

**METALLURGICAL LABORATORY HAZARDOUS WASTE
MANAGEMENT FACILITY GROUNDWATER MONITORING
REPORT (U)
SECOND QUARTER 1993**

by

C. Y. Thompson

Westinghouse Savannah River Company

Savannah River Site

Aiken, South Carolina 29808

DOE Contract No. DE-AC09-89SR18035

This paper was prepared in connection with work done under the above contract number with the U. S. Department of Energy. By acceptance of this paper, the publisher and/or recipient acknowledges the U. S. Government's right to retain a nonexclusive, royalty-free license in and to any copyright covering this paper, along with the right to reproduce and to authorize others to reproduce all or part of the copyrighted paper.

DISTRIBUTION OF THIS DOCUMENT IS UNLIMITED

DISCLAIMER

This report was prepared by Westinghouse Savannah River Company (WSRC) for the United States Department of Energy under Contract No. DE-AC09-89SR18035 and is an account of work performed under that contract. Reference herein to any specific commercial product, process, or service by trademark, name, manufacturer, or otherwise does not necessarily constitute or imply endorsement, recommendation, or favoring of same by WSRC or by the United States Government or any agency thereof. The views and opinions of the authors expressed herein do not necessarily state or reflect those of the United States Government or any agency thereof.

DISCLAIMER

This report was prepared as an account of work sponsored by an agency of the United States Government. Neither the United States Government nor any agency thereof, nor any of their employees, makes any warranty, express or implied, or assumes any legal liability or responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or usefulness of any information, apparatus, product, or process disclosed, or represents that its use would not infringe privately owned rights. Reference herein to any specific commercial product, process, or service by trade name, trademark, manufacturer, or otherwise does not necessarily constitute or imply its endorsement, recommendation, or favoring by the United States Government or any agency thereof. The views and opinions of authors expressed herein do not necessarily state or reflect those of the United States Government or any agency thereof.

This report has been reproduced directly from the best available copy.

Available to DOE and DOE contractors from the Office of Scientific and Technical Information, P. O. Box 62, Oak Ridge, TN 37831; prices available from (615) 576-8401.

Available to the public from the National Technical Information Service, U. S. Department of Commerce, 5285 Port Royal Rd., Springfield, VA 22161

SECOND QUARTER 1993

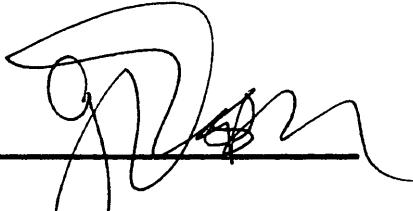
METALLURGICAL LABORATORY
HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT
FACILITY GROUNDWATER
MONITORING REPORT (U)

PUBLICATION DATE: SEPTEMBER 1993

Authorized Derivative Classifier:

Michelle Bullington

MASTER



WESTINGHOUSE SAVANNAH RIVER COMPANY

SAVANNAH RIVER SITE

AIKEN, SC 29808

DISTRIBUTION OF THIS DOCUMENT IS UNLIMITED

Abstract

During second quarter 1993, samples from AMB groundwater monitoring wells at the Metallurgical Laboratory Hazardous Waste Management Facility (HWMF) were analyzed for certain heavy metals, indicator parameters, radionuclides, volatile organic compounds, and other constituents. Six parameters exceeded standards during the quarter.

As in previous quarters, tetrachloroethylene and trichloroethylene exceeded final Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS), and pH and total organic halogens exceeded the Savannah River Site (SRS) Flag 2 criteria in one or more of the wells. Dichloromethane (methylene chloride), a common laboratory contaminant which was first compared to its final PDWS during first quarter 1993, was elevated in three wells.

Groundwater flow directions and rates in the water-table unit and the upper section of the Congaree were similar to previous quarters.

Contents

	Page
Abstract	iii
List of Figures	vii
List of Tables	vii
Executive Summary	1
Introduction	2
Discussion	4
Groundwater Monitoring Data	4
Integrity of the Monitoring Well Network	5
Analytical Results Exceeding Standards	5
Time Series Results	6
Groundwater Elevations, Flow Directions, and Flow Rates	7
Upgradient vs. Downgradient Results	8
Quality Control Results	9
Conclusions	10
Errata	11
References Cited	12
Appendix A – Final Primary Drinking Water Standards	A-1
Appendix B – Flagging Criteria	B-1
Appendix C – Figures	C-1
Appendix D – Groundwater Monitoring Results Tables	D-1
Appendix E – Data Quality/Usability Assessment	E-1
Appendix F – Time Series Plots	F-1

Appendix G – Hydrographs	G-1
Appendix H – Water-Elevation Contour Maps	H-1

List of Figures

	Page
1. Location of the Metallurgical Laboratory HWMF at the Savannah River Site	C-2
2. Water-Elevation Contour Map of the Water Table in A and M Areas	C-3
3. Water-Elevation Contour Map of the Water Table at the Metallurgical Laboratory HWMF and Locations of the Water-Table Wells	C-4
4. Potentiometric Surface Map of the Upper Section of the Congaree Aquifer at the Metallurgical Laboratory HWMF and Locations of Wells that Monitor the Upper Section of the Congaree	C-5
5. Water Elevations Map of the Lower Section of the Congaree Aquifer at the Metallurgical Laboratory HWMF and Locations of Wells that Monitor the Lower Section of the Congaree	C-6

List of Tables

	Page
1. Maximum Levels of Constituents Exceeding the Final Primary Drinking Water Standards	D-5
2. Maximum Levels of Constituents Exceeding Half the Final Primary Drinking Water Standards or Other Flag 1 or Flag 2 Criteria	D-6
3. Groundwater Monitoring Results for Individual Wells	D-7

Executive Summary

The AMB monitoring wells at the Metallurgical Laboratory Hazardous Waste Management Facility are sampled quarterly as part of the Savannah River Site (SRS) Groundwater Monitoring Program and to comply with Section III of the Natural Resources Defense Council et al. Consent Decree of May 1988.

During second quarter 1993, 18 wells were monitored at the facility. Nine of these wells monitor the water-table unit (AMB 4D, 5, 6, 7, 8D, 9D, 10D, 11D, and 12D); 8 wells monitor the upper and lower sections of the Congaree aquifer (AMB 4A, 4B, 7A, 7B, 10A, 10B, 11B, and 13AR); and well AMB 10DD monitors a perched groundwater zone beneath the facility. Samples from these wells were analyzed for alkalinity, herbicides, pesticides, pH, radio-nuclides, specific conductance, total dissolved solids, toxic metals, volatile organic compounds, and other constituents. This report describes the results that exceeded final Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS) and SRS flagging criteria.

As in past quarters, tetrachloroethylene and trichloroethylene exceeded the final PDWS, and pH and total organic halogens exceeded the Flag 2 criteria in several AMB wells. Dichloromethane (methylene chloride), a common laboratory contaminant, exceeded the final PDWS in wells AMB 4D, 5, and 7A. None of these elevated constituents were found either in the upgradient water-table wells or in approximately half of the downgradient wells. Aluminum, iron, and manganese, which were elevated in one or more of the AMB wells during first quarter 1993, were not analyzed for during second quarter 1993.

Groundwater flow directions and rates in the water-table unit and the upper section of the Congaree were similar to previous quarters. A reliable estimate of flow direction and rate in the lower section of the Congaree could not be calculated.

Introduction

The Metallurgical Laboratory Hazardous Waste Management Facility (Met Lab HWMF) is located in the eastern section of A Area at the Savannah River Site (SRS) (Figures 1 and 2, Appendix C). The facility consists of the process sewer line leading to the Metallurgical Laboratory Basin, the Metallurgical Laboratory Basin, the drainage outfall to a nearby Carolina bay, and the Carolina bay. The following description outlines important events at the facility:

- The Metallurgical Laboratory Basin was constructed and began receiving waste water effluent from the Metallurgical Laboratory Building in 1956 (WSRC, 1992a; WSRC, 1992c). Waste water released to the basin consisted of laboratory wastes from metallographic sample preparation and corrosion testing of stainless steel and nickel-based alloys. The quantity of waste water discharged to the basin was small, averaging approximately 1,000 gallons per day (Heffner and Exploration Resources, 1991).
- Release of hazardous waste from the Metallurgical Laboratory Building to the basin was discontinued in 1983 (WSRC, 1992a; WSRC, 1992c).
- Quarterly groundwater sampling began first quarter 1984 (WSRC, 1992a; WSRC, 1992c).
- Waste water flow to the Met Lab HWMF was terminated November 8, 1985 (WSRC, 1992a; WSRC, 1992c).
- The Met Lab HWMF was named in Section III of the Natural Resources Defense Council et al. Consent Decree, May 26, 1988, thus becoming subject to the requirements of Subtitle C of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) (Civil Action 1:85-2583-6, U.S. District Court, District of South Carolina, Aiken Division).
- Revision 0 of the facility's RCRA Part B Post-Closure Care Permit Application (WSRC, 1989) was submitted to the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (SCDHEC) August 18, 1989.
- A Groundwater Quality Assessment Plan (Jerome, 1990) was submitted to SCDHEC in October 1990 .
- A revised Groundwater Quality Assessment Plan was submitted to SCDHEC in March 1991 and approved by SCDHEC in June 1991 (WSRC, 1992a).
- In September 1991, a phased closure plan for the Met Lab HWMF was approved by SCDHEC, and construction to close the basin was begun (WSRC, 1992a).

- Revision 1 of the RCRA Part B Post-Closure Care Permit application (WSRC, 1991) was submitted to SCDHEC December 16, 1991.
- Closure construction of the basin was completed on May 1, 1992; official closure for the basin was completed May 11, 1992; and closure certification of the basin was submitted to SCDHEC July 10, 1992 (letter from J. Gray, ERC, to R. Sentelle, ERC, June 11, 1992). No decision has been made on closure of the Carolina bay.
- Revision 0 of the 1992 RCRA Part B Post-Closure Care Permit Renewal Application (WSRC, 1992a) was submitted to SCDHEC in September 1992 in accordance with the regulatory requirement to update and resubmit permit applications every 5 years.

Presently, the Environmental Protection Department/Environmental Monitoring Section (EPD/EMS) samples the 18 AMB wells each quarter, and the Environmental Restoration Department reports the results of this sampling to SCDHEC to meet the requirements of the South Carolina Hazardous Waste Management Regulations (SCDHEC, 1990).

Discussion

Groundwater Monitoring Data

The EPD/EMS sampling procedure (WSRC, 1992b) requires evacuation of a minimum of two well volumes and stabilization of pH, specific conductance, and turbidity prior to sample collection. Stability is established when a minimum of three successive measurements, taken within a given time period, are within a specified tolerance range. If a well pumps dry before two well volumes are purged or before stabilization is achieved, it must be revisited within 24 hours for the data to be considered from a single sampling event. On the second visit within 24 hours, samples are taken without purging or stability measurements; thus, these samples may not be representative of groundwater quality.

During second quarter 1993, the groundwater samples were analyzed by General Engineering Laboratories of Charleston, South Carolina (South Carolina certification number 10120), for certain heavy metals, indicator parameters, radionuclides, volatile organic compounds, and other constituents. This report describes the monitoring results that equaled or exceeded the Safe Drinking Water Act final Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS) or drinking water screening levels, as established by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) (Appendix A); the South Carolina final PDWS for lead (Appendix A); or SRS flagging criteria that are based on PDWS, Secondary Drinking Water Standards, and method detection limits (Appendix B). For simplicity, results that equaled or exceeded final PDWS or SRS Flag 2 criteria are described as *exceeding* or *above* standards or as *elevated*.

The final PDWS for individual analytes provided in Appendix A may not always match the SRS flagging criteria provided in Appendix B. The final PDWS are used as guidelines in this compliance report to meet regulatory requirements; the flagging criteria are used by EPD/EMS to identify relative levels of constituents in the groundwater and as guides for scheduling groundwater sampling.

Beginning first quarter 1993, aluminum became part of comprehensive analyses, which are conducted routinely once every two years, and dichloromethane (methylene chloride) was evaluated for the first time against a final PDWS promulgated by EPA in July 1992 (enforceable beginning January 17, 1994). The status of radium isotopes was re-examined, and radium-228 is now flagged according to its proposed drinking water standard while both radium-226 and total alpha-emitting radium (radium-223, -224, and -226 analyzed together) are flagged according to the proposed DWS for radium-226. The final PDWS for total radium (as the sum of radium-226 and -228 activities) is not used for flagging.

Integrity of the Monitoring Well Network

The groundwater monitoring well network at the Met Lab HWMF has been developed over the past decade as described below (EPD/EMS, 1993a):

- Groundwater monitoring wells AMB 1, 2, and 3 were installed in 1983.
- Wells AMB 1 and 3 were abandoned and replaced by wells AMB 1A and 3A in 1984.
- In 1988, wells AMB 4, 5, 6, and 7 were installed and wells AMB 1A, 2, and 3A were abandoned.
- In 1989, wells AMB 8, 8D, 9, 9D, 10, 10D, 10DD, 11D, and 12D were installed and wells AMB 8, 9, and 10 were abandoned.
- In 1991, wells AMB 4A, 4B, 4D, 7A, 7B, 10A, 10B, 11B, and 13AR were installed and well AMB 4 was abandoned.

The current groundwater monitoring well network at the Met Lab HWMF (Figures 3, 4, and 5, Appendix C) comprises the following: wells AMB 4D, 5, 6, 7, 8D, 9D, 10D, 11D, and 12D monitor the water-table unit; wells AMB 4B, 7B, 10B, and 11B monitor the upper section of the Congaree aquifer; wells AMB 4A, 7A, 10A, and 13AR monitor the lower section of the Congaree aquifer; and well AMB 10DD monitors a perched groundwater zone beneath the Met Lab HWMF. Background wells for the facility are proposed in the recent Part B permit renewal application (WSRC, 1992a).

Table 3 (Appendix D) lists the number of well volumes purged from each well during second quarter 1993. Wells AMB 4D, 5, 6, 7, 10A, and 13AR went dry during purging and were sampled after they recovered. Thus, the samples from these wells may not be representative of the groundwater quality at the Met Lab HWMF.

Analytical Results Exceeding Standards

Results for analytes that exceeded the final PDWS (see Appendix A) during second quarter 1993 are provided in Table 1 (Appendix D). Dichloromethane (methylene chloride) exceeded the final PDWS in wells AMB 4D, 5, and 7A. Tetrachloroethylene exceeded the final PDWS in wells AMB 4A, 4D, 5, and 7A. Trichloroethylene was elevated in wells AMB 4A, 4B, 4D, 5, 6, and 7A. The highest tetrachloroethylene and trichloroethylene concentrations, 48 µg/L and 533 µg/L, respectively, were found in well AMB 4A.

Some of the values for the preceding quarter presented in Table 1 may differ from the values presented in the previous quarter's report because reanalyses may have been performed by the laboratory after the report went to press.

Constituents that exceeded half the final PDWS or other Flag 1 or Flag 2 criteria (see Appendix B) during second quarter 1993 are summarized in Table 2 (Appendix D). Total organic halogens exceeded the Flag 2 criterion in wells AMB 4A, 4D, 5, and 7A, with a

maximum concentration of 148 $\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$ in well AMB 4A. The pH levels were elevated in wells AMB 10A and 13AR.

Table 3 (Appendix D) presents all of the results for individual wells and indicates the analytical laboratory that conducted the analyses and those analyses that received modifiers (which help identify laboratory accuracy and precision) or that exceeded the EPA-approved holding times during second quarter 1993. Appendix E provides an assessment of the quality and useability of the data.

Time Series Results

Time series plots of field pH, field specific conductance, tetrachloroethylene, total alpha-emitting radium, total organic carbon, total organic halogens, and trichloroethylene for the 18 AMB wells are shown in Appendix F. Trends for these indicator parameters are as follows:

pH: Field pH values for most of the AMB wells have ranged between approximately 5 and 7 since sampling began. However, the pH in well AMB 10A consistently has exceeded the alkaline Flag 2 criterion of pH 10; during second quarter 1993, it was pH 11.4. The pH in well AMB 11D has usually fluctuated around neutral, but occasionally it has risen to greater than pH 9. The pH level in well AMB 13AR has exceeded the alkaline Flag 2 criterion during recent quarters.

Specific conductance: With the exception of first quarter 1992 and second quarter 1993, field specific conductance for well AMB 10A consistently has exceeded the Flag 2 criterion of 500 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ since sampling began. Specific conductance has ranged between approximately 25 and 300 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ in the remaining wells in recent years.

