TASK 1.13 – DATA COLLECTION AND DATABASE DEVELOPMENT FOR CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY BY-PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS AND MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

Final Topical Report

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

U.S. Department of Energy Federal Energy Technology Center–Morgantown (DOE FETC) efforts in the areas of fossil fuels and clean coal technology (CCT) have included involvement with both conventional and advanced process coal conversion by-products. In 1993, DOE submitted a Report to Congress (RTC) on “Barriers to the Increased Utilization of Coal Combustion/Desulfurization Byproducts by Governmental and Commercial Sectors,” which provided an outline of activities to remove the barriers identified in the report. DOE charged itself with participation in this process, and the work proposed in this document facilitates DOE’s response to its own recommendations for action. The work reflects DOE’s commitment to the coal combustion by-product (CCB) industry, to the advancement of clean coal technology, and to cooperation with other government agencies.

Information from DOE projects and commercial endeavors in fluidized-bed combustion (FBC) and coal gasification is the focus of this task. The primary goal is to provide an easily accessible compilation of characterization information on the by-products from these processes to government agencies and industry to facilitate sound regulatory and management decisions. Additional written documentation will facilitate the preparation of an updated final version of background information collected for DOE in preparation of the RTC on barriers to CCB utilization.

The information assembled is valuable to the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in its upcoming decision on the waste status of FBC by-products and was submitted to EPA in September 1997. This effort facilitates interaction between DOE and industry regarding input to EPA. The effort of DOE FETC to provide this type of information to EPA is consistent with the recommendation in the DOE RTC on ash barriers, that a determination placing CCT by-products under RCRA (Resource Conservation and Recovery Act) Subtitle D for solid wastes is needed if these materials are to be utilized. Several DOE projects have already investigated utilization of these materials, so this is an opportunity to give this information the emphasis it deserves.

2.0 GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

The primary goal of this task is to provide an easily accessible compilation of characterization information on CCT by-products to government agencies and industry to facilitate sound regulatory and management decisions. Supporting objectives are to 1) fully utilize information from previous DOE projects, 2) coordinate with industry and other research groups, 3) focus on by-products from pressurized fluidized-bed combustion (PFBC) and gasification, and 4) provide information relevant to the EPA evaluation criteria for the decision on the RCRA status of FBC by-products.
3.0 STATEMENT OF WORK

Details of the statement of work follow.

3.1 Subtask 1 – Collect Data on PFBC and Gasification Systems

Through literature, industrial and government contacts, and the research community, additional by-product and process data on PFBC and gasification systems will be collected and added to the database. Projects supported by DOE are expected to provide significant data for this subtask. Contacts and sources used in previous EERC efforts will be used, but it is anticipated that additional contacts, sources, and information will need to be developed through the performance of a literature search, trade associations, and personal contacts at utility and industrial plants with these systems in place.

3.2 Subtask 2 – Assemble CCT By-Product Management Information

CCT by-products are relatively new to the CCB utilization industry, so the information collected in Subtask 1 may not include well-developed by-product management information. A specific effort will be made to collect and include management options for PFBC and gasification by-products. Using all contacts and sources developed in the previous subtask, these options will be identified with the intent to collect specific information on by-product utilization examples, demonstrations, and commercial applications.

3.3 Subtask 3 – Finalize Energy & Environmental Research Center (EERC) Report of Barriers to CCB Utilization

The EERC assembled comprehensive information on CCB production, characteristics, and management options at the request of FETC prior to the submission of DOE’s RTC on "Barriers to the Increased Utilization of Coal Combustion/Desulfurization Byproducts by Governmental and Commercial Sectors." The draft EERC report focuses on utilization of CCBs and will have broad applicability for regulatory agencies and CCB users. This report requires revision prior to its being published by FETC, and these revisions will be accomplished according to review comments previously received from FETC. Since this report was originally prepared in 1993, it is also proposed to add an update to the report summarizing 1) current production and management statistics, 2) regulatory and legislative activities involving CCBs, 3) impacts of technology changes, and 4) new utilization options and standards and specifications.

