,280
 275 A2#AR
 B2#BR
 D2#DR
 GO TO 900
 280 XA#D.
 VA#D.
 SA#C
 290 IF(A) 310,300,310
 300 IF(B) 380,305,380
 305 A2#I.
 B2#D.
 D2#UP
 UI#UP
 VI#YFUNCf(UI)
 GO TO 900
 310 X2#-B/A3
 320 IF(X2) 380,380,330
 330 IF(X2-XL) 340,380,380
 340 XB#X2
 VB#YFUNCf(XB)
 SB#DERIVF(XB)
 ARS#AR
 BRS#BR
 DRS#DR
 F3#SQRTF(I.+SB*SB)
 AR#I./F3
 BR#SB/F3
 DR#AR*XB+BR*VB
 FR#AR*UP+BR*VP-DR
 350 IF(FR) 390,275,370
 370 AL#AR
 BL#BR
 DL#DR
 AR#ARS
 BR#BRS
 DR#DRS
 XA#XB
 VA#VB
 SA#SH
 380 XB#XL
 VB#D.
 SB#DERIVF(XB)

```

390 F3#AR*BL-AL*BR
400 IF( F3 ) 410,305,410
410 UC#(BL*DR-BR*DL)/F3
    VC#-(AL*DR-AR*DL)/F3
    UIP#-I.
    PUSTEP#I.E+30
    PASTEP#I.E+30
    AC#AR
    BC#BR
420 DU#UP-UC
    DV#VP-VC
    F3#SQRTF(DU*DU + DV*DV)
430 IF( F3 ) 450,880,450
450 AC#DV/F3
    BC#-DU/F3
460 IF( ABSF(BC) - 1.E-10 ) 470,470,480
470 UI#UP
    GO TO 530
480 DI#A
    D2#B
    D3#C+AC/BC
    DU#-(AC*UP+BC*VP)/BC
490 CALL CUBICR (DI,D2,D3,D4,XL)
500 IF( DI ) 505,520,510
505 UI#XA
    GO TO 530
510 IF( DI-2. ) 515,805,515
515 UI#XB
    GO TO 530
520 UI#D2
530 VI#YUNCF(UI)
    SI#DERIVF(UI)
540 IF( NI - 2 ) 570,570,545
545 USTEP#ABSF(UI-UIP)
550 IF( USTEP - PUSTEP ) 555,884,884
555 PUSTEP#USTEP
    ASTEP#ABSF(AC*SI-BC)
560 IF( ASTEP-PASTEP ) 565,885,885
565 PASTEP#ASTEP
570 F4#SQRTF(I.+SI*SI)
    UIP#UI
    ACP#AC
    BCP#BC
    AC#I./F4
    BC#SI/F4
    F3#6.*A*UI+B2
580 IF( F3 ) 600,590,630
590 DU#((UP-UI)+SI*(VP-VI))/F4
    UI#UI+DU
    USTEP#ABSF(DU)
    GO TO 545
600 F3#(F4**3)/F3
    UC#UI-BC*F3
    VC#VI+AC*F3
620 NI#NI+1
    IF( NI - 100 ) 420,640,640
640 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IOUTAP,1000
1000 FORMAT(33HJTABLE ROUTINE DID NOT CONVERGE)
    GO TO 820
800 IF( DI-2. ) 810,805,810

```

805 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IOUTAP,10J2
1002 FORMAT(26HJCUBICR FAILED TO CONVERGE)
GO TO 820
810 CALL TABDIR (N,J,DI)
IF(N) 50,820,50
820 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IOUTAP,10J1
1001 FORMAT(19HJTAB LINE NOT FOUND)
830 JSUBER#1
GO TO 999
880 A2#AC
B2#BC
ID(13)#2
GO TO 890
884 ID(13)#1
885 A2#ACP
B2#BCP
UI#U1P
VI#YFUNC(F1)
890 D2#A2*UP+B2*VP
900 DEFANS(1) # A2*F1 - B2*F2
DEFANS(2) # B2*F1 + A2*F2
DEFANS(3) # 0.
DEFANS(4) # D2 + DEFANS(1)*D(N) + DEFANS(2)*D(N+1)
910 IF(DEFANS(4)) 920,999,999
920 DEFANS(1) #-DEFANS(1)
DEFANS(2) #-DEFANS(2)
DEFANS(4) #-DEFANS(4)
C 999 RETURN
999 ID(11)#NI
D(11)#UI
D(12)#VI
RETURN
END

