The Takeaway: Professional psychology's training-to-workforce pipeline lacks the diversity of the U.S. population at large, at least with respect to race/ethnicity, disability, & gender identification.

Diversity in the Professional Psychology Training-to-Workforce Pipeline: Results From Doctoral Psychology Student Population Data



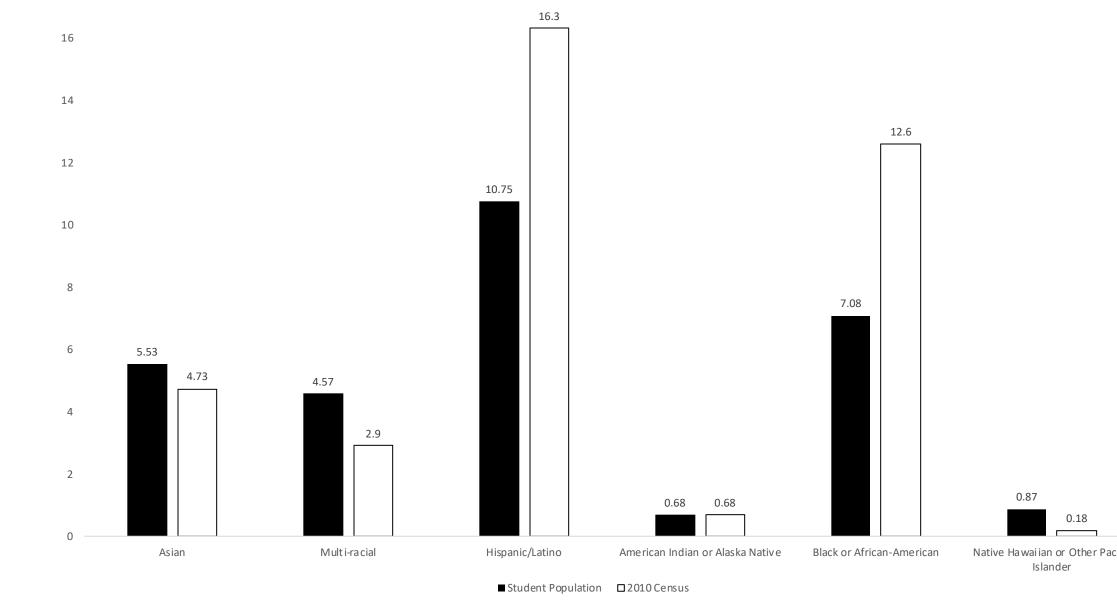
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INTRO

Fostering a diverse professional psychology workforce fundamentally necessitates *admitting* & *retaining* diverse individuals for doctoral training.

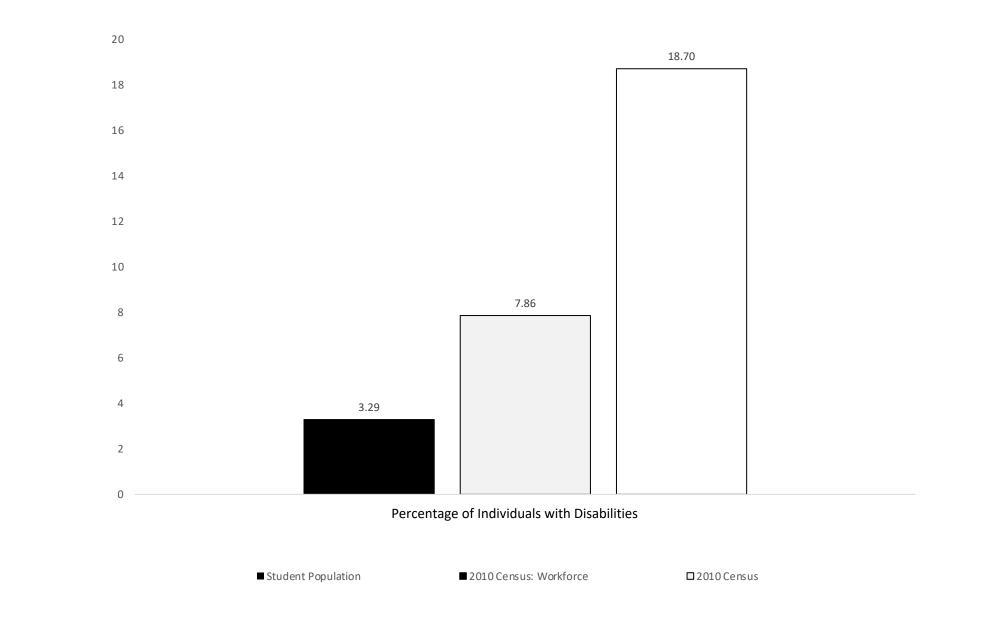
Aim 1: Obtain population-based student data to example 3 types of diversity (race/ethnicity, disability, and gender identification) across all accredited psychology programs in the U. S.

