R. I. 3136 June, 1931

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

UNITED STATES BUREAU OF MINES SCOTT TURNER, DIRECTOR

REPORT OF INVESTIGATIONS

COAL-MINE FATALITIES IN MAY, 1931



BY

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE - BUREAU OF MINES

COAL-MINE FATALITIES IN MAY, 1931

By W. W. Adams² and L. Chenoweth³

Accidents in the coal mines of the United States during the month of May, 1931, caused the death of 105 men, according to reports received from State mine inspectors by the United States Bureau of Mines, Department of Commerce. This was a reduction of 16 from the 121 fatalities reported for the previous month of April, and a reduction of 43 from the 148 deaths which occurred in May, 1930. It is gratifying to note that, while the production of coal in May declined 3 per cent from the April output, the number of deaths was reduced 13 per cent. Comparing May, 1931, with the same month last year, the number of deaths decreased 29 per cent, while production of coal decreased only 20 per cent. There were 33,319,000 tons of coal mined in May of the present year, as compared with 34,178,000 tons in April, 1931, and 41,865,000 tons in May, 1930. The death rates based on these figures were 3.15 per million tons of coal produced for the present month, as compared with 3.54 for April, 1931, and 3.54 for May, 1930.

Considering bituminous mines alone, a lower death rate was shown in May, 1931; than in either the corresponding month last year or in April of the present year, the rate being 2.44 per million tons, based on 69 deaths and 28,314,000 tons, as compared with 3.17 a year ago, based on 114 deaths and 35,954,000 tons, and 2.74 for April, 1931, based on 78 fatalities and 28,478,000 tons.

The anthracite mines in Pennsylvania had a death rate of 7.19 per million tons of coal in May, 1931, as compared with 5.75 for May a year ago and 7.54 for April, 1931. These rates were based on 36 deaths and 5,005,000 tons in May of the present year; 43 deaths and 5,700,000 tons in April, 1931; and 34 fatalities and 5,911,000 tons in May, a year ago.

During the first five months of the current year, 634 lives were lost in the mining of 187,610,000 tons of coal in the United States. This indicates a death rate of 3.38 per million tons, an improvement over the record of a year ago when 877 men were killed and 225,358,000 tons of coal were produced, with a death rate of 3.89. Separated into bituminous and anthracite, the records for the first five months of 1931, were 2.78 and 6.93, respectively, for bituminous and anthracite mines, whereas those for the corresponding period in 1930 were 3.50 and 6.61, respectively.

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Death rates in this paper are based on tonnage rather than on number of men employed, as the latter item is not reported monthly to the U. S. Bureau of Mines.

of Mines.

One major disaster—that is, a disaster in which five or more lives were lost—occurred during May of the present year. This was an explosion at Mt. Carmel, Pa., which resulted in five deaths. The period from January to May, 1931, showed 4 major disasters which resulted in the loss of 46 lives; for the same period in 1930 there were 7 major disasters and 88 deaths. Based exclusively on these disasters, the death rates were 0.245 for 1931 and 0.390 for 1930. The major disasters thus far in 1931 occurred at the rate of 2.13 separate disasters (as distinguished from the number of deaths resulting from the disasters) for each hundred—million tons of coal mined, as compared with 3.11 for the corresponding period in 1930.

Comparing the accident record for the first five months of 1931 with that for 1930, a reduction is noted in the death rates from falls of roof and coal, haulage, gas or dust explosions, explosives, and electricity, which are the principal causes of fatalities in coal mines. The comparative rates are as follows:

	Yea 19		Jan.	-May	JanMay 1931			
Cause		Fatality	:	Fatality		Fatality		
	Killed	rate	Killed	rate	Killed	rate		
All causes	2,014	3.798	87 7	3.892	634	3.379		
Falls of roof and coal		2.012	462.	2.050	355	1.892		
Haulage	. 303	.572	146	.648	106	.565		
Gas or dust explosions:								
Local explosions	61	.115	34	.151	5	.027		
Major explosions	214	.404	85	.377	46	.245		
Explosives	78	.147	31	.137	21	.112		
Electricity	76	.143	33	.147	22	.117		
Miscellaneous	215	.405	86	.382	79	.421		

Tables 1 to 6 present a detailed statistical comparison of the number and causes of accidents and the corresponding death rates per million tons in May, 1931, with similar figures for earlier periods. Table 7 gives a list of major disasters in the coal mines of the United States during the year 1930 and for the first five months of 1931. Table 8 gives the number of fatalities in the coal mines of Great Britain, from January to May, 1931.