APPENDIX C

INPUT DATA DESCRIPTION

The APT vocabulary which is recognized by the ROCOGA postprocessor from the created CLDATA file is listed in Table C-1.

In addition, two simultaneous TABCYL's must be defined or created by the APT program and system macro. Figures C-1 and C-2 show general flowcharts of the APT program and system macro, respectively.

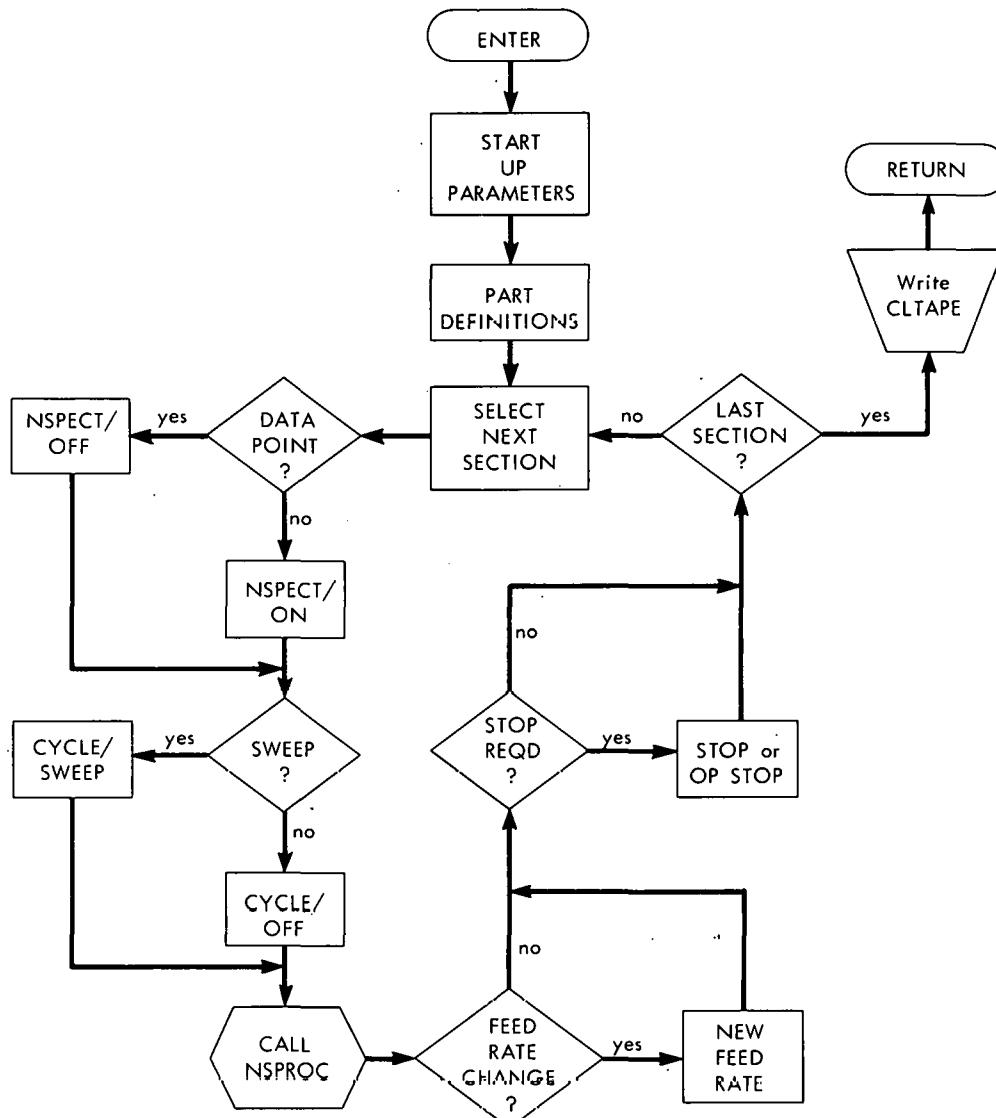


Figure C-1. APT PROGRAM FLOW CHART.

