International Petroleum Statistics Report

June 1996

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International Petroleum Statistics Report

June 1996

Energy Information Administration
Office of Energy Markets and End Use
U.S. Department of Energy
Washington, DC 20585

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Preface

The International Petroleum Statistics Report is a monthly publication that provides current international oil data. This report is published for the use of Members of Congress, Federal agencies, State agencies, industry, and the general public. Publication of this report is in keeping with responsibilities given the Energy Information Administration in Public Law 95-91 (Section 205(a)(2)) that states:

"The Administrator shall be responsible for carrying out a central, comprehensive, and unified energy data and information program which will collect, evaluate, assemble, analyze and disseminate data and information ..."

The International Petroleum Statistics Report presents data on international oil production, demand, imports, exports, and stocks. The report has four sections. Section 1 contains time series data on world oil production, and on oil demand and stocks in the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD). This section contains annual data beginning in 1985, and monthly data for the most recent two years. Section 2 presents an oil supply/demand balance for the world. This balance is presented in quarterly intervals for the most recent two years. Section 3 presents data on oil imports by OECD countries. This section contains annual data for the most recent year, quarterly data for the most recent two quarters, and monthly data for the most recent twelve months. Section 4 presents annual time series data on world oil production and oil stocks, demand, and trade in OECD countries. World oil production and OECD demand data are for the years 1970 through 1995; OECD stocks from 1973 through 1995; and OECD trade from 1984 through 1994.

Data for the United States are developed by the Energy Information Administration's (EIA) Office of Oil and Gas. Data for other countries are derived largely from published sources, including International Energy Agency publications, the EIA International Energy Annual, and the trade press. (See sources after each section.) All data are reviewed by the International Statistics Branch of EIA. All data have been converted to units of measurement familiar to the American public. Definitions of oil production and consumption are consistent with other EIA publications.

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NOTE

Revisions reflect changes to data that are now available on the EIA Home Page (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/world/main1.html>).

Oil Market Chronology -- May 1996

The following chronology lists international events of potential significance for world petroleum markets. Sources include: Dow Jones (DJ), Financial Times (FT), Oil and Gas Journal (OGJ), Platt's Oilgram News (PON), and the Wall Street Journal (WSJ).

- April 29** In Congo, the government announces that bidding documents will be issued shortly for the privatization of Hydrocarbures de Congo (Hydro-Congo) and Congolaise de Rafinage (CORAF). Although Hydro-Congo was previously active in upstream exploration and production, its activities recently were limited by a lack of financial resources to the distribution of petroleum products. CORAF is the state-owned refining company. The privatizations are expected to spur foreign investment in the country's ailing downstream sector and allow for adequate processing of increased domestic oil output. In 1995, Congo produced about 175,000 barrels per day. Oil production is expected to rise to around 260,000 barrels per day by 1998 after Elf's N'Kossa and Agip's Kitina fields come online. (DJ)
- May 1** Bolivian President Gonzalo Sanchez de Lozada signs a new hydrocarbon law allowing for the privatization of state-owned Yacimientos Petroliferos de Fomento Boliviano (YPFB). YPFB is one of six large state-owned companies which are undergoing privatization. Fifty-two foreign companies have pre-qualified to bid for YPFB's exploration, transportation, and product marketing operations. YPFB will retain control of three domestic oil refineries and all domestic pipelines. Bolivia currently is involved in a \$1.5-billion export pipeline project to carry natural gas to Brazil. A number of foreign companies, including Enron and Tenneco, are building the privately-financed line. (DJ, WSJ)
- May 3** Following French diplomatic initiatives, Yemen and Eritrea agree to form an arbitration panel to solve their territorial dispute over three islands located 100 miles north of the Red Sea's Bab al-Mandab Strait. In December 1995, the two countries fought briefly over control of Greater Hanish Island, resulting in twelve deaths. Eritrea now controls Greater Hanish Island, while Yemeni forces hold Lesser Hanish and Zugar Islands. All of the islands lie astride major oil shipping routes as well as near offshore oil exploration acreage held by foreign companies, including Houston-based Anadarko Petroleum. (DJ)
- May 4** Eight hundred Norwegian oil workers stage a strike in sympathy with a similar month-long action by a construction workers' union demanding revised contract laws. The strike by the Federation of Trade Unions of Oil Workers' (OFS) cuts 1 million barrels per day of oil production from the 190,000-barrel-per-day Statfjord B, 320,000-barrel-per-day Statfjord C, 150,000-barrel-per-day Gullfaks A, 150,000-barrel-per-day Gullfaks C, and the smaller Ula, Heimdal, and Oseberg C fields. The shut-in amounts to about one-third of Norway's oil output. Subsequently, Statoil, a major Norwegian oil company, declares *force majeure* on one cargo of crude oil deliveries. The strike ends after six-days due to lack of unanimity among OFS members. (DJ, PON)
- May 10** In Vietnam, Royal Dutch/Shell relinquishes its Block 10 concession in the Nam Con Son basin off the country's southeastern coast. Shell makes the decision after drilling four unsuccessful exploration wells on the acreage, which was long-thought to hold promising potential. The move is made amidst the Vietnamese government's rejection of Australia-based BHP's efforts to renegotiate the terms for its Dai Hung oil field in Block 5-1. BHP sought a revised contract after appraisal drilling reduced Dai Hung's estimated reserves from 500 million to 200 million barrels. Due to unexpectedly complex geology, Dai Hung's production since its October 1994 start-up has fallen from 35,000 barrels per day to 12,000 barrels per day. (FT)
- May 11** The Vietnamese government states its intention to build a second 120,000-barrel-per-day refinery in Thanh Hoa province, roughly 75 miles south of Hanoi. Vietnam is planning to build its first 120,000-barrel-per-day refinery at Dung Quat on the country's central coast. Foreign companies such as France-based Total have criticized the government's decision to build the two new refineries far away from the country's crude oil reserves and main product markets in the south. A consortium including Conoco is developing plans to build the first refinery, which could become operational by 2000. The government hopes to finish the second refinery by 2002. (DJ)

- May 11** Kazakstan and Iran sign an agreement in which Kazakstan will ship up to 80,000 barrels per day of crude oil from the Tengiz oil field in exchange for a comparable amount of Iranian crude oil supplied at the Kharg Island oil terminal in the Persian Gulf. It is unknown how U.S. sanctions against Iran will impact on the agreement, which involves U.S.-based Chevron. In March 1996, output at the Chevron-operated Tengiz field reached 100,000 barrels per day, up dramatically from the 50,000-60,000 barrels per day which the field had been limited to prior to a recent export pipeline agreement with Russia. Production is slated to reach 130,000 barrels per day by the end of 1996. Peak output from the 6-billion barrel field could reach more than 700,000 barrels per day by 2010. (DJ)
- May 14** The Peruvian government and a Shell/Mobil consortium sign a \$2.8-billion deal to develop the Camisea natural gas field. The Camisea field contains estimated reserves of 11 trillion cubic feet of natural gas and 700 million barrels of condensate. Development will include construction of a 600-megawatt gas-fired power plant and 373 miles of oil and gas pipelines to link the Amazonian field to the coastal capital of Lima. Construction of other gas-fired power stations is possible, as is a link to the proposed gas export pipeline between Bolivia and Brazil. Concurrent with the agreement, a car bomb explodes at a Shell office building in Lima. Maoist Sendero Luminoso rebels opposing foreign involvement in Peru's natural resource development are blamed by the Peruvian government for the attack. (PON, DJ, WSJ)
- Iran signs an agreement to acquire a 10 percent stake in the Caspian Sea's Shakh Deniz oil field from Azerbaijan's state-owned oil company SOCAR. However, the Iranian share will be taken by OEIC, a 60 percent privately-owned engineering and construction company, rather than by state-owned National Iranian Oil Company. In April 1996, Russia-based Lukoil purchased from SOCAR a 10 percent stake in Shakh Deniz, which contains up to 700 million barrels of oil and 14 trillion cubic feet of natural gas. The new development consortium now comprises Iran's OEIC (10%), Lukoil (10%), British Petroleum/Statoil (45%), SOCAR (10%), Turkey's TPAO (15%), and Elf Aquitaine (10%). (PON)
- May 15** In offshore Myanmar, U.S.-based ARCO is awarded the block M-7 concession, which lies adjacent to Total's and Unocal's \$1.1-billion Yadana gas field development. The Yadana field contains estimated gas reserves of 5.7 trillion cubic feet. Total and Unocal currently are planning to construct a pipeline to supply 525 million cubic feet per day of Yadana gas to Thailand, starting in 1998. In nearby acreage, a Texaco consortium is negotiating a similar gas sales contract with Thailand for the 1.5-trillion-cubic-foot Yetagun field. (PON)
- May 16** Chevron and state-owned China National Offshore Oil Corporation sign a production sharing contract for promising exploration acreage in the South China Sea. Chevron's Contract Area 63/15 lies south of Hainan Island off the Vietnamese coast. The concession also is adjacent to Arco's large Yacheng 13-1 gas field, which in January 1996, began supplying natural gas to Hong Kong and mainland China via pipeline. (PON, DJ, OGJ)
- In Kazakstan, Mobil acquires a \$1.1-billion, 25 percent stake in the Tengiz field development from the Kazak government. Chevron (50%), Mobil (25%), and the Kazak government (25%) are now the parties involved in the project. Chevron has spent almost \$1 billion so far in field development work, which has suffered delays because of difficulties finding a solution to the problem of export routes. Chevron is expected to spend another \$750 million for its share of a new export pipeline, which will run to Russia's Novorossiysk oil terminal on the Black Sea. Mobil's commitment will require an initial investment of \$500 million, with the balance of \$600 million due in installments by 2000. (WSJ, DJ)
- May 20** In New York, the United Nations (U.N.) and Iraq agree to U.N. Resolution 986, which provides Iraq with the opportunity to sell \$1 billion of oil every 90 days for a 180-day trial period. Under the resolution, proceeds from the sale would be used for humanitarian purposes. The agreement comes following months of negotiations. Iraqi oil exports are expected to begin by the fall of 1996, after a pumping station on the Iraq-Turkey pipeline is repaired and U.N. monitoring and aid distribution facilities are put in place. Shortly after the agreement, the White House announces its decision to allow U.S. oil companies to purchase Iraqi oil exports. (FT, PON, WSJ)

- May 22** In Cabinda, Front for the Liberation of the Enclave of Cabinda - Armed Forces of Cabinda (FLEC-FAC) rebels fight with Angolan government troops only a week after FLEC-FAC signed a cease-fire agreement with the government. Since 1975, FLEC-FAC's 3,000-man army has fought the Angolan government for the 2,880-square mile Cabinda province, which is located on the coast between Zaire and Congo. Cabinda's offshore oil fields are run primarily by Chevron and account for over half of Angola's 700,000-barrel-per-day oil production. FLEC-FAC's struggle is separate from Jonas Savimbi's UNITA conflict. In 1995, UNITA and the government signed a peace accord and presently are demobilizing their armies. (DJ)
- In Equatorial Guinea, Planning Minister Antonio Fernando Nve Ngu states that oil production from Mobil's offshore Zafiro field will begin by August 1996, only 18 months after the field's discovery. A floating production, storage, and offloading vessel will be used in a fast-track development program, which is slated to yield 40,000 barrels per day initially and 80,000 barrels per day by 1998. The Zafiro field is a boon for the country's economy, which is one of the poorest in Africa. (DJ, OGJ)
- May 23** State-owned Petroleum Authority of Thailand (PTT) signs agreements to increase its purchases of gas from foreign-operated Gulf of Thailand gas fields. In the two separate deals, PTT agrees to buy 330 million cubic feet per day of gas from Unocal's 1-trillion-cubic-foot Pailin field by 2001 and 550 million cubic feet per day of gas from Total's 3.3-trillion-cubic-foot Bongkot field by mid-1998. Thailand's domestic gas demand is estimated at 1 billion cubic feet per day and is projected to double over the next five years. To meet its increased requirements, Thailand also is planning to import gas from Malaysia, Myanmar, and Indonesia. (PON)
- May 28** Following a May 7 ambush of Nigerian troops by Cameroonian army forces, Nigeria and Cameroon agree to allow a U.N. mission to travel to the disputed Bakassi Peninsula. Clashes between Nigeria and Cameroon have erupted several times on the Peninsula since February 1996. The Bakassi Peninsula is a 600-square mile region bordering the two countries. It contains oil and natural gas reserves and is near Shell production facilities in southeastern Nigeria. Nigeria claims that an 1858 treaty places the Peninsula in its territory. Cameroon contends that Nigeria offered it the region after Cameroon refused to help Biafran rebels during Nigeria's 1967 civil war. More recently, Nigeria has accused Cameroon of siphoning off 130,000 barrels per day of oil from the producing fields in the region. The International Court of Justice in the Hague also is reviewing the case. (DJ)
- May 29** In Vietnam, Unocal signs a contract for the Block B concession off the country's southwestern coast. The move follows Conoco's acquisition last month of offshore acreage claimed by both Vietnam and China. Unocal's latest acquisition is the first by a foreign company in Vietnam's territory in the Gulf of Thailand. The company believes that natural gas may be present in Block B. Any sizable gas discoveries by Unocal likely would be exported to Thailand via Unocal's other existing gas processing complexes in the Gulf of Thailand. (FT)
- In Russia, Mobil and Texaco sign a production sharing agreement (PSA) for the Sakhalin III venture. Located offshore Sakhalin Island in Russia's Far East, Sakhalin III is one of three large oil and gas developments being planned by foreign oil companies. In the deal, both companies agree to spend \$150 million in exploration activities over a six year period. Since last year, many foreign oil companies have been waiting for revisions to Russia's new PSA law, which is widely viewed as not offering adequate legal protection for foreign investment in the country's oil and gas sectors. (DJ, PON)

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1. Annual and Monthly Oil Data

