**Borehole Data Package for Well 299-W15-41 at
Single-Shell Tank Waste Management Area TX-TY**

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1.0 Introduction

One new Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) groundwater monitoring well was installed at the single-shell tank farm Waste Management Area (WMA) TX-TY during December 1999 and January 2000 in fulfillment of Tri-Party Agreement (Ecology 1996) milestone M-24-43. The well is 299-W15-41 and is located south of the 241-TX tank farm and south of 20th Street in the 200 West Area. Figure 1 shows the locations of all wells in the WMA TX-TY monitoring network.

The new well was constructed to the specifications and requirements described in Washington Administrative Code (WAC) 173-160 and WAC 173-303, the groundwater monitoring plan for WMA TX-TY (Caggiano and Goodwin 1991), the assessment plan for WMA TX-TY (Caggiano and Chou 1993), and the description of work for well drilling and installation.¹

This document compiles information on the drilling and construction, well development, pump installation, and sediment testing applicable to well 299-W15-41. Appendix A contains the geologist's log, the Well Construction Summary Report, and Well Summary Sheet (as-built diagram) and Appendix B contains borehole geophysical logs. Additional documentation concerning well construction is on file with Bechtel Hanford, Inc., Richland, Washington.

English units are used in this report because that is the system of units used by drillers to measure and report depths and well construction details. Conversion to metric is made by multiplying feet by 0.3048 to obtain meters or multiplying inches by 2.54 to obtain centimeters.

2.0 Well 299-W15-41

2.1 Drilling and Sampling

Well 299-W15-41 was started with a sonic drill rig and casing hammer. Temporary 11 3/4-in.-outside-diameter, carbon steel casing was placed from 0 to 55 ft below ground surface (bgs). An air rotary rig finished the drilling from 55 ft to a total depth of 239 ft bgs with temporary 8 5/8-in.-outside-diameter carbon steel casing. At about 40 ft bgs, 5 gal of water were added to the borehole during drilling.

Sediments encountered during drilling were predominantly sand and sandy gravel of the Hanford formation from the surface to about 93 ft bgs; Plio-Pleistocene silty sands with varying caliche content

1 Letter from R. M. Smith, Pacific Northwest National Laboratory, Richland, Washington, to G. C. Henckel, Bechtel Hanford Inc., dated May 26, 1999, "Description of Work for Drilling of CY 1999 RCRA Groundwater Monitoring Wells."

2

from 93 to about 120 ft bgs (depths based on geophysical log correlation); and sandy gravel and gravally sand of the Ringold Formation from 120 to 239 ft bgs (total depth). A geologist's log is included in Appendix A.

Grab samples of sediment for geologic description and archive were collected at approximate 5 ft intervals from 55 ft to total depth. Also, three split spoon samples were collected from 219 to 221, 230 to 230.7, and 238 to 239 ft bgs.

The borehole and drill cuttings were monitored regularly for organic vapors and radionuclide contaminants. No organic contaminants were noted. Radiologic readings reached 1000 to 1500 dpm at a silt lens at about 44.5 ft depth. The borehole was drilled as low risk below 55 ft.

The well was geophysically logged through the temporary casing using high resolution, spectral gamma-ray and neutron moisture instrumentation on January 6 and 7, 2000. No man-made radionuclides were detected. The geophysical logs are in Appendix B.

2.2 Well Completion

The permanent casing and screen were installed in well 299-W15-41 during January 2000. A 4-in.-inner-diameter, stainless steel, continuous wire-wrap (0.01 in. slot) screen was set from 230.94 to 215.92 ft bgs. The top of the well screen is about 2.5 ft below the water table because the casing string fell during installation. The permanent casing is 4-in.-inner-diameter, stainless steel from 215.92 ft bgs to 2.0 ft above ground surface. The bottom of the screen has a 4 in. PVC end cap to facilitate later deepening of the well if necessary.

The sand pack is 20 to 40 mesh silica sand from 238.1 to 206.6 ft bgs. The annular seal is Portland cement with bentonite from 206.6 to 200.1 ft bgs; #8 mesh granular bentonite from 200.1 ft to 13.5 ft bgs; and Portland cement with bentonite from 13.5 ft to the surface. A 4 ft by 4 ft by 6 in. concrete pad was placed around the well at the surface. A protective casing with locking cap, four protective steel posts, and a brass marker stamped with the well number were set into the concrete. The Well Construction Summary Report and the Well Summary Sheet (as-built) are included in Appendix A. After well completion, static water level was 213.3 ft bgs on January 17, 2000.

The vertical and horizontal coordinates of the well were surveyed in March 2000. The horizontal position of the well was determined by Global Positioning System observations referenced to horizontal control stations established by Rogers Surveying, Inc., Richland, Washington. The coordinates are Washington Coordinate System, South Zone, NAD83(91) datum. Vertical datum is NAVD 1988 and is based on existing bench marks established by the U.S. Corps of Engineers. Survey data are included in Table 1.

