ENGINEERING CHANGE NOTICE

1. ECN 163507

Page 1 of 2

Proj.
ECN

2. ECN Category (mark one) Supplemental ☐ Direct Revision ☒ Change ECN ☐ Temporary ☐ Standby ☐ Supersedure ☐ Cancel/Void ☐	3. Originator's Name, Organization, MSIN, and Telephone No. A. L. Shord, 8C410, H5-49, 376-1990 6. Project Title/No./Work Order No. TWRS Privatization Phase I Site Development/Project W-505/D633A 9. Document Numbers Changed by this ECN (includes sheet no. and rev.) WHC-SD-WM-DRD-013, Rev. 0	4. USQ Required? ☐ Yes ☒ No 7. Bldg./Sys./Fac. No. TWRS 10. Related ECN No(s). NA	5. Date January 20, 1997 8. Approval Designator NA (see 14b below) 11. Related PO No. NA
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13a. Description of Change Revised to include construction power and water. Deleted rail modifications. Added mitigation of loss of mature sage-steppe habitat destroyed by the site development work. Editorial changes made. Document title changed from "TWRS Privatization Phase I Roads & Rails System Modifications & Site Development Design Requirements Document" to "TWRS Privatization Phase I Site Development Design Requirements Document". Document number changed from WHC-SD-WM-DRD-013 to HNF-SD-WM-DRD-013. 13b. Design Baseline Document? ☐ Yes ☒ No			
14a. Justification (mark one) Criteria Change ☒ Design Improvement ☐ Environmental ☐ Facility Deactivation ☐ As-Found ☐ Facilitate Const. ☐ Const. Error/Omission ☐ Design Error/Omission ☐			
14b. Justification Details Revision was required to incorporate the results of FY 1996 engineering studies that further defined the TWRS Phase I Privatization Site Development work scope. ESQ and involved PHMC contractor review of the revisions were requested via EDT 606384 with comments subsequently incorporated into the document. DOE-RL comments on the PHMC approved Rev. 1 document were requested via EDT 606354 with comments incorporated. Review responses/comments are contained in the project file.			
15. Distribution (include name, MSIN, and no. of copies) See Distribution Sheet

ENGINEERING CHANGE NOTICE

Page 2 of 2

1. ECN (use no. from pg. 1)

163507

16. Design Verification Required

☐ Yes
☒ No

17. Cost Impact

ENGINEERING

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CONSTRUCTION

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18. Schedule Impact (days)

Improvement [NA]
Delay [NA]

19. Change Impact Review: Indicate the related documents (other than the engineering documents identified on Side 1) that will be affected by the change described in Block 13. Enter the affected document number in Block 20.

SDD/DD	☐	Seismic/Stress Analysis	☐	Tank Calibration Manual	☐
Functional Design Criteria	☐	Stress/Design Report	☐	Health Physics Procedure	☐
Operating Specification	☐	Interface Control Drawing	☐	Spare Multiple Unit Listing	☐
Criticality Specification	☐	Calibration Procedure	☐	Test Procedures/Specification	☐
Conceptual Design Report	☐	Installation Procedure	☐	Component Index	☐
Equipment Spec.	☐	Maintenance Procedure	☐	ASME Coded Item	☐
Const. Spec.	☐	Engineering Procedure	☐	Human Factor Consideration	☐
Procurement Spec.	☐	Operating Instruction	☐	Computer Software	☐
Vendor Information	☐	Operating Procedure	☐	Electric Circuit Schedule	☐
OM Manual	☐	Operational Safety Requirement	☐	ICRS Procedure	☐
FSAR/SAR	☐	IEFD Drawing	☐	Process Control Manual/Plan	☐
Safety Equipment List	☐	Cell Arrangement Drawing	☐	Process Flow Chart	☐
Radiation Work Permit	☐	Essential Material Specification	☐	Purchase Requisition	☐
Environmental Impact Statement	☐	Fac. Proc. Samp. Schedule	☐	Tickler File	☐
Environmental Report	☐	Inspection Plan	☐		☐
Environmental Permit	☐	Inventory Adjustment Request	☐		☐

20. Other Affected Documents: (NOTE: Documents listed below will not be revised by this ECN.) Signatures below indicate that the signing organization has been notified of other affected documents listed below.

