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U.S. Energy Flow—2000

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U.S. Energy Flow—2000

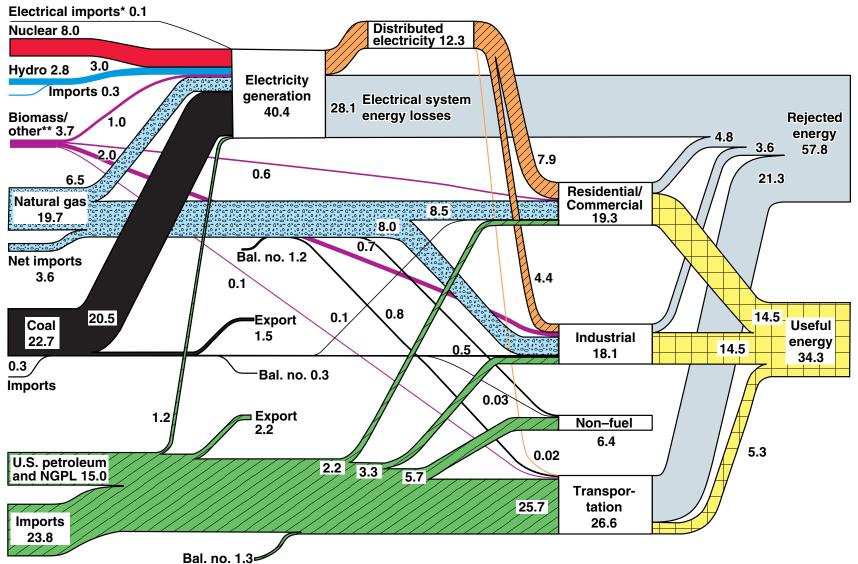
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February 2002

Contents

- U.S. Energy Flow Trends—2000 (chart in quads)
- U.S. Energy Flow Trends—2000 (chart in exajoules)
- Notes on the U.S. Energy Flow Chart for 2000
- Other Ways to View This Data
- Comparison of 1990, 1999, and 2000 Energy Use
- U.S. Energy Flow—1999 (chart in quads)
- Appendix: Selected Diagrams and Tables
- Credits and Web Locations

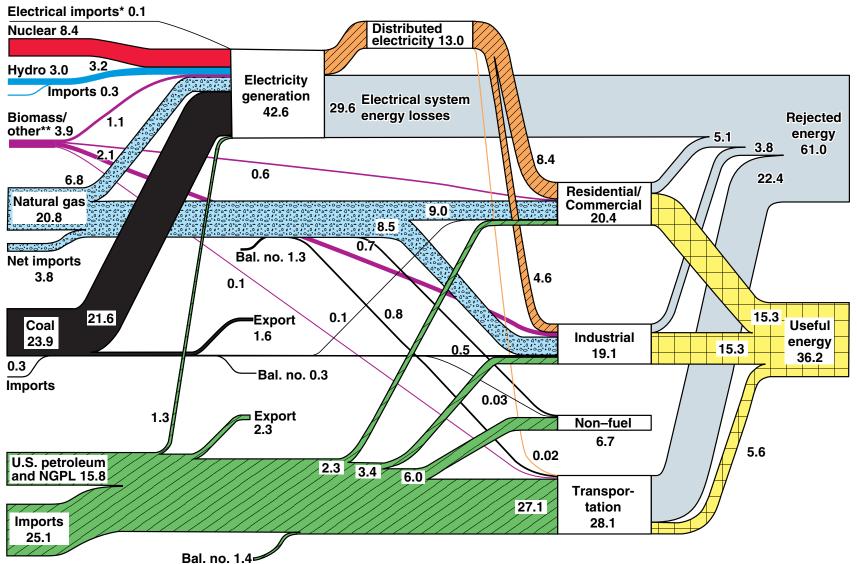
U.S. Energy Flow Trends – 2000 Net Primary Resource Consumption 98.5 Quads



Source: Production and end-use data from Energy Information Administration, Annual Energy Review 2000 *Net fossil-fuel electrical imports December 2001 Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

**Biomass/other includes wood and waste, geothermal, solar, and wind.

U.S. Energy Flow Trends – 2000 Net Primary Resource Consumption 104 Exajoules



Source: Production and end-use data from Energy Information Administration, Annual Energy Review 2000 *Net fossil-fuel electrical imports December 2001 Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

**Biomass/other includes wood and waste, geothermal, solar, and wind.

Notes on the U.S. Energy Flow Chart for 2000

General Notes

Background

Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL) has prepared similar flow charts of U.S. energy consumption since 1972. The chart follows the flow of individual fuels and compares these on the basis of a common energy unit of quadrillion British thermal units (Btu). A quadrillion, or "quad," is 10¹⁵. One Btu is the quantity of heat needed to raise the temperature of 1 pound of water by 1°F at or near 39.2°F.

The width of each colored line across this chart is in proportion to the number of quads conveyed. (Exception: lines showing extremely small amounts have been made wide enough to be clearly visible.)

In most cases, the numbers used in this chart have been rounded to the nearest tenth of a quad, although the original data was published in hundredths or thousandths of a quad. As a consequence of independent rounding, some of the summary numbers may not appear to be a precise total of their various components.

The first chart in this document uses quadrillion Btu's to conform with data from the U.S. Department of Energy's Energy Information Administration (EIA). However, the second chart is expressed in exajoules. A joule is the metric unit for heat. One Btu equals 1,055.06 joules; and one quadrillion Btu's equals 1.055 exajoules (an exajoule is 10^{18} joules).

Data Sources

The chart incorporates production and end-use data compiled by the Energy Information Administration, as published in the EIA's *Annual Energy Review* 2000 [DOE/EIA-0384(2000), Washington, D.C., August 2001]. EIA's report is available on the Web at <u>http://www.eia.doe.gov/aer</u>. For ease of reference, some of the key tables and diagrams from the EIA report are included as an appendix to this document.

Most of the 2000 data in the *Annual Energy Review* 2000 (AER2000) is marked as preliminary, and this is what is used in LLNL's energy flow chart for 2000. However, EIA continually revises the data and publishes updates in its *Monthly Energy Review* and in subsequent editions of the *Annual Energy Review*. Thus LLNL's U.S. Energy Flow chart for 1999 (which was prepared in March 2001 and is included at the end of this document) does not entirely correspond to the revised 1999 data given in AER2000.

In AER2000, summary data on energy production, imports, exports, and consumption is provided in Diagram 1, "Energy Flow, 2000" (p. 3) and Table 1.1., "Energy Overview, 1949–2000" (p. 5). These show that 98.50 quads of energy were consumed in the United States in 2000.

Table 1.2, "Energy Production by Source, 1949–2000" (AER2000, p. 7) gives additional details about the 71.902 quads of energy produced within the United States.

Table 1.3, "Energy Consumption by Source, 1949–2000" (AER2000, p. 9) indicates the amounts of various fossil fuels and renewable energy sources consumed, as well as nuclear energy.

Table 1.4, "Energy Imports, Exports, and Net Imports, 1949–2000" (AER2000, p. 11) shows that the United States had net energy imports of 24.42 quads in 2000. (Note that this represents almost 25% of total energy consumed and that petroleum accounts for about 89% of U.S. imported energy.)

Table 2.1.a, "Energy Consumption by Sector, 1949–2000" (AER2000, p. 38) gives the amounts and types of energy consumed by four end-use sectors—residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation—and by the electric power sector.

Tables 2.1.b–f (pp. 39–43) give the consumption of individual resources for each individual sector. LLNL's chart combines the residential and the commercial sectors into a single unit: residential/commercial.

End-Use Sectors

The *Residential/Commercial* sector includes private and institutional residences; business establishments not engaged in transportation or manufacturing; commercial establishments; religious and nonprofit organizations; health, social, and educational institutions; and federal, state, and local governments. Electricity used for public street and highway lighting is also included.

The *Industrial* sector includes manufacturing industries (the largest part of the sector), mining, construction, agriculture, fisheries, and forestry. Establishments range from large steel mills to small farms. In LLNL's energy flow chart, fossils fuels

used by industry in a non-fuel capacity are treated as a separate data stream; however, most of the AER2000 tables incorporate non-fuel consumption in the data for the industrial sector.

The *Transportation* sector includes all types of public and private vehicles that transport people and commodities. This sector also includes the energy used to transport natural gas in pipelines.

Energy Content

The energy flow chart shows all energy streams in terms of a common energy unit: quadrillion Btu. The EIA typically uses conversion factors that represent the gross heat content of the fuel, which is the total amount of heat released when fuel is burned (i.e., the "higher heating value").

Appendix A of AER2000 (pp. 331–341) gives the thermal conversion factors used in that report. These factors are computed annually from the best available data, weighted as appropriate. The heat content depends on source, type, year of production, and use of fuel. For example, the relatively small amount of coal consumed by the residential/commercial sector has an average heat content of approximately 23.880 million Btu per short ton of coal, but the coal used to generate electricity has an average heat content of approximately 20.401 million Btu per short ton. (AER2000, Table A5, p. 335).

Some conversion factors, useful for estimation, include:

Fuel	Energy content (Btu)
Short ton of coal	21,400,000
Barrel (42 gallons) of crude oil	5,800,000
Cubic foot of natural gas (at standard	
conditions)	1,027
Kilowatt-hour of electricity	3,412

Conversion Efficiency Factors

For the sake of consistency with LLNL's previous energy flow charts, the U.S. chart for 2000 assumes the same conversion efficiencies for the residential/commercial, industrial, and transportation sectors as in previous years. The conversion efficiencies are used to determine the proportion of "useful" to "rejected" energy.

For electricity generation, the electrical system energy losses are assumed by the EIA to be about two-thirds of the energy consumed. LLNL's energy flow chart for 2000 shows electrical system energy losses of 28.1 quads, which is the sum of the amounts shown for the individual sectors in AER2000's Tables 2.1.b–e, pages 39–42 (i.e., 9.272 quads for residential, 8.818 quads for commercial, 9.931 quads for industrial, and 0.041 quads for transportation).

According to AER2000 (p. 248, Note 1), "Electrical system energy losses are estimated as the difference between total energy consumed to generate electricity and the total energy content of electricity consumed by end users. Most of these losses occur at steam-electric power plants (conventional and nuclear) in the conversion of heat energy into mechanical energy to turn electric generators. This loss is a thermodynamically necessary feature of the steam-electric cycle." Transmission and distribution losses, which are not spelled out separately on this chart, are estimated to be about 9% of the gross generation of electricity.

The conversion efficiency factors for the residential/commercial and the industrial sectors are based on engineer's estimates for the conversion efficiency of devices such as process heaters and boilers.

For the residential/commercial sector, we have again assumed an efficiency of 75%. This is a weighted average between space heating at approximately 60% efficiency and motors and other electrical uses at about 90% efficiency.

For the industrial sector, we have continued to assume a conversion efficiency of 80%.

For transportation, we continue to assume a generous 20% efficiency, which corresponds to the approximate average efficiency of internal combustion engines as measured on Federal Driving Schedules (i.e., the amount of energy that actually reaches the drive train of a vehicle, compared to the amount of energy consumed. Note that the peak efficiencies of 33–35% for spark-ignited engines and 41–45% for diesel engines are not representative of conversion efficiencies over the Federal Driving Schedules.)

Balancing Numbers

For visual clarity, the 2000 energy flow chart eliminates some of the smaller lines that appeared in the pre-1999 versions of the LLNL charts (e.g., storage, stocks, and strategic reserve amounts, as well as field use of natural gas.) Instead, three "balancing numbers" are indicated, which together add about 2.25 quads of energy between the left-hand (or "production") side of the chart and the right-hand (or "consumption") side. This corresponds approximately to the 2.18-quad "adjustments" amount given in AER2000 on Diagram 1 (p. 3) and Table 1.1 (p. 5).

Electricity Generation

LLNL's pre-1999 energy flow charts had separate lines for "utility consumption of electricity" and "cogeneration." This

2000 version does not distinguish between utility and nonutility generation.

With continuing deregulation of the electric power industry, an increasing proportion of the electricity generated in the United States is now provided by what the EIA designates as "nonutility" power producers. Because of deregulation, some utilities have sold their power plants to nonutility owners.

EIA considers the nonutility power producers to include (1) cogenerators that provide both electricity and steam or heat for industrial or other purposes; (2) small power producers that use renewables for at least 75% of their output; and (3) independent power producers that are unaffiliated with franchised utilities, do not possess transmission facilities, and do not sell power in the retail service area where they have a franchise.

Diagram 5, "Electricity Flow, 2000," in AER2000 (p. 217) shows the very complicated electricity flow for both electric utilities and nonutility power producers. This diagram shows net generation of 10.27 quads by the utilities and 2.67 quads by the nonutility power producers—thus 20.6% of the net electricity generated in the United States in 2000 came from nonutility power producers. The nonutilities made direct use or sold directly to end-users 0.71 quads of this electricity but sold 1.99 quads to the utilities, where it became part of the 11.59 quads of electricity sold by the utilities to the end-user sectors.

Nonfuel Use

The data on fossil fuel consumption for nonfuel use is from AER2000, Table 1.15 (p. 33). Petroleum products account for 5.7 quads of nonfuel use and include asphalt and road oil, liquefied petroleum gases, pentanes plus, lubricants,

petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, and other products.

Nonfuel consumption in 2000 accounted for 6.5% of the primary energy resources consumed in the United States; however, because these resources were not used for energy purposes, LLNL's energy flow chart does not assign "rejected" and "useful" designations.

Double-counting

The EIA has different systems for tracking the resources consumed to generate electricity. For example, EIA tallies the energy resources consumed by industrial end-users, some of whom may also be power generators. In Table 2.1a, the "adjustments" column and corresponding footnote say that for 2000 there were 4.291 quads of fossil-fuel resources "doublecounted" in both the electric power sector (via nonutility generators) and the industrial end-use sector.

Diagram 5 of AER2000 shows that fossil-fuel resources for nonutility generation included 2.79 quads of coal, 3.38 quads of natural gas, and 0.43 quads of petroleum, totaling 6.6 quads. Thus the 4.291 quads that were double-counted represented 65% of the total fossil-fuel resources consumed by the nonutility generators.

For the LLNL chart, we applied the same proportion (65%) to each separate resource, and this estimating method yielded 1.81 quads of coal, 2.20 quads of natural gas, and 0.28 quads of petroleum. On the chart, these amounts have been *subtracted* from the fossil-fuel resource streams going to the industrial end-use sector; they are included in the resource streams for electricity generation.

Notes on Primary Resources

Biomass/Other

By far the largest portion in this category comes from "wood and waste," which accounted for 3.275 quads of energy produced in 2000. Geothermal energy accounted for 0.319 quads; solar for 0.070 quads; and wind for 0.051 quads. (AER2000, Table 1.2, p. 7).

Coal

In 2000, coal represented 31.5% of the energy produced within the United States. About 90% of U.S. coal consumption went for the generation of electricity and fueled about 51% of the United States' generation of electricity.

More details about the production and consumption of coal are given in AER2000 in Diagram 4 (p. 197) and Table 7.1 (p. 199). The approximate heat content of coal is given in Table A5 (p. 335).

Hydroelectric Power

This involves the production of power from falling water. Almost all of this energy goes for the generation of electricity.

Natural Gas

In AER2000, details about natural gas production and consumption are included in Diagram 3 (p. 175) and Table 6.1 (p. 177). The approximate heat content of natural gas is given in Table A4 (p. 334).

Net imports of natural gas in 2000 amounted to 3.57 quads and accounted for about 15.4% of the natural gas consumed in the United States (AER2000, Table 6.3, p. 181). About 94% of the gross natural gas imports came from Canada. Of the natural gas withdrawn from U.S. wells in 2000, about 21% came from offshore locations (AER2000, Table 6.4, p 183).