Table 1.1a World Crude Oil Production (Including Lease Condensate), 1985-Present
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Algeria	Gabon	Indo- nesia	Iran	Iraq	Kuwait ^{1/}	Libya	Nigeria	Qatar	Saudi Arabia ^{1/}	United Arab Emirates	Vene- zuela	Total OPEC
1985 Average.....	1,037	172	1,325	2,250	1,433	1,023	1,059	1,495	301	3,388	1,193	1,677	16,353
1986 Average.....	945	166	1,390	2,035	1,690	1,419	1,034	1,467	308	4,870	1,330	1,787	18,441
1987 Average.....	1,048	155	1,343	2,298	2,079	1,585	972	1,341	293	4,265	1,541	1,752	18,672
1988 Average.....	1,040	159	1,342	2,240	2,685	1,492	1,175	1,450	346	5,086	1,565	1,903	20,483
1989 Average.....	1,095	208	1,409	2,810	2,897	1,783	1,150	1,716	380	5,064	1,860	1,907	22,279
1990 Average.....	1,175	270	1,462	3,088	2,040	1,175	1,375	1,810	406	6,410	2,117	2,137	23,465
1991 Average.....	1,230	294	1,592	3,312	305	190	1,483	1,892	395	8,115	2,386	2,375	23,569
1992 Average.....	1,214	298	1,504	3,429	425	1,058	1,433	1,943	423	8,332	2,266	2,371	24,695
1993 Average.....	R1,162	R313	R1,511	R3,540	512	R1,852	R1,361	R1,960	R413	8,198	R2,159	2,450	R25,431
1994 Average.....	R1,180	329	1,514	3,635	553	2,034	1,378	2,037	444	8,147	2,263	R2,588	R26,101
1995 January.....	1,180	335	1,520	3,585	555	2,070	1,390	2,000	455	8,120	2,280	2,600	26,090
February.....	1,180	335	1,500	3,685	555	2,070	1,390	1,980	475	8,220	2,280	2,600	26,270
March.....	1,180	335	1,510	3,485	555	2,060	1,390	1,890	485	8,110	2,280	2,600	25,880
April.....	1,180	335	1,510	3,635	555	2,070	1,390	2,050	485	8,220	2,280	2,670	26,380
May.....	1,180	335	1,510	3,835	555	2,050	1,390	2,080	485	8,400	2,280	2,790	26,890
June.....	1,180	335	1,510	3,585	555	2,050	1,390	1,960	485	8,100	2,280	2,790	26,220
July.....	1,210	335	1,510	3,535	555	2,060	1,390	1,980	485	8,410	2,280	2,790	26,540
August.....	1,210	350	1,510	3,685	555	2,075	1,390	2,035	485	8,425	2,280	2,790	26,790
September.....	1,210	350	1,510	3,635	555	2,035	1,390	2,040	485	8,315	2,280	2,790	26,595
October.....	1,210	350	1,560	3,735	555	2,065	1,390	2,060	485	8,315	2,280	2,840	26,845
November.....	1,220	350	1,560	3,635	555	2,070	1,390	2,110	495	8,020	2,280	2,840	26,525
December.....	1,220	350	1,560	3,685	555	2,015	1,390	2,145	495	8,110	2,215	2,890	26,630
1995 Average.....	1,197	341	1,523	3,643	555	2,057	1,390	2,028	483	8,231	2,274	2,750	26,473
1996 January.....	1,220	360	1,540	3,735	555	2,038	1,400	2,160	500	8,118	2,290	2,940	26,855
February.....	1,220	360	1,540	3,685	555	2,057	1,400	2,180	500	8,248	2,265	2,940	26,950
March.....	1,210	360	1,540	3,715	555	2,057	1,400	2,190	500	8,248	2,285	2,990	27,050
April.....	1,230	365	1,530	3,685	555	2,067	1,400	2,200	505	8,128	2,285	2,990	26,940
1996 Average.....	1,220	361	1,538	3,705	555	2,054	1,400	2,182	501	8,185	2,281	2,965	26,949

^{1/} Includes about one-half of the production in the Kuwait-Saudi Arabia Neutral Zone from 1980 through July 1990 and beginning in June 1991. Kuwaiti Neutral Zone output was discontinued following Iraq's invasion of Kuwait on August 2, 1990, but was resumed in June 1991. From August 1990 through May 1991, all production in the Neutral Zone was included in the data for Saudi Arabia. In April 1996, Neutral Zone production by both Kuwait and Saudi Arabia totaled about 495 thousand barrels per day.

Notes: •OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. •Monthly data are often preliminary and also may not average to the annual totals due to rounding.

Sources: See end of Section 1.

Table 1.1b World Crude Oil Production (Including Lease Condensate), 1985-Present
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Norway	United Kingdom	North Sea/ Seal/	Angola	Argentina	Australia	Brazil	Canada	China	Colombia	Ecuador
1985 Average.....	788	2,530	3,417	231	460	575	564	1,471	2,505	176	281
1986 Average.....	870	2,539	3,547	282	434	520	572	1,474	2,620	305	293
1987 Average.....	1,022	2,406	3,584	360	428	547	566	1,535	2,690	385	174
1988 Average.....	1,158	2,232	3,540	452	449	538	554	1,616	2,730	378	302
1989 Average.....	1,554	1,802	3,515	455	460	490	596	1,560	2,757	403	279
1990 Average.....	1,704	1,820	3,667	475	483	575	631	1,553	2,774	440	285
1991 Average.....	1,890	1,797	3,811	500	485	545	630	1,548	2,835	419	299
1992 Average.....	2,230	1,825	4,182	526	553	535	626	1,605	2,845	433	321
1993 Average.....	R2,350	1,915	R4,403	R509	R594	R503	643	R1,679	R2,890	R456	R344
1994 Average.....	2,521	2,375	5,058	538	650	536	671	R1,793	2,939	455	R379
1995 January.....	2,660	2,520	5,341	580	700	575	710	1,792	2,950	500	400
February.....	2,605	2,610	5,368	580	700	550	710	1,774	3,000	540	400
March.....	2,680	2,565	5,399	610	700	540	685	1,739	3,000	550	400
April.....	2,735	2,570	5,456	630	710	550	700	1,811	3,000	550	400
May.....	2,750	2,305	5,201	645	710	550	330	1,754	2,980	560	400
June.....	2,480	1,855	4,486	660	710	580	710	1,847	2,980	605	390
July.....	2,765	2,350	5,253	660	720	595	750	1,843	2,980	615	385
August.....	2,560	2,405	5,107	660	720	600	760	1,805	3,015	620	375
September.....	2,775	2,655	5,581	655	720	605	730	1,890	3,070	645	390
October.....	3,030	2,740	5,924	690	720	570	755	1,840	3,070	635	390
November.....	3,060	2,685	5,889	690	720	500	750	1,840	3,070	605	385
December.....	3,095	2,615	5,854	690	720	525	760	1,870	3,070	640	390
1995 Average.....	2,768	2,489	5,406	646	713	562	695	1,817	3,015	589	392
1996 January.....	3,085	R2,600	5,819	705	710	530	R770	1,775	R3,115	620	390
February.....	3,165	2,625	5,935	705	710	560	785	1,705	3,100	620	390
March.....	2,990	R2,570	5,715	705	710	R580	R775	R1,800	R3,050	R635	390
April.....	3,160	2,467	5,768	705	710	595	775	1,702	3,100	635	390
1996 Average.....	3,098	2,565	5,808	705	710	566	776	1,747	3,091	628	390

1/ North Sea includes the United Kingdom Offshore, Norway, Denmark, Netherlands Offshore, and Germany Offshore.

R=Revised data.

Notes: •Monthly data are often preliminary and also may not average to the annual totals due to rounding. See Section 4 for historical series.

Sources: See end of Section 1.

Table 1.1c World Crude Oil Production (Including Lease Condensate), 1985-Present
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Egypt	India	Malaysia	Mexico	Oman	Russia	Former U.S.S.R.	Syria	United States	Other ^{1/}	World
1985 Average.....	887	620	440	2,745	498	--	11,585	178	8,971	R2,124	R53,982
1986 Average.....	813	630	504	2,435	560	--	11,895	194	8,680	2,166	56,227
1987 Average.....	896	609	497	2,548	582	--	12,050	230	8,349	2,120	56,666
1988 Average.....	848	635	540	2,512	617	--	12,053	265	8,140	2,235	58,737
1989 Average.....	865	700	585	2,520	641	--	11,715	340	7,613	2,249	59,863
1990 Average.....	873	660	619	2,553	685	--	10,975	388	7,355	2,253	60,566
1991 Average.....	874	615	646	2,680	700	--	9,992	492	7,417	2,274	60,207
1992 Average.....	881	561	653	2,669	740	7,632	--	481	7,171	R3,233	R60,216
1993 Average.....	R890	R534	R640	R2,673	776	R6,730	--	R554	6,847	R3,288	R60,246
1994 Average.....	R896	R590	645	2,689	R815	R6,135	--	R560	6,662	R3,408	R61,358
1995 January.....	920	695	650	2,680	845	5,675	--	615	R6,682	R3,394	R61,633
February.....	920	685	680	2,645	845	5,860	--	615	R6,794	R3,364	R62,148
March.....	920	695	680	2,670	845	5,675	--	615	R6,600	R3,360	R61,409
April.....	920	700	680	2,670	850	5,767	--	610	R6,604	R3,369	R62,206
May.....	920	715	680	2,680	850	5,860	--	610	R6,629	R3,387	R62,205
June.....	920	720	680	2,700	850	5,856	--	610	R6,579	R3,389	R61,340
July.....	920	720	690	2,705	850	5,776	--	610	6,449	R3,381	R62,304
August.....	920	715	690	2,710	850	5,820	--	610	R6,447	R3,349	R62,421
September.....	920	720	690	2,740	850	5,789	--	610	R6,416	R3,360	R62,825
October.....	920	690	690	1,900	860	5,798	--	605	R6,421	R3,319	R62,489
November.....	920	685	690	2,555	860	5,662	--	605	R6,585	R3,303	R62,695
December.....	920	700	690	2,765	860	5,684	--	605	R6,530	R3,325	R63,084
1995 Average.....	920	703	682	2,618	851	5,768	--	610	R6,560	R3,358	R62,230
1996 January.....	920	R675	680	2,795	865	5,864	--	605	E6,495	R3,336	R63,391
February.....	920	R700	680	2,800	865	5,970	--	605	E6,550	R3,360	R63,765
March.....	920	R700	680	2,870	865	R5,856	--	605	RE6,516	R3,349	R63,616
April.....	920	700	680	2,860	865	5,864	--	605	PE6,365	3,344	63,383
1996 Average.....	920	694	680	2,832	865	5,887	--	605	PE6,481	3,347	63,536

^{1/} Other is a calculated total derived from the difference between "World" and the sum of production in "Total OPEC" (Table 1.1a) and all other countries listed (Tables 1.1b and 1.1c). The total "North Sea" is not subtracted from the world total, though Norway and the United Kingdom have been subtracted.

-- = Not applicable. R=Revised data. E=Estimated. PE=Preliminary estimate. RE=Revised estimate.

Notes: •Monthly data are often preliminary and also may not average to the annual totals due to rounding. See Section 4 for historical series.

Sources: See end of Section 1.

Table 1.2 OPEC Crude Oil Production (Excluding Condensate), 1985-Present
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Algeria	Gabon	Indo- nesia	Iran	Iraq	Kuwait1/ Libya	Nigeria	Qatar	Saudi Arabia1/ Emirates	United Arab Emirates	Vene- zuela	Total OPEC
1985 Average...	702	172	1,181	2,250	1,433	1,023	1,059	1,475	301	3,388	1,133	15,675
1986 Average...	600	166	1,257	2,035	1,690	1,419	1,034	1,447	308	4,870	1,270	17,741
1987 Average...	648	155	1,189	2,298	2,079	1,585	972	1,291	293	4,265	1,441	17,803
1988 Average...	640	159	1,177	2,240	2,685	1,492	1,175	1,400	346	5,086	1,465	19,580
1989 Average...	690	208	1,231	2,810	2,897	1,783	1,150	1,666	380	5,064	1,783	21,409
1990 Average...	765	277	1,281	3,088	2,040	1,175	1,375	1,755	406	6,410	2,066	22,735
1991 Average...	800	294	1,410	3,312	305	190	1,483	1,832	395	8,115	2,326	22,800
1992 Average...	772	298	1,326	3,429	425	1,058	1,433	1,820	423	8,332	2,206	23,856
1993 Average...	R747	R313	R1,327	R3,540	512	R1,852	R1,361	R1,835	R413	8,198	R2,109	R24,617
1994 Average...	R750	329	1,334	3,600	548	2,034	1,378	1,887	409	8,147	2,183	R25,141
1995 January...	750	335	1,340	3,550	550	2,070	1,390	1,850	420	8,120	2,200	25,135
February...	750	335	1,320	3,650	550	2,070	1,390	1,830	440	8,220	2,200	25,315
March.....	750	335	1,330	3,450	550	2,060	1,390	1,740	450	8,110	2,200	24,925
April.....	750	335	1,330	3,600	550	2,070	1,390	1,900	450	8,220	2,200	25,425
May.....	750	335	1,330	3,800	550	2,050	1,390	1,930	450	8,400	2,200	25,935
June.....	750	335	1,330	3,550	550	2,050	1,390	1,810	450	8,100	2,200	25,265
July.....	780	335	1,330	3,500	550	2,060	1,390	1,830	450	8,410	2,200	25,585
August....	780	350	1,330	3,650	550	2,075	1,390	1,885	450	8,425	2,200	25,835
September.	780	350	1,330	3,600	550	2,035	1,390	1,890	450	8,315	2,200	25,640
October...	780	350	1,380	3,700	550	2,065	1,390	1,910	450	8,315	2,200	25,890
November..	790	350	1,380	3,600	550	2,070	1,390	1,960	460	8,020	2,200	25,570
December..	790	350	1,380	3,650	550	R2,015	1,390	1,980	470	8,110	2,165	R25,700
1995 Average...	767	341	1,343	3,608	550	R2,057	1,390	1,876	449	8,231	2,197	R25,520
1996 January...	790	360	1,360	3,700	550	2,038	1,400	2,010	465	8,118	2,210	25,900
February...	790	360	1,360	3,650	550	2,057	1,400	2,030	465	8,248	2,185	25,995
March.....	780	360	1,360	3,680	550	2,057	1,400	2,040	465	8,248	2,205	26,095
April.....	800	365	1,350	3,650	550	2,067	1,400	2,050	475	8,128	2,205	25,985
1996 Average...	790	361	1,358	3,670	550	2,054	1,400	2,032	466	8,184	2,201	25,994

1/ Includes about one-half of the production in the Kuwait-Saudi Arabia Neutral Zone from 1980 through July 1990 and beginning in June 1991. Kuwaiti Neutral Zone output was discontinued following Iraq's invasion of Kuwait on August 2, 1990, but was resumed in June 1991. From August 1990 through May 1991, all production in the Neutral Zone was included in the data for Saudi Arabia. In April 1996, Neutral Zone production by both Kuwait and Saudi Arabia totaled about 495 thousand barrels per day.

R=Revised data.

Notes: •OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

•Monthly data are often preliminary and also may not average to the annual totals due to rounding.

Sources: See end of Section 1.

Table 1.3 World Natural Gas Plant Liquids Production, 1985-Present
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Algeria	Canada	Mexico	Saudi Arabia	Former USSR	United States ^{1/}	Persian Gulf ^{2/}	OAPEC ^{3/}	OPEC ^{3/}	World
1985 Average.....	120	337	271	375	350	1,609	645	808	892	3,938
1986 Average.....	120	328	352	385	440	1,551	700	860	969	4,150
1987 Average.....	140	367	338	418	430	1,595	721	900	1,006	4,279
1988 Average.....	120	381	370	499	450	1,625	808	979	1,077	4,481
1989 Average.....	130	410	384	503	425	1,546	851	1,041	1,188	R4,502
1990 Average.....	130	426	428	620	425	1,559	930	1,107	1,281	R4,632
1991 Average.....	140	431	457	680	420	1,659	R931	R1,113	R1,299	R4,827
1992 Average.....	140	460	454	713	390	1,697	1,003	1,185	1,364	R4,973
1993 Average.....	145	R506	R459	704	380	1,736	R1,040	R1,238	R1,435	R5,169
1994 Average.....	R140	R539	461	698	R340	1,727	R1,081	R1,272	R1,475	R5,297
1995 January.....	145	617	475	695	410	R1,787	1,080	R1,276	1,450	R5,639
February.....	145	591	405	695	410	R1,780	1,080	R1,276	1,450	R5,546
March.....	145	611	440	695	410	R1,776	1,080	R1,276	1,450	R5,586
April.....	145	617	425	700	410	R1,794	1,085	R1,281	1,455	R5,580
May.....	145	554	460	705	410	R1,790	1,090	R1,286	1,460	R5,549
June.....	145	536	460	695	410	1,740	1,080	R1,276	1,450	R5,365
July.....	145	525	455	715	410	1,751	1,100	R1,296	1,470	R5,451
August.....	145	552	470	715	410	1,730	1,100	R1,296	1,470	R5,436
September....	145	567	470	710	410	R1,757	1,095	R1,291	1,465	R5,513
October.....	145	551	365	710	410	R1,757	1,095	R1,291	1,465	R5,448
November....	145	580	455	685	410	R1,797	1,070	R1,266	1,440	R5,561
December....	145	590	475	695	410	R1,691	1,080	R1,276	1,450	R5,475
1995 Average.....	145	574	447	701	410	1,762	1,086	R1,282	1,456	R5,512
1996 January.....	145	585	470	690	410	1,718	1,075	R1,271	1,445	R5,478
February....	145	545	475	700	410	1,675	1,085	R1,281	1,455	R5,415
March.....	145	R615	475	700	410	R1,810	1,085	R1,281	1,455	R5,612
April.....	145	615	475	690	410	E1,711	1,075	1,271	1,445	5,496
1996 Average.....	145	591	474	695	410	E1,730	1,080	1,276	1,450	5,501

^{1/} U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Excludes fuel ethanol blended into finished motor gasoline.