Table 1. Survey Data for Well 299-W15-41 at Waste Management Area TX-TY

Well Name	Easting m (ft)	Northing m (ft)	Elevation m (ft)	
299-W15-41	566,757.587 (1,859,435.294)	136,031.682 (466,296.823)		Center of Casing
			203.484 (667.596)	"X" on Casing
	566,757.583 (1,859,435.281)	136,031.993 (446,297.844)	202.788 (665.313)	Brass Cap

2.3 Well Development and Pump Installation

Well 299-W15-41 was developed on January 14, 2000. A temporary, 3 hp, submersible pump was used to remove approximately 2,300 gal of formation water from the well at 26 gal/min. Pump intake was at 227.95 ft bgs. The approximate drawdown was 3.2 ft and the final turbidity was 4.30 NTU.

A dedicated Hydrostar sampling pump was installed in well 299-W15-41 on January 18, 2000. The sampling pump intake is at 219 ft bgs or about 5.7 ft below the water table.

3.0 References

Caggiano, J. A., and C. J. Chou. 1993. *Interim-Status Groundwater Quality Assessment Plan for the Single-Shell Tank Waste Management Areas T and TX-TY*. WHC-SD-EN-AP-132, Rev. 0, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.

Caggiano, J. A., and S. M. Goodwin. 1991. *Interim Status Groundwater Monitoring Plan for the Single-Shell Tanks*. WHC-SD-EN-AP-012, Rev. 1. Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.

Ecology - Washington State Department of Ecology, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, and U.S. Department of Energy. 1996. *Hanford Federal Facility Agreement and Consent Order*. Document No. 89-10, Rev. 4 (The Tri-Party Agreement), Ecology, Olympia, Washington.

RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. 1976. Public Law 94-580, as amended, 90 Stat. 2795, 42 USC 6901 et seq.

WAC 173-160, Washington Administrative Code. *Minimum Standards for Construction and Maintenance of Wells*. Olympia, Washington.

WAC 173-303, Washington Administrative Code. *Dangerous Waste Regulations*. Olympia, Washington.

Appendix A

Well Construction and Completion Documentation

Page 1 of 2
Date: 1-17-00

Well ID: 88815		Well Name: 299- W15- 41	
Location: S. of TX-TY Tank Farm / 200W		Project: RCRA Drilling FY 2000	
Prepared By: L.D. Walker	Date: 1-17-00	Reviewed By: DCuekeles	Date: 2/10/00
Signature: <i>[Signature]</i>		Signature: <i>[Signature]</i>	
CONSTRUCTION DATA		GEOLOGIC/HYDROLOGIC DATA	
Description	Diagram	Depth in Feet	Lithologic Description
Portland Cement 0' → 13.5' below ground		0	0' → 2': Gravel drill pad 2' → 5': Gravelly SAND 5' → 10': Sandy GRAVEL 10' → 23': Sandy GRAVEL
Temporary casing 11 3/4" OD 0' → 51' bgs		25	23' → 25': Sandy GRAVEL 25' → 33': Sandy GRAVEL 33' → 44': Sandy GRAVEL
Stainless steel casing, type 304, sched. 5, 4 1/2" OD / 4" ID +2 ft → 215.92'		50	44' → 48': Sandy GRAVEL 48' → 50': Gravelly SAND 55' → 55' (1w) 55' → 93': SAND
Granular Bentonite 13.5' → 200.1'		75	
Temp casing 8 5/8" OD 51' → 236'		100	93' → 104': Silty SAND 104' → 112': Calcareous Silty SAND 112' → 121': Silty SAND
		125	121' → 132': Silty Sandy GRAVEL 132' → 139': Sandy GRAVEL 139' → 147': Gravelly SAND

WELL SUMMARY SHEET				Page <u>2</u> of <u>2</u>	
				Date: <u>1-17-00</u>	
Well ID: <u>B8815</u>			Well Name: <u>299-W15-41</u>		
Location: <u>S. of TX-TY Tank Farm / 200W</u>			Project: <u>RCRA Drilling FY 2000</u>		
Prepared By: <u>L.D. Walker</u>		Date: <u>1-17-00</u>	Reviewed By: <u>DC Weekes</u>		Date: <u>2/10/00</u>
Signature: <u>L.D. Walker</u>			Signature: <u>DC Weekes</u>		
CONSTRUCTION DATA		Depth in Feet	GEOLOGIC/HYDROLOGIC DATA		
Description	Diagram		Graphic Log	Lithologic Description	
Portland Cement grout 200.1' → 206.6'		150		147' → 180': Sandy GRAVEL	
Silica Sand 20-40 mesh 206.6' → 238.1'		175		180' → 199': Silty Sandy GRAVEL	
Sluff 238.1' → 239'		200		199' → 202': Graveilly SAND 202' → 215': Silty Sandy GRAVEL	
Stainless steel wellscreen Cont. wire wrap 0.010-in slot type 304 SS, 4 1/2" OD / 4" ID 215.92' → 230.94'		225		215' → 227': Sandy GRAVEL	
PVC Endcap, 4 1/2" / 4" 230.94' → 231.29'		250		227' → 239': Silty Sandy GRAVEL	
				TD = 239 Feet	
				Water level = 213.30 Ft (1-17-00)	
All depths in feet below ground					
All temporary casing removed from ground.					

