H-AREA, K-AREA, AND PAR POND SEWAGE SLUDGE APPLICATION SITES GROUNDWATER MONITORING REPORT (U)

FIRST QUARTER 1995

Publication Date: June 1995

Key Words

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HSS wells
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KSS wells

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Westinghouse Savannah River Company
Savannah River Site
Aiken, SC 29808

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H-, K-Area, and Par Pond Sewage Sludge Application Sites - First Quarter 1995 Groundwater Monitoring Report

by

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DOE Contract No. DE-AC09-89SR18035

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Abstract

During first quarter 1995, samples from monitoring wells at the K-Area Sewage Sludge Application Site (KSS wells) and Par Pond Sewage Sludge Application Site (PSS wells) were analyzed for constituents required by SCDHEC Construction Permit 13,173. H-Area Sewage Sludge Application Site (HSS wells) samples were analyzed for constituents required by SCDHEC Construction Permit 12,076. All samples are also analyzed as requested for other constituents as part of the Savannah River Site (SRS) Groundwater Monitoring Program. Annual analyses for other constituents, primarily metals, also are required by the permits.

The only constituent that exceeded the SCDHEC final Primary Drinking Water Standard in any well was lead which was found in wells HSS 3D and PSS 3D. Aluminum and iron were above Flag 2 criteria in one or more wells in the three sites during first quarter 1995.

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Executive Summary

During first quarter 1995, samples from the three monitoring wells at the H-Area Sewage Sludge Application Site (HSS series) were analyzed for constituents required by Construction Permit 12,076, issued by the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (SCDHEC). The three monitoring wells at the K-Area Sewage Sludge Application Site (KSS series) and the three monitoring wells at the Par Pond Sewage Sludge Application Site (PSS series) were analyzed during first quarter 1995 for constituents required by SCDHEC Construction Permit 13,173 and for other constituents, as requested, as part of the Savannah River Site (SRS) Groundwater Monitoring Program. This report describes the monitoring results that exceeded the final Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS) or the SRS flagging criteria.

During first quarter 1995, lead exceeded the SCDHEC final PDWS at the H-Area and Par Pond Sewage Sludge Application Sites. No constituents exceeded the final PDWS at the K-Area Sewage Sludge Application Site.

Aluminum and iron exceeded the SRS Flag 2 criteria during first quarter 1995 in wells HSS 3D, KSS 1D and 2D, and PSS 2D and 3D. Aluminum also exceeded the Flag 2 criteria in wells HSS 1D and PSS 1D.

Historical and current water-level elevations at the H-Area Sewage Sludge Application Site indicate that the groundwater flow direction is toward the south to southwest (universal transverse Mercator [UTM] coordinates). Historical and current water-level elevations at the K-Area Sewage Sludge Application Site indicate that the groundwater flow direction is south to south-east (UTM coordinates). The potentiometric surface at the Par Pond Sewage Sludge Application Site was not determined for first quarter 1995 because three data points are necessary to produce potentiometric contours and flow directions. Historically, water-level elevations at the Par Pond site indicate that the groundwater flow direction is south to southeast (UTM coordinates).

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Introduction

The H-Area Sewage Sludge Application Site includes approximately 13 acres south of Road E in the southeastern portion of H-Area (Figures 1 and 2, Appendix C). The 17-acre K-Area Sewage Sludge Application Site lies southeast of K-Area on the west bank of Pen Branch (Figures 1 and 4, Appendix C). The Par Pond Sewage Sludge Application Site includes 22 acres south of Par Pond (Figures 1 and 6, Appendix C). The following description outlines important events in the history of the H-Area, K-Area, and Par Pond Sewage Sludge Application Sites.

- The sewage sludge application sites at the Savannah River Site (SRS) were originally the subject of a research program, begun in 1980, using domestic sewage sludge to reclaim borrow pits and to enhance forest productivity at SRS. After sludge was applied to the sites, hardwoods and pines were planted to quantify the wood biomass that could be produced using the sludge as a fertilizer and soil conditioner.
- As part of the research program, wastewater sludge was applied to the K-Area and Par Pond sites in 1981 under Industrial Waste Permit 175. These sites received a second application of sludge in 1988. This last application, from the Central Shops Sanitary Sludge Lagoon, was a one-time occurrence in accordance with Construction Permit 13,173, issued on April 30, 1987 by the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (SCDHEC). Both sites are now inactive.
- Sludge was disposed intermittently at the H-Area site from November 1990 through second quarter 1992 in accordance with Construction Permit 12,076, issued by SCDHEC on April 21, 1986. This site is now inactive.
- In 1988, SRS determined that new monitoring wells were required at the H-Area, K-Area, and Par Pond Sewage Sludge Application Sites to assess the effects of sewage sludge application on groundwater quality. SRS installed three wells each at the H-Area, K-Area, and Par Pond sites after approval by SCDHEC. These wells, which were first sampled during fourth quarter 1988, are designated HSS 1D, 2D, and 3D; KSS 1D, 2D, and 3D; and PSS 1D, 2D, and 3D. All wells monitor the water table and are constructed of 4-in. polyvinyl chloride pipe.
- In 1989, the K-Area and Par Pond Sewage Sludge Application Sites became part of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Facilities Investigation/Remedial Investigation program because chlordane was found in the sludge from the Central Shops lagoon. Chlordane has not appeared above detection limits in any KSS or PSS well since first quarter 1991. Chlordane was last sampled during first quarter 1993.

The SRS samples the HSS, KSS, and PSS monitoring wells each quarter, and reports the results of this sampling to SCDHEC as required by Special Condition 4 of the construction permits for these wells.

Discussion

Groundwater Monitoring Data

The sampling procedure (WSRC, 1992) requires evacuation of a minimum of two well volumes and stabilization of pH, specific conductance, and turbidity prior to sample collection. Stability is established when a minimum of three successive measurements of each of these parameters, taken within a given time period, is within a specified tolerance range.

If a well pumps dry before two well volumes are purged or before stabilization is achieved, it must be revisited within 24 hours for the data to be considered from a single sampling event. On the second visit within 24 hours, samples are taken without further purging or stability measurements; thus, these samples may not be representative of groundwater quality.

Tables 7, 8, and 9 (Appendix D) list the number of well volumes purged from the HSS, KSS, and PSS wells, respectively, during first quarter 1995. Wells HSS 1D and 3D, KSS 1D and 2D, and PSS 3D went dry during purging; all wells recovered sufficiently to be sampled within 24 hours. The depth to water and water elevation for well PSS 3D were not available because there was no water in the standpipe. Well PSS 3D has consistently purged dry since its installation. At present, all HSS, KSS, and PSS wells have single-speed centrifugal pumps.

Groundwater samples from the monitoring wells at the H-Area Sewage Sludge Application Site are analyzed for the following parameters as required by SCDHEC Construction Permit 12,076, and samples from the monitoring wells at the K-Area and Par Pond Sewage Sludge Application Sites are analyzed for the following parameters as required by SCDHEC Construction Permit 13,173:

- Quarterly analyses for specific conductance and pH (field and laboratory measurements are taken);
- Quarterly analyses for water quality indicators: chloride, nitrate, nitrite, sodium, and total dissolved solids;
- Annual analyses for cadmium, calcium, copper, iron, lead, magnesium, manganese, nickel, potassium, and total phosphates (as phosphorus).

The HSS, KSS, and PSS wells may also receive additional analyses as part of the SRS Groundwater Monitoring Program. Additional analyses performed for KSS and PSS wells may include chlordane.

Constituent levels that equaled or exceeded final PDWS or SRS Flag 2 criteria are described as *exceeding* standards, *above* standards, or as *elevated*. The following standards were used in this report:

- the Safe Drinking Water Act final Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS) or drinking water screening levels, as established by the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) (Appendix A);

- the South Carolina final PDWS for lead (Appendix A);
- the SRS flagging criteria based on final and proposed PDWS, Secondary Drinking Water Standards, and method detection limits (Appendix B).

The final PDWS for individual analytes given in Appendix A may not always match the SRS flagging criteria in Appendix B. The final PDWS are used as guidelines in this compliance report to meet regulatory requirements; the flagging criteria are used to identify relative levels of constituents in the groundwater and as guides for scheduling groundwater sampling.

Analytical Results Exceeding Standards

Tables 1, 3, and 5 (Appendix D) summarize constituents that exceeded the final PDWS (see Appendix A) at the H-Area, K-Area, and Par Pond Sewage Sludge Application Sites, respectively, during first quarter 1995. Lead exceeded the SCDHEC final PDWS in wells HSS 3D and PSS 3D. No other constituents exceeded the final PDWS in the HSS, KSS, or PSS wells during the first quarter.

Constituents exceeding other flagging criteria (see Appendix B) during first quarter 1995 are summarized in Table 2 (Appendix D) for the HSS wells, Table 4 (Appendix D) for the KSS wells, and Table 6 (Appendix D) for the PSS wells. Aluminum exceeded the SRS Flag 2 criteria during first quarter 1995 in wells HSS 1D and 3D, KSS 1D and 2D, and PSS 1D, 2D, and 3D. Iron exceeded SRS Flag 2 criteria in wells HSS 3D, KSS 1D and 2D, and PSS 2D and 3D during this quarter.

Tables 7, 8, and 9 (Appendix D) present the results for all analyzed constituents and identify the analyses that exceeded EPA-approved holding times for the HSS, KSS, and PSS wells, respectively.

Presently, SRS sets no flagging criteria for alkalinity. In the HSS well series, alkalinity results were as high as 4 mg/L in well HSS 1D. The highest alkalinity measurement in the KSS wells occurred in well KSS 1D at 17 mg/L. In the PSS wells during first quarter 1995, alkalinity was measured at 1 mg/L in wells PSS 1D, 2D, and 3D.

Appendix D provides definitions of the abbreviations and the modifiers used in the results tables as well as descriptions of holding times, data rounding, and data qualification practices.

Appendix E provides a general assessment of the quality and usability of the data.

Water Elevations and Groundwater Flow Directions

The nearly linear orientation of the wells at the H-Area Sewage Sludge Application Site and the fact that wells HSS 1D and 2D are screened well below the water table make the determination of groundwater flow direction at this site difficult. Water-level elevations from the three HSS wells indicate that groundwater flow was generally south to southwest during first quarter 1995, using universal transverse Mercator (UTM) coordinates (Figure 3, Appendix C). This flow direction is consistent with previous quarters. Well HSS 3D is the designated upgradient well for the H-Area Sewage Sludge Application Site.

Water-level elevations during first quarter 1995 at the K-Area Sewage Sludge Application Site indicate that the groundwater flow direction was south to southeast using UTM coordinates (Figure 5, Appendix C), although the nearly linear orientation of these wells makes this determination tentative. The groundwater flow direction has been south to southeast historically. Well KSS 1D is designated as the upgradient well in the K-Area Sewage Sludge Application Site. The water elevation reported for well KSS 3D showed an elevation differential of 7.2 feet with well KSS 2D. During 1994, the elevation differential between these two wells was less than 1 foot. On May 25, 1995 the depth to water was again measured for the KSS wells. The water elevation derived from that survey showed the water elevation differential between KSS 2D and 3D to be less than 1 foot. Because of this, it is believed that the depth to water data recorded for well KSS 3D in January 1995 may be incorrect.

During first quarter 1995, the potentiometric surface at the Par Pond Sewage Sludge Application Site could not be contoured because three data points are necessary to produce potentiometric contours and flow directions (Figure 7, Appendix C). Historically, flow direction at this site has been reported as south to southeast. Well PSS 1D is the designated upgradient well in the Par Pond Sewage Sludge Application Site.