Nuclear Energy

This is generated by the 104 operable nuclear generating units in the United States. Nuclear energy accounted for 19.9% of electricity net generation in the United States in 2000 (AER2000, Table 9.2, p. 255).

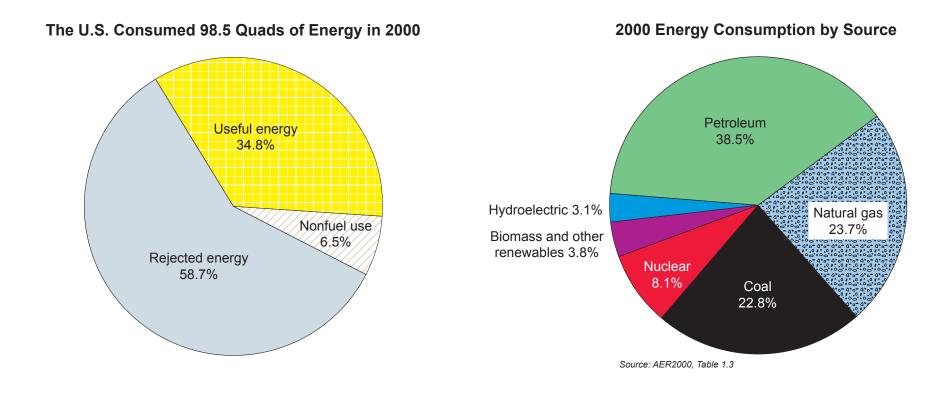
Petroleum and NGPL

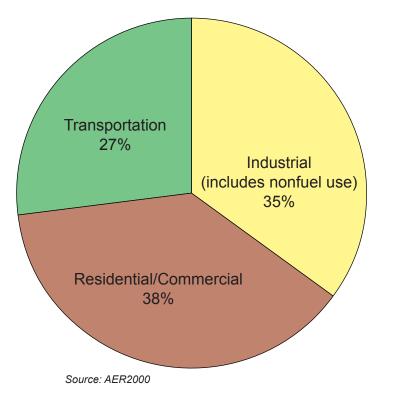
This category includes both crude oil and natural gas plant liquids (i.e., hydrocarbons in natural gas that have been separated as liquids). In AER2000, details about petroleum are found in Diagram 2 (p. 121) and Table 5.1 (p. 123). The approximate heat content of various petroleum products and of crude oil and NGPL can be found in AER2000, Tables A1, A2, and A3 (pp. 331–333).

Petroleum, at 37.964 quads, accounted for 38.5% of the United States' 2000 energy consumption. Motor gasoline was 43% of the total petroleum products supplied in 2000 (AER2000, Fig. 5.11, p. 142).

The net petroleum imports of 21.63 quads accounted for about 57% of the 37.964 quads of U.S. petroleum consumption in 2000. By comparison, in 1990 only about 46% of petroleum consumed came from imports. During that same interval (1990 to 2000), total U.S. energy consumption increased 16.8% (84.3 quads to 98.5 quads), but petroleum consumption increased only about 13.1% (33.553 quads to 37.964 quads). (AER2000, Tables 1.3 and 1.4)

Other Ways to View This Data





2000 Energy Consumption by End-Use Sector

Comparison of 1990, 1999, and 2000 Energy Use

For comparison, the U.S. energy flow chart for 1999 is included at the end of this document. Note that the numbers in the tables below are from AER2000 and have been revised since LLNL prepared the 1999 chart. To show trends in U.S. energy use, the tables include data for 1990, 1999, and 2000. The tables also show the percentage change from 1999 to 2000 and from 1990 to 2000, plus the average annual rate of change over the 10 years.

Changes in End-Sector Consumption

As Table 1 shows, over the past 10 years U.S. energy consumption has increased at an average rate of 1.7% per year. However, during that same period electricity consumption increased at the much faster rate of 3.3% per year. Among the end-use sectors, the residential/commercial sector has seen the fastest growth rate.

Energy Production and Imports

During the past decade, as Table 2 indicates, the amount of energy produced in the United States has remained almost constant, while the net imports of energy have increased at an average rate of 7.3% per year. In 2000, net imports provided 24.8% of the energy that the United States consumed; in 1990 imports were only 16.7% of the total consumption.

Petroleum accounts for the majority of U.S. energy imports and is of special concern because much of that petroleum comes from volatile regions of the world. However, natural gas imports are actually increasing more than three times as fast as petroleum imports. Most of that natural gas comes from Canada.

Resource Consumption

Variations in resource consumption can be caused by differences in supply, cost, and weather. For example, the amount of rainfall in certain regions of the United States affects the amount of hydroelectricity that can be produced. Colder winters increase the demand on fuels for space heating, while hotter summers lead to greater consumption of electricity for air conditioning and thus of the resources used in electricity generation.

As Table 3 indicates, over the past decade the consumption of nuclear energy has grown at a faster rate than any other resource, followed by natural gas and biomass/other.

Factors Affecting Consumption

Both the U.S. population and per-capita energy use have been increasing, leading to growth in overall U.S. energy consumption.

Although the U.S. Gross Domestic Product (GDP) increased 38.9% from 1990 to 2000 (in chained 1996 dollars), the amount of energy consumed per dollar of GDP dropped 15.9%. Economic fluctuations particularly impact energy use in the industrial sector and also in the transportation sector.

0.	5 1	5					
	1990 (quads)	1999 (quads)	2000 (quads)	% change 1999–2000	% change 1990–2000	Av. % change/yr 1990–2000	
Residential/ Commercial	29.224	35.833	37.385	4.3	27.9	2.8	
Industrial (incl. non-fuel, less adjustment)	32.26	34.721	34.472	(0.7)	6.9	0.7	
Transportation	22.540	26.312	26.639	1.2	18.2	1.8	
Electricity	30.350	39.009	40.368	3.5	33.0	3.3	
Total consumption	n 84.344	96.866	98.498	1.7	16.8	1.7	

Table 1. Energy consumption by end-use sector, 1990, 1999, and 2000

Source: AER2000, T. 2.1.a

Table 2. U.S. energy production and	imports, 1990, 1999, and 2000
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0,1		-			
1990 (quads)	1999 (quads)	2000 (quads)	% change 1999–2000	% change 1990–2000	Av. % change/yr 1990–2000
70.83	71.98	71.90	(0.1)	1.5	0.2
14.09	23.74	24.42	2.9	73.3	7.3
15.29	21.18	21.63	2.1	41.5	4.1
1.46	3.50	3.57	2.0	144.5	14.5
	1990 (quads) 70.83 14.09 15.29	1990 (quads) 1999 (quads) 70.83 71.98 14.09 23.74 15.29 21.18	199019992000(quads)(quads)(quads)70.8371.9871.9014.0923.7424.4215.2921.1821.63	199019992000% change(quads)(quads)(quads)1999-200070.8371.9871.90(0.1)14.0923.7424.422.915.2921.1821.632.1	1990 (quads)1999 (quads)2000 (quads)% change 1999-200070.8371.9871.90(0.1)1.514.0923.7424.422.973.315.2921.1821.632.141.5

Source: AER2000, T. 1.1 and 1.4

	05		, , ,			
	1990 (quads)	1999 (quads)	2000 (quads)	% change 1999–2000	% change 1990–2000	Av. % change/yr 1990–2000
Biomass/other	3.108	3.714	3.716	0.1	19.6	2
Hydro	3.146	3.512	3.107	(11.5)	(1.2)	(0.1)
Nuclear	6.162	7.736	8.009	3.5	30	3
Natural gas	19.296	22.289	23.325	4.6	20.9	2.1
Coal*	19.258	21.751	22.472	3.3	16.7	1.7
Petroleum & NGPL	33.553	37.960	37.964	0	13.1	1.3

Table 3. U.S. energy consumption by resource, 1990, 1999, and 2000

Source: AER2000, T. 1.3 *Includes coal coke net imports

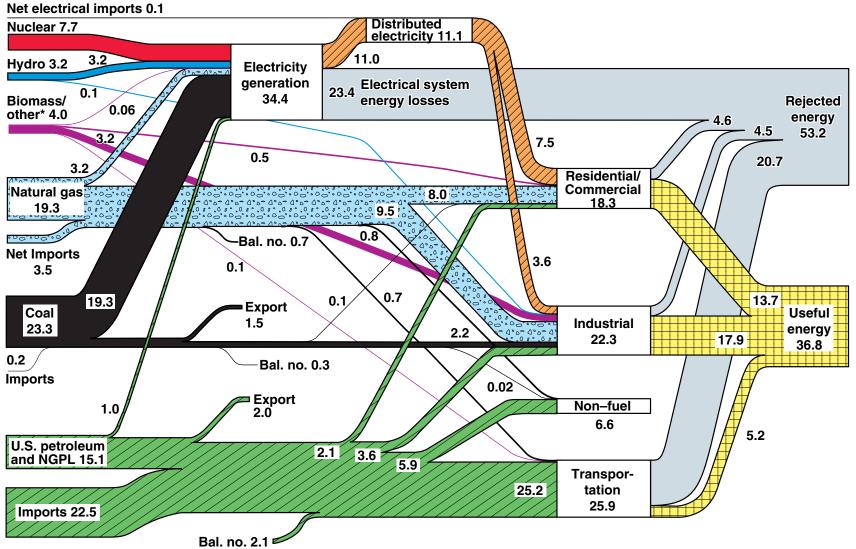
Table 4. Factors affecting U.S. energy consumption, 1990, 1999, and 2000

	1990	1999	2000	% change 1999–2000	% change 1990–2000	Av. % change/yr 1990–2000
Energy consumptior per person (million Btu)	n 339	355	350	(1.4)	3.2	0.3
GDP (billion chained 1996 dollars)	6,707.9	8,875.8	9,318.5	5	38.9	3.9
Energy consumpt. per \$ of GDP (1000 Btu per chained 1996 dollar)	12.57	10.91	10.57	(3.1)	(15.9)	(1.6)

Source: AER2000, T. 1.5

U.S. Energy Flow – 1999 Net Primary Resource Consumption 97 Quads



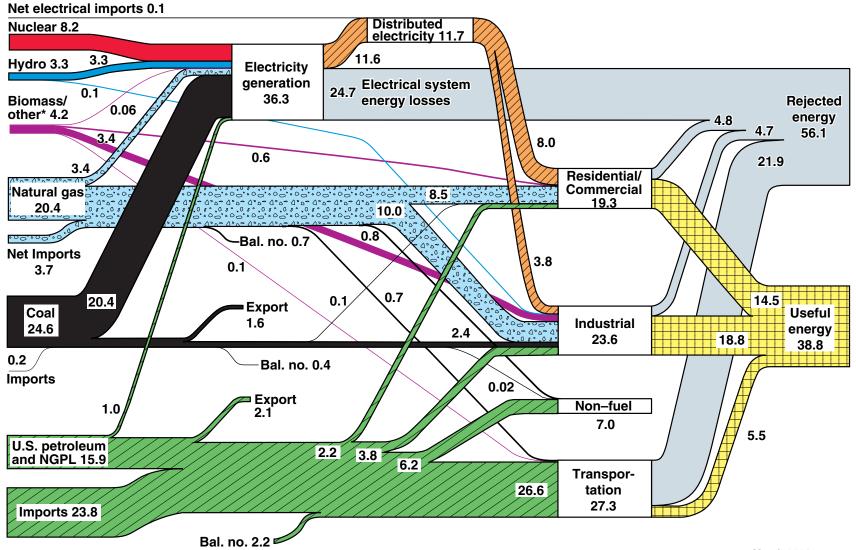


Source: Production and end-use data from Energy Information Administration, *Annual Energy Review 1999* *Biomass/other includes wood and waste, geothermal, solar, and wind.

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U.S. Energy Flow – 1999 Net Primary Resource Consumption 102 Exajoules





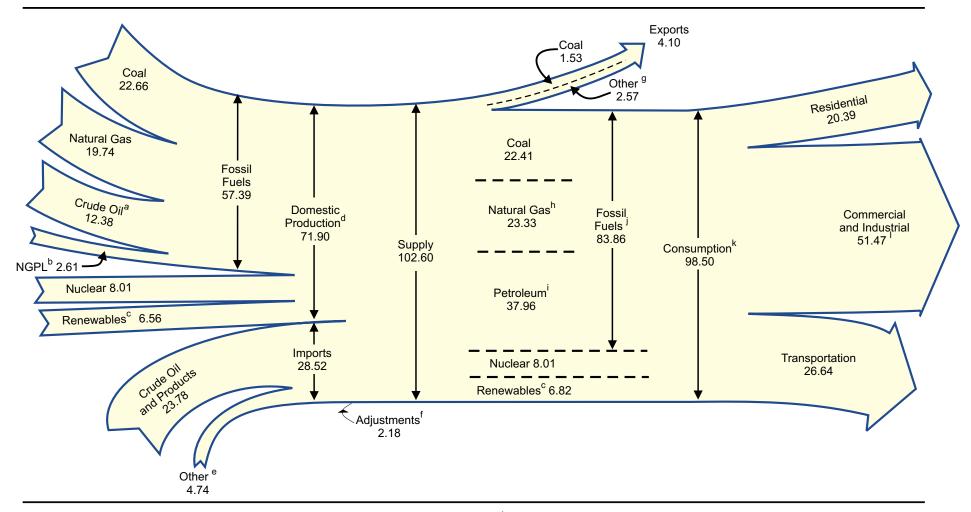
Source: Production and end-use data from Energy Information Administration, *Annual Energy Review 1999* *Biomass/other includes wood and waste, geothermal, solar, and wind.

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Appendix Selected Diagrams and Tables from Energy Information Administration's Annual Energy Review 2000

- Diagram 1. Energy Flow, 2000
- Table 1.1. Energy Overview, 1949–2000
- Table 1.2. Energy Production by Source, 1949–2000
- Table 1.3. Energy Consumption by Source, 1949–2000
- Table 1.4. Energy Imports, Exports, and Net Imports, 1949–2000
- Table 2.1a. Energy Consumption by Sector, 1949–2000
- Table 2.1b. Residential Sector Energy Consumption, 1949–2000
- Table 2.1c. Commercial Sector Energy Consumption, 1949–2000
- Table 2.1d. Industrial Sector Energy Consumption, 1949–2000
- Table 2.1e. Transportation Sector Energy Consumption, 1949–2000
- Table 2.1f. Electric Power Sector Energy Consumption, 1949–2000
- Diagram 5. Electricity Flow, 2000

(Quadrillion Btu)



^a Includes lease condensate.

^b Natural gas plant liquids.

^cConventional hydroelectric power, wood, waste, ethanol blended into motor gasoline, geothermal, solar, and wind.

^d Includes -0.06 quadrillion Btu hydroelectric pumped storage.

^e Natural gas, coal, coal coke, and electricity.

f Stock changes, losses, gains, miscellaneous blending components, and unaccounted-for supply. ⁹ Crude oil, petroleum products, natural gas, electricity, and coal coke.

^h Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

ⁱ Petroleum products, including natural gas plant liquids.

^j Includes 0.07 quadrillion Btu coal coke net imports and 0.10 electricity net imports from fossil fuels.

^k Includes, in guadrillion Btu, 0.10 electricity net imports from fossil fuels; -0.06 hydroelectric pumped storage: and -0.14 ethanol blended into motor gasoline, which is accounted for in both fossil fuels and renewables and removed once from this total to avoid double-counting.

^I Commercial and industrial sector totals plus adjustments to avoid double-counting the amount of petroleum, natural gas, and coal that is included under both "End-Use Sectors" and "Electric Power Sector." See Tables 5.12d, 6.5, and 7.3.

Notes: • Data are preliminary. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Tables 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, and 2.1a-2.1f.