WELL CONSTRUCTION SUMMARY REPORT					Start Date: 11-30-99		
					Finish Date: 1-17-00		
					Page 1 of 1		
Specification No.: 0300X-SP-0002		Rev. No.: 0		Well Name: 299-W15-41		Temp. Well No.: B8815	
ECNs: NA				Approximate Location: S. of TX-TY Tank Farm/200w			
Project: RCRA Drilling FY 2000				Other Companies: BHI, CHI, THZ			
Drilling Company: Resonant Sonic International				Geologist(s): P. Moore D. Weekes			
Driller: W. Worth				L. Walker			
TEMPORARY CASING AND DRILL DEPTH				DRILLING METHOD/HOLE DIAMETER			
*Size/Grade/Lbs. Per Ft.	Interval	Shoe O.D./I.D.		Auger:	Diameter From _____ to _____		
(FJ) 11 3/4" OD Carbon Steel	0 - 51'	12 1/4" / 10 3/4"		Cable Tool:	Diameter From _____ to _____		
(FJ) 8 5/8" OD Carbon Steel	0 - 236'	9" / 7 5/8"		Air Rotary:	Diameter From 55' to 239'		
				A.R. w/Sonic:	Diameter From 0' to 55'		
					Diameter From _____ to _____		
					Diameter From _____ to _____		
*Indicate Welded (W) - Flush Joint (FJ) Coupled (C) & Thread Design				Diameter From _____ to _____			
				Drilling Fluid:			
Total Drilled Depth: 239'		Hole Dia @ TD: 7"		Total Amt. Of Water Added During Drilling:			
Well Straightness Test Results:				Static Water Level: 213.30' Date: 1-17-00			
GEOPHYSICAL LOGGING							
Sondes (type)	Interval	Date		Sondes (type)	Interval	Date	
RLS Neutron Moisture	45' - 215'	1-7-00					
RLS Spectral Gamma	0' - 235'	1-6-00					
COMPLETED WELL							
Size/Wt./Material	Depth (ft)	Thread	Slot Size	Type	Interval (ft) Annual Seal/Filter Pack	Volume Cu. Ft.	Mesh Size
4" ID PVC Endcap	231.29 - 230.94		NA	Silica Sand	238.1 - 206.6	16.24	20-40
4" ID 304SS wire screen	230.94 - 215.92		0.010-in	Portland Cement w/ bent.	206.6 - 200.1	3.85	NA
4" ID 304SS casing	215.92 - 12.0		NA	Granular Bentonite	200.1 - 13.5	73.84	#8
(sched. 5)				Portland Cement w/ bent.	13.5 - 0	20.56	#8
							NA
OTHER ACTIVITIES							
Aquifer Test: Pumping well development				Date: 1-14-00		Well Abandoned: Yes: No: Date:	
Description: 3-hp electric submersible pump.				Description:			
Drawdown of 3.2' at sustained pump rate of 26 gpm. Final turb. = 4.30 NTU							
WELL SURVEY DATA							
Date:				Protective Casing Elevation:			
Washington State Plane Coordinates:				Brass Cap Elevation:			
COMMENTS/REMARKS							
20-40 Silica sand: 14.5 (100-lbs bags) x 1.12 ft ³ /bag = 16.24 ft ³ ; P.C.: 3 x 1.285 = 3.855 ft ³ ; #8 mesh gran. bent:							
104 (50-lbs bags) x 0.71 ft ³ /bag = 73.84 ft ³ ; P.C.: 16 x 1.285 = 20.56 ft ³							
Reported By: L.D. Walker				Reviewed By: J.E. AUTEN			
Title: Geologist		Date: 1-17-00		Title: Sr. DRL. ENGR.		Date: 2/28/00	
Signature: <i>LD Walker</i>				Signature: <i>J.E. Auten</i>			