Table C-1
APT VOCABULARY

TAPENO string	CUTTER/n
SPINDL/n	CYCLE/SWEEP, n
FEDRAT/n	CYCLE/OFF
SEQNQ/n, INCR, n ₂	FINI
OPSTOP	END
STOP	NSPECT/{ON} {OFF}
REWIND	LINTOL/n

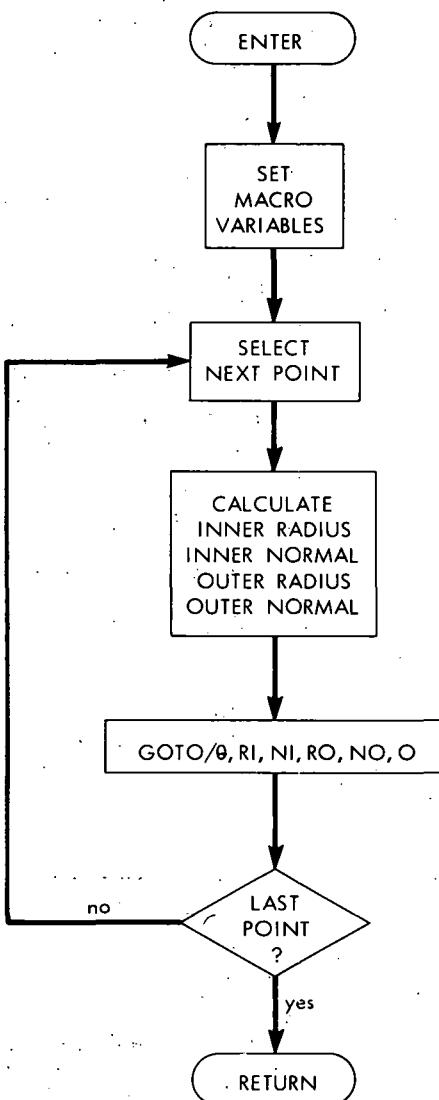


Figure C-2. SYSTEM MACRO.

APPENDIX D

DATA FORMS

The part programmer may assign startup parameters for spindle control, tilt rate, tolerance, and gage ball size by filling in the blanks on a standardized program first page (see Figure D-1). The offsets (designated XOF, YOF, XIF, and YIF on the standard first page) are specified to locate the data origin with respect to the inner and outer contours.

The part is defined in the usual manner, except when defining a TABCYL where a choice of preprinted forms is available (ie, Figures D-2 and D-3). Two types are furnished to allow the part programmer to define the points to be used in either the X-Y or R-θ coordinate systems. Figure D-4 shows the form used to define the TABCYL for the inside contour.

All blanks must be filled, but dummy values can be assigned to any points not required in the TABCYL definition. Only the part of the TABCYL to be inspected needs to be defined. Here, again, the part programmer may make use of a pre-printed form and cross off any point not required. After the part programmer decides if data points are desired and determines the proper path to be traversed, the NSPROC macro is called. Following decisions concerning feedrate changes and stops, and after all sections of the contour have been inspected, a CLTAPE is written.

