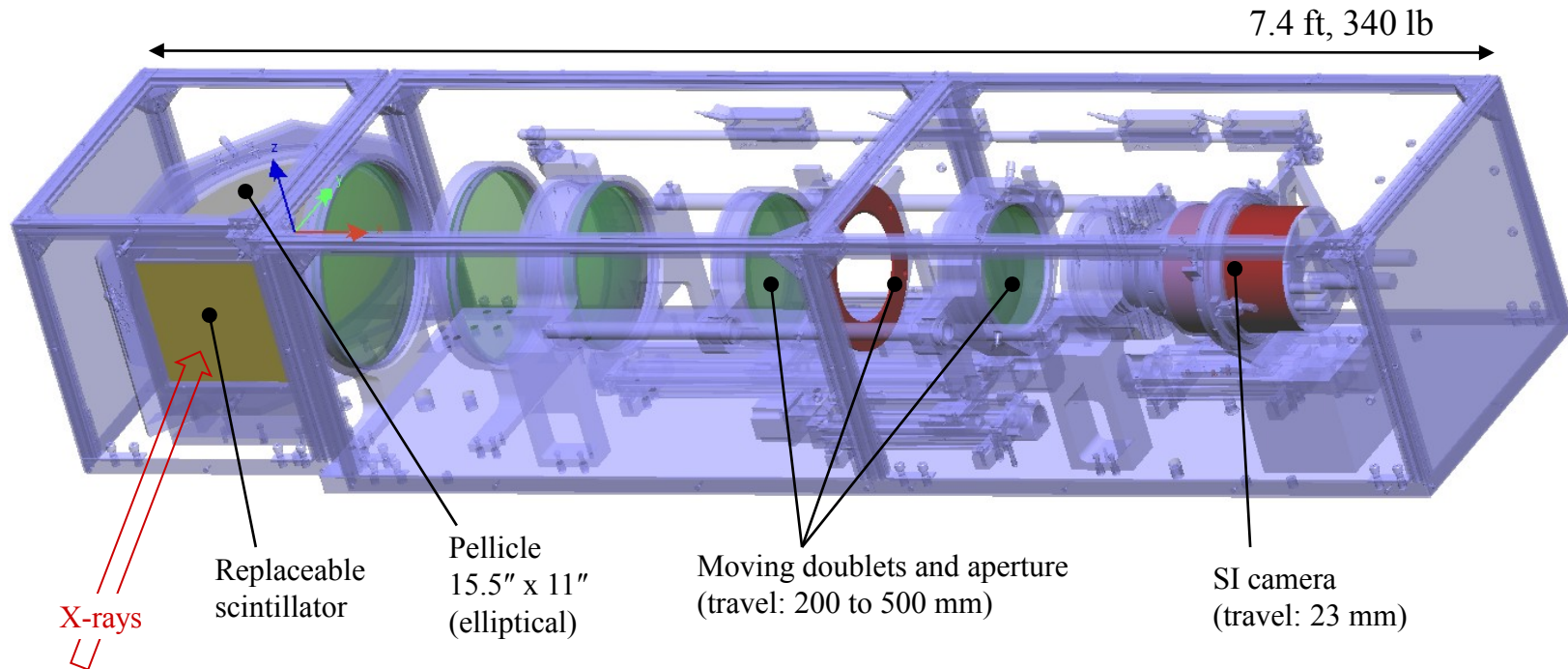


# Design, assembly, and testing of a telecentric zoom lens for the Cygnus x-ray source

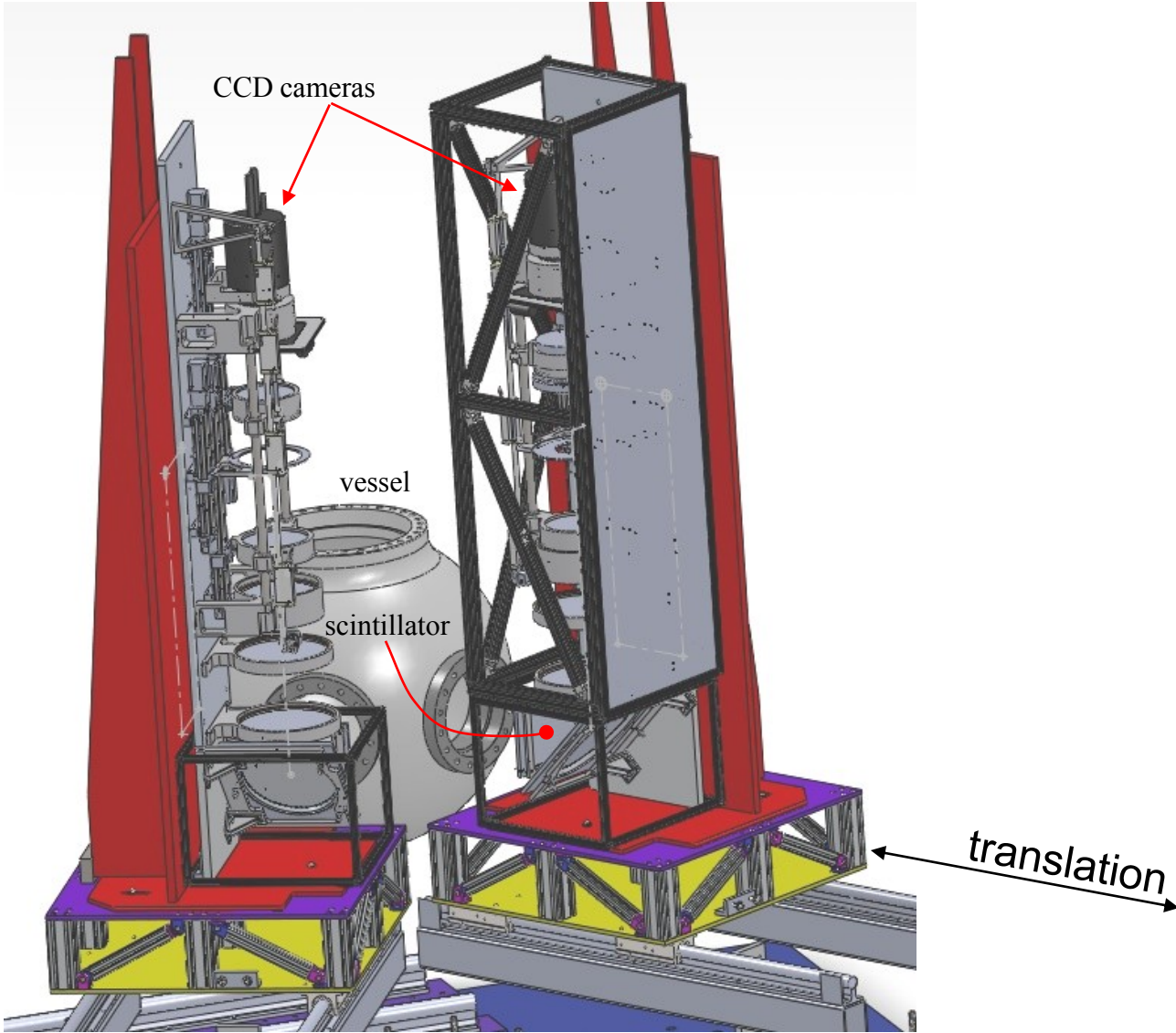
**Robert M. Malone**, Stuart A. Baker, Kristina K. Brown, Alden H. Curtis, David L. Esquibel, Daniel K. Frayer, Brent C. Frogget, James R. Garten, Russell A. Howe, Joe A. Huerta, Morris I. Kaufman, Stephen S. Lutz, Kevin D. McGillivray, Andrew S. Smith  
*National Security Technologies, LLC*

Michael R. Furlanetto, Todd J. Haines, Nicholas S. P. King  
*Los Alamos National Laboratory*



This work was done by National Security Technologies, LLC, under Contract No. DE-AC52-06NA25946 with the U.S. Department of Energy.

Our goal is to collect x-ray images of different sized targets, which are positioned inside a containment vessel, onto different sized CCD cameras.