Tetrachloroethylene: Tetrachloroethylene concentrations for most of the AMB wells have been near or below the final PDWS of 5 $\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$ since sampling began. Concentrations in well AMB 5 have been above the final PDWS since mid-1989; concentrations in wells AMB 4A and 7A have consistently exceeded the final PDWS. Tetrachloroethylene concentrations above the final PDWS have been found in well AMB 4D during recent quarters.

Total alpha-emitting radium: All of the AMB wells have consistently exhibited total alpha-emitting radium activities below the Flag 2 criterion of 20 pCi/L.

Total organic carbon: Total organic carbon concentrations in the AMB well series have been consistently less than the Flag 2 criterion of 10,000 $\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$ since shortly after sampling began, except for a few isolated analyses in different wells during late 1989 through early 1990.

Total organic halogens: Most of the AMB wells have exhibited total organic halogen concentrations less than the Flag 2 criterion of 50 $\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$ since sampling began. However, concentrations in wells AMB 4A, 5, and 7A have exceeded this standard during most quarters that samples were analyzed, including second quarter 1993. The concentration

of total organic halogens in well AMB 4D, which has fluctuated around the Flag 2 criterion, was elevated during second quarter 1993.

Trichloroethylene: Trichloroethylene concentrations in wells AMB 4A, 4B, 4D, 5, and 7A have consistently exceeded the final PDWS of 5 µg/L since sampling began. Concentrations in wells AMB 6, 7, 7B, and 8D have fluctuated around the final PDWS; trichloroethylene was elevated in well AMB 6 during second quarter 1993. Concentrations in the remaining AMB wells have consistently been less than the final PDWS or the detection limit.

Groundwater Elevations, Flow Directions, and Flow Rates

Figure 2 (Appendix C) provides water-elevation contours for the water table in the A and M areas. Figures 3 through 5 (Appendix C) present water-elevation contours for the water table and upper and lower sections of the Congaree hydrostratigraphic unit beneath the Met Lab HWMF. Hydrographs for the AMB wells are in Appendix G, and large-scale water-elevation and potentiometric maps of the water table and the upper and lower sections of the Congaree beneath A and M areas are in Appendix H. Figures in Appendix C are oriented by SRS coordinates, while figures in Appendix H are oriented by Universal Transverse Mercator coordinates (UTM).

Historically, using SRS grid coordinates, the horizontal groundwater flow in the water table beneath the Met Lab HWMF is to the northwest, and the flow in the upper and lower sections of the Congaree aquifer is to the south. During second quarter 1993, horizontal flow in the water table was to the northwest (Figure 3, Appendix C), and flow in the upper section of the Congaree was to the southwest (Figure 4, Appendix C). The horizontal gradient in the lower section of the Congaree was not contoured because of the low horizontal gradient and the near-linear distribution of the monitoring wells.

Horizontal flow rate estimates for the three hydrostratigraphic units during the past four quarters are provided below.

Horizontal Groundwater Flow Rates (ft/yr) in the Hydrostratigraphic Units Beneath the Met Lab HWMF

Unit	3Q92	4Q92	1Q93	2Q93
Water table	140	130	160	160
Congaree, upper section	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7
Congaree, lower section	N	N	N	N

^a N = Horizontal gradient too low to calculate the flow rate.

The groundwater flow rate beneath the Met Lab HWMF is estimated using the following equation:

$$\text{Flow (ft/day)} = \frac{\text{Hydraulic Conductivity (ft/day)}}{\text{Porosity (unitless)}} \times \frac{dh (\text{ft})}{dl (\text{ft})}$$

Hydraulic conductivity constants estimated for the water-table unit, the upper section of the Congaree, and the lower section of the Congaree are 27, 1.05, and 1.48 ft/day, respectively, and the effective porosity values are 20%, 30%, and 30%, respectively (WSRC, 1991).

The value dh is the difference in head, and dl is the length of the flow path.

Flow path length is calculated to the nearest 50 ft for each hydrostratigraphic unit. Flow rate per day is calculated to two significant figures, then multiplied by 365 and rounded to two significant figures for the flow rate per year. Flow rate estimates vary depending on the vertical gradient between wells, the size of the area under consideration, and the number of data points. The values presented here are useful as order of magnitude estimates only.

The flow rate estimate for groundwater in the water-table unit beneath the Met Lab HWMF during second quarter 1993 is as follows (Figure 3, Appendix C):

$$\frac{27}{0.20} \times \frac{2.5}{750} = 0.45 \text{ ft/day}$$

$$0.45 \text{ ft/day} \times 365 \text{ days} \approx 160 \text{ ft/yr}$$

The flow rate estimate for groundwater in the upper section of the Congaree beneath the Met Lab HWMF is as follows (Figure 4, Appendix C):

$$\frac{1.05}{0.30} \times \frac{1}{350} = 0.01 \text{ ft/day}$$

$$0.01 \text{ ft/day} \times 365 \text{ days} \approx 3.7 \text{ ft/yr}$$

Upgradient vs. Downgradient Results

Water-table wells AMB 11D and 12D are upgradient relative to the Met Lab HWMF. No AMB wells monitor upgradient groundwater quality in the Congaree. The 1992 RCRA Part B permit renewal application identifies proposed upgradient wells for this unit (WSRC, 1992a).

During second quarter 1993, upgradient wells AMB 11D and 12D did not contain any constituents that exceeded the final PDWS or Flag 2 criteria.

Downgradient water-table wells AMB 4D, 5, and 6 contained elevated levels of dichloromethane (methylene chloride), tetrachloroethylene, total organic halogens, or trichloroethylene. Downgradient well AMB 4B, in the upper section of the Congaree, contained an elevated concentration of trichloroethylene. Downgradient wells AMB 4A, 7A, 10A, and 13AR, in the lower section of the Congaree, contained elevated levels of dichloromethane

(methylene chloride), pH, specific conductance, tetrachloroethylene, total organic halogens, or trichloroethylene.

Quality Control Results

Blind replicate analyses, representing approximately 5% of the quarter's total groundwater samples, are performed by the analytical laboratories each quarter for wells selected by EPD/EMS as part of the EPD/EMS quality assurance program (see Appendix E). The results of the analyses are used for both intralaboratory and interlaboratory comparisons. **The Savannah River Site's Groundwater Monitoring Program, Second Quarter 1993 (U)**, ESH-EMS-930097 (EPD/EMS, 1993b) provides full replicate results and statistical comparisons of both blind replicate and duplicate results.

No AMB well was selected to receive blind replicate analysis during second quarter 1993. As a part of intralaboratory quality assurance procedures, certain analyses were duplicated by the laboratory. These results are reported in Table 3.

Conclusions

During second quarter 1993, as in previous quarters, tetrachloroethylene and trichloroethylene exceeded the final PDWS in several AMB wells. The RCRA Part B Post-Closure Care Permit Application for the Met Lab HWMF (WSRC, 1991) indicates that a small, isolated plume of tetrachloroethylene and trichloroethylene, located in the water-table unit near the Met Lab HWMF, is from the Metallurgical Laboratory Basin. The permit application also indicates that the primary source of the contamination in the deeper units near the Met Lab HWMF is the extensive organic halogens plume resulting from M-Area operations. SRS is addressing the effects of organic halogens near the Met Lab HWMF under the provisions of the corrective action program of the M-Area HWMF post-closure care permit renewal application (WSRC, 1992a; WSRC, 1992d).

Dichloromethane (methylene chloride), which exceeded the final PDWS (enforceable January 17, 1994) in wells AMB 4D, 5, and 7A, is a common laboratory contaminant and, thus, may not represent groundwater quality in these wells. This constituent received a final PDWS in July 1992. This standard was first applied in the SRS Groundwater Monitoring Program beginning first quarter 1993; previously, dichloromethane (methylene chloride) had no standard of comparison in the program.

Similar to past quarters, pH and total organic halogens exceeded the Flag 2 criteria in one or more of the AMB wells during second quarter 1993. Generally, maximum levels for these constituents were detected in Congaree wells. Aluminum, iron, and manganese were elevated in one or more AMB well during first quarter 1993 but were not analyzed for during second quarter 1993.

Elevated constituents were not found in upgradient water-table wells AMB 11D and 12D or in downgradient wells AMB 7, 7B, 8D, 9D, 10B, 10D, and 11B.

Historically and currently, the horizontal flow direction in the water table beneath the Met Lab HWMF is to the northwest. Historically, the flow direction in the upper and lower sections of the Congaree aquifer is to the south. During second quarter 1993, horizontal flow in the upper section of the Congaree was to the southwest. The low horizontal gradient and near-linear arrangement of the monitoring wells in the lower section of the Congaree prevented the calculation of a reliable flow direction and rate in this hydrostratigraphic unit. The flow rate estimates for groundwater in the water table and the upper section of the Congaree during the quarter were 160 ft/yr and 3.7 ft/yr, respectively. These estimated flow rates, which represent the assumed maximum contaminant migration rates, are similar to the estimated rates for previous quarters.

Errata

Second Quarter 1992:

- Page D-3: Well AMB 4A should have a second result for tetrachloroethylene of 12 $\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$.
- Page D-9: The trichloroethylene result of 81 $\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$ for well AMB 4A should be 510 $\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$.

Third Quarter 1992:

- Prior to third quarter 1992, the results of certain analyses for *nitrate-nitrite as nitrogen* were reported incorrectly by the General Engineering laboratory as *nitrate as nitrogen* results. The analyses in the results tables of this report are reported correctly (*nitrate-nitrite* results have been separated from true *nitrate* results).

Fourth Quarter 1992:

- No errata reported.

First Quarter 1993:

- No errata reported.

References Cited

EPD/EMS (Environmental Protection Department/Environmental Monitoring Section), 1993a. **Environmental Protection Department's Well Inventory (through the fourth quarter of 1992)**, ESH-EMS-920040. Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC.

EPD/EMS (Environmental Protection Department/Environmental Monitoring Section), 1993b (in preparation). **The Savannah River Site's Groundwater Monitoring Program, Second Quarter 1993 (U)**, ESH-EMS-930097. Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC.

Heffner, J. D., and Exploration Resources, Inc., 1991. **Technical Summary of Groundwater Quality Protection Program at the Savannah River Site (1952-1986), Volume I—Site Geohydrology and Waste Sites**, DPSP-88-1002. Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Aiken, SC.

Jerome, K. M., 1990. **Groundwater Quality Assessment Plan for the Metallurgical Laboratory Hazardous Waste Management Facility**, WSRC-RP-90-1185. Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Aiken, SC.

SCDHEC (South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control), 1990. **South Carolina Hazardous Waste Management Regulations**; R.61-79.124, .260 through .266, .268, and .270; November 1990. Columbia, SC.

WSRC (Westinghouse Savannah River Company), 1989. **Application for a RCRA Part B Post-Closure Care Permit, Vol. XIV, Metallurgical Laboratory Hazardous Waste Management Facility**, Rev. 0, June 1989. Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Aiken, SC.

WSRC (Westinghouse Savannah River Company), 1991. **Application for a Hazardous Waste Part B Post-Closure Care Permit, Vol. XIV, [Metallurgical Laboratory Hazardous Waste Management Facility]**, Rev. 1, Dec. 1991. Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Aiken, SC.

WSRC (Westinghouse Savannah River Company), 1992a. **1992 RCRA Part B Permit Renewal Application, Volume XIV, Metallurgical Laboratory Hazardous Waste Management Facility—Post-Closure**, WSRC-IM-91-53, Book 1, Rev. 0., September 1992. Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Aiken, SC.

WSRC (Westinghouse Savannah River Company), 1992b. **Hydrogeologic Data Collection Procedures and Specifications: Sampling Groundwater Monitoring Wells, Manual**

3Q5, Chapter 15, Rev. 0. Environmental Protection Department, Environmental Monitoring Section, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC.

WSRC (Westinghouse Savannah River Company), 1992c. **Metallurgical Laboratory Hazardous Waste Management Facility Basin Closure Plan, Vol. I, Rev. 9, April 1992.** Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Aiken, SC.

WSRC (Westinghouse Savannah River Company), 1992d. **1992 RCRA Part B Permit Renewal Application, Volume III, M-Area Hazardous Waste Management Facility – Post-Closure, WSRC-IM-91-53, Book 1, Rev. 0., March 1992.** Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Aiken, SC.

Appendix A – Final Primary Drinking Water Standards

Final Primary Drinking Water Standards

<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Level</u>	<u>Status</u>	<u>Source</u>
Antimony	µg/L	6	Final	EPA, 1992b
Arsenic	µg/L	50	Final	EPA, 1992a
Asbestos	fibers/L	7,000,000	Final	EPA, 1992a
Barium	µg/L	2,000	Final	EPA, 1992a
Benzene	µg/L	5	Final	EPA, 1992a
Benzo[a]pyrene	µg/L	0.2	Final	EPA, 1992b
Beryllium	µg/L	4	Final	EPA, 1992b
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	µg/L	6	Final	EPA, 1992b
Bromodichloromethane	µg/L	100 ^a	Final	EPA, 1992a
Bromoform	µg/L	100 ^a	Final	EPA, 1992a
2-sec-Butyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	µg/L	7	Final	EPA, 1992b
Cadmium	µg/L	5	Final	EPA, 1992a
Carbon tetrachloride	µg/L	5	Final	EPA, 1992a
Chlordane	µg/L	2	Final	EPA, 1992a
Chlorobenzene	µg/L	100	Final	EPA, 1992a
Chloroethene (Vinyl chloride)	µg/L	2	Final	EPA, 1992a
Chloroform	µg/L	100 ^a	Final	EPA, 1992a
Chromium	µg/L	100	Final	EPA, 1992a
Copper	µg/L	1,300	Final	EPA, 1992a
Cyanide	µg/L	200	Final	EPA, 1992b
Dibromochloromethane	µg/L	100 ^a	Final	EPA, 1992a
Dibromochloropropane	µg/L	0.2	Final	EPA, 1992a
1,2-Dibromoethane (Ethylene dibromide)	µg/L	0.05	Final	EPA, 1992a
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	µg/L	600	Final	EPA, 1992a
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	µg/L	75	Final	EPA, 1992a
1,2-Dichloroethane	µg/L	5	Final	EPA, 1992a
1,1-Dichloroethene	µg/L	7	Final	EPA, 1992a
1,2-Dichloroethene	µg/L	50	Final	EPA, 1992b
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	µg/L	70	Final	EPA, 1992a
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	µg/L	100	Final	EPA, 1992a
Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)	µg/L	5	Final	EPA, 1992b
2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid	µg/L	70	Final	EPA, 1992a
1,2-Dichloropropane	µg/L	5	Final	EPA, 1992a
Endrin	µg/L	2	Final	EPA, 1992b
Ethylbenzene	µg/L	700	Final	EPA, 1992a
Fluoride	µg/L	4,000	Final	EPA, 1992a
Gross alpha ^b	pCi/L	1.5E + 01	Final	EPA, 1992a
Heptachlor	µg/L	0.4	Final	EPA, 1992a
Heptachlor epoxide	µg/L	0.2	Final	EPA, 1992a
Hexachlorobenzene	µg/L	1	Final	EPA, 1992b
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	µg/L	50	Final	EPA, 1992b
Lead	µg/L	50	Final	SCDHEC, 1981
Lindane	µg/L	0.2	Final	EPA, 1992a
Mercury	µg/L	2	Final	EPA, 1992a
Methoxychlor	µg/L	40	Final	EPA, 1992a
Nickel	µg/L	100	Final	EPA, 1992b
Nitrate as nitrogen	µg/L	10,000	Final	EPA, 1992a
Nitrate-nitrite as nitrogen	µg/L	10,000	Final	EPA, 1992a
Nitrite as nitrogen	µg/L	1,000	Final	EPA, 1992a
Nonvolatile beta ^c	pCi/L	5E + 01	Final	EPA, 1977
PCBs ^d	µg/L	0.5	Final	EPA, 1992a
Pentachlorophenol	µg/L	1	Final	EPA, 1992a
Radium, total (Radium-226 and -228)	pCi/L	5E + 00	Final	EPA, 1992a

<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Level</u>	<u>Status</u>	<u>Source</u>
Selenium	$\mu\text{g/L}$	50	Final	EPA, 1992a
Strontium-89/90 ^a	$\mu\text{Ci/L}$	8E+00	Final	EPA, 1992a
Strontium-90	$\mu\text{Ci/L}$	8E+00	Final	EPA, 1992a
Styrene	$\mu\text{g/L}$	100	Final	EPA, 1992a
2,3,7,8-TCDD	$\mu\text{g/L}$	0.00003	Final	EPA, 1992b
Tetrachloroethylene	$\mu\text{g/L}$	5	Final	EPA, 1992a
Thallium	$\mu\text{g/L}$	2	Final	EPA, 1992b
Toluene	$\mu\text{g/L}$	1,000	Final	EPA, 1992a
Total trihalomethanes	$\mu\text{g/L}$	100	Final	EPA, 1992a
Toxaphene	$\mu\text{g/L}$	3	Final	EPA, 1992a
2,4,5-TP (Silvex)	$\mu\text{g/L}$	50	Final	EPA, 1992a
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	$\mu\text{g/L}$	70	Final	EPA, 1992b
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	$\mu\text{g/L}$	200	Final	EPA, 1992a
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	$\mu\text{g/L}$	5	Final	EPA, 1992b
Trichloroethylene	$\mu\text{g/L}$	5	Final	EPA, 1992a
Tritium	$\mu\text{Ci/mL}$	2E+01	Final	EPA, 1992a
Xylenes	$\mu\text{g/L}$	10,000	Final	EPA, 1992a

- ^a This value is the drinking water standard for total trihalomethanes (the sum of bromoform, bromodichloro-methane, chloroform, and dibromo-chloromethane).
- ^b The standard given is for gross alpha including radium-226 but excluding radon and uranium.
- ^c This is the screening level above which providers of public drinking water should perform analyses for specific man-made radionuclides. The standard for the total dose equivalent from all such radionuclides is 4 mrem per year.
- ^d Analyses were conducted in 1992 for the following: PCB 1016, PCB 1221, PCB 1232, PCB 1242, PCB 1248, PCB 1254, and PCB 1260.
- ^e For double radionuclide analyses where each separate radionuclide has its own standard, the more stringent standard is used.