Document Number/Revision

Document Number/Revision

Document Number Revision

NA

21. Approvals

Signature	Date	Signature	Date
Design Authority		Design Agent	
Cog. Eng. A. L. Shord <i>A. L. Shord</i>	1/21/97	PE	
Cog. Mgr. J. S. Garfield <i>J. S. Garfield</i>	1/21/97	QA	
QA		Safety	
Safety		Design	
Environ.		Environ.	
Other		Other	
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DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Signature or a Control Number that tracks the Approval Signature

DOE-RL Letter 97-WDD-007, dated 1/17/97

ADDITIONAL

TWRS PRIVATIZATION PHASE I SITE DEVELOPMENT DESIGN REQUIREMENTS DOCUMENT

A. L. Shord

Numatec Hanford Corporation, Richland, WA 99352
U.S. Department of Energy Contract DE-AC06-96RL13200

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Abstract: The DOE-RL is pursuing a strategy of hiring private contractors for treatment of Hanford Site tank wastes. This strategy is called 'privatization' and includes design, permitting, construction, operation and deactivation of facilities for tank waste treatment. The TWRS Privatization Infrastructure Project consists of several sub-projects which will provide key services needed to support the privatization mission. This document identifies the design requirements for the site development sub-project, including construction power and water and road modifications. It will be used in development of the project's conceptual design.

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James Bishop 1-21-97
Release Approval Date

Approved for Public Release

[illegible]

DESIGN REQUIREMENTS DOCUMENT
for
TWRS PRIVATIZATION PHASE I
SITE DEVELOPMENT

WORK ORDER E23387

Prepared for
Numatec Hanford Corporation

January 1997

Subcontract NHC-D-97-0005

Prepared by
Fluor Daniel Northwest
Richland, Washington

DESIGN REQUIREMENTS DOCUMENT
for
TWRS PRIVATIZATION PHASE I

SITE DEVELOPMENT

WORK ORDER E23387

Prepared by

Fluor Daniel Northwest
Richland, Washington

for

Numatec Hanford Corporation

Prepared by:
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1/13/97
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Concurrence:
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1/13/97
Date

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DESIGN REQUIREMENTS DOCUMENT

for

TWRS PRIVATIZATION PHASE I

SITE DEVELOPMENT

1.0 SCOPE

1.1 IDENTIFICATION

Design Requirements Document for TWRS Privatization Phase I Site Development.

1.2 SYSTEM OVERVIEW

The U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) has decided to privatize the treatment of most of the radioactive hazardous waste contained in the underground mixed waste storage tanks on the Hanford Site. Privatization is defined as vendors, under contract with DOE, using private funding to design, permit, construct, operate, and deactivate their own equipment and facilities to treat radioactive hazardous tank waste (or mixed waste as defined in the Washington Administrative Code [WAC] 173-303). Payment for these services takes the form of fixed price per unit of product meeting DOE specifications. Vendors are selected through a fixed-price competitive process.

Privatization activities have been divided into two phases. Phase I, a "proof of concept" phase, is to demonstrate the capabilities of privatization through the treatment of up to 13 percent of mixed waste at Hanford. Once demonstrated, privatization will be expanded into Phase II to include the treatment of the remainder of the waste.

In concert with the preparation of the Tank Waste Remediation System (TWRS) Request for Proposals (RFP), DE-RP06-96RL 13308 (RL, 1996) for the solicitation of privatization contractors, a location was selected for the Phase I facilities, WHC-SD-WM-SE-023 (Shord, 1996). The location (the former grout disposal site) was selected for numerous reasons. Foremost: it was previously characterized and, to a degree, developed for the grout disposal program; it adjoins the planned feed tanks in the 200-East Area; and it is of sufficient size for two competing vendors to carry out the demonstration of pretreating and immobilizing mixed waste. The selected area will be parceled, and each privatization contractor (PC) will be assigned a site for development.