BOREHOLE LOG						Page <u>2</u> of <u>8</u>
						Date: <u>11/30/79</u>
Well ID: <u>299-W15-41</u>		Well Name: <u>B8815</u>		Location: <u>S of TX-TP Tank Farm</u>		
Project: <u>RCRA Resource Protection</u>				Reference Measuring Point: <u>ground surface</u>		
Depth (Ft.)	Sample		Graphic Log	Sample Description	Comments:	
	Type No.	Blows Recovery		Group Name, Grain Size Distribution, Soil Classification, Color, Moisture Content, Sorting, Angularity, Mineralogy, Max Particle Size, Reaction to HCl	Depth of Casing, Drilling Method, Method of Driving Sampling Tool, Sampler Size, Water Level	
30	chip sample		0	25-33 ^{Sandy Gravel} Gravelly SAND , 40% gravel, 60% sand, SAND 10% R 3/2 (moist) v. dk. gr. br., 5A-5E, 20% basalt, 30% other, part sorted 10% fine, 60% med., 30% coarse, moist, no Rn to HCl, gravel 60% basalt, 40% other R-5A, max gravel = 100 mm	Sonic, 11 3/4" Casing.	
35	chip sample		0	33-44 Sandy Gravel, 65% gravel, 25% sand, Gravel 60% basalt, 40% other, R-5A, various colors, moist, coarse gravels, sorted sorted, max gravel = (cobble) 130 mm, Sand 60% basalt, 40% other, 10% R 3/2 (moist) v. dk. gray, moist, partly sorted, mod. Rn to HCl.	Sonic is pulverizing Sandy, cement bore is losing the sample. Adding water to hole (Sg. 0)	
40	chip sample	NA	0	44-48 ^{Sandy Gravel, with} Silt lense @ 44.5' (1" thick), (silt & calc.?) 55% sand, 45% gravel, gravel 60% basalt, 40% other, 5A-5E, med. sorted, max gravel (cobble) = 140 mm, sand as above, med to strong Rn to HCl.	Drillers cleaned out hole to 55'	
45	chip sample	NA	0	48-55 (10) ^{gravelly SAND} , 20% gravel, 80% sand, 5% dry clumps of silt/sandy silt, sand 2.5 4 6/4 (moist) lt. yellow brown, 20% basalt, 80% other, moist, 5A, med. sorted, 20% fine, 60% med., 20% coarse, mod. Rn to HCl, max particle = 48 mm.	to drive casing flushed ground.	
50	chip sample	NA	0	11 3/4" casing set at 51' gravel decreasing	Cuttings were sand as noted.	
55	Grab archive	NA	0	55' → 93': SAND w SAND As above, but gravel ~ 5%	1-4-00 At 55' begin air rotary; 6 1/4" bit casing 8 5/8" OD CS	

Reported By: <u>Pat Moore</u>		Reviewed By: <u>DC Weekes</u>	
Title: <u>Geologist</u>		Title: <u>Geologist</u>	
Signature: <u>Pat Moore</u>	Date: <u>12/1/79</u>	Signature: <u>DC Weekes</u>	Date: <u>1/11/00</u>

BOREHOLE LOG						Page <u>3</u> of <u>8</u>
						Date: <u>1-4-00</u>
Well ID: <u>88815</u>		Well Name: <u>299-W15-41</u>		Location: <u>S. of TX-TY Tank Farm / 200W</u>		
Project: <u>RCRA Drilling FY 2000</u>				Reference Measuring Point: <u>Ground Surface</u>		
Depth (Ft.)	Sample		Graphic Log	Sample Description	Comments:	
	Type No.	Blows Recovery		Group Name, Grain Size Distribution, Soil Classification, Color, Moisture Content, Sorting, Angularity, Mineralogy, Max Particle Size, Reaction to HCl	Depth of Casing, Drilling Method, Method of Driving Sampling Tool, Sampler Size, Water Level	
60	Grab- archive	Air rotary		55' → 93': SAND (S); 100% sand	Air rotary w/ 6 1/4" tricone bit; 8 5/8" OD CS casing.	
65	Grab- archive			tr gravel. Sand tr v. cse, 20% cse, 50% med, 30% fn-v. fn; brown (10YR 5/3), sl moist, med/well sorted, SA; 30% basalt, 70% qtz/other, tr mica, max size ~ 10 mm, weak rxn HCl	60': Grab sample for archive	
70	Grab- archive				65': Archive grab sample	
75	Grab- archive				70': Archive grab sample	
80	Grab- archive				75': Archive grab sample	
85	Grab- archive				Drill rate ~ 1 in/h/ft	
				79': gravel 5-10%	80': Archive grab sample	
				Sand- similar to above	85': Archive grab sample	
				v. fn peb. ~ 5%		

Reported By: <u>L.D. Walker</u>		Reviewed By: <u>DC Weekes</u>	
Title: <u>Geologist</u>		Title: <u>Geologist</u>	
Signature: <u>L.D. Walker</u>	Date: <u>1-4-00</u>	Signature: <u>DC Weekes</u>	Date: <u>1/11/00</u>

BOREHOLE LOG					Page <u>4</u> of <u>8</u>	
					Date: <u>1-4-00</u>	
Well ID: <u>B8815</u>		Well Name: <u>299-W15-41</u>		Location: <u>S. of TX-TY Tank Farm/200W</u>		
Project: <u>RCRA Drilling FY 2000</u>				Reference Measuring Point: <u>Ground Surface</u>		
Depth (Ft.)	Sample		Graphic Log	Sample Description	Comments:	
	Type No.	Blows Recovery				
90	Grab- archive	Air rotary			Air rotary w/ 6 1/4" tricone bit; 8 3/8" CS casing	
				93' → 104': Silty SAND (m S); gravel, 60% sand, 40% silt.		
				Sand 10% csc-med, 30% fn, 60% v.	90': Archive grab	
95	Grab- archive			Fn; yellowish brn (10YR 5/4); sl moist, well sorted, SA-A; 10% basalt		sample.
				90% qtz/felds/other, tr mica, max size ~ 1mm, weak-strong rxn to HCl	95': Archive grab	sample
100	Grab- archive				100': Archive grab	sample
				104' → 112': Calcareous silty sand similar to above, with fragments of caliche 0.5-1 cm (angular)	105': Archive grab	sample
105	Grab- archive			violent rxn to HCl. Color and silt/sand similar to above.		Drill rate slows to ~ 4-5 m/ft.
				110': caliche fragments increase.	110': Archive grab	sample
110	Grab- archive					End of 1-4-00
					Begin 1-5-00	
			112' → 121': Silty SAND (m S), 5% gravel, 75% sand, 20% silt.			
115	Grab- archive		Gravel is med-v. fn, R; Sand 10% v. csc-csc, 30% med, 60% fn-v. fn; yel. brn (10YR 5/4)	115': Archive grab	sample	
			sl moist, med sorted, SA-A; 20% basalt, 80% qtz/felds; max size ~ 15mm, strong rxn HCl			