References

- EPA (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency), 1977. *National Interim Primary Drinking Water Regulations*, EPA-570/9-76-003. Washington, DC.
- EPA (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency), 1992a. *National Primary Drinking Water Regulations, Code of Federal Regulations*, Title 40, Part 141, pp. 589-729. Washington, DC.
- EPA (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency), 1992b. *National Primary Drinking Water Regulations—Synthetic Organic Chemicals and Inorganic Chemicals; National Primary Drinking Water Regulations Implementation*. *Federal Register*, July 17, 1992, pp. 31776-31849. Washington, DC.
- SCDHEC (South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control), 1981. *State Primary Drinking Water Regulations*, R.61-58.5. Columbia, SC.

Appendix B – Flagging Criteria

Flagging Criteria

The Savannah River Site Environmental Protection Department/Environmental Monitoring Section (EPD/EMS) flagging criteria are as follows:

- Flag 2 criteria for constituents equal the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) final Primary Drinking Water Standard (PDWS), the SDWA proposed PDWS, or the SDWA Secondary Drinking Water Standard (SDWS). If a constituent does not have a drinking water standard, the Flag 2 criterion equals 10 times the method detection limit (MDL) calculated as the 90th percentile detection limit obtained recently by one of the primary analytical laboratories.
- Flag 1 criteria for constituents equal one-half of the final PDWS, one-half the proposed PDWS, or one-half the SDWS. If a constituent does not have a drinking water standard, the Flag 1 criterion equals 5 times the MDL calculated as the 90th percentile detection limit obtained recently by one of the primary analytical laboratories.
- Flag 0 criteria are assigned to constituent levels below Flag 1 criteria, constituent levels below the sample detection limits, or constituents having no flagging criteria.

The following parameters are not assigned flagging criteria: alkalinity, calcium, color, corrosivity, Eh, magnesium, odor, potassium, silica, sodium, total dissolved solids, total phosphates (as P), total phosphorus, and turbidity. In addition, common laboratory contaminants and cleaners including some phthalates, ketones, and toluene are not assigned flagging criteria.

<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag 1</u>	<u>Flag 2</u>	<u>Source^a</u>
Acenaphthene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Acenaphthylene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Acetone	µg/L	500	1,000	EPA Method 8240
Acetonitrile (Methyl cyanide)	µg/L	500	1,000	EPA Method 8240
Acetophenone	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
2-Acetylaminofluorene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Acrolein	µg/L	100	200	EPA Method 8240
Acrylonitrile	µg/L	100	200	EPA Method 8240
Actinium-228	pCi/L	1.64E+03	3.27E+03	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Aldrin	µg/L	0.25	0.5	EPA Method 8080
Alkalinity (as CaCO ₃)		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Allyl chloride	µg/L	250	500	EPA Method 8240
Aluminum	µg/L	25	50	SDWS (EPA, 1992c)
Americium-241	pCi/L	3.17E+00	6.34E+00	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Americium-243	pCi/L	3.19E+00	6.37E+00	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
4-Aminobiphenyl	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Ammonia	µg/L	500	1,000	APHA Method 417B
Ammonia nitrogen	µg/L	500	1,000	EPA Method 350.1
Aniline	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Anthracene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Antimony	µg/L	3	6	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992b)
Antimony-125	pCi/L	1.5E+02	3E+02	Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Aramite	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Arsenic	µg/L	25	50	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)

<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag 1</u>	<u>Flag 2</u>	<u>Source^a</u>
Asbestos	Fibers/L	3,500,000	7,000,000	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Azobenzene	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	50	100	EPA Method 625
Barium	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	1,000	2,000	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Barium-140	pCi/L	$4.5\text{E}+01$	$9\text{E}+01$	Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Benzene	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	2.5	5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
alpha-Benzene hexachloride	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0.25	0.5	EPA Method 8080
beta-Benzene hexachloride	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0.25	0.5	EPA Method 8080
delta-Benzene hexachloride	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0.25	0.5	EPA Method 8080
Benzidine	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	250	500	EPA Method 8270
Benzo[<i>a</i>]anthracene	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0.05	0.1	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1990)
Benzo[<i>b</i>]fluoranthene	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0.1	0.2	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1990)
Benzo[<i>k</i>]fluoranthene	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0.1	0.2	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1990)
Benzoic acid	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	250	500	EPA Method 8270
Benzo[<i>g,h,i</i>]perylene	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Benzo[<i>a</i>]pyrene	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0.1	0.2	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992b)
1,4-Benzoquinone	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Benzyl alcohol	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Beryllium	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	2	4	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992b)
Beryllium-7	pCi/L	$3\text{E}+03$	$6\text{E}+03$	Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Bis(2-chloroethoxy) methane	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Bis(2-chloroethyl) ether	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl) ether	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Bis(chloromethyl) ether	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	3	6	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992b)
Bromide	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	5,000	10,000	EPA Method 300.0
Bromodichloromethane	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	50	100	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Bromoform	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	50	100	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Bromomethane (Methyl bromide)	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	5	10	EPA Method 8240
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	50	100	EPA Method 8270
2-sec-Butyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	3.5	7	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992b)
Butylbenzyl phthalate		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Cadmium	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	2.5	5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Calcium		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Carbon disulfide	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	5	10	EPA Method 8240
Carbon tetrachloride	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	2.5	5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Carbon-14	pCi/L	$1\text{E}+03$	$2\text{E}+03$	Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Carbonate		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Cerium-141	pCi/L	$1.5\text{E}+02$	$3\text{E}+02$	Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Cerium-144	pCi/L	$1.31\text{E}+02$	$2.61\text{E}+02$	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Cesium-134 ^b	pCi/L	$4.07\text{E}+01$	$8.13\text{E}+01$	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Cesium-137	pCi/L	$1\text{E}+02$	$2\text{E}+02$	Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Chlordane	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	1	2	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Chloride	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	125,000	250,000	SDWS (EPA, 1992c)
4-Chloroaniline	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Chlorobenzene	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	50	100	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Chlorobenzilate	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Chloroethane	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	5	10	EPA Method 8240
Chloroethene (Vinyl chloride)	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	1	2	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Chloroethyl vinyl ether	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	5	10	EPA Method 8240
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	5	10	EPA Method 8240
Chloroform	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	50	100	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
4-Chloro-m-cresol	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Chloromethane (Methyl chloride)	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	5	10	EPA Method 8240
2-Chloronaphthalene	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	50	100	EPA Method 8240
2-Chlorophenol	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	50	100	EPA Method 8270

<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag 1</u>	<u>Flag 2</u>	<u>Source^a</u>
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Chloroprene	µg/L	1,000	2,000	EPA Method 8240
Chromium	µg/L	50	100	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Chromium-51	pCi/L	3E+03	6E+03	Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Chrysene	µg/L	0.1	0.2	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1990)
Cobalt	µg/L	20	40	EPA Method 6010
Cobalt-57	pCi/L	5E+02	1E+03	Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Cobalt-58	pCi/L	4.5E+03	9E+03	Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Cobalt-60	pCi/L	5E+01	1E+02	Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Color		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Copper	µg/L	650	1,300	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Corrosivity		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
m-Cresol (3-Methylphenol)	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
o-Cresol (2-Methylphenol)	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
p-Cresol (4-Methylphenol)	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Curium-242	pCi/L	6.65E+01	1.33E+02	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Curium-243	pCi/L	4.15E+00	8.3E+00	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Curium-243/244 ^c	pCi/L	4.15E+00	8.3E+00	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Curium-244	pCi/L	4.92E+00	9.84E+00	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Curium-245/246 ^c	pCi/L	3.12E+00	6.23E+00	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Curium-246	pCi/L	3.14E+00	6.27E+00	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Cyanide	µg/L	100	200	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992b)
p,p'-DDD	µg/L	0.5	1	EPA Method 8080
p,p'-DDE	µg/L	0.5	1	EPA Method 8080
p,p'-DDT	µg/L	0.5	1	EPA Method 8080
Di-n-butyl phthalate		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Di-n-octyl phthalate		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Diallate	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	µg/L	0.15	0.3	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1990)
Dibenzofuran	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Dibromochloromethane	µg/L	50	100	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	µg/L	0.1	0.2	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
1,2-Dibromoethane (Ethylene dibromide)	µg/L	0.025	0.05	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Dibromomethane (Methylene bromide)	µg/L	5	10	EPA Method 8240
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	µg/L	300	600	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	µg/L	37.5	75	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	µg/L	150	300	EPA Method 8240
Dichlorodifluoromethane	µg/L	5	10	EPA Method 8240
1,1-Dichloroethane	µg/L	5	10	EPA Method 8240
1,2-Dichloroethane	µg/L	2.5	5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
1,1-Dichloroethene	µg/L	3.5	7	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
1,2-Dichloroethene	µg/L	25	50	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992b)
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	µg/L	35	70	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	µg/L	50	100	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)	µg/L	2.5	5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992b)
2,4-Dichlorophenol	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
2,6-Dichlorophenol	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid	µg/L	35	70	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
1,2-Dichloropropane	µg/L	2.5	5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	µg/L	5	10	EPA Method 8240

<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag 1</u>	<u>Flag 2</u>	<u>Source^a</u>
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	µg/L	5	10	EPA Method 8240
Dieldrin	µg/L	2.5	5	EPA Method 8080
Diethyl phthalate		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Dimethoate	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
p-Dimethylaminoazobenzene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
p-(Dimethylamino)ethylbenzene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
7,12-Dimethylbenz[a]anthracene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
a,a-Dimethylphenethylamine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
2,4-Dimethyl phenol	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Dimethyl phthalate		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
1,3-Dinitrobenzene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
2,4-Dinitrophenol	µg/L	250	500	EPA Method 8270
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
1,4-Dioxane	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Diphenylamine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Dissolved organic carbon	µg/L	5,000	10,000	EPA Method 9060
Disulfoton	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Eh		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
alpha-Endosulfan	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
beta-Endosulfan	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Endosulfan I	µg/L	0.5	1	EPA Method 8080
Endosulfan II	µg/L	0.5	1	EPA Method 8080
Endosulfan sulfate	µg/L	0.5	1	EPA Method 8080
Endrin	µg/L	1	2	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992b)
Endrin aldehyde	µg/L	0.5	1	EPA Method 8080
Endrin ketone		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Ethylbenzene	µg/L	350	700	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Ethyl methacrylate	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Ethyl methanesulfonate	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Europium-152	pCi/L	3E+01	6E+01	Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Europium-154	pCi/L	1E+02	2E+02	Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Europium-155	pCi/L	3E+02	6E+02	Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Famphur	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Fluoranthene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Fluorene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Fluoride	µg/L	2,000	4,000	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Gross alpha	pCi/L	7.5E+00	1.5E+01	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Heptachlor	µg/L	0.2	0.4	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Heptachlor epoxide	µg/L	0.1	0.2	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin isomers	µg/L	0.00325	0.0065	EPA Method 8280
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HPCDD	µg/L	0.00325	0.0065	EPA Method 8280
Heptachlorodibenzo-p-furan isomers	µg/L	0.00225	0.0045	EPA Method 8280
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HPCDF	µg/L	0.00225	0.0045	EPA Method 8280
Hexachlorobenzene	µg/L	0.5	1	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992b)
Hexachlorobutadiene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	µg/L	25	50	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992b)
Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin isomers	µg/L	0.00225	0.0045	EPA Method 8280
1,2,3,4,7,8-HXCDD	µg/L	0.00225	0.0045	EPA Method 8280
Hexachlorodibenzo-p-furan isomers	µg/L	0.002	0.004	EPA Method 8280
1,2,3,4,7,8-HXCDF	µg/L	0.002	0.004	EPA Method 8280

<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag 1</u>	<u>Flag 2</u>	<u>Source^a</u>
Hexachloroethane	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Hexachlorophene	µg/L	250	500	EPA Method 8270
Hexachloropropene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
2-Hexanone	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8240
Indeno[1,2,3- <i>c,d</i>]pyrene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Iodine	µg/L	250	500	APHA Method 415A
Iodine-129	pCi/L	5E-01	1E+00	Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Iodine-131	pCi/L	1.5E+00	3E+00	Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Iodomethane (Methyl iodide)	µg/L	75	150	EPA Method 8240
Iron	µg/L	150	300	SDWS (EPA, 1992c)
Iron-55	pCi/L	1E+03	2E+03	Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Iron-59	pCi/L	1E+02	2E+02	Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Isobutyl alcohol	µg/L	500	1,000	EPA Method 8240
Isodrin	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Isophorone	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Isosafrole	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Kepone	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Lanthanum-140	pCi/L	3E+01	6E+01	Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Lead	µg/L	7.5	15	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Lindane	µg/L	0.1	0.2	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Lithium	µg/L	25	50	EPA Method 6010
Magnesium		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Manganese	µg/L	25	50	SDWS (EPA, 1992c)
Manganese-54	pCi/L	1.5E+02	3E+02	Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Mercury	µg/L	1	2	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Methacrylonitrile	µg/L	250	500	EPA Method 8240
Methapyrilene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Methoxychlor	µg/L	20	40	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
3-Methylcholanthrene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	µg/L	250	500	EPA Method 8270
Methyl ethyl ketone		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Methyl isobutyl ketone		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Methyl methacrylate	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Methyl methanesulfonate	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
2-Methylnaphthalene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Molybdenum	µg/L	250	500	EPA Method 6010
Naphthalene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
1,4-Naphthoquinone	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
1-Naphthylamine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
2-Naphthylamine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Neptunium-237	pCi/L	3.53E+00	7.06E+00	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Nickel	µg/L	50	100	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992b)
Nickel-59	pCi/L	1.5E+02	3E+02	Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Nickel-63	pCi/L	2.5E+01	5E+01	Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Niobium-95	pCi/L	1.5E+02	3.E+02	Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Nitrate as nitrogen	µg/L	5,000	10,000	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Nitrate-nitrite as nitrogen	µg/L	5,000	10,000	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Nitrite as nitrogen	µg/L	500	1,000	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
2-Nitroaniline	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
3-Nitroaniline	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
4-Nitroaniline	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Nitrobenzene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Nitrogen by Kjeldahl method	µg/L	500	1,000	EPA Method 351.2
2-Nitrophenol	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
4-Nitrophenol	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270