Table 1.1 Energy Overview, 1949-2000

(Quadrillion Btu)

		Prod	luction		Impo	orts	Exp	orts	Consumption				
Year	Fossil Fuels ¹	Nuclear Electric Power ²	Renewable Energy ³	Total ⁴	Petroleum ⁵	Total ⁶	Coal	Total 7	Adjustments ⁸	Fossil Fuels ⁹	Nuclear Electric Power ²	Renewable Energy ¹⁰	Total 4,11
1949	28.75	0	2.97	31.72	1.43	1.47	0.88	1.59	0.40	29.00	0	3.00	32.00
1950	32.56	0	2.98	35.54	1.89	1.93	0.79	1.47	-1.37	31.63	0	3.00	34.63 37.00 36.77
1951	35.79	0	2.96	38.75	1.87	1.92 2.17	1.68	2.62	-1.05	34.01 33.80	0	2.99	37.00
1952	34.98	0	2.94	37.92	2.11	2.17	1.40	2.37	-0.95	33.80	0	2.97	36.77
1953	35.35	0	2.83	38.18	2.28 2.32	2.34	0.98	1.87	-0.96	34.83	0	2.86	37.68
1954	33.76	0	2.75	36.52	2.32	2.37	0.91	1.70	-0.53	33.88	0	2.78	36.66
1955	37.36	0	2.78	40.15	2.75	2.83	1.46	2.29	-0.44	37.41	0	2.83	40.24
1956	39.77	0	2.85	42.62	3.17	3.25	1.98	2.95	-1.13	38.89	0	2.90	41.79
1957 1958	40.13 37.22	(s) (s) (s) 0.01	2.85 2.92	42.98 40.13	3.46 3.72	3.57 3.92	2.17 1.42	3.45 2.06	-1.29 -0.32	38.93 38.72	(s)	2.89 2.95	41.82 41.67
1958	37.22	(S)	2.92	40.13	3.72	3.92 4.11	1.42	2.06	-0.32 -1.03	40.55	(s)	2.95	43.49
1959	39.05	(5)	2.90	42.80	4.00	4.11	1.05	1.48	-0.43	40.55	(s) 0.01	2.94	45.12
1961	40.31	0.02	2.95	43.28	4.19	4.46	0.98	1.38	-0.43	42.76	0.02	2.98	45.76
1962	41.73	0.02	3.12	44.88	4.56	5.01	1.08	1.48	-0.57	44 68	0.02	3.12	47.83
1963	44.04	0.03 0.04	3.10	47.17	4.65	5.10	1.36	1.85	-0.78	44.68 46.51 48.54 50.58 53.51 55.13	0.03	3.10	49.65
1964	45.79	0.04	3.23	49.06	4.96	5.49	1.34	1.84	-0.87	48.54	0.04	3.25	49.65 51.83
1965	47.23	0.04	3.40	50.68	5.40	5.92	1.38	1.85	-0.72	50.58	0.04	3.40	54.02
1966	50.04	0.06	3.43	53.53	5.40 5.63	6.18	1.38 1.35	1.85	-0.72 -0.83	53.51	0.06	3.45	54.02 57.02
1967	52.60	0.09	3.69	56.38	5.56	6.19	1.35	2.15	-1.52	55.13	0.09	3.69	58.91
1968	54.31	0.14	3.78	58.23	6.21	6.93 7.71	1.38	2.03	-0.71	58.50	0.14	3.77	62.41
1969	56.29	0.15	4.10	60.54	6.90	7.71	1.53	2.15	-0.47	61.36	0.15	4.11	65.63
1970	59.19	0.24	R4.08	63.50	7.47	8.39	1.94	2.66	-1.37	63.52	0.24	R4.10	67.86
1971	58.04	0.41	4.27	62.72	8.54 10.30	9.58	1.55 1.53	2.18 2.14	-0.82	64.60 67.70	0.41	R4.31	69.31 72.76
1972 1973	58.94 58.24	0.58 0.91	4.40 4.43	63.92 63.58	13.47	11.46 14.73	1.53	2.14 2.05	-0.48 -0.46	70.32	0.58 0.91	4.48 4.58	75.81
1973	56.33	1.27	4.43	62.37	13.13	14.73	1.62	2.05	-0.48	67.91	1.27	4.90	74.08
1975	54.73	1.90	4.72	^R 61.36	12.95	14.11	1.76	2.36	-1.07	65.35	1.90	4.90	72.04
1976	54.72	2.11	4.77	61.60	15.67	16.84	1.60	2.19	-0.18	69.10	2.11	4.86	76.07
1977	55.10	2 70	4.25	62.05	18 76	20.09		2.07	-1.95	70.99			78.12
1978	55.07	2.70 3.02	5.04	63.14	18.76 17.82	20.09 19.25	1.44 1.08	1.93	-1.95 -0.34	70.99 71.86	2.70 3.02	4.43 5.24	80.12
1979	58.01	2.78	^R 5.17	65.95	17.93	19.62	1.75	2.87	-1.65	72.89	2.78	^R 5.38	81.04
1980	59.01	2.74	5.49	67.24	14.66	15.97	2.42	3.72	-1.05	69.98	2.74	5.71	^R 78.44
1981	58.53	3.01	5.47	67.01	12.64	13.97	2.94	4.33	-0.08	67.75	3.01	5.82	76.57
1982	57.46	3.13	5.99	66.57	10.78	12.09	2.79	4.63	-0.59	64.04	3.13	6.29	73.44 73.32
1983	54.42	3.20	6.49	64.11	10.65	12.03	2.04	3.72	0.90	63.29	3.20	6.86	73.32
1984	58.85	3.55	6.43	68.83	11.43	12.77	2.15	3.80	-0.82	66.62	3.55	6.84	76.97
1985 1986	57.54 56.58	4.15 4.47	6.03 6.13	67.72 67.18	10.61 13.20	12.10 14.44	2.44 2.25	4.23 4.06	1.19 -0.50	66.22 66.15	4.15 4.47	6.46 6.51	76.78 ^R 77.07
1986	57.17	4.47	5.69	67.76	14.16	14.44	2.25	3.85	-0.50	68.63	4.47	6.17	79.63
1988	57.87	5.66	5.49	^R 69.02	15.75	17.56	2.09	4.42	0.89	71.66	5.66	5.82	79.03
1989	57.47	5.68	6.32	^R 69.47	17.16	18.96	2.64	4.77	^R 1.06	^R 72.62	5.68	^R 6.49	83.07 ^R 84.72
1990	58.56	6.16	^R 6.14	^R 70.83	17.12	18.95	2.77	4.87	^R -0.58	R72.02	6.16	^R 6 25	R84.34
1991	57.83	6.58	^R 6.17	^R 70.53	16.35	18.95 18.50	2.85	5.16	R0 43	^R 72.03 ^R 71.52	6.58	^R 6.25 ^R 6.32	^R 84.30
1992	57.59	6.61	^R 5.91	R70.07	16.97	19.58	2.68	4.96	^R 0.82	^R 72.90 ^R 74.51	6.61	^R 6.13	^R 84.34 ^R 84.30 85.51 ^R 87.30 ^R 89.21
1993	55.74	6.52	^R 6.16	R68 38	18.51	21.50	1.96	4.28	^R 1.71	^R 74.51	6.52	^R 6.41	^R 87.30
1994	57.95	6.84	^R 6.09	^R 70.85	19.24	22 73	1.88	4.08	^R -0.29	^R 76.92	6.84	^R 6.43	^R 89.21
1995	57.46	7.18	^R 6.69	^R 71.30	^R 18.88	R22.57	2.32	4.54	^R 1.61	^R 76.92	7.18	^R 6.99	90.94 ^R 93.93 ^R 94.34
1996	58.30	7.17	^R 7.16	^R 72.60	^R 20.29	^R 24.01	2.37	4.66	^R 1.98	^R 79.41	7.17	^R 7.47	^R 93.93
1997	58.76	6.68	^R 7.15	R72.55	21.74	^R 25.51	2.19	^R 4.58	^R 0.86	^R 80.41	6.68	^R 7.39	^K 94.34
1998	^R 59.05	7.16	^R 6.75	R72.91	22.91	26.86	R2.09	R4.39	^R -0.77	^R 80.64	7.16	6.98	^R 94.61
1999	^R 57.29	^R 7.74	^R 7.02	^R 71.98	R23.13	R27.55	1.53	^R 3.81	^R 1.15	^R 82.09	^R 7.74	R7.23	^R 96.87
2000 ^P	57.39	8.01	6.56	71.90	23.78	28.52	1.53	4.10	2.18	83.86	8.01	6.82	98.50

Coal, natural gas (dry), crude oil, and natural gas plant liquids.
 See Note 1 at end of section.
 End-use consumption, and electric utility and nonutility electricity net generation.
 Also includes hydroelectric pumped storage.
 Crude oil and petroleum products.

 ⁶ Also includes natural gas, coal, coal coke, and electricity.
 ⁷ Also includes natural gas, petroleum, coal coke, and electricity.
 ⁸ A balancing item. Includes stock changes, losses, gains, miscellaneous blending components, and unaccounted-for supply.

⁹ Coal, coal coke net imports, natural gas, petroleum, and electricity net imports derived from fossil fuels.

fuels.
 ¹⁰ End-use consumption, electric utility and nonutility electricity net generation, and electricity net imports derived from renewable energy.
 ¹¹ Alcohol (ethanol blended into motor gasoline) is included in consumption values for both "Fossil Fuels" and "Renewable Energy," but is counted only once in total energy consumption.
 R=Revised. P=Preliminary. (s)=Less than 0.005 quadrillion Btu.
 Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
 Sources: Tables 12 13 and 14

Sources: Tables 1.2, 1.3, and 1.4.

Table 1.2 Energy Production by Source, 1949-2000

(Quadrillion Btu)

			Fossil Fuels							Renewable E	Energy 1			
Year	Coal	Natural Gas (Dry)	Crude Oil ²	Natural Gas Plant Liquids	Total	Nuclear Electric Power ³	Hydro- electric Pumped Storage ⁴	Conventional Hydroelectric Power	Wood, Waste, Alcohol ⁵	Geothermal	Solar	Wind	Total	Total
1949	11.974	5.377	10.683	0.714	28.748	0	(6)	1.425	1.549	0	NA	NA	2.974	31.722
1950	14.060	6.233	11.447	0.823	32.563	Õ	(6)	1.415	1.562	õ	NA	NA	2.978	35.540
1951	14.419	7.416	13.037	0.920	35.792	0	(6)	1.424	1.535	0	NA	NA	2.958	38.751
1952	12.734	7.964	13.281	0.998	34.977	0	(°)	1.466	1.474	0	NA	NA	2.940	37.917 38.181
1953	12.278	8.339	13.671	1.062	35.349	0	(6)	1.413	1.419	0	NA	NA	2.831	38.181
1954	10.542	8.682	13.427	1.113	33.764	0	(6)	1.360	1.394	0	NA	NA	2.754	36.518
1955	12.370	9.345	14.410	1.240	37.364	0	(°)	1.360	1.424	0	NA	NA	2.784	40.148
1956	13.306	10.002	15.180	1.283 1.289	39.771	0	(6)	1.435 1.516	1.416	0	NA	NA	2.851 2.849	42.622 42.983
1957	13.061	10.605	15.178	1.289	40.133	(s)	(6)	1.516	1.334	0	NA	NA	2.849	42.983
1958	10.783	10.942	14.204	1.287	37.216	0.002	(6)	1.592	1.323	0	NA	NA	2.915	40.133
1959	10.778	11.952	14.933	1.383	39.045	0.002	(6)	1.548	1.353	0	NA	NA	2.901	41.949 42.804
1960	10.817	12.656	14.935	1.461	39.869	0.006	(6)	1.608	1.320	0.001	NA	NA	2.929	42.804
1961	10.447	13.105	15.206	1.549	40.307	0.020	(⁶)	1.656	1.295	0.002	NA	NA	2.953	43.280
1962	10.901	13.717	15.522	1.593	41.732	0.026	(6)	1.816	1.300	0.002	NA	NA	3.119	44.877 47.174
1963	11.849	14.513	15.966	1.709	44.037	0.038	(6)	1.771	1.323	0.004	NA	NA	3.098	47.174
1964	12.524	15.298	16.164	1.803	45.789	0.040	(°) (6)	1.886	1.337	0.005	NA	NA	3.228	49.056
1965	13.055	15.775	16.521	1.883	47.235	0.043		1.886 2.059 2.062	1.335	0.004	NA	NA	3.398	49.056 50.676 53.534
1966	13.468	17.011	17.561	1.996	50.035	0.064	(6)	2.062	1.369	0.004	NA	NA	3.435	53.534
1967	13.825	17.943	18.651	2.177	52.597	0.088		2.347	1.340	0.007	NA	NA	3.694	56.379
1968	13.609	19.068	19.308	2.321	54.306	0.142		2.349	1.419	0.009	NA	NA	3.778	58.225
1969	13.863	20.446	19.556	2.420	56.286	0.154		2.648	1.440	0.013	NA	NA	4.102	60.541 ^R 63.501 ^R 62.723 ^R 63.920
1970	14.607	21.666	20.401	2.512	59.186	0.239	(6)	2.634 2.824	R1.431	0.011	NA	NA	^R 4.076 ^R 4.268	No3.501
1971	13.186	22.280	20.033 20.041	2.544 2.598	58.042 58.938	0.413		2.824 2.864	^R 1.432 ^R 1.503	0.012 0.031	NA NA	NA	^R 4.398	^{162.723}
1972 1973	14.092 13.992	22.208 22.187	19.493	2.598	58.938	0.584 0.910		2.864	R1.503	0.031	NA	NA	R4.398	N63.920
1973			19.493	2.569	58.241		(6)	2.801	R1.529	0.043	NA	NA	^R 4.433 ^R 4.769	R63.585
1974 1975	14.074 14.989	21.210 19.640	18.575	2.471 2.374	56.331 54.733	1.272		3.177	R1.540	0.053 0.070	NA	NA	^R 4.769	RC1 257
1975	15.654	19.640	17.729 17.262	2.374	54.733	1.900 2.111		3.155 2.976	R1.499 R1.713	0.070	NA NA	NA NA	^R 4.723	^R 62.372 ^R 61.357 ^R 61.602
1976	15.755	19.565	17.454		55.101	2.702		2.970	R4 000	0.076			^R 4.249	Rc2.052
1977	14.910	19.565	18.434	2.327 2.245	55.074	3.024		2.333 2.937	^R 1.838 ^R 2.038	0.077 0.064	NA NA	NA NA	^R 5.039	R62 127
1978	17.540	20.076	18.104	2.245	58.006	2.776		2.937	^R 2.152	0.084	NA	NA	^R 5.166	^R 62.052 ^R 63.137 ^R 65.948
1979	18.598	19.908	18.249	2.260	59.008	2.778		2.900	^R 2.485	0.110	NA	NA	^R 5.494	^R 67.241
1980	18.377	19.699	18.146	2.254	58.529	3.008	$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} \\ 6 \end{array} \right\}$	2.900	2.590	0.123	NA	NA	5.494	67.007
1982	18.639	18.319	18.309	2.191	57.458	3.131	26	3.266	2.615	0.125	NA	NA	5.985	66.574
1983	17.247	16.593	18.392	2.184	54.416	3.203	6	3.527	2.831	0.129	NA	(s)	6.488	64.106
1984	19.719	18.008	18.848	2.274	58.849	3.553	$\rangle_{6}\langle$	3 386	2.880	0.165	(c)	(S)	6.431	68 832
1985	19.325	16.980	18.992	2.241	57.539	4.149	$\rangle_{6}\langle$	3.386 2.970	^R 2.864	0.198	(s) (s)	(S)	^R 6.033	68.832 ^R 67.720 ^R 67.178
1986	19.509	16.541	18.376	2.149	56.575	4.471	26	3.071	^R 2.841	0.130	(3)	(s)	^R 6.132	R67 178
1987	20.141	17.136	17.675	2.215	57.167	4.906	$\rangle_{6}\langle$	2.635	^R 2.823	0.219 0.229	(s) (s) (s)		^R 5.687	^R 67.760
1988	20.738	17.599	17.279	2.260	57.875	5.661	265	2.334	R2.937	0.217		(s) (s)	^R 5.489	R69 025
1989	21.346	17.847	16.117	2.158	57.468	5.677	6	2.855	^R 3.060	R0 323	0.059	0.024	^R 6.322	^R 69.467 ^R 70.835 ^R 70.528
1990	22.456	18.362	15.571	2.175	58.564	6.162	-0.036	3.048	^R 2.660	^R 0.323 ^R 0.343	0.063	0.032	^R 6.145	^R 70 835
1991	21.594	18.229	15.701	2.306	57.829	6.580	-0.047	3 021	R2.700	R0 348	0.066	0.032	^R 6.167	R70 528
1992	21.629	18.375	15.223	2.363	57.590	6.608	-0.043	3.021 2.617	R2 845	R0 355	^R 0.067	0.030	^R 5.915	R70.069
1993	20.249	18.584	14.494	2.408	55.736	6.520	-0.043	2.892	^R 2.845 ^R 2.803	^R 0.355 ^R 0.369	0.007	0.031	^R 6.165	^R 70.069 ^R 68.378
1994	22.111	19.348	14.103	2.391	57.952	6.838	-0.035	2.684	R2.938	^R 0.364	0.072	0.036	^R 6.093	^R 70.848 ^R 71.301
1995	22.029	19.101	13.887	2.442	57.458	7.177	-0.028	3.207	R3.066	^R 0.314	0.072	0.033	^R 6.694	R71.301
1996	22.684	19.363	13.723	2.530	58.299	7.168	-0.032	3.593	^R 3.126	R0 332	0.075	0.035	^R 7.160	^K 72 595
1997	23.211	19.394	13.658	2.495	58.758	6.678	-0.042	3.718	R3.004	^R 0.332 ^R 0.322	0.073	R0.033	^R 7.151	R72 545
1998	R23.935	^R 19.456	13.235	2.420	^R 59.047	7.157	-0.046	3.345	^R 2.976	R0.327	0.074	0.031	^R 6.752	^R 72.545 ^R 72.910 ^R 71.980
1999	^R 23.186	^R 19.126	^R 12.451	^R 2.528	^R 57.291	^R 7.736	^R -0.065	3.305	R3.221	^R 0.373	^R 0.073	0.031 ^R 0.046	^R 7.018	R71 980
2000 ^P	22.663	19.741	12.383	2.607	57.395	8.009	-0.058	2.841	3.275	0.319	0.070	0.051	6.556	71.902
2000			.2.000		0	0.000	0.000		0.2.0	0.0.0	0.0.0	0.001	0.000	