^{2/} See Appendix A for countries in this group.

^{3/} OAPEC=Organization of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries. OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in these groups.

R=Revised data. E=Estimated.

Notes: •Monthly data are often preliminary and also may not average to the annual totals due to rounding. See Section 4 for historical series.

Sources: See end of Section 1.

Table 1.4 World Oil Supply, 1985-Present
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	United States ^{1/}	Persian Gulf ^{2/}	OAPEC ^{3/}	OPEC ^{3/}	World
1985 Average.....	11,192	10,320	11,498	17,324	59,264
1986 Average.....	10,905	12,441	13,653	19,477	61,771
1987 Average.....	10,648	12,869	13,992	19,745	R62,429
1988 Average.....	10,473	14,310	15,662	21,625	R64,707
1989 Average.....	9,880	15,733	16,658	23,532	R65,894
1990 Average.....	9,677	16,249	17,232	24,807	R66,756
1991 Average.....	9,883	R15,704	R16,747	R24,920	R66,634
1992 Average.....	9,768	17,010	17,871	26,117	R66,937
1993 Average.....	9,602	R17,792	R18,505	R26,923	R67,343
1994 Average.....	9,413	R18,234	R18,885	R27,633	R68,585
1995 January.....	R9,561	18,217	R19,013	27,597	R69,339
February.....	R9,643	18,437	R19,133	27,777	R69,738
March.....	R9,311	18,127	R19,023	27,387	R68,905
April.....	R9,450	18,402	R19,143	27,892	R69,815
May.....	R9,497	18,767	R19,303	28,407	R69,807
June.....	R9,395	18,207	R18,998	27,727	R68,757
July.....	R9,275	18,497	R19,368	28,067	R69,806
August.....	R9,270	18,677	R19,393	28,317	R69,927
September.....	R9,279	18,472	R19,243	28,117	R70,420
October.....	R9,287	18,602	R19,268	28,367	R70,021
November.....	R9,485	18,197	R18,973	28,022	R70,335
December.....	R9,370	18,227	R18,953	28,137	R70,683
1995 Average.....	R9,400	18,403	R19,152	27,987	R69,796
1996 January.....	E9,327	18,382	R19,063	28,357	R70,958
February.....	E9,299	18,467	R19,200	28,462	R71,229
March.....	RE9,437	18,517	R19,211	28,562	R71,314
April.....	PE9,204	18,372	19,118	28,442	70,982
1996 Average.....	PE9,318	18,434	19,147	28,456	71,120

^{1/} U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Beginning in 1993, includes fuel ethanol blended into finished motor gasoline and oxygenate production from merchant MTBE plants.

^{2/} See Appendix A for countries in this group.

^{3/} OAPEC=Organization of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries. OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in these groups.

R=Revised data. E=Estimated. PE=Preliminary estimate. RE=Revised estimate.

Notes: •Oil Supply includes crude oil, natural gas plant liquids, other liquids, and refinery gain. See Explanatory Note 1 in Appendix B. •Monthly data are often preliminary and also may not average to the annual total due to rounding. See Section 4 for historical series.

Sources: See end of Section 1.

Table 1.7. OECD Oil Demand, 1985-Present
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

		France	Italy	Germany ^{1/}	United Kingdom	OECD Europe ^{2/}	United States ^{3/}	Canada	Japan	Other ^{4/}	Total OECD
1985	Average....	1,775	1,717	2,338	1,634	11,681	15,726	1,504	4,384	976	34,271
1986	Average....	1,772	1,738	2,498	1,649	12,102	16,281	1,506	4,439	951	35,279
1987	Average....	1,789	1,855	2,424	1,603	12,255	16,665	1,548	4,484	959	35,911
1988	Average....	1,797	1,836	2,422	1,697	12,427	17,283	1,693	4,752	939	37,093
1989	Average....	1,857	1,930	2,280	1,738	12,531	17,325	1,733	4,983	998	37,570
1990	Average....	1,818	1,872	2,382	1,752	12,629	16,988	1,690	5,140	1,027	37,475
1991	Average....	1,935	1,863	2,828	1,801	13,391	16,714	1,622	5,284	1,056	38,067
1992	Average....	1,926	1,937	2,843	1,803	13,605	17,033	1,643	5,446	1,041	38,768
1993	Average....	1,875	1,852	2,900	1,815	13,492	17,237	1,688	5,401	1,117	38,935
1994	Average....	1,833	1,841	2,879	1,837	13,584	17,718	1,727	5,674	1,173	39,876
1995											
	January....	1,949	1,944	2,722	1,754	13,488	R17,219	1,683	6,065	1,123	R39,577
	February...	1,895	2,128	2,801	1,953	13,839	R18,279	1,850	6,811	1,175	R41,954
	March.....	2,002	1,993	3,198	1,972	14,534	R17,484	1,699	6,366	1,241	R41,323
	April.....	1,834	1,837	2,866	1,788	13,534	R17,142	1,569	5,580	1,170	R38,995
	May.....	1,764	1,829	2,932	1,778	13,302	R17,293	1,732	5,051	1,263	R38,642
	June.....	1,846	1,884	2,870	1,809	13,707	R18,131	1,774	4,996	1,219	R39,827
	July.....	1,933	1,861	2,829	1,736	13,451	R17,147	1,755	5,091	1,163	R38,607
	August.....	1,786	1,722	2,920	1,795	13,629	R18,044	1,872	5,573	1,223	R40,342
	September..	1,887	1,961	2,948	1,818	13,963	R18,026	1,821	5,382	1,225	R40,418
	October....	1,870	2,053	2,764	1,841	13,954	R17,651	R1,790	5,135	1,158	R39,688
	November...	1,957	2,195	2,915	2,010	14,761	R17,979	R1,792	5,892	1,167	R41,591
	December...	2,031	2,117	2,740	1,761	14,426	R18,366	R1,828	6,881	1,207	R42,710
	Average....	1,896	1,959	2,876	1,833	13,882	R17,725	1,763	5,730	1,195	R40,294
1996											
	January....	1,907	2,024	2,909	R1,762	R13,944	18,212	R1,796	R6,241	R1,075	R41,267
	February...	2,193	2,119	3,025	1,904	14,463	18,498	1,805	6,832	1,076	42,674

^{1/} Through December 1990, the data for Germany are for the former West Germany only. Beginning with January 1991, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

^{2/} "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

^{3/} U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

^{4/} "Other" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and the U.S. Territories.

R=Revised data.

Notes: •The term Demand is used interchangeably with Consumption and Petroleum Products Supplied. See Appendix C for definition. •See Section 4 for historical series.

Sources: See end of Section 1.

Sources for Section 1 (Annual and Monthly Oil Data)

Crude Oil Production, Natural Gas Liquids Production, Other Liquids, and Refinery Gain

United States: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Supply Annual 1995 and Petroleum Supply Monthly, May 1996.

Other Countries: Annual data -- EIA, International Energy Annual, various issues. Monthly data -- Canada -- Maclean Hunter Publishing Company, Oilweek, various issues. Denmark, Mexico, Netherlands, Norway, Germany, and all OPEC countries -- Petroleum and Energy Intelligence Weekly, Inc., Petroleum Intelligence Weekly, various issues. All Other Countries -- PennWell Publishing Company, Oil and Gas Journal, various issues. Refinery Gains: National Petroleum Council, U.S. Petroleum Refinery Study, November 1986.

Oil Stocks

United States: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual 1995 and Petroleum Supply Monthly, May 1996.

Other OECD Countries: • Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances, various issues. • OECD, Monthly Oil Statistics data base, 1985-1996.

Oil Demand

United States: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual 1995 and Petroleum Supply Monthly, May 1996.

Other OECD Countries: • OECD, Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances, various issues. • OECD, Monthly Oil Statistics data base, 1985-1996.

2. International Oil Balance Data

Table 2.1 World Oil Balance, 1992-1996
(Million Barrels Per Day)

	1992	1993	1994	1995				1996					
	Annual			Quarter				Annual	Quarter				Annual
	Average			First	Second	Third	Fourth	Average	First	Second	Third	Fourth	Average
Supply ^{1/}													
OECD													
United States ^{2/}	9.77	9.60	9.41	9.50	9.45	9.27	9.38	9.40	9.36	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other OECD.....	8.09	8.40	9.30	9.82	9.43	9.73	10.32	9.83	10.17	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total OECD.....	17.85	18.00	18.71	19.32	18.88	19.00	19.70	19.23	19.53	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-OECD													
OPEC.....	26.12	26.92	27.63	27.58	28.01	28.17	28.18	27.99	28.46	NA	NA	NA	NA
Former USSR.....	8.93	7.96	7.27	6.92	7.03	6.99	6.90	6.96	7.10	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other Non-OECD.....	14.03	14.46	14.97	15.49	15.55	15.88	15.57	15.62	16.07	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Non-OECD.....	49.08	49.34	49.87	49.99	50.59	51.04	50.64	50.57	51.63	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total World Supply.....	66.94	67.34	68.59	69.31	69.46	70.05	70.35	69.80	71.17	NA	NA	NA	NA
Demand ^{3/}													
OECD													
United States ^{2/}	17.03	17.24	17.72	17.64	17.52	17.74	18.00	17.72	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other OECD.....	21.74	21.70	22.16	23.28	21.63	22.05	23.33	22.57	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total OECD.....	38.77	38.94	39.88	40.92	39.15	39.78	41.33	40.29	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-OECD													
China.....	2.66	3.11	3.13	3.29	3.29	3.29	3.39	3.31	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Former USSR.....	6.79	5.77	4.80	5.10	4.50	4.50	4.90	4.75	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other Non-OECD.....	18.35	18.83	20.78	21.61	21.21	21.11	22.32	21.56	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Non-OECD.....	27.81	27.71	28.70	30.00	29.00	28.90	30.61	29.63	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total World Demand.....	66.57	66.65	68.58	70.92	68.14	68.68	71.94	69.92	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Stock Draws / Discrepancy													
Net Reported Stock Draws ^{4/}													
U. S. Commercial.....	.05	-.12	.00	.58	-.09	-.12	.62	.25	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
U. S. Strategic.....	-.04	-.03	-.01	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other OECD.....	-.42	-.05	-.16	.61	-.53	-.45	.73	.09	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
For Export & Afloat.....	-.03	-.04	.03	-.28	.05	-.54	.22	-.14	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Commr. Floating Storage...	.04	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Reported Draws.....	-.39	-.24	-.15	.91	-.56	-1.11	1.57	.20	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other Stock Draws and													
Statistical Discrepancy ^{5/}	.03	-.45	.14	.70	-.75	-.25	.02	-.07	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

1/ Supply includes production of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas plant liquids, other hydrogen and hydrocarbons for refinery feedstocks, refinery gains, alcohol, and liquids produced from coal and other sources.

2/ U.S. geographical coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. See Explanatory Note 1 in Appendix B.

3/ The term Demand is used interchangeably with the terms Consumption and Petroleum Products Supplied. See Appendix C for definition.

4/ Stock draws are positive numbers, stock additions are negative numbers.

5/ This is computed as Total Demand minus the sum of Total Supply and Total Reported Stock Draw.

Note: Sum of components may not equal total due to rounding.

Sources: See end of Section 2.

Table 2.2 World Oil Supply, 1992-1996
(Million Barrels Per Day)

	1992	1993	1994	1995				1996					
	Annual			Quarter				Annual	Quarter				Annual
	Average			First	Second	Third	Fourth	Average	First	Second	Third	Fourth	Average
OECD													
United States1/...	9.77	9.60	9.41	9.50	9.45	9.27	9.38	9.40	9.36	NA	NA	NA	NA
Canada.....	2.13	2.24	2.38	2.43	2.42	2.45	2.48	2.44	2.40	NA	NA	NA	NA
North Sea2/.....	4.44	4.67	5.38	5.81	5.43	5.68	6.31	5.81	6.23	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other OECD.....	1.52	1.48	1.54	1.58	1.57	1.60	1.54	1.57	1.55	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total OECD.....	17.85	18.00	18.71	19.32	18.88	19.00	19.70	19.23	19.53	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-OECD													
OPEC													
Crude													
Algeria.....	1.21	1.16	1.18	1.18	1.18	1.21	1.22	1.20	1.22	NA	NA	NA	NA
Gabon.....	.30	.31	.33	.33	.33	.34	.35	.34	.36	NA	NA	NA	NA
Indonesia.....	1.50	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.56	1.52	1.54	NA	NA	NA	NA
Iran.....	3.43	3.54	3.64	3.58	3.69	3.62	3.69	3.64	3.71	NA	NA	NA	NA
Iraq.....	.42	.51	.55	.55	.55	.55	.55	.55	.55	NA	NA	NA	NA
Kuwait.....	1.06	1.85	2.03	2.07	2.06	2.06	2.05	2.06	2.05	NA	NA	NA	NA
Libya.....	1.43	1.36	1.38	1.39	1.39	1.39	1.39	1.39	1.40	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nigeria.....	1.94	1.96	2.04	1.96	2.03	2.02	2.10	2.03	2.18	NA	NA	NA	NA
Qatar.....	.42	.41	.44	.47	.48	.48	.49	.48	.50	NA	NA	NA	NA
Saudi Arabia..	8.33	8.20	8.15	8.15	8.24	8.38	8.15	8.23	8.20	NA	NA	NA	NA
United Arab													
Emirates...	2.27	2.16	2.26	2.28	2.28	2.28	2.26	2.27	2.28	NA	NA	NA	NA
Venezuela.....	2.37	2.45	2.59	2.60	2.75	2.79	2.86	2.75	2.96	NA	NA	NA	NA
Natural Gas													
Plant Liquids	1.36	1.44	1.47	1.45	1.46	1.47	1.45	1.46	1.45	NA	NA	NA	NA
Processing Gain.	.06	.06	.06	.06	.06	.06	.06	.06	.06	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total OPEC.....	26.12	26.92	27.63	27.58	28.01	28.17	28.18	27.99	28.46	NA	NA	NA	NA
Former USSR.....	8.93	7.96	7.27	6.92	7.03	6.99	6.90	6.96	7.10	NA	NA	NA	NA
China.....	2.84	2.89	2.94	2.98	2.99	3.02	3.07	3.02	3.09	NA	NA	NA	NA
Mexico.....	3.15	3.16	3.18	3.13	3.16	3.21	2.86	3.09	3.32	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other Non-OECD....	8.04	8.41	8.85	9.38	9.40	9.65	9.63	9.52	9.66	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Non-OECD....	49.08	49.34	49.87	49.99	50.59	51.04	50.64	50.57	51.63	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Supply.....	66.94	67.34	68.59	69.31	69.46	70.05	70.35	69.80	71.17	NA	NA	NA	NA

1/ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

2/ North Sea includes the United Kingdom Offshore, Norway, Denmark, Netherlands Offshore, and Germany Offshore.