This project is to prepare a portion of the former grout disposal site for turnover to the PC's for the construction of mixed waste facilities. The engineering study WHC-SD-TWR-ES-003 investigated various alternatives for site development. This study integrated engineering studies for Roads and Rail System Modifications, Raw and Potable Water Service, Liquid Effluent Transfer Systems and Electric Power to assure all the systems fit together. A separate letter report (Adhikari, 1996) identifies the preferred method for providing construction power. The Master Site Plan (WHC-SD-TWR-DSD-001) utilized the Site Development Engineering Study to assure privatization is fully integrated with other projects on the site.

This project will:

1. Set monuments that establish the boundaries for the two PC sites, and identify a construction lay down area for each PC. All work within each designated site and lay down area will be performed by the PC.
2. Prepare corridors for placement of the various utility systems and waste transfer lines. Preparation includes clearing and grubbing, removal of miscellaneous structures, and relocation of fences and gates.
3. Perform phased construction of the road system to support construction as detailed in Engineering Study WHC-SD-TWR-ES-004. This Engineering Study recommends using an existing siding for rail deliveries.
4. Provide construction power to the PC sites.
5. Provide raw water for construction activities.
6. Mitigate the loss of mature sage-steppe habitat destroyed by the development of the site roads, electrical substation, and utility corridors.

1.3 DOCUMENT OVERVIEW

This DRD will list the documents that form the basis for design and construction of the road modifications and site development. The documents will range from the general DOE and other Federal requirements applicable to all DOE sites to the more specific requirements applicable to the Hanford Site, and finally, to those specific to the applicable scope of work.

2.0 APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

2.1 GOVERNMENT DOCUMENTS

The following documents of the exact issue shown form a part of the specification to the extent specified herein. In the event of conflict between the documents referenced herein and the contents of this specification, the content of this specification shall be considered a superseding requirement.

2.1.1 Specifications

2.1.1.1 Federal

DOE Order 6430.1A, 1989, *General Design Criteria*, U.S. Department of Energy (DOE)

2.1.1.2 State

M 41-10,1994, *Standard Specifications for Roads, Bridge and Municipal Construction*, Washington State Department of Transportation (WSDOT).

M 22-01,1991, *Design Manual*, Washington State Department of Transportation (WSDOT).

M 41-01,1992, *Construction Manual*, Washington State Department of Transportation (WSDOT).

M 46-01,1988, *Materials Branch Laboratory Manual*, Washington State Department of Transportation (WSDOT).

2.1.2 Standards

2.1.2.1 Federal

Code of Federal Regulations:

29 CFR 1910, 1994, *Occupational Safety and Health Standards*.

29 CFR 1926, 1994, *Safety and Health Regulations for Construction*.

30 CFR 56, 1985, *Safety and Health Standards- Surface Metal and Nonmetal Mines*.

2.1.2.2 State

WAC 173-303, 1994, *Dangerous Waste Regulations*, Washington Administrative Code.

WAC 296-45, 1994, *Safety Standards, Electrical Workers*, Washington Administrative Code.

2.1.3 Drawings

2.1.3.1 Federal

None Applicable

2.1.3.2 State.

M 21-01, 1993, *Standard Plans for Road, Bridge and Municipal Construction*, Washington State Department of Transportation (WSDOT).

2.1.4 Other Publications

2.1.4.1 Federal

DOE-RL-88-21, Rev. 3, 1994, *Dangerous Waste Permit Application, 216-A-29 Ditch*, U.S. Department of Energy, Richland Operations Office, Richland, Washington.

DE-RP06-96RL 13308, 1996, *Request for Proposal*, U.S. Department of Energy, Richland Operations Office, Richland, Washington.

2.1.4.2 State

None Applicable

Copies of specifications, standards, drawings and publications required by suppliers in connection with specified procurement functions should be obtained from the contracting agency or as directed by the contracting agent.

2.2 NON-GOVERNMENT DOCUMENTS

The following documents of the exact issue shown form a part of this specification to the extent specified herein. In the event of conflict between the documents referenced herein and the contents of this specification, the contents of this specification shall be considered a superseding requirement.

2.2.1 Specifications

Hanford Electrical Utilities Distribution Specifications (Available from Hanford Electrical Utilities).

2.2.2 Standards

AASHTO, 1994, *A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets*, American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials.

ANSI - American National Standards Institute,

ANSI/IEEE C2, 1997, *National Electrical Safety Code*.