HAULAGE ACCIDENTS: During the 5-year period 1925 to 1929, deaths from haulage accidents in underground operations at coal mines in the United States occurred at an annual rate of 0.379 for each million man-hours of work performed by the underground employees. The rates for mines in certain individual States were more favorable than this average for the whole country, while the rates for certain other States were considerably less favorable than the country's average. A comparison of the rate for each State with that for the United States as a whole, and the relative standing of all States during the 5-year period are shown in Figure 1.

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TABLE 1 - NUMBER OF DEATHS, BY CAUSES OF ACCIDENTS, AT ALL COAL MINES IN THE UNITED STATES

(Includes both anthracite and bituminous coal)

Cause	1930		20.00		1931		
	JanMay	Jan.	Feb.			May	JanMay
Falls of Roof & Coal	462	86	66	67	76	60	355
At face	316	67	4.9	48	61	30	255
In room	77	10	9	13	8	17	56
On entry	68	9	8	7	7.	8	39
On slope	1 1				l _'	5	5
Haulage	146	25	19	23	19	20	106
Switching and spragging		$+\frac{20}{1}$	1	~	-	-	2
Coupling	12	1 1	1	_	-	_	2
Falling from trips	5		_	. 7	-	1	4
Run over	57	8	7	· 3	8	6	
Caught between car and rib	1 !	9	7	5	6	. 6	<u>38</u>
Caught between car and roof	38	9	2	1	2	1	33
	8		~	1	<u> </u>		6
Runaway cars	14	4		1	1	3	9
Miscellaneous	9	,5	1	4	2		12
Gas or Dust Explosions	119	44	<u> </u>	· 1	1	5	51
Open flame lamp	26	28			1	-	29
Matches or smoking		-	'	٠.	-	-	-
Defective safety lamp	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Electric arc	32	· -	-	-	-	-	-
Blasting	31	5	i -	∸	-	-	5
Miscellaneous	30	11		, .1	<u> </u>	5	17
Explosives	31	2	4	: 4	6	5	21
Transportation	3	' ' 📥 '		<u> </u>	-	-	_
Charging	1			1	-	_	1
Suffocation	-	-	-	-	_	_	_
Drilling into old holes	4	-	-	¹	-	_	-
Striking in loose rock	2	_	_	_	_	_	_
Thawing	_	-	-	-	_	_	_
Caps & detonators	1 _ 1	_	_	_ .		_	
Unguarded shots	2	<u> </u>	_	_	1	<u> </u>	1
Returned too soon	a l	<u>.</u>	_	_,	_ ⁻	_	
Premature shots	11	2	.5	2	2	5	13
Sparks from lamp, etc.	2	~	~	i 1	1		2
Delayed shots	1 1	-	2		1	-	2
	1 1	-	~	_	-	-	2
Shot breaking through rib	1 2	_	-	-	2	-	2
Miscellaneous		 - -	-			5	
Electricity	33	3	4	4	6		22.
Direct contact with trolley wire	17	3	2	s.	. 1	1	9
Tools striking trolley wire	1	-	- ,	-	-		-
Contact with mining machine	4	-]		2	1	4
Contact with machine feed wire	3	-	-		1	_	1
Contact with haulage motor	- _	-	- _			-	
Miscellaneous	8	-	1	3	2	3	8
Miscellaneous	86 `	50	19	17 ·	13	10	79
Total	877	180	112	116	121	105	634

TABLE 2 - DEATH RATES, BY CAUSES OF ASCIDENTS, PER MILLION TONS OF COAL PRODUCED AT ALL COAL MINES IN THE UNITED STATES

(Includes both anthracite and bituminous coal)