• *Figure 1.* Average % of racial/ethnic minority



• *Figure 3.* Average % of gender identification

• *Figure 2.* Average % of disability representation

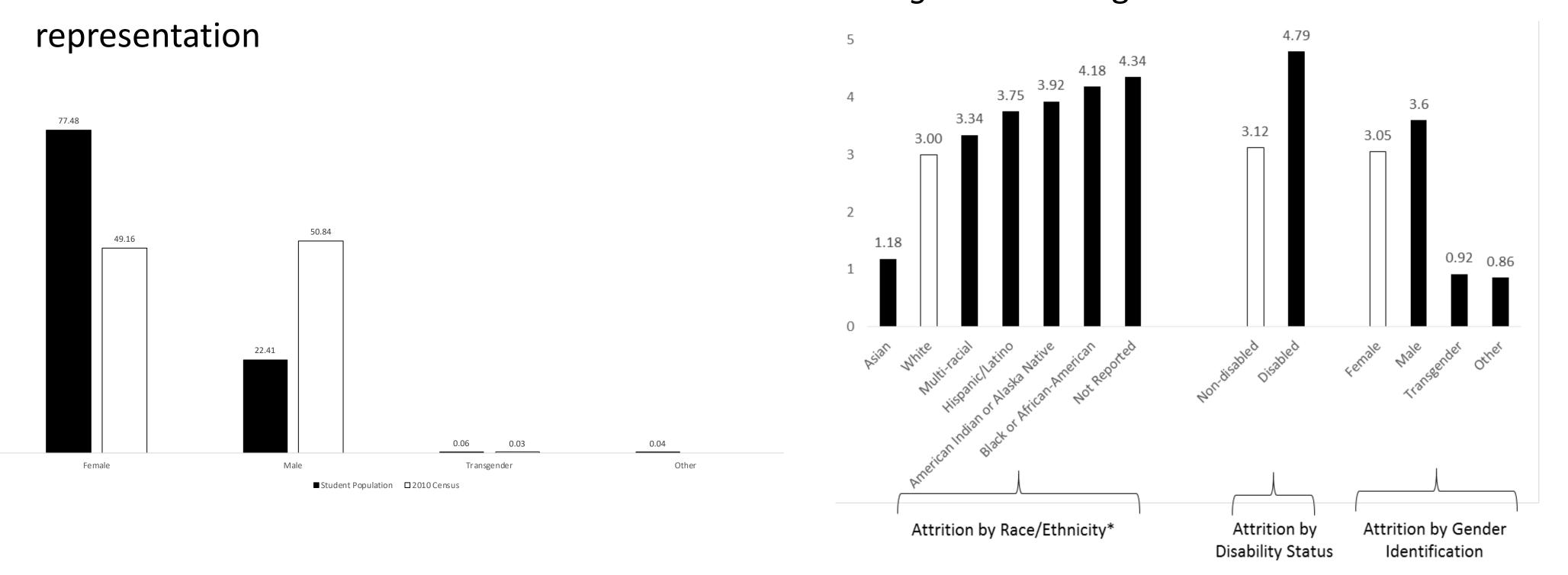


• *Figure 4.* Average % of student attrition

Aim 2: Identify attrition rates associated with each of these groups.

DATA SOURCE

Data reflects the *full population of students* training in accredited doctoral psychology programs for years 2005 thru 2015, via aggregation of annual reports provided by the Office of Program Consultation & Accreditation (OPCA).



DISCUSSION

- Programs are encouraged to:
 - Implement holistic reviews for admission
 - Broaden the foci of department curriculum (refer to Penn State Department of Philosophy for model)
- Examine potential tokenization with department
- Recruit members of historically underrepresent racial groups (APA actively generates, disseminates, and promotes policies & practices that improve

Develop mentoring programs

multicultural competence

Funding Information: Council of University Directors of Clinical Psychology (CUDCP)

10



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