Notes: *Supply includes crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas plant liquids, (except for individual OPEC countries), other hydrogen and hydrocarbons for refinery feedstocks, alcohol, liquids produced from coal and other sources, and processing gain (except for individual OPEC countries). For OPEC, natural gas plant liquids production and processing gain are shown as separate lines. *Sum of components may not equal total due to rounding.

Sources: See end of Section 2.

Sources for Section 2 (International Oil Balance Data)

Crude Oil Production, Natural Gas Liquids Production, Other Liquids, and Refinery Gain

United States: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Supply Annual 1995 and Petroleum Supply Monthly, May 1996.

Other Countries: Annual data -- EIA, International Energy Annual, various issues. Monthly data -- Canada -- Maclean Hunter Publishing Company, Oilweek, various issues. Denmark, Mexico, Netherlands, Norway, Germany, and all OPEC countries -- Petroleum and Energy Intelligence Weekly, Inc., Petroleum Intelligence Weekly, various issues. Other Countries -- PennWell Publishing Company, Oil and Gas Journal, various issues. Refinery Gains: National Petroleum Council, U.S. Petroleum Refinery Study, October 1986.

Oil Stocks

United States: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual 1995 and Petroleum Supply Monthly, May 1996.

Other OECD Countries: • Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances, various issues. • OECD, Monthly Oil Statistics data base, 1990-1995. Stocks for Export and Afloat and Commercial Floating Stocks -- Petroleum Economics Limited, Oil Industry Developments, various issues.

Oil Demand

United States: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual 1995 and Petroleum Supply Monthly, May 1996.

Other OECD Countries: • OECD, Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances, various issues. • OECD, Monthly Oil Statistics data base, 1990-1996.

OPEC Countries: EIA, International Energy Annual, various issues and Short-Term Energy Outlook, various issues.

Other countries: EIA, International Energy Annual, various issues and Short-Term Energy Outlook, various issues.

3. International Oil Imports

Table 3.1 Average Net Oil Imports into OECD Countries, 1995
(Million Barrels per Day)

	Total	OECD Europe						OECD Outside Europe			
		Total	United Kingdom	France	Germany ^{1/}	Italy	Other Europe ^{2/}	United States ^{3/}	Canada	Japan	Other ^{4/}
Total Net Imports..	20.745	7.248	-0.970	1.721	2.695	1.837	1.964	7.883	-0.736	5.709	0.642
Imports from OPEC ^{5/}	15.694	6.136	.254	.919	.714	1.216	3.033	4.208	.253	4.473	.623
Imports from Persian Gulf ^{6/}											
Total.....	9.304	3.358	.135	.647	.171	.497	1.908	1.563	.070	3.980	.333
Bahrain.....	.028	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	-.003	-	.027	.004
Iran.....	1.572	1.170	.023	.208	.031	.235	.673	.000	.002	.399	.001
Iraq.....	.000	.000	-	-	-	-	.000	-	-	-	-
Kuwait.....	.962	.232	.039	.022	.015	.000	.156	.218	.000	.503	.009
U.A.E.....	1.512	.013	.000	.002	.000	.000	.011	.004	.000	1.417	.077
Qatar.....	.358	.002	.000	.000	.000	.002	.000	.000	-	.334	.023
Saudi Arabia.....	4.871	1.940	.073	.416	.124	.260	1.067	1.344	.069	1.300	.218
Imports from OPEC-Africa											
Total.....	3.896	2.503	.065	.270	.465	.690	1.014	1.088	.101	.032	.172
Algeria.....	1.001	.686	.018	.103	.135	.102	.328	.234	.043	.011	.027
Gabon.....	.288	.033	.000	.008	.004	.000	.020	.229	.000	.005	.021
Libya.....	1.208	1.208	.032	.043	.234	.570	.329	.000	.000	-	.000
Nigeria.....	1.399	.576	.015	.115	.093	.017	.336	.625	.058	.016	.124
Imports from OPEC-South America											
Total.....	1.856	.259	.054	.002	.078	.014	.111	1.468	.082	.002	.044
Venezuela.....	1.856	.259	.054	.002	.078	.014	.111	1.468	.082	.002	.044
Imports from OPEC-Far East											
Total.....	.666	.016	.000	.000	.000	.015	.000	.087	.000	.486	.078
Indonesia.....	.666	.016	.000	.000	.000	.015	.000	.087	.000	.486	.078

1/ The data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

2/ "Other Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and Turkey.

3/ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

4/ "Other" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and U. S. Territories.

5/ OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

6/ The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. See Appendix A for countries in this group. •Negative numbers represent net exports.

•A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •See Section 4 for annual data.

Sources: See end of Section 3.

Table 3.2 Net Oil Imports into OECD Countries, (4th Quarter 1995)
(Million Barrels per Day)

	Total	OECD Europe						OECD Outside Europe			
		Total	United Kingdom	France	Germany ^{1/}	Italy	Other Europe ^{2/}	United States ^{3/}	Canada	Japan	Other ^{4/}
Total Net Imports..	20.550	7.341	-0.959	1.710	2.669	1.994	1.927	7.714	-0.792	5.680	0.607
Imports from OPEC ^{5/}	15.783	6.093	.244	.891	.635	1.396	2.927	4.219	.263	4.496	.713
Imports from Persian Gulf ^{6/}											
Total.....	9.320	3.319	.104	.603	.119	.620	1.874	1.584	.070	4.000	.347
Bahrain.....	.011	.001	.000	.000	.000	.001	.000	-.002	-	.011	.002
Iran.....	1.631	1.228	.019	.224	.018	.348	.620	.000	.000	.403	.000
Iraq.....	.000	.000	-	-	-	-	.000	-	-	-	-
Kuwait.....	.892	.121	.038	.001	.013	.000	.070	.234	.000	.531	.006
U.A.E.....	1.557	.014	.000	.005	.000	.000	.009	-.002	.000	1.469	.076
Qatar.....	.350	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	-	.314	.036
Saudi Arabia.....	4.878	1.955	.047	.374	.088	.271	1.175	1.354	.070	1.273	.227
Imports from OPEC-Africa											
Total.....	3.943	2.521	.088	.288	.442	.742	.962	1.090	.101	.020	.211
Algeria.....	.935	.636	.016	.120	.129	.122	.249	.207	.063	.000	.028
Gabon.....	.309	.025	.000	.010	.006	.000	.010	.237	.000	.000	.046
Libya.....	1.231	1.231	.032	.032	.236	.594	.338	.000	.000	-	.000
Nigeria.....	1.468	.628	.040	.126	.071	.026	.365	.646	.038	.020	.136
Imports from OPEC-South America											
Total.....	1.841	.237	.053	.000	.074	.019	.091	1.455	.092	.002	.054
Venezuela.....	1.841	.237	.053	.000	.074	.019	.091	1.455	.092	.002	.054
Imports from OPEC-Far East											
Total.....	.691	.017	.000	.000	.000	.017	.000	.087	.000	.484	.103
Indonesia.....	.691	.017	.000	.000	.000	.017	.000	.087	.000	.484	.103

^{1/} The data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

^{2/} "Other Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and Turkey.

^{3/} U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

^{4/} "Other" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and U. S. Territories.

^{5/} OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

^{6/} The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: *Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. *OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. See Appendix A for countries in this group. *Negative numbers represent net exports.

*A dash (-) indicates no trade. *Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. *See Section 4 for annual data.

Sources: See end of Section 3.

Table 3.5 OECD Imports from OPEC (Most Recent 12 Months)
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1995										1996	
	Mar	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb
Total.....	16.026	14.932	15.422	16.037	15.947	15.379	16.271	15.838	15.849	15.665	16.087	15.778
United States ¹ /....	4.367	3.876	3.995	4.427	4.328	4.130	4.747	4.178	4.408	4.076	4.247	3.866
Canada.....	.217	.117	.297	.320	.286	.195	.288	.261	.338	.191	.390	.281
OECD Europe ² /.....	5.584	6.058	6.141	6.742	6.463	6.146	6.416	6.216	5.796	6.258	5.938	6.396
Main European Importers												
France.....	.776	.857	.977	1.078	1.221	.731	.925	1.059	.774	.836	.803	.918
Germany ³ /.....	.750	.716	.804	.807	.654	.772	.691	.757	.498	.646	.708	.665
Italy.....	1.074	1.206	1.033	1.311	1.069	1.283	1.132	1.389	1.317	1.480	1.161	1.365
Spain.....	.659	.748	.728	.859	.692	.719	.824	.788	.960	.982	.791	.688
Netherlands.....	.736	.695	.917	.915	.849	.860	.968	.410	.470	.381	.727	.912
European Net Exporters												
Norway.....	.028	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.007	.001	.000	.001	.000
United Kingdom....	.194	.299	.314	.201	.262	.278	.271	.257	.224	.251	.236	.222
Smaller European Importers												
Austria.....	.024	.053	.017	.028	.013	.047	.054	.104	.135	.166	.012	.023
Belgium.....	.241	.211	.258	.289	.272	.310	.304	.245	.233	.322	.319	.325
Denmark.....	.024	.025	.014	.000	.024	.037	.020	.024	.025	.025	.025	.026
Ireland.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	-	-
Finland.....	.001	.000	.000	.000	.023	.020	.000	.000	.001	.000	.000	.000
Greece.....	.191	.333	.178	.255	.359	.266	.225	.241	.284	.245	.196	.279
Portugal.....	.273	.168	.224	.275	.300	.161	.221	.199	.125	.201	.147	.194
Sweden.....	.140	.206	.152	.148	.165	.180	.116	.168	.194	.171	.174	.195
Switzerland.....	.028	.087	.087	.088	.062	.098	.089	.080	.093	.101	.107	.114
Turkey.....	.445	.455	.438	.488	.498	.384	.577	.487	.463	.451	.533	.469
Japan.....	5.168	4.299	4.326	3.991	4.265	4.374	4.124	4.428	4.587	4.476	4.800	4.628
Other OECD.....	.691	.582	.663	.556	.605	.534	.697	.755	.720	.663	.711	.607

¹/ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

²/ "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

³/ The data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development; OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in these groups. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade.

•Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •See Section 4 for annual data.

Sources: See end of Section 3.

Table 3.6 OECD Imports from Persian Gulf (Most Recent 12 Months)
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1995										1996	
	Mar	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb
Total.....	9.841	8.877	9.258	9.167	9.360	9.114	9.514	9.467	9.350	9.142	9.443	9.266
United States ^{1/}	1.784	1.544	1.482	1.527	1.454	1.534	1.685	1.521	1.660	1.574	1.523	1.341
Canada.....	.064	.000	.151	.066	.067	.000	.144	.140	.068	.000	.179	.071
OECD Europe ^{2/}	3.048	3.252	3.473	3.722	3.660	3.320	3.640	3.554	3.165	3.234	3.251	3.446
Main European Importers												
France.....	.602	.601	.722	.788	.840	.593	.655	.749	.530	.530	.600	.637
Germany ^{3/}	.239	.221	.211	.223	.194	.144	.171	.170	.088	.098	.102	.080
Italy.....	.371	.422	.412	.586	.445	.542	.469	.695	.505	.655	.494	.546
Spain.....	.222	.334	.354	.357	.235	.299	.363	.376	.409	.400	.295	.229
Netherlands.....	.570	.485	.636	.608	.579	.578	.683	.361	.391	.344	.523	.724
European Net Exporters												
Norway.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
United Kingdom....	.114	.220	.180	.076	.135	.135	.149	.082	.143	.087	.180	.095
Smaller European Importers												
Austria.....	.024	.053	.017	.028	.013	.047	.054	.067	.051	.035	.012	.023
Belgium.....	.216	.187	.234	.261	.244	.272	.280	.220	.215	.294	.310	.298
Denmark.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Finland.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.001	.020	.000	.000	.001	.000	.000	.000
Greece.....	.160	.270	.147	.216	.297	.228	.172	.222	.239	.232	.164	.245
Portugal.....	.099	.051	.109	.142	.189	.038	.143	.099	.039	.130	.081	.110
Sweden.....	.098	.145	.106	.104	.116	.126	.082	.118	.136	.120	.122	.137
Switzerland.....	.000	.015	.010	.010	.009	.009	.015	.010	.005	.000	.004	.000
Turkey.....	.333	.248	.334	.323	.363	.288	.403	.387	.413	.308	.363	.323
Japan.....	4.650	3.716	3.838	3.483	3.772	3.982	3.699	3.933	4.047	4.021	4.239	4.125
Other OECD.....	.296	.364	.314	.368	.407	.278	.346	.319	.410	.313	.252	.283

^{1/} U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

^{2/} "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

^{3/} The data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. See Appendix A for countries in this group. •"Persian Gulf" consists of Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •See Section 4 for annual data.

Sources: See end of Section 3.

Table 3.7 United States—Net Oil Imports (Most Recent 12 Months)
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1995										1996	
	Mar	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb
Total Net Imports..	8.073	7.488	7.860	8.666	7.950	8.203	8.921	7.614	8.050	7.489	8.202	7.240
Imports from OPEC ^{1/}	4.367	3.876	3.995	4.427	4.328	4.130	4.747	4.178	4.408	4.076	4.247	3.866
Imports from												
Persian Gulf ^{2/}												
Total.....	1.784	1.544	1.482	1.527	1.454	1.534	1.685	1.521	1.660	1.574	1.523	1.341
Bahrain.....	-.003	.000	-.003	-.004	-.004	-.004	-.003	.000	-.001	-.005	-.003	-.003
Iran.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Kuwait.....	.252	.171	.208	.260	.195	.180	.187	.250	.238	.215	.148	.216
U.A.E.....	.000	-.002	-.003	-.016	-.002	.018	.027	.012	-.006	-.013	-.020	.000
Qatar.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Saudi Arabia.....	1.535	1.375	1.280	1.287	1.265	1.340	1.474	1.259	1.429	1.377	1.398	1.128
Imports from												
OPEC-Africa												
Total.....	1.042	.881	.972	1.321	1.264	1.026	1.317	1.140	1.156	.975	1.174	1.024
Algeria.....	.196	.251	.163	.277	.257	.298	.250	.229	.241	.152	.313	.200
Gabon.....	.159	.163	.206	.357	.311	.246	.216	.270	.271	.171	.171	.191
Libya.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Nigeria.....	.687	.467	.603	.687	.696	.482	.851	.641	.644	.652	.690	.633
Imports from												
OPEC-South America												
Total.....	1.490	1.359	1.473	1.479	1.505	1.447	1.648	1.430	1.484	1.453	1.495	1.457
Venezuela.....	1.490	1.359	1.473	1.479	1.505	1.447	1.648	1.430	1.484	1.453	1.495	1.457
Imports from												
OPEC-Far East												
Total.....	.048	.092	.065	.096	.101	.119	.094	.087	.107	.069	.052	.041
Indonesia.....	.048	.092	.065	.096	.101	.119	.094	.087	.107	.069	.052	.041

^{1/} OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

^{2/} The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •See Section 4 for annual data.

