Application of Advanced Reservoir Characterization, Simulation, and Production Optimization Strategies to Maximize Recovery in Slope, and Basin Clastic Reservoirs, West Texas (Delaware Basin)

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TECHNICAL PROGRESS REPORT

Title: APPLICATION OF ADVANCED RESERVOIR CHARACTERIZATION, SIMULATION, AND PRODUCTION OPTIMIZATION STRATEGIES TO MAXIMIZE RECOVERY IN SLOPE AND BASIN CLASTIC RESERVOIRS, WEST TEXAS (DELAWARE BASIN)

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Program Manager: Daniel Ferguson

Principal Investigator: Shirley P. Dutton

Contracting Officer's Representative: Daniel Ferguson

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OBJECTIVES

The objective of this Class 3 project is to demonstrate that detailed reservoir characterization of slope and basin clastic reservoirs in sandstones of the Delaware Mountain Group in the Delaware Basin of West Texas and New Mexico is a cost effective way to recover a higher percentage of the original oil in place through strategic placement of infill wells and geologically based field development. Project objectives are divided into two main phases. The original objectives of the reservoir-characterization phase of the project were (1) to provide a detailed understanding of the architecture and heterogeneity of two representative fields of the Delaware Mountain Group, Geraldine Ford and Ford West, which produce from the Bell Canyon and Cherry Canyon Formations, respectively, (2) to chose a demonstration area in one of the fields, and (3) to simulate a CO₂ flood in the demonstration area.

The Bureau's industry partner for the initial Phase 1 of the project was Conoco, Inc. After the reservoir characterization and simulation of an area at the northern end of the Ford Geraldine unit were completed, Conoco decided not to proceed to Phase 2, installation of a CO₂ flood in the demonstration area. This decision by Conoco provides an opportunity for a more extensive field demonstration in East Ford field, with Orla Petco as the industry partner. East Ford field is immediately adjacent to the Ford Geraldine unit and produces from the same Ramsey sandstone channel. Phase 1 of the project has been expanded to include reservoir characterization of East Ford field. This additional reservoir-characterization task provides an excellent opportunity to test the transferability of the geologic model and log-interpretation methods developed during reservoir characterization of the Ford Geraldine unit to another Delaware sandstone field.

The objectives of the implementation phase of the project remain the same, to (1) apply the knowledge gained from reservoir characterization and simulation studies to increase recovery from a demonstration area, (2) demonstrate that economically significant unrecovered oil can be recovered by a CO₂ flood of the demonstration area, and (3) test the accuracy of reservoir characterization and flow simulation as predictive tools in resource preservation of mature fields. The goal is to develop a geologically designed CO₂ flood and well-completion program in a representative Delaware Sandstone field that can serve as a model for other fields in the play. Through technology transfer, the knowledge gained in this study can be applied to increase production from more than 100 other Delaware Mountain Group reservoirs.

SUMMARY OF TECHNICAL PROGRESS

Conoco, Inc., the industry partner for this project through December, 1997, decided not to proceed to a Phase 2 field demonstration in the Ford Geraldine unit. The decision by Conoco, Inc. provides an opportunity for a different, and more definitive, Phase 2 field demonstration in East Ford field, with Orla Petco as the industry partner. Orla Petco, Inc. is the operator of East Ford field, which is immediately adjacent to the Ford Geraldine unit and produces from the same Ramsey sandstone channel. The Bureau and Orla Petco submitted a revised statement of work to extend the reservoir characterization phase of the project to include East Ford field. The revised statement of work was approved at the end of the quarter.

Reservoir characterization of East Ford field will be necessary before moving to the field-demonstration phase. Reservoir characterization of this new field will provide an excellent opportunity to test the transferability of the information and methodologies that were developed during the Ford Geraldine study to another Delaware Mountain Group field with less abundant data. It is anticipated that information on depositional processes, geometries, and dimensions of Bell Canyon sandstone bodies developed from the outcrop study (Dutton and others, 1997 and
1998) will apply to Ford East field equally well as to the reservoirs at the Ford Geraldine unit. Furthermore, the methods of petrophysical analysis developed to work with the 1950’s vintage logs from the Ford Geraldine unit (Asquith and others, 1997; Dutton and others, 1997) should be applicable in East Ford field as well.

The mid-project decision point will come at the end of the expanded Phase 1. Upon the successful completion of Phase 1 and approval by DOE, the project will proceed to the Phase 2 demonstration, a CO$_2$ flood in East Ford field. The original objectives of the field demonstration—assessment of the effectiveness of CO$_2$ flooding to improve recovery in a mature Ramsey sandstone field—will be accomplished in a more definitive test than would have been possible in the Ford Geraldine unit. Orla Petco began a CO$_2$ flood in the Ramsey sandstone in East Ford field in July, 1995. Orla Petco will make available to the DOE project all of the injection and production data generated since the flood was initiated in July, 1995. By the end of Phase 2, more than four years of CO$_2$ flood data will be available, which will allow a more complete evaluation of the success of the flood and a better comparison to the predictions made on the basis of the reservoir characterization and simulation.

TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER

The draft annual report for the third year of the project (Dutton and others, 1998) was submitted for review. Upon receiving the review comments, the report will be revised and the final report submitted.

One presentation based on the project was given this quarter, as follows:


PLANNED ACTIVITIES

Reservoir characterization of East Ford field will begin during the next quarter. Well files containing well logs, completion and workover history, pressure and production tests, and core-analysis results will be copied from Orla Petco files and organized and assembled at UT/BEG offices in Austin. Production records will be copied from Orla Petco files. Production data will be loaded into a computer data base for manipulation and mapping. Well logs will be digitized and stored in a computer data base.

Reservoir characterization of East Ford field will include (1) correlating and subdividing the high-order cycle that includes the Ramsey sandstone reservoir interval; (2) mapping the geometry of reservoir sandstone bodies and bounding siltstones; and (3) constructing a depositional model for East Ford field. Information about Bell Canyon sandstones previously gathered from well exposed outcrops (Dutton and others, 1997) and from the abundant core and log data in the Ford Geraldine unit will guide the geologic interpretation of East Ford field.
REFERENCES