Conclusions

- During first quarter 1995, lead exceeded the SCDHEC final PDWS in upgradient well HSS 3D and downgradient well PSS 3D. No other constituent exceeded the final PDWS in the HSS, KSS, or PSS wells during this quarter.
- Aluminum exceeded the SRS Flag 2 criterion during first quarter 1995 in downgradient well HSS 1D, upgradient well HSS 3D, upgradient well KSS 1D, downgradient well KSS 2D, upgradient well PSS 1D, and downgradient wells PSS 2D and 3D. Iron was elevated in wells HSS 3D, KSS 1D and 2D, and PSS 2D and 3D.
- Chlordane was not analyzed in the three KSS or the three PSS wells during first quarter 1995. Chlordane was analyzed third quarter 1991, fourth quarter 1991, first quarter 1992, third quarter 1992, fourth quarter 1992, and first quarter 1993 in some or all of the KSS and PSS wells. This constituent was not detected in any of these analyses.
- Groundwater flow direction at the H-Area Sewage Sludge Application Site was south to southwest (UTM coordinates) during first quarter 1995; groundwater flow direction at the K-Area Sewage Sludge Application Site was south to southeast (UTM coordinates); and groundwater flow direction at the Par Pond Sewage Sludge Application Site could not be contoured because the site was monitored by only two wells.
- Depth to water data recorded for well KSS 3D, and the water elevation derived from that information, may be incorrect.
- In the HSS well series, the highest alkalinity measurement was 4 mg/L. Alkalinity ranged as high as 17 mg/L in the KSS well series. PSS wells had an alkalinity reading of 1 mg/L.
- Wells HSS 1D and 3D, KSS 1D and 2D, and PSS 3D went dry during purging; therefore, the samples from these wells may not be representative groundwater samples.

References Cited

WSRC (Westinghouse Savannah River Company), 1992. *Sampling Groundwater Monitoring Wells, Hydrogeologic Data Collection Procedures and Specifications*. Manual 3Q5, Rev. 1, Chapter 15. Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC.

Errata

In tables with four quarters of data, some values for earlier quarters may differ from values for those same quarters presented in earlier reports because some reanalyses may have been performed by the laboratories after the reports were printed.

Third quarter 1993 through first quarter 1995:

- No errata have been reported.

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Appendix A

Final Primary Drinking Water Standards

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Final Primary Drinking Water Standards

Analyte	Unit	Level	Status	Source
Alachlor	µg/L	2	Final	EPA, 1993
Aldicarb ^a	µg/L	3	Final	EPA, 1993
Aldicarb sulfone ^a	µg/L	2	Final	EPA, 1993
Aldicarb sulfoxide ^a	µg/L	4	Final	EPA, 1993
Antimony	µg/L	6	Final	EPA, 1993
Arsenic	µg/L	50	Final	EPA, 1993
Asbestos	Fibers/L	7,000,000	Final	EPA, 1993
Atrazine	µg/L	3	Final	EPA, 1993
Barium	µg/L	2,000	Final	EPA, 1993
Benzene	µg/L	5	Final	EPA, 1993
Benzo[a]pyrene	µg/L	0.2	Final	EPA, 1993
Beryllium	µg/L	4	Final	EPA, 1993
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	µg/L	6	Final	EPA, 1993
Bromodichloromethane	µg/L	100	Final	EPA, 1993
Bromoform	µg/L	100	Final	EPA, 1993
2-sec-Butyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	µg/L	7	Final	EPA, 1993
Cadmium	µg/L	5	Final	EPA, 1993
Carbofuran	µg/L	40	Final	EPA, 1993
Carbon tetrachloride	µg/L	5	Final	EPA, 1993
Chlordane	µg/L	2	Final	EPA, 1993
Chlorobenzene	µg/L	100	Final	EPA, 1993
Chloroethene (Vinyl chloride)	µg/L	2	Final	EPA, 1993
Chloroform	µg/L	100	Final	EPA, 1993
Chromium	µg/L	100	Final	EPA, 1993
Copper	µg/L	1,300	Final	EPA, 1993
Cyanide	µg/L	200	Final	EPA, 1993
Dalapon ^a	µg/L	200	Final	EPA, 1993
Dibromochloromethane	µg/L	100	Final	EPA, 1993
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	µg/L	0.2	Final	EPA, 1993
1,2-Dibromoethane	µg/L	0.05	Final	EPA, 1993
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	µg/L	600	Final	EPA, 1993
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	µg/L	75	Final	EPA, 1993
1,2-Dichloroethane	µg/L	5	Final	EPA, 1993
1,1-Dichloroethylene	µg/L	7	Final	EPA, 1993
1,2-Dichloroethylene	µg/L	50	Final	EPA, 1993
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	µg/L	70	Final	EPA, 1993
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	µg/L	100	Final	EPA, 1993
Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)	µg/L	5	Final	EPA, 1993
2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid	µg/L	70	Final	EPA, 1993
1,2-Dichloropropane	µg/L	5	Final	EPA, 1993
Di(2-ethylhexyl) adipate ^a	µg/L	400	Final	EPA, 1993
Diquat dibromide ^a	µg/L	20	Final	EPA, 1993
Endothall ^a	µg/L	100	Final	EPA, 1993
Endrin	µg/L	2	Final	EPA, 1993
Ethylbenzene	µg/L	700	Final	EPA, 1993
Fluoride	µg/L	4,000	Final	EPA, 1993
Glyphosate ^a	µg/L	700	Final	EPA, 1993
Gross alpha ^b	pCi/L	1.5E+01	Final	EPA, 1993
Heptachlor	µg/L	0.4	Final	EPA, 1993
Heptachlor epoxide	µg/L	0.2	Final	EPA, 1993
Hexachlorobenzene	µg/L	1	Final	EPA, 1993

Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	µg/L	50	Final	EPA, 1993
Lead	µg/L	50	Final	SCDHEC, 1981
Lindane	µg/L	0.2	Final	EPA, 1993
Mercury	µg/L	2	Final	EPA, 1993
Methoxychlor	µg/L	40	Final	EPA, 1993
Nickel	µg/L	100	Final	EPA, 1993
Nitrate as nitrogen	µg/L	10,000	Final	EPA, 1993
Nitrate-nitrite as nitrogen	µg/L	10,000	Final	EPA, 1993
Nitrite as nitrogen	µg/L	1,000	Final	EPA, 1993
Nonvolatile beta	pCi/L	5E+01	Interim Final	EPA, 1977
Oxamyl ^a	µg/L	200	Final	EPA, 1993
PCB 1016	µg/L	0.5	Final	EPA, 1993
PCB 1221	µg/L	0.5	Final	EPA, 1993
PCB 1232	µg/L	0.5	Final	EPA, 1993
PCB 1242	µg/L	0.5	Final	EPA, 1993
PCB 1248	µg/L	0.5	Final	EPA, 1993
PCB 1254	µg/L	0.5	Final	EPA, 1993
PCB 1260	µg/L	0.5	Final	EPA, 1993
PCB 1262	µg/L	0.5	Final	EPA, 1993
Pentachlorophenol	µg/L	1	Final	EPA, 1993
Picloram ^a	µg/L	500	Final	EPA, 1993
Selenium	µg/L	50	Final	EPA, 1993
Simazine ^a	µg/L	4	Final	EPA, 1993
Strontium-89/90 ^c	pCi/L	8E+00	Final	EPA, 1993
Strontium-90	pCi/L	8E+00	Final	EPA, 1993
Styrene	µg/L	100	Final	EPA, 1993
2,3,7,8-TCDD	µg/L	0.00003	Final	EPA, 1993
Tetrachloroethylene	µg/L	5	Final	EPA, 1993
Thallium	µg/L	2	Final	EPA, 1993
Toluene	µg/L	1,000	Final	EPA, 1993
Toxaphene	µg/L	3	Final	EPA, 1993
2,4,5-TP (Silvex)	µg/L	50	Final	EPA, 1993
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	µg/L	70	Final	EPA, 1993
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	µg/L	200	Final	EPA, 1993
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	µg/L	5	Final	EPA, 1993
Trichloroethylene	µg/L	5	Final	EPA, 1993
Tritium	pCi/mL	2E+01	Final	EPA, 1993
Xylenes	µg/L	10,000	Final	EPA, 1993

Note: Final PDWS were assigned to alachlor, aldicarb, aldicarb sulfone, aldicarb sulfoxide, atrazine, carbofuran, dalapon, di(2-ethylhexyl) adipate, diquat dibromide, endothall, glyphosate, oxamyl, picloram, and simazine in the SRS Groundwater Monitoring Program for the first time beginning first quarter 1994.

- ^a At present, EMS does not perform this analysis because the constituent is not in the current contract.
- ^b The standard given is for gross alpha including radium-226 but excluding radon and uranium.
- ^c For double radionuclide analyses where each separate radionuclide has its own standard, the more stringent standard is used.

References

EPA (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency), 1977. National Interim Primary Drinking Water Regulations, EPA-570/9-76-003. Washington, DC.

EPA (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency), 1993. *National Primary Drinking Water Regulations, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 40, Part 141, pp. 592-732.* Washington, DC.

SCDHEC (South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control), 1981. State Primary Drinking Water Regulations, R.61-58.5. Columbia, SC.

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Appendix B

Flagging Criteria

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Flagging Criteria

The Savannah River Site Environmental Protection Department/Environmental Monitoring Section (EPD/EMS) flagging criteria are as follows:

- Flag 2 criteria for constituents equal the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) final Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS), the SDWA proposed PDWS, or the SDWA Secondary Drinking Water Standards (SDWS). If a constituent does not have a drinking water standard, the Flag 2 criterion equals 10 times the method detection limit (MDL) calculated as the 90th percentile detection limit obtained recently by one of the primary analytical laboratories.
- Flag 1 criteria for constituents equal one-half of the final PDWS, one-half the proposed PDWS, or one-half the SDWS. If a constituent does not have a drinking water standard, the Flag 1 criterion equals 5 times the MDL calculated as the 90th percentile detection limit obtained recently by one of the primary analytical laboratories.
- Flag 0 criteria are assigned to constituent levels below Flag 1 criteria, constituent levels below the sample detection limits, or constituents having no flagging criteria.

The following parameters are exceptions to the flagging rules:

- EPD/EMS sets flagging criteria for pH and specific conductance. No flags are set for alkalinity, calcium, carbonate, magnesium, potassium, silica, sodium, total dissolved solids, total phosphates (as P), and total phosphorus. Analyses for these parameters are conducted as part of the biennial comprehensive analyses or by special request.
- Aesthetic parameters such as color, corrosivity, Eh, odor, surfactants, and turbidity are not assigned flagging criteria but are analyzed by special request.
- Common laboratory contaminants and cleaners such as dichloromethane (methylene chloride), ketones, phthalates, and toluene are not assigned flagging criteria unless they have primary drinking water standards. These constituents are analyzed by special request.