ANSI C29.1, 1988, *Electrical Power Insulators--Test Methods*.

ANSI C29.2, 1992, *Insulators Wet-Process Porcelain and Toughened Glass- Suspension Type*.

ANSI C29.3, 1986, *Wet-Process Porcelain Insulators--Spool Type*.

ANSI C29.4, 1989, *Wet-Process Porcelain Insulators--Strain Type*.

ANSI C29.5, 1984, *Wet-Process Porcelain Insulators--Low and Medium-Voltage Pin Type*.

ANSI C29.6, 1984, *Wet-Process Porcelain Insulators--High-Voltage Pin Type*.

ANSI C29.8, 1985, *Wet-Process Porcelain Insulators--Apparatus, Cap and Pin Type*.

ANSI C29.9, 1983, *Wet-Process Porcelain Insulators--Apparatus, Post Type*.

ANSI/IEEE C62.11, 1993, *Metal-Oxide Surge Arresters for Alternating Current Power Circuits*

ANSI C84.1, 1995, *American National Standards for Voltage Ratings for Electrical Power Systems and Equipment*.

ANSI D6.1, 1988, *Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways*. Also U. S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Part VI, 1993.

ANSI O5-1, 1992, *Wood Poles - Specifications and Dimensions*.

ANSI/IEEE C136 Series, 1994, *Roadway Lighting Equipment*.

ASTM B-232, 1992, *Standard Specifications for Concentric-Lay-Stranded Aluminum Conductors, Coated Steel Reinforced (ACSR)*. American Society for Testing and Materials.

ASTM D-653, 1996, *Standard Terminology Relating to Soil, Rock, and Contained Fluids*, American Society for Testing and Materials.

IEEE - The Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers, Inc.

IEEE 751, 1990, *Trial-Use Design Guide for Wood Transmission Structures*.

IEEE C135 Series, 1995, *Pole Line Hardware Standards Collection*.

IES HB-93, 1993, *Lighting Handbook Application and Reference Volume*, Illuminating Engineering Society of North America.

NEMA LA1, 1992, *Surge Arresters*, National Electrical Manufacturers Association.

NFPA Article 70, 1996, *National Electrical Code*, National Fire Protection Association.

2.2.3 Drawings

None Applicable

2.2.4 Other Publications

WHC-SD-WM-SP-011, 1996, *Solidified High-Level Waste Interim Storage Alternative Analysis and Path Foreword Recommendation*, Calmus, R.B.

WHC-SD-W465-AGA-001, 1996, *Alternatives Generation and Analysis Report for Immobilized Low-Level Waste Interim Storage Architecture*, Burbank, D. A.

Interoffice Memorandum, 1996, *Tank Waste Remediation System Privatization Phase I, Former Grout Disposal Site Vendor Site Layout and Access Road Assessment Report*, Trost, E.T.

WHC-SD-WM-SE-023, 1996, *Tank Waste Remediation System Privatization Phase I Site Evaluation Report*, Shord, A.L.

WHC-SD-TWR-ES-002, 1996, *Engineering Study, TWRS Privatization Phase I, Raw and Potable Water Service*, Fort, D.L.

WHC-SD-WM-DRD-015, 1996, *Design Requirements Document for TWRS Privatization Phase I, Raw and Potable Water Service*, Gaddis, L.A.

WHC-SD-WM-ES-396, 1996, *Engineering Study, Privatization Phase I, Liquid Effluent Transfer Systems*, Palit, A.N.

WHC-SD-TWR-ES-004, 1996, *Engineering Study, TWRS Privatization Phase I, Roads and Rail System Modifications*, Ackerman, R.L.

WHC-SD-TWR-ES-003, 1996, *TWRS Privatization Phase I, Site Development Engineering Study*, Fort, D.L.

WHC-SD-WM-ES-393, 1996, *Engineering Study for the Phase I Privatization Facilities Electrical Power*, Singh, G.

WHC-SD-TWR-DSD-001, 1996, *TWRS Privatization Phase I Master Site Plan*, Trost, E.T.

PNNL-1107, UC-603, 1996, *Climatological Data Summary 1995 with Historical Data*, Hoitink, D. J., Pacific Northwest National Laboratory, Richland, Washington.