<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag 1</u>	<u>Flag 2</u>	<u>Source^a</u>
4-Nitroquinoline-1-oxide	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
N-Nitrosodi-n-butylamine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
N-Nitrosodiethylamine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
N-Nitrosodipropylamine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
N-Nitrosomethylethylamine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
N-Nitrosomorpholine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
N-Nitrosopiperidine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
N-Nitrosopyrrolidine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
5-Nitro-o-toluidine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Nonvolatile beta	pCi/L	2.5E+01	5E+01	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1986)
Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin isomers	µg/L	0.005	0.01	EPA Method 8280
Octachlorodibenzo-p-furan isomers	µg/L	0.005	0.01	EPA Method 8280
Odor		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Oil & Grease	µg/L	5,000	10,000	EPA Method 413.1
Parathion	µg/L	0.25	0.5	EPA Method 8080
Parathion methyl	µg/L	0.25	0.5	EPA Method 8080
PCB 1016	µg/L	0.25	0.5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
PCB 1221	µg/L	0.25	0.5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
PCB 1232	µg/L	0.25	0.5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
PCB 1242	µg/L	0.25	0.5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
PCB 1248	µg/L	0.25	0.5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
PCB 1254	µg/L	0.25	0.5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
PCB 1260	µg/L	0.25	0.5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
PCB 1262	µg/L	0.25	0.5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Pentachlorobenzene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin isomers	µg/L	0.00275	0.0055	EPA Method 8280
1,2,3,7,8-PCDD	µg/L	0.00275	0.0055	EPA Method 8280
Pentachlorodibenzo-p-furan isomers	µg/L	0.00275	0.0055	EPA Method 8280
1,2,3,7,8-PCDF	µg/L	0.00275	0.0055	EPA Method 8280
Pentachloroethane	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Pentachloronitrobenzene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Pentachlorophenol	µg/L	0.5	1	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
pH	pH	8	10	Set by EPD/EMS
pH	pH	4	3	Set by EPD/EMS
Phenacetin	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Phenanthrene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Phenol	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Phenols	µg/L	25	50	EPA Method 420.1
p-Phenylenediamine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Phorate	µg/L	0.5	1	EPA Method 8080
2-Picoline	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Plutonium-238	pCi/L	3.51E+00	7.02E+00	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Plutonium-239	pCi/L	3.11E+01	6.21E+01	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Plutonium-239/240 ^c	pCi/L	3.11E+01	6.21E+01	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Piutonium-240	pCi/L	3.11E+01	6.22E+01	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Plutonium-241	pCi/L	3.13E+01	6.26E+01	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Plutonium-242	pCi/L	3.27E+01	6.54E+01	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Potassium		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Potassium-40	pCi/L	1.5E+02	3E+02	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1986)
Pronamid	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Propionitrile	µg/L	1,000	2,000	EPA Method 8240
Pyrene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Pyridine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270

<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag 1</u>	<u>Flag 2</u>	<u>Source^a</u>
Radium (alpha-emitting) ^d	pCi/L	1E +01	2E +01	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Radium-226	pCi/L	1E +01	2E +01	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Radium-228	pCi/L	1E +01	2E +01	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Radon-222	pCi/L	1.5E +02	3E +02	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Ruthenium-103	pCi/L	1E +02	2E +02	Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Ruthenium-106	pCi/L	1.5E +01	3E +01	Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Safrole	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Selenium	µg/L	25	50	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Silica		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Total silica	µg/L	500	1,000	EPA Method 6010
Silver	µg/L	50	100	SDWS (EPA, 1992c)
Sodium		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Sodium-22	pCi/L	2.33E +02	4.66E +02	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Specific conductance	µS/cm	250	500	Set by EPD/EMS
Strontium-89	pCi/L	1E +01	2E +01	Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Strontium-89/90 ^c	pCi/L	4E +00	8E +00	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Strontium-90	pCi/L	4E +00	8E +00	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Styrene	µg/L	50	100	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Sulfate	µg/L	200,000	400,000	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1990)
Sulfide	µg/L	5,000	10,000	EPA Method 9030
Sulfotetpp	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Surfactants		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
2,3,7,8-TCDD	µg/L	0.000015	0.00003	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992b)
2,3,7,8-TCDF	µg/L	0.002	0.004	EPA Method 8280
Technetium-99	pCi/L	4.5E +02	9E +02	Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin isomers	µg/L	0.00225	0.0045	EPA Method 8280
Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-furan isomers	µg/L	0.002	0.004	EPA Method 8280
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	µg/L	5	10	EPA Method 8240
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	µg/L	5	10	EPA Method 8240
Tetrachloroethylene	µg/L	2.5	5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Tetraethyl dithiopyrophosphate	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Thallium	µg/L	1	2	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992b)
Thionazin	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Thorium-228	pCi/L	6.25E +01	1.25E +02	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Thorium-230	pCi/L	3.96E +01	7.92E +01	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Thorium-232	pCi/L	4.4E +01	8.8E +01	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Thorium-234	pCi/L	2E +02	4.01E +02	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Tin	µg/L	10	20	EPA Method 282.2
Tin-113	pCi/L	1.5E +02	3E +02	Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Toluene	µg/L	500	1,000	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
o-Toluidine	µg/L	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Total carbon	µg/L	5,000	10,000	EPA Method 9060
Total dissolved solids		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Total hydrocarbons	µg/L	5,000	10,000	EPA Method 418.1
Total inorganic carbon	µg/L	5,000	10,000	EPA Method 9060
Total organic carbon	µg/L	5,000	10,000	EPA Method 9060
Total organic halogens	µg/L	25	50	EPA Method 9020
Total organic nitrogen	µg/L	500	1,000	APHA Method 420
Total petroleum hydrocarbons	µg/L	5,000	10,000	EPA Method 418.1
Total phosphates (as P)		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Total phosphorus		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS

<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag 1</u>	<u>Flag 2</u>	<u>Source^a</u>
Toxaphene	$\mu\text{g/L}$	1.5	3	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
2,4,5-TP (Silvex)	$\mu\text{g/L}$	25	50	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Tributyl phosphate	$\mu\text{g/L}$	50	100	EPA Method 8270
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	$\mu\text{g/L}$	35	70	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992b)
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	$\mu\text{g/L}$	100	200	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	$\mu\text{g/L}$	2.5	5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992b)
Trichloroethylene	$\mu\text{g/L}$	2.5	5	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Trichlorofluoromethane	$\mu\text{g/L}$	5	10	EPA Method 8240
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	$\mu\text{g/L}$	50	100	EPA Method 8270
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	$\mu\text{g/L}$	50	100	EPA Method 8270
2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxyacetic acid	$\mu\text{g/L}$	2.5	5	EPA Method 8150
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	$\mu\text{g/L}$	5	10	EPA Method 8240
O,O,O-Triethyl phosphorothioate	$\mu\text{g/L}$	50	100	EPA Method 8270
1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	$\mu\text{g/L}$	50	100	EPA Method 8270
Tritium	pCi/mL	$1\text{E}+01$	$2\text{E}+01$	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Turbidity		No flag	No flag	Set by EPD/EMS
Uranium	$\mu\text{g/L}$	10	20	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Uranium alpha activity	pCi/L	$1.5\text{E}+01$	$3\text{E}+01$	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Uranium-233/234 ^c	pCi/L	$6.9\text{E}+00$	$1.38\text{E}+01$	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Uranium-234	pCi/L	$6.95\text{E}+00$	$1.39\text{E}+01$	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Uranium-235	pCi/L	$7.25\text{E}+00$	$1.45\text{E}+01$	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Uranium-238	pCi/L	$7.3\text{E}+00$	$1.46\text{E}+01$	Proposed PDWS (EPA, 1991)
Vanadium	$\mu\text{g/L}$	40	80	EPA Method 6010
Vinyl acetate	$\mu\text{g/L}$	5	10	EPA Method 8240
Xylenes	$\mu\text{g/L}$	5,000	10,000	Final PDWS (EPA, 1992a)
Zinc	$\mu\text{g/L}$	2,500	5,000	SDWS (EPA, 1992c)
Zinc-65	pCi/L	$1.5\text{E}+02$	$3\text{E}+02$	Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Zirconium-95	pCi/L	$1\text{E}+02$	$2\text{E}+02$	Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)
Zirconium/Niobium-95 ^c	pCi/L	$1\text{E}+02$	$2\text{E}+02$	Final PDWS (EPA, 1977)

- ^a References for methods are found in Appendix E; references for dated sources are at the end of this appendix.
^b EPD/EMS set this flagging criterion using the 1991 proposed PDWS because the final PDWS in 1977 may have been in error.
^c When radionuclide analyses are combined, the lower PDWS of the two isotopes is used for flagging.
^d The applied standard is for radium-226.

References

EPA (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency), 1977. *National Interim Primary Drinking Water Regulations*, EPA-570/9-76-003. Washington, DC.

EPA (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency), 1986. *Water Pollution Control; National Primary Drinking Water Regulations, Radionuclides (Proposed)*. *Federal Register*, September 30, 1986, pp. 34836-34862. Washington, DC.

EPA (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency), 1990. *National Primary and Secondary Drinking Water Regulations; Synthetic Organic Chemicals and Inorganic Chemicals (Proposed Rule)*. *Federal Register*, July 25, 1990, pp. 30369-30448. Washington, DC.

EPA (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency), 1991. *National Primary Drinking Water Regulations; Radionuclides; Proposed Rule*. *Federal Register*, July 18, 1991, pp. 33052-33127. Washington, DC.

EPA (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency), 1992a. *National Primary Drinking Water Regulations, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 40, Part 141*, pp. 589–729. Washington, DC.

EPA (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency), 1992b. *National Primary Drinking Water Regulations—Synthetic Organic Chemical and Inorganic Chemicals; National Primary Drinking Water Regulations Implementation. Federal Register*, July 17, 1992, pp. 31776–31849. Washington, DC.

EPA (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency), 1992c. *National Secondary Drinking Water Regulations, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 40, Part 143*, pp. 772–776. Washington, DC.

Appendix C – Figures

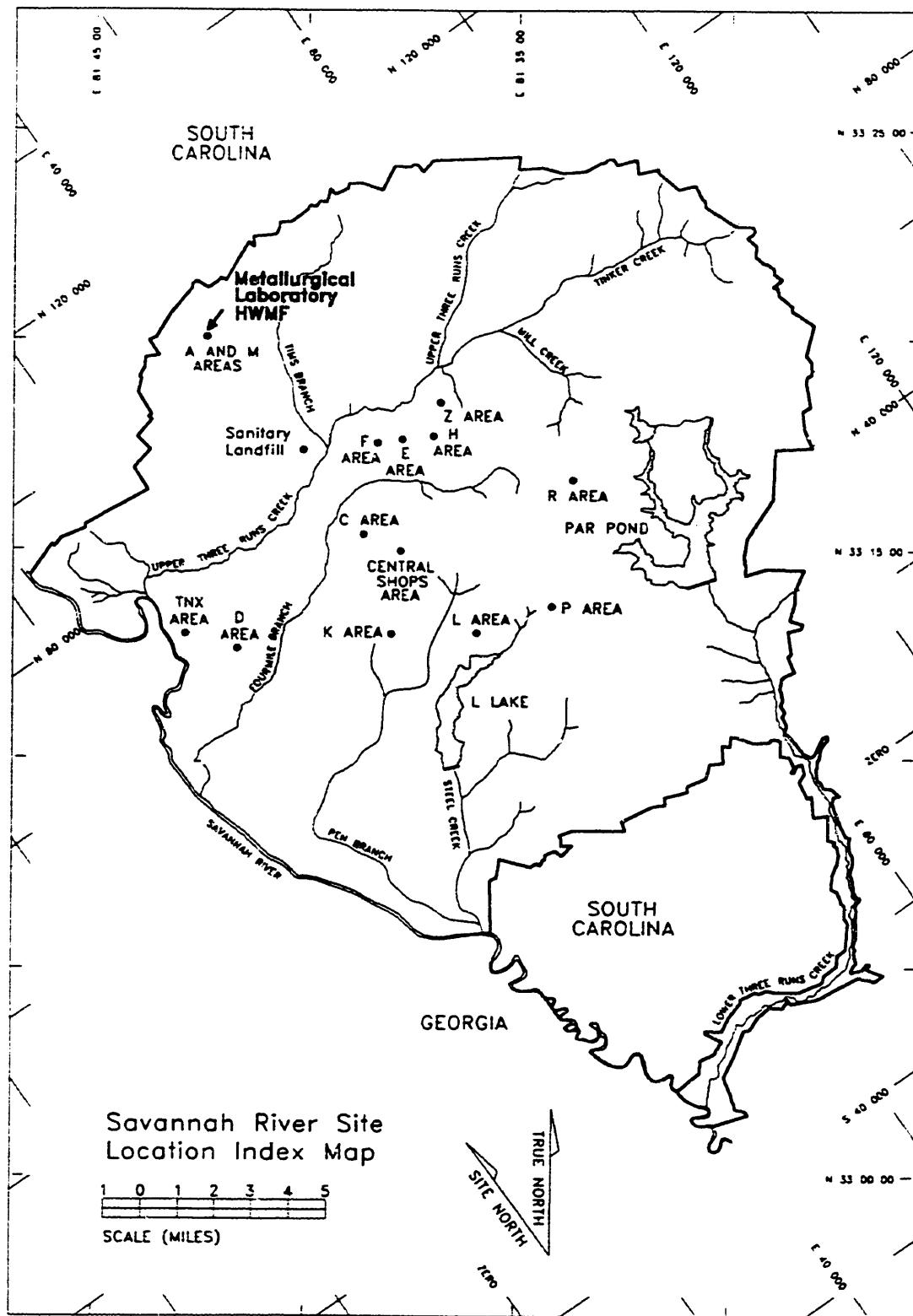


Figure 1. Location of the Metallurgical Laboratory HWMF at the Savannah River Site