Analyte	Unit	Flag 1	Flag 2	Source ^a
Acenaphthene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Acenaphthylene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Acetone	µg/L	500	1,000	EPA Method 8240
Acetonitrile (n:ethyl cyanide)	µg/L	500	1,000	EPA Method 8240
Acetophenone	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
2-Acetylaminofluorene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Acrolein	µg/L	100	200	EPA Method 8240
Acrylonitrile	µg/L	100	200	EPA Method 8240
Actinium-228	pCi/L	1.64E+03	3.27E+03	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Alachlor	µg/L	1	2	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Aldicarb ^b	µg/L	1.5	3	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Aldicarb sulfone ^b	µg/L	1	2	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Aldicarb sulfoxide ^b	µg/L	2	4	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Aldrin	µg/L	0.25	0.5	EPA Method 8080
Alkalinity (as CaCO ₃)		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Allyl chloride	µg/L	250	500	EPA Method 8240
Aluminum	µg/L	25	50	SDWS (EPA, 1993b)
Aluminum, dissolved	µg/L	25	50	SDWS (EPA, 1993b)
Aluminum, total recoverable	µg/L	25	50	SDWS (EPA, 1993b)
Americium-241	pCi/L	3.17E+00	6.34E+00	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)

Americium-243	pCi/L	3.19E+00	6.37E+00	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
4-Aminobiphenyl	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Ammonia	µg/L	500	1,000	APHA Method 417B
Ammonia nitrogen	µg/L	500	1,000	EPA Method 350.1
Aniline	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Anthracene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Antimony	µg/L	3	6	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Antimony, dissolved	µg/L	3	6	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Antimony, total recoverable	µg/L	3	6	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Antimony-125	pCi/L	1.5E+02	3E+02	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Aramite	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Arsenic	µg/L	25	50	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Arsenic, dissolved	µg/L	25	50	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Arsenic, total recoverable	µg/L	25	50	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Asbestos	Fibers/L	3,500,000	7,000,000	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Atrazine	µg/L	1.5	3	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Azobenzene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 625
Barium	µg/L	1,000	2,000	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Barium, dissolved	µg/L	1,000	2,000	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Barium, total recoverable	µg/L	1,000	2,000	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Barium-140 ^c	pCi/L	4.5E+01	9E+01	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Benzene	µg/L	2.5	5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
alpha-Benzene hexachloride	µg/L	0.25	0.5	EPA Method 8080
beta-Benzene hexachloride	µg/L	0.25	0.5	EPA Method 8080
delta-Benzene hexachloride	µg/L	0.25	0.5	EPA Method 8080
Benzidine	µg/L	250	500	EPA Method 8270
Benzo[a]anthracene	µg/L	0.05	0.1	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1990)
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	µg/L	0.1	0.2	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1990)
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	µg/L	0.1	0.2	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1990)
Benzoic acid	µg/L	250	500	EPA Method 8270
Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Benzo[a]pyrene	µg/L	0.1	0.2	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
1,4-Benzoquinone	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Benzyl alcohol	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Beryllium	µg/L	2	4	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Beryllium, dissolved	µg/L	2	4	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Beryllium, total recoverable	µg/L	2	4	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Beryllium-7	pCi/L	3E+03	6E+03	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Bis(2-chloroethoxy) methane	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Bis(2-chloroethyl) ether	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl) ether	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Bis(chloromethyl) ether	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	µg/L	3	6	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Bismuth-214	pCi/L	9.4E+03	1.89E+04	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Boron	µg/L	150	300	EPA Method 6010
Boron, dissolved	µg/L	150	300	EPA Method 6010
Boron, total recoverable	µg/L	150	300	EPA Method 6010
Bromide	µg/L	5,000	10,000	EPA Method 300.0
Bromodichloromethane	µg/L	50	100	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Bromoform	µg/L	50	100	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Bromomethane (Methyl bromide)	µg/L	5	10	EPA Method 8240
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Butylbenzyl phthalate	No flag	No flag		Set by EPD/EMS
2-sec-Butyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	µg/L	3.5	7	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Cadmium	µg/L	2.5	5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Cadmium, dissolved	µg/L	2.5	5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)

Cadmium, total recoverable	µg/L	2.5	5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Calcium		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Calcium, dissolved		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Calcium, total recoverable		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Carbofuran	µg/L	20	40	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Carbon-14	pCi/L	1E+03	2E+03	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Carbonate		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Carbon disulfide	µg/L	5	10	EPA Method 8240
Carbon tetrachloride	µg/L	2.5	5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Cerium-141 ^c	pCi/L	1.5E+02	3E+02	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Cerium-144	pCi/L	1.31E+02	2.61E+02	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Cesium-134 ^d	pCi/L	4.07E+01	8.13E+01	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Cesium-137	pCi/L	1E+02	2E+02	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Chlordane	µg/L	1	2	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Chloride	µg/L	125,000	250,000	SDWS (EPA, 1993b)
4-Chloroaniline	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Chlorobenzene	µg/L	50	100	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Chlorobenzilate	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
4-Chloro-m-cresol	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Chloroethane	µg/L	5	10	EPA Method 8240
Chloroethene (Vinyl chloride)	µg/L	1	2	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Chloroethyl vinyl ether	µg/L	5	10	EPA Method 8240
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	µg/L	5	10	EPA Method 8240
Chloroform	µg/L	50	100	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Chloromethane (Methyl chloride)	µg/L	5	10	EPA Method 8240
2-Chloronaphthalene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8240
2-Chlorophenol	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Chloroprene	µg/L	1,000	2,000	EPA Method 8240
Chromium	µg/L	50	100	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Chromium, dissolved	µg/L	50	100	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Chromium, total recoverable	µg/L	50	100	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Chromium-51 ^c	pCi/L	3E+03	6E+03	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Chrysene	µg/L	0.1	0.2	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1990)
Cobalt	µg/L	20	40	EPA Method 6010
Cobalt, dissolved	µg/L	20	40	EPA Method 6010
Cobalt, total recoverable	µg/L	20	40	EPA Method 6010
Cobalt-57	pCi/L	5E+02	1E+03	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Cobalt-58 ^d	pCi/L	4.5E+03	9E+03	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Cobalt-60	pCi/L	5E+01	1E+02	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Color		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Copper	µg/L	500	1,000	Final PDWS (SCDHEC, 1981)
Copper, dissolved	µg/L	500	1,000	Final PDWS (SCDHEC, 1981)
Copper, total recoverable	µg/L	500	1,000	Final PDWS (SCDHEC, 1981)
Corrosivity		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
m-Cresol (3-Methylphenol)	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
o-Cresol (2-Methylphenol)	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
p-Cresol (4-Methylphenol)	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Curium-242	pCi/L	6.65E+01	1.33E+02	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Curium-243	pCi/L	4.15E+00	8.3E+00	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Curium-243/244 ^e	pCi/L	4.15E+00	8.3E+00	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Curium-244	pCi/L	4.92E+00	9.84E+00	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Curium-245/246 ^e	pCi/L	3.12E+00	6.23E+00	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Curium-246	pCi/L	3.14E+00	6.27E+00	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Cyanide	µg/L	100	200	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Dalapon ^b	µg/L	100	200	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
p,p'-DDD	µg/L	0.5	1	EPA Method 8080

p,p'-DDE	µg/L	0.5	1	EPA Method 8080
p,p'-DDT	µg/L	0.5	1	EPA Method 8080
Diallate	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	µg/L	0.15	0.3	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1990)
Dibenzofuran	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Dibromochloromethane	µg/L	50	100	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	µg/L	0.1	0.2	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
1,2-Dibromoethane	µg/L	0.025	0.05	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Dibromomethane (Methylene bromide)	µg/L	5	10	EPA Method 8240
Di-n-butyl phthalate		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	µg/L	300	600	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	µg/L	37.5	75	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	µg/L	150	300	EPA Method 8240
Dichlorodifluoromethane	µg/L	5	10	EPA Method 8240
1,1-Dichloroethane	µg/L	5	10	EPA Method 8240
1,2-Dichloroethane	µg/L	2.5	5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
1,1-Dichloroethylene	µg/L	3.5	7	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
1,2-Dichloroethylene	µg/L	25	50	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	µg/L	35	70	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	µg/L	50	100	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)	µg/L	2.5	5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
2,4-Dichlorophenol	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
2,6-Dichlorophenol	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid	µg/L	35	70	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
1,2-Dichloropropane	µg/L	2.5	5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	µg/L	5	10	EPA Method 8240
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	µg/L	5	10	EPA Method 8240
Dieldrin	µg/L	2.5	5	EPA Method 8080
Di(2-ethylhexyl) adipate	µg/L	200	400	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Diethyl phthalate		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Dimethoate	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
p-Dimethylaminoazobenzene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
p-(Dimethylamino)ethylbenzene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
7,12-Dimethylbenz[a]anthracene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
a,a-Dimethylphenethylamine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
2,4-Dimethyl phenol	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Dimethyl phthalate		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
1,3-Dinitrobenzene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
2,4-Dinitrophenol	µg/L	250	500	EPA Method 8270
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Di-n-octyl phthalate		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
1,4-Dioxane	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Diphenylamine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Diquat dibromide ^b	µg/L	10	20	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Dissolved organic carbon	µg/L	5,000	10,000	EPA Method 9060
Disulfoton	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Eh		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Endosulfan I	µg/L	0.5	1	EPA Method 8080
Endosulfan II	µg/L	0.5	1	EPA Method 8080

Endosulfan sulfate	µg/L	0.5	1	EPA Method 8080
Endothall ^b	µg/L	50	100	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Endrin	µg/L	1	2	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Endrin aldehyde	µg/L	0.5	1	EPA Method 8080
Endrin ketone		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Ethylbenzene	µg/L	350	700	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Ethyl methacrylate	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Ethyl methanesulfonate	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Europium-152	pCi/L	3E+01	6E+01	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Europium-154	pCi/L	1E+02	2E+02	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Europium-155	pCi/L	3E+02	6E+02	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Famphur	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Fluoranthene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Fluorene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Fluoride	µg/L	2,000	4,000	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Glyphosate ^b	µg/L	350	700	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Gross alpha	pCi/L	7.5E+00	1.5E+01	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Heptachlor	µg/L	0.2	0.4	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Heptachlor epoxide	µg/L	0.1	0.2	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin isomers	µg/L	0.00325	0.0065	EPA Method 8280
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HPCDD	µg/L	0.00325	0.0065	EPA Method 8280
Heptachlorodibenzo-p-furan isomers	µg/L	0.00225	0.0045	EPA Method 8280
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HPCDF	µg/L	0.00225	0.0045	EPA Method 8280
Hexachlorobenzene	µg/L	0.5	1	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Hexachlorobutadiene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	µg/L	25	50	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin isomers	µg/L	0.00225	0.0045	EPA Method 8280
1,2,3,4,7,8-HXCDD	µg/L	0.00225	0.0045	EPA Method 8280
Hexachlorodibenzo-p-furan isomers	µg/L	0.002	0.004	EPA Method 8280
1,2,3,4,7,8-HXCDF	µg/L	0.002	0.004	EPA Method 8280
Hexachloroethane	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Hexachlorophene	µg/L	250	500	EPA Method 8270
Hexachloropropene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
2-Hexanone	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8240
Indeno[1,2,3-c,d]pyrene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Iodine	µg/L	250	500	APHA Method 415A
Iodine-129	pCi/L	5E-01	1E+00	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Iodine-131 ^c	pCi/L	1.5E+00	3E+00	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Iodomethane (Methyl iodide)	µg/L	75	150	EPA Method 8240
Iron	µg/L	150	300	SDWS (EPA, 1993b)
Iron, dissolved	µg/L	150	300	SDWS (EPA, 1993b)
Iron, total recoverable	µg/L	150	300	SDWS (EPA, 1993b)
Iron-55 ^c	pCi/L	1E+03	2E+03	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Iron-59 ^c	pCi/L	1E+02	2E+02	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Isobutyl alcohol	µg/L	500	1,000	EPA Method 8240
Isodrin	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Isophorone	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Isosafrole	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Kepone	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Lanthanum-140 ^c	pCi/L	3E+01	6E+01	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Lead	µg/L	25	50	Final PDWS (SCDHEC, 1981)
Lead, dissolved	µg/L	25	50	Final PDWS (SCDHEC, 1981)