# Cygnus telecentric zoom lens, position #1

X-rays

Elliptical pellicle

5 mm thick LYSO scintillator,  
200 x 200 mm square

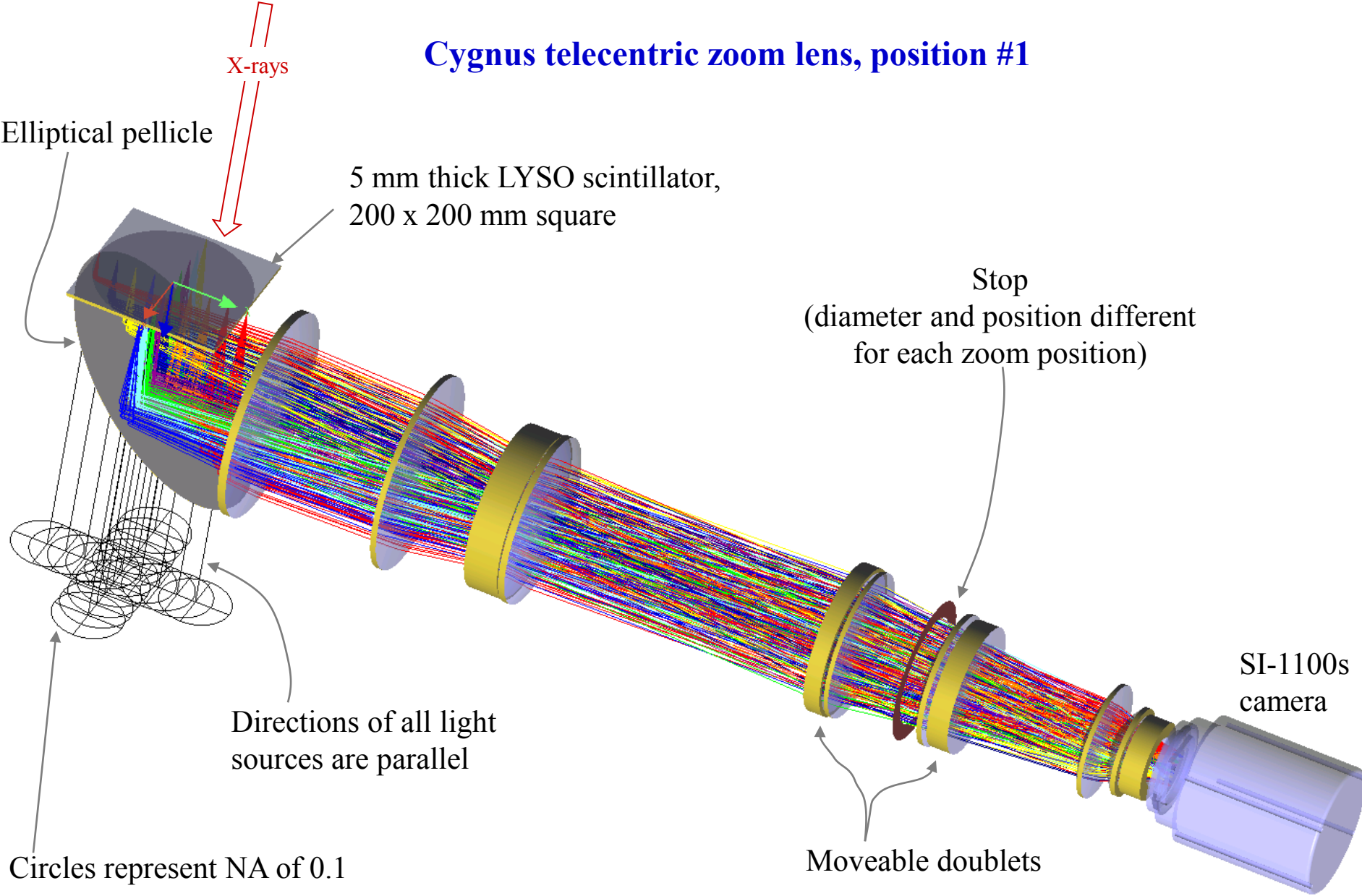
Stop  
(diameter and position different  
for each zoom position)

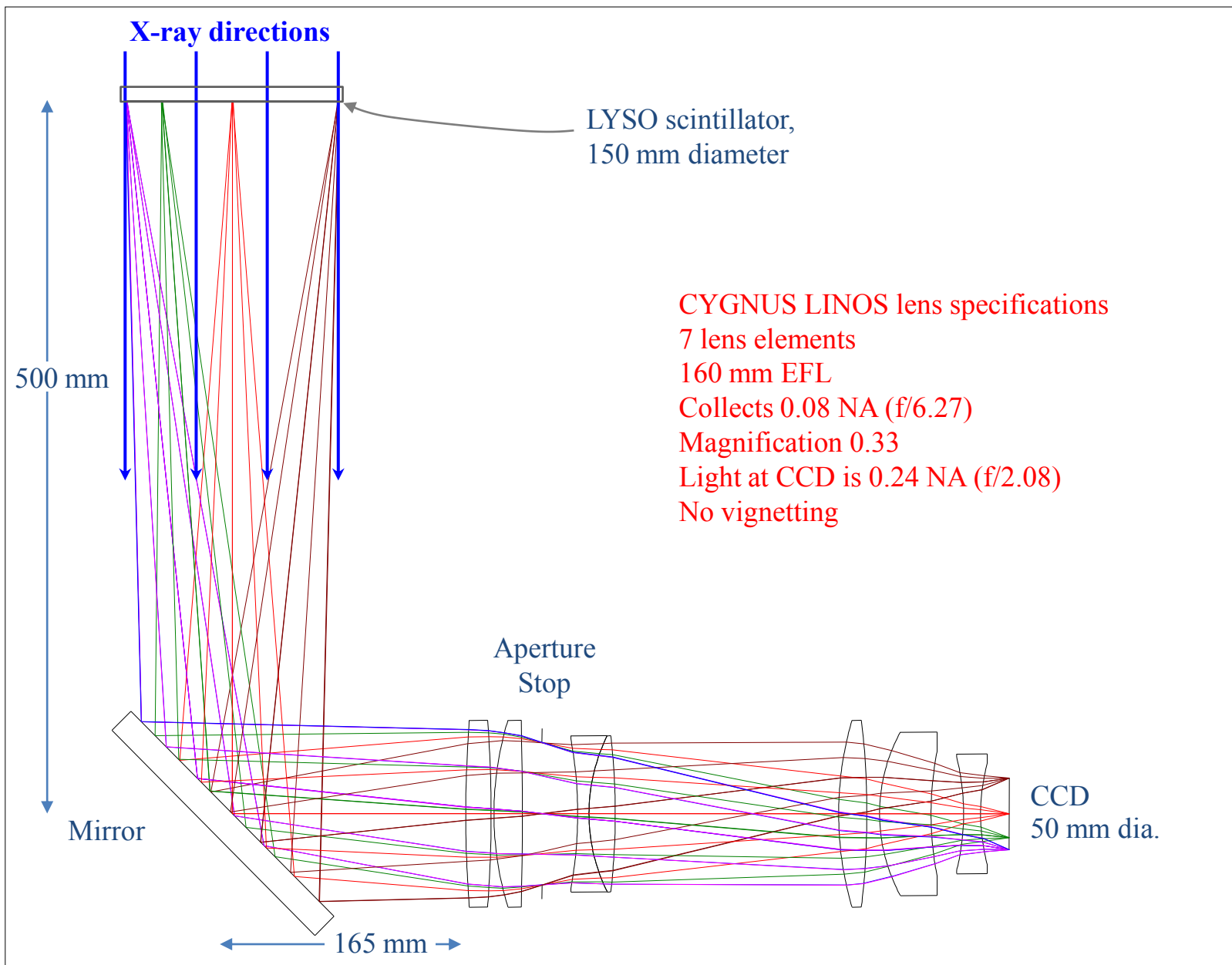
Directions of all light  
sources are parallel

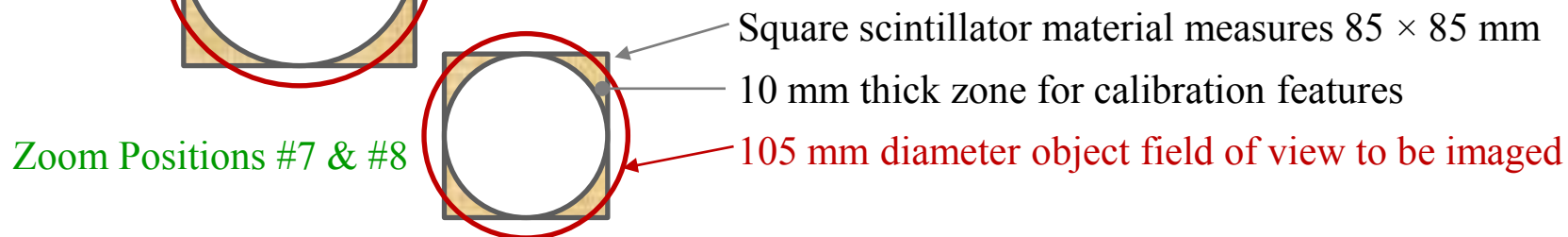
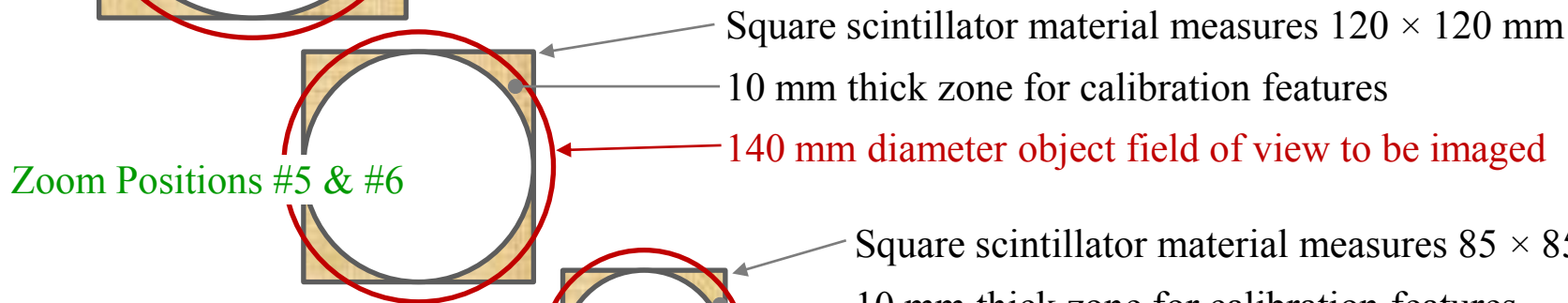
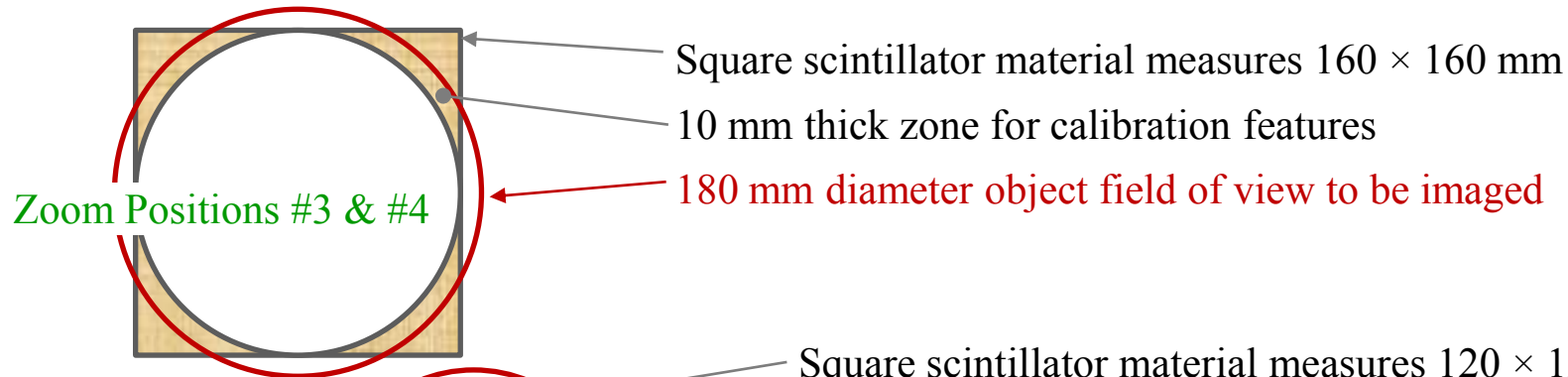
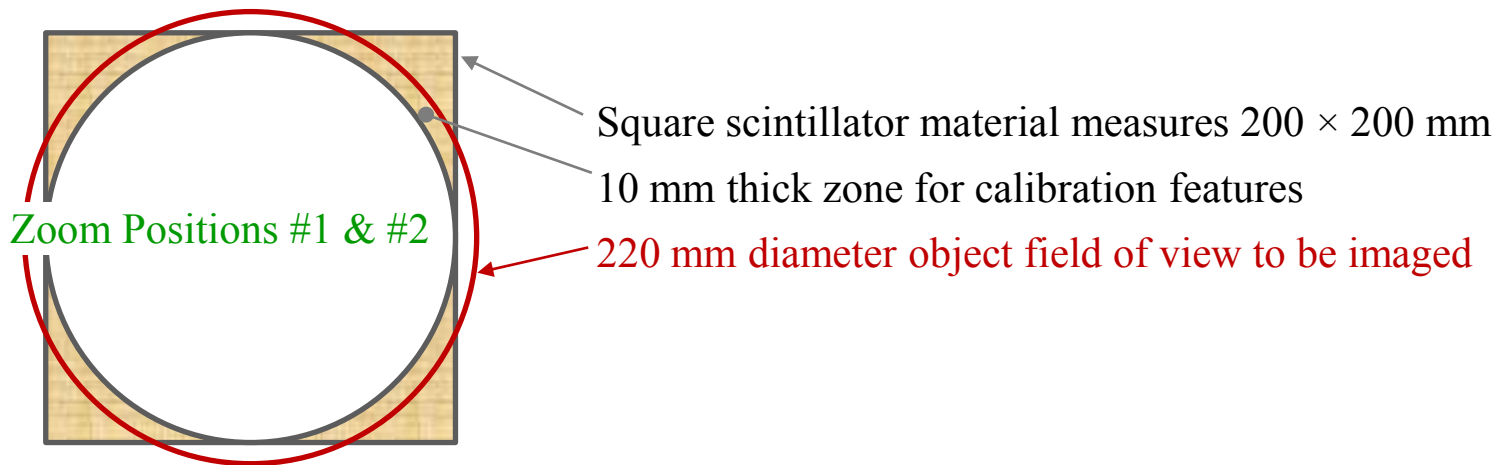
Circles represent NA of 0.1