(Includes both a	athracite a	and bituminous coa	1)
Cause	Year	JanMay	JanMay
	1930	1930	1931
Falls of Roof & Coal	2.012	2.050	1.892
At face	1.422	1.402	1.359
In room	.296	.348	.298
On entry	.271	.302	.208
On slope	.023	.004	.027
Haulage	.572	.648	.565
Switching and spragging	.007	.013	.011
Coupling	.038	.053	.011
Falling from trips	.021	.022	.021
Run over	.234	.253	.202
Caught between car and rib	.128	.169	.176
Caught between car and roof	.034	.036	.032
Runaway cars	.072	.062	.048
Miscellaneous	.038	.040	.064
Gas or Dust Explosions	.519	.528	.272
Open flame lamp	•0.13	. 020.	.154
Matches or smoking	.070	.116	• 3.07
Defective safety lamp	.007		
Electric arc	1	.142	
	.223	1	.027
Blasting	.072	.137	
Miscellaneous	.147	.133	.091
Explosives	.147	.137	.112
Transportation	.007	.013	
Charging	.004	.004	.005
Suffocation	.004		
Drilling into old holes	.023	.018	
Striking in loose rock	.004	.009	
Thawing			-
Caps & detonators	.006		
Unguarded shots	.015	•009	•005
Returned too soon	.013	.009	
Premature shots	.045	.049	.069
Sparks from lamp, etc	.006	•009	.011
Delayed shots	.004	•004	.011
Shot breaking through rib	.009	.004	
Miscellaneous	.007	.009	.011
Electricity	.143	.147	.117
Direct contact with trolley wire.	.073	.076	.048
Tools striking trolley wire	.004	.004	
Contact with mining machine	.017	.018	.021
Contact with machine feed wire	.015	.013	.005
Contact with haulage motor	.002		
Miscellaneous	.032	.036	•043
Miscellaneous	•405	• 382	.421
Total	3.798	3.892	3.379

Cause	Ala	Alas	Ark	Col	Ill	Ind	Ia	Kan	Кy	Md	Mch	Mo	Mnt	NMx	NDk	0	0k	Рa	Tenn	Tex	Ut	Va	Wsh	WVa	Wyo	LATOT	Pa	GRAN
					<u> </u>													Bit								BITUM		
· UNDERGROUND							•		()			1				,											_	
alls of roof	-	-	-	1	7	1	1	-	6	-	_	-	-	1	-	2	-	6	4	-	-	-	-	7	_	36	13	49
alls of side	٠ 🗕	-	_	-	+	÷	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-		-	_	_	-				-	5	_	7	,	1]
aulage	2	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	5	-	-	-	-	1	14	-	15	5	20
as or dust explosions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	5	
Explosives	-	_	_	_	_	-	-			-		-	-	_	_	_	-		_	-	-	_	-	1	_	1	4	
suffocated by mine gases		_	- .				_	-		-		_	_	_	-	_	_	-	· · · · · <u>-</u>	_	_	_	_	-	 ·	-	1]
lectricity	~	_	-	-	-	. 4	1 -	_	1	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	1	2	-	5	_	,
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Total	2	-	-	1	3	2	3	_	7	1	_		_	1		3	_	11	4		-2-	-	2	19	_	64	34	98
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Total		_			. 1	-	-		-		-	-	-		-	_		1	-	1	_	_	_	4	-	5	2	7
RAND TOTAL, MAY, 1931	2	O	0	1	8.	2	3	0	7	1	0	0	0	1	0	3	0:	12	4	0	0	0	2	23	0	69	36 34	105
RAND TOTAL, MAY, 1930	3	0	0	14	11	Ö	1	0	17	1	0	1	0	1	1	9	11	31	3	0	0	1	0 !	28	1	114	34	148
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		TABL	E4.	- COI	L-M	INE I	ATA	LITI	ES I	URI	NG	1931	L, B	Y MOI	VTHS	AND	ST	ATES										
MONTH	Ala	Alas	Ark	Col	I11	Ind	Ia	Kan	Ку	Md	Mch	Мо	Mnt	NMx	NDk	0	0k	Pa bit	Tenn	Tex	Ut	√a	Wash	Wa		TOTAL		GRAND TO TAL
		 	 		┼									-		 	+	010			 					DITOM	a11 011	10180
January	2	-	-	4	9	31	1	. . .	7	1	;- ;	.3	-	-		9	-	. 20	3	 .	2	1	2	. 43	1	139	41	180
February	2	-	-	1	8	2	1	1	8	_	-	1-	-	-	-	14	1	20	1	- -	.1	2	-	16	2	. 70	42	112
March	2	_		3	- 5	2	-	.1	11	-	-	-	1	-	-	10	-	14	-	-	2	2	1	34	3	91	25	116
April	1	-	-1	2	7	· -	-	1	··6	<u></u>	-	-	1	1	-	3	-~	17	"1	-	-	4	-	32	1	78	.43	121
May	2	-		1	8	2	3	-	-7 	1	1	-	-	1	-	.3	-	12	. 11	-		-	2	23	-	69	36	105
TOTAL, 5 MONTHS, 1931.	9	0	1	11	37	37	5	3	39	2	.0-	3	2	2	Ö	29	1	83	9	0	5	9	5	148	7	447	187	634
TOTAL, 5 MONTHS, 1930.	31	0	-2	20	49	9	10	6	97	4	0	5	2	3	2	37	7	129	8	0	42	19	19	180	8	689	188	. 877
•		 	+==		 		=					-	-			+ -												
TOTAL, YEAR 1930.	61	0	9	36	112	22	19	10	179	6	-1-	9	3	14	3	154	65	299	21	0	57	39	23	410	22	1,574	лло	2,014
- manife grand and a second an							+	L				·							 	 								