Lead, total recoverable	µg/L	25	50	Final PDWS (SCDHEC, 1981)
Lead-212	pCi/L	6.2E+01	1.23E+02	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Lindane	µg/L	0.1	0.2	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Lithium	µg/L	25	50	EPA Method 6010
Lithium, dissolved	µg/L	25	50	EPA Method 6010
Lithium, total recoverable	µg/L	25	50	EPA Method 6010
Magnesium		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Magnesium, dissolved		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Magnesium, total recoverable		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Manganese	µg/L	25	50	SDWS (EPA, 1993b)
Manganese, dissolved	µg/L	25	50	SDWS (EPA, 1993b)
Manganese, total recoverable	µg/L	25	50	SDWS (EPA, 1993b)
Manganese-54	pCi/L	1.5E+02	3E+02	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Mercury	µg/L	1	2	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Mercury, dissolved	µg/L	1	2	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Mercury, total recoverable	µg/L	1	2	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Methacrylonitrile	µg/L	250	500	EPA Method 8240
Methapyrilene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Methoxychlor	µg/L	20	40	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
3-Methylcholanthrene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	µg/L	250	500	EPA Method 8270
Methyl ethyl ketone		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Methyl isobutyl ketone		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Methyl methacrylate	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Methyl methanesulfonate	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
2-Methylnaphthalene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Molybdenum	µg/L	250	500	EPA Method 6010
Molybdenum, dissolved	µg/L	250	500	EPA Method 6010
Molybdenum, total recoverable	µg/L	250	500	EPA Method 6010
Naphthalene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
1,4-Naphthoquinone	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
1-Naphthylamine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
2-Naphthylamine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Neptunium-237	pCi/L	3.53E+00	7.06E+00	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Nickel	µg/L	50	100	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Nickel, dissolved	µg/L	50	100	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Nickel, total recoverable	µg/L	50	100	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Nickel-59 ^c	pCi/L	1.5E+02	3E+02	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Nickel-63 ^c	pCi/L	2.5E+01	5E+01	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Niobium-95 ^c	pCi/L	1.5E+02	3E+02	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Nitrate as nitrogen	µg/L	5,000	10,000	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Nitrate-nitrite as nitrogen	µg/L	5,000	10,000	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Nitrite as nitrogen	µg/L	500	1,000	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
m-Nitroaniline	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
o-Nitroaniline	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
p-Nitroaniline	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Nitrobenzene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Nitrogen by Kjeldahl method	µg/L	500	1,000	EPA Method 351.2
2-Nitrophenol	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
4-Nitrophenol	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
4-Nitroquinoline-1-oxide	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
N-Nitrosodi-n-butylamine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
N-Nitrosodiethylamine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
N-Nitrosodipropylamine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270

N-Nitrosomethylethylamine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
N-Nitrosomorpholine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
N-Nitrosopiperidine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
N-Nitrosopyrrolidine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
5-Nitro-o-toluidine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Nonvolatile beta	pCi/L	2.5E+01	5E+01	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin isomers	µg/L	0.005	0.01	EPA Method 8280
Octachlorodibenzo-p-furan isomers	µg/L	0.005	0.01	EPA Method 8280
Odor		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Oil & Grease	µg/L	5,000	10,000	EPA Method 413.1
Oxamyl ^b	µg/L	100	200	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Parathion	µg/L	0.25	0.5	EPA Method 8080
Parathion methyl	µg/L	0.25	0.5	EPA Method 8080
PCB 1016	µg/L	0.25	0.5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
PCB 1221	µg/L	0.25	0.5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
PCB 1232	µg/L	0.25	0.5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
PCB 1242	µg/L	0.25	0.5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
PCB 1248	µg/L	0.25	0.5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
PCB 1254	µg/L	0.25	0.5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
PCB 1260	µg/L	0.25	0.5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
PCB 1262	µg/L	0.25	0.5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Pentachlorobenzene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin isomers	µg/L	0.00275	0.0055	EPA Method 8280
1,2,3,7,8-PCDD	µg/L	0.00275	0.0055	EPA Method 8280
Pentachlorodibenzo-p-furan isomers	µg/L	0.00275	0.0055	EPA Method 8280
1,2,3,7,8-PCDF	µg/L	0.00275	0.0055	EPA Method 8280
Pentachloroethane	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Pentachloronitrobenzene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Pentachlorophenol	µg/L	0.5	1	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
pH	pH	8	10	Set by EPD/EMS
pH	pH	4	3	Set by EPD/EMS
Phenacetin	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Phenanthrene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Phenol	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Phenols	µg/L	25	50	EPA Method 420.1
p-Phenylenediamine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Phorate	µg/L	0.5	1	EPA Method 8080
Picloram ^b	µg/L	250	500	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
2-Picoline	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Plutonium-238	pCi/L	3.51E+00	7.02E+00	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Plutonium-239	pCi/L	3.11E+01	6.21E+01	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Plutonium-239/240 ^c	pCi/L	3.11E+01	6.21E+01	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Plutonium-240	pCi/L	3.11E+01	6.22E+01	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Plutonium-241 ^c	pCi/L	3.13E+01	6.26E+01	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Plutonium-242 ^c	pCi/L	3.27E+01	6.54E+01	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Potassium		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Potassium, dissolved		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Potassium, total recoverable		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Potassium-40	pCi/L	1.5E+02	3E+02	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1986)
Promethium-144	pCi/L	5E+01	1E+02	EPA Method 901.1
Promethium-146	pCi/L	5E+01	1E+02	EPA Method 901.1
Promethium-147	pCi/L	2.62E+03	5.24E+03	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Pronamid	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270

Propionitrile	µg/L	1,000	2,000	EPA Method 8240
Pyrene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Pyridine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Radium (alpha-emitting) ^f	pCi/L	1E+01	2E+01	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Radium-226	pCi/L	1E+01	2E+01	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Radium-228	pCi/L	1E+01	2E+01	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Radon-222	pCi/L	1.5E+02	3E+02	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Ruthenium-103 ^c	pCi/L	1E+02	2E+02	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Ruthenium-106	pCi/L	1.5E+01	3E+01	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Safrole	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Selenium	µg/L	25	50	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Selenium, dissolved	µg/L	25	50	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Selenium, total recoverable	µg/L	25	50	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Silica		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Silica, dissolved		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Silica, total recoverable		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Silver	µg/L	50	100	SDWS (EPA, 1993b)
Silver, dissolved	µg/L	50	100	SDWS (EPA, 1993b)
Silver, total recoverable	µg/L	50	100	SDWS (EPA, 1993b)
Simazine ^b	µg/L	2	4	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Sodium		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Sodium, dissolved		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Sodium, total recoverable		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Sodium-22	pCi/L	2.33E+02	4.66E+02	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Specific conductance	µS/cm	250	500	Set by EPD/EMS
Strontium-89	pCi/L	1E+01	2E+01	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Strontium-89/90 ^e	pCi/L	4E+00	8E+00	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Strontium-90	pCi/L	4E+00	8E+00	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Styrene	µg/L	50	100	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Sulfate	µg/L	200,000	400,000	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1990)
Sulfide	µg/L	5,000	10,000	EPA Method 9030
Sulfotep	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Surfactants		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
2,3,7,8-TCDD	µg/L	0.000015	0.00003	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
2,3,7,8-TCDF	µg/L	0.002	0.004	EPA Method 8280
Technetium-99	pCi/L	4.5E+02	9E+02	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin isomers	µg/L	0.00225	0.0045	EPA Method 8280
Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-furan isomers	µg/L	0.002	0.004	EPA Method 8280
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	µg/L	5	10	EPA Method 8240
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	µg/L	5	10	EPA Method 8240
Tetrachloroethylene	µg/L	2.5	5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Thallium	µg/L	1	2	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Thallium, dissolved	µg/L	1	2	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Thallium, total recoverable	µg/L	1	2	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Thionazin	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Thorium-228	pCi/L	6.25E+01	1.25E+02	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Thorium-230	pCi/L	3.96E+01	7.92E+01	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Thorium-232	pCi/L	4.4E+01	8.8E+01	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Thorium-234	pCi/L	2E+02	4.01E+02	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Tin	µg/L	10	20	EPA Method 282.2
Tin, dissolved	µg/L	10	20	EPA Method 282.2
Tin, total recoverable	µg/L	10	20	EPA Method 282.2
Tin-113 ^c	pCi/L	1.5E+02	3E+02	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)

Toluene	µg/L	500	1,000	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
o-Toluidine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Total carbon	µg/L	5,000	10,000	EPA Method 8060
Total coliform		0	0	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Total dissolved solids		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Total hydrocarbons	µg/L	5,000	10,000	EPA Method 418.1
Total inorganic carbon	µg/L	5,000	10,000	EPA Method 9060
Total organic carbon	µg/L	5,000	10,000	EPA Method 9060
Total organic halogens	µg/L	25	50	EPA Method 9020
Total organic nitrogen	µg/L	500	1,000	APHA Method 420
Total petroleum hydrocarbons	µg/L	5,000	10,000	EPA Method 418.1
Total phosphates (as P)		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Total phosphorus		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Toxaphene	µg/L	1.5	3	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
2,4,5-TP (Silvex)	µg/L	25	50	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Tributyl phosphate	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	µg/L	35	70	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	µg/L	100	200	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	µg/L	2.5	5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Trichloroethylene	µg/L	2.5	5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Trichlorofluoromethane	µg/L	5	10	EPA Method 8240
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxyacetic acid	µg/L	2.5	5	EPA Method 8150
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	µg/L	5	10	EPA Method 8240
O,O,O-Triethyl phosphorothioate	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Tritium	pCi/mL	1E+01	2E+01	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Turbidity ^a		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Uranium	µg/L	10	20	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Uranium, dissolved	µg/L	10	20	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Uranium, total recoverable	µg/L	10	20	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Uranium alpha activity	pCi/L	1.5E+01	3E+01	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Uranium-233/234 ^b	pCi/L	6.9E+00	1.38E+01	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Uranium-234	pCi/L	6.95E+00	1.39E+01	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Uranium-235	pCi/L	7.25E+00	1.45E+01	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Uranium-238	pCi/L	7.3E+00	1.46E+01	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Vanadium	µg/L	40	80	EPA Method 6010
Vanadium, dissolved	µg/L	40	80	EPA Method 6010
Vanadium, total recoverable	µg/L	40	80	EPA Method 6010
Vinyl acetate	µg/L	5	10	EPA Method 8240
Xylenes	µg/L	5,000	10,000	Final PDWS (EPA, 1993a)
Yttrium-88	pCi/L	5E+01	1E+02	EPA Method 901.1
Zinc	µg/L	2,500	5,000	SDWS (EPA, 1993b)
Zinc, dissolved	µg/L	2,500	5,000	SDWS (EPA, 1993b)
Zinc, total recoverable	µg/L	2,500	5,000	SDWS (EPA, 1993b)
Zinc-65	pCi/L	1.5E+02	3E+02	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Zirconium-95 ^c	pCi/L	1E+02	2E+02	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Zirconium/Niobium-95 ^c	pCi/L	1E+02	2E+02	Interim Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)

^a References for methods are in Appendix E; references for dated sources are at the end of this appendix.

^b EMS is currently unable to perform this analysis.

^c EMS discontinued monitoring this radionuclide because it is inappropriate for the SRS Groundwater Monitoring Program.

- d EPD/EMS set this flagging criterion using the 1991 proposed PDWS because the final PDWS in 1977 may have been in error.
- e For double radionuclide analyses where each separate radionuclide has its own standard, the more stringent standard is used.
- f The applied standard is for radium-226.
- g The primary maximum contaminant level range for turbidity is 1–5 NTU, which is inappropriate for the SRS Groundwater Monitoring Program.

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Appendix C

Figures

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Figure 1. Location of the H-Area, K-Area, and Par Pond Sewage Sludge Application Sites at the Savannah River Site

FIGURE 2 LOCATION OF THE H-AREA SEWAGE APPLICATION SITE AT H-AREA

Figure 3. Location of Groundwater Monitoring Wells and Piezometric Surface of the Water Table at the H-Area Sewage Sludge Application Site

FIGURE 4 K-AREA SEWAGE SLUDGE APPLICATION SITE

Figure 5. Location of Groundwater Monitoring Wells and Piezometric Surface of the Water Table at the K-Area Sewage Sludge Application Site

FIGURE 6 LOCATION OF THE PAR POND SEWAGE SLUDGE APPLICATION SITE AT PAR POND

Figure 7. Location of Groundwater Monitoring Wells and Water Table Elevations at the Par Pond Sewage Sludge Application Site

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Appendix D

Groundwater Monitoring Results Tables

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Key to Reading the Tables

The following abbreviations may appear in the data tables:

Constituents

1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HPCDD	1,2,3,4,6,7,8-heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HPCDF	1,2,3,4,6,7,8-heptachlorodibenzo-p-furan
1,2,3,4,7,8-HXCDD	1,2,3,4,7,8-hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin
1,2,3,4,7,8-HXCDF	1,2,3,4,7,8-hexachlorodibenzo-p-furan
Lindane	gamma-benzene hexachloride
PCB	polychlorinated biphenyl
1,2,3,7,8-PCDD	1,2,3,7,8-pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin
1,2,3,7,8-PCDF	1,2,3,7,8-pentachlorodibenzo-p-furan
Sp. conductance	specific conductance
TCDD	tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin
TCDF	tetrachlorodibenzo-p-furan

Laboratories

CN	Clemson Technical Center, Inc.
EM	Environmental Protection Department/Environmental Monitoring Section (EPD/EMS) Laboratory
GE and GP	General Engineering Laboratories
SC	Savannah River Technology Center
SP	Spencer Testing Services, Inc.
TM	TMA/Eberline
WA and WS	Roy F. Weston, Inc.