			Prepared by _____ Date _____ 73-78		
			Checked by _____ Date _____ Page No. 1 77-78		
1	6	7	8	LINE NO.	
TAPENØ				72 79 80	
CHARGE	=			01	
				02	
				03	
MESSAG	BALL ①	DIA ①	② REQ ①	② REQTR ①	04
MESSAG	WR ①	② BLDG ①	② CHECKED ①	BY ①	05
MESSAG					06
	MACHIN/	, INSP, RØCØGA			07
	OPTION/30,	3			08
	SEQNØ /1,	INCR, 1			09
	MULTAX				10
	CUTTER/				11
	SPINDL/				12
	FEDRAT/				13
	LINTØL/				14
	CLPRNT				15
					16
	SYN/P, PØINT, L, LINE, C, CIRCLE, AA, ATANGL, PL, PARREL, S				17
	XS, XSMALL, XL, XLARGE, YS, YSMALL, YL, YLARGE				18
	WPØ = P/				19
	XØF =				20
	YØF =				21
	XIF =				22
	YIF =				23
	MØ = MATRIX/TRANSL, XØF, YØF, O				24
	MI = MATRIX/TRANSL, XIF, YIF, O				25

UCN-1880
(12 11-68)

Figure D-1. STANDARD FIRST-PAGE FORM.



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NUMERICAL CONTROL MANUSCRIPT

Prepared by _____ Date _____ 73-76
Checked by _____ Date _____ Page No. 77-78

1	6	7	8	LINE NO.
				72 79 80
			REFSYS/MI	01
				02
				03
			WPTI 0 = PPOINT/ ,	04
				05
			WPTI 2 = PPOINT/ ,	06
				07
			WPTI 4 = PPOINT/ ,	08
				09
			WPTI 6 = PPOINT/ ,	10
				11
			WPTI 8 = PPOINT/ ,	12
				13
			WPTI 10 = PPOINT/ ,	14
				15
			WPTI 12 = PPOINT/ ;	16
				17
			WPTI 14 = PPOINT/ ,	18
				19
			WPTI 16 = PPOINT/ ,	20
				21
			WPTI 18 = PPOINT/ ,	22
				23
			WPTI 20 = PPOINT/ ,	24
				25

UCN-1860
(12-11-68)

Figure D-2. X-Y TABCYL DATA FORM FOR INSIDE CONTOUR.



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NUMERICAL CONTROL MANUSCRIPT

Prepared by _____ Date _____ 73-78

Checked by _____ Date _____ Page No. 77-78

1	6	7	8	LINE NO.
				72 79 80
				01
			REFSYS/MØ	02
				03
		WPTØ	0 = PØINT/RTHETA, XYPLAN,	04
			,	05
		WPTØ	2 = PØINT/RTHETA, XYPLAN,	06
			,	07
		WPTØ	4 = PØINT/RTHETA, XYPLAN,	08
			,	09
		WPTØ	6 = PØINT/RTHETA, XYPLAN,	10
			,	11
		WPTØ	8 = PØINT/RTHETA, XYPLAN,	12
			,	13
		WPTØ	10 = PØINT/RTHETA, XYPLAN,	14
			,	15
		WPTØ	12 = PØINT/RTHETA, XYPLAN,	16
			,	17
		WPTØ	14 = PØINT/RTHETA, XYPLAN,	18
			,	19
		WPTØ	16 = PØINT/RTHETA, XYPLAN,	20
			,	21
		WPTØ	18 = PØINT/RTHETA, XYPLAN,	22
			,	23
		WPTØ	20 = PØINT/RTHETA, XYPLAN,	24
			,	25

UCN-1580
(12 11-68)

Figure D-3.. R-THETA TABCYL DATA FORM FOR OUTSIDE CONTOUR.