Akerson, A.W., Report, 1996, *Phase I Privatization Project Construction Power Estimates (A Review of Past Hanford Site Large Scale Construction Project Power Requirements)*, Parsons Infrastructure And Technology Group, Inc., Richland, Washington.

Adhikari, R. Report, 1996, *13.8 KV Construction Power for Phase I Privatization Facilities*, ICF Kaiser Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.

WHC-SD-WM-ICD-037, 1996, *Interface Control Document for Land for Siting*.

Technical society and technical association specifications and standards are generally available for reference from libraries. They are also distributed among technical groups and federal agencies.

3.0 SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

3.1 SYSTEM DEFINITIONS

3.1.1 Interface Description

The site plan as shown by Figure 1 depicts interfaces for the roads and the LAW and HLW corridors. Figure 1 also shows locations of construction water standpipe and indicates raw water loop adjacent to each PC site. Also shown is the 13.8 kV construction electric power to be supplied to the PC site boundaries.

The construction electrical power will be provided from the existing 13.8 kV switchgear located at 251-W (A8) substation in the 600 Area (approximately 2 km north of the 200-West Area). A major portion of the distribution feeders (C8L6 and C8L5) from 251-W already exists (Adhikari, 1996). The PC will provide cabling from the last electrical pole to its distribution center. A primary utility-grade energy metering device will be provided at the delivery/interface point of each PC. Protective relaying and isolation devices of the PC distribution system shall be coordinated with the utility 13.8 kV system.

3.1.2 Assumptions and Risks

The two PC sites will be located substantially as shown in Figure 1. Because of the relatively large areas of each PC site, 6.08 Hectares (15 Acres), the presence of the existing grout vaults, the possibility of new vault(s) being constructed close to the PC sites, the requirements that the sites be as close to the AP Tank Farm feed tanks as possible and the need for level sites there is not much chance that the sites will be changed from that shown. See *TWRS Privatization Phase I Site Development Engineering Study*, WHC-SD-TWR-ES-003, for a discussion and recommendations on the location of the PC sites.

Construction power will be provided to the PC sites. Each PC will negotiate cost and schedule for receiving power from the existing 13.8 kV system. It is assumed that PC construction electric power needs will not exceed 4 MW for each site (8 MW total).

It is assumed that an embankment for a road and utility crossing of the 216-A-29 Ditch can be constructed. As the ditch is an inactive unit permitted under RCRA, there are uncertainties and risks associated as to the level of effort that must be employed to satisfy the issues and concerns of the regulatory authorities.

SITE PLAN
SCALE: 1:4600

Cad File: FIGURE1.DWG

Drawn by: D.B. JOYCE

- LEGEND**
- HANFORD PLANT COORDINATES (FEET)
 - WASHINGTON STATE COORDINATES (METERS)
 - INTERFACE WITH EXISTING ROADS
 - CONSTRUCTION POWER

FIGURE 1
9

3.2 CHARACTERISTICS

3.2.1 Performance Characteristics

Roads must connect with the existing network, be available at all times, handle the traffic volume safely, and be designed for size and weight of all vehicles expected. Route 4S and the remainder of the state road system allow legal loads up to 36,300 kg (80,000 lbs.). Heavier loads are allowed with permits. Loads up to 45,400 kg (100,000 lbs.) can be allowed on the improved and new roads as long as the speeds are kept low. Over width and height loads can be permitted with traffic control.

Site development must assure that all the systems needed to serve the PC sites are integrated with each other. Also, site development must assure the corridors necessary for product feed lines, roads, and utilities are established and graded as required.

The modifications and extensions to the existing 200 East Area 13.8 kV power distribution system are to maintain the integrity of the existing system and be capable of delivering up to 4 MW to each PC site. The service voltage at the PC site boundary will be within the limits established in ANSI C84.1. New protective relaying and isolation devices shall be coordinated with the existing system.

Construction raw water for site development will be supplied initially from the existing standpipe southwest of the grout disposal site. After installation of the raw water system extension (see Engineering Study WHC-SD-TWR-ES-002 and Design Requirements Document WHC-SD-WM-DRD-015), which should be prior to the start of PC construction activities, construction water can be obtained at various fire hydrants that will be located throughout the site.