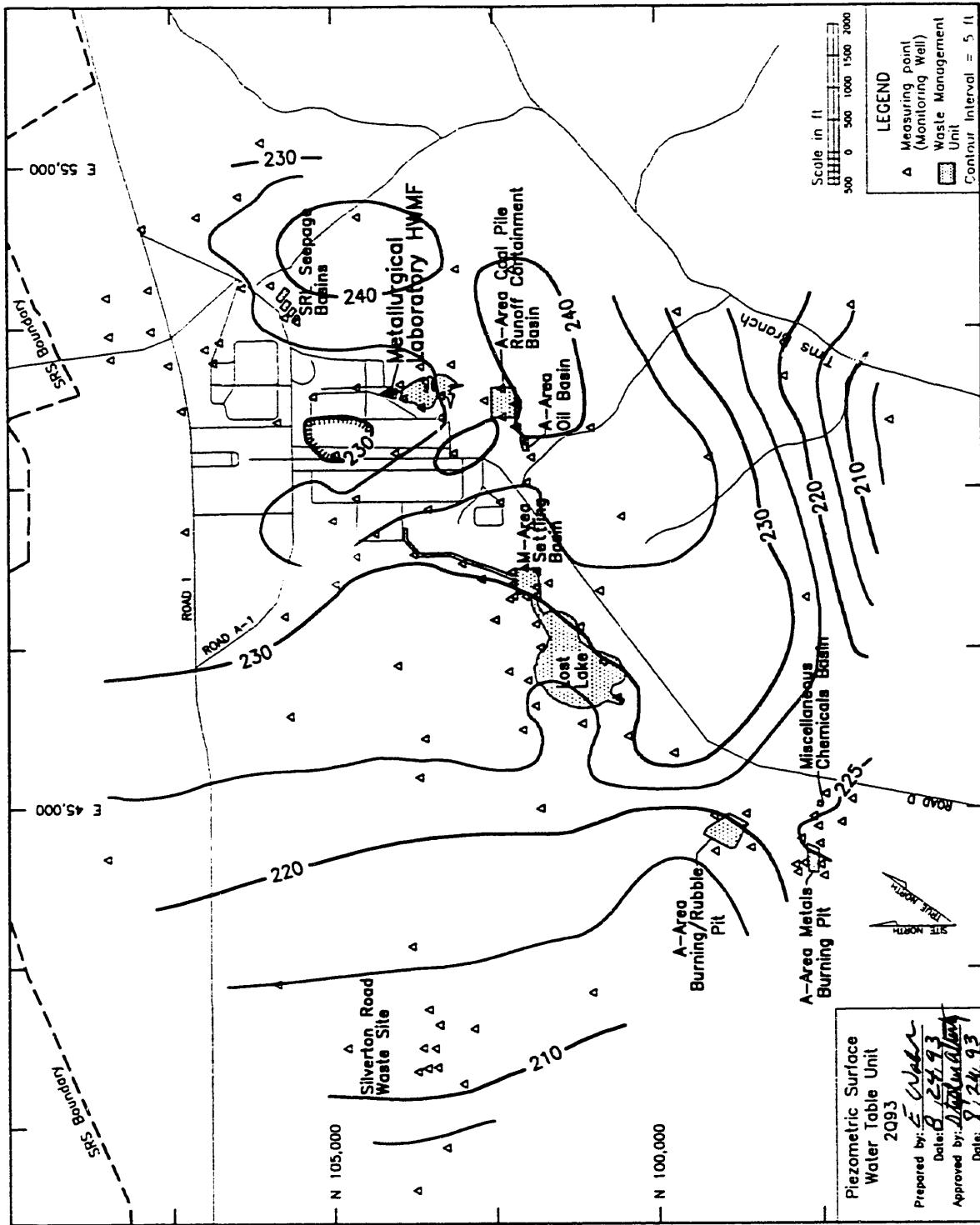


Figure 2. Water-Elevation Contour Map of the Water Table in A and M Areas

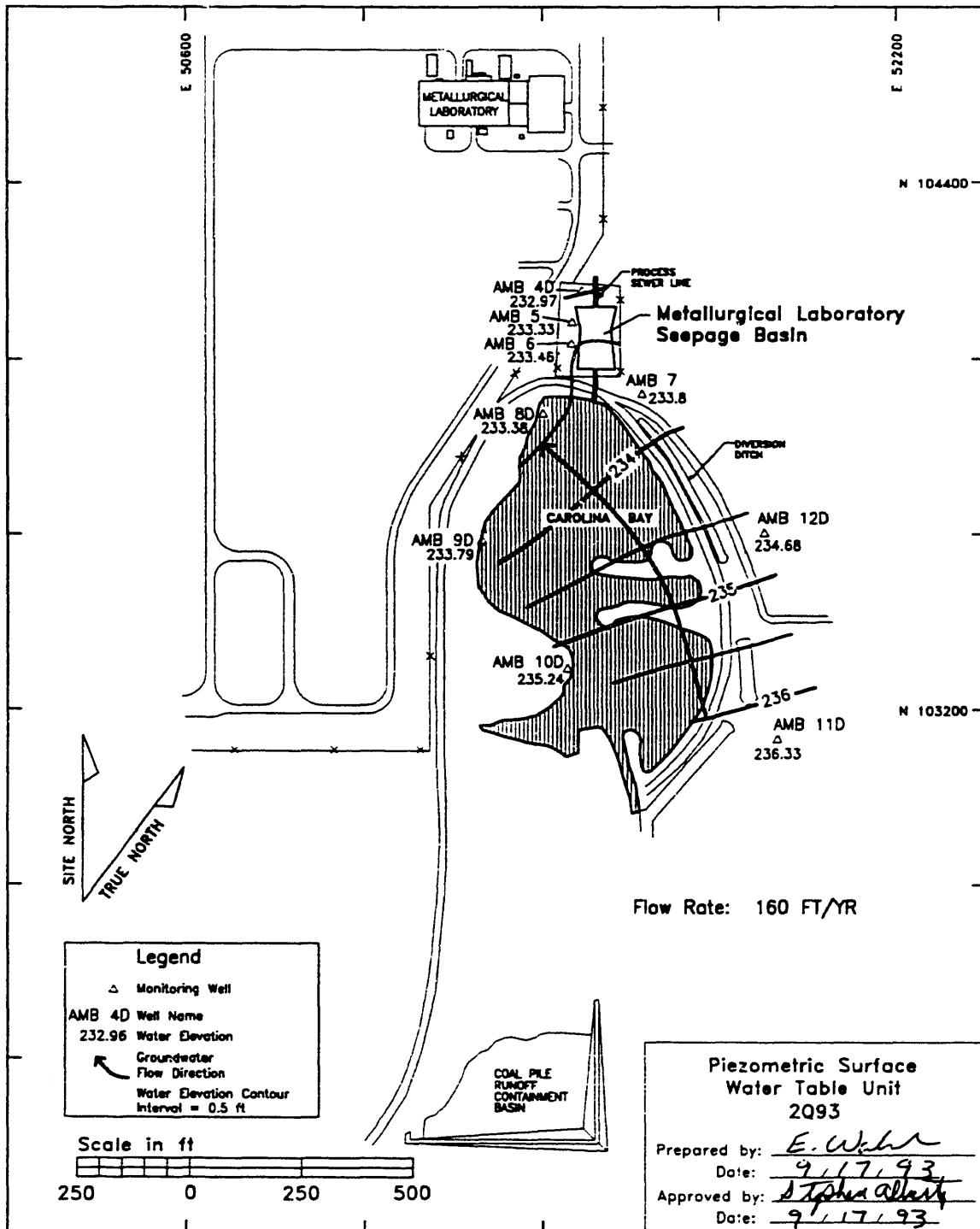


Figure 3. Water-Elevation Contour Map of the Water Table at the Metallurgical Laboratory HWMF and Locations of the Water-Table Wells

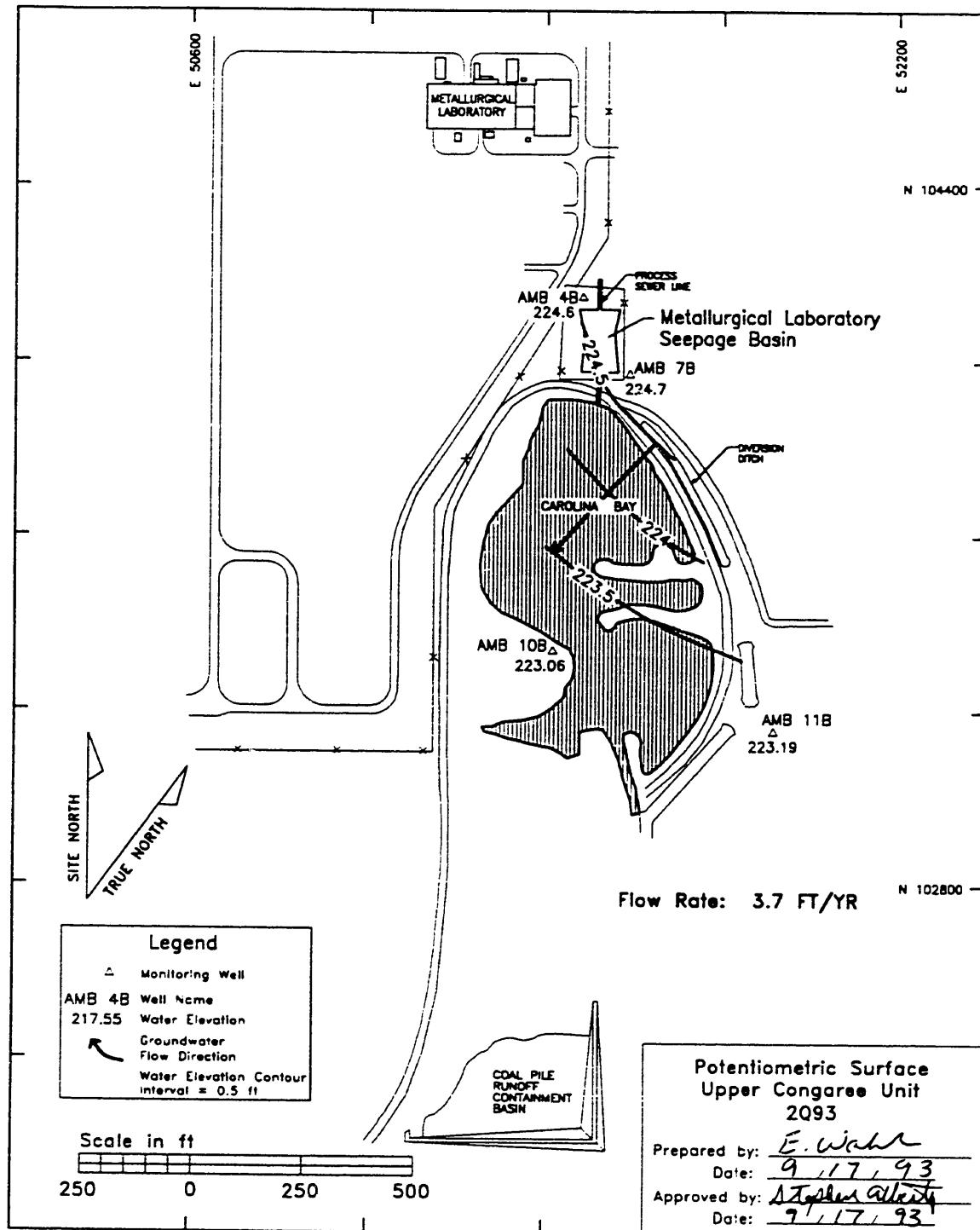


Figure 4. Potentiometric Surface Map of the Upper Section of the Congaree Aquifer at the Metallurgical Laboratory HWMF and Locations of Wells that Monitor the Upper Section of the Congaree

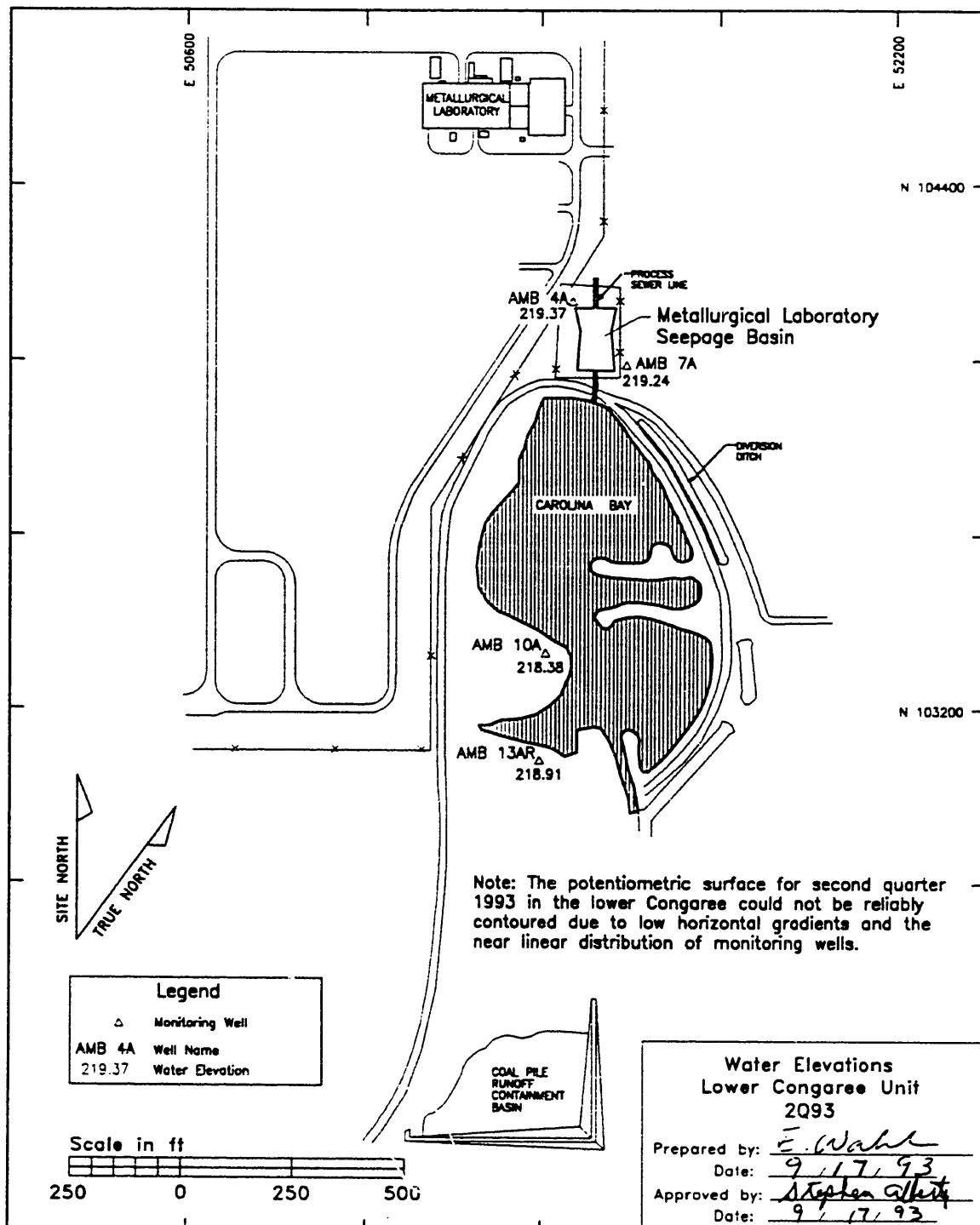


Figure 5. Water Elevations Map of the Lower Section of the Congaree Aquifer at the Metallurgical Laboratory HWMF and Locations of Wells that Monitor the Lower Section of the Congaree

Appendix D – Groundwater Monitoring Results Tables

Key to Reading the Tables

The following abbreviations may appear in the tabular data:

B = sample collected from well using an open bucket bailer
 BA = Barringer Laboratories, Inc.
 CN = Clemson Technical Center, Inc.
 CS = carbon steel
 D = primary drinking water standard (PDWS)
 E = exponential notation (e.g., 1.1E-09 = $1.1 \times 10^{-9} = 0.0000000011$)
 EM = Environmental Protection Department/Environmental Monitoring Section (EPD/EMS)
 Laboratory
 GE = General Engineering Laboratories
 GP = Environmental Physics, Inc.
 H = holding time
 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HPCDD = 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin
 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HPCDF = 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-heptachlorodibenzo-p-furan
 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD = 1,2,3,4,7,8-hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin
 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF = 1,2,3,4,7,8-hexachlorodibenzo-p-furan
 Lindane = gamma-benzene hexachloride
 mg/L = milligrams per liter
 Mod = modifier
 msl = mean sea level
 MSL = million structures per liter
 NTU = turbidity unit
 P = sample collected from well using a bladder pump
 PCB = polychlorinated biphenyl
 1,2,3,7,8-PCDD = 1,2,3,7,8-pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin
 1,2,3,7,8-PCDF = 1,2,3,7,8-pentachlorodibenzo-p-furan
 pCi/L = picocuries per liter
 pCi/mL = picocuries per milliliter
 PDWS = primary drinking water standard
 pH = pH unit
 PVC = polyvinyl chloride
 S = sample collected from well using a single-speed centrifugal downhole pump
 Sp. conductance = specific conductance
 SP = Spencer Testing Services, Inc.
 TCDD = tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin
 TCDF = tetrachlorodibenzo-p-furan
 TM = TMA/Eberline
 TOC = top of casing
 V = sample collected from well using a variable-speed pump
 WA = Roy F. Weston, Inc.
 $\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$ = micrograms per liter
 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ = microsiemens per centimeter

Holding Times

Standard analytical methods include a limit, called holding time, on the maximum elapsed time between sample collection and extraction or analysis by the laboratory. In the data tables, a large dot (●) in the H (holding time) column indicates that holding time was exceeded. Analyses performed beyond holding time may not yield valid results.

The South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control allows only 15 minutes to elapse between sampling and analysis for pH. Thus, only field pH measurements can meet the holding time criterion; laboratory pH analyses will always exceed it.

Laboratory-initiated procedures for reducing the number of other analyses performed out of holding time include subcontracting analyses when difficulties with equipment, personnel, or work load would prevent timely analyses. SRS reduces the compensation to laboratories for analyses performed out of holding time.

Data Rounding

Constituent results in Table 3 that appear to equal the final PDWS but are not marked in the D column (exceeded the final PDWS or screening level) are below the final PDWS in the database. Values stored in the database contain more significant digits than the reported results. Apparent discrepancies in the tables are due to the rounding of reported results.

Data Qualification

The contract laboratories continually assess their own accuracy and precision according to U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) guidelines. They submit sample- or batch-specific quality assurance/quality control information either at the same time as analytical results or in a quarterly summary. Properly defined and used result modifiers (also referred to as qualifiers) can be a key component in assessing data useability. Result modifiers designed by Environmental Protection Department/Environmental Monitoring Section and provided to the primary laboratories are defined below. These modifiers appear in the data tables under the column "Mod." The lettered modifiers are based on EPA's STORET codes.

<u>Result modifier</u>	<u>Definition</u>
(Blank)	Data are not qualified. Number should be interpreted exactly as reported.
A	Value reported is the mean of two or more determinations.
J	Value is estimated because quantitation in the sample or in associated quality control samples did not meet specifications.
L	Value is off-scale high. The actual value is not known but is known to be greater than the value shown.
M	Presence of the analyte is verified but not quantified.