UNION CARBIDE CORPORATION • NUCLEAR DIVISION
NUMERICAL CONTROL MANUSCRIPT

Prepared by _____ Date _____ 73-76

Checked by _____ Date _____ Page No. 77-78

1	6	7	8	LINE NO.
				72 79 80
IC	=	TABCYL/NØZ, SPLINE, \$		01
				02
		WPTI0, WPTI2, WPTI4, WPTI6, WPTI8, WPTI10, \$		03
				04
		WPTI12, WPTI14, WPTI16, WPTI18, WPTI20, WPTI22, \$		05
				06
		WPTI24, WPTI26, WPTI28, WPTI30, WPTI32, WPTI34, \$		07
				08
		WPTI36, WPTI38, WPTI40, WPTI42, WPTI44, WPTI46, \$		09
				10
		WPTI48, WPTI50, WPTI52, WPTI54, WPTI56, WPTI58, \$		11
				12
		WPTI60, WPTI62, WPTI64, WPTI66, WPTI68, WPTI70, \$		13
				14
		WPTI72, WPTI74, WPTI76, WPTI78, WPTI80, WPTI82, \$		15
				16
		WPTI84, WPTI86, WPTI88, WPTI90		17
				18
				19
				20
				21
				22
				23
				24
				25

UCN-1989
(12 11-69)

Figure D-4. TABCYL DEFINITION FORM FOR INSIDE CONTOUR..

APPENDIX E

NSPROC - SYSTEM MACRO

NSPROC generates for the CLTAPE the radial distances from the origin to both inner and outer contours at specified angles plus the normals to the curves at those angles. The call statement format is: CALL/NSPROC,WCIN =____, WNSPI =____, WCOUT =____, WNSPO =____, \$ WSTA =____, WENA =____, WDELA =____, WXX = XLARGE, WYY = YLARGE

where:

WCIN = Variable name of previously defined inner surface.

WNSPI = Variable name representing type of inner contour. (b)

WCOUT = Variable name of previously defined outer surface.

WNSPO = Variable name representing type of outer contour. (b)

WSTA = Variable name of first angle to be used for calculations.

(b) Re: WNSPI, WNSPO - The variable name representing the type of contour in this unique system macro actually sets up a subroutine which is a macro within a macro. All variables to the inner macro are preset in the general macro. Therefore, the programmer need not be concerned with the workings of the subroutines. Permissible modifiers for WNSPI and WNSPO are: NSPT, NSPLN, NSPCR, NSPCN, NSPTBI, and NSPTBO, defined as:

NSPT selects the point subroutine.

NSPLN selects the line subroutine.

NSPCR selects the circle subroutine.

NSPCN selects the quadric subroutine.

NSPTBI selects the inner TABCYL subroutine.

NSPTBO selects the outer TABCYL subroutine.

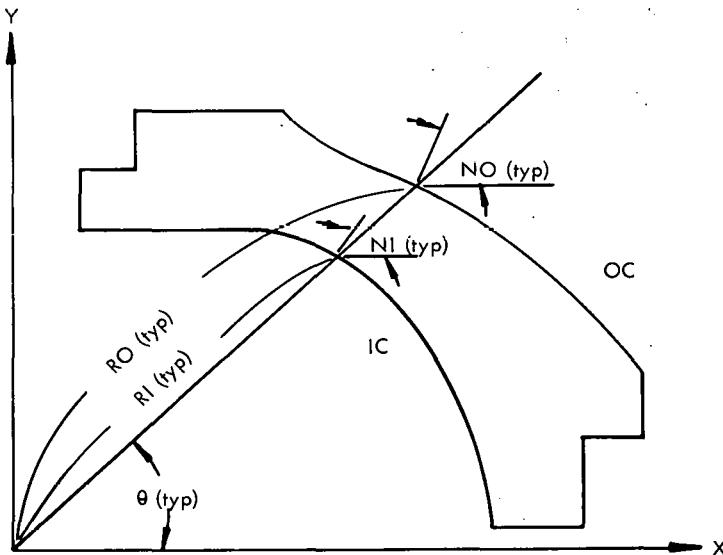
WENA = Variable name of last angle to be used for calculations.

WDELA = Variable name of angle increment to be used for calculations.

WXX = Variable name to designate type of intersection between radial line and contour up to 45 degrees. Permissible modifiers are XLARGE and XSMALL. The normal setting is XLARGE.

WYY = Variable name to designate type intersection between radial line and contour from 45 to 90 degrees. Permissible modifiers are YLARGE and YSMALL. The normal setting is YLARGE.