Sources: See end of Section 3.

Table 3.8 Japan—Net Oil Imports (Most Recent 12 Months)
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1995										1996	
	Mar	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb
Total Net Imports..	6.384	5.665	5.685	5.032	5.492	5.514	5.391	5.498	5.691	5.850	6.125	6.090
Imports from OPEC ^{1/}	5.168	4.299	4.326	3.991	4.265	4.374	4.124	4.428	4.587	4.476	4.800	4.628
Imports from Persian Gulf ^{2/}												
Total.....	4.650	3.716	3.838	3.483	3.772	3.982	3.699	3.933	4.047	4.021	4.239	4.125
Bahrain.....	.018	.040	.024	.056	.000	.064	.033	.000	.009	.023	.060	.062
Iran.....	.565	.358	.355	.332	.424	.389	.267	.440	.468	.301	.446	.555
Kuwait.....	.450	.428	.407	.547	.473	.529	.569	.520	.552	.522	.561	.486
U.A.E.....	1.556	1.460	1.432	1.259	1.264	1.326	1.285	1.510	1.419	1.477	1.427	1.326
Qatar.....	.468	.287	.374	.203	.313	.308	.368	.289	.360	.293	.330	.332
Saudi Arabia.....	1.593	1.142	1.247	1.084	1.298	1.366	1.177	1.174	1.239	1.404	1.414	1.364
Imports from OPEC-Africa												
Total.....	.013	.084	.018	.030	.037	.031	.038	.000	.062	.000	.073	.036
Algeria.....	.000	.000	.014	.030	.016	.031	.038	.000	.000	.000	.007	.015
Gabon.....	.000	.022	.000	.000	.021	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.026	.000
Nigeria.....	.013	.063	.004	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.062	.000	.039	.021
Imports from OPEC-South America												
Total.....	.000	.000	.006	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.007	.006	.000
Venezuela.....	.000	.000	.006	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.007	.006	.000
Imports from OPEC-Far East												
Total.....	.523	.539	.487	.535	.456	.426	.420	.495	.487	.471	.543	.529
Indonesia.....	.523	.539	.487	.535	.456	.426	.420	.495	.487	.471	.543	.529

^{1/} OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

^{2/} The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis.

•Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •See Section 4 for annual data.

Sources: See end of Section 3.

Table 3.11 Germany—Net Oil Imports (Most Recent 12 Months)
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1995										1996	
	Mar	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb
Total Net Imports..	2.613	2.776	2.711	2.618	2.754	2.742	2.704	2.750	2.553	2.701	2.781	2.849
Imports from OPEC ^{1/}	.750	.716	.804	.807	.654	.772	.691	.757	.498	.646	.708	.665
Imports from Persian Gulf ^{2/}												
Total.....	.239	.221	.211	.223	.194	.144	.171	.170	.088	.098	.102	.080
Bahrain.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Iran.....	.062	.030	.043	.024	.046	.015	.030	.037	.011	.006	.018	.001
Kuwait.....	.018	.020	.042	.001	.010	.012	.010	.011	.019	.010	.014	.006
U.A.E.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Qatar.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Saudi Arabia.....	.160	.172	.127	.198	.138	.117	.131	.123	.058	.083	.070	.073
Imports from OPEC-Africa												
Total.....	.455	.393	.490	.473	.388	.565	.450	.507	.327	.488	.566	.536
Algeria.....	.155	.158	.111	.123	.071	.114	.165	.147	.106	.134	.208	.197
Gabon.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.028	.001	.000	.012	.005	.000	.000	.027
Libya.....	.223	.183	.247	.253	.215	.289	.206	.261	.164	.280	.267	.262
Nigeria.....	.077	.052	.132	.098	.074	.161	.079	.087	.051	.074	.090	.050
Imports from OPEC-South America												
Total.....	.056	.101	.102	.111	.072	.064	.069	.080	.083	.060	.040	.049
Venezuela.....	.056	.101	.102	.111	.072	.064	.069	.080	.083	.060	.040	.049
Imports from OPEC-Far East												
Total.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Indonesia.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000

^{1/} OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

^{2/} The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •The data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •See Section 4 for annual data.

Sources: See end of Section 3.

Table 3.12 Italy—Net Oil Imports (Most Recent 12 Months)
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1995										1996	
	Mar	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb
Total Net Imports..	1.730	1.784	1.635	2.110	1.755	1.759	1.591	1.965	1.933	2.083	1.934	1.764
Imports from OPEC ^{1/}	1.074	1.206	1.033	1.311	1.069	1.283	1.132	1.389	1.317	1.480	1.161	1.365
Imports from Persian Gulf ^{2/}												
Total.....	.371	.422	.412	.586	.445	.542	.469	.695	.505	.655	.494	.546
Bahrain.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.001	.001	.000	.000	.003	.000
Iran.....	.120	.180	.166	.273	.167	.292	.180	.411	.305	.328	.234	.336
Kuwait.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
U.A.E.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Qatar.....	.018	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Saudi Arabia.....	.234	.242	.247	.313	.278	.250	.288	.283	.201	.327	.258	.211
Imports from OPEC-Africa												
Total.....	.680	.767	.578	.708	.600	.708	.630	.659	.776	.791	.635	.801
Algeria.....	.081	.129	.055	.086	.061	.089	.116	.044	.130	.191	.083	.147
Gabon.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Libya.....	.590	.631	.518	.611	.500	.619	.484	.582	.621	.579	.552	.591
Nigeria.....	.009	.006	.006	.011	.039	.000	.029	.033	.025	.021	.000	.063
Imports from OPEC-South America												
Total.....	.006	.000	.016	.017	.023	.017	.018	.021	.018	.017	.000	.000
Venezuela.....	.006	.000	.016	.017	.023	.017	.018	.021	.018	.017	.000	.000
Imports from OPEC-Far East												
Total.....	.017	.017	.027	.000	.000	.016	.017	.016	.017	.017	.034	.018
Indonesia.....	.017	.017	.027	.000	.000	.016	.017	.016	.017	.017	.034	.018

1/ OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

2/ The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •See Section 4 for annual data.

Sources: See end of Section 3.

4. Historical Oil Data Series 1970-1995

Table 4.1c World Crude Oil Production (Including Lease Condensate), 1970-1995
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Egypt	India	Malaysia	Mexico	Oman	Russia	Former U.S.S.R.	Syria	United States	Other ^{1/}	World
1970 Average.....	326	144	18	487	332	--	6,985	80	9,637	1,529	45,886
1971 Average.....	293	143	69	486	294	--	7,475	100	9,463	1,518	48,518
1972 Average.....	231	156	93	505	282	--	7,890	124	9,441	1,592	51,138
1973 Average.....	165	147	91	465	293	--	8,324	105	9,208	1,667	55,679
1974 Average.....	150	156	81	571	290	--	8,912	124	8,774	1,711	55,716
1975 Average.....	235	165	98	705	343	--	9,523	170	8,375	1,636	52,828
1976 Average.....	330	175	165	831	366	--	10,060	175	8,132	1,620	57,344
1977 Average.....	415	199	184	981	341	--	10,603	188	8,245	1,655	59,707
1978 Average.....	485	226	217	1,209	315	--	11,105	170	8,707	1,706	60,158
1979 Average.....	525	245	283	1,461	295	--	11,384	166	8,552	1,821	62,674
1980 Average.....	595	182	283	1,936	282	--	11,706	164	8,597	R1,842	R59,600
1981 Average.....	598	325	264	2,313	319	--	11,850	166	8,572	1,859	56,076
1982 Average.....	670	390	306	2,748	324	--	11,912	160	8,649	1,892	53,481
1983 Average.....	727	480	365	2,689	375	--	11,972	167	8,688	R1,946	R53,256
1984 Average.....	822	519	440	2,780	414	--	11,861	170	8,879	R2,015	R54,489
1985 Average.....	887	620	440	2,745	498	--	11,585	178	8,971	R2,124	R53,982
1986 Average.....	813	630	504	2,435	560	--	11,895	194	8,680	2,166	56,227
1987 Average.....	896	609	497	2,548	582	--	12,050	230	8,349	2,120	56,666
1988 Average.....	848	635	540	2,512	617	--	12,053	265	8,140	2,235	58,737
1989 Average.....	865	700	585	2,520	641	--	11,715	340	7,613	2,249	59,863
1990 Average.....	873	660	619	2,553	685	--	10,975	388	7,355	2,253	60,566
1991 Average.....	874	615	646	2,680	700	--	9,992	492	7,417	2,274	60,207
1992 Average.....	881	561	653	2,669	740	7,632	--	481	7,171	R3,233	R60,216
1993 Average.....	R890	R534	R640	R2,673	776	R6,730	--	R554	6,847	R3,288	R60,246
1994 Average.....	R896	R590	645	2,689	R815	R6,135	--	R560	6,662	R3,408	R61,358
1995 Average P....	920	703	682	2,618	851	5,768	--	610	R6,560	R3,358	R62,230

^{1/} Other is a calculated total derived from the difference between "World" and the sum of production in "Total OPEC" (Table 1.1a) and all other countries listed (Tables 1.1b and 1.1c). The total "North Sea" is not subtracted from the world total, though Norway and the United Kingdom have been subtracted.

-- = Not applicable. P=Preliminary. R=Revised data.

Sources: See end of Section 4.

Table 4.2 OPEC Crude Oil Production (Excluding Condensate), 1980-1995
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Algeria	Gabon	Indo- nesia	Iran	Iraq	Kuwait ^{1/}	Libya	Nigeria	Qatar	Saudi Arabia ^{1/}	United Arab Emirates	Vene- zuela	Total OPEC
1980 Average...	1,006	175	1,497	1,662	2,514	1,656	1,787	2,045	472	9,900	1,704	2,147	26,565
1981 Average...	802	151	1,513	1,380	1,000	1,125	1,140	1,423	405	9,815	1,469	2,083	22,306
1982 Average...	712	156	1,247	2,214	1,012	823	1,150	1,285	330	6,483	1,215	1,878	18,505
1983 Average...	648	157	1,245	2,440	1,005	1,064	1,105	1,231	295	5,086	1,109	1,768	17,153
1984 Average...	694	157	1,279	2,174	1,209	1,157	1,087	1,368	394	4,663	1,091	1,689	16,962
1985 Average...	702	172	1,181	2,250	1,433	1,023	1,059	1,475	301	3,388	1,133	1,558	15,675
1986 Average...	600	166	1,257	2,035	1,690	1,419	1,034	1,447	308	4,870	1,270	1,645	17,741
1987 Average...	648	155	1,189	2,298	2,079	1,585	972	1,291	293	4,265	1,441	1,587	17,803
1988 Average...	640	159	1,177	2,240	2,685	1,492	1,175	1,400	346	5,086	1,465	1,715	19,580
1989 Average...	690	208	1,231	2,810	2,897	1,783	1,150	1,666	380	5,064	1,783	1,747	21,409
1990 Average...	765	277	1,281	3,088	2,040	1,175	1,375	1,755	406	6,410	2,066	2,097	22,735
1991 Average...	800	294	1,410	3,312	305	190	1,483	1,832	395	8,115	2,326	2,338	22,800
1992 Average...	772	298	1,326	3,429	425	1,058	1,433	1,820	423	8,332	2,206	2,334	23,856
1993 Average...	R747	R313	R1,327	R3,540	512	R1,852	R1,361	R1,835	R413	8,198	R2,109	2,410	R24,617
1994 Average...	R750	329	1,334	3,600	548	2,034	1,378	1,887	409	8,147	2,183	R2,542	R25,141
1995 Average P.	767	341	1,343	3,608	550	R2,057	1,390	1,876	449	8,231	2,197	2,710	R25,520

^{1/} Includes about one-half of the production in the Kuwait-Saudi Arabia Neutral Zone from 1980 through July 1990 and beginning in June 1991. Kuwaiti Neutral Zone output was discontinued following Iraq's invasion of Kuwait on August 2, 1990, but was resumed in June 1991. From August 1990 through May 1991, all production in the Neutral Zone was included in the data for Saudi Arabia.

P=Preliminary. R=Revised data.

Note: OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for Countries in this group.

Sources: See end of Section 4.

Table 4.3 World Natural Gas Plant Liquids Production, 1970-1995
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Algeria	Canada	Mexico	Saudi Arabia	Former USSR	United States ^{1/}	Persian Gulf ^{2/}	OAPEC ^{3/}	OPEC ^{3/}	World
1970 Average.....	3	200	58	50	120	1,660	119	137	205	2,383
1971 Average.....	4	234	59	50	135	1,693	138	147	243	2,508
1972 Average.....	4	293	61	55	155	1,744	155	159	275	2,676
1973 Average.....	9	314	75	90	170	1,738	191	196	324	2,785
1974 Average.....	12	314	80	130	190	1,688	231	219	347	2,789
1975 Average.....	20	309	80	140	205	1,633	246	252	372	2,790
1976 Average.....	24	289	95	185	220	1,603	291	313	442	2,865
1977 Average.....	19	290	105	215	235	1,618	335	366	482	2,982
1978 Average.....	25	281	115	250	255	1,567	410	447	566	3,078
1979 Average.....	30	331	150	303	270	1,584	458	535	637	3,285
1980 Average.....	36	331	193	369	285	1,573	534	618	732	3,444
1981 Average.....	49	330	241	433	300	1,609	599	691	825	3,625
1982 Average.....	58	318	255	430	315	1,550	612	721	842	3,626
1983 Average.....	56	309	265	330	330	1,559	552	655	780	3,635
1984 Average.....	105	336	257	355	340	1,630	604	761	869	3,869
1985 Average.....	120	337	271	375	350	1,609	645	808	892	3,938
1986 Average.....	120	328	352	385	440	1,551	700	860	969	4,150
1987 Average.....	140	367	338	418	430	1,595	721	900	1,006	4,279
1988 Average.....	120	381	370	499	450	1,625	808	979	1,077	4,481
1989 Average.....	130	410	384	503	425	1,546	851	1,041	1,188	R4,502
1990 Average.....	130	426	428	620	425	1,559	930	1,107	1,281	R4,632
1991 Average.....	140	431	457	680	420	1,659	R931	R1,113	R1,299	R4,827
1992 Average.....	140	460	454	713	390	1,697	1,003	1,185	1,364	R4,973
1993 Average.....	145	R506	R459	704	380	1,736	R1,040	R1,238	R1,435	R5,169
1994 Average.....	R140	R539	461	698	R340	1,727	R1,081	R1,272	R1,475	R5,297
1995 Average P....	145	574	447	701	410	1,762	1,086	R1,282	1,456	R5,512

^{1/} U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

^{2/} See Appendix A for countries in this group.

^{3/} OAPEC=Organization of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries. OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in these groups.

P=Preliminary. R=Revised data.

Sources: See end of Section 4.