Reported By: <u>L.D. Walker</u>		Reviewed By: <u>DC Weekes</u>	
Title: <u>Geologist</u>		Title: <u>Geologist</u>	
Signature: <u>[Signature]</u>	Date: <u>1-5-00</u>	Signature: <u>[Signature]</u>	Date: <u>1/11/00</u>

BHI-EE-183 (12/97)

BOREHOLE LOG

Page 5 of 8
Date: 1-5-00

Well ID: B 8815		Well Name: 299-W15-41		Location: South of TX/TY Tank Farm/200w	
Project: RCRA Drilling		FY 2000		Reference Measuring Point: Ground Surface	
Depth (Ft)	Sample		Graphic Log	Sample Description Group Name, Grain Size Distribution, Soil Classification, Color, Moisture Content, Sorting, Angularity, Mineralogy, Max Particle Size, Reaction to HCl	Comments: Depth of Casing, Drilling Method, Method of Driving Sampling Tool, Sampler Size, Water Level
	Type No.	Blows Recovery			
120 —	Grav- archive	Air Rotary		121': drilling indicates larger gravel/cobbles	Air rotary w/ 6 1/4" tricone bit; 8 3/4" OP CS casing
—	—	—		121' → 132': Silty Sandy GRAVEL (s&g)	
—	—	—		40% gravel, 40% sand, 20% silt.	120': Archive grab
—	—	—		Gravel size unable to determine due to rotary drilling. Fragments and drilling indicates predom. cse-med peb.	sample
—	—	—		Sand 20% v.cse-cse, 40% med, 40% fr-v.fr.	125': Archive grab
—	—	—		Gravel 60% basalt, 40% qtz/granitic	sample
—	—	—		Sand 30% basalt, 70% qtz/other. Overall	Drill rate ~ 2min/ft
130 —	Grav- archive	—		10YR 5/2 - greyish brown (sl moist), poorly sorted, SA-A sand; med rxn HCl	130': Archive grab
—	—	—		132' → 139': Sandy GRAVEL (s&g)	sample
—	—	—		55% gravel, 40% sand, 5% silt	135': Archive grab
—	—	—		similar to above with increased gravel content, decreased silt.	sample
135 —	Grav- archive	—		139' → 147': Gravely SAND (s)	140': Archive grab
—	—	—		10% gravel, 90% sand, fr silt.	sample
140 —	Grav- archive	—		Sand 10% v.cse, 40% cse, 40% med,	
—	—	—		10% fr-v.fr., greyish brn (10YR 5/2), sl moist, med-well sorted, SA-A,	
—	—	—		40% basalt, 60% qtz/other, no rxn HCl.	145': Archive grab
145 —	Grav- archive	—			sample

Reported By: Gth L.D. WalkerReviewed By: D. WeeksTitle: GeologistTitle: GeologistSignature: [Signature]Signature: [Signature]

Date: 1-5-00

Date: 1/1/00

BH-EE-183 (12/97)

BOREHOLE LOG						Page <u>6</u> of <u>8</u>
						Date: <u>1-5-00</u>
Well ID: <u>B 8815</u>		Well Name: <u>299-W15-41</u>		Location: <u>S. of TX-TY Tank Farm / 200W</u>		
Project: <u>RCRA Drilling FY 2000</u>				Reference Measuring Point: <u>Ground Surface</u>		
Depth (Ft.)	Sample		Graphic Log	Sample Description	Comments:	
	Type No.	Blows Recovery		Group Name, Grain Size Distribution, Soil Classification, Color, Moisture Content, Sorting, Angularity, Mineralogy, Max Particle Size, Reaction to HCl	Depth of Casing, Drilling Method, Method of Driving Sampling Tool, Sampler Size, Water Level	
150	Grab- archive	Air Rotary		<u>147' → 180': Sandy GRAVEL (SG)</u>	Air rotary w/ 6 1/4"	
				<u>50-60% gravel, 40-50% sand,</u>	tricone bit; 85%	
				<u>tr silt. Gravel appears tr cobble,</u>	OD CS casing	
				<u>20% v.cse-cse peb, 40% med. peb, 40%</u>		
				<u>Fn-v.Fn; Sand 10% v.cse-cse, 30%</u>	<u>150': Archive grab</u>	
155	Grab- archive			<u>med, 50% Fn, 10% v.Fn. It brnish</u>	sample	
				<u>gray (10YR 6/2), dry, poorly sorted,</u>		
				<u>gravel SR-SA; gravel 50% basalt</u>	<u>155': Archive grab</u>	
				<u>50% qtz/granitic/other, Sand 15%</u>	sample	
				<u>basalt, 85% qtz; no rxn HCl</u>		
160	Grab- archive			<u>160': Archive grab</u>		
				sample		
				<u>165': Archive grab</u>		
165	Grab- archive		<u>165': Sandy Gravel, as described</u>	sample		
			<u>above</u>			
				<u>170': Archive grab</u>		
170	Grab- archive		<u>170': Sandy Gravel, similar to above.</u>	sample		
			<u>Sand is predom. Fn-v.Fn, qtz rich</u>			
			<u>gravel lower basalt content than</u>			
			<u>above - now mostly qtzite/granitic</u>			
			<u>tr mica in sand; no rxn HCl</u>	<u>175': Archive grab</u>		
175	Grab- archive		<u>175': gravel ~40%, otherwise as</u>	sample		
			<u>above.</u>			
			<u>178': slight increase in silt content</u>			