Sampling Codes

B	blank sample was collected
C	well was pumping continuously
D	well was dry
E	equipment blank was collected
I	well went dry during sampling; insufficient water to collect all samples
L	well went dry before sampling began; only depth to water can be determined
P	inaccessibility or mechanical failure prevented sample collection and field analysis of the water
S	no water in standpipe; for water level events only
X	well went dry during purging; samples collected after well recovered

Sampling Methods

B	sample collected using an open-bucket bailer
P	sample collected using a bladder pump
S	sample collected using a single-speed centrifugal downhole pump
V	sample collected using a variable-speed pump

Units

E	exponential notation (e.g., $1.1\text{E}-09 = 1.1 \times 10^{-9} = 0.0000000011$)
mg/L	milligrams per liter
msl	mean sea level
MSL	million structures per liter
NTU	turbidity unit
pCi/L	picocuries per liter
pCi/mL	picocuries per milliliter
pH	pH unit
µg/L	micrograms per liter
µS/cm	microsiemens per centimeter

Other

CS	carbon steel
DF	dilution factor column in data tables
H	holding time column in data tables
Mod	modifier column in data tables
PDWS	primary drinking water standard
PVC	polyvinyl chloride
ST	exceeded standard column in data tables
TOC	top of casing

Holding Times

Standard analytical methods include a limit, called holding time, on the maximum elapsed time between sample collection and extraction or analysis by the laboratory. In the data tables, a large bullet (•) in the *H* (holding time) column indicates that holding time was exceeded. Analyses performed beyond holding times may not yield valid results.

The South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control allows only 15 minutes to elapse between sampling and analysis for pH. Thus, only field pH measurements can meet the holding time criterion; laboratory pH analyses always will exceed it.

The laboratory procedure used for the determination of specific conductance allows one day to elapse between sampling and analysis. Thus, laboratory specific conductance measurements may exceed the holding time criterion.

Data Rounding

Constituent results in analytical results tables that appear to equal the final PDWS but are not marked in the *ST* (exceeded the final PDWS or screening level) column are below the final PDWS in the database. Values stored in the database contain more significant digits than the reported results. Apparent discrepancies in the tables are due to the rounding of reported results.

Data Qualification

The contract laboratories continually assess their own accuracy and precision according to U. S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) guidelines. They submit sample- or batch-specific quality assurance/quality control information either at the same time as analytical results or in a quarterly summary. Properly defined and used result modifiers (also referred to as qualifiers) can be a key component in assessing data usability. Result modifiers designed by the EPD/EMS and provided to the primary laboratories are defined below. These modifiers appear in the data tables under the column *Mod*. The lettered modifiers are based on EPA's STORET codes.

Result modifier

(Blank)	Data are not qualified. Numbers should be interpreted exactly as reported.
J	Value is estimated because quantitation in the sample or in associated quality control samples did not meet specifications.
I	The value in the result field is the instrument reading, not the sample quantification limit. Always used with the result qualifier <i>U</i> .
L	Value is off-scale high. The actual value is not known but is known to be greater than the value shown.
M	Presence of the analyte is verified but not quantified.
R	Result was rejected because performance requirements in the sample analysis associated quality control analyses were not met.
T	Analyte was not detected; if present, it was below the criteria for detection.
U	Material analyzed for but not detected. Analytical result reported is less than the sample quantitation limit.
V	Analyte was detected in an associated method blank.
Y	Result was obtained from an unpreserved or improperly preserved sample. Data may not be accurate.
1	Result may be an underestimation of the true value due to analytical bias.
2	Result may be an overestimation of the true value due to analytical bias.
3	The associated result may be of poor precision (high variability) due to analytical bias.
4	Result is associated with QA results indicating matrix interference.
6	The associated result is from a reanalysis performed out of holding time due to problems with an earlier analysis.

Table 1. Maximum Levels of Constituents Exceeding the Final Primary Drinking Water Standards at the H-Area Sewage Sludge Application Site

<u>Well</u>	<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>2Q93</u>	<u>3Q94</u>	<u>4Q94</u>	<u>1Q95</u>	<u>Mod</u>
HSS 3D	Lead	µg/L	NA ^a	— ^b	NA	110	

Note: The modifier column applies to first quarter 1995 data only.

^a NA = not analyzed.

^b — = analyzed but not above final PDWS.

Table 2. Maximum Levels of Constituents Exceeding Other Flag 2 Criteria at the H-Area Sewage Sludge Application Site

<u>Well</u>	<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>1Q95</u>	<u>Mod</u>
HSS 1D	Aluminum	µg/L	339	
HSS 3D	Aluminum	µg/L	872	
	Iron	µg/L	2930	

Notes: These results do not include field data. The groundwater samples are unfiltered. Therefore, the results for metals are for total recoverable metals. Flags are established by EPD/EMS and are based on final PDWS, Secondary Drinking Water Standards, or method detection limits (see Appendix B).

Table 3. Maximum Levels of Constituents Exceeding the Final Primary Drinking Water Standards at the K-Area Sewage Sludge Application Site

<u>Well</u>	<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>2Q93</u>	<u>3Q94</u>	<u>4Q94</u>	<u>1Q95</u>	<u>Mod</u>
KSS 2D	Lead	µg/L	NA ^a	— ^b	NA	— ^b	

Note: The modifier column applies to first quarter 1995 data only.

^a NA = not analyzed.

^b — = analyzed but not above final PDWS.

Table 4. Maximum Levels of Constituents Exceeding Other Flag 2 Criteria at the K-Area Sewage Sludge Application Site

<u>Well</u>	<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>1Q95</u>	<u>Mod</u>
KSS 1D	Aluminum	µg/L	820	
	Iron	µg/L	463	
KSS 2D	Aluminum	µg/L	807	
	Iron	µg/L	1410	

Notes: These results do not include field data. The groundwater samples are unfiltered. Therefore, the results for metals are for total recoverable metals. Flags are established by EPD/EMS and are based on final PDWS, Secondary Drinking Water Standards, or method detection limits (see Appendix B).

Table 5. Maximum Levels of Constituents Exceeding the Final Primary Drinking Water Standards at the Par Pond Sewage Sludge Application Site

<u>Well</u>	<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>2Q93</u>	<u>3Q94</u>	<u>4Q94</u>	<u>1Q95</u>	<u>Mod</u>
PSS 3D	Lead	µg/L	N ^a	N	N	61.9	

^a N = not applicable.

Table 6. Maximum Levels of Constituents Exceeding Other Flag 2 Criteria at the Par Pond Sewage Sludge Application Site

<u>Well</u>	<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>3Q94</u>	<u>Mod</u>
PSS 1D	Aluminum	µg/L	99.6	V
PSS 2D	Aluminum	µg/L	74.1	
	Iron	µg/L	998	
PSS 3D	Aluminum	µg/L	4900	
	Iron	µg/L	13200	

Notes: These results do not include field data. The groundwater samples are unfiltered. Therefore, the results for metals are for total recoverable metals. Flags are established by EPD/EMS and are based on final PDWS, Secondary Drinking Water Standards, or method detection limits (see Appendix B).

Table 7. Groundwater Monitoring Results for Individual Wells at the H-Area
Sewage Sludge Application Site

WELL HSS 1D

SRS Coord.	Lat/Longitude	Screen Zone Elevation	Top of Casing	Casing Pump	Formation
N 67610.3	33.280828 Deg N	256.5-236.5 ft msl	310.1 ft msl	4" PVC S	Water Table
E 64675.6	81.627829 Deg W				

FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Sample date: 01/06/95
Depth to water: 41.46 ft (12 m) below TOC
water elevation: 268.64 ft (81.90 m) msl
Sp. conductance: 33 uS/cm
Turbidity: 53 NTU
water evacuated before sampling: 20 gal
Volumes purged: 0.9 well volumes
Well went dry during purging; samples collected after well recovered

Time: 12:37

pH: 5.4
Alkalinity: 4 mg/L
water temperature: 17.7 deg C

LABORATORY ANALYSES

H	SI	Analyte	Result	DF	Mod	Unit	Flag	Lab
*		Nitrate as nitrogen	1080	2		ug/L		WA
		Nitrite as nitrogen	< 20	1	UJ	ug/L		WA
		Aluminum, total recoverable	334	1		ug/L		WA
		Aluminum, total recoverable	339	1		ug/L		WA
		Cadmium, total recoverable	< 4.7	1	U	ug/L		WA
		Cadmium, total recoverable	< 4.7	1	U	ug/L		WA
		Calcium, total recoverable	1190	1		ug/L		WA
		Calcium, total recoverable	1180	1		ug/L		WA
		Chloride	2160	1	J	ug/L		WA
		Copper, total recoverable	63.5	1		ug/L		WA
		Copper, total recoverable	64.6	1		ug/L		WA
		Iron, total recoverable	164	1		ug/L		WA
		Iron, total recoverable	152	1		ug/L		WA
		Lead, total recoverable	14.4	1	V	ug/L		WA
		Lead, total recoverable	15.7	1	V	ug/L		WA
		Magnesium, total recoverable	543	1		ug/L		WA
		Magnesium, total recoverable	541	1		ug/L		WA
		Manganese, total recoverable	7.9	1		ug/L		WA
		Manganese, total recoverable	7.2	1		ug/L		WA
		Nickel, total recoverable	2.6	1	J	ug/L		WA
		Nickel, total recoverable	2	1	J	ug/L		WA
		Potassium, total recoverable	1090	1		ug/L		WA
		Potassium, total recoverable	1090	1		ug/L		WA
		Silica, total recoverable	13300	2.1		ug/L		WA

* = exceeded holding time, + = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

<u>H</u>	<u>ST</u>	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>DF</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
		Silica, total recoverable	13300	2.1		ug/L	0	WA
		Silica, total recoverable	11600	2.1		ug/L	0	WA
		Silica, total recoverable	11600	2.1		ug/L	0	WA
		Sodium, total recoverable	1390	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Sodium, total recoverable	1410	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Specific conductance	27.3	1		uS/cm	0	WA
		Total dissolved solids	25000	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Total phosphates (as P)	22.1	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
*		pH	6.04	1	J	pH	0	WA

Number of Records: 33

WELL HSS 2D

<u>SRS Coord.</u>	<u>Lat/Longitude</u>	<u>Screen Zone Elevation</u>	<u>Top of Casing</u>	<u>Casing</u>	<u>Pump</u>	<u>Formation</u>
N 67355.9	33.280445 Deg N	254.5-234.5 ft msl	304.4 ft msl	4" PVC	S	Water Table
E 64785.9	81.627045 Deg W					

FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Sample date: 01/06/95
Depth to water: 36.63 ft (10.53 m) below TOC
water elevation: 267.77 ft (81.64 m) msl
Sp. conductance: 26 uS/cm
Turbidity: 0 NTU
water evacuated before sampling: 86 gal

Time: 10:00
pH: 4.8
Alkalinity: 1 mg/L
water temperature: 18 deg C

Volumes purged: 3.9 well volumes

LABORATORY ANALYSES

<u>H</u>	<u>ST</u>	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>DF</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
		Nitrate as nitrogen	1200	5		ug/L	0	WA
*		Nitrite as nitrogen	< 20	1	UJ	ug/L	0	WA
		Aluminum, total recoverable	< 87	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Cadmium, total recoverable	< 4.7	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Calcium, total recoverable	799	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Chloride	2470	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Copper, total recoverable	< 18	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Iron, total recoverable	4.2	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Lead, total recoverable	2.1	1	JV	ug/L	0	WA
		Magnesium, total recoverable	374	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Manganese, total recoverable	4.6	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Nickel, total recoverable	.81	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Potassium, total recoverable	932	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Silica, total recoverable	20700	2.1		ug/L	0	WA
		Silica, total recoverable	20700	2.1		ug/L	0	WA