<u>Result modifier</u>	<u>Definition</u>
R	Result was rejected because performance requirements in the sample analysis or associated quality control analyses were not met.
T	Analyte was not detected; if present, it was below the criteria for detection.
V	Analyte was detected in an associated method blank.
Y	Result was obtained from an unpreserved or improperly preserved sample. Data may not be accurate.
1	Result may be an underestimation of the true value due to analytical bias.
2	Result may be an overestimation of the true value due to analytical bias.
3	The associated result may be of poor precision (high variability) due to analytical bias.
4	Result is associated with QA results indicating matrix interference.
6	The associated result is from a reanalysis performed out of holding time due to problems with an earlier analysis.

Table 1. Maximum Levels of Constituents Exceeding the Final Primary Drinking Water Standards**Water Table**

<u>Well</u>	<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>1Q93</u>	<u>2093</u>
AMB 4D	Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride) ^a	µg/L	- ^b	5.8
	Tetrachloroethylene	µg/L	15	13
	Trichloroethylene	µg/L	217	203
AMB 5	Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)	µg/L	-	6.4
	Tetrachloroethylene	µg/L	6.5	8.5
	Trichloroethylene	µg/L	112	143
AMB 6	Trichloroethylene	µg/L	-	5.7

Upper Section of Congaree

<u>Well</u>	<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>1Q93</u>	<u>2093</u>
AMB 4B	Trichloroethylene	µg/L	5.9	5.9

Lower Section of Congaree

<u>Well</u>	<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>1Q93</u>	<u>2093</u>
AMB 4A	Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)	µg/L	28	-
	Tetrachloroethylene	µg/L	45	48
	Trichloroethylene	µg/L	478	533
AMB 7A	Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)	µg/L	-	5.4
	Tetrachloroethylene	µg/L	16	14
	Trichloroethylene	µg/L	268	298

^a The final PDWS for dichloromethane (methylene chloride) was applied beginning first quarter 1993.

^b - = analyzed but not above the final PDWS.

Table 2. Maximum Levels of Constituents Exceeding Half the Final Primary Drinking Water Standards or Other Flag 1 or Flag 2 Criteria**Water Table**

<u>Well</u>	<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>2Q93</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Flag</u>
AMB 4D	Total organic halogens	µg/L	131		2
AMB 5	Total organic halogens	µg/L	86		2
AMB 7	<i>Trichloroethylene</i>	µg/L	4.2		1

Upper Section of Congaree

<u>Well</u>	<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>2Q93</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Flag</u>
N	None	N	N	N	N

Lower Section of Congaree

<u>Well</u>	<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>2Q93</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Flag</u>
AMB 4A	Total organic halogens	µg/L	148		2
AMB 7A	Total organic halogens	µg/L	136		2
AMB 10A	pH Specific conductance	pH µS/cm	12 465	J	2 1
AMB 13AR	pH Specific conductance	pH µS/cm	11 320	J	2 1

Notes: Constituents exceeding half the final PDWS appear *italicized*.
 These results do not include field data.

^a N = not applicable.

Table 3. Groundwater Monitoring Results for Individual Wells**WELL AMB 4A**

<u>SRS Coord.</u>	<u>Lat/Longitude</u>	<u>Screen Zone Elevation</u>	<u>Top of Casing</u>	<u>Casing</u>	<u>Pump</u>	<u>Formation</u>
N104131.6 E51469.8	33.340041 °N 81.733589 °W	126.3-121.3 ft msl	380.5 ft msl	4" PVC	S	Lower Congaree

FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Sample date: 04/23/93

Depth to water: 161.58 ft (49.25 m) below TOC

Water elevation: 218.92 ft (66.73 m) msl

Sp. conductance: 61 µS/cm

Water evacuated before sampling: 163 gal

Time: 12:23

pH: 6.5

Alkalinity: 20 mg/L

Water temperature: 19.2 °C

Volumes purged: 2.5 well volumes

LABORATORY ANALYSES

<u>H</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
●	pH		6.8		pH	0	GE
	Specific conductance		57		µS/cm	0	GE
	Benzene		<25		µg/L	0	GE
	Bromodichloromethane		<25		µg/L	0	GE
	Bromoform		<25		µg/L	0	GE
	Bromomethane (Methyl bromide)		<25		µg/L	0	GE
	Carbon tetrachloride		<25		µg/L	0	GE
	Chloride		1,780	J	µg/L	0	GE
	Chlorobenzene		<25		µg/L	0	GE
	Chloroethane		<25		µg/L	0	GE
	Chloroethylene (Vinyl chloride)		<25		µg/L	0	GE
	2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether		<25		µg/L	0	GE
	Chloroform		<25		µg/L	0	GE
	Chloromethane (Methyl chloride)		<25		µg/L	0	GE
	Cyanide		<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
	Dibromochloromethane		<25		µg/L	0	GE
	1,1-Dichloroethane		<25		µg/L	0	GE
	1,2-Dichloroethane		<25		µg/L	0	GE
	1,1-Dichloroethylene		<25		µg/L	0	GE
	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene		<25		µg/L	0	GE
	Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)		<25		µg/L	0	GE
	1,2-Dichloropropane		<25		µg/L	0	GE
	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		<25		µg/L	0	GE
	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		<25		µg/L	0	GE
	Ethylbenzene		<25		µg/L	0	GE
	Fluoride		<100		µg/L	0	GE
	Fluoride		<100		µg/L	0	GE
	Nickel		<4.0		µg/L	0	GE
	Nitrate-nitrite as nitrogen		970		µg/L	0	GE
	Silver		<2.0	J1	µg/L	0	GE
■	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		<25		µg/L	0	GE
	Tetrachloroethylene		48		µg/L	2	GE
	Toluene		<25		µg/L	0	GE
●	Total dissolved solids		67,000	V	µg/L	0	GE
	Total dissolved solids		51,000	JV	µg/L	0	GE
	Total organic carbon		<1,000		µg/L	0	GE
	Total organic halogens		148		µg/L	2	GE
	1,1,1-Trichloroethane		<25		µg/L	0	GE
	1,1,2-Trichloroethane		<25		µg/L	0	GE

● = exceeded holding time. ■ = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

WELL AMB 4A collected on 04/23/93, laboratory analyses (cont.)

H	D	Analyte	Result	Mod	Unit	Flag	Lab
■	Trichloroethylene	533			µg/L	2	GE
	Trichlorofluoromethane	<25			µg/L	0	GE
	Radium, total alpha-emitting	<1.0E+00			pCi/L	0	GE

WELL AMB 4B

SRS Coord.	Lat/Longitude	Screen Zone Elevation	Top of Casing	Casing	Pump	Formation
N104145.6 E51482.7	33.340093 °N 81.733582 °W	157.3-152.3 ft msl	380.4 ft msl	4" PVC	S	Upper Congaree

FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Sample date: 05/01/93
 Depth to water: 156.84 ft (47.81 m) below TOC
 Water elevation: 223.56 ft (68.14 m) msl
 Sp. conductance: 33 µS/cm
 Water evacuated before sampling: 143 gal

Time: 14:58
 pH: 4.9
 Alkalinity: 0 mg/L
 Water temperature: 19.6 °C
 Volumes purged: 3.1 well volumes

LABORATORY ANALYSES

H	D	Analyte	Result	Mod	Unit	Flag	Lab
●	pH	5.2		J	pH	0	GE
	Specific conductance	30			µS/cm	0	GE
	Benzene	<1.0			µg/L	0	GE
	Bromodichloromethane	<1.0			µg/L	0	GE
	Bromoform	<1.0			µg/L	0	GE
	Bromomethane (Methyl bromide)	<1.0			µg/L	0	GE
	Carbon tetrachloride	<1.0			µg/L	0	GE
	Chloride	3,840			µg/L	0	GE
	Chlorobenzene	<1.0			µg/L	0	GE
	Chloroethane	<1.0			µg/L	0	GE
	Chloroethene (Vinyl chloride)	<1.0			µg/L	0	GE
	2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	<1.0			µg/L	0	GE
	Chloroform	<1.0			µg/L	0	GE
	Chloromethane (Methyl chloride)	<1.0			µg/L	0	GE
	Cyanide	<5.0			µg/L	0	GE
	Dibromochloromethane	<1.0			µg/L	0	GE
	1,1-Dichloroethane	<1.0			µg/L	0	GE
	1,2-Dichloroethane	<1.0			µg/L	0	GE
	1,1-Dichloroethylene	<1.0			µg/L	0	GE
	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	<1.0			µg/L	0	GE
	Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)	<1.0			µg/L	0	GE
	1,2-Dichloropropane	<1.0			µg/L	0	GE
	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.0			µg/L	0	GE
	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.0			µg/L	0	GE
	Ethylbenzene	<1.0			µg/L	0	GE
	Fluoride	<100			µg/L	0	GE
	Fluoride	<100			µg/L	0	GE
	Nickel	<4.0			µg/L	0	GE
	Nitrate-nitrite as nitrogen	780			µg/L	0	GE
	Nitrate-nitrite as nitrogen	790			µg/L	0	GE
	Silver	<2.0			µg/L	0	GE

● = exceeded holding time. ■ = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

WELL AMB 4B collected on 05/01/93, laboratory analyses (cont.)

H	D	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Tetrachloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Toluene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Total dissolved solids	21,000	V	µg/L	0	GE
		Total dissolved solids	24,000	V	µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic carbon	<1,000		µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic halogens	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
■		1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
■		Trichloroethylene	5.9		µg/L	2	GE
		Trichlorofluoromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Radium, total alpha-emitting	1.9E+00 ± 7.0E-01		pCi/L	0	GE

WELL AMB 4D

<u>SRS Coord.</u>	<u>Lat/Longitude</u>	<u>Screen Zone Elevation</u>	<u>Top of Casing</u>	<u>Casing</u>	<u>Pump</u>	<u>Formation</u>
N104154.7	33.340124 °N	233.4-213.4 ft msl	380.3 ft msl	4" PVC	S	Water table
E51489.0	81.733584 °W					

FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Sample date: 05/01/93

Depth to water: 147.87 ft (45.07 m) below TOC

Water elevation: 232.43 ft (70.85 m) msl

Sp. conductance: 45 µS/cm

Water evacuated before sampling: 13 gal

The well went dry during purging.

Time: 15:08

pH: 4.9

Alkalinity: 1 mg/L

Water temperature: 22.8 °C

Volumes purged: 1.0 well volumes

LABORATORY ANALYSES

H	D	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
●		pH	5.2	J	pH	0	GE
		Specific conductance	40		µS/cm	0	GE
		Benzene	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromodichloromethane	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromoform	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromomethane (Methyl bromide)	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Carbon tetrachloride	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloride	2,760		µg/L	0	GE
		Chlorobenzene	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroethane	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroethene (Vinyl chloride)	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroform	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloromethane (Methyl chloride)	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Cyanide	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Dibromochloromethane	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1-Dichloroethane	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,2-Dichloroethane	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1-Dichloroethylene	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
■		trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
■		Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)	5.8		µg/L	2	GE
		1,2-Dichloropropane	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE

● = exceeded holding time. ■ = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

WELL AMB 4D collected on 05/01/93, laboratory analyses (cont.)

H	D	Analyte	Result	Mod	Unit	Flag	Lab
		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Ethylbenzene	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Fluoride	<100		µg/L	0	GE
		Nickel	<4.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Nitrate-nitrite as nitrogen	2,780		µg/L	0	GE
		Silver	<2.0		µg/L	0	GE
■		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
■		Tetrachloroethylene	13		µg/L	2	GE
		Toluene	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Total dissolved solids	30,000	V	µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic carbon	<1,000		µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic halogens	131		µg/L	2	GE
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
■		1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
■		Trichloroethylene	203		µg/L	2	GE
		Trichlorofluoromethane	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Radium, total alpha-emitting	8.9E+00 ± 1.4E+00		pCi/L	0	GE

WELL AMB 5

SRS Coord.	Lat/Longitude	Screen Zone Elevation	Top of Casing	Casing	Pump	Formation
N104083.4	33.339930 °N	242.1-222.1 ft msl	379.6 ft msl	4" PVC	S	Water table
E51467.2	81.733502 °W					

FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Sample date: 05/01/93
 Depth to water: 145.76 ft (44.43 m) below TOC
 Water elevation: 233.84 ft (71.28 m) msl
 Sp. conductance: 51 µS/cm
 Water evacuated before sampling: 18 gal
 The well went dry during purging.

Time: 14:15
 pH: 4.7
 Alkalinity: 0 mg/L
 Water temperature: 21.5 °C
 Volumes purged: 2.3 well volumes

LABORATORY ANALYSES

H	D	Analyte	Result	Mod	Unit	Flag	Lab
●		pH	5.0	J	pH	0	GE
		Specific conductance	49		µS/cm	0	GE
		Benzene	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromodichloromethane	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromoform	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromomethane (Methyl bromide)	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Carbon tetrachloride	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloride	4,110		µg/L	0	GE
		Chlorobenzene	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroethane	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroethene (Vinyl chloride)	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroform	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloromethane (Methyl chloride)	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Cyanide	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Dibromochloromethane	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE

● = exceeded holding time. ■ = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

WELL AMB 5 collected on 05/01/93, laboratory analyses (cont.)

<u>H</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
		1,1-Dichloroethane	< 5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,2-Dichloroethane	< 5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1-Dichloroethylene	< 5.0		µg/L	0	GE
■		trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	< 5.0		µg/L	0	GE
■		Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)	6.4		µg/L	2	GE
		1,2-Dichloropropane	< 5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Ethylbenzene	< 5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Fluoride	< 100		µg/L	0	GE
		Nickel	< 4.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Nitrate-nitrite as nitrogen	1,890		µg/L	0	GE
		Silver	< 2.0		µg/L	0	GE
■		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 5.0		µg/L	0	GE
■		Tetrachloroethylene	8.5		µg/L	2	GE
		Toluene	< 5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Total dissolved solids	29,000	V	µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic carbon	< 1,000		µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic halogens	86		µg/L	2	GE
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 5.0		µg/L	0	GE
■		1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 5.0		µg/L	0	GE
■		Trichloroethylene	143		µg/L	2	GE
		Trichlorofluoromethane	< 5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Radium, total alpha-emitting	8.7E+00 ± 1.4E+00		pCi/L	0	GE

WELL AMB 6

<u>SRS Coord.</u>	<u>Lat/Longitude</u>	<u>Screen Zone Elevation</u>	<u>Top of Casing</u>	<u>Casing</u>	<u>Pump</u>	<u>Formation</u>
N104034.1	33.339819 °N	242.6-222.6 ft msl	377.2 ft msl	4" PVC	S	Water table
E51466.0	81.733410 °W					

FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Sample date: 05/01/93
 Depth to water: 144.55 ft (44.06 m) below TOC
 Water elevation: 232.65 ft (70.91 m) msl
 Sp. conductance: 42 µS/cm
 Water evacuated before sampling: 1 gal
 The well went dry during purging.

Time: 14:28
 pH: 5.5
 Alkalinity: 11 mg/L
 Water temperature: 21.8 °C
 Volumes purged: 0.2 well volumes

LABORATORY ANALYSES

<u>H</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
●		pH	5.7	J	pH	0	GE
		Specific conductance	40		µS/cm	0	GE
		Benzene	< 1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromodichloromethane	< 1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromoform	< 1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromomethane (Methyl bromide)	< 1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Carbon tetrachloride	< 1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloride	3,190		µg/L	0	GE
		Chlorobenzene	< 1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroethane	< 1.0		µg/L	0	GE

● = exceeded holding time. ■ = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

WELL AMB 6 collected on 05/01/93, laboratory analyses (cont.)

H	D	Analyte	Result	Mod	Unit	Flag	Lab
		Chloroethene (Vinyl chloride)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroform	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloromethane (Methyl chloride)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
●		Cyanide	<2.5	J	µg/L	0	GE
●		Cyanide	<2.5	J	µg/L	0	GE
		Dibromochloromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1-Dichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,2-Dichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1-Dichloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,2-Dichloropropane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Ethylbenzene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Fluoride	<100		µg/L	0	GE
		Nickel	<4.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Nitrate-nitrite as nitrogen	280		µg/L	0	GE
		Silver	<2.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Tetrachloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Toluene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Total dissolved solids	25,000	V	µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic carbon	<1,000		µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic halogens	19		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
■		1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
■		Trichloroethylene	5.7		µg/L	2	GE
		Trichlorofluoromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Radium, total alpha-emitting	1.5E+00 ± 6.0E-01		pCi/L	0	GE

WELL AMB 7

SRS Coord.	Lat/Longitude	Screen Zone Elevation	Top of Casing	Casing	Pump	Formation
N103920.0 E51624.9	33.339827 °N 81.732769 °W	242.1-222.1 ft msl	369.9 ft msl	4" PVC	S	Water table

FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Sample date: 05/01/93

Time: 15:22

Depth to water: 136.18 ft (41.51 m) below TOC

pH: 6.1

Water elevation: 233.72 ft (71.24 m) msl

Alkalinity: 39 mg/L

Sp. conductance: 95 µS/cm

Water temperature: 19.7 °C

Water evacuated before sampling: 6 gal

Volumes purged: 0.8 well volumes

The well went dry during purging.