Moveable doublets

SI-1100s  
camera







X-rays

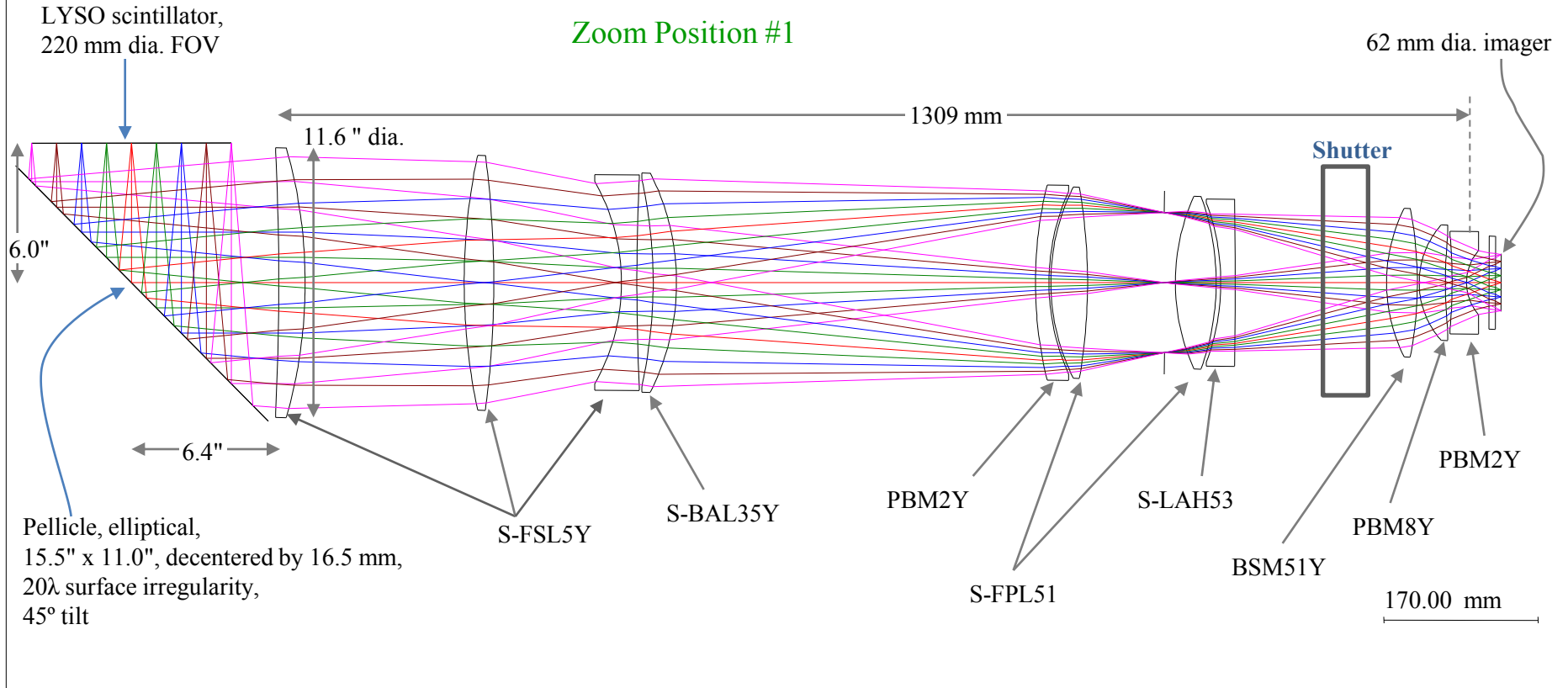
## CYGNUS telecentric zoom lens specifications

11 lens elements

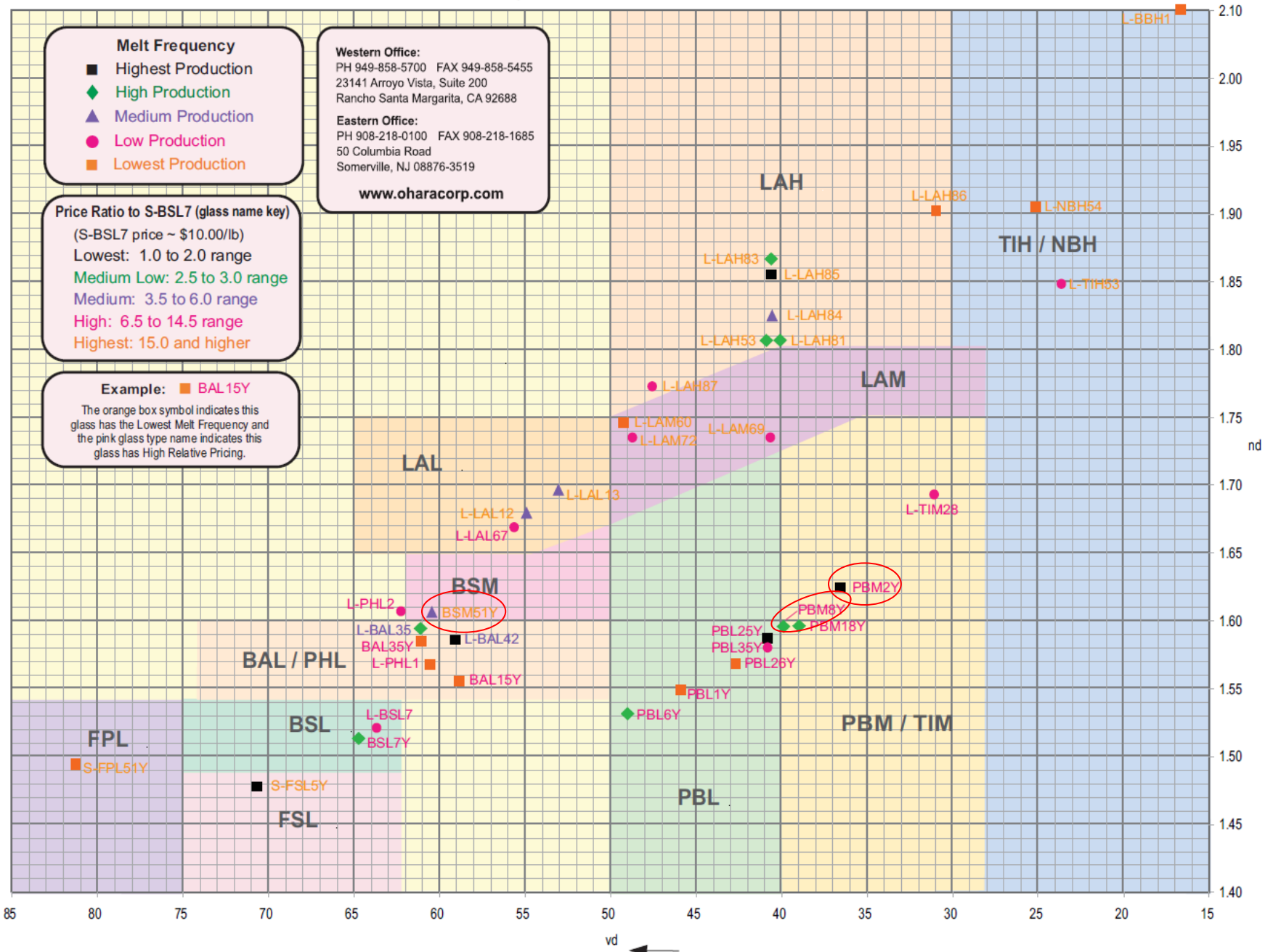
Collects 0.10 NA (f/5.0), 1.56X more light than the LINOS lens

Magnification 0.285

Light at CCD is 0.349 NA (f/1.43)



# L-Type and i-Line Glass Chart







Element 6, S-FPL51, 208 mm by 40 mm, broke during AR coating runs, 4 times!