End-use consumption, and electric utility and nonutility electricity net generation.
 Includes lease condensate.
 See Note 1 at end of section.
 Pumped storage facility production minus energy used for pumping.
 Alcohol is ethanol blended into motor gasoline.

⁶ Included in conventional hydroelectric power. R=Revised. P=Preliminary. (s)=Less than 0.0005 quadrillion Btu. NA=Not available. Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: Tables 5.1, 6.1, 7.1, 8.2, 10.2a, 10.2b, and A2-A6.

Table 1.3 Energy Consumption by Source, 1949-2000

(Quadrillion Btu)

Year Coal Coal Formula Natural Imports Natural Gas 2 1949 11.981 -0.007 5.145 5.968 1950 12.347 0.001 5.968 5.968 1951 12.553 -0.021 7.049 1952 11.306 -0.012 7.550 1953 11.373 -0.009 7.907 1954 9.715 -0.007 8.330 1955 11.167 -0.013 9.614 1957 10.821 -0.017 10.191 1958 9.533 -0.006 11.373 1960 9.838 -0.008 11.717 1960 9.838 -0.006 13.731 1961 9.623 -0.008 12.326 1962 9.906 -0.006 13.731 1963 10.413 -0.010 15.288 1965 11.581 -0.018 15.769 1964 10.964 -0.025 16.995 1966 12.3	Petroleum ³ Elect N Impc 11.883 13.315 5 14.428 5 15.556 5 15.839 5 17.937 5 18.527 6 19.323 5 20.216 6	at Total rts 4 Total 29.002 31.632 34.008 33.800 34.826 33.877 37.410 38.888 38.926 38.717 34.0550 38.717	Nuclear Electric Power 0	Hydro- electric Pumped Storage 5 (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9)	Conventional Hydroelectric Power ⁶ 1.449 1.440 1.454 1.496 1.439 1.388	Wood, Waste, Alcohol ⁷ 1.549 1.562 1.535 1.474 1.419	Geothermal ⁸ NA NA NA NA	Solar NA NA NA NA	Wind NA NA NA	Total 2.998 3.003 2.988 2.970	Total 7 32.000 34.635 36.996 36.770 37.684 36.660 40.242
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	13.315 (5) 14.428 (5) 14.956 (5) 15.556 (5) 17.255 (5) 17.937 (5) 17.932 (5) 18.527 (5) 19.919 (5) 20.216 (5) 21.049 (5)) 31.632) 34.008) 33.800) 34.826) 33.877) 37.410) 38.888) 38.926) 38.717) 40.550	0 0 0 0 0 0		1.440 1.454 1.496 1.439	1.562 1.535 1.474 1.419	NA NA NA	NA NA NA	NA NA NA	3.003 2.988	32.000 34.635 36.996
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	13.315 (5) 14.428 (5) 14.956 (5) 15.556 (5) 17.255 (5) 17.937 (5) 17.932 (5) 18.527 (5) 19.919 (5) 20.216 (5) 21.049 (5)) 31.632) 34.008) 33.800) 34.826) 33.877) 37.410) 38.888) 38.926) 38.717) 40.550	0 0 0 0 0 0	(9) (9) (9) (9) (9)	1.440 1.454 1.496 1.439	1.562 1.535 1.474 1.419	NA NA NA	NA NA NA	NA NA NA	3.003 2.988	34.635 36.996
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	14.428 (* 14.956 (* 15.556 (* 15.839 (* 17.937 (* 17.937 (* 17.937 (* 18.527 (* 19.323 (* 19.919 (* 20.216 (*	 34.008 33.800 34.826 33.877 37.410 38.888 38.926 38.717 40.550 	0 0 0 0 0	(9) (9) (9) (9)	1.454 1.496 1.439	1.535 1.474 1.419	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	2.988	36.996
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	15.556 (5) 15.839 (5) 17.255 (5) 17.937 (5) 18.527 (5) 19.919 (5) 20.216 (5) 21.049 (5)) 34.826) 33.877) 37.410) 38.888) 38.926) 38.717) 40.550	0 0 0 0	(9) (9) (9)	1.439	1.419			NA	2 970	00 770
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	15.556 (5) 15.839 (5) 17.255 (5) 17.937 (5) 18.527 (5) 19.919 (5) 20.216 (5) 21.049 (5)) 33.877) 37.410) 38.888) 38.926) 38.717) 40.550	0 0 0	(9)		1.419	NA	NIA		2.370	36.770
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	17.255 (§ 17.937 (§ 17.932 (§ 18.527 (§ 19.919 (§ 20.216 (§ 21.049 (§) 37.410) 38.888) 38.926) 38.717) 40.550	0	<u>}</u> 9}	1.388			INA	NA	2.857	37.684
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	17.255 (§ 17.937 (§ 17.932 (§ 18.527 (§ 19.919 (§ 20.216 (§ 21.049 (§	38.888 38.926 38.717 40.550	ŏ			1.394	NA	NA	NA	2.783	36.660
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	17.932 (\$ 18.527 (\$ 19.323 (\$ 20.216 (\$ 21.049 (\$) 38.926) 38.717) 40.550			1.407	1.424	NA	NA	NA	2.832	40.242
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	17.932 (\$ 18.527 (\$ 19.323 (\$ 20.216 (\$ 21.049 (\$) 38.717 () 40.550	(s)	(°)	1.487	1.416	NA	NA	NA	2.903	41.791 41.816
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	19.323 (* 19.919 (* 20.216 (* 21.049 (*	40.550	0 000	(°)	1.557	1.334	NA	NA	NA	2.890	41.816
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	19.919 (⁹ 20.216 (⁹ 21.049 (⁹) 40.000	0.002	(°)	1.629	1.323	NA	NA	NA	2.952	41.670
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	20.216		0.002	(9)	1.587	1.353	NA	NA	NA	2.940	43.493
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	21.049) 42.107	0.006	(°)	1.657	1.320	0.001	NA	NA	2.977	45.120 45.755 47.832
1963 10.413 -0.007 14.403 1964 10.964 -0.010 15.288 1965 11.581 -0.018 15.769 1966 12.143 -0.025 16.995 1967 11.914 -0.015 17.945 1968 12.331 -0.017 19.210 1969 12.382 -0.036 20.678 1970 12.265 -0.058 21.795		42.750	0.020	(9)	1.680	1.295	0.002	NA	NA	2.977	45.755
1964 10.964 -0.010 15.288 1965 11.581 -0.018 15.769 1966 12.143 -0.025 16.995 1967 11.914 -0.015 17.945 1968 12.331 -0.017 19.210 1969 12.382 -0.036 20.678 1970 12.265 -0.058 21.795		/	0.026	(°)	1.822	1.300	0.002	NA	NA	3.124	47.832
1965 11.581 -0.018 15.769 1966 12.143 -0.025 16.995 1967 11.914 -0.015 17.945 1968 12.331 -0.017 19.210 1969 12.382 -0.036 20.678 1970 12.265 -0.058 21.795	21.701	, +0.000	0.038	(9)	1.772	1.323 1.337 1.335	0.004	NA	NA	3.099	49.647
1966 12.143 -0.025 16.995 1967 11.914 -0.015 17.945 1968 12.331 -0.017 19.210 1969 12.382 -0.036 20.678 1970 12.265 -0.058 21.795	22.301) 40.040	0.040 0.043		1.907	1.337	0.005 0.004	NA	NA	3.248	51.831
1967 11.914 -0.015 17.945 1968 12.331 -0.017 19.210 1969 12.382 -0.036 20.678 1970 12.265 -0.058 21.795	23.246) 00.011		(9)	2.058	1.335		NA	NA	3.397	54.016
1968 12.331 -0.017 19.210 1969 12.382 -0.036 20.678 1970 12.265 -0.058 21.795	24.401) 55.514	0.064	(9)	2.073	1.369	0.004	NA	NA	3.446	51.831 54.016 57.024 58.906 62.415
1969 12.382 -0.036 20.678 1970 12.265 -0.058 21.795	25.284 (S 26.979 (S) 55.127	0.088	(9)	2.344	1.340	0.007	NA	NA	3.691	58.906
1970 12.265 -0.058 21.795	26.979 (*) 00.00Z	0.142	(9)	2.342	1.419	0.009	NA	NA	3.771	62.415
1970 12.265 -0.058 21.795	28.338 (⁹ 29.521 (⁹		0.154	(9)	2.659	1.440	0.013	NA	NA	4.113	62.413 65.628 R67.858 R69.314 R72.758 R75.808 R74.080
	29.521 (*	03.322	0.239	(9)	2.654	^R 1.431 ^R 1.432	0.011	NA	NA	R4.096	^{67.858}
1971 11.598 -0.033 22.469	30.301) 04.000	0.413	(9)	2.861	N1.432	0.012	NA	NA	R4.305	×69.314
1972 12.077 -0.026 22.698			0.584	(3)	2.944	R1.503	0.031	NA	NA	R4.478	172.758
1973 12.971 -0.007 22.512) /0.310	0.910		3.010	R1.529	0.043	NA	NA	^R 4.581	1175.808 P74.000
1974 12.663 0.056 21.732 1975 12.663 0.014 19.948	33.455 (§ 32.731 (§	01.300	1.272 1.900		3.309 3.219	^R 1.540 ^R 1.499	0.053 0.070	NA NA	NA NA	^R 4.902 ^R 4.788	N74.080
	35.175 (9		2.111	(9)	3.219	R1.499 R1.713	0.070	NA	NA	^R 4.788	R72.042
1976 13.584 (s) 20.345 1977 13.922 0.015 19.931	33.173	09.104	2.111	{°}	2.515	"1.713 R4 020	0.078	NA	NA		^R 76.072 ^R 78.122 ^R 80.123
1977 13.922 0.015 19.931 1978 13.766 0.125 20.000	37.122 (§ 37.965 (§		3.024		3.141	^R 1.838 ^R 2.038	0.064	NA	NA	^R 4.431 ^R 5.243	Ren 122
1978 13.766 0.125 20.000 1979 15.040 0.063 20.666	27 122		2.776	(9)	3.141	^R 2.152	0.084	NA	NA	^R 5.377	Re1 044
1980 15.423 -0.035 20.000	37.123 34.202) 72.092 () 69.984	2.739	\ ₉ \	3.141	^R 2.485	0.004	NA	NA	^R 5.712	^R 81.044 ^R 78.435 76.569
1981 15.908 -0.016 19.928	31 931		3.008	29	3.105	2.590	0.123	NA	NA	5.818	76 569
1982 15.322 -0.022 18.505	30.232) 64.037	3.131	29	3.572	2.615	0.125	NA	NA	6.292	73 441
1983 15.894 -0.016 17.357	30.054	63.290	3.203) e {	3.899	2.831	0.129	NA	(s)	6.860	73.441 73.317
1984 17.071 -0.011 18.507	31.931 (5 30.232 (5 30.054 (5 31.051 (5)	66.617	3.553	293	3.800	2.831 2.880	0.165	(s)	(S)	6.845	76 972
1985 17.478 -0.013 17.834	30.922	66.221	4.149	(9)	3.398	^R 2.864 ^R 2.841	0.198	(s)	(s)	^R 6.460	^R 76.778 77.065 _79.633
1986 17.260 -0.017 16.708	32.196	66.148	4.471	<u>}9</u> {	3.446	^R 2 841	0.219	(s)	(s)	^R 6.507	77 065
1987 18.008 0.009 17.744	32.865	68.626	4.906	(9)	3.117	R2.823	0.229	(s)	(s)	^R 6.170	79.633
1988 18.846 0.040 18.552	34 222 (Ú 71.660	5.661	(9)	2.662	^R 2.937	0.217	(s)	(s)	^R 5.817	R83 068
1989 ^R 19.043 0.030 19.384	34.211 R-0.0)50 ^R 72.618	5.677	<u>}</u> 9{	^R 3.014	^R 3.060	^R 0.334	0.059	(s) 0.024	^R 6.492	^R 84.716
1990 ^R 19.253 0.005 19.296	33 553 R-0 (180 R72 027	6.162	-0.036	^R 3.146	^R 2.660	^R 0.355	0.063	0.032	^R 6.254	^R 83.068 ^R 84.716 ^R 84.344 ^R 84.298
1991 ^R 18.998 0.010 19.606	32 845 ^R 0 ()59 ^R 71 519	6.580	-0.047	^R 3.159	^R 2.700	^R 0.363	0.066	0.032	^R 6.320	^R 84.298
1992 ^R 19.152 0.035 20.131	33.527 ^R 0.0)53 ^R 72.897	6.608	-0.043	^R 2.818	^R 2.845	^R 0.374	^R 0.067	0.030	^R 6.134	^R 85.513
1993 ^R 19.763 0.027 20.827	33.841 ^R 0.0)50 ^R 74.508	6.520	-0.042	^R 3.119	^R 2.803	^R 0.387	0.071	0.031	^R 6.410	R85.513 R87.300 R89.213 R90.943 R93.931 R94.340
1994 ^R 19.933 0.058 21.288	34.670 ^R 0.1	140 ^R 76 089	6.838	-0.035	^R 2.993	R2.938	^R 0.391	0.072	0.036	^R 6.429	^R 89.213
1995 ^R 20.025 0.061 22.163	34.553 ^R 0. ⁻	121 ^R 76.924	7.177	-0.028	^R 3.481	^R 3.066	^R 0.333	0.073	0.033	^R 6.986	^R 90.943
1996 ^R 20.957 0.023 22.559	35 757 R0	109 ^R 79.406	7.168	-0.032	^R 3.892	R3.126	^R 0.346	0.075	0.035	^R 7.473	^R 93.931
1997 ^R 21.464 0.046 22.530	36.266 R0.1	109 ^R 80.415	6.678	-0.042	R3.961	R3.004	R0.322	0.074	^R 0.033	^R 7.395	^R 94.340
1998 ^R 21.667 0.067 21.921	36.934 ^R 0.0)48 ^R 80.637	7.157	-0.046 ^R -0.065	^R 3.569	^R 2.976 ^R 3.221	^R 0.328	0.074	0.031	^R 6.977	^R 94.608 ^R 96.866
1999 ^R 21.693 0.058 ^R 22.289	_00.804 .00	092 ^R 82.090	^R 7.736	^R -0.065	^R 3.512	R2 221	Ro ozo	De eme			Pag aga
2000 ^P 22.407 0.065 23.325	^R 37.960 ^R 0.0	102 83.863	8.009	-0.058	3.107	3.275	^R 0.373 0.319	^R 0.073 0.070	^R 0.046 0.051	^R 7.226 6.823	^ℵ 96.866 98.498

¹ End-use consumption, electric utility and nonutility electricity net generation, and net imports of electricity from renewable energy.
² Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

³ Petroleum products supplied, including natural gas plant liquids and crude oil burned as fuel.
 ⁴ Electricity net imports from fossil fuels. May include some nuclear-generated electricity.