LABORATORY ANALYSES

H	D	Analyte	Result	Mod	Unit	Flag	Lab
●		pH	6.3	J	pH	0	GE
●		pH	6.3	J	pH	0	GE
		Specific conductance	70		µS/cm	0	GE

● = exceeded holding time. ■ = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

WELL AMB 7 collected on 05/01/93, laboratory analyses (cont.)

H	D	Analyte	Result	Mod	Unit	Flag	Lab
		Benzene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromodichloromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromoform	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromomethane (Methyl bromide)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Carbon tetrachloride	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloride	2,150		µg/L	0	GE
		Chlorobenzene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroethene (Vinyl chloride)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroform	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloromethane (Methyl chloride)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Cyanide	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Dibromochloromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1-Dichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,2-Dichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1-Dichloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,2-Dichloropropane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Ethylbenzene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Fluoride	<100		µg/L	0	GE
		Nickel	8.4		µg/L	0	GE
		Nitrate-nitrite as nitrogen	210		µg/L	0	GE
		Silver	<2.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Tetrachloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Toluene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Total dissolved solids	40,000	V	µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic carbon	<1,000		µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic halogens	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic halogens	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Trichloroethylene	4.2		µg/L	1	GE
		Trichlorofluoromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Radium, total alpha-emitting	1.0E + 00 ± 5.0E-01		pCi/L	0	GE

● = exceeded holding time. ■ = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

WELL AMB 7A

<u>SRS Coord.</u>	<u>Lat/Longitude</u>	<u>Screen Zone Elevation</u>	<u>Top of Casing</u>	<u>Casing</u>	<u>Pump</u>	<u>Formation</u>
N103987.1 E51591.0	33.339920 °N 81.732989 °W	125.6-115.6 ft msl	373.6 ft msl	4" PVC	S	Lower Congaree

FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Sample date: 05/01/93
 Depth to water: 155.23 ft (47.31 m) below TOC
 Water elevation: 218.37 ft (66.56 m) msl
 Sp. conductance: 35 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$
 Water evacuated before sampling: 205 gal

Time: 15:58
 pH: 5.9
 Alkalinity: 8 mg/L
 Water temperature: 19.2 °C
 Volumes purged: 3.0 well volumes

LABORATORY ANALYSES

<u>H</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
•		pH	6.1	J	pH	0	GE
		Specific conductance	30		$\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$	0	GE
		Benzene	<5.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Bromodichloromethane	<5.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Bromoform	<5.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Bromomethane (Methyl bromide)	<5.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Carbon tetrachloride	<5.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Chloride	1,760		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Chloride	1,700		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Chlorobenzene	<5.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Chloroethane	<5.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Chloroethene (Vinyl chloride)	<5.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	<5.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Chloroform	<5.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Chloromethane (Methyl chloride)	<5.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Cyanide	<5.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Dibromochloromethane	<5.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		1,1-Dichloroethane	<5.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		1,2-Dichloroethane	<5.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		1,1-Dichloroethylene	<5.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	<5.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
■		Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)	5.4		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	2	GE
		1,2-Dichloropropane	<5.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<5.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<5.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Ethylbenzene	<5.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Fluoride	<100		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Nickel	<4.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Nitrate-nitrite as nitrogen	980		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Silver	<2.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<5.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
■		Tetrachloroethylene	14		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	2	GE
		Toluene	<5.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Total dissolved solids	29,000	V	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Total organic carbon	<1,000		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Total organic carbon	<1,000		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Total organic halogens	136		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	2	GE
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<5.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<5.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE

• = exceeded holding time. ■ = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

WELL AMB 7A collected on 05/01/93, laboratory analyses (cont.)

<u>H</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
■		Trichloroethylene	298		µg/L	2	GE
		Trichlorofluoromethane	< 5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Radium, total alpha-emitting	< 1.0E + 00		pCi/L	0	GE

WELL AMB 7B

<u>SRS Coord.</u>	<u>Lat/Longitude</u>	<u>Screen Zone Elevation</u>	<u>Top of Casing</u>	<u>Casing</u>	<u>Pump</u>	<u>Formation</u>
N103972.0 E51590.3	33.339885 °N 81.732961 °W	162.9-152.9 ft msl	373 ft msl	4" PVC	S	Upper Congaree

FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Sample date: 05/01/93
 Depth to water: 149.18 ft (45.47 m) below TOC
 Water elevation: 223.82 ft (68.22 m) msl
 Sp. conductance: 31 µS/cm
 Water evacuated before sampling: 233 gal

Time: 16:27
 pH: 5.0
 Alkalinity: 1 mg/L
 Water temperature: 19.0 °C
 Volumes purged: 5.0 well volumes

LABORATORY ANALYSES

<u>H</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
●		pH	5.3	J	pH	0	GE
		Specific conductance	28		µS/cm	0	GE
		Benzene	< 1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromodichloromethane	< 1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromoform	< 1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromomethane (Methyl bromide)	< 1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Carbon tetrachloride	< 1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloride	3,420		µg/L	0	GE
		Chlorobenzene	< 1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroethane	< 1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroethene (Vinyl chloride)	< 1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	< 1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroform	< 1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloromethane (Methyl chloride)	< 1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Cyanide	< 5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Dibromochloromethane	< 1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1-Dichloroethane	< 1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,2-Dichloroethane	< 1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1-Dichloroethylene	< 1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	< 1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)	< 1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,2-Dichloropropane	< 1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Ethylbenzene	< 1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Fluoride	< 100		µg/L	0	GE
		Nickel	< 4.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Nitrate-nitrite as nitrogen	320		µg/L	0	GE
		Silver	< 2.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Tetrachloroethylene	< 1.0		µg/L	0	GE

● = exceeded holding time. ■ = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

WELL AMB 7B collected on 05/01/93, laboratory analyses (cont.)

<u>H</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
		Toluene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Total dissolved solids	18,000	V	µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic carbon	<1,000		µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic halogens	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Trichloroethylene	1.2		µg/L	0	GE
		Trichlorofluoromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Radium, total alpha-emitting	1.2E + 00 ± 5.0E-01		pCi/L	0	GE

WELL AMB 8D

<u>SRS Coord.</u>	<u>Lat/Longitude</u>	<u>Screen Zone Elevation</u>	<u>Top of Casing</u>	<u>Casing</u>	<u>Pump</u>	<u>Formation</u>
N103874.7	33.339360 °N	240.8-220.8 ft msl	369.6 ft msl	4" PVC	S	Water table
E51400.5	81.733272 °W					

FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Sample date: 05/01/93

Time: 14:02

Depth to water: 137.19 ft (41.82 m) below TOC

pH: 5.6

Water elevation: 232.41 ft (70.84 m) msl

Alkalinity: 17 mg/L

Sp. conductance: 68 µS/cm

Water temperature: 19.0 °C

Water evacuated before sampling: 100 gal

Volumes purged: 13.1 well volumes

LABORATORY ANALYSES

<u>H</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
•		pH	5.9	J	pH	0	GE
		Specific conductance	59		µS/cm	0	GE
		Specific conductance	59		µS/cm	0	GE
		Benzene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromodichloromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromoform	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromomethane (Methyl bromide)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Carbon tetrachloride	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloride	2,720		µg/L	0	GE
		Chlorobenzene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroethene (Vinyl chloride)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroform	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloromethane (Methyl chloride)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Cyanide	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Cyanide	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Dibromochloromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1-Dichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,2-Dichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1-Dichloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,2-Dichloropropane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE

• = exceeded holding time. ■ = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

WELL AMB 8D collected on 05/01/93, laboratory analyses (cont.)

H	D	Analyte	Result	Mod	Unit	Flag	Lab
		trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Ethylbenzene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Fluoride	<100		µg/L	0	GE
		Nickel	<4.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Nitrate-nitrite as nitrogen	360		µg/L	0	GE
		Silver	<2.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Tetrachloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Toluene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Total dissolved solids	43,000	V	µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic carbon	<1,000		µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic halogens	5.4		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Trichloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Trichlorofluoromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Radium, total alpha-emitting	2.1E+00 ± 7.0E-01		pCi/L	0	GE

WELL AMB 9D

SRS_Coord.	Lat/Longitude	Screen Zone Elevation	Top of Casing	Casing	Pump	Formation
N103585.2	33.338496 °N	239.7-219.7 ft msl	367.9 ft msl	4" PVC	S	Water table
E51263.0	81.733071 °W					

FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Sample date: 05/01/93

Time: 13:43

Depth to water: 135.48 ft (41.29 m) below TOC

pH: 5.6

Water elevation: 232.42 ft (70.84 m) msl

Alkalinity: 9 mg/L

Sp. conductance: 44 µS/cm

Water temperature: 19.2 °C

Water evacuated before sampling: 64 gal

Volumes purged: 7.7 well volumes

LABORATORY ANALYSES

H	D	Analyte	Result	Mod	Unit	Flag	Lab
•		pH	5.8	J	pH	0	GE
		Specific conductance	42		µS/cm	0	GE
		Benzene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromodichloromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromoform	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromomethane (Methyl bromide)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Carbon tetrachloride	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloride	2,820		µg/L	0	GE
		Chlorobenzene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroethene (Vinyl chloride)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroform	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloromethane (Methyl chloride)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Cyanide	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Cyanide	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Dibromochloromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE

• = exceeded holding time. ■ = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

WELL AMB 9D collected on 05/01/93, laboratory analyses (cont.)

<u>H</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
		1,1-Dichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,2-Dichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1-Dichloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)	1.5		µg/L	0	GE
		1,2-Dichloropropane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Ethylbenzene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Fluoride	<100		µg/L	0	GE
		Nickel	<4.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Nitrate-nitrite as nitrogen	140		µg/L	0	GE
		Silver	<2.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Tetrachloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Toluene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Total dissolved solids	25,000	V	µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic carbon	<1,000		µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic halogens	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Trichloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Trichlorofluoromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Radium, total alpha-emitting	<1.0E+00		pCi/L	0	GE

WELL AMB 10A

<u>SRS Coord.</u>	<u>Lat/Longitude</u>	<u>Screen Zone Elevation</u>	<u>Top of Casing</u>	<u>Casing</u>	<u>Pump</u>	<u>Formation</u>
N103326.4 E51410.0	33.338163 °N 81.732180 °W	111.4-106.4 ft msl	366.5 ft msl	4" PVC	S	Lower Congaree

FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Sample date: 04/23/93

Time: 11:28

Depth to water: 149.08 ft (45.44 m) below TOC

pH: 11.4

Water elevation: 217.42 ft (66.27 m) msl

Alkalinity: 97 mg/L

Sp. conductance: 430 µS/cm

Water temperature: 18.6 °C

Water evacuated before sampling: 69 gal

Volumes purged: 0.9 well volumes

The well went dry during purging.

LABORATORY ANALYSES

<u>H</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
•		pH	12	J	pH	2	GE
		Specific conductance	465		µS/cm	1	GE
		Benzene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromodichloromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromoform	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromomethane (Methyl bromide)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Carbon tetrachloride	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloride	2,610		µg/L	0	GE
		Chlorobenzene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE

• = exceeded holding time. ■ = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

WELL AMB 10A collected on 04/23/93, laboratory analyses (cont.)

H	D	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	Mod	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
		Chloroethene (Vinyl chloride)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroform	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloromethane (Methyl chloride)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Cyanide	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Cyanide	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Dibromochloromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1-Dichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,2-Dichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1-Dichloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,2-Dichloropropane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Ethylbenzene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Fluoride	137		µg/L	0	GE
		Nickel	<4.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Nitrate-nitrite as nitrogen	180		µg/L	0	GE
		Silver	<2.0	J1	µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Tetrachloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Toluene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Total dissolved solids	175,000	V	µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic carbon	1,720		µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic halogens	5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Trichloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Trichlorofluoromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Radium, total alpha-emitting	1.1E+00 ± 5.0E-01		pCi/L	0	GE

WELL AMB 10B

<u>SRS Coord.</u>	<u>Lat/Longitude</u>	<u>Screen Zone Elevation</u>	<u>Top of Casing</u>	<u>Casing</u>	<u>Pump</u>	<u>Formation</u>
N103337.3	33.338201 °N	154.3-149.3 ft msl	366.4 ft msl	4" PVC	S	Upper Congaree
E51418.3	81.732180 °W					

FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Sample date: 05/01/93
 Depth to water: 144.35 ft (44.00 m) below TOC
 Water elevation: 222.05 ft (67.68 m) msl
 Sp. conductance: 75 µS/cm
 Water evacuated before sampling: 292 gal

Time: 13:25
 pH: 6.2
 Alkalinity: 29 mg/L
 Water temperature: 18.8 °C
 Volumes purged: 6.1 well volumes

LABORATORY ANALYSES

H	D	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	Mod	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
•		pH	6.4	J	pH	0	GE
		Specific conductance	79		µS/cm	0	GE
		Benzene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE

• = exceeded holding time. ■ = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

WELL AMB 10B collected on 05/01/93, laboratory analyses (cont.)

H	D	Analyte	Result	Mod	Unit	Flag	Lab
		Bromodichloromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromoform	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromomethane (Methyl bromide)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Carbon tetrachloride	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloride	3,620		µg/L	0	GE
		Chlorobenzene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroethene (Vinyl chloride)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroform	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloromethane (Methyl chloride)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Cyanide	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Dibromochloromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1-Dichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,2-Dichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1-Dichloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,2-Dichloropropane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Ethylbenzene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Fluoride	<100		µg/L	0	GE
		Nickel	<4.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Nitrate-nitrite as nitrogen	120		µg/L	0	GE
		Silver	<2.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Tetrachloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Toluene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Total dissolved solids	40,000	V	µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic carbon	<1,000		µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic halogens	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Trichloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Trichlorofluoromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Radium, total alpha-emitting	1.3E+00 ± 5.0E-01		pCi/L	0	GE

● = exceeded holding time. ■ = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

WELL AMB 10D

<u>SRS Coord.</u>	<u>Lat/Longitude</u>	<u>Screen Zone Elevation</u>	<u>Top of Casing</u>	<u>Casing</u>	<u>Pump</u>	<u>Formation</u>
N103293.4 E51456.0	33.338166 °N 81.731995 °W	239.4-219.4 ft msl	365.5 ft msl	4" PVC	S	Water table

FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Sample date: 05/01/93
 Depth to water: 130.30 ft (39.72 m) below TOC
 Water elevation: 235.20 ft (71.69 m) msl
 Sp. conductance: 51 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$
 Water evacuated before sampling: 143 gal

Time: 12:31
 pH: 5.6
 Alkalinity: 10 mg/L
 Water temperature: 18.9 °C
 Volumes purged: 13.8 well volumes

LABORATORY ANALYSES

<u>H</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
●	pH		5.8	J	pH	0	GE
	Specific conductance		50		$\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$	0	GE
	Benzene		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	Benzene		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	Bromodichloromethane		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	Bromodichloromethane		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	Bromoform		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	Bromoform		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	Bromomethane (Methyl bromide)		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	Bromomethane (Methyl bromide)		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	Carbon tetrachloride		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	Carbon tetrachloride		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	Chloride		2,900		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	Chlorobenzene		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	Chlorobenzene		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	Chloroethane		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	Chloroethane		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	Chloroethene (Vinyl chloride)		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	Chloroethene (Vinyl chloride)		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	Chloroform		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	Chloroform		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	Chloromethane (Methyl chloride)		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	Chloromethane (Methyl chloride)		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	Cyanide		<5.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	Dibromochloromethane		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	Dibromochloromethane		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	1,1-Dichloroethane		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	1,1-Dichloroethane		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	1,2-Dichloroethane		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	1,2-Dichloroethane		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	1,1-Dichloroethylene		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	1,1-Dichloroethylene		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)		<1.0	JV	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)		<1.0	JV	$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
	1,2-Dichloropropane		<1.0		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE

● = exceeded holding time. ■ = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

WELL AMB 10D collected on 05/01/93, laboratory analyses (cont.)