* = exceeded holding time. + = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

<u>H</u>	<u>ST</u>	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>DF</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
		Sodium, total recoverable	1580	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Specific conductance	24	1		uS/cm	0	WA
		Total dissolved solids	44000	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Total phosphates (as P)	< 30	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Total phosphates (as P)	< 30	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
*		pH	5.45	1	J	pH	0	WA

Number of Records: 21

WELL HSS 3D

<u>SRS Coord.</u>	<u>Lat/Longitude</u>	<u>Screen Zone Elevation</u>	<u>Top of Casing</u>	<u>Casing</u>	<u>Pump</u>	<u>Formation</u>
N 68257.5	33.282315 Deg N	282.6-262.6 ft msl	309.8 ft msl	4" PVC	S	Water Table
E 64709.5	81.628996 Deg W					

FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Sample date: 01/06/95 Time: 12:28
Depth to water: 26.94 ft (7.695 m) below TOC pH: 4.6
water elevation: 282.86 ft (86.24 m) msl Alkalinity: 1 mg/L
Sp. conductance: 33 uS/cm water temperature: 18.8 deg C
Turbidity: 110 NTU
water evacuated before sampling: 16 gal Volumes purged: 1.2 well volumes
Well went dry during purging; samples collected after well recovered

LABORATORY ANALYSES

<u>H</u>	<u>ST</u>	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>DF</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
		Nitrate as nitrogen	945	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Nitrite as nitrogen	6	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Aluminum, total recoverable	872	1		ug/L	2	WA
		Cadmium, total recoverable	< 4.7	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Calcium, total recoverable	638	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Chloride	3420	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Copper, total recoverable	542	1		ug/L	1	WA
		Iron, total recoverable	2930	1		ug/L	2	WA
+		Lead, total recoverable	110	1		ug/L	2	WA
		Magnesium, total recoverable	236	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Manganese, total recoverable	18.2	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Nickel, total recoverable	9.7	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Potassium, total recoverable	253	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Silica, total recoverable	6280	2.1		ug/L	0	WA
		Silica, total recoverable	6280	2.1		ug/L	0	WA
		Sodium, total recoverable	2010	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Specific conductance	22.8	1		uS/cm	0	WA
		Specific conductance	22.9	1		uS/cm	0	WA

* = exceeded holding time. + = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

<u>H</u>	<u>ST</u>	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>DF</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
		Total dissolved solids	13000	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Total phosphates (as P)	38.8	1		ug/L	0	WA
•		pH	4.8	1	J	pH	0	WA

Number of Records: 21

* = exceeded holding time. + = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

**Table 8. Groundwater Monitoring Results for Individual Wells at the K-Area
Sewage Sludge Application Site**

WELL KSS 1D

<u>SRS Coord.</u>	<u>Lat/Longitude</u>	<u>Screen Zone Elevation</u>	<u>Top of Casing</u>	<u>Casing</u>	<u>Pump</u>	<u>Formation</u>
N 47758.9	33.197023 Deg N	177.5-157.4 ft msl	229.8 ft msl	4" PVC	S	Water Table
E 40219.1	81.653674 Deg W					

FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Sample date: 01/03/95	Time: 12:35
Depth to water: 55.57 ft (16.42 m) below TOC	pH: 5.6
water elevation: 174.23 ft (53.12 m) msl	Alkalinity: 17 mg/L
Sp. conductance: 54 uS/cm	water temperature: 10.7 deg C
Turbidity: 20 NTU	
water evacuated before sampling: 12 gal	Volumes purged: 1.1 well volumes
Well went dry during purging; samples collected after well recovered	

LABORATORY ANALYSES

<u>H</u>	<u>ST</u>	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>DF</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
		Chlordane	<.55	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Chlordane	<1.08	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Chlordane	<1.08	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Nitrate as nitrogen	398	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Nitrite as nitrogen	4	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Aluminum, total recoverable	820	1		ug/L	2	WA
		Aluminum, total recoverable	797	1		ug/L	2	WA
		Arsenic, total recoverable	<12	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Arsenic, total recoverable	1.5	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Cadmium, total recoverable	<4.7	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Cadmium, total recoverable	<4.7	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Calcium, total recoverable	9070	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Calcium, total recoverable	9140	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Chloride	2650	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Copper, total recoverable	8.4	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Copper, total recoverable	8.6	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Iron, total recoverable	463	1		ug/L	2	WA
		Iron, total recoverable	357	1	J	ug/L	2	WA
		Lead, total recoverable	6.1	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Lead, total recoverable	9.9	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Magnesium, total recoverable	465	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Magnesium, total recoverable	468	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Manganese, total recoverable	10.4	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Manganese, total recoverable	10.3	1		ug/L	0	WA

* = exceeded holding time. + = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

<u>H</u>	<u>ST</u>	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>DF</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
		Nickel, total recoverable	2.2	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Nickel, total recoverable	1.6	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Potassium, total recoverable	326	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Potassium, total recoverable	333	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Selenium, total recoverable	< 19	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Selenium, total recoverable	< 19	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Silica, total recoverable	9230	2.1		ug/L	0	WA
		Silica, total recoverable	9230	2.1		ug/L	0	WA
		Silica, total recoverable	9320	2.1		ug/L	0	WA
		Silica, total recoverable	9320	2.1		ug/L	0	WA
		Sodium, total recoverable	1660	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Sodium, total recoverable	1710	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Specific conductance	58.4	1		uS/cm	0	WA
		Total dissolved solids	44000	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Total organic halogens	< 161	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Total phosphates (as P)	297	2		ug/L	0	WA
*		pH	6.63	1	J	pH	0	WA

Number of Records: 41

WELL KSS 2D

<u>SRS Coord.</u>	<u>Lat/Longitude</u>	<u>Screen Zone Elevation</u>	<u>Top of Casing</u>	<u>Casing</u>	<u>Pump</u>	<u>Formation</u>
N 46803.8	33.195266 Deg N	164.7-144.6 ft msl	192.3 ft msl	4" PVC	S	Water Table
E 40437	81.651247 Deg W					

FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Sample date: 01/03/95

Time: 12:22

Depth to water: 31 ft (8.872 m) below TOC

pH: 5.6

water elevation: 161.3 ft (49.18 m) msl

Alkalinity: 5 mg/L

Sp. conductance: 46 uS/cm

water temperature: 10.7 deg C

Turbidity: 55 NTU

water evacuated before sampling: 18 gal

Volumes purged: 1.6 well volumes

Well went dry during purging; samples collected after well recovered

LABORATORY ANALYSES

<u>H</u>	<u>ST</u>	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>DF</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
		Chlordane	< .54	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Nitrate as nitrogen	616	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Nitrite as nitrogen	< 20	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Aluminum, total recoverable	807	1		ug/L	2	WA
		Arsenic, total recoverable	< 12	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Cadmium, total recoverable	< 4.7	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Calcium, total recoverable	1540	1		ug/L	0	WA

* = exceeded holding time. + = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

<u>H</u>	<u>ST</u>	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>DF</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
		Chloride	2270	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Copper, total recoverable	94.7	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Iron, total recoverable	1410	1		ug/L	2	WA
		Lead, total recoverable	17.4	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Magnesium, total recoverable	487	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Manganese, total recoverable	43.5	1		ug/L	1	WA
		Nickel, total recoverable	8.3	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Potassium, total recoverable	294	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Selenium, total recoverable	< 19	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Silica, total recoverable	8070	2.1		ug/L	0	WA
		Silica, total recoverable	8070	2.1		ug/L	0	WA
		Sodium, total recoverable	2200	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Specific conductance	24.1	1		uS/cm	0	WA
		Total dissolved solids	15000	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Total organic halogens	< 161	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Total phosphates (as P)	66.5	1		ug/L	0	WA
*		pH	5.72	1	J	pH	0	WA

Number of Records: 24

WELL KSS 3D

<u>SRS Coord.</u>	<u>Lat/Longitude</u>	<u>Screen Zone Elevation</u>	<u>Top of Casing</u>	<u>Casing</u>	<u>Pump</u>	<u>Formation</u>
N 46644.3	33.19542 Deg N	159.3-139.3 ft msl	185.2 ft msl	4" PVC	S	Water Table
E 40748	81.65012 Deg W					

FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Sample date: 01/03/95	Time: 12:03
Depth to water: 31.1 ft (8.872 m) below TOC	pH: 6
water elevation: 154.1 ft (46.98 m) msl	Alkalinity: 7 mg/L
Sp. conductance: 26 uS/cm	water temperature: 18.5 deg C
Turbidity: 1 NTU	
water evacuated before sampling: 39 gal	Volumes purged: 4 well volumes

LABORATORY ANALYSES

<u>H</u>	<u>ST</u>	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>DF</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
		Chlordane	< .52	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Nitrate as nitrogen	336	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Nitrite as nitrogen	< 20	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Aluminum, total recoverable	< 87	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Arsenic, total recoverable	< 12	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Cadmium, total recoverable	1.2	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Calcium, total recoverable	3340	1		ug/L	0	WA

* = exceeded holding time. + = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

<u>H</u>	<u>ST</u>	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>DF</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
		Chloride	2480	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Copper, total recoverable	6.1	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Iron, total recoverable	14.6	1	JV	ug/L	0	WA
		Lead, total recoverable	29.9	1		ug/L	1	WA
		Magnesium, total recoverable	232	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Manganese, total recoverable	1.7	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Nickel, total recoverable	< 5.4	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Potassium, total recoverable	151	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Selenium, total recoverable	< 19	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Silica, total recoverable	7900	2.1		ug/L	0	WA
		Silica, total recoverable	7900	2.1		ug/L	0	WA
		Sodium, total recoverable	1210	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Specific conductance	27	1		uS/cm	0	WA
		Specific conductance	27.1	1		uS/cm	0	WA
		Total dissolved solids	27000	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Total organic halogens	< 161	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Total phosphates (as P)	22	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
•		pH	5.98	1	J	pH	0	WA

Number of Records: 25

• = exceeded holding time. + = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

**Table 9. Groundwater Monitoring Results for Individual Wells at the P-Area
Sewage Sludge Application Site**

WELL PSS 1D

<u>SRS Coord.</u>	<u>Lat/Longitude</u>	<u>Screen Zone Elevation</u>	<u>Top of Casing</u>	<u>Casing</u>	<u>Pump</u>	<u>Formation</u>
N 37298.4 E 75773.3	33.231837 Deg N 81.539797 Deg W	202.1-182.1 ft msl	219.6 ft msl	4" PVC	S	Water Table

FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Sample date: 01/05/95	Time: 13:53
Depth to water: 21.96 ft (6.055 m) below TOC	pH: 5.6
water elevation: 197.64 ft (60.26 m) msl	Alkalinity: 1 mg/L
Sp. conductance: 10 uS/cm	water temperature: 19.3 deg C
Turbidity: 1 NTU	
water evacuated before sampling: 48 gal	Volumes purged: 4.7 well volumes

LABORATORY ANALYSES

<u>H</u>	<u>ST</u>	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>DF</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
		Chlordane	<.55	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Chlordane	<.56	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Chlordane	<.83	1	U	ug/L	0	GE
		Chlordane	<.83	1	U	ug/L	0	GE
		Gross alpha	<.44	1	UI	pCi/L	0	GP
		Gross alpha	<.6	1	UI	pCi/L	0	TM
		Gross alpha	<.1	1	UI	pCi/L	0	TM
		Gross alpha	<.57	1	UI	pCi/L	0	GP
		Nitrate as nitrogen	266	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Nitrate as nitrogen	321	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Nitrate-nitrite as nitrogen	217	1		ug/L	0	GE
		Nitrate-nitrite as nitrogen	221	1		ug/L	0	GE
		Nitrite as nitrogen	<5	1	U	ug/L	0	GE
		Nitrite as nitrogen	<5	1	U	ug/L	0	GE
*		Nitrite as nitrogen	<20	1	UI	ug/L	0	WA
		Nitrite as nitrogen	<5	1	U	ug/L	0	GE
*		Nitrite as nitrogen	<20	1	UI	ug/L	0	WA
		Nonvolatile beta	<-.5	1	UI	pCi/L	0	TM
		Nonvolatile beta	<1.12	1	UI	pCi/L	0	GP
		Nonvolatile beta	<.1	1	UI	pCi/L	0	TM
		Nonvolatile beta	<1.28	1	UI	pCi/L	0	GP
		Aluminum, total recoverable	43.5	1		ug/L	1	GE
		Aluminum, total recoverable	99.6	1	V	ug/L	2	WA
		Aluminum, total recoverable	92.2	1	V	ug/L	2	WA