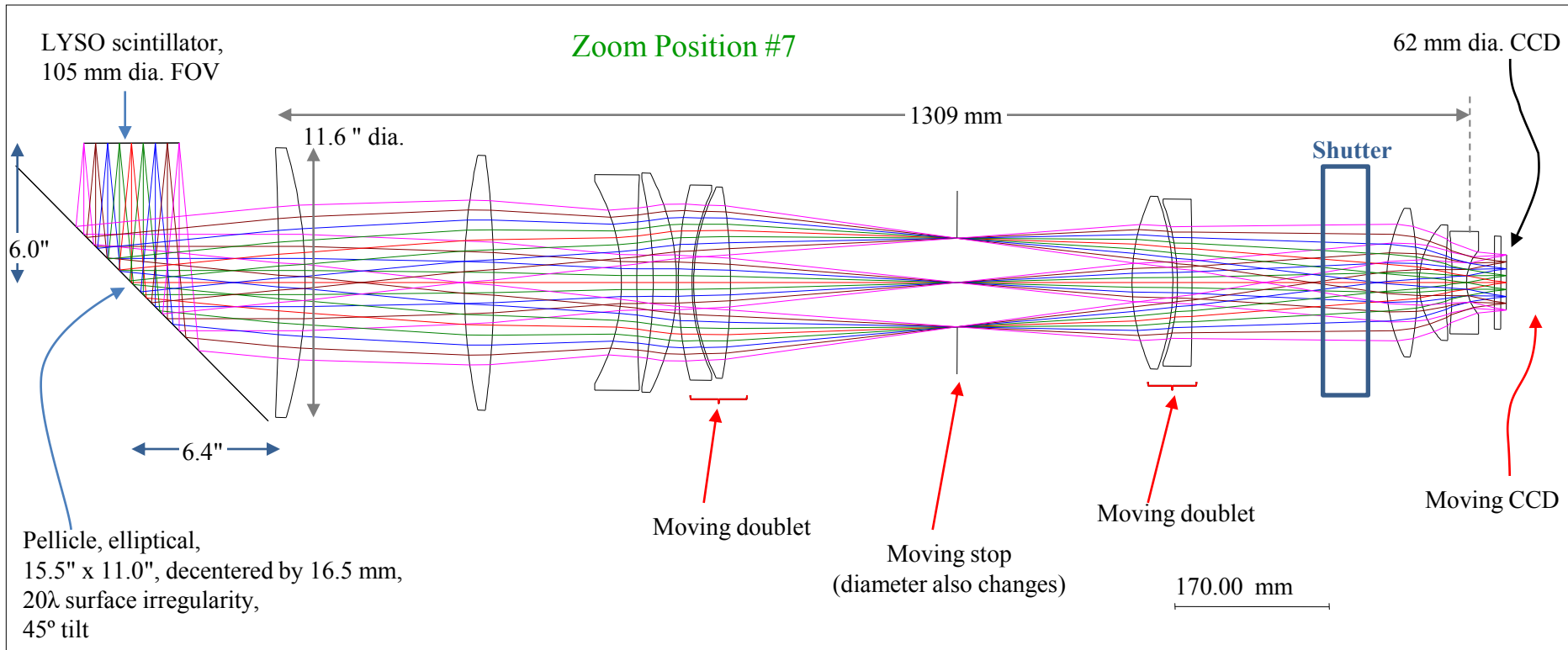
25%  $P_2O_5$   
15%  $AlF_3$   
25%  $SrF_2$   
15%  $BaF_2$   
15%  $CaF_2$   
15%  $SrO$   
     $BaO$   
     $Al_2O_3$   
     $MgF_2$

no  $SiO_2$  !?!

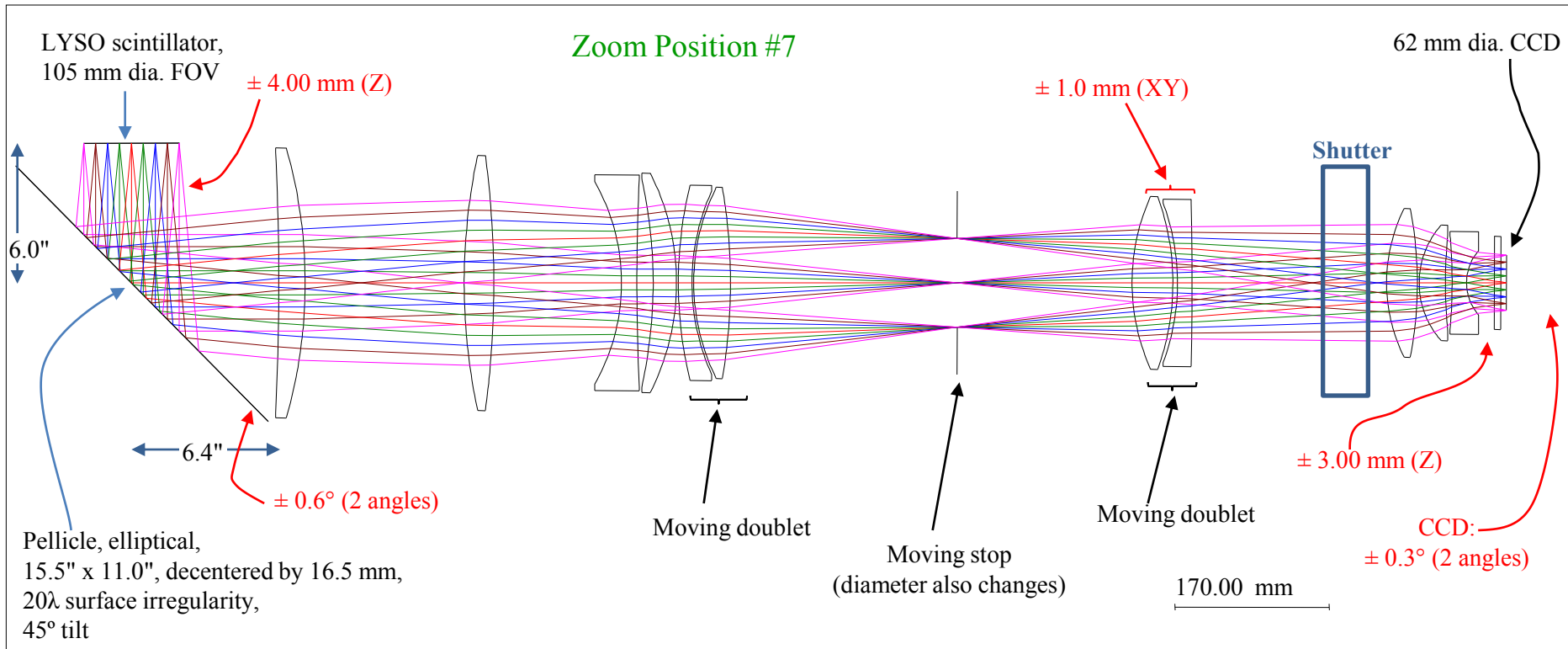
Latest recommendation  
is to cool  $4^\circ C / hr$ , from  
 $350^\circ C$  down to  $80^\circ C$ .