 ⁶ Through 1988, includes all electricity net imports. From 1989, includes only electricity net imports derived from hydroelectric power.

⁷ Alcohol (ethanol blended into motor gasoline) is included in both "Petroleum" and "Alcohol," but is counted only once in total energy consumption. ⁸ From 1989, includes electricity imports from Mexico that are derived from geothermal energy.

⁹ Included in conventional hydroelectric power. R=Revised. P=Preliminary. (s)=Less than 0.0005 and greater than -0.0005 quadrillion Btu. NA=Not available.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: Tables 5.1, 6.1, 7.1, 7.7, 8.1, 8.2, 10.2a, 10.2b, and A2-A6.

Table 1.4 Energy Imports, Exports, and Net Imports, 1949-2000

(Quadrillion Btu)

			Imports					Exports			Net Imports				
Year	Coal	Natural Gas	Petroleum ¹	Other ²	Total	Coal	Natural Gas	Petroleum	Other ²	Total	Coal	Natural Gas	Petroleum ¹	Other ²	Total
1949	0.01	0.00	1.43	0.03	1.47	0.88	0.02	0.68	0.02	1.59	-0.87	-0.02	0.75	0.02	-0.13
1950	0.01	0.00	1.89	0.04	1.93	0.79	0.03	0.64	0.01	1.47	-0.78	-0.03	1.24	0.03	0.47
1951	0.01	0.00	1.87	0.04	1.92	1.68	0.03	0.89	0.03	2.62	-1.67	-0.03	0.98	0.01	-0.71
1952	0.01	0.01	2.11	0.04	2.17	1.40	0.03	0.91	0.02	2.37	-1.40	-0.02	1.20	0.02	-0.20
1953	0.01	0.01	2.28	0.04	2.34	0.98	0.03	0.84	0.02	1.87	-0.97	-0.02	1.44	0.02	0.47
1954	0.01	0.01	2.32	0.04	2.37	0.91	0.03	0.75	0.01	1.70	-0.91	-0.02	1.58	0.02	0.67
1955	0.01	0.01	2.75	0.06	2.83	1.46	0.03	0.77	0.02	2.29	-1.46	-0.02	1.98	0.04	0.54
1956	0.01	0.01	3.17	0.06	3.25	1.98	0.04	0.91	0.02	2.95	-1.98	-0.03	2.26	0.04	0.30
1957	0.01	0.04	3.46	0.06	3.57	2.17	0.04	1.20	0.03	3.45	-2.16	(s)	2.26	0.02	0.12
1958	0.01	0.14	3.72	0.05	3.92	1.42	0.04	0.58	0.02	2.06	-1.41	0.10	3.14	0.03	1.86
1959	0.01	0.14	3.91	0.05	4.11	1.05	0.02	0.45	0.02	1.54	-1.04	0.12	3.46	0.03	2.57
1960	0.01	0.16	4.00	0.06	4.23	1.02	0.01	0.43	0.02	1.48	-1.02	0.15	3.57	0.04	2.74
1961	(S)	0.23	4.19	0.04	4.46	0.98	0.01	0.37	0.02	1.38	-0.98	0.22	3.82	0.02	3.08
1962	0.01	0.42	4.56	0.03	5.01	1.08	0.02	0.36	0.03	1.48	-1.08	0.40	4.20	(s)	3.53
1963	0.01	0.42	4.65	0.03	5.10	1.36	0.02	0.44	0.03	1.85	-1.35	0.40	4.21	-0.01	3.25
1964	0.01	0.46	4.96	0.07	5.49	1.34	0.02	0.43	0.06	1.84	-1.33	0.44	4.53	0.01	3.65
1965	(s)	0.47	5.40	0.04	5.92	1.38	0.03	0.39	0.06	1.85	-1.37	0.44	5.01	-0.02	4.06
1966	(s)	0.50	5.63	0.05	6.18	1.35	0.03	0.41	0.06	1.85	-1.35	0.47	5.21	-0.01	4.32
1967	0.01	0.58	5.56	0.04	6.19	1.35	0.08	0.65	0.06	2.15	-1.35	0.50	4.91	-0.02	4.04
1968	0.01	0.67	6.21	0.04	6.93	1.38	0.10	0.49	0.06	2.03	-1.37	0.58	5.73	-0.02	4.90
1969	(s)	0.75	6.90	0.06	7.71	1.53	0.05	0.49	0.08	2.15	-1.53	0.70	6.42	-0.02	5.56
1970	(s)	0.85	7.47	0.07	8.39	1.94	0.07	0.55	0.11	2.66	-1.93	0.77	6.92	-0.04	5.72
1971	(s)	0.96	8.54	0.08	9.58	1.55	0.08	0.47	0.07	2.18	-1.54	0.88	8.07	(s)	7.41
1972	(s)	1.05	10.30	0.11	11.46	1.53	0.08	0.47	0.06	2.14	-1.53	0.97	9.83	0.05	9.32
1973	(s)	1.06	13.47	0.20	14.73	1.43	0.08	0.49	0.06	2.05	-1.42	0.98	12.98	0.14	12.68
1974	0.05	0.99	13.13	0.25	14.41	1.62	0.08	0.46	0.06	2.22	-1.57	0.91	12.66	0.19	12.19
1975	0.02	0.98	12.95	0.16	14.11	1.76	0.07	0.44	0.08	2.36	-1.74	0.90	12.51	0.08	11.75
1976	0.03	0.99	15.67	0.15	16.84	1.60	0.07	0.47	0.06	2.19	-1.57	0.92	15.20	0.09	14.65
1977	0.04	1.04	18.76	0.26	20.09	1.44	0.06	0.51	0.06	2.07	-1.40	0.98	18.24	0.20	18.02
1978	0.07	0.99	17.82	0.36	19.25	1.08	0.05	0.77	0.03	1.93	-1.00	0.94	17.06	0.33	17.32
1979	0.05	1.30	17.93	0.33	19.62	1.75	0.06	1.00	0.06	2.87	-1.70	1.24	16.93	0.27	16.75
1980	0.03	1.01	14.66	0.28	15.97	2.42	0.05	1.16	0.09	3.72	-2.39	0.96	13.50	0.18	12.25
1981	0.03	0.92	12.64	0.39	13.97	2.94	0.06	1.26	0.06	4.33	-2.92	0.86	11.38	0.33	9.65
1982	0.02	0.95	10.78	0.35	12.09	2.79	0.05	1.73	0.06	4.63	-2.77	0.90	9.05	0.28	7.46
1983	0.03	0.94	10.65	0.41	12.03	2.04	0.06	1.57	0.05	3.72	-2.01	0.89	9.08	0.36	8.31
1984	0.03	0.85	11.43	0.46	12.77	2.15	0.06	1.54	0.05	3.80	-2.12	0.79	9.89	0.40	8.96
1985	0.05	0.95	10.61	0.49	12.10	2.44	0.06	1.66	0.08	4.23	-2.39	0.90	8.95	0.41	7.87
1986	0.06	0.75	13.20	0.43	14.44	2.25	0.06	1.67	0.08	4.06	-2.19	0.69	11.53	0.36	10.38
1987	0.04	0.99	14.16	0.57	15.76	2.09	0.05	1.63	0.08	3.85	-2.05	0.94	12.53	0.49	11.91
1988	0.05	1.30	15.75	0.47	17.56	2.50	0.07	1.74	0.10	4.42	-2.45	1.22	14.01	0.37	13.15
1989	0.07	1.39	17.16	0.34	18.96	2.64	0.11	1.84	0.18	4.77	-2.57	1.28	15.33	0.15	14.19
1990	0.07	1.55	17.12	0.22	18.95	2.77	0.09	1.82	0.18	4.87	-2.70	1.46	15.29	0.03	14.09
1991	0.08	1.80	16.35	0.27	18.50	2.85	0.13	2.13	0.04	5.16	-2.77	1.67	14.22	0.22	13.34
1992	0.10	2.16	16.97	0.35	19.58	2.68	0.22	2.01	0.05	4.96	-2.59	1.94	14.96	0.31	14.62
1993	0.20	2.40	18.51	0.39	21.50	1.96	0.14	2.12	0.06	4.28	-1.76	2.25	16.40	0.32	17.22
1994	0.20	2.68	19.24	0.58	22.73	1.88	0.16	1.99	0.05	4.08	-1.66	2.52	17.26	0.53	18.65
1995	0.24	2.90	^R 18.88	0.55	R22.57	2.32	0.16	1.99	0.07	4.54	-2.08	2.74	^R 16.89	0.47	^R 18.03
1996	0.20	3.00	^R 20.29	0.52	^R 24.01	2.37	0.16	2.06	0.07	4.66	-2.17	2.85	^R 18.23	0.45	^R 19.35
1997	0.19	3.06	21.74	0.52	^R 25.51	2.19	0.16	2.10	0.12	^R 4.58	-2.01	2.90	19.64	0.40	20.94
1998	0.22	3.22	22.91	0.50	26.86	R2.09	0.16	1.97	0.16	^R 4.39	^R -1.87	3.06	20.94	0.34	R22.47
1999	0.23	R3.66	R23.13	0.52	R27.55	1.53	0.16	^R 1.95	0.17	R3.81	^R -1.30	R3.50	R21.18	0.36	R23.74
2000 ^P	0.31	3.81	23.78	0.61	28.52	1.53	0.24	2.15	0.18	4.10	-1.21	3.57	21.63	0.43	24.42
_000	0.01	0.01	20.70	0.01	LOUDE	1.00	0.21	2.10	0.10	1.10	1.21	0.07	21.00	0.10	£ 1. 1£

Includes imports into the Strategic Petroleum Reserve, which began in 1977.
 ² Coal coke and small amounts of electricity transmitted across U.S. borders with Canada and Mexico. R=Revised. P=Preliminary. (s)=Less than 0.005 quadrillion Btu and greater than -0.005 quadrillion Btu. Notes: • Includes trade between the United States (50 States and the District of Columbia) and its

territories and possessions. • Totals or net import items may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: Tables 5.1, 6.1, 7.1, 7.7, 8.1, 10.2b, and A2-A6.

Table 2.1a Energy Consumption by Sector, 1949-2000

(Trillion Btu)

				End-U	Jse Sectors				Electric		
	Resid	ential	Comm	ercial 1	Indu	strial ¹	Transp	ortation	Power Sector		
Year	Primary	Total	Primary	Total	Primary	Total	Primary	Total	Primary	Adjustments ²	Total
1949	4,475	5,639	2,661	3,683	12,552	^R 14,687	7,880	^R 7,993	4,433	-1	32,000
1950	4,848	6,029	2,824	3,903	13,811	^R 16,208	8,384	^R 8,495	4,768	(s) ^R -2	34,635
1951	5,099	6,397	2,754	3,909	15,055	R17,650	8,934	^R 9,044	5,156		36,996
1952	5,179	6,603	2,662	3,881	14,599	R17,280	8,907	^R 9,005 ^R 9,125	5,422	1	36,770
1953 1954	5,056 5,286	6,582 6,891	2,520 2,445	3,795 3,737	15,273 14,250	^R 18,184 ^R 17,128	9,031 8,823	8,904	5,806 5,856	-2 (s) (s) -2	37,684 36,660
1954	5,633	7,322	2,445	3,896	16,052	^R 19,471	9,476	9,552	6,533	(5)	40,242
1955	5,851	7,694	2,608	4,039	16,527	^R 20,199	9,792	9,861	7,016	(5)	40,242
1957	5,772	7,757	2,434	3,959	16,479	^R 20,204	9,837	9,897	7,295	-1	41,816
1958	6,143	8,237	2,553	4,128	15,762	R19,301	9,952	10,005	7,261		41,670
1959	6,224	8,466	2.630	4.367	16.483	^R 20.311	10.299	10,350	7.858	(s) -1	43,493
1960	6,689	9,099	2,702	4,606	16,939	^R 20.819	10,561	10,598	8,230	-1	45,120
1961	6,815	9.341	2.744	4,719	16,956	^R 20.924	10.734	10,770	8,505	2	45,755
1962	7,113	9,828	2,910	5,032	17,554	^R 21,750	11,187	11,221	9,069	-1	47,832
1963	7,135	10,045	2,897	5,235	18,332	^R 22,711	11,621	^R 11,655	9,661	_1	49,647
1964	7,161	10,305	2,949	5,450	19,391	^R 24,076	11,964	11,998	10,363	R2	51,831
1965	7,334	10,705	3,144	5,821	20,091	^R 25,056	12,400	12,434	11,046	(s)	54,016
1966	7,549	11,231	3,384	6,309	20,996	R26,382	13,069	13,102	12,026	1	57,024
1967	7,741	11,680	3,738	6,879	20,975	^R 26,593 ^R 27,865	13,717	13,751	12,732	2	58,906
1968 1969	7,968 8,277	12,383 13,219	3,861 4,046	7,300 7,806	21,835 22,621	R29,099	14,830 15,472	14,865 15,507	13,918 15,216	3 -3	62,415 65,628
1969	8,277	13,219	4,046	8,319	22,942	^R 29,628	16,062	16,099	16,307	-3 -3	^R 67,858
1970	8,460	14,301	4,196	8,693	22,942 22,701	^R 29,594	16,693	16,729	17,183	-3	^R 69,314
1972	8,655	14,920	4,369	9,168	23,499	^R 30,954	17,683	17,718	18,554	-2 ^R -2	^R 72,758
1973	8,250	14,975	4,381	9,542	24,704	R32,670	18,575	18,611	19,887	R10	R75,808
1974	7,928	14,725	4,221	9,394	23,783	^R 31,834	18,087	18,120	20,055	R6	^R 74,080
1975	8,006	14,867	4,023	9,486	21,424	^R 29,446	18,211	18,245	20,382	R-2	^R 72,042
1976	8,408	15,471	4,333	10,060	22,656	^R 31,438	19,065	19,099	21,607	5	^R 76,072
1977	8,207	15,740	4,217	10,218 10,525	23,162	^R 32,338	19,783	19,819	22,746	_7	^R 78,122
1978	8,272	16,212	4,269	10,525	23,243	^R 32,768	20,579	20,613	23,755	R5	^R 80,123
1979	7,934	15,900	4,333	10,673	24,176	R33,998	20,435	20,469	24,162	R5	^R 81,044
1980	7,504	15,909	4,097	10,642	22,643	R32,192	19,657	19,695	24,538	-3	^R 78,435
1981	7,103	15,442 15,661	3,831 3,859	10,712 10,950	21,372 19,080	^R 30,907 ^R 27,757	19,468 19,031	19,505 19,068	24,793 24,303	3	76,569
1982 1983	7,163 6,834	15,559	3,859	11,034	18,563	R27,578	19,031	19,068	24,303 24,989	5 6	73,441 73,317
1983	6,990	15,881	3,991	11,555	20,176	^R 29,725	19,762	19,810	26,053	(c)	76,972
1985	6,988	16,059	3,712	11,585	19,509	^R 29,069	20,024	20,071	26,552	(s) ^R -7	^R 76,778
1986	6,807	16,052	3,652	11,719	19,101	^R 28,475	20,768	20,818	26,735	2	77,065
1987	6,841	16,405	3,743	12,110	20,012	^R 29,663	21,405	21,456	27,633	2 -1	79,633
1988	7,244	17,178	3,953	12,675	20,927	R30,901	22,261	22,313	28,681	2	R83,068
1989	7,492	17,358	3.922	12,757	20,724	^R 31,904	22,515	^R 22.567	29.934	^R 128	^R 84.716
1990	6,458	16,414	3,778	12,810	21,109	^R 32,420	22,489	^R 22,540	30,350	^R 160	^R 84,344
1991	6,689	16,904	3,834	12,977	20,755	^R 32.062	22,077	22,128	30,715	^R 227	^R 84,298
1992	6,883	16,737	3,866	12,815	21,677	R33,200	22,419	^R 22,468	30,376	R292	^R 85,513
1993	7,123	17,514	3,861	13,103	21,929	R33,461	22,842	R22,892	31,216	R330	^R 87,300
1994	6,956	17,404	3,900	13,359	22,640	R34,542	23,468	R23,520	31,861	R388	^R 89,213
1995	7,027	17,781	3,994	13,826 14,292	22,963 23,719	^R 34,948 ^R 35,938	23,921 24,467	^R 23,972 ^R 24,518	32,621	R417	^R 90,943 ^R 93,931
1996 1997	7,559 7.093	18,744	4,166 4,192	14,292 14,778	23,719 23,920	^R 35,938	24,467 24,768	^24,518 ^R 24,819	33,581 33,970	^R 439 ^R 396	^R 93,931 ^R 94,340
1997		18,187 17,953	4,192 3,909		23,920	^R 35,865		^R 25,389	33,970 34,807	^R 533	^R 94,340
1998	6,465 6.814	³ 19,572	3,909 3,962	14,867 ³ 16.261	23,554 24,063	^{R,3} 37,958	25,338 26,255	^{R,3} 26,312	³ 39,009	^R -3.237	^{R,3} 96.866
1999 2000 ^P	7,053	20,391	4,310	16,994	24,063	38,763	26,255	26,639	40,368	-4,291	98,498
2000	1,000	20,001	-,010	10,004	27,711	55,705	20,000	20,000	-0,000	7,201	50,450