3.2.2 System Capability Relationship

For construction power, a design analysis shall be performed to demonstrate that addition of construction loads will not cause unacceptable overload, under voltage or any other transient conditions at the existing system buses. If necessary, voltage correction devices will be provided.

For construction water, a design analysis shall be performed to demonstrate that construction water demands will not cause unacceptable impacts to the raw water distribution system. To prevent unacceptable pressure drops/spikes in the distribution system, flow limiting devices shall be employed to restrict the flow of water to that identified by the analysis but no more than 750 lpm (200 gpm). In addition, shut off or control valves shall be slow closing (no butterfly or ball valves).

3.2.3 External Interface Requirements

Roads must connect with the existing network, and be located and configured for safe access, with minimal effect on existing traffic.

Site development must rely on the Master Site Plan to ensure the external interfaces are correct. The Master Site Plan will also ensure the external interface for the product lines will be compatible with the PC sites.

3.2.4 Physical Characteristics

Inherent in the layout for roads are the location of connections to the existing network, topography of selected routes, design of pavement cross sections and use of native materials to meet the design traffic requirement.

Site development requires that the layout of PC sites must be of sufficient size, the grade must be nearly level and operations at each site must have a minimal effect on the other PC site.

The existing 13.8 kV distribution lines, poles and switchgear will be utilized as much as practicable for construction power. Routing of new distribution lines will avoid contaminated areas and be approved by Hanford Site Utilities.

3.2.5 System Quality Factors

3.2.5.1 Reliability. As long as routine maintenance is performed as required, reliability of road and site development should be high.

3.2.5.2 Maintainability. The road network requires routine maintenance, such as inspection, minor patching, debris and snow removal, shoulder grading, weed spraying and stripe and sign maintenance. Periodic maintenance for the roads will probably require some sort of chip seal every five or six years.

Site development maintenance should be simple, consisting mainly of weed control.

3.2.5.3 Availability. As noted in the two sections immediately above, with proper design, construction and on-going maintenance, road systems should be available nearly full time with only minor inconvenience to users during maintenance activities. Alternative roads will be available if any one road needs to be shut down for any reason.

3.2.6 Environmental Conditions

Road design and construction practices are based on assuring the road system is compatible with the expected environment for the life of the system.

Climatological data from *Climatological Data Summary 1995 with Historical Data*, PNNL, 1996 along with WSDOT *Design Manual*, will be used to design roads, site development and construction power for expected environmental conditions.

3.2.7 Transportability

Not applicable.

3.2.8 Flexibility and Expansion

Once road corridors are established outside the boundary of the Grout Disposal Site there should be little reason to change routes or geometry. A two lane road should easily handle all projected traffic volumes. Road systems inside the Grout Disposal Site may have to be adjusted if either or both of the PC alters its site significantly, but there should be enough room to accommodate such change.

3.2.9 Portability

Not applicable.

3.3 DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION

For site development, DOE Order 6430.1A, *General Design Criteria*, specifies in section 0200-1.1 a number of factors that must be considered in developing a site. These factors were considered when the site for Privatization Phase I was chosen.

The scope of site development is limited to designating the two sites for the PC, surveying to establish the boundaries for the selected sites, site grading and earthwork outside the PC sites, development of corridors for LAW and optional HLW feed lines to the PC sites and integration of utilities and transportation corridors. Surveying is covered by section 0202 of 6430.1A, demolition by section 0205 and site preparation by section by 0210.

The PC will have the responsibility to design and construct the facilities inside their respective sites. This DRD will not reference sections of 6430.1A that relate to the scope of work by the PC.

For roads, Section 0250-3 of 6430.1A specifies geometry and gradients be designed in accordance with American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) GDHS-84, which is now obsolete, and has been superseded by *A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets* AASHTO . Pavements design is specified to conform with local State highway department standards (6430.1A, 0250-5), which would be Washington State Department (WSDOT), *Standard Specifications for Road, Bridge and Municipal Construction*, M 41-10-94, and WSDOT *Design Manual*, M 22-01. Signing, pavement markings and channelization shall comply with the *Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways*, ANSI 6.1 and DOE Order 6430.1A. Roadway lighting shall comply with IES Lighting Handbook HB-93 and ANSI C 136 series. Electrical installation related to traffic control devices and roadway lighting shall be in accordance with National Electrical Code, NFPA-70.