* = exceeded holding time. + = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

<u>H</u>	<u>ST</u>	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>DF</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
		Aluminum, total recoverable	95.4	1	V	ug/L	2	WA
		Aluminum, total recoverable	38.1	1		ug/L	1	GE
		Cadmium, total recoverable	<3.33	1	U	ug/L	0	GE
		Cadmium, total recoverable	<4.7	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Cadmium, total recoverable	<4.7	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Cadmium, total recoverable	<3.33	1	U	ug/L	0	GE
		Cadmium, total recoverable	<4.7	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Calcium, total recoverable	571	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Calcium, total recoverable	470	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Calcium, total recoverable	333	1		ug/L	0	GE
		Calcium, total recoverable	330	1		ug/L	0	GE
		Calcium, total recoverable	526	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Chloride	954	1		ug/L	0	GE
		Chloride	977	1		ug/L	0	GE
		Chloride	1460	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Chloride	1430	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Chloride	973	1		ug/L	0	GE
		Chromium, total recoverable	<10	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Chromium, total recoverable	<10	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Chromium, total recoverable	<6.67	1	U	ug/L	0	GE
		Chromium, total recoverable	<6.67	1	U	ug/L	0	GE
		Chromium, total recoverable	<10	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Copper, total recoverable	7.1	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Copper, total recoverable	7.49	1		ug/L	0	GE
		Copper, total recoverable	5.51	1	J	ug/L	0	GE
		Copper, total recoverable	6.6	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Copper, total recoverable	3.7	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Iron, total recoverable	16.3	1		ug/L	0	GE
		Iron, total recoverable	27	1	V	ug/L	0	WA
		Iron, total recoverable	18.4	1		ug/L	0	GE
		Iron, total recoverable	17	1	JV	ug/L	0	WA
		Iron, total recoverable	18.9	1	JV	ug/L	0	WA
		Iron, total recoverable	12.3	1	JV	ug/L	0	WA
		Iron, total recoverable	17.6	1	JV	ug/L	0	WA
		Lead, total recoverable	4.71	1	J	ug/L	0	GE
		Lead, total recoverable	4.12	1	J	ug/L	0	GE
		Lead, total recoverable	8.3	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Lead, total recoverable	6.6	1	JV	ug/L	0	WA
		Lead, total recoverable	7.9	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Magnesium, total recoverable	323	1		ug/L	0	GE
		Magnesium, total recoverable	317	1		ug/L	0	GE
		Magnesium, total recoverable	342	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Magnesium, total recoverable	330	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Magnesium, total recoverable	373	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Manganese, total recoverable	<3.33	1	U	ug/L	0	GE
		Manganese, total recoverable	1.5	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Manganese, total recoverable	1.4	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Manganese, total recoverable	1.3	1	J	ug/L	0	WA

* = exceeded holding time. + = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

<u>H</u>	<u>ST</u>	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>DF</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
		Manganese, total recoverable	< 3.33	1	U	ug/L	0	GE
		Nickel, total recoverable	< 6.67	1	U	ug/L	0	GE
		Nickel, total recoverable	< 5.4	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Nickel, total recoverable	1.1	1	JV	ug/L	0	WA
		Nickel, total recoverable	< 5.4	1	UJ	ug/L	0	WA
		Nickel, total recoverable	< 6.67	1	U	ug/L	0	GE
		Potassium, total recoverable	< 833	1	U	ug/L	0	GE
		Potassium, total recoverable	278	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Potassium, total recoverable	278	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Potassium, total recoverable	< 833	1	U	ug/L	0	GE
		Potassium, total recoverable	285	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Silica, total recoverable	4860	1		ug/L	0	GE
		Silica, total recoverable	4690	2.1		ug/L	0	WA
		Silica, total recoverable	4790	1		ug/L	0	GE
		Silica, total recoverable	4750	2.1		ug/L	0	WA
		Silica, total recoverable	4650	2.1		ug/L	0	WA
		Sodium, total recoverable	535	1		ug/L	0	GE
		Sodium, total recoverable	521	1		ug/L	0	GE
		Sodium, total recoverable	444	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Sodium, total recoverable	431	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Sodium, total recoverable	444	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Specific conductance	12.4	1		uS/cm	0	GE
		Specific conductance	12.6	1		uS/cm	0	GE
		Specific conductance	10.7	1		uS/cm	0	WA
		Specific conductance	11.6	1		uS/cm	0	WA
		Total dissolved solids	8000	1		ug/L	0	GE
		Total dissolved solids	10000	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Total dissolved solids	11000	1		ug/L	0	GE
		Total dissolved solids	11000	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Total dissolved solids	12000	1		ug/L	0	GE
		Total phosphates (as P)	< 83.3	1	U	ug/L	0	GE
		Total phosphates (as P)	< 83.3	1	U	ug/L	0	GE
		Total phosphates (as P)	4.83	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Total phosphates (as P)	< 30	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
•		pH	5.28	1	J	pH	0	GE
•		pH	5.27	1	J	pH	0	GE
•		pH	5.32	1	J	pH	0	WA
*		pH	5.25	1	J	pH	0	WA

Number of Records: 110

WELL PSS 2D

<u>SRS Coord.</u>	<u>Lat/Longitude</u>	<u>Screen Zone Elevation</u>	<u>Top of Casing</u>	<u>Casing</u>	<u>Pump</u>	<u>Formation</u>
N 36037.9	33.22927 Deg N	197.1-177.1 ft msl	228.7 ft msl	4" PVC	S	Water Table
E 75910.1	81.536993 Deg W					

* = exceeded holding time. + = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Sample date: 01/05/95
Depth to water: 38.1 ft (10.98 m) below TOC
water elevation: 190.6 ft (58.11 m) msl
Sp. conductance: 16 uS/cm
Turbidity: 1 NTU
water evacuated before sampling: 69 gal

Time: 15:01
pH: 5.1
Alkalinity: 1 mg/L
water temperature: 18.7 deg C
Volumes purged: 7.8 well volumes

LABORATORY ANALYSES

<u>H</u>	<u>ST</u>	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>DF</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
		Chlordane	< .54	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Gross alpha	< .6	1	UI	pCi/L	0	TM
		Nitrate as nitrogen	796	1		ug/L	0	WA
*		Nitrite as nitrogen	< 20	1	UJ	ug/L	0	WA
		Nonvolatile beta	< -1.1	1	UI	pCi/L	0	TM
		Aluminum, total recoverable	74.1	1	JV	ug/L	2	WA
		Cadmium, total recoverable	< 4.7	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Calcium, total recoverable	815	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Chloride	1640	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Chromium, total recoverable	< 10	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Copper, total recoverable	< 18	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Iron, total recoverable	3.3	1	JV	ug/L	0	WA
		Lead, total recoverable	1.6	1	JV	ug/L	0	WA
		Magnesium, total recoverable	477	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Manganese, total recoverable	1.8	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Nickel, total recoverable	< 5.4	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Potassium, total recoverable	217	1	JV	ug/L	0	WA
		Silica, total recoverable	5660	2.1		ug/L	0	WA
		Sodium, total recoverable	730	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Specific conductance	17.1	1		uS/cm	0	WA
		Total dissolved solids	14000	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Total phosphates (as P)	< 30	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
*		pH	5.05	1	J	pH	0	WA

Number of Records: 23

WELL PSS 3D

<u>SRS Coord.</u>	<u>Lat/Longitude</u>	<u>Screen Zone Elevation</u>	<u>Top of Casing</u>	<u>Casing</u>	<u>Pump</u>	<u>Formation</u>
N 35974.1	33.229501 Deg N	198.5-178.5 ft msl	234 ft msl	4" PVC	S	Water Table
E 76138.7	81.536268 Deg W					

FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Sample date: 01/06/95

Time: 08:51

* = exceeded holding time. + = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

Depth to water: no data available
water elevation: no data available
Sp. conductance: 300 uS/cm
Turbidity: 47 NTU

pH: 4.9
Alkalinity: 1 mg/L
water temperature: 11.8 deg C

water evacuated before sampling: 5 gal

Volumes purged: well volumes

Well went dry during purging; samples collected after well recovered

LABORATORY ANALYSES

<u>H</u>	<u>ST</u>	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>DF</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
		Chlordane	<.55	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Nitrate as nitrogen	117	1		ug/L	0	WA
*		Nitrite as nitrogen	<20	1	UJ	ug/L	0	WA
		Aluminum, total recoverable	4900	1		ug/L	2	WA
		Cadmium, total recoverable	<4.7	1	U	ug/L	0	WA
		Calcium, total recoverable	688	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Chloride	825	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Chromium, total recoverable	14.8	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Copper, total recoverable	21.3	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Iron, total recoverable	13200	1		ug/L	2	WA
+		Lead, total recoverable	61.9	1		ug/L	2	WA
		Magnesium, total recoverable	265	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Manganese, total recoverable	35.4	1		ug/L	1	WA
		Nickel, total recoverable	7.8	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Potassium, total recoverable	198	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Silica, total recoverable	9100	2.1		ug/L	0	WA
		Sodium, total recoverable	625	1		ug/L	0	WA
		Specific conductance	8.65	1		uS/cm	0	WA
		Total dissolved solids	21000	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Total dissolved solids	20000	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
		Total phosphates (as P)	27.1	1	J	ug/L	0	WA
*		pH	5.57	1	J	pH	0	WA

Number of Records: 22

* = exceeded holding time. + = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

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Appendix E

Data Quality/Usability Assessment

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Data Quality/Usability Assessment

Quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) procedures relating to accuracy and precision of analyses performed on groundwater samples are followed in the field and laboratory and are reviewed prior to publication of results. The review by the Environmental Protection Department/Environmental Monitoring Section (EPD/EMS) of the volume of analytical data acquired each quarter and presented in various reports is an ongoing process; its review of the QA/QC data cannot be completed in time to meet the deadlines for the reports required by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act and associated regulations. Other site and regulatory personnel can obtain further information on the data quality and usability in a variety of ways, including those described below.

Data Qualification

The contract laboratories continually assess their own accuracy and precision according to U. S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) guidelines. They submit sample- or batch-specific QA/QC information either at the same time as analytical results or in quarterly summaries. Properly defined and used result modifiers (also referred to as qualifiers) can be a key component in assessing data usability. Result modifiers designed by EPD/EMS and used by the primary laboratories are presented in Appendix D.

Assessment of Accuracy of the Data

Accuracy, or the nearness of the reported result to the true concentration of a constituent in a sample, can be assessed in several ways.

A laboratory's general accuracy can be judged by analysis of results obtained from known samples. The non-radionuclide contract laboratories analyze commercial reference samples every quarter at EPD/EMS' request. The results of these analyses are presented in the EPD/EMS groundwater monitoring quarterly reports. The primary laboratories also seek or maintain state certification by participating periodically in performance studies; reference samples and analysis of results are provided by EPA. Results of these studies also are published in the EPD/EMS quarterly reports.

Analysis of blanks provides a tool for assessing the accuracy of both sampling and laboratory analysis. Results for all field blanks for the quarter can be found in the EPD/EMS quarterly reports. Any field or laboratory blanks that exceed established minimums are identified in the same reports, in tables associating them with groundwater samples analyzed in the same batches.