EXAMPLE:



CALL/NSPR0C,WCIN = IC,WNSPI = NSPCR,\$

WCOUT = OC,WNSPO = NSPCN,WSTA = 30,\$

WENA = 60,WDELA = 10

Execution of the macro by the call statement in the preceding example would output data in the form:

GOTO/θ,RI,NI,RO,NO,0

at 10-degree intervals for a part that is a surface of revolution about the Y axis and has a spherical surface on the inside and an elliptical surface on the outside within the area between 30 and 60 degrees.

The direction of inspection is optional. A negative WDELA angle will inspect from pole to equator. A new call statement is required each time either contour changes types.

The listing of NSPR0C is as follows:

TAPENO ROCOGA REPORT LIST	WRH	
## ROCOGA SYSTEM MACROS		00000010
NSPLN #MACRO/WC.WR.WN .WX.WY .WTHT		00000060
WR#LNTHF((VECTOR/(POINT/0.0).{POINT/\$		00000070
INTOF.(LINE/(POINT/0.0).ATANGL.\$		00000080
WTHT).WC))")		00000090
WN#ANGLF((LINE/(POINT/INTOF.\$		00000100
(LINE/(POINT/0.0).ATANGL.WTHT).WC).PERPTO.WC))		00000110
TERMAC		00000120
NSPCR #MACRO/WC.WR.WN .WX.WY .WTHT		00000130
IF(WTHT-45)WCR1.WCR1.WCR2		03000140
WCR1) WR#LNTHF((VECTOR/(POINT/0.0).\$		00000150
(POINT/WX.INTOF.(LINE/\$		00000160
(POINT/0.0).ATANGL.WTHT).WC)))		00000170
WN#ANGLF((LINE/(POINT/CENTER.\$		00000180
WC).(POINT/WX.INTOF.(LINE/\$		00000190
(POINT/0.0).ATANGL.WTHT).WC)))		00000200
JUMPTO/WCR3		00000210
WCR2) WR#LNTHF((VECTOR/(POINT/0.0).\$		00000220
(POINT/WY.INTOF.(LINE/\$		00000230
(POINT/0.0).ATANGL.WTHT).WC)))		00000240
WN#ANGLF((LINE/(POINT/CENTER.\$		00000250
WC).(POINT/WY.INTOF.(LINE/\$		00000260
(POINT/0.0).ATANGL.WTHT).WC)))		00000270
WCR3) IF(WN)WCR7.WCR7.WCR4		00000280
WCR4) IF(WN-180)WCR6A.WCR5.WCR7		00000292
WCR6A) IF(WN-100)WCR7.WCR7.WCR6		03000294
WCR5) WN#0		00000300
JUMPTO/WCR7		00000310
WCR6) WN#WN-180		00000320
WCR7) CLPRNT		00000330
TERMAC		00000340
NSPCN #MACRO/WC.WR.WN.WX.WY .WTHT		00000350
IF(WTHT-45)WCN1.WCN1.WCN2		00000360
WCN1) WR#LNTHF((VECTOR/(POINT/0.0).\$		03000370
(POINT/WX.INTOF.(LINE/\$		00000380
(POINT/0.0).ATANGL.WTHT).WC)))		00000390
OBTAIN.POINT/(POINT/WX.\$		00000400
INTOF.(LINE/(POINT/0.0).ATANGL.\$		00000410
WTHT).WC).WX1.WY1		00000420
JUMPTO/WCN3		00000430
WCN2) WR#LNTHF((VECTOR/(POINT/0.0).\$		00000440
(POINT/WY.INTOF.(LINE/\$		00000450
(POINT/0.0).ATANGL.WTHT).WC)))		00000460
OBTAIN.POINT/(POINT/WY.\$		00000470
INTOF.(LINE/(POINT/0.0).ATANGL.\$		00000480
WTHT).WC).WX1.WY1		00000490
WCN3) OBTAIN.QADRIC/WC.WA.WB..WD...WH.WP.WQ.		00000500
WN#ATANF((WB*WY1+(2*WH)*WX1+(\$		00000510
2*WQ))/ (WA*WX1+(2*WH)*WY1+(\$		00000520
2*WP)))		03000530
IF(WTHT-45)WCN4.WCN4.WCN6		00000540
WCN4) IF(WN)WCN9.WCN5.WCN9		00000550
WCN5) WN#0		00000560
JUMPTO/WCN9		00000570
WCN6) IF(WN)WCN8.WCN7.WCN9		00000580
WCN7) WN#0		00000590
JUMPTO/WCN9		00000600