SN 06-02 #2.JPG, 5/12/12

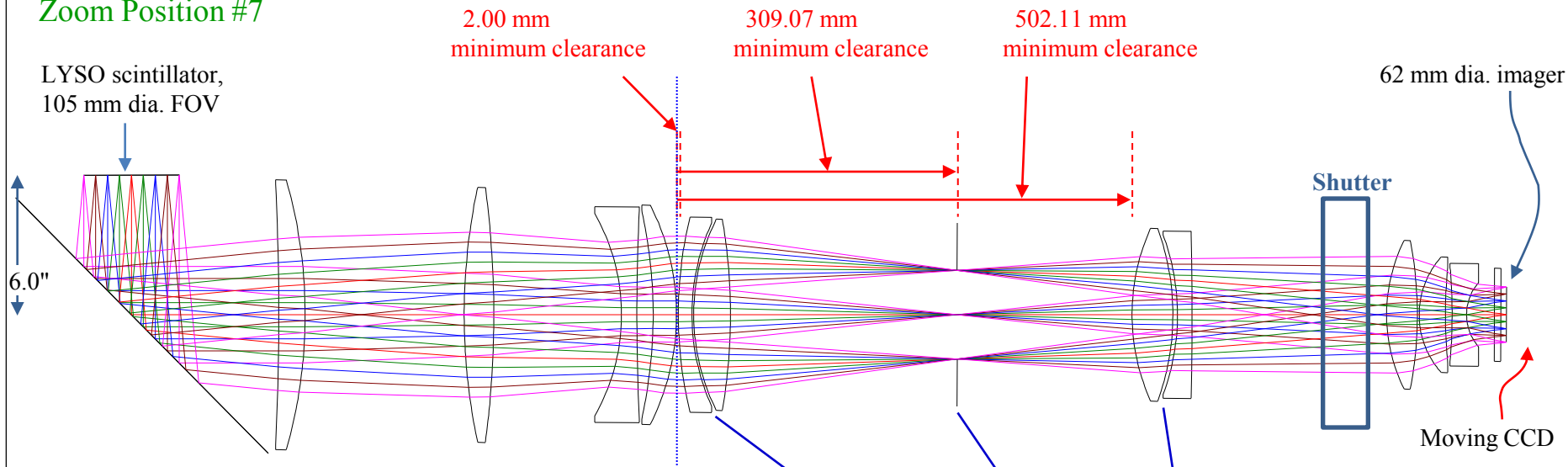
X-rays



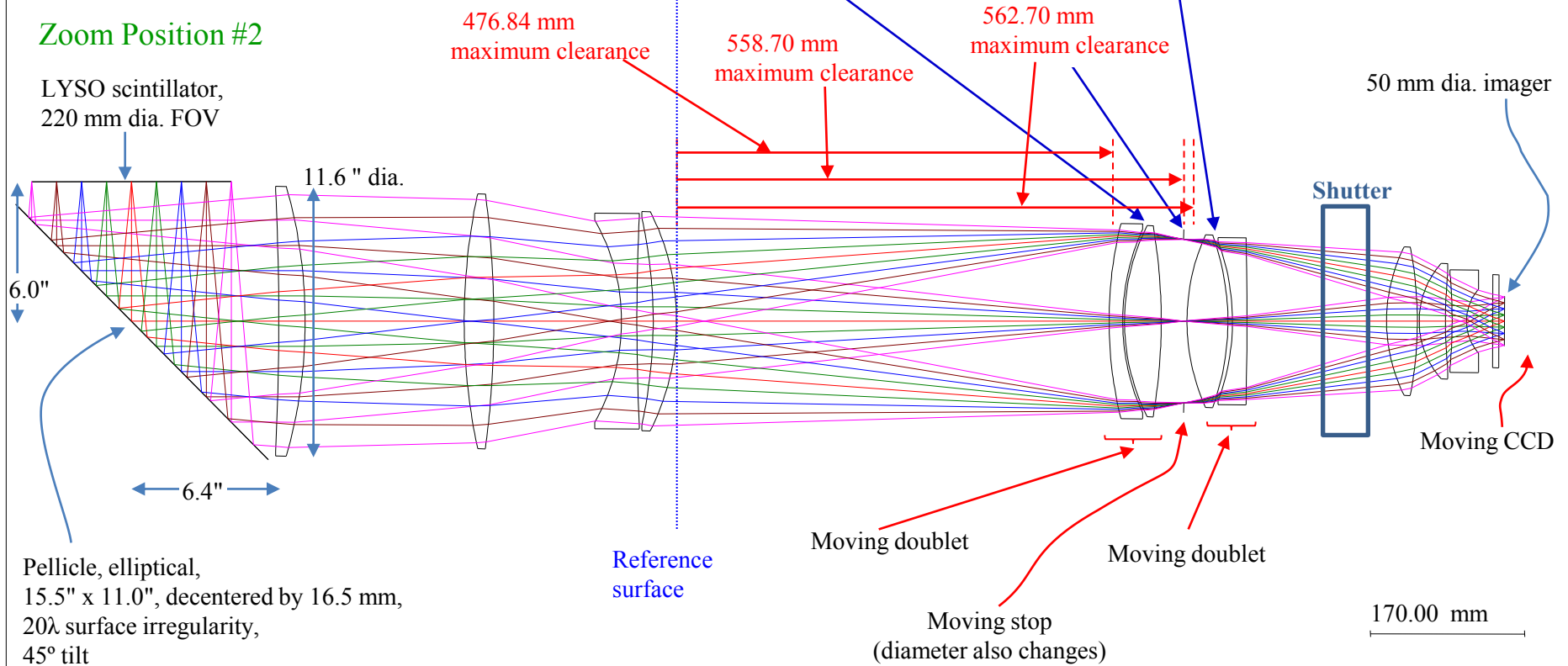
X-rays



### Zoom Position #7



### Zoom Position #2



CYGNUS\_zoom\_lens\_V30  
.len

DIFFRACTION MTF

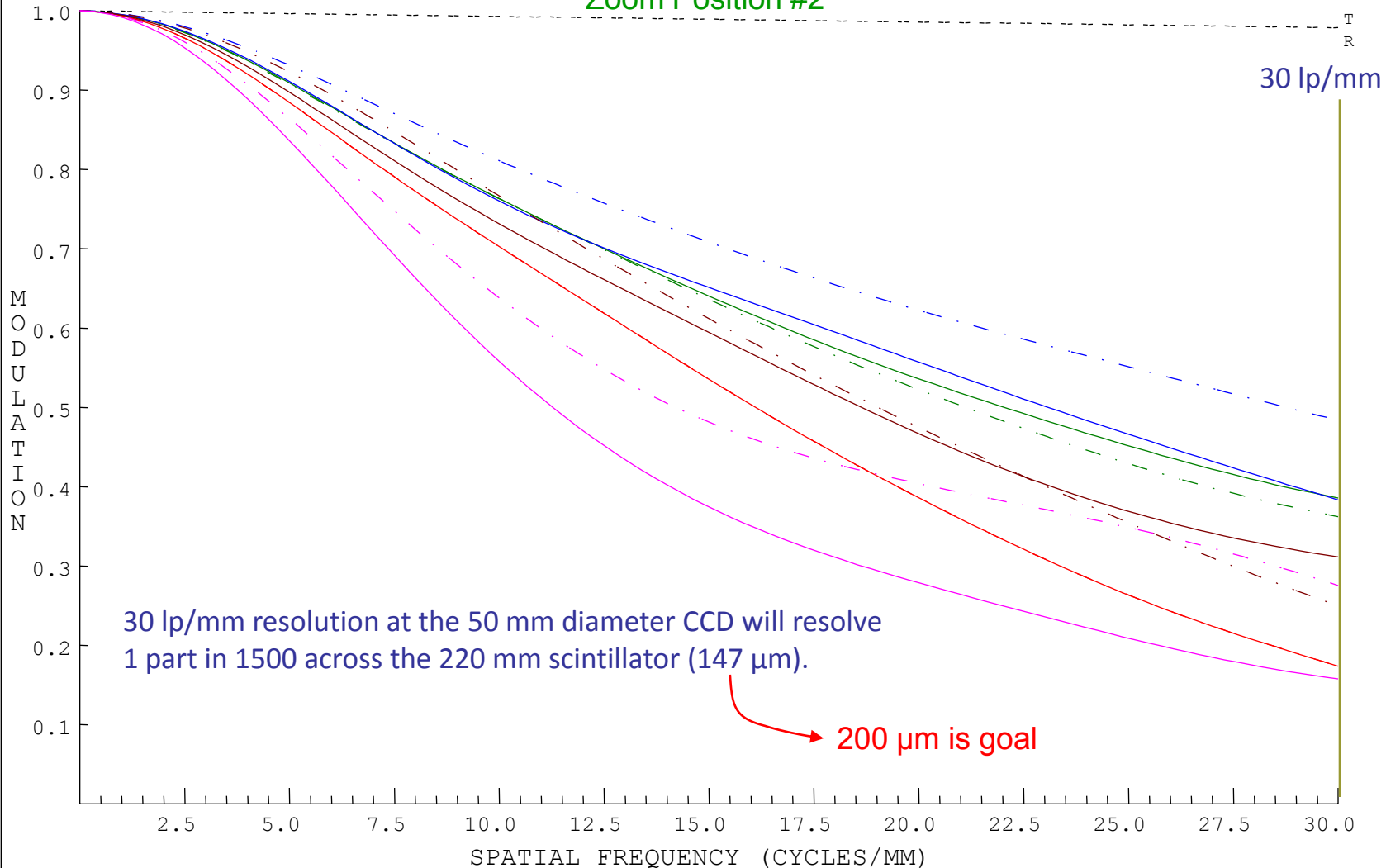
RMM POSITION 2 15-Jul-12

DIFFRACTION LIMIT	
0.00 mm @ object	T <sub>R</sub>
27.50 mm @ object	T <sub>R</sub>
55.00 mm @ object	T <sub>R</sub>
82.50 mm @ object	T <sub>R</sub>
110.00 mm @ object	T <sub>R</sub>

WAVELENGTH	WEIGHT
550.0 nm	7
520.0 nm	14
490.0 nm	26
470.0 nm	46
450.0 nm	75
435.0 nm	100
420.0 nm	83
400.0 nm	20
380.0 nm	0