3.4 Subtask 4 – Develop a CCT By-Product Workshop

Following the collection and submittal of the information on CCT by-products, the EERC will work with DOE and industry to develop a workshop designed to inform regulatory agencies and potential users about the properties and management options for CCT by-products.
4.0 ACCOMPLISHMENTS

This subtask has been under way since late October 1996. The activities in this subtask have been focused on data gathering for and preparation of two separate reports:

- “IGCC and PFBC By-Products: Generation, Characteristics, and Management Practices”

Work also included assembly of information on CCT technology by-products to be used in the development of a workshop that DOE or DOE contractors could present to state environmental departments.

4.1 Preparation of the “IGCC and PFBC By-Products: Generation, Characteristics, and Management Practices” Report

In order to prepare this report, the EERC initially collected and reviewed technical documentation on the two CCT technologies of interest, PFBC and IGCC (integrated gasification combined cycle), and the associated by-products. That information was supplemented by information gained by the DOE Performance Monitor and the EERC Principal Investigator during a visit to one of the DOE–industry-funded commercial-scale IGCC projects in Florida. Information on the IGCC process and by-product management was provided by plant personnel during a tour of the plant site. Formal reports of process data and by-product data were obtained from two IGCC commercial-scale projects. Limited information was obtained through public documents on a third IGCC commercial-scale project. Extensive by-product characterization and management information was obtained on the Tidd Station PFBC commercial-scale demonstration project.

The EERC Principal Investigator met with EPA and industry groups. EPA agreed to review the information on IGCC and PFBC by-products, with the request that a section of the report provide background information on these emerging technologies and that the commercial potential of these technologies be discussed in the report. Using the information collected from industry, DOE, and literature, the draft report to EPA was prepared and submitted to EPA for initial review on July 31, 1997. Copies of the draft report were also sent to DOE and industry representatives, who provided review comments. The final version of the document incorporated changes based on review comments, and a hard copy and an electronic copy of the report were submitted to EPA on September 30, 1997, which was the EPA deadline for submission of information to be reviewed for its determination. The report was also submitted to DOE. Unfortunately, full-scale by-product information was unavailable from two of the IGCC projects at the time of submission of that report.

Following negotiations with the DOE Performance Monitor, it was decided to prepare a revision of the EERC draft “Barriers Report” that was submitted in October 1993. The revised report outline was developed to include a greater emphasis on coal use technologies, including CCT, by-product management options, and changes in barriers since the DOE RTC on that subject submitted by DOE in July 1994. A copy of the Table of Contents of the revised report is included in Appendix A.

Using recent documentation, the report was rewritten to meet current DOE objectives. Several industrial groups were contacted for input to the report in order to properly reflect activities initiated by industry and the viewpoint of industry relative to progress in removing barriers to CCB utilization. A draft report was developed, reviewed by both industry and DOE, and a final version of the report was submitted to DOE for publication.

4.3 Assembly of Information for DOE Environmental Workshop

The EERC worked with DOE contractors at Radian International to develop a joint technology transfer effort for state regulators on the issues related to CCT by-products. The collaborative effort with Radian International focused on two primary areas: 1) identifying state agency contacts to be included in the Radian database and 2) developing a presentation to be given at individual state agencies.

The state agency presentation was planned to be accomplished in a 1.5- to 2-hour time frame, including opportunities for questions and discussion. An outline was developed for the presentation:

1) Basic information on coal conversion processes and types of by-products
2) Summary of DOE research
3) Summary of current regulatory framework
4) A computer tour of related Web sites
5) Discussion period

Site visits were planned to include agencies in states from four primary regions in the United States: the West, Midwest, Southeast, and Northeast. Selection of specific states is still pending; however, it was determined to select states that are considered progressive as well as states that are still on the learning curve, so that the presentation team can bring comments and expertise from one agency to others. It is typical that state agencies within a region tend to be aware of actions within their region, and these presentations can potentially facilitate the implementation regulations that remove barriers to increase CCB utilization in proven applications.