WCN8)	WN#180+WN	00000610
WCN9)	CLPRNT	00000620
	TERMAC	00000630
NSPTB0#MACRO/WC.WR.WN.WX.WY .WTHT		00000640
WPT#POINT/CANON.0.0.0		00000641
OBTAIN.POINT/WPT084.WX084.WY084		00000642
OBTAIN.POINT/WPT072.WX072.WY072		00000643
OBTAIN.POINT/WPT060.WX060.WY060		00000644
OBTAIN.POINT/WPT048.WX048.WY048		00000645
OBTAIN.POINT/WPT036.WX036.WY036		00000646
OBTAIN.POINT/WPT024.WX024.WY024		00000647
OBTAIN.POINT/WPT012.WX012.WY012		00000648
OBTAIN.POINT/WPT00.WX00.WY00		00000649
IF((ANGLF((VECTOR/WPO,WPT078)))=WTHT)WT01.WT02.WT02		00000650
WT01)	WPT#POINT/WPT.CANON.WX084.WY084	00000660
	JUMPTO/WT016	00000670
WT02)	IF((ANGLF((VECTOR/WPO,WPT066)))=WTHT)WT03.WT04.WT04	00000680
WT03)	WPT#POINT/WPT.CANON.WX072.WY072	00000690
	JUMPTO/WT016	00000700
WT04)	IF((ANGLF((VECTOR/WPO,WPT054)))=WTHT)WT05.WT06.WT06	00000710
WT05)	WPT#POINT/WPT.CANON.WX060.WY060	00000720
	JUMPTO/WT016	00000730
WT06)	IF((ANGLF((VECTOR/WPO,WPT042)))=WTHT)WT07.WT08.WT08	00000740
WT07)	WPT#POINT/WPT.CANON.WX048.WY048	00000750
	JUMPTO/WT016	00000760
WT08)	IF((ANGLF((VECTOR/WPO,WPT030)))=WTHT)WT09.WT010.WT010	00000770
WT09)	WPT#POINT/WPT.CANON.WX036.WY036	00000780
	JUMPTO/WT016	00000790
WT010)	IF((ANGLF((VECTOR/WPO,WPT018)))=WTHT)WT011.WT012.WT012	00000800
WT011)	WPT#POINT/WPT.CANON.WX024.WY024	00000810
	JUMPTO/WT016	00000820
WT012)	IF((ANGLF((VECTOR/WPO,WPT06)))=WTHT)WT013.WT014.WT014	00000830
WT013)	WPT#POINT/WPT.CANON.WX012.WY012	00000840
	JUMPTO/WT016	00000850
WT014)	WPT#POINT/WPT.CANON.WX00.WY00	00000860
WT016)	WR#LNTHF((VECTOR/(POINT/0.0).(POINT/\$ INTOF.(LINE/(POINT/0.0).ATANGL.\$ WTHT).WC .WPT)))	00000870
	WN#ANGLF((LINE/(POINT/INTOF.\$ (LINE/(POINT/0.0).ATANGL.WTHT).\$ WC.WPT).PERPTO.WC.WPT))	00000880
	TERMAC	00000890
NSPTB1#MACRO/WC.WR.WN.WX.WY .WTHT		00000900
WPT#POINT/CANON.0.0.0		00000910
OBTAIN.POINT/WPT184.WX184.WY184		00000920
OBTAIN.POINT/WPT172.WX172.WY172		00000930
OBTAIN.POINT/WPT160.WX160.WY160		00000940
OBTAIN.POINT/WPT148.WX148.WY148		00000941
OBTAIN.POINT/WPT136.WX136.WY136		00000942
OBTAIN.POINT/WPT124.WX124.WY124		00000943
OBTAIN.POINT/WPT112.WX112.WY112		00000944
OBTAIN.POINT/WPT10.WX10.WY10		00000945
IF((ANGLF((VECTOR/WPO,WPT178)))=WTHT)WT11.WT12.WT12		00000946
WT11)	WPT#POINT/WPT.CANON.WX184.WY184	00000950
	JUMPTO/WT116	00000960
WT12)	IF((ANGLF((VECTOR/WPO,WPT166)))=WTHT)WT13.WT14.WT14	00000970
WT13)	WPT#POINT/WPT.CANON.WX172.WY172	00000980
	JUMPTO/WT116	00000990
WT14)	IF((ANGLF((VECTOR/WPO,WPT154)))=WTHT)WT15.WT16.WT16	00001000
WT15)	WPT#POINT/WPT.CANON.WX160.WY160	00001010
	JUMPTO/WT116	00001020
WT16)	IF((ANGLF((VECTOR/WPO,WPT142)))=WTHT)WT17.WT18.WT18	00001030
WT17)	WPT#POINT/WPT.CANON.WX148.WY148	00001040
	JUMPTO/WT116	00001050
WT18)	IF((ANGLF((VECTOR/WPO,WPT130)))=WTHT)WT19.WT110.WT110	00001060
WT19)	WPT#POINT/WPT.CANON.WX136.WY136	00001070
	JUMPTO/WT116	00001080
WT110)	IF((ANGLF((VECTOR/WPO,WPT118)))=WTHT)WT111.WT112.WT112	00001090
WT111)	WPT#POINT/WPT.CANON.WX124.WY124	00001100
	JUMPTO/WT116	00001110
		00001120