Reported By: <u>L.D. Walker</u>		Reviewed By: <u>DC Weekes</u>	
Title: <u>Geologist</u>		Title: <u>Geologist</u>	
Signature: <u>L.D. Walker</u>	Date: <u>1-5-00</u>	Signature: <u>DC Weekes</u>	Date: <u>1/11/00</u>

BH-EE-183 (12/97)

BOREHOLE LOG						Page <u>7</u> of <u>8</u>
						Date: <u>1-5-00</u>
Well ID: <u>B8815</u>		Well Name: <u>299-W15-41</u>		Location: <u>S. of TX-TY Tank Farm / 200W</u>		
Project: <u>RCRA Drilling FY 2000</u>				Reference Measuring Point: <u>Ground Surface</u>		
Depth (Ft.)	Sample		Graphic Log	Sample Description Group Name, Grain Size Distribution, Soil Classification, Color, Moisture Content, Sorting, Angularity, Mineralogy, Max Particle Size, Reaction to HCl	Comments: Depth of Casing, Drilling Method, Method of Driving Sampling Tool, Sampler Size, Water Level	
	Type No.	Blows Recovery				
180	Grab- archive	Air Rotary		180' → 199': Silty Sandy GRAVEL (msG) 45% gravel, 40% sand, 15% silt. Gravel predom med - Fn peb; sand 20% v. cse - med, 40% Fn, 40% v. Fn. brown (10YR 5/3), sl moist, poorly sorted, sand SA-A; gravel 40-50% basalt, 50-60% qtz/granitic; sand 15% basalt, 85% qtz, tr mica no rxn HCl.	Air Rotary; 6 1/4" tricone bit; 8 5/8" OD CS casing	
185	Grab- archive			180': Archive grab sample		
190	Grab- archive			190': cuttings are dry; otherwise as above 190': Archive grab sample		
195	Grab- archive			195': gravel content decrease to ~ 35-40% 195': Archive grab sample		
200	Grab- archive			199' → 202': Gravelly SAND (gS) 25% gravel, 75% sand, tr silt. gravel and sand descriptions similar to above - sand predom. Fn - v. Fn.	200': Archive grab sample	
205	Grab- archive			202' → 215': Silty Sandy GRAVEL (msG) 40% gravel, 45% sand, 15% silt. Gravel med - Fn peb, sand 20% v. cse - med, 50% Fn, 30% v. Fn; brown, sl moist - dry, poorly sorted; sand SA, gravel 40% basalt, 60% qtz/other	205': Archive grab sample	

Reported By: <u>L.D. Walker</u>		Reviewed By: <u>DCWokes</u>	
Title: <u>Geologist</u>		Title: <u>Geologist</u>	
Signature: <u>L.D. Walker</u>	Date: <u>1-5-00</u>	Signature: <u>DCWokes</u>	Date: <u>1/11/00</u>

BHI-EE-183 (12/97)