¹ Includes some fossil-fuel consumption at nonutilities.

² A balancing item. The sum of primary consumption in the five energy-use sectors equals the sum of total consumption in the four end-use sectors. However, total energy consumption does not equal the sum of total consumption in the four end-use sectors. However, total energy consumption does not equal the sum of total consumption in the four end-use sectors. of the sectoral components due to: 1) for 1949 forward, the use of sector-specific conversion factors for natural gas and coal; 2) for 1989 forward, the undercounting of coal consumption at "Other Power Producers" in the energy-use sectors (see Table 7.3); and 3) for 1999 and 2000, the double-counting of focal feat and computer difference of the sectors (see Table 7.3); and 3) for 1999 and 2000, the double-counting of fossil-fuel consumption at nonutilities in both the electric power sector and the end-use sectors (see Tables ³ There is a discontinuity in this time series between 1998 and 1999; beginning in 1999, nonutility

consumption of fossil fuels is included in electric power sector consumption and the calculation for electrical system energy losses. See Table 2.1f.

R=Revised. P=Preliminary. (s)=Less than +0.5 trillion Btu and greater than -0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • Primary consumption includes coal, natural gas, petroleum, nuclear electric power, hydroelectric power, wood, waste, alcohol fuels, geothermal, solar, wind, net imports of coal coke, and net imports of electricity. • Total consumption includes primary consumption, electricity end-use, and electrical system energy losses. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: Tables 2.1b-2.1f.

Table 2.1b Residential Sector Energy Consumption, 1949-2000

(Trillion Btu)

				Pr	imary Consum	otion					Fleetrical	
		Fossil	Fuels			Renewable	Energy		Total		Electrical System	
Year	Coal	Natural Gas 1	Petroleum	Total	Wood ²	Geothermal ³	Solar ⁴	Total	Primary	Electricity ⁵	Energy Losses ⁶	Total
1949 1950	1,272	1,027 1,240	1,121 1,340	3,420 3,842	1,055 1,006	NA	NA NA	1,055 1,006 958	4,475 4,848	228 246	936 935	5,639 6,029 6,397 6,603
1950	1,261	1,240	1,340	3,842	1,006	NA	NA	1,006	4,848	246	935	6,029
1951	1,134	1,526	1,481 1,522	4,141	958 899	NA	NA	958	5,099	284	1,014	6,397
1952 1953	1,079 946	1,679 1,744	1,522	4,279 4,224	899 832	NA NA	NA NA	899 832	5,179 5,056	319	1,105 1,171	6,603
1954	858	1,961	1,667	4,486	800	NA	NA	800	5,286	319 355 397	1,208	6,891
1955	867	2,198	1,792	4,858	775	NA	NA	775	5,633	438	1,251	7,322
1956	823	2,409	1.880	5,112	739	NA	NA	739	5.851	490	1.353	7.694
1957	654	2,588	1.828	5.070	702	NA	NA	702	5,772	535	1,451	7,757
1958	652	2,809	1,994	5,455	688	NA	NA	688	6,143 6,224	578	1.515	8,237
1959	573	3,015	1,989	5,577	647	NA	NA	647	6,224	630	1,612	8,466
1960	585 534	3,212	2,265 2,332	6,062 6,228	627	NA	NA	627	6,689 6,815 7,113	687 732	1,722 1,795 1,921 2,054 2,216 2,377	9,099 9,341 9,828 10,045 10,305 10,705
1961 1962	534 512	3,362 3,600	2,332 2,441	6,228 6,553	587 560	NA NA	NA NA	587 560	6,815	732	1,795	9,341
1962	120	3,600	2,441	6,598	537	NA	NA	500	7,135	794 856 928	1,921	9,828
1963 1964	438 379	3,908	2,375	6,662	499	NA	NA	537 499	7,161	928	2,034	10,305
1965	358	4,028	2,481	6,866	468	NA	NA	468	7 334	993	2.377	10,705
1966	349	4.275	2,471	7 094	455	NA	NA	455 434	7.549	1.081	2.600	11.231
1967	299	4,451	2.557	7.307	434	NA	NA	434	7,741	1.160	2.779	11.680
1968	269	4,588	2.685	7.543	426	NA	NA	426	7.968	1.302	3.113	12,383
1969	248	4,875	2,739	7,862	415	NA	NA	415	8,277	1,456	3,486	13,219
1970	209	4,987	2,755	7,952	401	NA	NA	401	8,353	1,591	3,870	13,814
1971 1972	175 116	5,126	2,777	8,078	382	NA NA	NA NA	382	8,460	1,704	4,136	14,301
1972	94	5,264 4,977	2,895	8,276 7,896	380	NA	NA	382 380 354 371 425 482	8,655	1,838	4,427	14,920 14,975 14,725 14,867 15,471
1973	82	4,901	2,825 2,573	7,557	354 371	NA	NA	371	8,250 7,928	1,970	4,749 4,824 4,855 4,994	14,975
1975	63	5,023	2,070	7,580	425	NA	NA	425	8,006	2 007	4 855	14,867
1976	63 59	5,147	2,495 2,720	7,580 7,927	425 482	NA	NA	482	8,006 8,408	2.069	4.994	15.471
1977	57	4,913	2.695	7.666	542	NA	NA	542	8.207	1,838 1,976 1,973 2,007 2,069 2,202	5,331 5,639	15.740
1978	49	4,981	2,620	7,651	622	NA	NA	622	8,272	2 301	5,639	16,212
1979	37	5,055	2,114	7,206	728	NA	NA	728	7,934	2,330 2,448	5,636	15,900
1980	31	4,866	1,748	6,645	R859	NA	NA	859	7,504	2,448	5,958	15,909
1981 1982	30 32	4,660 4,753	1,543 1,441	6,234 6,226	869 937	NA NA	NA NA	869	7,103	2,464	5,876	15,442
1983	32	4,753	1,362	5,909	925	NA	NA	937 925	7,163 6,834	2,409	6,008 6,162	15,661 15,559
1984		4,692	1,337	6,067	923	NA	NA	923	6 990	2,489 2,489 2,562 2,662 2,709 2,795 2,902	6,229	15,881
1984 1985	38 35 35 32 32	4,571	1,483	6,089	899	NA	NA	923 899	6,990 6,988	2,709	6,362	16.059
1986	35	4,439	1,457	5,931	876 852	NA	NA	876 852 885 976 642	6.807	2,795	6,450	16,052 16,405
1986 1987	32	4,449	1,457 1,508	5,931 5,989	852	NA	NA	852	6 841	2,902	6,450 6,662	16,405
1988	32	4,765	1,563	6,359	885	NA	NA	885	7,244	3,046 3,090 3,153	6,887	17,178
1989	28	4,929	1,560	6,516	918	^R 5 ^R 6	53 56	976	7,492	3,090	6,777	17,358 16,414
1990	26	4,523	1,266	5,816	581	^к б	56	642	6,458	3,153	6,803	16,414
1991 1992	23	4,697 4,835	1,293 1,312	6,013 6,172	613 645	R6 R6	58 60	677 711	6,689 6,883	3,260	6,954 6,660	16,904 16,737
1992	24 24	4,835	1,312	6,172	645 548	R7	60	616	6,883 7,123	3,193 3,394	6,660	17,514
1993	24	4,988	1,340	6,349	537	R6	64	607	6,956	3,441	7,007	17 404
1995	17	4,981	1,361	6,360	596	R7	65	667	7.027	3,557	7,196	17,781 18,744 18,187 17,953 ⁷ 19,572
1996	17	5,383	1,492	6,891	595	R7 R7	66	668	7,027 7,559	3,694	7,196 7,492	18,744
1997	16	5,118	1,454	6,588	433	R7	65	506 459	7,093	3,694 3,671	7,422	18,187
1998	13	4,669	1,324	6,006	^R 387	R8	65 ^R 64	459	6,465	3,856 3,906	7.632	_17,953
1999	14	4,858	1,456	6,328	^R 414	R8	^R 64	486	6,814	3,906	⁷ 8,851 9,272	19,572
2000 ^P	14	5,061	1,475	6,550	433	9	62	503	7,053	4,066	9,272	20,391

¹ Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

² Wood only.
 ³ Geothermal heat pump and direct use energy.
 ⁴ Solar thermal direct use and photovoltaic energy. Includes small amounts of commercial sector use.
 ⁵ Electric utility retail sales of electricity, including nonutility sales of electricity to utilities for distribution to end users; beginning in 1996, also includes sales to ultimate consumers by power marketers.
 ⁶ Total logges or an elevided on the market energy and the algorities power context.

⁶ Total losses are calculated as the energy consumed to generate electricity by the electric power sector minus the electricity consumed by end users (see Tables 2.1f, 8.12, A6; Diagram 5; and Glossary). Total losses are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total electricity use.

(Nonutility direct use of electricity and nonutility sales of electricity to end users are allocated totally to the industrial sector.)

⁷ There is a discontinuity in this time series between 1998 and 1999; beginning in 1999, nonutility consumption of fossil fuels is included in electric power sector consumption and the calculation for electrical system energy losses. See Table 2.1f. R=Revised. P=Preliminary. NA=Not available.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Tables 2.1f, 5.12a, 6.5, 7.3, 8.12, 10.2a, A1, and A4-A6.

Table 2.1c Commercial Sector Energy Consumption, 1949-2000

(Trillion Btu)

				Flastrias							
		Fossil	Fuels			Renewable Energy		Total		Electrical System	
Year	Coal ¹	Natural Gas ^{1,2}	Petroleum ¹	Total	Wood ³	Geothermal ⁴	Total	Primary	Electricity ⁵	Energy Losses ⁶	Total
949	1,554 1,542	360	727 862	2,641	20	NA	20	2,661	200 225	822 854	3,683
950	1,542	401	862	2,805	19	NA	19	2,824	225	854	3,903
951	1,331	481	924	2,736	18	NA	18	2,754	252	902	3,909
952	1,169	534	942	2,645	17	NA	17	2,662	273	946	3,881
953	985	549	970	2,504	16	NA	16	2,520	297	978	3,795
954	825	605	1,000	2,430	15	NA	15	2,445	319	973	3,737
955	801	651	1,081	2,533	15	NA	15	2,548	350	999	3,896
956	730	742	1,122	2,594	14	NA	14	2,608	380	1,051	4,039 3,959
57	535	803	1,083	2,421	13	NA	13	2,434	411	1,114	3,959
958	512	902	1,125	2,540	13	NA	13	2,553	435 488	1,140	4,128
59	415	1,009	1,194	2,618	12	NA	12	2,630	488	1,249	4,367
60	407	1,056	1,228	2,690	12	NA	12	2,702	543	1,361	4,606
61	371	1,115	1,247	2,733	11	NA	11	2,744	572	1,403	4,719
62	371	1,249	1,280	2,899	11	NA	11	2,910	621	1,501	5,032
63	317	1,307	1,262	2,887	10	NA	10	2,897	688	1,651	5,235
64	274	1,419	1,247	2,940	9	NA	9	2,949	738	1,763	5,450
65	259	1,490	1,386	3,135	9	NA	9	3,144	789	1,888	5,821
66	263	1,676	1,436	3,375	9	NA	9	3,384	859	2,066	6,309
67	225	2,022	1,483	3,730	8	NA	8	3,738	925	2,216	6,879
68	203	2,140	1,510	3,853	8	NA	8	3,861	1,014	2,424	7,300
69	195	2,323	1,520 1,551	4,038	8	NA	8	4,046	1,108	2,652	7,806
70	165	2,473	1,551	4,189	8	NA	8	4,196	1,201	2,922	8,319
71	175	2,587	1,510	4,272	7	NA	7	4,279	1,288	3,126	8,693
72	153	2,678	1,530	4,362	7	NA	7	4.369	1,408	3,391	9,168
73	160	2,649	1,565	4,374	7	NA	7	4,381 4,221	1,517	3,644	9,542
74	175	2,617	1,423	4,214	7	NA	7	4,221	1,501	3,672	9,394
75	147	2,558	1,310	4,015	8	NA	8	4.023	1.598	3,865	9,486
76	144	2,718	1,461 1,511	4,323 4,207	9	NA	9	4,333 4,217	1,678	4,049	10,060
77	148	2,548	1,511	4,207	10	NA	10	4,217	1,754	4,247	10,218
78	165	2,643	1.450	4,257	12	NA	12	4.269	1.813	4,443	10,525
79	149	2,836	1,334	4,319	14	NA	14	4,333	1.854	4,485	10,673
80	115	2,674	1,287	4,076	21	NA	21	4,097	1,906	4,639	10,642
81	137	2,583	1,090	3,810	21	NA	21	3,831	2,033	4,848	10,712
82	155	2,673	1,008	3,837	22	NA	22	3,859	2,077	5,014	10,950
83	162	2,508 2,600	1,136 1,198	3,805	22 22	NA	22 22	3,827	2,116 2,264	5,090 5,300	11,034 11,555
84	171	2,600	1,198	3,969	22	NA	22	3,991	2,264	5,300	11,555
85	141	2,508	1,039	3,688	24	NA	24	3,712	2,351	5,522	11,585
86	141	2,386	1,099	3,625	27	NA	27	3,652	2.439	5,628	11,719
87	129	2.505	1.079	3.714	29	NA	29	3.743	2.539	5.829	12,110
88	136	2,748	1,037	3,921	32	NA	32	3,953	2,675	6,047	12,675
89	118	2,802	966	3.886	34	3	37	3,922	2,767	6,068	12,757
90	129	2,701	907 861	3,738 3,792	37	3	40	3,778	2,860	6,172	12,810
91	118	2,813	861	3,792	39	3	42	3,834	2,918	6,225	12,977
92	118	2,890	813	3.821	42	3	45	3,866	2,900	6.049	12.815
93	119	2.942	753	3.813	44	3	47	3,861	3.019	6.223	13,103
94	118	2,979	753	3,850	45	4	49	3,900	3,116	6,344	13,359
95	117	3,113	715	3,945	45	5	50	3,994	3,252	6,579	13,826
96	122	3,244	747	4,112	49	5	54	4,166	3,344	6,783	14,292
97	129	3,302	709	4,140	47	6	53	4,192	3,503	7,082	14,778
98	92	3,098	665	3,855	47	ž	53 54	3,909	3,678	7.280	14,867
99	103	3,130	672	3,904	^R 51	7	58	3,962	3,766	78,533	⁷ 16,261
00 ^P	102	3,452	696	4,250	52	8	60	4,310	3,867	8,818	16,994

¹ Includes some consumption at nonutilities.

² Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

⁵ Electric utility retail sales of electricity, including nonutility sales of electricity to utilities for distribution to end users; beginning in 1996, also includes sales to ultimate consumers by power marketers.

⁶ Total losses are calculated as the energy consumed to generate electricity by the electric power sector minus the electricity consumed by end users (see Tables 2.1f, 8.12, A6; Diagram 5; and Glossary). Total losses are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total electricity use.

(Nonutility direct use of electricity and nonutility sales of electricity to end users are allocated totally to the industrial sector.)

⁷ There is a discontinuity in this time series between 1998 and 1999; beginning in 1999, nonutility consumption of fossil fuels is included in electric power sector consumption and the calculation for electrical system energy losses. See Table 2.1f. R=Revised. P=Preliminary. NA=Not available. Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Tables 2.1f, 5.12a, 6.5, 7.3, 8.12, 10.2a, A1, and A3-A6.

Table 2.1d Industrial Sector Energy Consumption, 1949-2000

(Trillion Btu)

			Fossil Fuels				Renewa	ble Energy				Electrical	
Year	Coal ¹	Coal Coke Net Imports	Natural Gas ^{1,2}	Petroleum ¹	Total	Wood ³	Waste ³	Geothermal ⁴	Total	Total Primary	Electricity ⁵	System Energy Losses ⁶	Total
1949	5,433	-7	3,188	3,469	12,084	468 532 553	NA	NA	^R 468	12,552	418	^R 1,717	^R 14,687
1950	5,781	1	3,546	3,951	13,279	532	NA	NA	^R 532	13,811	500	^R 1,896	^R 16,208
1951	6,202	-21	4,052	4,270	14,503	553	NA	NA	^R 553	15,055	567	^R 2.027	^R 17,650
1952	5,517	-12	4,181	4,362	14,047	552 566	NA	NA	^R 552	14,599	601	^R 2,080	R16,208 R17,650 R17,280 R18,184
1953	5,931	-9 -7	4,304	4,481	14,707	566	NA	NA	^R 566	15,273	678	^R 2,233	^R 18,184
1954	4,730	-7	4,319	4,632	13,674	576	NA	NA	^R 576 ^R 631	14,250	711	^R 2,167	^K 17.128
1955	5,620	-10	4,701	5,110	15,421	631	NA	NA	R631	16,052	887	^R 2,532	^R 19,471
1956	5,667	-13	4,874 5,107	5,337	15,865	661	NA	NA	^R 661 ^R 616	16,527	976	^R 2,697 ^R 2,722	^R 20,199
1957	5,536	-17	5,107	5,237	15,863	616	NA	NA	r616	16,479	1,003	^R 2,722	^R 20,199 ^R 20,204 ^R 19,301
1958	4,533	-7	5,208	5,408	15,142	620	NA	NA	^R 620	15,762	978	^R 2,561	^K 19,301
1959	4,413	-8	5,647	5,740	15,791	692	NA	NA	^R 692	16,483	1,075	^R 2,753	^R 20,311 ^R 20,819
1960	4,543	-6	5,973	5,748	16,259	680	NA	NA	^R 680	16,939	1,107	^R 2,774	[^] 20,819
1961	4,345	-8	6,170	5,753	16,261	695	NA	NA	R695	16,956	1,149	^R 2,819	^R 20,924 ^R 21,750
1962	4,385	-6	6,451	5,996	16,826	728	NA	NA	R728	17,554	1,228	^R 2,969	^R 21,750
1963	4,590	-7	6,748	6,226	17,557	//5	NA	NA	^R 775 ^R 827	18,332	1,288	^R 3,092 ^R 3,303	¹² 22,711
1964 1965	4,915 5,127	-10 -18	7,114 7,339	6,546 6,789	18,564 19,236	775 827 855 902	NA NA	NA NA	R855	19,391 20,091	1,382 1,463	^R 3,502	^R 22,711 ^R 24,076 ^R 25,056 ^R 26,382
1965	5,127	-18 -25	7,339	7,109	20,094	800	NA	NA	R902	20,091 20,996	1,463	^R 3,804	R20,000
1966	4,934	-25	8,043	7,109	20,094	895	NA	NA	R895	20,996	1,655	^R 3,963	^R 26,593
1967	4,934 4,855	-15 -17	8,043 8,626	7,119	20,853	895 982	NA	NA	R982	20,975 21,835	1,000	^R 4,252	"20,393 Baz 965
1969	4,855	-17	9,234	7,697	20,855	1,014	NA	NA	R1,014	21,635	1,909	^R 4,252	R27,865 R29,099
1909	4,656	-30	9,536	7,789	21,000	1,014	NA	NA	B1 010	22,942	1,948	^R 4,738	R20,629
1970	3.944	-58 -33	9,892	7,859	21,923 21,661	1,019 1,040	NA	NA	^R 1,019 ^R 1,040	22,942	2,011	^R 4,881	R20 504
1972	3.993	-26	9,884	8,534	22,386	1,113	NA	NA	^R 1,113	23,499	2,187	^R 5,269	^R 29,628 ^R 29,594 ^R 30,954
1973	4,057	-26 -7	10,388	9,102	23,539	1,165	NA	NA	^R 1,165	24,704	2,341	^R 5,625	R32 670
1974	3,870	56	10,004	8,694	22,624	1,159	NA	NA	R1 150	23,783	2,337	^R 5,715	R31 834
1975	3,667	14	8,532	8,148	20,360	1,063	NA	NA	R1,063 R1,220 R1,281 R1,400	21,424	2,346	R5 676	R31,834 R29,446 R31,438 R32,338
1976	3,661	(s) 15 125 63	8,762	9,014	21 436	1,220	NA	NA	R1.220	22,656	2,573	^R 6,209	R31.438
1977	3,454	15	8,635	9,776	21,880	1,281	NA	NA	R1.281	23,162	2,682	^R 6 494	R32.338
1978	3.314	125	8,539	9.866	21,843	1.400	NA	NA	^R 1,400	23,243	2,761	^R 6,764	R32,768 R33,998
1979	3.593	63	8,549	10.566	22,771	1,405	NA	NA	^R 1.405	24,176	2.873	^R 6.949	R33.998
1980	3,155	-35	8,395	9,528	21,043	1,600	NA	NA	^R 1,600	22,643	2,781	^R 6,768	^R 32,192
1981	3,157	-16	8.257	8,286	19 684	1.602	87	NA	R1 680	21,372	2,817	^R 6.717	R32,192 R30,907
1982	2,552	-22	7,121	7,795	17,446	1.516	118	NA	^R 1,634	19,080	2,542	^R 6,135	^R 27,757
1983	2,490	-16	6,826	7,417	16,718	1,690 1,679	155 204	NA	^R 1,845	18,563	2,648	^R 6,368	^R 27,578
1984	2,842	-11	7,448	8,015	18,293	1,679	204	NA	R1,634 R1,845 R1,883 R1,883 R1,875 R1,866	20,176	2,859	^R 6,691	R27,757 R27,578 R29,725 R29,069 R28,475
1985	2,760	-13	7,080	7,807	17,634	1,645	230	NA	R1,875	19,509	2,855	^R 6,705	^R 29,069
1986	2,641	-17	6,690	7,921	17,235	1,610	256	NA	^R 1,866	19,101	2,834	^R 6,540	^R 28,475
1987	2,673	9	7,323	8,150	18,154	1,576	282	NA	K1 858	20,012	2,928	^R 6,723	R29.663
1988	2,828	40	7,696	8,431	18,995	1,625	308	NA	^R 1,933	20,927	3,059	^R 6,915	^R 30,901
1989	2,787	30	8,131	8,130	19,078	1,625 ^R 1,394 ^R 1,254	250 271	^R 2 ^R 2	^R 1,646 ^R 1,527	20,724	3,501	^R 7,679 ^R 7,729	^R 31,904 ^R 32,420
1990	2,756	5	8,502	8,319	19,582	^R 1,254	271	^R 2	^R 1,527	21,109	3,582	^R 7,729	^R 32,420
1991	2,601	10	8,619	^R 8,058	19,288	[№] 1,190	275	R2	^K 1,467	20,755	3,609	^R 7,698	R32,062
1992	2,515	35	8,967	8,635	20,152	R1,234 R1,190 R1,233 R1,255 R1,342	289	R2 R2 R2	^R 1,467 ^R 1,525 ^R 1,546	21,677	3,734	^R 7,789	R33,200 R33,461
1993	2,496	27	9,410	8,450	20,383	¹ ,255	288	~2 Ro	1,546	21,929	3,767	^R 7,766	133,461
1994	2,510	58	9,560	8,848	20,977 ^R 21,236	N1,342	318	R3 R3	^R 1,663 ^R 1,727	22,640	3,920	R7,982	R34,542
1995	2,488	61	10,064	R8,622	121,236 Rod 040	R1,402	322	r:3 Ro	1,727 R4 007	22,963	3,964	^R 8,020	R34,948
1996	R2,434	23	10,393	^R 9,061	^R 21,912	^R 1,441 ^R 1,513	363 338	R3 R3	R1,807	23,719	4,035	^R 8,184 ^R 8,190	R35,938
1997	R2,395	46	10,307	^R 9,318	R22,066	1,513 P4 504	338	"3 Po	R1,854	23,920	4,051		R36,161
1998	R2,335	67	10,168	^R 9,104	^R 21,675	R1,564	312	R3	R1,879	23,554	4,132	^R 8,179	^R 35,865 ^{R,7} 37,958
1999	^R 2,243	58	^R 10,360	^R 9,394	^R 22,056	R1,711	291	R4 4	^R 2,007	24,063	4,255	^{R,7} 9,641	37,958
2000 ^P	2,280	65	10,943	9,197	22,485	1,702	287	4	1,993	24,477	4,355	9,931	38,763

¹ Includes some consumption at nonutilities.

² Includes some consumption at risinguitation
 ³ See Table 10.2a for wood and waste components.

 See Table 10.2a for wood and waste components.
 Geothermal heat pump and direct use energy.
 Electric utility retail sales of electricity, including nonutility sales of electricity to utilities for distribution to end users; beginning in 1989, also includes nonutility facility use of onsite net electricity generation, and electricity sold by nonutilities directly to end users; beginning in 1996, also includes sales to ultimate consumers by power marketers.

⁶ Total losses are calculated as the energy consumed to generate electricity by the electric power sector minus the electricity consumed by end users (see Tables 2.1f, 8.12, A6; Diagram 5; and Glossary). Total

losses are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total electricity use. (Nonutility direct use of electricity and nonutility sales of electricity to end users are allocated totally to the industrial sector.)

⁷ There is a discontinuity in this time series between 1998 and 1999; beginning in 1999, nonutility consumption of fossil fuels is included in electric power sector consumption and the calculation for electrical system energy losses. See Table 2.1f.

R=Revised. P=Preliminary. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than +0.5 trillion Btu and greater than -0.5 trillion Btu.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: Tables 2.1f, 5.12b, 6.5, 7.3, 8.12, 10.2a, A1, and A3-A6.

Table 2.1e Transportation Sector Energy Consumption, 1949-2000

(Trillion Btu)