Zoom Position #2

DEFOCUSING 0.00000



CYGNUS\_zoom\_lens\_V30  
.len

DIFFRACTION MTF

RMM

POSITION 7

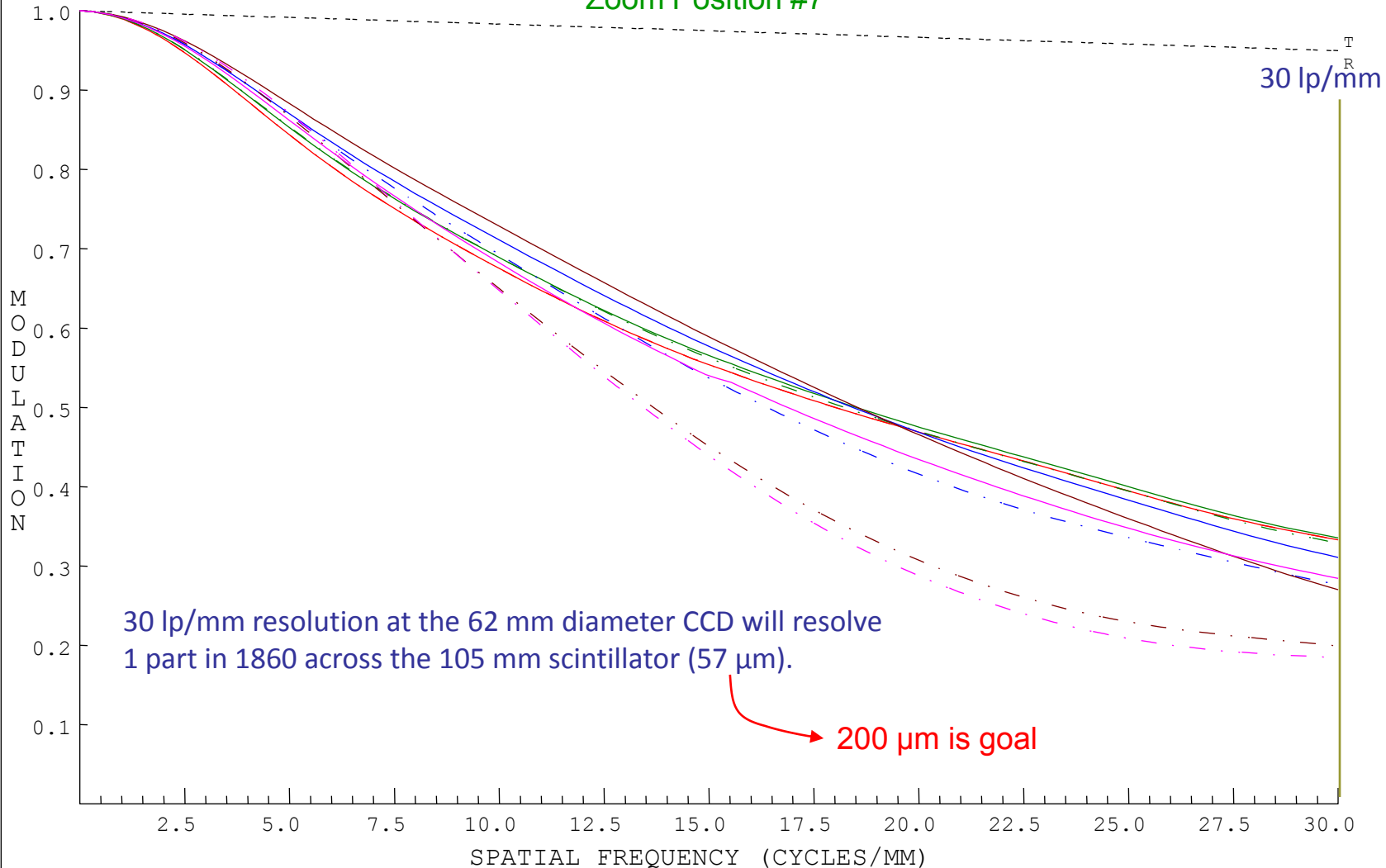
15-Jul-12

DIFFRACTION LIMIT	
-----	T <sub>R</sub> 0.00 mm @ object
-----	T <sub>R</sub> 13.13 mm @ object
-----	T <sub>R</sub> 26.25 mm @ object
-----	T <sub>R</sub> 39.38 mm @ object
-----	T <sub>R</sub> 52.50 mm @ object

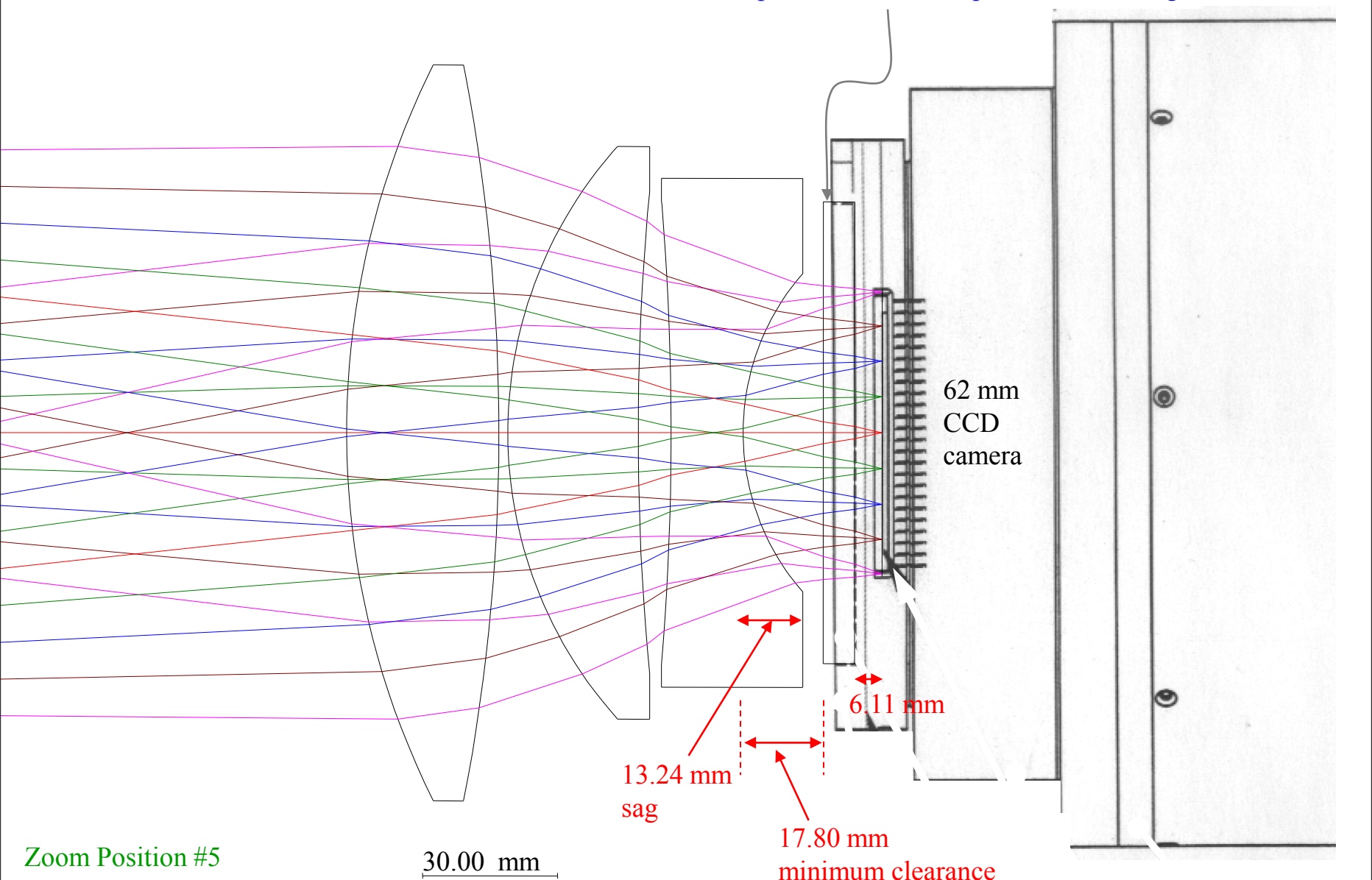
WAVELENGTH	WEIGHT
550.0 nm	7
520.0 nm	14
490.0 nm	26
470.0 nm	46
450.0 nm	75
435.0 nm	100
420.0 nm	83
400.0 nm	20
380.0 nm	0