Table 4.4 World Oil Supply, 1970-1995
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	United States ^{1/}	Persian Gulf ^{2/}	OAPEC ^{3/}	OPEC ^{3/}	World
1970 Average.....	11,673	13,541	14,571	23,676	48,986
1971 Average.....	11,554	15,940	15,427	25,629	51,766
1972 Average.....	11,601	17,734	16,451	27,353	54,574
1973 Average.....	11,428	20,895	18,656	31,165	59,300
1974 Average.....	10,978	21,550	18,399	30,964	59,391
1975 Average.....	10,505	19,223	16,831	27,441	56,511
1976 Average.....	10,251	21,847	19,563	31,064	61,121
1977 Average.....	10,437	22,098	20,372	31,665	63,665
1978 Average.....	10,820	21,067	19,819	30,329	64,225
1979 Average.....	10,707	21,569	22,575	31,503	66,973
1980 Average.....	10,809	18,541	20,715	27,595	64,153
1981 Average.....	10,739	15,894	17,619	23,545	60,763
1982 Average.....	10,783	12,815	13,786	19,859	58,226
1983 Average.....	10,788	11,676	12,416	18,510	58,056
1984 Average.....	11,107	11,433	12,619	18,547	59,645
1985 Average.....	11,192	10,320	11,498	17,324	59,264
1986 Average.....	10,905	12,441	13,653	19,477	61,771
1987 Average.....	10,648	12,869	13,992	19,745	R62,429
1988 Average.....	10,473	14,310	15,662	21,625	R64,707
1989 Average.....	9,880	15,733	16,658	23,532	R65,894
1990 Average.....	9,677	16,249	17,232	24,807	R66,756
1991 Average.....	9,883	R15,704	R16,747	R24,920	R66,634
1992 Average.....	9,768	17,010	17,871	26,117	R66,937
1993 Average.....	9,602	R17,792	R18,505	R26,923	R67,343
1994 Average.....	9,413	R18,234	R18,885	R27,633	R68,585
1995 Average P.....	R9,400	18,403	R19,152	27,987	R69,796

^{1/} U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

^{2/} See Appendix A for countries in this group.

^{3/} OAPEC=Organization of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries. OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries.
See Appendix A for countries in these groups.

P=Preliminary. R=Revised data.

Note: Oil Supply includes crude oil, natural gas plant liquids, other liquids, and refinery gain. See Explanatory Note 1 in Appendix B.

Sources: See end of Section 4.

Table 4.5 Oil Stock
(Million B

1973	December.....
1974	December.....
1975	December.....
1976	December.....
1977	December.....
1978	December.....
1979	December.....
1980	December.....
1981	December.....
1982	December.....
1983	December.....
1984	December.....
1985	December.....
1986	December.....
1987	December.....
1988	December.....
1989	December.....
1990	December.....
1991	December.....
1992	December.....
1993	December.....
1994	December.....
1995	December P....

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the Netherlands, Norway
3/ U.S. geographic co
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4/ "Other" consists o
P=Preliminary. R=Revi
Note: Oil Stocks - S
Sources: See end of

Table 4.7 OECD Total Net Imports, 1985-1995
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
	Average								
Total.....	15.878	17.670	18.008	18.706	20.082	20.456	20.414	20.783	21.22
United States ¹ /....	4.286	5.439	5.914	6.587	7.202	7.161	6.626	6.938	7.61
Canada.....	-.419	-.391	-.358	-.585	-.462	-.425	-.479	-.546	-.58
OECD Europe ² /.....	7.381	7.893	7.742	7.774	7.994	8.210	8.588	8.459	8.12
Main European Importers									
France.....	1.654	1.682	1.742	1.718	1.711	1.750	1.869	1.784	1.76
Germany ³ /.....	2.166	2.380	2.281	2.279	2.112	2.202	2.664	2.739	2.72
Italy.....	1.603	1.642	1.718	1.590	1.716	1.788	1.769	1.839	1.74
Netherlands.....	.515	.632	.562	.646	.635	.677	.690	.713	.68
Spain.....	.802	.747	.803	.869	.952	.950	.951	.998	1.06
European Net Exporters									
Norway.....	-.656	-.718	-.866	-1.036	-1.420	-1.543	-1.825	-2.102	-2.25
United Kingdom....	-1.035	-1.067	-1.015	-.760	-.200	-.214	-.158	-.221	-.35
Smaller European Importers									
Austria.....	.174	.188	.194	.185	.191	.201	.212	.209	.20
Belgium.....	.382	.456	.443	.451	.454	.442	.506	.517	.50
Denmark.....	.166	.150	.122	.107	.078	.063	.048	.032	.02
Ireland.....	.078	.098	.081	.076	.079	.095	.094	.097	.10
Finland.....	.207	.229	.242	.200	.220	.208	.211	.188	.18
Greece.....	.210	.245	.230	.242	.252	.273	.297	.326	.32
Iceland.....	.011	.011	.013	.012	.011	.011	.012	.011	.01
Luxembourg.....	.023	.024	.028	.028	.031	.034	.039	.040	.03
Portugal.....	.166	.183	.199	.198	.246	.250	.258	.279	.27
Sweden.....	.349	.379	.309	.313	.290	.324	.312	.320	.33
Switzerland.....	.257	.290	.254	.258	.254	.273	.273	.277	.25
Turkey.....	.310	.342	.402	.397	.384	.425	.366	.413	.50
Japan.....	4.308	4.392	4.418	4.680	5.035	5.239	5.286	5.464	5.46
Other OECD.....	.322	.338	.291	.250	.313	.270	.392	.467	.59

1/ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.
2/ "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.
3/ Data through 1990 are for the former West Germany.
Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. for Economic Cooperation and Development. See Appendix A for countries in this group. •Negative numbers re
•A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per
•Data for 1995 are preliminary.
Sources: See end of Section 4.

Table 4.8 OECD Imports from OPEC, 1985-1995
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
	Average										
Total.....	10.531	12.408	12.414	13.115	14.602	15.675	15.597	15.809	16.259	16.054	15.694
United States ¹ /....	1.756	2.750	3.025	3.455	4.036	4.236	4.002	4.012	4.255	4.230	4.208
Canada.....	.128	.158	.155	.162	.205	.199	.210	.210	.268	.285	.253
OECD Europe ² /.....	5.395	6.163	5.628	5.873	6.205	6.656	6.857	6.853	6.837	6.446	6.136
Main European Importers											
France.....	.884	.948	.684	.737	.875	1.101	1.101	.998	1.047	.989	.919
Germany ³ /.....	.787	.831	.679	.761	.739	.776	.871	.964	.948	.841	.714
Italy.....	1.205	1.362	1.307	1.192	1.261	1.375	1.399	1.343	1.222	1.117	1.216
Netherlands.....	.568	.771	.773	.875	.905	.862	.928	.926	.982	.906	.682
Spain.....	.553	.600	.564	.608	.689	.655	.702	.637	.585	.684	.789
European Net Exporters											
Norway.....	.005	.008	.002	.002	.003	.007	.014	.004	.005	.003	.003
United Kingdom....	.308	.328	.277	.323	.342	.406	.377	.390	.439	.306	.254
Smaller European Importers											
Austria.....	.087	.090	.087	.082	.086	.097	.108	.115	.127	.119	.057
Belgium.....	.159	.288	.257	.302	.353	.313	.362	.359	.359	.284	.278
Denmark.....	.035	.025	.053	.067	.069	.044	.006	.001	.006	.008	.022
Ireland.....	.000	.001	.001	-	-	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Finland.....	.037	.021	.023	.011	.013	.013	.029	.033	.007	.004	.004
Greece.....	.197	.273	.279	.233	.244	.343	.298	.346	.303	.266	.263
Portugal.....	.113	.120	.101	.118	.156	.166	.139	.158	.166	.236	.217
Sweden.....	.051	.086	.062	.074	.064	.073	.105	.116	.123	.126	.165
Switzerland.....	.075	.068	.069	.051	.021	.038	.052	.051	.063	.082	.083
Turkey.....	.331	.344	.411	.439	.384	.388	.365	.412	.452	.475	.470
Japan.....	2.983	3.036	3.198	3.309	3.789	4.070	4.038	4.206	4.282	4.507	4.473
Other OECD.....	.268	.301	.408	.316	.367	.513	.491	.528	.616	.586	.623

¹/ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

²/ "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

³/ Data through 1990 are for the former West Germany.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development; OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in these groups. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •Data for 1995 are preliminary.

Sources: See end of Section 4.

Table 4.9 OECD Imports from Persian Gulf, 1985-1995
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
	Average										
Imports from Persian Gulf											
Total.....	5.585	7.228	7.392	7.941	9.121	9.667	9.249	9.456	10.029	9.609	9.304
United States ¹ /...	.304	.909	1.072	1.526	1.857	1.961	1.835	1.774	1.775	1.722	1.563
Canada.....	.011	.054	.054	.056	.069	.081	.084	.092	.105	.119	.070
OECD Europe ² /.....	2.560	3.513	3.330	3.428	3.754	3.908	3.660	3.666	4.048	3.506	3.358
Main European Importers											
France.....	.476	.586	.459	.484	.647	.864	.708	.640	.757	.651	.647
Germany ³ /.....	.152	.232	.187	.197	.216	.217	.227	.215	.250	.217	.171
Italy.....	.583	.817	.782	.643	.619	.626	.595	.573	.548	.430	.497
Netherlands.....	.294	.509	.516	.587	.663	.647	.609	.650	.744	.662	.500
Spain.....	.264	.328	.295	.306	.352	.291	.281	.231	.287	.275	.324
European Net Exporters											
Norway.....	.003	.006	.002	-	-	.000	.011	.000	.000	.000	.000
United Kingdom...	.144	.173	.164	.212	.240	.250	.222	.220	.303	.174	.135
Smaller European Importers											
Austria.....	.023	.011	.026	.025	.022	.016	.021	.031	.036	.038	.035
Belgium.....	.088	.182	.162	.224	.277	.250	.279	.292	.291	.232	.254
Denmark.....	.022	.024	.047	.063	.067	.043	.004	.000	.002	.000	.000
Ireland.....	.000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finland.....	.037	.021	.022	.011	.012	.011	.021	.023	.002	.002	.002
Greece.....	.122	.204	.211	.146	.181	.268	.219	.291	.253	.214	.223
Portugal.....	.076	.088	.069	.066	.085	.073	.067	.074	.050	.117	.107
Sweden.....	.006	.036	.029	.045	.043	.039	.064	.068	.088	.076	.115
Switzerland.....	.006	.008	.008	.007	.007	.007	.007	.007	.008	.012	.007
Turkey.....	.265	.289	.348	.411	.323	.307	.324	.349	.429	.405	.343
Japan.....	2.533	2.557	2.637	2.691	3.173	3.394	3.370	3.586	3.721	3.946	3.980
Other OECD.....	.176	.195	.299	.241	.267	.322	.300	.338	.381	.316	.333

¹/ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

²/ "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

³/ Data through 1990 are for the former West Germany.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. See Appendix A for countries in this group. •"Persian Gulf" consists of Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day.

•Data for 1995 are preliminary.

Sources: See end of Section 4.

Table 4.10 United States—Net Oil Imports, 1985–1995
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
	Average										
Total Net Imports..	4.286	5.439	5.914	6.587	7.202	7.161	6.626	6.938	7.618	7.986	7.883
Imports from OPEC ^{1/}	1.756	2.750	3.025	3.455	4.036	4.236	4.002	4.012	4.255	4.230	4.208
Imports from Persian Gulf ^{2/}											
Total.....	.304	.909	1.072	1.526	1.857	1.961	1.835	1.774	1.775	1.722	1.563
Bahrain.....	-.001	.001	-.001	.000	-.001	-.001	-.001	-.002	-.002	-.002	-.003
Iran.....	.027	.019	.098	.000	.000	.000	.032	.000	.000	.000	.000
Iraq.....	.046	.081	.083	.343	.449	.518	.000	.000	-	-	-
Kuwait.....	.021	.068	.082	.092	.157	.086	.006	.051	.353	.312	.218
U.A.E.....	.044	.043	.059	.028	.027	.016	.001	.004	.009	.011	.004
Qatar.....	.000	.013	.000	.000	.002	.004	.000	.001	.001	.000	.000
Saudi Arabia.....	.168	.685	.751	1.063	1.224	1.339	1.797	1.720	1.414	1.402	1.344
Imports from OPEC-Africa											
Total.....	.536	.737	.867	.934	1.134	1.144	1.040	1.000	1.108	1.074	1.088
Algeria.....	.187	.271	.295	.300	.269	.280	.253	.196	.220	.243	.234
Gabon.....	.052	.026	.037	.016	.050	.064	.084	.124	.152	.194	.229
Libya.....	.004	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Nigeria.....	.293	.440	.535	.618	.815	.800	.703	.680	.736	.637	.625
Imports from OPEC-South America											
Total.....	.602	.788	.801	.790	.861	1.016	1.020	1.161	1.295	1.322	1.468
Venezuela.....	.602	.788	.801	.790	.861	1.016	1.020	1.161	1.295	1.322	1.468
Imports from OPEC-Far East											
Total.....	.313	.317	.284	.205	.182	.113	.106	.075	.074	.109	.087
Indonesia.....	.313	.317	.284	.205	.182	.113	.106	.075	.074	.109	.087

^{1/} OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

^{2/} The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •Data for 1995 are preliminary.

Sources: See end of Section 4.

Table 4.11 Japan—Net Oil Imports, 1985–1995
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
	Average										
Total Net Imports..	4.308	4.392	4.418	4.680	5.035	5.239	5.286	5.464	5.467	5.766	5.709
Imports from OPEC ^{1/}	2.983	3.036	3.198	3.309	3.789	4.070	4.038	4.206	4.282	4.507	4.473
Imports from Persian Gulf ^{2/}											
Total.....	2.533	2.557	2.637	2.691	3.173	3.394	3.370	3.586	3.721	3.946	3.980
Bahrain.....	.026	.034	.037	.036	.042	.037	.037	.029	.025	.028	.027
Iran.....	.259	.220	.230	.187	.291	.385	.383	.362	.384	.459	.399
Iraq.....	.063	.164	.105	.173	.219	.146	.000	.000	—	—	—
Kuwait.....	.215	.278	.347	.341	.458	.291	.014	.220	.368	.430	.503
U.A.E.....	.845	.890	.773	.822	.929	1.032	1.285	1.256	1.287	1.398	1.417
Qatar.....	.220	.183	.139	.203	.250	.263	.285	.300	.330	.328	.334
Saudi Arabia.....	.904	.789	1.005	.930	.984	1.240	1.367	1.420	1.327	1.303	1.300
Imports from OPEC-Africa											
Total.....	.010	.016	.023	.044	.016	.020	.022	.015	.046	.029	.032
Algeria.....	.010	.015	.023	.044	.015	.010	.010	.007	.008	.012	.011
Gabon.....	—	—	—	—	.002	.009	.011	.009	.038	.012	.005
Libya.....	.001	.001	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nigeria.....	—	—	—	—	—	.001	.001	.000	.000	.005	.016
Imports from OPEC-South America											
Total.....	.014	.012	.012	.011	.011	.011	.010	.010	.009	.009	.002
Venezuela.....	.014	.012	.012	.011	.011	.011	.010	.010	.009	.009	.002
Imports from OPEC-Far East											
Total.....	.452	.486	.563	.599	.631	.682	.673	.624	.533	.551	.486
Indonesia.....	.452	.486	.563	.599	.631	.682	.673	.624	.533	.551	.486

^{1/} OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

^{2/} The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include Crude Oil, Natural Gas Liquids, and Refined Products, and are on a direct basis. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (—) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •Data for 1995 are preliminary.

Sources: See end of Section 4.