				-						
		Fossi	l Fuels		Renewable Energy	Tatal		Electrical System		
Year	Coal	Natural Gas ¹	Petroleum	Total	Alcohol Fuels ²	Total Primary ²	Electricity ³	Energy Losses ⁴	Total ²	
949	1,727	NA	6,152	7,880	NA	7,880	22	91 88	^R 7,993	
950	1,564	130	6,690	8,384	NA	8,384	23 24	88	^R 8,495 ^R 9,044 ^R 9,005	
951	1.379	199	7.356	8.934	NA	8.934	24	86	^R 9.044	
952	984	214	7,709	8,907	NA	8,907	22	76	^R 9,005	
953	733	238	8,060	9,031	NA	9,031	22	72	^R 9,125 8,904	
954	461	239	8,123	8,823	NA	8,823	20	61	8,904	
55	421	254	8,801	9,476	NA	9,476	20	57	9,552	
956	340	306	9,145	9,792	NA	9,792	19	51	9,861	
57	241	310	9,286	9,837	NA	9,837	16	51 44	9 897	
58	115	323	9,514	9,952	NA	9,952	15	38	10,005 10,350 10,598 10,770	
59	88	362	9,849	10,299	NA	10 200	14	37	10,000	
60	88 75	362 359 391	10,127	10,233	NA	10,299 10,561 10,734	10	37 26 25	10,500	
61	19	201	10,324	10,561 10,734	NA	10,301	10	20	10,390	
62	19	396	10,324 10,774	10,734	NA	11,187	10	20	11,221	
962 963	16	396 437	10,774	11,187	NA	11,187	10	25 24	^R 11,655	
03	10		11,107	11,621		11,021		24	11,000	
964	17	450	11,497	11,964	NA	11,964	10	24	11,998	
965	16	517	11,867	12,400	NA	12,400	10	24	12,434	
66	15	553	12,501	13,069	NA	13,069	10	23	13,102	
67	11	594	13,112	13,717	NA	13,717	10	24	13,751	
68	10	609	14,211	14,830	NA	14,830	10	24 25 26	14,865	
69	7	651	14,814	15,472	NA	15,472	10	25	15,507	
70	7	745	15.311	16,062	NA	16,062	11	26	16,099	
71	5	766	15,923	16,693	NA	16,693	10	25 25	16,729	
72	4	787	15,923 16,892	16,693 17,683	NA	16,693 17,683	10	25	15,507 16,099 16,729 17,718	
73	3	743	17,829	18,575	NA	18,575	11	25	18.611	
974	2	685	17,400	18,087	NA	18,087	10	24	18.120	
75	1	595	17,615	18,211	NA	18,211	10	25	18.245	
976	(s)	559	18,506	19,065	NA	19,065	10	24	19,099	
77	ŝ	543	19,240	19,783	NA	19,783	10	25	19,819	
78	(s) (⁵)	539	20,040	20,579	NA	20,579	10	25 25	20,613	
79	25	612	19,823	20,435	NA	20,435	10	24	20,469	
80	≥5	650	19,007	20,435 19,657 19,468	NA	20,435 19,657	11	24 27 26	19,695	
81	25	650 658	18,810	19,468	7	19,468	11	26	19,695 19,505	
182	25	612	18,419	10,031		19,400	11	20	10,000	
83	> 5 (505	18,591	19,031 19,097	35	19,001	13	27 30	10,1/0	
82 83 84	25	612 505 545	19,218	19,762	19 35 43	19,031 19,097 19,762	14	33	19,068 19,140 19,810	
85	(5)	519	19,505	20,024	52	20,024	14	33	20,071	
86	5	499	20,269	20,024 20,768	52 60	20,024 20,768	14	35	20,071	
87	5	535	20,209	20,768	69	21,405	16	36	20,010 21,456	
87	(5)	535	20,870	21,405		21,405		30	21,450	
88		632	21,629 21,867	22,261	70	22,261	16	36	22,313	
89		649	21,867	22,515	71	22,515	16	36 35	^R 22,567 ^R 22,540	
90	(5)	680	21,809	22,489	63	22,489	16	35	*22,540	
91	()	620	21,456 21,812 22,199	22,077	73 83 97	22,077	16	35 33 34	22,128 ^R 22,468 ^R 22,892	
91 92 93	(5)	606	21,812	22,419	83	22,419	16	33	^r 22,468	
93	(5)	643	22,199	22,842	97	22,842	16	34	^R 22,892	
94	$\left(\begin{array}{c}5\\-5\end{array}\right)$	707	22,761	23,468 23,921	109	23,468 23,921	17	35 34	[⊮] 23,520	
95	(5)	722	23,199 ^R 23,734	23,921	117	23,921	17	34	R23,520 R23,972 R24,518	
96	(5)	734	^R 23,734	24,467	84	24,467	17	34	^R 24,518	
97	(⁵)	776	^R 23,992	^R 24,768	106	24,768	17	34	^R 24,819	
98	(5)	662	^R 24,677	^R 25,338	117	25,338	17	34	^R 24,819 ^R 25,389	
99	(5)	^R 762	^R 25,493	^R 26,255	122	26,255	17	⁶ 40	^{R,6} 26,312	
00 ^P	(5)	774	25,807	26,580	139	26,580	18	41	26,639	

¹ Natural gas consumed in the operation of pipelines (primarily in compressors) and small amounts consumed as vehicle fuel. See Table 6.5.

² Alcohol (ethanol blended into motor gasoline) is included in both "Petroleum" and "Alcohol Fuels," but

³ Electric utility retail sales of electricity, includes more than a total consumption.
³ Electric utility retail sales of electricity, including nonutility sales of electricity to utilities for distribution to end users; beginning in 1996, also includes sales to ultimate consumers by power marketers.
⁴ Total losses are calculated as the energy consumed to generate electricity by the electric power sector is used by end of the algorithm and by additional by additio

minus the electricity consumed by end users (see Tables 2.1f, 8.12, A6; Diagram 5; and Glossary). Total losses are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total electricity use. (Nonutility direct use of electricity and nonutility sales of electricity to end users are allocated totally to the industrial sector.)

⁵ Since 1978, the small amounts of coal consumed for transportation are reported as industrial sector consumption.

⁶ There is a discontinuity in this time series between 1998 and 1999; beginning in 1999, nonutility consumption of fossil fuels is included in electric power sector consumption and the calculation for electrical system energy losses. See Table 2.1f.

R=Revised. P=Preliminary. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Tables 2.1f, 5.12c, 6.5, 7.3, 8.12, 10.2a, and A3-A6.

Table 2.1f Electric Power Sector Energy Consumption, 1949-2000

(Trillion Btu)

	Primary Consumption														
			Fossil Fuels				Hvdro-	Renewable Energy 1							
Year	Coal ²	Natural Gas ^{2,3}	Petroleum ²	Other ⁴	Total	Nuclear Electric Power	electric Pumped Storage ⁵	Conventional Hydroelectric Power ⁶	Wood	Waste	Geothermal ⁷	Solar	Wind	Total	Total Primary
1949	1,995	569	415	(8)	2,979	0	(8)	1,449	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	1,454	4,433
1950	2,199	651	472	(⁸)	3.322	0	(⁸)	1,440	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	1,446	4,768
1951	2,507	791	400	(8)	3,697	0	(8)	1,454	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	1,459	5,156
1952	2,557	942	420	(8)	3,920	0	(8)	1,496	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	1,503	5,422
1953	2,777	1,070	514		4,362	0		1,439	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	1,444	5,806
1954	2,841	1,206	417	(°)	4,464	0	(°)	1,388	3	NA	NA	NA	NA	1,391	5,856 6,533
1955 1956	3,458 3,790	1,194 1,283	471 455		5,123 5,527	0 0		1,407 1,487	3	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	1,411 1,489	6,533 7,016
1956	3,790	1,283	455 498		5,527 5,737		(8)	1,487	2	NA	NA	NA	NA	1,489	7,016
1957	3,855	1,383	498 486	$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$	5,737	(s) 2 2		1,629	2	NA	NA	NA	NA	1,559	7,295
1958	4,029	1,686	552	$\left\{ \frac{1}{8} \right\}$	6,267	2		1,587	2	NA	NA	NA	NA	1,589	7,261 7,858
1960	4,023	1,785	553	8	6,565	6	8	1,657	2	NA	1	NA	NA	1,659	8,230
1961	4,355	1,889	557	28	6,801	20	8	1,680	1	NA	2	NA	NA	1,684	8,505
1962	4,622	2,035	560	85	7,217	26	8	1,822	1	NA	2	NA	NA	1,825	9,069
1963	5,050	2,211	585	(8)	7,846	38	(8)	1,772	1	NA	4	NA	NA	1,777	9,661
1964	5,380	2.397	634	(8)	8,411	40	(8)	1,907	2	NA	5	NA	NA	1,913	10,363
1965	5,821	2.395	722	(8)	8,938	43	(8)	2.058	3	NA	4	NA	NA	2,065	11.046
1966	6,302	2,696	883	(8)	9,881	64	(8)	2,073	3	NA	4	NA	NA	2,081	12,026
1967	6,445	2,834	1,011	(8)	10,290	88	(8)	2,344	3	NA	7	NA	NA	2,354	12 732
1968	6,994	3,245	1,181	(8)	11,421	142	(8)	2,342	4	NA	9	NA	NA	2,355	13,918 15,216
1969	7,219	3,596	1,571	(8)	12,386	154	(8)	2,659	3	NA	13	NA	NA	2,676	15,216
1970	7,227	4,054	2,117	$\binom{8}{8}$	13,399	239	(8)	2,654	1	2	11	NA	NA	2,669	16,307
1971	7,299	4,099	2,495	(°) (8)	13,893	413	(°) (8)	2,861	1	2	12	NA	NA	2,876	17,183
1972	7,811	4,084 3,748	3,097 3,515		14,992 15,921	584 910		2,944 3,010	1	2 2	31 43	NA NA	NA NA	2,979 3,056	18,554 19,887
1973 1974	8,658 8,534	3,748 3,519	3,365	$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} 0\\8 \end{array} \right\}$	15,921	1,272		3,309	1	2	43 53	NA	NA	3,056	20,055
1974	8,786	3,240	3,166	(8)	15.191	1,900	(8)	3,219	(s)	2	70	NA	NA	3,291	20,035
1976	9,720	3,152	3,477	\ 8 \	16,349	2,111	8	3,066	(3)	2	78	NA	NA	3,146	21,607
1977	10,262	3,284	3,901	<u>}</u> 8{	17,446	2,702	8	2,515	3	2	77	NA	NA	2,597	22,746
1978	10,238	3,297	3,987	85	17,522	3,024	(8)	3,141	2	1	64	NA	NA	3,209	23,755
1979	11,260	3,613	3,283	(8)	18,156	2,776	(8)	3,141	3	2	84	NA	NA	3,230	24,162
1980	12,123	3,810	2.634	(8)	18,567	2,739	(8)	3,118	3	2	110	NA	NA	3 232	24,538 24,793
1981	12,583	3,768	2,202	(8)	18,553	3,008	(8)	3,105	3	1	123	NA	NA	3,232	24,793
1982	12,582	3,342	1,568	(8)	17,491	3,131		3,572	2	1	105	NA	NA	3,680	24,303
1983	13,213	2,998	1,544	(8)	17,754	3,203	$\begin{pmatrix} 8\\8 \end{pmatrix}$	3,899	2	2	129	NA	(s) (s)	4,032	24,989
1984	14,019	3,220	1,286 1,090		18,526 18,792	3,553	(*)	3,800 3,398	5	4	165 198	(s)	(S)	3,974	26,053 26,552
1985	14,542	3,160	1,090	$\binom{0}{8}$	18,792	4,149		3,398	8	7	198	(s)	(s)	3,611	26,552 26,735
1986 1987	14,444 15,173	2,691	1,452 1,257		18,586 19,365	4,471 4,906		3,446 3,117	5 8	7	219 229	(s)	(s)	3,678 3,362	26,735 27,633
1987	15,173	2,935 2,709	1,257	$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} 8\\ 8 \end{array} \right\}$	20,123	4,906		2.662	10	8	229	(s)	(s)	2,897	27,633 28,681
1989	15,988	2,709	1,685	R-50	20,123	5,677		^{R,1} 3,014	¹ 289	1104 ¹	^{R,1} 325	(s) 17	(s) 124	3,763	29,934
1990	16,190	2,882	1,250	^R -80	20,242	6,162	-36	R3 146	316	137	R344	7	32	3,982	30,350
1991	16,028	2,856	1,178	^R 59	20,121	6,580	-47	^R 3,146 ^R 3,159	346	164	R352	8	32	4,061	30,715
1992	16,211	2,826	951	^R 59 ^R 53	20,041	6,608	-43	^R 2.818	368	184	^R 362	8	30	3,769	30,376
1993	16,790	2,741	1,052	^R 50	20,634	6,520	-42	^R 3,119	379	191	^R 374	9	31	4,104	31,216
1994	16,895	3.053	968	^R 140	21,056	6.838	-35	^R 2.993	390	197	^R 378	8	36	4,002	31.861
1995	16,990	3,276	658	^R 121 ^R 109	21,046	7,177	-28	^R 3,481	375	209	R319	8	33	4,426	32,621
1996	17,953	2,798	725	^R 109	21,585	7,168	-32	^R 3,892	380	214	R331	9	35	4,861	33,581
1997	18,501	3,025	822	^R 109	22,456	6,678	-42	^R 3,961	355	213	^R 306	9	33	4,877	33,970
1998	18,685	3,330	1,166	R48	23,228	7,157	-46	^R 3,569	329	220	R310	9	31	4,468	34,807
1999	² 19,533	² 5,811	² 1,349	R92	⁹ 26,785	^R 7,736	^R -65	R3,512	389	243	R354	9	46	4,554	⁹ 39,009
2000 ^P	20,503	6,475	1,209	102	28,289	8,009	-58	3,107	409	254	298	9	51	4,128	40,368

¹ Beginning in 1989, includes expanded coverage of nonutility consumption.

² Data for 1949-1998 are for electric utility consumption to produce electricity only; data for 1999 and 2000 are for electric utility and nonutility consumption to produce electricity only. See Tables 5.12d, 6.5, and 7.3.

³ Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

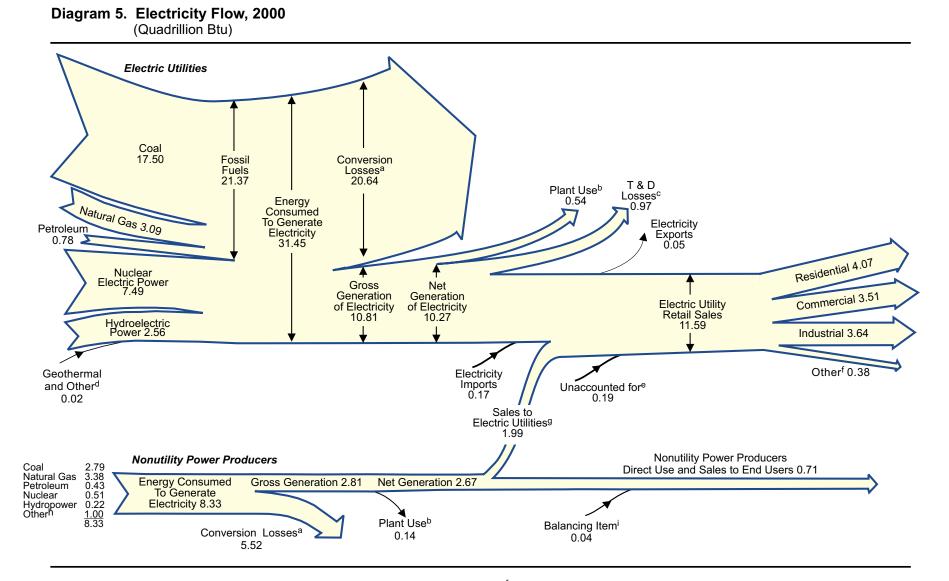
 ⁴ Electricity net imports from fossil fuels; may include some nuclear-generated electricity.
 ⁵ Pumped storage facility production minus energy used for pumping.
 ⁶ Through 1988, includes all electricity net imports. From 1989, includes electricity net imports derived from hydroelectric power only.

⁷ From 1989, includes electricity imports from Mexico that are derived from geothermal energy.
 ⁸ Included in conventional hydroelectric power.

⁹ There is a discontinuity in this time series between 1998 and 1999; beginning in 1999, nonutility consumption of fossil fuels is included in electric power sector consumption and the calculation for electrical system energy losses. See Note 4 at end of Electricity section.

R=Revised. P=Preliminary. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu. NA=Not available. Note: _Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/fuelrenewable.html. Sources: Tables 5.12d, 6.5, 7.3, 8.1, 8.2, 10.2b, A1, and A4-A6.



^a Approximately two-thirds of all energy used to generate electricity. See Note 1 at end of section.

^b The electric energy used in the operation of power plants, estimated as 5 percent of gross generation. See Note 1 at end of section.

^c Transmission and distribution losses are estimated as 9 percent of gross generation of electricity. See Note 1 at end of section.

^d Wood, waste, wind, and solar energy used to generate electricity. See Table 8.3.

^e Balancing item to adjust for data collection frame differences and nonsampling error.

^f Public street and highway lighting, other sales to public authorities, sales to railroads and railways, and interdepartmental sales.

^g Sales, interchanges, and exchanges of electric energy with utilities.

^h Geothermal, wood, waste, wind, and solar energy used to generate electricity. See Table 8.4.

ⁱ Transmission and distribution losses and unaccounted for.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Tables 8.1, 8.3, 8.8, 8.12, A6, and (for Sales to Electric Utilities) EIA, *Short-Term Energy Outlook* (May 2001), Table A8.

Credits and Web Locations

The production and end-use data in this chart were derived from: U.S. Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration, *Annual Energy Review 2000*, DOE/EIA-0384(2000), Washington, D.C., August 2001. The report is available on the Web at <u>http://www.eia.doe.gov/aer</u>

The energy flow charts prepared by Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory are available on the Web at <u>http://en-env.llnl.gov/flow/</u>

Graphic artist: Helen Magann