BOREHOLE LOG					Page 8 of 8
					Date: 1-5-00
Well ID: 88815		Well Name: 299-W15-41		Location: S. of TX-TY Tank Farm / 200W	
Project: RCRA Drilling FY 2000			Reference Measuring Point: Ground Surface		
Depth (Ft.)	Sample		Graphic Log	Sample Description	Comments:
	Type No.	Blows Recovery			
210	Grab-archive	Air Rotary		202' → 215': Silty Sandy GRAVEL (ms G)	Air rotary; 6 1/4"
				as described previous page	tricone bit; 8 5/8"
					OD CS casing
215	Grab-archive			215' silt content decreasing.	210': Archive grab sample
				215' → 227': Sandy GRAVEL (s G)	
				50% gravel, 50% sand, tr silt	215': Archive grab sample
				Gravel 10% v.cse - cse peb, 40% med,	
				30% fn, 20% v.fn. Sand 20% v.cse -	
220	Grab-archive	Split Spm #1 Sieve/hyd		cse, 40% med, 30% fn, 10% v.fn.	220': Archive grab sample - cuttings
	Grab-waste character.			wet, gravel SR (in split tube samples - otherwise crushed by drilling), sand	are wet
			SA-A; max size over 20 cm - indicated by drilling problems.	End 1-5-00	
225	Grab-archive			Begin 1-6-00;	
				W.L. = 213.5 ft.	
				219-221' split spm sample for sieve	
			-silt content increasing-	analysis / hyd. cond	
			227' → 239': Silty Sandy GRAVEL (ms G)	223': grab sample for	
			60% gravel, 25% sand, 15% silt.	waste designation	
230	SS #2	100% ref	Gravel 20% v.cse - cse peb, 40%	(BOX5KO, BOX5K5)	
	archive - sieve/wet	20% refusal after 0.7'	med peb, 30% fn peb, 10% v.fn.	225': Archive grab.	
			Sand 20% v.cse - med, 60% fn, 20%	230-230.7': SS #2	
			v. fn. Dark brown (10YR3/3) wet,	235': Archive grab.	
235	Grab-archive		poorly sorted; gravel SR, sand SA-A; gravel 30% basalt, 70% granitic/	238-239': SS #3	
			other; sand 20% basalt, 80% qtz, tr	(refusal after 1 foot)	
			mica; drilling indicates some		
			cobble; no rxn HCl.	8 5/8" casing: 236'	
	SS #3	100% ref		TD = 239 feet	
Reported By: L.D. Walker			Reviewed By: DC Weekes		
Title: Geologist			Title: Geologist		
Signature: L.D. Walker		Date:	Signature: DC Weekes		Date: 1/11/00

Appendix B

Borehole Geophysical Logs

Appendix B

Borehole Geophysical Logs

This appendix contains the borehole geophysical logs obtained from borehole 299-W15-41. The logs were run and analyzed by Waste Management Federal Services Northwest, Inc. Included with the logs are Log Header Sheets and Log Analysis Summary Reports.

RLS Spectral Gamma Survey
Waste Management Technical Services

LOG HEADER

Project: RCRA drilling 1999

Well: 299-W15-41

Borehole Information

Well # <u>299-W15-41</u>	Water Depth <u>218</u> ft	Total Depth <u>238</u> ft
Elevation Reference <u>n/a</u>	Elevation <u>n/a</u> ft	
Depth Reference <u>Ground Surface</u>	Casing Stickup <u>11.75 in. - 0', 8.625 in. - 0'</u>	
Casing Diameter <u>11.75</u> in.	Depth Interval <u>0 to 51</u> ft	Thickness <u>0.5</u> in.
Casing Diameter <u>8.625</u> in.	Depth Interval <u>0 to 238</u> ft	Thickness <u>0.5</u> in.

Logging Information

Log Type:	HPGe Spectral Gamma	
Company	Waste Management Technical Services	
Logging Engineers	<u>S.E. Kos</u>	
Logging Date	January 6, 2000	
Instrument Series	RLSG07000S00.0	
Logging Unit	RLS-1	
Depth Interval	0' to 125'	Prefix A692
	100' to 238'	A693
Instrument Calibration Date	October 8, 1999	
Calibration Report	WHC-SD-EN-TI-292, Rev. 0	

Analysis Information

Company	Waste Management Technical Services
Analyst	Steven Kos
Date	March 15, 2000
Depth Reference	Ground Surface

Notes Measurements were acquired at 0.5-ft depth increments at a logging speed of 1.0 ft per minute. No man-made radionuclides were detected in this well.

RLS Spectral Gamma Survey

Waste Management Technical Services

Project: RCRA Drilling 1999

Log Date: January 6, 2000

Well: 299-W15-41

Depth Datum: Ground Level

RLS Spectral Gamma Survey

Waste Management Technical Services

Project: RCRA DRilling 1999

Log Date: January 6, 2000

Well: 299-W15-41

Depth Datum: Ground Level

RLS Spectral Gamma Survey

Waste Management Technical Services

Project: RCRA Drilling 1999

Log Date: January 6, 2000

Well: 299-W15-41

Depth Datum: Ground Level

RLS Spectral Gamma Survey

Waste Management Technical Services

Summary Report

Project: RCRA Well Drilling 1999

Well: 299-W15-41

General Notes:

All log data were collected with reference to ground surface.

System Performance Verification: The pre- and post-log verification passed performance standards, indicating the system was performing to specifications outlined in the procedures.

Repeat Interval: Repeat surveys were conducted between depths of 100.0 and 125.0 ft. The results show good repeatability of measurements.

Environmental Corrections: The spectral gamma log measurements have been corrected for casing attenuation throughout the entire well, and a water correction was applied to the data acquired in the water to correct for the attenuation of water.

The interval from ground surface to a depth of 51 ft was logged in double casings, and the lower concentrations result from the attenuation of the gamma rays.

Observations:

No man-made radionuclides were detected during the logging of this well.

The range of the concentrations of the naturally occurring radionuclides potassium-40 (^{40}K), uranium, and thorium (KUT) are typical for Hanford formation and Ringold Formation sediments. The concentrations are, for the majority of samples, between 5 and 13 pCi/g, between 0.5 and 4 pCi/g, and between 0.5 and 3 pCi/g respectively. Some erratic peaks are outside of these ranges, especially for uranium in the upper region of the borehole (at depths between ground surface and a depth of about 50 ft).