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TABLE 5 - COAL-MINE FATALITIES IN 1931, BY MONTHS, AND CAUSES OF ACCIDENTS 1930 To tal Jan.-May May Feb. Mch. Apr. CAUSE Jan. UNDERGROUND 49 403 64 56 289 66 54 Falls of roof 66 59 11 12 11 Falls of side 20 12 146 20 106 19 19 23 25 Haulage 44 119 551 51 Gas or dust explosions 31 6 4 21 . 2 Explosives Suffocated by mine gases 4 22 Electricity Animals Mining machines Mine fires Other causes 169 114 98 595 836 106 -108 TOTAL SHAFT 1 Persons falling Objects falling Cages, skips Other causes 8 TO TAL SURFACE g ٦. 2 Mine cars Electricity 1 1 Machinery 2 Boiler explosions Railway cars 11 10 Other causes 33 TO TAL 634 877 112 116 121 105 GRAND TOTAL 180

TABLE 6 - AVERAGE NUMBER OF MEN KILLED PER MILLION TONS OF COAL PRODUCED IN THE UNITED STATES

THE MAY 1931 AND FARTIER PERIODS

		IN MAY, 19	31, AND EAF	ILIER PE	RIODS				
				Death	rates	oer million :	short to	ns	
		Per cent	Average			Average for			
	Cause of accident	of total	for	* *		May	1930	19	31
		1921-1930	10 years	Year	Year	10 years			
			1921-1930	1929	1930	1921-1930	May	Apr.	May
			uminous Mir	ies					
1.	Falls of roof and coal	49.72	1.756	1.724	1.820	1.741	1.919	1.967	1.518
2.	Underground haulage	17.58	•621	. 651	• 574	•706	• 751	421	•530
3.	Explosions of gas or coal dust:			,					
	Local explosions	2.24	•079	.043	•052	.064	•034		
	Major explosions	13.58	•479	. 271	-14914	•907			
ji •	Explosives	2.84	.100	•0g/t	.069	.089	.084	.070	•035
5•	Electricity	4.43	•157	•1, † 0	.149	.187	•139	.211	.177
6.	Mining machines	1.43	.051	•052	•050	.076		.035	
7.	Other causes underground	2.33	•082	•054	.080	•050	.027		
8.	All causes underground	94.15	3, 325	3.019	3, 258	3.820	3.004	2.704	2,260
9.	All shaft accidents	1.33	• 047	.032	.035	•022	• 056		
10.	All accidents on surface	4.52	.160	.1.36	.117	•159	.111	.035	•177
11.	All accidents	100,00	3.532	3.127	3.410	4.001	3.171	2.733	2.437
		Ant	hracite Mir	es					
1.	Falls of roof and coal	47.16	2.755	3,522	3.271	2.694	2.876	3.509	3. 397
.2.	Underground naulage	12,58	• 744	.880	• 5 ¹ +8	.681	• 339	1.223	•999
3.	Explosions of gas:				Ì	i			
	Local explosions	7.24	.428	. 366	•533	• 355	.169	.175	
	Major explosions	1.84	•109			.429			•999
jt•	Explosives	10.85	.642	•582	.663	.488	.169	.702	.799
5.	Electricity	1.12	.056	.081	.101	•059			
6.	Other causes underground	8.29	.490	.420	.634	•799	1.184	.877	•599
7.	All causes underground	89.08	5.267	5.851	5.750	5.505	4.737	6.491	6.793
8.	All shaft accidents	1.91	.113	.163	•029	.133			
9•	All accidents on surface	9.01	• 533	•515	• 562	. 296	1.015	1.053	<u>400</u>
10.	All accidents	100.00	5.913	6.529	6.341	5.934	5.752	7.544	7.193
			1						