Table 4.12 OECD Europe—Net Oil Imports, 1985–1995
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
	Average										
Total Net Imports..	7.381	7.893	7.742	7.774	7.994	8.210	8.588	8.459	8.127	7.355	7.248
Imports from OPEC ^{1/}	5.395	6.163	5.628	5.873	6.205	6.656	6.857	6.853	6.837	6.446	6.136
Imports from Persian Gulf ^{2/}											
Total.....	2.560	3.513	3.330	3.428	3.754	3.908	3.660	3.666	4.048	3.506	3.358
Bahrain.....	.004	.002	.001	.009	.005	.020	.002	.003	.004	.003	.000
Iran.....	.648	.511	.732	.850	1.076	1.190	1.132	1.113	1.253	1.074	1.170
Iraq.....	.673	.717	.905	.959	.897	.591	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Kuwait.....	.356	.456	.469	.474	.452	.346	.019	.142	.461	.302	.232
U.A.E.....	.131	.164	.206	.134	.214	.446	.281	.199	.092	.067	.013
Qatar.....	.051	.054	.040	.021	.024	.026	.009	.006	.000	.000	.002
Saudi Arabia.....	.698	1.609	.978	.981	1.086	1.290	2.217	2.203	2.237	2.060	1.940
Imports from OPEC-Africa											
Total.....	2.524	2.398	2.089	2.230	2.241	2.533	2.947	2.913	2.535	2.706	2.503
Algeria.....	.659	.615	.627	.646	.648	.683	.757	.772	.693	.690	.686
Gabon.....	.077	.090	.031	.031	.017	.024	.129	.095	.044	.061	.033
Libya.....	.948	.967	.962	1.071	1.044	1.267	1.332	1.361	1.193	1.233	1.208
Nigeria.....	.841	.727	.469	.481	.532	.559	.729	.686	.605	.721	.576
Imports from OPEC-South America											
Total.....	.307	.252	.208	.220	.212	.227	.249	.268	.240	.219	.259
Venezuela.....	.307	.252	.208	.220	.212	.227	.249	.268	.240	.219	.259
Imports from OPEC-Far East											
Total.....	.008	.002	.002	.005	.004	.008	.002	.009	.019	.019	.016
Indonesia.....	.008	.002	.002	.005	.004	.008	.002	.009	.019	.019	.016

1/ OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

2/ The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •"OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •Data for 1995 are preliminary.

Sources: See end of Section 4.

Table 4.13 France—Net Oil Imports, 1985–1995
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
	Average										
Total Net Imports..	1.654	1.682	1.742	1.718	1.711	1.750	1.869	1.784	1.761	1.615	1.721
Imports from OPEC1/	.884	.948	.684	.737	.875	1.101	1.101	.998	1.047	.989	.919
Imports from											
Persian Gulf2/											
Total.....	.476	.586	.459	.484	.647	.864	.708	.640	.757	.651	.647
Bahrain.....	—	.001	—	.007	.002	.011	.000	.001	.002	.000	.000
Iran.....	.082	.065	.088	.012	.158	.182	.171	.151	.243	.156	.208
Iraq.....	.138	.109	.151	.143	.128	.062	.000	.000	—	—	—
Kuwait.....	.035	.023	.044	.017	.021	.015	.011	.029	.032	.016	.022
U.A.E.....	.054	.035	—	.017	.040	.233	.064	.033	.025	.003	.002
Qatar.....	.034	.030	.002	.017	.009	.022	.003	.002	.000	.000	.000
Saudi Arabia.....	.134	.324	.175	.271	.288	.339	.459	.424	.454	.477	.416
Imports from OPEC-Africa											
Total.....	.387	.344	.212	.249	.218	.233	.376	.348	.283	.335	.270
Algeria.....	.109	.089	.072	.079	.089	.092	.107	.105	.066	.089	.103
Gabon.....	.043	.065	—	—	—	.000	.080	.066	.041	.034	.008
Libya.....	.070	.061	.064	.090	.065	.079	.104	.087	.063	.059	.043
Nigeria.....	.165	.129	.076	.079	.064	.062	.084	.090	.112	.153	.115
Imports from											
OPEC-South America											
Total.....	.020	.019	.012	.011	.012	.015	.017	.011	.010	.003	.002
Venezuela.....	.020	.019	.012	.011	.012	.015	.017	.011	.010	.003	.002
Imports from OPEC-Far East											
Total.....	.002	.000	—	—	.000	.000	.001	.001	.000	.000	.000
Indonesia.....	.002	.000	—	—	.000	.000	.001	.001	.000	.000	.000

1/ OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

2/ The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include Crude Oil, Natural Gas Liquids, and Refined Products, and are on a direct basis. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (—) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •Data for 1995 are preliminary.

Sources: See end of Section 4.

Table 4.14 Germany—Net Oil Imports, 1985–1995
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
	Average										
Total Net Imports..	2.166	2.380	2.281	2.279	2.112	2.202	2.664	2.739	2.723	2.731	2.695
Imports from OPEC ^{1/}	.787	.831	.679	.761	.739	.776	.871	.964	.948	.841	.714
Imports from Persian Gulf ^{2/}											
Total.....	.152	.232	.187	.197	.216	.217	.227	.215	.250	.217	.171
Bahrain.....	.000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	.000	.001	.000
Iran.....	.053	.041	.020	.051	.041	.055	.053	.021	.053	.040	.031
Iraq.....	.008	.016	.052	.032	.009	.004	.000	.000	—	—	—
Kuwait.....	.021	.021	.017	.013	.022	.013	.000	.009	.022	.026	.015
U.A.E.....	.006	.004	.024	.006	.023	.016	.012	.002	.002	.001	.000
Qatar.....	—	—	.001	.001	.002	.003	.002	.001	.000	.000	.000
Saudi Arabia.....	.064	.151	.072	.095	.119	.125	.161	.182	.173	.149	.124
Imports from OPEC-Africa											
Total.....	.532	.485	.405	.472	.436	.469	.537	.620	.594	.546	.465
Algeria.....	.130	.137	.146	.141	.106	.098	.126	.183	.195	.161	.135
Gabon.....	.003	.001	.004	—	—	.005	.013	.006	.000	.003	.004
Libya.....	.201	.152	.160	.237	.235	.244	.262	.252	.244	.244	.234
Nigeria.....	.197	.195	.095	.095	.095	.123	.136	.179	.154	.139	.093
Imports from OPEC-South America											
Total.....	.103	.113	.086	.091	.086	.088	.107	.128	.105	.079	.078
Venezuela.....	.103	.113	.086	.091	.086	.088	.107	.128	.105	.079	.078
Imports from OPEC-Far East											
Total.....	.000	.001	.002	—	—	.002	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Indonesia.....	.000	.001	.002	—	—	.002	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000

1/ OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

2/ The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •Data through 1990 are for the former West Germany. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (—) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •Data for 1995 are preliminary.

Sources: See end of Section 4.

Table 4.17 OECD Imports from Kuwait, 1985-1995
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
	Average										
Total.....	0.624	0.829	0.925	0.936	1.084	0.740	0.039	0.414	1.191	1.081	0.962
United States ^{1/}	.021	.068	.082	.092	.157	.086	.006	.051	.353	.312	.218
Canada.....	-	-	-	-	-	.004	-	-	.000	.027	.000
OECD Europe ^{2/}	.356	.456	.469	.474	.452	.346	.019	.142	.461	.302	.232
Main European Importers											
France.....	.035	.023	.044	.017	.021	.015	.011	.029	.032	.016	.022
Germany ^{3/}	.021	.021	.017	.013	.022	.013	.000	.009	.022	.026	.015
Italy.....	.132	.147	.142	.118	.093	.063	.000	.007	.012	.001	.000
Netherlands.....	.098	.122	.150	.189	.194	.151	.002	.052	.254	.179	.145
Spain.....	.003	.020	.015	.030	.015	.010	.003	.000	.015	.000	.000
European Net Exporters											
Norway.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	.000	.000	.000
United Kingdom....	.023	.014	.011	.006	.006	.045	.002	.027	.049	.058	.039
Smaller European Importers											
Austria.....	-	-	-	.004	.002	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Belgium.....	.002	.006	.000	-	-	.000	.001	.006	.056	.005	.000
Denmark.....	.021	.020	.045	.060	.066	.034	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Finland.....	.000	-	-	-	-	-	.000	-	-	-	-
Greece.....	.005	.038	.030	.015	.009	.000	.000	.002	.005	.001	.000
Portugal.....	-	-	.001	.003	.003	.002	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Sweden.....	.002	-	-	-	.001	.001	.000	.000	.002	.000	.000
Switzerland.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Turkey.....	.012	.046	.013	.019	.019	.011	.000	.010	.016	.016	.012
Japan.....	.215	.278	.347	.341	.458	.291	.014	.220	.368	.430	.503
Other OECD.....	.032	.028	.026	.029	.017	.013	.000	.000	.009	.011	.009

1/ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

2/ "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

3/ Data through 1990 are for the former West Germany.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. See Appendix A for countries in this group. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •Data for 1995 are preliminary.

Sources: See end of Section 4.

Sources for Section 4 (Historical Oil Data)

Crude Oil Production, Natural Gas Liquids Production, Other Liquids, and Refinery Gain

United States: • Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Supply Annual 1995; • Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys, Petroleum Statement, Annual, various issues.

Other Countries: • EIA, International Energy Annual, various issues. • EIA, International Petroleum Annual, 1978. • United Nations, Yearbook of World Energy Statistics, 1979. Refinery Gains: National Petroleum Council, U.S. Petroleum Refinery Study, October 1986.

Oil Stocks

United States: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual 1995.

Other OECD Countries: • Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances, various issues. • OECD, Monthly Oil Statistics database, 1980-1995.

Oil Demand

United States: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual 1995.

Other OECD Countries: • OECD, Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances, various issues. • OECD, Annual Oil Statistics data base, 1970-1979. • OECD, Monthly Oil Statistics database, 1980-1995.

Oil Imports

United States: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Supply Annual 1995.

Other OECD Countries: • Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances, various issues. • OECD Monthly Oil Statistics database, 1991-1995.

Appendix A. Organizational and Geographical Definitions

International Energy Agency (IEA) countries are: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and the United States.

Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) countries are: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Mexico, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and the United States. Total OECD includes the United States Territories (Guam, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands). Total OECD excludes data for Mexico which are not yet available.

OECD Europe countries are: Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) members are: Algeria, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela. As of December 31, 1992, Ecuador withdrew its membership in OPEC. For consistency, Ecuador is excluded in the historical series of OPEC totals.

Arab members of OPEC are: Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates.

Organization of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries (OAPEC) are: Algeria, Bahrain, Egypt, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Neutral Zone, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Syria, Tunisia, and the United Arab Emirates. In April 1979 Egypt was suspended from OAPEC membership. In May 1989 Egypt rejoined OAPEC. For consistency, Egypt is included in the historical series of the OAPEC totals.

Persian (Arabian) Gulf countries are: Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates.

The term "Former USSR" is being used in the International Petroleum Statistics Report as a purely geographical expression, referring to the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS), Georgia, and the three Baltic States (Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania).

Appendix B

I

Explanatory Notes

Appendix B. Explanatory Notes

Note 1: World Oil Supply

Supply includes production of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas plant liquids, other hydrogen and hydrocarbons for refinery feedstocks, refinery gain, alcohol, and liquids produced from coal and other sources. Beginning in 1993, U.S. data includes fuel ethanol blended into finished motor gasoline and oxygenate production from merchant MTBE plants.

Note 2: Oil Stocks

The International Energy Agency (IEA) assembles and reports total oil stock data for the member countries of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD). Oil stocks include crude oil (including strategic reserves), unfinished oils, natural gas plant liquids, and refined petroleum products. In its report titled Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances of OECD Countries, the IEA defines oil stocks as follows: "All non-military stocks held by importers (including all final consumers directly), refiners, Governments, major non-importing final consumers eligible under IEA/OECD commitments and by foreign entities in the following facilities: bulk terminals, refinery tanks, pipeline tankage, barges, intercoastal tankers (when port of departure and destination are in the reporting country), tankers in port (to the extent that their cargo is to be unloaded in the reporting country), and inland ship bunkers. Oil is reported regardless of the ownership of such storage facilities." IEA data exclude "oil held in pipelines, rail and truck tank cars, sea-going ships' bunkers, service stations, retail stores and tankers at sea." Also the IEA defines the United States to be the 50 States and the District of Columbia, and the U.S. Territories (Guam, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands). The Energy Information Administration (EIA) does not include the United States Territories in its statistical definition of the United States. Further, the EIA includes oil in oil pipelines as part of its stock data. Tables 1.5, 1.6, 2.3, and 4.4 include oil stocks for the United States according to EIA definitions. Using IEA definitions, at the end of December 1995 United States (including territories) oil stocks totaled 1,422 million barrels.

Note 3: A Change to the Oil Balance in Section 2.

Prior to August 1992, Section 2 of the International Petroleum Statistics Report presented a balance of oil supply, demand, and stock change for the Market Economies, at quarterly time intervals. The communist countries, or Centrally Planned Economies (CPEs) were not included in the balance, mainly because good quarterly data for oil demand in these countries were not available. Net imports from the CPEs were included in the balance as part of total Market Economies supply. At present, the former Soviet Union and most of the countries of Eastern Europe are in transition from communism to market economies; because of this there are no longer good political or economic reasons to publish an oil balance only for the countries that have traditionally been market economies. Beginning with the August 1992 edition, Section 2 of the International Petroleum Statistics Report was changed from a Market Economies oil balance to a world oil balance.

The main data issues related to this change may be summarized as follows:

Supply Data. Monthly oil supply data are available for all countries of the world. These data are used to generate Tables 1.1 to 1.4; they were used to expand the Section 2 supply table (Table 2.2) to the whole world.

Demand Data. EIA has now developed quarterly figures for world oil demand, including demand in the former CPEs; these are published in Table 4 of EIA's Short-Term Energy Outlook. The procedures involved in developing quarterly world demand numbers may be summarized as follows:

Complete monthly data are available for the 24 OECD countries. Annual demand data for all countries (about 200 countries) are presented in EIA's International Energy Annual. In 1993, the OECD accounted for about three-fifths of total world demand, the 25 largest consumers outside of the OECD accounted for about one-third of the world total, and the remaining countries (about 150 countries) accounted for less than one-tenth of the total. The key problem, therefore, is to develop good figures for the 25 largest consumers outside the OECD.

Of these 25 countries, by far the largest consumer is Russia, which in 1993 accounted for about one-sixth of the demand in the group of 25. The next largest consumer is China, which in 1993 accounted for about one-seventh of the demand in the group. Thus in 1993 Russia and China accounted for one-third of the demand in the group of 25. For these 2 countries, data are available on oil production and net exports. The demand numbers shown in Section 2 are computed as production minus net exports. This is the same procedure used in the EIA Short-Term Energy Outlook, by the International Energy Agency in their Monthly Oil Market Report, and in other respected publications that deal with international oil markets. Note, however, that this method of computing demand ignores both refinery gain and stock changes.

For other major consuming countries outside of the OECD, quarterly demand data are developed based upon the latest available annual data, analytic judgment about current trends, and some seasonal adjustments. These are the same procedures used for the Short-Term Energy Outlook.

Stocks Data. Reliable stocks data are available for the OECD countries. Estimates of stocks for export and afloat, and of commercial floating stocks, are available. (See sources at the end of Section 2.)

For on-land stocks outside the OECD, there is little reliable data. Most estimates of on-land stocks outside the OECD are based on the theory that stocks are approximately equal to some number of days of demand. Demand figures (which themselves involve some degree of estimation) are then used to compute estimates of stock levels.

In the International Petroleum Statistics Report, it had been the practice for some time to estimate that on-land stocks in the traditional market economies outside of the OECD were equal to 55 days of demand. This was acceptable, mainly because the rule was used only to estimate a relatively small part of total stocks (about 16 percent).