Design and construction of the construction electric power system shall conform to DOE Order 6430.1A, Division 16 and National Electric Safety Code, ANSI/IEEE C2.

3.3.1 Materials

For roads and miscellaneous site grading, materials shall consist of native and imported materials meeting the following WSDOT specifications:

- 9-02 Bituminous Materials
- 9-05 Drainage Structures, Culverts and Conduits
- 9-14 Erosion Control and Roadside Planting
- 9-16 Fence and Guardrail
- 9-28 Signing, Materials and Fabrication
- 9-29 Illumination, Signing, Electrical

For construction electrical power, selection of electrical materials shall be coordinated with Hanford Electrical Utilities Specifications (available from Hanford Electrical Utilities).

Wooden structures for pole lines to be in accordance with ANSI 05.1, shall be used to support the overhead distribution conductors. Guys will be provided for wooden structures subject to forces in excess of their strength, such as structures in dead-end or heavy angle positions, and for other structures where required rigidity cannot be economically obtained by a self-supporting design. The wooden structures and necessary hardware shall be in accordance with IEEE C135 and IEEE 752.

Insulators shall be designed so that the ratio of their low-frequency dry flash over voltage to low-frequency puncture voltage is in conformance with applicable ANSI Standards C29.1 through C29.9.

The current rating of the conductors shall be adequate to serve the highest anticipated load without resulting in unsatisfactory voltage regulation. Overhead lines shall be bare aluminum conductor steel reinforced (ACSR) ANSI/ASTM B 232. The conductor shall be strung using tension stringing methods only, in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

Interconnection terminals at overhead line interface points shall be compatible with the PC provided cables.

Clearances for the supply lines shall be in accordance with ANSI/IEEE C2 to ensure safety.

Surge arresters may be needed, if so shall meet the requirements of NEMA LA1 and ANSI/IEEE C62.11.

Switches shall be gang operated, load break type disconnect switches.

Tie-in to PC distribution systems shall use details to conform to existing site utilities. The new design shall ensure matching corresponding properties at the tie-in point.

3.3.2 Radiation

Not applicable.

3.3.3 Name Plates and Product Markings

For construction power, equipment and any parts of that equipment to be used by personnel shall be identified with appropriate labels. (Electrical equipment numbers will be provided by Hanford Electrical Utilities.)

3.3.4 Workmanship

For roads, the following WSDOT sections of 1994 Standard Specification apply:

- 2.01 Clearing and Grubbing and Roadside Cleanup
- 2.03 Roadway Excavation and Embankment

- 2.04 Haul
- 2.06 Subgrade Preparation
- 2.07 Watering
- 2.09 Structural Excavation
- 4.02 Gravel Bases
- 4.04 Ballast and Crushed Surfacing
- 5.04 Asphalt Concrete Pavement
- 7.02 Culverts
- 8.01 Erosion Control
- 8.11 Guardrail
- 8.20 Illumination, Traffic Signals and Electrical
- 8.21 Permanent Signing
- 8.22 Pavement Markings

For site development, see the applicable sections for roads above.

3.3.5 Interchangeability

For construction power, new system components shall be interchangeable with the existing system components.

3.3.6 Safety

Safety reviews performed during the normal planning, design and execution of the roads and site development will mitigate identified hazards associated with construction and operations. All construction shall be in accordance with appropriate safety codes, regulations and standards.

For construction electrical power the system shall be designed and installed in accordance with DOE Order 6430-1A, the National Electric Safety Code IEEE C2, and WAC 296-45.

3.3.7 Human Engineering

Not applicable.

3.3.8 Nuclear Control

Not applicable.

3.3.9 System Security

Not applicable.

3.3.10 Government Furnished Property Usage

Selected on-site areas or previously developed pits will be identified for the site development contractors' use in obtaining sources of fill soils, sand, and gravel for site development, earthwork, and stabilization, and base material for roads.

3.3.11 Computer Resource Reserve Capacity

Not applicable.