TABLE 7 - COAL-MINE FATALITIES IN THE UNITED STATES IN WHICH FIVE OR MORE MEN WERE

		KILLED DURING 19	30 AND 1931		
		·	Nature	Alleged	
Date	Name of Mine	Location of Mine	of	cause of	Killed
			accident	ignition	
1930:					
Jan. 13	Peerless	Straven, Ala	Gas or dust explosion	Electric arc	7
Jan. 19	No. 1	Lillybrook, W. Wa	n	Not stated	g
Feb. 6	Standard	Standardville, Utah .	it t	Electric arc	<u>1</u> / 23
Mch. 8	New Peerless	Lynn, Utah	11	Electric arc	5
Mch. 26	Yukon	Arnettsville, W. Va	11	Not stated	12
Mch. 30	Kettle Island	Kettle Island, Ky	11	Open-flame lamo.	16
Apr. 12	Carbonado	Carbonado, Wash	11	Blasting	
Aug. 8	Gilberton Colliery 2/.	Gilberton, Pa	Fall of roof	-	17 8
Oct. 27	Wheatley #4	McAlester, Okla	Gas or dust	Not stated	30
•	"	, 52226	explosion	1,00 500000 11111	
Nov. 5	No. 6	Millfield, Ohio	11	Electric arc	3/ 79
Nov. 29	Lutie No. 5	Wilburton, Okla	11	Not stated	15
Dec. 6	Lamb	Madrid, N. Mex.	11	Electric arc	5
	23.54.4	Medical Id., IV. IVI GA.		micouric arc	
1931:					
Jan. 3	Midvale #4	Midvale, Ohio	Gas or dust	Blasting	5
	,,		explosion	220000000	
Jan. 6	Glen Rogers	Beckley, W. Va	11	Not stated	g
Jan. 28	Little Betty	Dugger, Ind.	"	Open flame lamp.	28
May 29	Richards Colliery 2/	Mt Carmal Do	n		i
	Tricitates outsitely 2/ .	Mt. Carmel, Pa	 	Not stated	5

^{1/} Includes 3 killed by fall of slate about 28 hours later.
2/ Anthracite mine.
3/ Does not include 3 visitors, in no way connected with mining.

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TABLE 8 - GREAT BRITAIN; FATALITIES IN MINES UNDER THE COAL MINES REGULATION ACT, JANUARY TO MAY, 1931 (1)

Cause	January	February	March	April	May	JanMay
Underground:						
By explosions of firedamp or coal dust By falls of ground	33 36 1 12 7	35 1 1 ⁴ 6	1 17 1; 62	1 46 3 18 13	2 31 2 13 14 52	36 188 8 74 34 340
Surface:						
On railways, sidings and tramways Other surface accidents	1 5	2 4 6	5 3 8	6 8	2 1	15 16 31
Grand total	94	62	70	89	56	371

⁽¹⁾ From the Ministry of Labour Gazette, London, England.

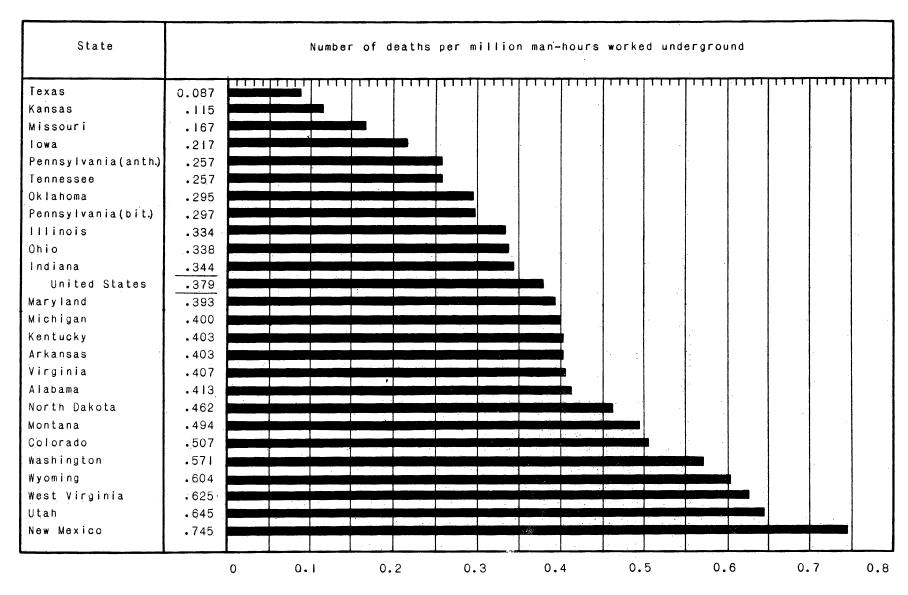


Figure 1.- Comparative fatality rates from haulage accidents underground at coal mines in the United States during the 5-year period, 1925 to 1929