Energy Savings Performance Contracting

Alternative financing funds energy efficiency improvements in federal buildings

The Energy Policy Act of 1992 (EPAct) and Executive Order 12902 require that Federal agencies reduce the energy consumed in Federal buildings. The order increased the goal to 30% by 2005, when compared with 1985. Energy Savings Performance Contracting (ESPC) offers a means of achieving this energy reduction goal at no capital cost to the government.

ESPC, formerly known as Shared Energy Savings Contracting, is an alternative to the traditional method of financing energy efficiency improvements in Federal buildings, which is through Federal appropriation of capital funds. Under this alternative financing arrangement, Federal agencies contract with energy-service companies, which pay all the up-front costs. These costs include identifying building energy requirements and acquiring, installing, operating, and maintaining the energy-efficient equipment. In exchange, the contractor receives a share of the cost savings resulting from these improvements until the contract period expires, which can be up to 25 years. At that time, the Federal government retains all the savings and equipment.

The key benefits of ESPC are that it:

- Reduces energy costs
- Improves Federal energy efficiency and helps meet the Federal energy savings requirements
- Eliminates the maintenance and repair costs of aging or obsolete energy-consuming equipment
- Places the operations and maintenance responsibilities on the contractor
- Stimulates the economy by allowing energy-service companies to profit from their up-front investments in federally owned buildings by receiving a share of the utility bill savings.

The contractor also provides for training government personnel and measuring energy savings. Several Federal agencies have successfully awarded these unique contracts.

What are energy cost savings?

Energy cost savings refer to a reduction in the cost of energy used in Federally owned buildings. The contract sets forth the methodology for establishing the base cost and the share of energy cost savings each year. The contract also specifies the method of determining the value of such savings, which may vary from year to year.
Energy cost savings may result from the lease or purchase of operating equipment, improvements, altered operations and maintenance, or technical services. Savings may also result from using cogeneration or heat recovery to improve the efficiency of existing energy sources.

When can ESPC be used?

ESPC allows Federal agencies to update aging building systems, streamline operations, and train maintenance workers to reduce operating costs. ESPC can be used when:

- Updating aging equipment with newer, more efficient products
- Helping agencies meet the energy cost reduction goals of Executive Order 12902 and EPAct
- Conserving nonrenewable fuels and achieving environmental benefits by reducing energy consumption
- Reducing utility costs without sacrificing service.

Agencies can use future energy savings to fund projects, freeing up money currently wasted on energy inefficiency and making it available for facility improvements and sustained maintenance.

What is DOE doing to support agency ESPC projects?

EPAct directed DOE to develop methods and procedures to bring ESPC into the mainstream of Federal procurement. An ESPC regulation detailing the methods and procedures was published at 10 CFR 436. The regulation establishes a qualified list of energy service companies and identifies the methods and procedures for contractor selection. It also allows Federal agencies to enter into ESPCs for up to 25 years without funding of cancellation charges, permits contract payments from funds for energy and related operation and maintenance expenses, and requires annual energy audits to verify guaranteed cost savings.

DOE's Federal Energy Management Program (FEMP) developed model procurement documents; the Measurement and Verification Guideline for Federal Energy Projects; a how-to manual for ESPCs; a home page on the Internet; other alternative financing options. The workshops are targeted to Federal employees who want to learn how to execute successful energy projects using any ESPC approach. Participants should be from any of the engineering, operations, contracts, legal, or budget organizations of those facilities that can benefit from energy conservation retrofits. Maximum benefit can be attained if technical and contracting personnel attend the workshops.

For the private sector, FEMP offers a seminar that gives attendees a general idea of how the government purchases energy conservation services through ESPC. An overview of FEMP's model solicitation and the Super ESPC are covered. In addition, the seminar reviews proposal submittal requirements and source selection evaluation processes.
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