The profile of the total gamma plot, which is the sum of all counts in the spectra for each 0.5-ft depth sample, is most reflective of the ^{40}K concentrations. However, the influence of uranium and thorium concentrations (more specifically the gamma rays) on the total gamma countrate can be seen in the region of the well between depths of about 94 and 120 ft; between depths of 164 and 170 ft; and from a depth of 228 ft to the bottom of the borehole.

The most distinctive change in the total gamma log and the KUT concentration profiles (other than that observed at the bottom of the 11-in.-diameter casing) occurs between depths of 94 and 120 ft; this change is most likely indicative of a distinct lithologic change. The neutron-neutron moisture log data indicate that a lithologic change has occurred in this region of the borehole by a distinct change in volumetric moisture content at a depth of 95 ft; the volumetric moisture content in the sediments surrounding the borehole increases rapidly from about 4 percent to as high as 19 percent. Between depths of 95 and 120 ft, the moisture plot shows several narrow peaks of elevated moisture content that most likely indicate inter-bedded fine-grained materials that retain moisture.

RLS Neutron-Neutron Moisture Survey
Waste Management Technical Services

LOG HEADER

Project: RCRA drilling 1999

Well: 299-W15-41

Borehole Information

Well # <u>299-W15-41</u>	Water Depth <u>218</u> ft	Total Depth <u>238</u> ft
Elevation Reference <u>n/a</u>	Elevation <u>n/a</u> ft	
Depth Reference <u>Ground Surface</u>	Casing Stickup <u>11.75 in. - 0', 8.625 in. - 0'</u>	
Casing Diameter <u>11.75</u> in.	Depth Interval <u>0 to 51</u> ft	Thickness <u>0.5</u> in.
Casing Diameter <u>8.625</u> in.	Depth Interval <u>0 to 238</u> ft	Thickness <u>0.5</u> in.

Logging Information

Log Type:	Neutron-Neutron Moisture	
Company	Waste Management Technical Services	
Logging Engineers	<u>J.E. Meisner</u>	
Instrument Series	RLSM00.0	
Logging Date	January 7, 2000	
Logging Unit	RLS-1	
Depth Interval	45.0' to 120.0'	Prefix MA52
	100' to 215	MA53
Instrument Calibration Date	May 13, 1999	
Calibration Report	WHC-SD-EN-TI-306, Rev. 0	

Analysis Information

Company	Waste Management Technical Services
Analyst	Steven Kos
Date	March 13, 2000
Depth Reference	Ground Surface

Notes The moisture measurements were acquired at 0.250-ft depth intervals at a logging speed of 0.6 ft per minute. A repeat survey was conducted between depths of 100 and 120 ft.

Neutron-Neutron Moisture Survey

Waste Management Technical Services

Project: RCRA Drilling 1999

Log Date : January 7, 2000

Borehole: 299-W15-41

Depth Datum: Ground Level

Neutron-Neutron Moisture Survey

Waste Management Technical Services

Project: RCRA Drilling 1999

Log Date : January 7, 2000

Borehole: 299-W15-41

Depth Datum: Ground Level

Neutron-Neutron Moisture Survey

Waste Management Technical Services

Project: RCRA Drilling 1999

Log Date : January 7, 2000

Borehole: 299-W15-41

Depth Datum: Ground Level

Neutron-Neutron Moisture Survey

Waste Management Technical Services

Project: RCRA Drilling 1999

Log Date : January 7, 2000

Borehole: 299-W15-41

Depth Datum: Ground Level

RLS Neutron-Neutron Moisture Survey

Waste Management Technical Services

Summary Report

Project: RCRA Drilling 1999

Well: 299-W15-41

General Notes

All log data were collected with reference to ground surface. The moisture survey was not conducted in the 11.75-in.-diameter casing (from ground surface to a depth of 51 ft) since the logging tool is not calibrated for this size casing. The survey was terminated at a depth of 213.38 ft where groundwater was encountered.

System Performance Verification: The pre- and post-survey verification passed performance standards, -3.4% in the shield verifier.

Repeat Interval: A repeat survey was conducted between depths of 100 and 120 ft. The results show good repeatability of the moisture profiles from the original and repeat surveys.

Environmental Corrections: The moisture measurements have been corrected for casing attenuation throughout the entire well. A casing correction for 8-in.-diameter casing was applied to the data.

Observations

The moisture values range from less than two percent volumetric moisture content at a depth of 63 ft, to as high as almost 19 percent volumetric moisture content at a depth of about 104 ft. The initial low values between depths of 45 and 51 ft were acquired in double casings and are not valid measurements. These measurements can be utilized to determine the bottom of the double casing string, which is located at a depth of 51 ft.

The moisture values are highly variable between depths of 51 and 120 ft, as indicated by the many narrow peaks. These peaks most likely correlate with thin intervals of fine-grained sediments that retain moisture. The potassium, uranium, and thorium concentrations (as derived from the spectral gamma survey that was conducted in this borehole) vary in this region of the borehole; these variations are indicative of changes in lithology.

The moisture content increases (to an off-scale value) at a depth of about 213 ft where groundwater is encountered.

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