The EERC provided information primarily on IGCC and PFBC by-product characteristics and management options, environmental testing, and information on the western U.S. CCB
industry and state agency concerns. The EERC Principal Investigator met with DOE representatives, Radian, and DOE invitees to present a “dry run” of the workshop and discuss changes to the format and information.

5.0 CONCLUSIONS

5.1 “IGCC and PFBC By-Products: Generation, Characteristics, and Management Practices” Report

The time frame for the EPA determination on the RCRA status of FBC by-products has been extended by a period of 1 year to April 1999. This provides an opportunity for DOE to respond to EPA with additional information from the two IGCC projects that are still assembling the required data during the anticipated comment period. In order to take advantage of the information already submitted, it is recommended that DOE follow up on the EPA waste determination and provide comments during the EPA comment period. In follow-up conversations with Roy Dowd at the Wabash River Coal Gasification Repowering Project and Sherry Dawes at the Piñon Pine IGCC Power Plant, it was indicated that the required information will become available prior to the scheduled EPA decision late in 1998. In fact, the projected schedule for each of the IGCC projects would allow DOE to submit that information to EPA during the comment period that EPA will provide to industry and others prior to making its final determination. It is anticipated that the comment period will be scheduled for mid- to late 1998. Dennis Ruddy, the EPA staff member responsible for this determination, has indicated an interest in obtaining the remaining information on full-scale IGCC by-product characteristics and management.


The following conclusions were presented in the revised “Barriers” report.

• Joint efforts by industry and government focused on meeting RTC recommendations for reduction/removal of barriers have met with some success. The most notable of these is the changes in regulations related to CCB utilization by individual states. Regionally or nationally consistent state regulation of CCB utilization would further reduce regulatory barriers.

• Technology changes will continue to be driven by the Clean Air Act Amendments (CAAA), and emission control technologies are expected to continue to impact the type and properties of CCBs generated at a given facility. As a result, continued RD&D (research, development, and demonstration) will be needed to learn how to utilize new and changing CCBs in environmentally safe, technically sound, and economically advantageous ways. CCT CCBs offer a new challenge because of the high volumes expected to be generated and the different characteristics of these CCBs as compared to conventional CCBs.
Industry and government have developed the RD&D infrastructure to address the technical aspects of developing and testing new CCB utilization applications, but this work as well as constant quality control/quality assurance testing needs to be continued to address both industrywide issues and issues related to specific materials, regions, or users.

Scrutiny by environmental groups and the public will continue to provide environmental and technical challenges to the CCB industry. It is anticipated that the use of CCBs in mining applications, agriculture, structural fills, and other land applications will continue to be controversial and require technical and environmental information to be developed and reported. The best use of this information will be in the development of regulations specifically addressing the use of CCBs in these types of CCB applications.

The development of Federal Procurement Guidelines under Executive Order 12873, entitled “Federal Acquisition, Recycling and Waste Prevention,” in October 1993 was a positive step toward getting CCBs accepted in the marketplace. Industry needs to continue to work with EPA to develop additional Procurement Guidelines for products containing CCBs and can take advantage of existing guidelines to encourage the use of CCBs in high-profile projects.

Limited progress has been made toward the reduction/removal of barriers to the increased utilization of CCBs; however, further progress can only be made if there is an increased financial and technical priority of CCB utilization by industry and government. The framework for this has been set by the successful cooperation of industry and government, with DOE taking a lead role on the government side. Cooperation should continue, with DOE continuing its lead established in the RTC. It is clear that the RTC continues to have validity toward the barriers to increased CCB utilization and continues to provide guidance to industry and government, including DOE itself.

5.3 Assembly of Information for DOE Environmental Workshop

While this effort continues through Radian Corporation, the input provided by the EERC resulted in the following conclusions:

Individual presentations for state regulatory agency staff need to be well planned because the level of familiarity with CCBs by agency representatives varies widely from state to state.

Options for effectively reaching state regulatory agencies need continuing evaluation. One-on-one contact is anticipated to be the best way to make a high-profile impression on this group, but it is costly and time consuming. Several of the DOE efforts to provide information electronically through the Internet appear to have high value in reaching this group. Technical information, such as information databases as developed by DOE, can be readily presented and made most useful through this medium.

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