Surrogates, organic compounds similar in chemical behavior to the compounds of interest but not normally found in environmental samples, are used to monitor the effect of the matrix on the accuracy of analyses for organic parameters. For example, for analyses of volatile organics by EPA Method 8240, three surrogate compounds are added to all samples and blanks in each analytical batch. In analyses of semivolatile organics, three acid compounds and three base/neutral compounds are used. Two surrogates are used in organochlorine pesticides analyses. Percent recoveries for surrogate analyses are calculated by laboratory personnel, reported to EPD/EMS, reviewed, and entered into the database, but they are not published. If recoveries are not within specified limits, the laboratory is expected to reanalyze the samples or attach qualifiers to the data identifying the anomalous results.

Sample-specific accuracy for both organic and inorganic parameters can be assessed by examination of matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate results. A sample is analyzed unspiked to determine a baseline set of values. A second portion of the sample is spiked with known concentrations of compounds appropriate to the analyses being performed, typically five volatile organic compounds for volatile organics analyses, eleven semivolatile compounds for semivolatiles, six pesticide compounds for pesticides, all metals for metals analyses by SW-846 methods (EPA, 1986), and a known quantity of cyanide for cyanide analysis. The percentage of the spike compound that is recovered (i.e., measured in excess of the value obtained for the unspiked sample) is a direct measure of analytical accuracy. EPA requires matrix spike/matrix spike duplicates to be run at least once per 20 samples of similar matrix.

Matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate results are reported to EPD/EMS but are not published. For organic compounds, according to EPA guidelines, no action is taken on the basis of matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate data alone (i.e., no result modifiers are assigned solely on the basis of matrix spike results); however, the results can indicate if a laboratory is having a systematic problem in the analysis of one or more analytes.

In the case of inorganic compounds, such as metals, the matrix spike sample analysis provides information about the effect of each sample matrix on the digestion and measurement methodology. Data qualifiers assigned by the laboratories on the basis of the percentage of spike recovery are reported in the published results tables.

Assessment of Precision

Precision of the analyses, or agreement of a set of replicate results among themselves, is assessed through the use of duplicates initiated by the laboratory and blind replicates provided by EPD/EMS. The results of duplicate and replicate analyses are presented in those results tables of the quarterly reports which report only one quarter of data, usually during first, second, and third quarters. Duplicate and replicate results are not presented in results tables that report more than one quarter of data, generally provided in fourth quarter reports. In this case, the results tables instead present only the highest result for each analyte for each quarter of the year.

The laboratories assess precision by calculating the relative percent difference (RPD) for each pair of laboratory-initiated duplicate results. One of the contract laboratories uses a data qualifier (J3) to modify metals analyses when the RPD for laboratory duplicates is greater than 20 percent.

Additional statistical comparisons of laboratory duplicate and blind replicate results, both intra- and interlaboratory, are presented in the EPD/EMS quarterly reports. The calculation used for these reports is the mean relative difference (MRD) which is similar to EPA's RPD except that the MRD is the average of all the RPD values from one laboratory for each compound (intralaboratory MRD) or all the RPD values from all laboratories for each compound (interlaboratory MRD), during one quarter. Because detection limits may vary among samples, the MRD requires calculation of a reference detection limit, which is the detection limit at the 90th percentile of the array of limits in the population of all duplicate and replicate analyses for a given analyte during a particular quarter. The MRD is not method-specific.

Method-Specific Accuracy and Precision

The contract laboratories' EPA-approved laboratory procedures include QA/QC requirements as an integral part of the methods. Thus, knowledge of the method used in obtaining data is an important component of determining data usability. EPA has conducted extensive research and development on the methods approved for the analysis of water and waste water; information on the accuracy and precision of a method is available from EPA publications, as is full information on required QA/QC procedures. A listing of the methods used by the primary laboratories during fourth quarter 1993 is given below along with the source for the method description. Many, if not all, of these sources include presentations of representative accuracy and precision results.

Methods Used by the Contract Laboratories

<u>Method</u>	<u>Used to Analyze</u>	<u>Source</u>
EPA120.1	Specific conductance	EPA EMSL, 1983
EPA150.1	pH	EPA EMSL, 1983
EPA160.1	Total dissolved solids	EPA EMSL, 1983
EPA160.2	Total dissolved solids, total suspended solids	EPA EMSL, 1983
EPA180.1	Turbidity	EPA EMSL, 1983
EPA200.7	Metals	EPA EMSL, 1983
EPA204.2	Antimony	EPA EMSL, 1983
EPA206.2	Arsenic	EPA EMSL, 1983
EPA239.2	Lead	EPA EMSL, 1983
EPA245.1	Mercury	EPA EMSL, 1983
EPA270.2	Selenium	EPA EMSL, 1983
EPA279.2	Thallium	EPA EMSL, 1983
EPA300.0	Chloride, nitrite, sulfate	EPA EMSL, 1991
EPA310.1	Alkalinity	EPA EMSL, 1983
EPA325.2	Chloride	EPA EMSL, 1983
EPA335.3	Cyanide	EPA EMSL, 1983
EPA340.2	Fluoride	EPA EMSL, 1983
EPA353.1	Nitrogen, nitrate-nitrite	EPA EMSL, 1983
EPA353.2	Nitrogen, nitrate, nitrite, or combined	EPA EMSL, 1983
EPA365.1	Phosphorus, all forms (reported as total phosphates)	EPA EMSL, 1983
EPA365.2	Phosphorus, all forms (reported as total phosphates)	EPA EMSL, 1983
EPA376.2	Sulfide	EPA EMSL, 1983
EPA413.1	Oil & grease	EPA EMSL, 1983
EPA415.1	Dissolved organic carbon, total inorganic carbon, total organic carbon	EPA EMSL, 1983
EPA418.1	Total petroleum hydrocarbons	EPA EMSL, 1983
EPA420.2	Phenols	EPA EMSL, 1983
EPA900.0	Gross alpha, nonvolatile beta	EPA EMSL, 1980
EPA900.1	Total alpha-emitting radium	EPA EMSL, 1980
EPA906.0	Tritium	EPA EMSL, 1980
EPA6010	Metals	EPA, 1986
EPA7041	Antimony	EPA, 1986
EPA7060	Arsenic	EPA, 1986
EPA7421	Lead	EPA, 1986
EPA7470	Mercury	EPA, 1986
EPA7740	Selenium	EPA, 1986
EPA7841	Thallium	EPA, 1986
EPA8010	Chlorinated volatile organics	EPA, 1986
EPA8080	Organochlorine pesticides and PCBs	EPA, 1986
EPA8150	Chlorinated herbicides	EPA, 1986

EPA8240	GCMS volatiles	EPA, 1986
EPA8270	GCMS semivolatiles	EPA, 1986
EPA8280	Dioxins and furans	EPA, 1986
EPA9012	Cyanide	EPA, 1986
EPA9020	Total organic halogens	EPA, 1986
EPA9020A	Total organic halogens	EPA, 1986
EPA9030	Sulfide	EPA, 1986
EPA9060	Dissolved organic carbon, total inorganic carbon, total organic carbon	EPA, 1986

An example of available method-specific QA/QC information is that for the analysis of metals by EPA Method 6010/200.7 (EPA, 1986/EPA EMSL, 1983). The primary laboratories, General Engineering Laboratories (GE) and Roy F. Weston, Inc. (Weston), use this inductively coupled plasma (ICP) atomic emission spectrometric method.

The following precision and accuracy data are based on the experience of seven laboratories that applied the ICP technique to acid-distilled water matrices that had been spiked with various metal concentrates. (Note: Not all seven laboratories analyzed all 14 elements.) The references give results for samples having three concentration ranges; the results here are for samples having the lowest values, similar to actual groundwater results for SRS.

ICP Precision and Accuracy Data

<u>Element</u>	<u>True value (µg/L)</u>	<u>Mean reported value (µg/L)</u>	<u>Mean percent RSD^a</u>
Aluminum	60	62	33
Arsenic	22	19	23
Beryllium	20	20	9.8
Cadmium	2.5	2.9	16
Chromium	10	10	18
Cobalt	20	20	4.1
Copper	11	11	40
Iron	20	19	15
Lead	24	30	32
Manganese	15	15	6.7
Nickel	30	28	11
Selenium	6	8.5	42
Vanadium	70	69	2.9
Zinc	16	19	45

^a Relative standard deviation. In EPA (1986), the column heading is Mean Standard Deviation (%).

As another example, EPA Method 601/8010 (EPA, 1991/EPA, 1986) is used by both GE and Weston for analyses of halogenated volatile organics. In the presentation of the method in both references, the following table gives method-specific accuracy and precision as functions of concentration. Contract laboratories are expected to achieve or at least approach these limits.

Accuracy and Precision as Functions of Concentration for EPA Method 601/8010

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Accuracy as recovery, X^a ($\mu\text{g/L}$)</u>	<u>Single analyst precision ($\mu\text{g/L}$)^b</u>	<u>Overall precision ($\mu\text{g/L}$)^c</u>
Bromodichloromethane	1.12C-1.02 ^d	0.11+0.04 ^e	0.20+1.00
Bromoform	0.96C-2.05	0.12+0.58	0.21+2.41
Bromomethane	0.76C-1.27	0.28+0.27	0.36+0.94
Carbon tetrachloride	0.98C-1.04	0.15+0.38	0.20+0.39
Chlorobenzene	1.00C-1.23	0.15-0.02	0.18+1.21
Chloroethane	0.99C-1.53	0.14-0.13	0.17+0.63
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether ^f	1.00C	0.20	0.35
Chloroform	0.93C-0.39	0.13+0.15	0.19-0.02
Chloromethane	0.77C+0.18	0.28-0.31	0.52+1.31
Dibromochloromethane	0.94C+2.72	0.11+1.10	0.24+1.68
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0.93C+1.70	0.20+0.97	0.13+6.13
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	0.95C+0.43	0.14+2.33	0.26+2.34
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0.93C-0.09	0.15+0.29	0.20+0.41
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.95C-1.08	0.09+0.17	0.14+0.94
1,2-Dichloroethane	1.04C-1.06	0.11+0.70	0.15+0.94
1,1-Dichloroethene	0.98C-0.87	0.21-0.23	0.29-0.40
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.97C-0.16	0.11+1.46	0.17+1.46
Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)	0.91C-0.93	0.11+0.33	0.21+1.43
1,2-Dichloropropane ^f	1.00C	0.13	0.23
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene ^f	1.00C	0.18	0.32
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene ^f	1.00C	0.18	0.32
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.95C+0.19	0.14+2.41	0.23+2.79
Tetrachloroethylene	0.94C+0.06	0.14+0.38	0.18+2.21
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.90C-0.16	0.15+0.04	0.20+0.37
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.86C+0.30	0.13-0.14	0.19+0.67
Trichloroethylene	0.87C+0.48	0.13-0.03	0.23+0.30
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.89C-0.07	0.15+0.67	0.26+0.91
Vinyl chloride	0.97C-0.36	0.13+0.65	0.27+0.40

^a X' = expected recovery for one or more measurements of a sample containing a concentration of C , in $\mu\text{g/L}$.

^b Expected single analyst standard deviation of measurements.

^c Expected interlaboratory standard deviation of measurements.

^d C = true value for the concentration, in $\mu\text{g/L}$.

^e = average recovery found for measurements of samples containing a concentration of C , in $\mu\text{g/L}$.

^f Estimates based on performance of a single laboratory.

References

EPA (U. S. Environmental Protection Agency), 1986. **Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste (SW-846)**, Volumes IA-IC. Washington, DC.

EPA (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency), 1991. **Guidelines Establishing Test Procedures for the Analysis of Pollutants**, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 40, Part 136, Appendix A. Washington, DC.

EPA EMSL (U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Environmental Monitoring and Systems Laboratory), 1980. Prescribed Procedures for Measurement of Radioactivity in Drinking Water, EPA-600/4-80-032. Cincinnati, OH.

EPA EMSL (U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Environmental Monitoring and Systems Laboratory), 1983. Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes. Cincinnati, OH.

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