When Section 2 was converted from a Market Economies oil balance to a world oil balance, there were important changes in the conditions that made it reasonable to estimate on-land stocks outside of the OECD using the rule of 55 days of demand. When the CPEs are included, the stocks that must be estimated are a considerably larger part of the total. In 1990, total oil demand in the former CPEs was more than 80 percent as large as demand in all of the non-OECD traditional market economies. Thus the quantity of stocks that would have to be estimated using a 55-day rule would nearly double, and the estimated components of stock levels and stock changes would become relatively large parts of the total. One consequence of this is that the statistical discrepancy (as shown in Table 2.1) would become less useful as an indicator of the overall consistency of the data. The statistical discrepancy is computed from supply, demand, and stock change. If a large part of the stock change is estimated, then the statistical discrepancy loses much of its significance.

As already noted, quarterly demands in the former Soviet Union and in China are computed as production minus net exports. This computation implicitly assumes a zero stock change. Demand in the former Soviet Union is falling. If we were to use a 55-day rule to compute stock levels, falling demand would imply falling stock levels. This would contradict the assumption of zero stock change which was used in computing demand.

In view of all this, the following approach has been adopted. Table 2.3 now shows levels of stocks for the OECD countries, levels of stocks for export and afloat, and levels of commercial floating storage. Stock changes based on these stock levels are shown in Table 2.1. At this time, no other stock levels are shown. Table 2.1 now has a single line labelled "Other Stock Draw and Statistical Discrepancy", which contains the computed values needed to make the table balance.

It may become possible in the future to obtain reliable information on certain categories of on-land stocks outside the OECD. If such data become available, they will be added to Table 2.3, and the corresponding stock change information will be added to Table 2.1.

Changes in Formats and Sign Conventions. There were several changes in Section 2 to make the International Petroleum Statistics Report more consistent with other EIA publications, especially with the Short-Term Energy Outlook. The numbers were changed from 1 decimal place to 2 decimal places. The word "consumption", as used before August 1992, was changed to "demand". The sign convention for stock changes in Table 2.1 was changed. Stock draws are now indicated by positive numbers, and stock additions are indicated by negative numbers. Table 2.1 also uses a new sign convention for the line labelled "Other Stock Draw and Statistical Discrepancy". The values in this line are now computed as Total Demand minus the sum of Total Supply and Total Reported Stock Draw. This is the reverse of the sign convention used before August 1992.

Summary. Section 2 was expanded from a Market Economies oil balance to a world oil balance. Supply data are tracked for all producing countries. Demand data are tracked for the 24 OECD countries, and for 25 large consumers outside of the OECD. Demand for the remaining countries (less than 10 percent of total demand) is estimated, for years that are not yet available in the International Energy Annual. The stock levels in these tables are based on reported data for the OECD and for stocks at sea. The line in Table 2.1 labelled "Other Stock Draw and Statistical Discrepancy" is a balancing item.

Appendix C

Glossary

Appendix C. Glossary

Alcohol. The family name of a group of organic chemical compounds composed of carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen. The molecules in the series vary in chain length and are composed of a hydrocarbon plus a hydroxyl group. Alcohol includes methanol and ethanol.

Demand (Consumption/Petroleum Products Supplied). Total petroleum products supplied is the sum of all petroleum products supplied. For each product, the amount supplied is calculated by summing production, crude oil burned directly, imports, and net withdrawals from primary stocks and subtracting exports.

Crude Oil. A mixture of hydrocarbons that existed in liquid phase in underground reservoirs and remains liquid at atmospheric pressure after passing through surface-separating facilities. Crude oil production is measured at the wellhead and includes lease condensate.

Government-Owned Stocks. Oil stocks owned by the national government and held for national security. In the United States these stocks are known as the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

Lease Condensate. A liquid recovered from natural gas at the well or at small gas/oil separators in the field. Consists primarily of pentanes and heavier hydrocarbons (also called field condensate).

Natural Gas Plant Liquids. Products obtained from processing natural gas at natural gas processing plants, including natural gasoline plants, cycling plants, and fractionators. Products obtained include ethane, liquefied petroleum gases, (propanes, butane, propane-butane mixtures, and ethane-propane mixtures), isopentane, natural gasoline, unfractionated streams, plant condensate, and other minor quantities of finished products, such as motor gasoline, special naphthas, jet fuel, kerosene, and distillate fuel oil.

Oil Stocks. Oil stocks include crude oil (including strategic reserves), unfinished oils, natural gas plant liquids, and refined petroleum products. See Explanatory Note 2.

Other Hydrocarbons. Other materials processed at refineries. Includes coal tar derivatives, hydrogen, gilsonite, and natural gas received by the refinery for reforming into hydrogen.

Oxygenates. Any substance which, when added to gasoline, increases the amount of oxygen in that gasoline blend. They include: Fuel Ethanol, Methanol, and MTBE (Methyl tertiary butyl ether).

Petroleum Products. Petroleum products are obtained from the processing of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas, and other hydrocarbon compounds. Petroleum products include unfinished oils, aviation gasoline, motor gasoline, naphtha-type jet fuel, kerosene-type jet fuel, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, ethane, liquefied petroleum gases, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, lubricants, paraffin wax, petroleum coke, asphalt road oil, still gas, and other miscellaneous products.

Processing Gain. The amount by which the total volume of refinery output is greater than the volume of input for given period of time. The processing gain arises when crude oil and other hydrocarbons are processed into products that are, on average, less dense than the input.

Processing Loss. The amount by which the total volume of refinery output is less than the volume of input for given period of time. The processing loss arises when crude oil and other hydrocarbons are processed into products that are, on average, more dense than the input.

Appendix D

Estimation Procedures

Appendix D. Estimation Procedures

Estimation procedures are used for demand numbers in many of the countries outside of the OECD, in cases where data from EIA's International Energy Annual are not yet available. Demand numbers for 1992 and earlier years, for all countries, may be found in EIA's International Energy Annual 1993, published in May 1995, which is the most recent published edition of the International Energy Annual. EIA's WORLD ENERGY database contains final demand data for all countries of the world for 1993, and preliminary demand data for all countries for 1994. Instructions for downloading this database may be found on EIA's home page (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/world/main1.html>). The status of the demand numbers shown in Section 2 of this current International Petroleum Statistics Report may be summarized as follows.

The OECD demand numbers are, as usual, based on the latest Quarterly Oil Statistics and Monthly Oil Statistics tapes from the International Energy Agency.

For countries outside of the OECD, the following approach is used. The numbers for 1994 and earlier years match the demand numbers in the WORLD ENERGY database on EIA's home page. Numbers for 1995 forward are the best available EIA estimates, based upon the best annual data currently available, analytic judgment about current trends, and some seasonal adjustments. These are the same numbers that appear in the international oil balance table in EIA's Short-Term Energy Outlook.

The two largest non-OECD oil consumers are the former Soviet Union and China. For these two countries, published data are available on production and net exports. Demand is computed as production minus net exports. This is the same approach used in the Short-Term Energy Outlook, by the International Energy Agency in their Monthly Oil Market Report, and in other major publications dealing with international oil data. Note, however, that because of this computation, the demand numbers for the former Soviet Union and China implicitly exclude stock draw and refinery gain.

Appendix E

Conversions

Table E1. Conversion Factors

Product Unit	Equivalent
Refined Petroleum Products	
Barrels per Metric Ton	
Asphalt	6.06
Distillate Fuel Oil	7.46
Gasoline, Aviation	8.90
Gasoline, Motor	8.53
Greases	6.30
Jet Fuel, Kerosene-type	7.93
Jet Fuel, Naptha-type	8.27
Kerosene	7.73
Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG)	11.60
Lubricants	7.00
Miscellaneous Products	8.04
Naphthas	8.22
Natural Gas Liquids (NGL)	10.40
Natural Gasoline	10.00
Paraffin Oil	7.14
Paraffin Wax	7.87
Petrolatum	7.87
Petroleum Coke	5.51
Residual Fuel Oil	6.66
White Spirits	8.50

Table E2. Barrels of Crude Oil per Metric Ton, 1983-1993

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
North America											
Canada.....	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.453
Mexico.....	7.108	7.108	6.965	6.965	6.965	6.965	6.965	6.965	6.965	6.965	6.965
United States.....	7.333	7.333	7.333	7.333	7.333	7.333	7.333	7.333	7.333	7.333	7.333
Central & South America											
Argentina.....	7.149	7.149	7.149	7.149	7.149	7.149	7.149	7.149	7.149	7.149	7.149
Barbados.....	7.286	7.286	7.286	7.286	7.286	7.286	7.286	7.286	7.286	7.286	7.286
Bolivia.....	7.881	7.881	7.881	7.881	7.881	7.881	7.881	7.881	7.881	7.881	7.881
Brazil.....	7.268	7.268	7.268	7.268	7.268	7.268	7.268	7.268	7.268	7.268	7.268
Chile.....	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506
Colombia.....	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084
Cuba.....	6.449	6.449	6.449	6.449	6.449	6.449	6.449	6.449	6.449	6.449	6.449
Ecuador.....	7.130	7.130	7.130	7.130	7.130	7.130	7.130	7.130	7.130	7.130	7.130
Guatemala.....	7.210	7.210	7.210	7.210	7.210	7.210	7.210	7.210	7.210	7.210	7.210
Peru.....	7.407	7.407	7.407	7.407	7.407	7.407	7.407	7.407	7.407	7.407	7.407
Suriname.....	--	--	6.199	6.199	6.199	6.199	6.199	6.199	6.199	6.199	6.199
Trinidad and Tobago.....	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084
Venezuela.....	6.795	6.795	6.880	6.880	6.880	6.880	6.880	6.880	6.880	6.880	6.880
Western Europe											
Austria.....	7.082	7.082	7.082	7.082	7.082	7.082	7.082	7.082	7.082	7.082	7.082
Denmark.....	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689
France.....	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332
Germany.....	7.295	7.295	7.295	7.295	7.295	7.295	7.295	7.295	7.295	7.295	7.295
Greece.....	7.178	7.178	7.178	7.178	7.178	7.178	7.178	7.178	7.178	7.178	7.178
Italy.....	6.853	6.853	6.853	6.853	6.853	6.853	6.853	6.853	6.853	6.853	6.853
Netherlands.....	6.853	6.853	6.853	6.853	6.853	6.853	6.853	6.853	6.853	6.853	6.853
Norway.....	7.810	7.810	7.810	7.810	7.810	7.810	7.810	7.810	7.810	7.810	7.810
Spain.....	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506
Sweden.....	--	--	--	--	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247
Turkey.....	7.150	7.150	7.150	7.150	7.150	7.150	7.150	7.150	7.150	7.150	7.150
United Kingdom.....	7.466	7.466	7.466	7.466	7.466	7.466	7.466	7.466	7.466	7.466	7.466
Former Yugoslavia.....	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418

-- = No Production of this form of energy.

Sources: International Energy Annual 1993. DOE/EIA-0219 (93) (95/05) (May 1995).

Table E2. Barrels of Crude Oil per Metric Ton, 1983-1993 (Continued)

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Eastern Europe & Former U.S.S.R.											
Albania.....	6.594	6.594	6.594	6.594	6.594	6.594	6.594	6.594	6.594	6.594	6.594
Bulgaria.....	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332
Former Czechoslovakia.....	6.780	6.780	6.780	6.780	6.780	6.780	6.780	6.780	6.780	6.780	6.780
Hungary.....	6.690	6.690	6.690	6.690	6.690	6.690	6.690	6.690	6.690	6.690	6.690
Poland.....	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418
Romania.....	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506
Former U.S.S.R.....	7.270	7.270	7.270	7.270	7.270	7.270	7.270	7.270	7.270	7.270	7.270
Middle East											
Bahrain.....	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320
Iran.....	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305
Iraq.....	7.426	7.426	7.426	7.426	7.426	7.426	7.426	7.426	7.426	7.426	7.426
Israel.....	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247
Jordan.....	---	---	---	---	7.190	7.190	7.190	7.190	7.190	7.190	7.190
Kuwait.....	7.245	7.245	7.245	7.245	7.245	7.245	7.245	7.245	7.245	7.245	7.245
Oman.....	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332
Qatar.....	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500
Saudi Arabia.....	7.268	7.268	7.268	7.268	7.268	7.268	7.268	7.268	7.268	7.268	7.268
Syria.....	6.836	6.836	6.836	6.836	6.836	6.836	6.836	6.836	6.836	6.836	6.836
United Arab Emirates.....	7.480	7.480	7.480	7.480	7.480	7.480	7.480	7.480	7.480	7.480	7.480
Yemen.....	---	---	---	7.627	7.636	7.632	7.632	7.631	7.631	7.631	7.631
Africa											
Algeria.....	7.936	7.936	7.936	7.936	7.936	7.936	7.936	7.936	7.936	7.936	7.936
Angola.....	7.409	7.409	7.409	7.409	7.409	7.409	7.409	7.409	7.409	7.409	7.409
Benin.....	6.870	6.870	6.870	6.870	6.870	6.870	6.870	6.870	6.870	6.870	6.870
Cameroon.....	7.205	7.205	7.205	7.205	7.205	7.205	7.205	7.205	7.205	7.205	7.205
Congo.....	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506
Egypt.....	7.256	7.256	7.256	7.256	7.256	7.256	7.256	7.256	7.256	7.256	7.256
Equatorial Guinea.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	8.077	8.077	8.077
Gabon.....	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305
Ghana.....	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285
Ivory Coast.....	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285
Libya.....	7.515	7.515	7.515	7.515	7.515	7.515	7.515	7.515	7.515	7.515	7.515
Morocco.....	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600
Nigeria.....	7.315	7.315	7.315	7.315	7.315	7.315	7.315	7.315	7.315	7.315	7.315
Tunisia.....	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689
Zaire.....	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320

-- = No Production of this form of energy.

Sources: International Energy Annual 1993. DOE/EIA-0219 (93) (95/05) (May 1995).

Table E2. Barrels of Crude Oil per Metric Ton, 1983-1993 (Continued)

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Far East & Oceania											
Australia.....	7.720	7.855	7.855	7.855	7.855	7.855	7.855	7.855	7.855	7.855	7.855
Bangladesh.....	--	--	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.453
Brunei.....	7.340	7.340	7.340	7.340	7.340	7.340	7.340	7.340	7.340	7.340	7.340
China.....	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320
India.....	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600
Indonesia.....	7.558	7.558	7.558	7.558	7.558	7.558	7.558	7.558	7.558	7.558	7.558
Japan.....	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285
Malaysia.....	7.641	7.641	7.641	7.641	7.641	7.641	7.641	7.641	7.641	7.641	7.641
Myanmar (Burma).....	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084
New Zealand.....	8.127	8.127	8.127	8.127	8.127	8.127	8.127	8.127	8.127	8.127	8.127
Pakistan.....	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500
Papua New Guinea.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.809	7.809	7.809
Philippines.....	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285
Taiwan.....	6.568	6.568	6.568	6.568	6.568	6.568	6.568	6.568	6.568	6.568	6.568
Thailand.....	6.758	6.758	6.758	6.758	6.758	6.758	6.758	6.758	6.758	6.758	6.758
Vietnam.....	--	--	--	7.082	7.082	7.082	7.082	7.082	7.082	7.082	7.082

-- = No Production of this form of energy.

Sources: International Energy Annual 1993. DOE/EIA-0219 (93) (95/05) (May 1995).

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