Zoom Position #7

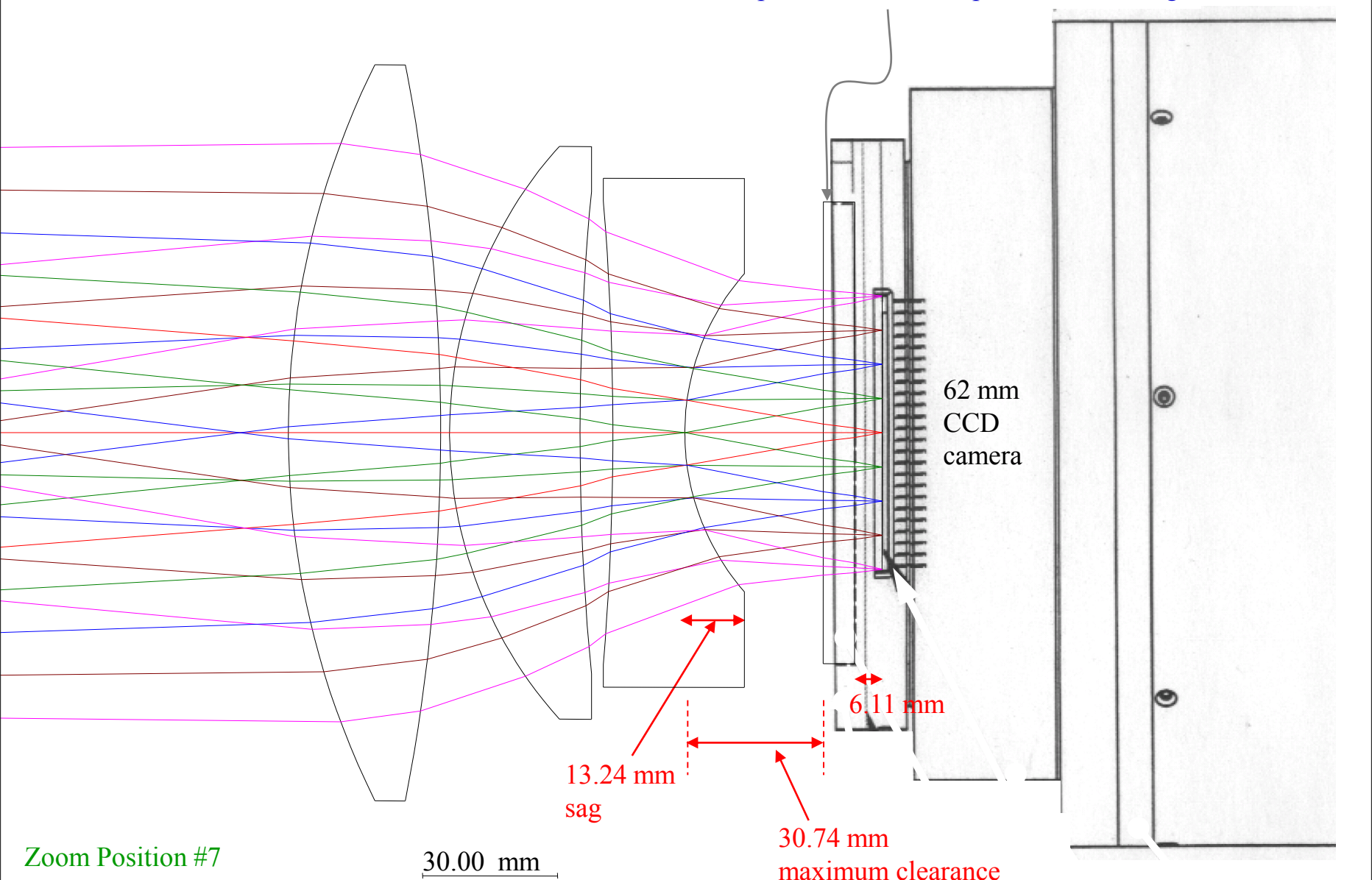
DEFOCUSING 0.00000



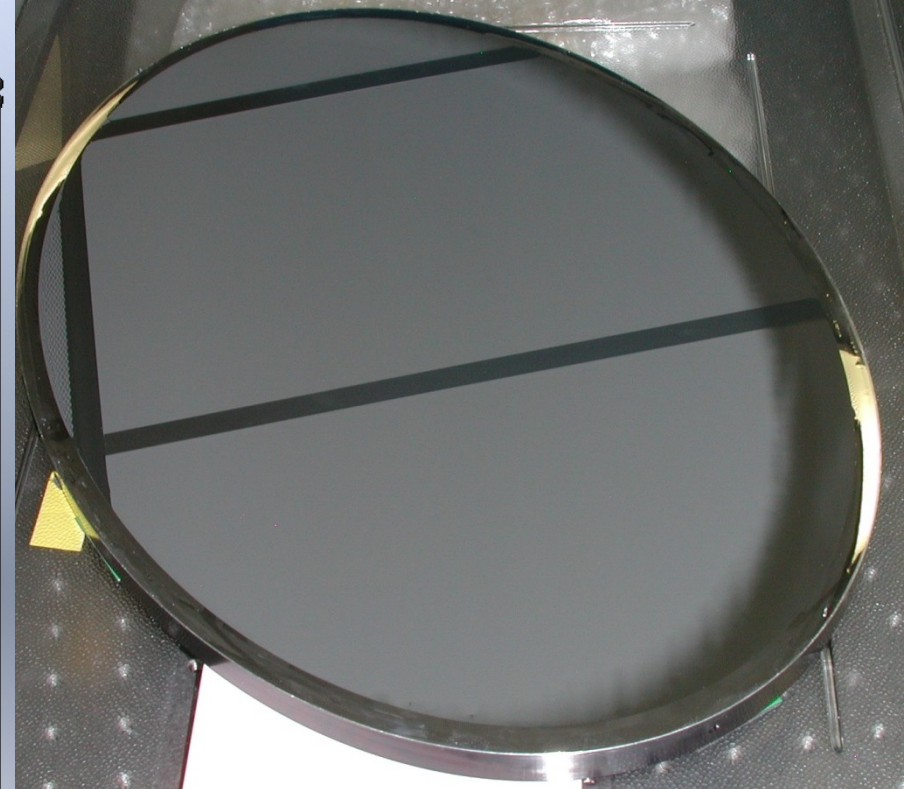
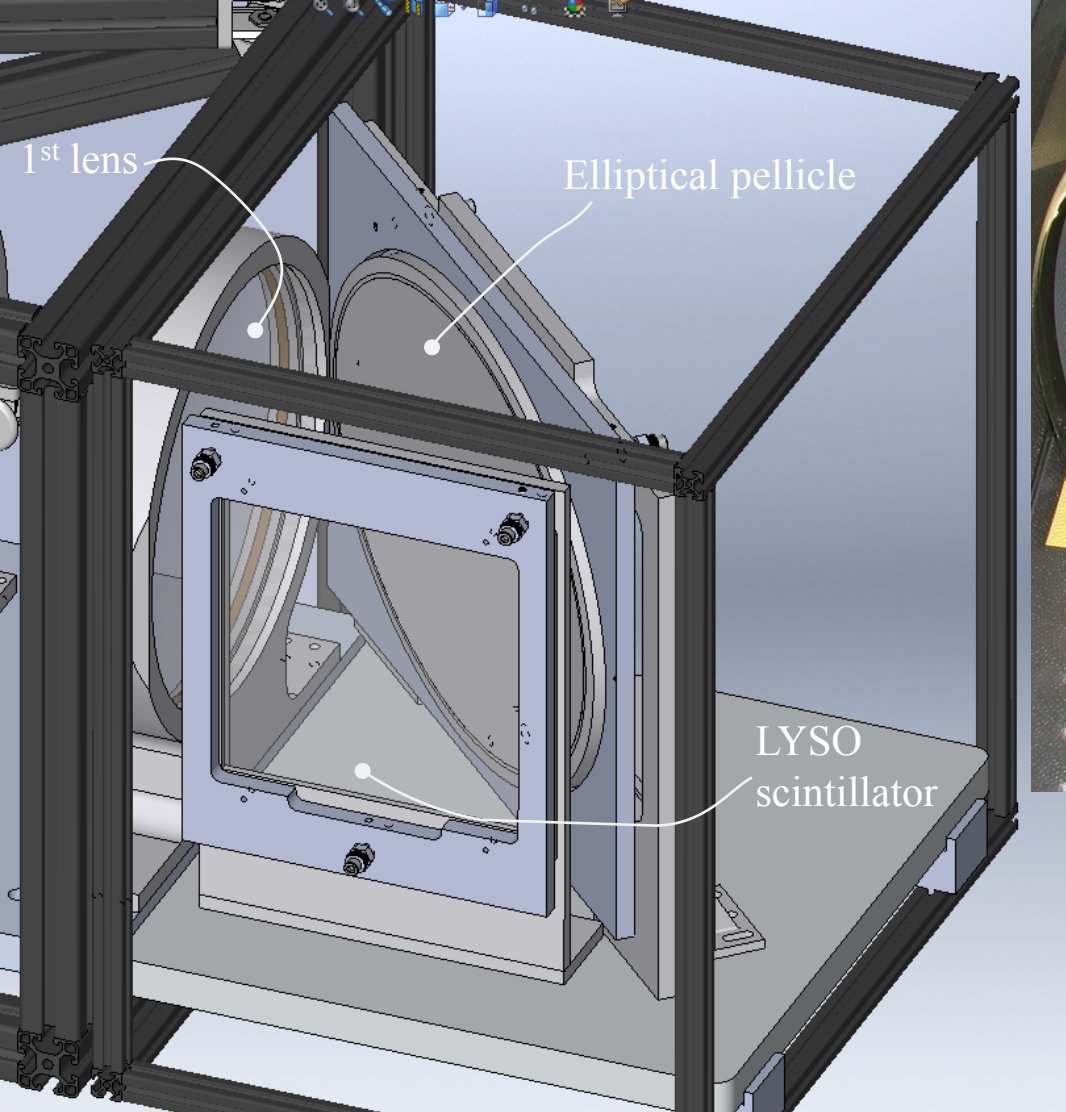
7 mm thick window protrudes 2.25 mm past metal housing



7 mm thick window protrudes 2.25 mm past metal housing

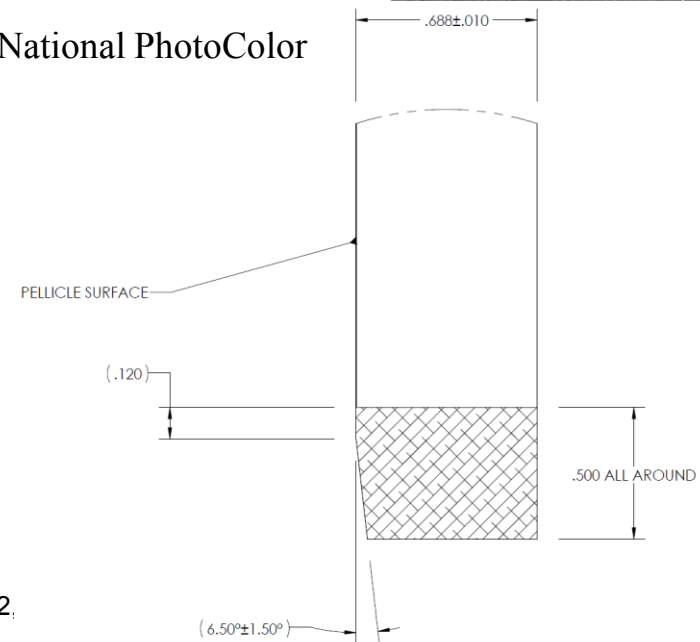






Pellicle, elliptical,  
 15.5" x 11.0", decentered by 16.5 mm,  
 20λ surface irregularity,  
 45° tilt