WTI12)	IF((ANGLF((VECTOR/WPO,WPTI6)))-WTHT)WTI13,WTI14,WTI14	00001130
WTI13)	WPT#POINT/WPT,CANON,WXI12,WYI12	00001140
	JUMPTO/WTI16	00001150
WTI14)	WPT#POINT/WPT,CANON,WX10,WY10	00001160
WTI16)	WR#LNTHF((VECTOR/(POINT/0.0),(POINT/\$ INTOF.(LINE/(POINT/0.0),ATANGL,\$ WTHT).WC,WPT)) WN#ANGLF((LINE/(POINT/INTOF,\$ (LINE/(POINT/0.0),ATANGL,WTHT),\$ WC,WPT),PERPTO,WC,WPT))	00001170 00001180 00001190 00001200 00001210 00001220
	TERMAC	00001230
NSPROC#MACRO/WCIN,WNSPI,Wcout,WNSPO,WSTA,\$ WENA,WDELA,WXX#XLARGE,WYY#YLARGE WTHTM#WSTA		00001240 00001250 00001260
WRC1)	CALL/WNSPO,WC#WCOUT,WR#WRO,WN#WNO,\$ WX#WXX,WY#WYY,WTHT#WTHTM	00001270
	CALL/WNSPI,WC#WCIN,WR#WRI,WN#WNI,\$ WX#WXX,WY#WYY,WTHT#WTHTM	00001280 00001290
	GOTO/WTHTM,WRI,WNI,WRO,WNO,0	00001300
	WTHTM#WTHTM+WDELA	00001310
	IF(WENA-WSTA)WRC3,WRC4,WRC2	00001320
WRC2)	IF(WENA-WTHTM)WRC4,WRC1,WRC1	00001330
WRC3)	IF(WTHTM-WENA)WRC4,WRC1,WRC1	00001340
WRC4)	CLPRNT	00001350
	TERMAC	00001360
		00001370