3.4 DOCUMENTATION

3.4.1 Design Phase

Initial documentation required would be to record the baseline for the project- technical, cost and schedule. Technical baseline would be as outlined in Sections 3.3, 3.3.1 and 3.3.4, with additional details in a Conceptual Design Report, as required. Cost and schedule baseline would integrate the technical requirements and other requirements that establish a schedule when the road and site development must be complete to meet the requirements of the PC.

Once the baseline is established, progress reports comparing progress to the baseline would be issued periodically. These reports would also document adherence with the established technical requirements. Documents required to actually accomplish the work in the field, i.e. Procurement Specifications, Drawings, Calculations and Construction Specifications, would be checked and reviewed in accordance with requirements established by the baseline. Then, the documents would be released for construction. Document control during the entire design and construction phases would be per Hanford Site standards.

3.4.2 Construction Phase

Much of the documentation required during the construction phase is related to the business side - progress payments, claims, safety reporting and the like. Documentation related to assuring the construction is completed in accordance with specifications includes

submittal by the contractor for approval by the contract administrator, quality assurance records (see Section 4.0) and periodic reports by the contract administrator. Records of engineering changes during construction track the changes to the original design. Finally, as-building when the project is complete would record the final configuration.

3.5 LOGISTICS

See below for consideration of various factors:

1. Maintenance- See Section 3.2.5.2.
2. Transportation Modes- Not applicable.
3. Supply-system requirements- Not applicable.
4. Impact on existing facilities- See Section 3.2.3.
5. Impact on existing equipment- See Section 3.2.2.

3.6 PERSONNEL AND TRAINING

No additional personnel or special training should be required to operate and maintain the roads or the developed site, since the changes are simply additions to existing facilities.

3.7 CHARACTERISTICS OF SUB-SYSTEM ELEMENTS

Not applicable.

3.8 PRECEDENCE

The hierarchical relationship of documents is as follows:

Federal Laws - Code of Federal Regulations.

Revised Code of Washington (RCW), as applied in the Washington Administrative Code (WAC).

Local Ordinances

US DOE Orders. Particularly DOE 6430.1A.

Washington State Standard Specifications.

National Codes (ASTM, ANSI, etc.).

3.9 QUALIFICATION

Not applicable

3.10 STANDARD SAMPLE

Not applicable

4.0 QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS

The following matrix shows the important quality assurance requirements for roads and site development and construction electrical power:

Specification	Description	Responsibility	Remarks
WSDOT 2.03,9.02,9.04	Asphalt Concrete Pavement	Engineer	Approve mix before placing.
ICF KH Procedures	Backfill Permit	Engineer	To Contractor before backfill begins.
WSDOT 9.02,5.04	Initial Crack Sealing	Engineer	Approve before work begins
WSDOT 9.02, 5.04	Lab Test, ACP Mixture	Contractor	Submit to engineer for approval.
WSDOT 9.02,5.04	Paving, verify temp.,tack coat, compaction.	Contractor	Records to Engineer.
WSDOT 2.03	Backfill Compaction	Contractor	Test results record to Engineer.
WSDOT 4.02,4.04	Base Compaction	Contractor	Test results record to Engineer.
WSDOT 4.02,4.04	Density of base	Contractor	Test results record to Engineer.
WSDOT 4.02, 4.04	Gradation	Contractor	Test result record to Engineer.
IEEE C2 and WAC 296-45	National Electrical Safety Code	Contractor	Inspection/ Test Results Records to Engineer
NFPA-70	National Electrical Code	Contractor	Inspection/ Test Results Records to Engineer

5.0 PREPARATION FOR DELIVERY

Not applicable.

6.0 NOTES

6.1 ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

AASHTO	American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials
ACSR	Aluminum Conductors, Coated Steel Reinforced
ANSI	American National Standards Institute
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials
DOE	U. S. Department of Energy
DRD	Design Requirements Document
HLW	High Level Waste
IEEE	The Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers, Inc.
LAW	Low Activity Waste
NEMA	National Electrical Manufacturers Association
PC	Privatization Contractor(s)
RL	U. S. Department of Energy, Richland Operations Office
TWRS	Tank Waste Remediation System
WHC	Westinghouse Hanford Company
WAC	Washington Administrative Code
WSDOT	Washington State Department of Transportation

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