National PhotoColor

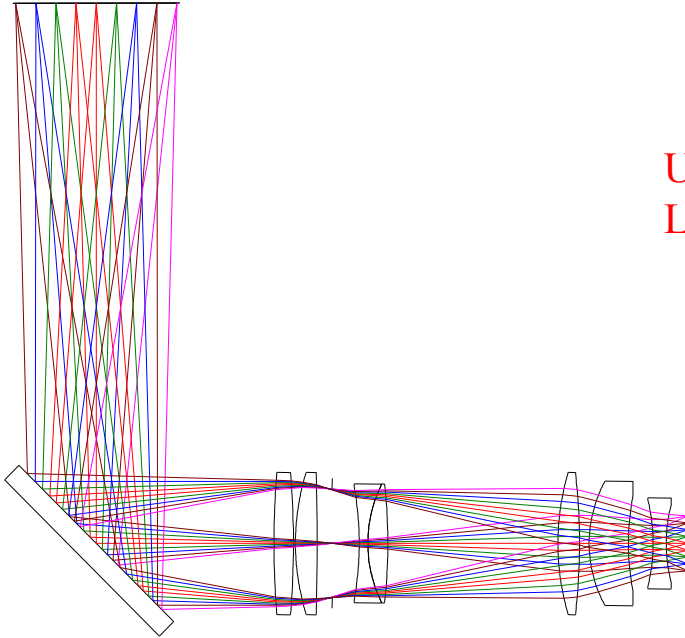


SUR	RADIUS	RADIUS TOL	FRINGES POW/IRR	THICKNESS	THICKNESS TOL	GLASS	INDEX TOL	V-NO (%)	
0				0.00000					
1				0.00000					
2	INF	0.1000	20.0/ 5.00	0.00000	0.10000	SILICA	0.00500	0.80	<b>Scintillator</b>
3	INF	0.1000	20.0/ 5.00	152.40000	0.10000				
4	INF		<b>30.0/15.00</b>	0.00000	0.10000	REFL			<b>Pellicle</b>
5				-152.40000					
6				-10.00000					
7	2887.70000	0.1000	20.0/ 5.00	-29.00000	<b>2.00000</b>	SFSL5Y	0.00500	0.80	<b>Lens 1</b>
8	530.00000	0.1000	20.0/ 5.00	-175.33484	2.00000				
9	-658.16000	0.1000	20.0/ 5.00	-32.53600	<b>2.00000</b>	SFSL5Y	0.00300	0.80	<b>Lens 2</b>
10	1060.10000	0.1000	20.0/ 5.00	-140.82159	2.00000				
11	220.51000	0.1000	20.0/ 5.00	-17.00000	<b>2.00000</b>	SFSL5Y	0.00100	0.50	<b>Lens 3</b>
12	-2442.20000	0.1000	20.0/ 5.00	-17.82853	2.00000				
13	522.15000	0.1000	20.0/ 5.00	-25.84599	<b>2.00000</b>	BAL35Y	0.00350	0.50	<b>Lens 4</b>
14	261.31000	0.1000	20.0/ 5.00	-395.57153	2.00000				
15	-443.60000	0.1000	14.0/ 3.50	-15.00000	<b>2.00000</b>	PBM2Y	0.00300	0.50	<b>Lens 5</b>
16	-240.69000	0.1000	14.0/ 3.50	-2.00000	0.20000				
17	-230.60000	0.1000	18.0/ 4.50	-40.40030	<b>2.00000</b>	SFPL51	0.00100	0.50	<b>Lens 6</b>
18	613.33000	0.1000	18.0/ 4.50	-84.74121	2.00000				
19				-12.15292	2.00000				<b>Stop</b>
20	-227.39000	0.1000	18.0/ 4.50	-45.00000	<b>1.70000</b>	SFPL51	0.00100	0.50	<b>Lens 7</b>
21	272.09000	0.1000	16.0/ 4.00	-5.02312	1.70000				
22	248.10000	0.1000	10.0/ 2.50	-16.00000	<b>2.00000</b>	SLAH53	0.00200	0.50	<b>Lens 8</b>
23	5342.00000	0.1000	12.0/ 3.00	-166.83169	2.00000				
24	-179.83000	0.1000	20.0/ 5.00	-33.85089	<b>2.00000</b>	BSM51Y	0.00100	0.80	<b>Lens 9</b>
25	421.85000	0.1000	20.0/ 5.00	-2.00000	0.20000				
26	-93.58000	0.0500	20.0/ 5.00	-28.97314	0.30000	PBM8Y	0.00050	0.80	<b>Lens 10</b>
27	-558.02000	0.1000	20.0/ 5.00	-7.30526	0.30000				
28	613.33000	0.1000	20.0/ 5.00	-16.00000	0.30000	PBM2Y	0.00050	0.80	<b>Lens 11</b>
29	-52.88000	0.0300	20.0/ 5.00	-24.79190	2.00000				
30	INF		5.0/ 1.00	-7.00000	0.20000	SILICA	0.00500	0.80	<b>window</b>
31	INF		5.0/ 1.00	-6.11000					
32	<b>Image</b>			0.00000					

To minimize cost of large optics, their thickness tolerance is  $\pm 2.0$  mm

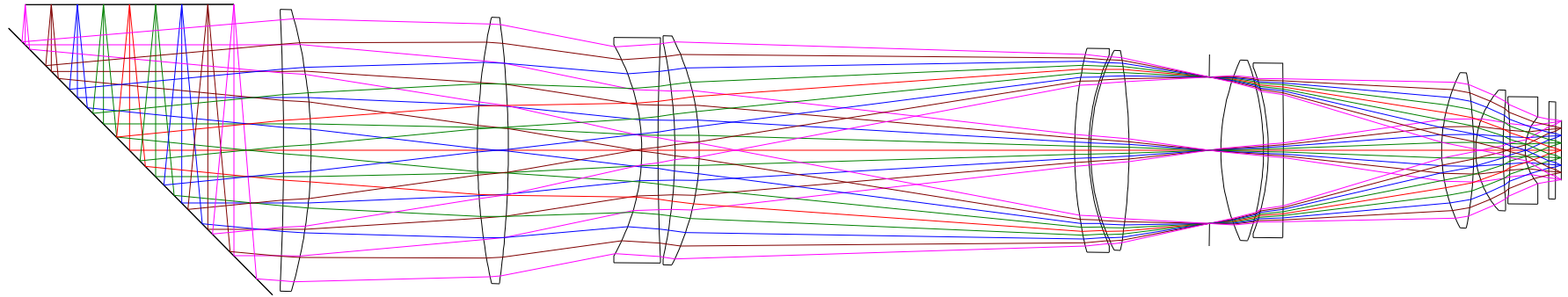
Radius, radius tolerance, thickness and thickness tolerance are given in mm.  
 Fringes of power and irregularity are at 546.1 nm over the clear aperture.  
 Irregularity is defined as fringes of cylinder power in test plate fit.

150 mm sq.



Using the same scaling for the current  
LINOS lens and for the new zoom lens

200 mm sq.

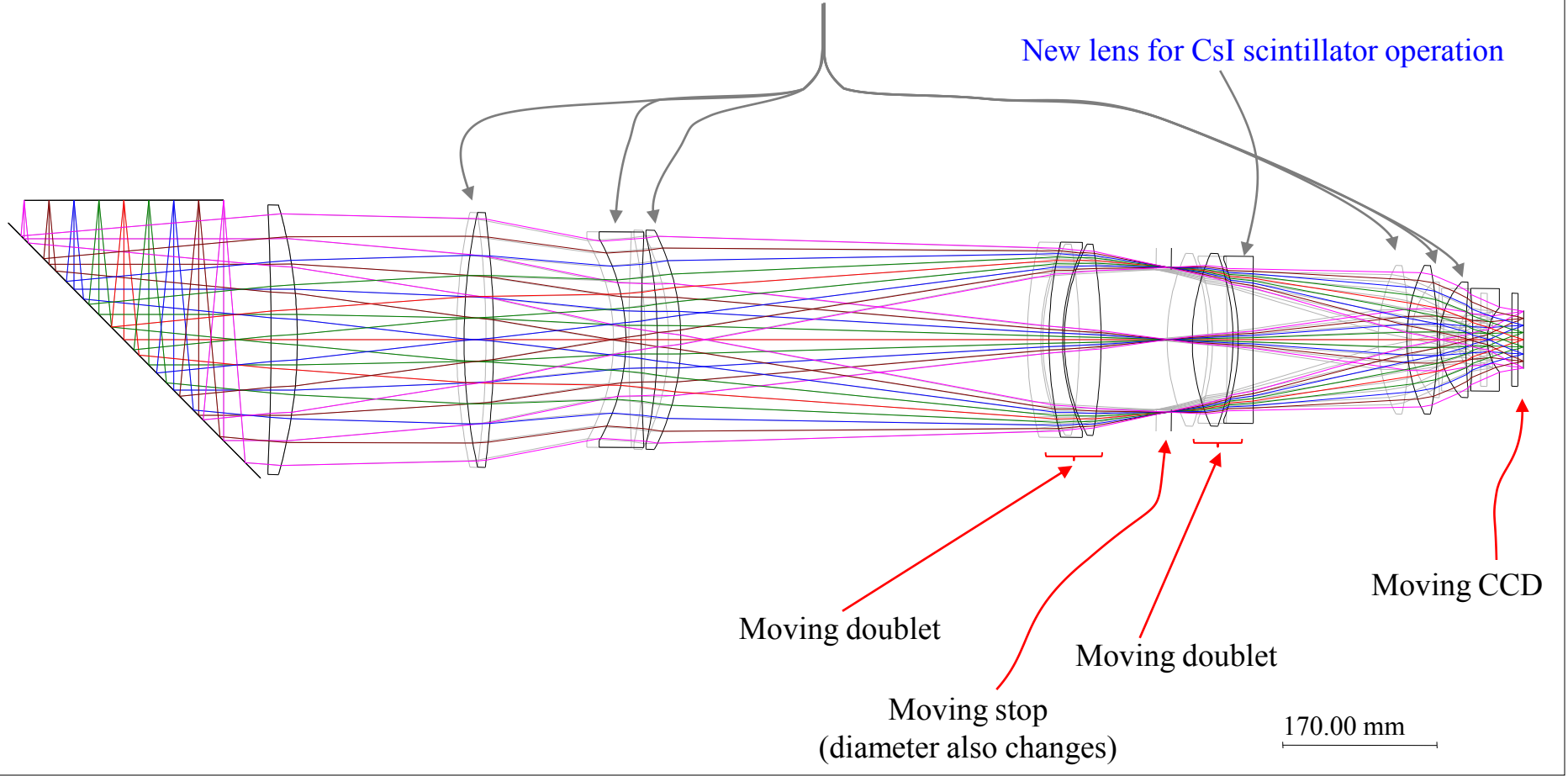


Zoom Position #1

170.00 mm

Lenses shift positions for CsI scintillator operation

New lens for CsI scintillator operation



Moving doublet

Moving doublet

Moving stop  
(diameter also changes)

Moving CCD

170.00 mm

## Summary

We have enough optical elements to finish the first system. (We are building 3 systems.)

- This is a telecentric zoom lens.
- Each optical element or lens group protected inside a lens cell.
- We are using counter propagating laser beams to align each optical element and verify tracking.
- First system to be tested at Sandia on the RITS x-ray machine in the horizontal position.
- Then, testing in the vertical position.
- Order the replacement lens for green scintillator operation on the 3<sup>rd</sup> system.