<u>H</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
		1,2-Dichloropropane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Ethylbenzene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Ethylbenzene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Fluoride	<100		µg/L	0	GE
		Fluoride	<100		µg/L	0	GE
		Nickel	<4.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Nitrate-nitrite as nitrogen	130		µg/L	0	GE
		Nitrate-nitrite as nitrogen	140		µg/L	0	GE
		Silver	<2.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Tetrachloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Tetrachloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Toluene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Toluene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Total dissolved solids	30,000	V	µg/L	0	GE
		Total dissolved solids	32,000	V	µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic carbon	<1,000		µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic halogens	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Trichloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Trichloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Trichlorofluoromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Trichlorofluoromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Radium, total alpha-emitting	<1.0E + 00		pCi/L	0	GE

● = exceeded holding time. ■ = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

WELL AMB 10DD

<u>SRS Coord.</u>	<u>Lat/Longitude</u>	<u>Screen Zone Elevation</u>	<u>Top of Casing</u>	<u>Casing</u>	<u>Pump</u>	<u>Formation</u>
N103278.7 E51456.0	33.338133 °N 81.731966 °W	358.6-338.6 ft msl	365.4 ft msl	4" PVC	S	Water table

FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Sample date: 05/01/93
 Depth to water: 6.56 ft (2.00 m) below TOC
 Water elevation: 358.84 ft (109.38 m) msl
 Sp. conductance: 125 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$
 Water evacuated before sampling: 68 gal

Time: 12:44
 pH: 6.5
 Alkalinity: 55 mg/L
 Water temperature: 17.4 °C
 Volumes purged: 5.1 well volumes

LABORATORY ANALYSES

<u>H</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>I</u>	<u>od</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
•		pH	6.5		J	pH	0	GE
		Specific conductance	112			$\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$	0	GE
		Benzene	<1.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Bromodichloromethane	<1.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Bromoform	<1.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Bromomethane (Methyl bromide)	<1.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Carbon tetrachloride	<1.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Chloride	1,970			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Chlorobenzene	<1.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Chloroethane	<1.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Chloroethylene (Vinyl chloride)	<1.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	<1.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Chloroform	<1.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Chloromethane (Methyl chloride)	<1.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Cyanide	<5.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Dibromochloromethane	<1.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		1,1-Dichloroethane	<1.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		1,2-Dichloroethane	<1.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		1,1-Dichloroethylene	<1.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	<1.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)	<1.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		1,2-Dichloropropane	<1.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Ethylbenzene	<1.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Fluoride	<100			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Nickel	<4.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Nitrate-nitrite as nitrogen	<50			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Silver	<2.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<1.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Tetrachloroethylene	<1.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Toluene	<1.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Total dissolved solids	59,000	V		$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Total organic carbon	1,050			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Total organic halogens	<5.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<1.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<1.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Trichloroethylene	<1.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE
		Trichlorofluoromethane	<1.0			$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	0	GE

• = exceeded holding time. ■ = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

WELL AMB 10DD collected on 05/01/93, laboratory analyses (cont.)

H	D	Analyte	Result	Mod	Unit	Flag	Lab
		Radium, total alpha-emitting	1.2E+00 ± 5.0E-01		pCi/L	0	GE

WELL AMB 11B

SRS Coord.	Lat/Longitude	Screen Zone Elevation	Top of Casing	Casing	Pump	Formation
N103154.2 E51919.5	33.338615 °N 81.730503 °W	184.5-174.5 ft msl	364.6 ft msl	4" PVC	S	Upper Congaree

FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Sample date: 05/01/93

Depth to water: 142.93 ft (43.57 m) below TOC

Water elevation: 221.67 ft (67.57 m) msl

Sp. conductance: 54 µS/cm

Water evacuated before sampling. 174 gal

Time: 18:11

pH: 5.8

Alkalinity: 15 mg/L

Water temperature: 18.3 °C

Volumes purged: 5.6 well volumes

LABORATORY ANALYSES

H	D	Analyte	Result	Mod	Unit	Flag	Lab
•		pH	6.2	J	pH	0	GE
		Specific conductance	52		µS/cm	0	GE
		Benzene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromodichloromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromoform	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromomethane (Methyl bromide)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Carbon tetrachloride	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloride	3,920		µg/L	0	GE
		Chlorobenzene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroethene (Vinyl chloride)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroform	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloromethane (Methyl chloride)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Cyanide	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Dibromochloromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1-Dichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,2-Dichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1-Dichloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,2-Dichloropropane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Ethylbenzene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Fluoride	<100		µg/L	0	GE
		Nickel	<4.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Nitrate-nitrite as nitrogen	380		µg/L	0	GE
		Silver	<2.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Tetrachloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Toluene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Total dissolved solids	33,000	V	µg/L	0	GE

• = exceeded holding time. ■ = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

WELL AMB 11B collected on 05/01/93, laboratory analyses (cont.)

H	D	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
		Total organic carbon	<1,000		µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic halogens	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Trichloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Trichlorofluoromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Radium, total alpha-emitting	1.7E +00 ± 6.0E-01		pCi/L	0	GE

WELL AMB 11D

<u>SRS Coord.</u>	<u>Lat/Longitude</u>	<u>Screen Zone Elevation</u>	<u>Top of Casing</u>	<u>Casing</u>	<u>Pump</u>	<u>Formation</u>
N103132.3	33.338588 °N	240.5-220.5 ft msl	364 ft msl	4" PVC	S	Water table
E51932.6	81.730426 °W					

FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Sample date: 05/01/93

Time: 17:56

Depth to water: 128.32 ft (39.11 m) below TOC

pH: 5.6

Water elevation: 235.68 ft (71.84 m) msl

Alkalinity: 10 mg/L

Sp. conductance: 50 µS/cm

Water temperature: 17.9 °C

Water evacuated before sampling: 174 gal

Volumes purged: 17.5 well volumes

LABORATORY ANALYSES

H	D	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
●		pH	6.0	J	pH	0	GE
		Specific conductance	50		µS/cm	0	GE
		Benzene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromodichloromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromoform	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromomethane (Methyl bromide)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Carbon tetrachloride	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloride	2,970		µg/L	0	GE
		Chlorobenzene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroethene (Vinyl chloride)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroform	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloromethane (Methyl chloride)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Cyanide	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Dibromochloromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1-Dichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,2-Dichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1-Dichloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)	<1.0	JV	µg/L	0	GE
		1,2-Dichloropropane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Ethylbenzene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Fluoride	<100		µg/L	0	GE
		Nickel	<4.0		µg/L	0	GE

● = exceeded holding time. ■ = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

WELL AMB 11D collected on 05/01/93, laboratory analyses (cont.)

H	D	Analyte	Result	Mod	Unit	Flag	Lab
		Nitrate-nitrite as nitrogen	100		µg/L	0	GE
		Silver	<2.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Tetrachloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Toluene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Total dissolved solids	25,000	V	µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic carbon	<1,000		µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic halogens	22		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Trichloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Trichlorofluoromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Radium, total alpha-emitting	1.3E+00 ± 5.0E-01		pCi/L	0	GE

WELL AMB 12D

SRS Coord.	Lat/Longitude	Screen Zone Elevation	Top of Casing	Casing	Pump	Formation
N103602.4 E51901.6	33.339576 °N 81.731422 °W	239.4-219.4 ft msl	369.8 ft msl	4" PVC	S	Water table

FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Sample date: 05/01/93
 Depth to water: 136.18 ft (41.51 m) below TOC
 Water elevation: 233.62 ft (71.21 m) msl
 Sp. conductance: 32 µS/cm
 Water evacuated before sampling: 74 gal

Time: 17:06
 pH: 5.7
 Alkalinity: 5 mg/L
 Water temperature: 19.1 °C
 Volumes purged: 7.9 well volumes

LABORATORY ANALYSES

H	D	Analyte	Result	Mod	Unit	Flag	Lab
●		pH	5.8	J	pH	0	GE
●		pH	5.9	J	pH	0	GE
		Specific conductance	29		µS/cm	0	GE
		Benzene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromodichloromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromoform	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromomethane (Methyl bromide)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Carbon tetrachloride	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloride	1,900		µg/L	0	GE
		Chlorobenzene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroethene (Vinyl chloride)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroform	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloromethane (Methyl chloride)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Cyanide	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Dibromochloromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1-Dichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,2-Dichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1-Dichloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE

● = exceeded holding time. ■ = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

WELL AMB 12D collected on 05/01/93, laboratory analyses (cont.)

H	D	Analyte	Result	Mod	Unit	Flag	Lab
		Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,2-Dichloropropane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Ethylbenzene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Fluoride	<100		µg/L	0	GE
		Nickel	<4.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Nitrate-nitrite as nitrogen	700		µg/L	0	GE
		Silver	<2.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Tetrachloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Toluene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Total dissolved solids	21,000	V	µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic carbon	<1,000		µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic halogens	10		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Trichloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Trichlorofluoromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Radium, total alpha-emitting	2.2E +00 ± 7.0E-01		pCi/L	0	GE

WELL AMB 13AR

SRS Coord.	Lat/Longitude	Screen Zone Elevation	Top of Casing	Casing	Pump	Formation
N103082.0	33.337600 °N	110.9-100.9 ft msl	365.1 ft msl	4" PVC	S	Lower Congaree
E51396.0	81.731742 °W					

FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Sample date: 05/01/93

Depth to water: 147.17 ft (44.86 m) below TOC

Water elevation: 217.93 ft (66.43 m) msl

Sp. conductance: 342 µS/cm

Water evacuated before sampling: 69 gal

The well went dry during purging.

Time: 12:07

pH: 11.2

Alkalinity: 88 mg/L

Water temperature: 21.5 °C

Volumes purged: 0.9 well volumes

LABORATORY ANALYSES

H	D	Analyte	Result	Mod	Unit	Flag	Lab
•		pH	11	J	pH	2	GE
		Specific conductance	320		µS/cm	1	GE
		Benzene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromodichloromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromoform	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Bromomethane (Methyl bromide)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Carbon tetrachloride	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloride	2,690		µg/L	0	GE
		Chlorobenzene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroethene (Vinyl chloride)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloroform	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Chloromethane (Methyl chloride)	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE

• = exceeded holding time. ■ = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

WELL AMB 13AR collected on 05/01/93, laboratory analyses (cont.)

H	D	<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Lab</u>
		Cyanide	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Cyanide	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Dibromochloromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1-Dichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,2-Dichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1-Dichloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)	<1.0	JV	µg/L	0	GE
		1,2-Dichloropropane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Ethylbenzene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Fluoride	<100		µg/L	0	GE
		Nickel	<4.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Nickel	<4.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Nitrate-nitrite as nitrogen	1,040		µg/L	0	GE
		Silver	<2.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Silver	<2.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Tetrachloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Toluene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Total dissolved solids	142,000	V	µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic carbon	1,260		µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic carbon	1,200		µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic halogens	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Total organic halogens	<5.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Trichloroethylene	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Trichlorofluoromethane	<1.0		µg/L	0	GE
		Radium, total alpha-emitting	<1.0E+00		pCi/L	0	GE

● = exceeded holding time. ■ = exceeded screening level or final primary drinking water standard.

Appendix E – Data Quality/Usability Assessment

Data Quality/Usability Assessment

Quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) procedures relating to accuracy and precision of analyses performed on groundwater samples are followed in the field and laboratory and are reviewed prior to publication of results. The Environmental Protection Department/Environmental Monitoring Section's (EPD/EMS) review of the volume of analytical data acquired each quarter and presented in various reports is an ongoing process; its review of the QA/QC data cannot be completed in time to meet the deadlines for the reports required by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act and associated regulations. Other site and regulatory personnel can obtain further information on the data quality and usability in a variety of ways, including those described below.

Data Qualification

The contract laboratories continually assess their own accuracy and precision according to U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) guidelines. They submit sample- or batch-specific QA/QC information either at the same time as analytical results or in a quarterly summary. Properly defined and used result modifiers (also referred to as qualifiers) can be a key component in assessing data usability. Result modifiers designed by EPD/EMS and used by the primary laboratories are presented in Appendix D.

Assessment of Accuracy of the Data

Accuracy, or the nearness of the reported result to the true concentration of a constituent in a sample, can be assessed in several ways.

A laboratory's general accuracy can be judged by analysis of results obtained from known samples. The non-radionuclide contract laboratories analyze commercial reference samples every quarter at EPD/EMS' request. The results of these analyses are presented in the EPD/EMS quarterly report, *The Savannah River Site's Groundwater Monitoring Program*. The primary laboratories also seek or maintain state certification by participating periodically in performance studies; reference samples and analysis of results are provided by EPA. Results of these studies also are published in the EPD/EMS quarterly reports.

Analysis of blanks provides a tool for assessing the accuracy of both sampling and laboratory analysis. Results for all field blanks for the quarter can be found in the EPD/EMS quarterly reports. Any field or laboratory blanks that exceeded established minimums are identified in the same reports, in tables associating them with groundwater samples analyzed in the same batches.

Surrogates, organic compounds similar in chemical behavior to the compounds of interest but not normally found in environmental samples, are used to monitor the effect of the matrix on the accuracy of analyses for organic parameters. For example, for analyses of volatile organics by EPA Method 8240, three surrogate compounds are added to all samples

and blanks in each analytical batch. In analyses of semivolatile organics, three to four acid compounds and three to four base/neutral compounds are used. Other surrogates are used in pesticides analyses. Percent recoveries for surrogate analyses are calculated by laboratory personnel, reported to EPD/EMS, reviewed, and entered into the database, but they are not published. If recoveries are not within specified limits, the laboratory is expected to re-run the samples or attach result qualifiers to the data identifying the anomalous results.

Sample-specific accuracy for both organic and inorganic parameters can be assessed by examination of matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate results. A sample is analyzed unspiked to determine a baseline set of values. A second portion of sample is spiked with known concentrations of compounds appropriate to the analyses being performed, typically 5 volatile organic compounds for volatile organics analyses, 11 semivolatile compounds for semivolatiles, 6 pesticide compounds for pesticides, all metals for metals analyses, and a known quantity of cyanide for cyanide analysis. The percentage of the spike compound that is recovered (i.e., measured in excess of the value obtained for the unspiked sample) is a direct measure of analytical accuracy. EPA requires matrix spike/matrix spike duplicates to be run at least once per 20 samples of similar matrix.

Matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate results are reported to EPD/EMS but are not published. For organic compounds, according to EPA guidelines, no action is taken on the basis of matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate data alone (i.e., no result modifiers are assigned solely on the basis of matrix spike results); however, the results can indicate if a lab is having a systematic problem in the analysis of one or more analytes.

In the case of inorganic compounds, such as metals, the matrix spike sample analysis provides information about the effect of each sample matrix on the digestion and measurement methodology. Data qualifiers can be assigned on the basis of the percentage of spike recovery and are reported in the published results tables.

Assessment of Precision

Precision of the analyses, or agreement of a set of replicate results among themselves, is assessed through the use of duplicates (laboratory-initiated) and blind replicates (provided by EPD/EMS). The results of duplicate and replicate analyses are presented in the results tables of the first, second, and third quarter reports. Duplicate and replicate results are not presented in fourth quarter reports; the results tables present instead only the highest result for each analyte for each quarter of the year.

The laboratories assess precision by calculating the relative percent difference, or RPD, for each pair of laboratory-initiated duplicate results. During 1992, at least one of the contract laboratories used a data qualifier (J3) to modify metals analyses when the RPD for laboratory duplicates was greater than 20%.

Additional statistical comparisons of laboratory duplicate and blind replicate results, both intra- and interlaboratory, are presented in the EPD/EMS quarterly reports. The calculation used for these reports is the MRD, or mean relative difference, which is similar to EPA's RPD except that the MRD provides a single value for all of the analyses of a particular com-

pound, either inter- or intralaboratory, during one quarter. Because detection limits may vary among samples, the MRD requires calculation of a reference detection limit, which is the detection limit at the 90th percentile of the array of limits in the population of all replicate and duplicate analyses for a given analyte during a particular quarter. The MRD is not method-specific.

Method-Specific Accuracy and Precision

The contract laboratories' EPA-approved laboratory procedures include QA/QC requirements as an integral part of the methods. Thus, knowledge of the method used in obtaining data is an important component of determining data useability. EPA has conducted extensive research and development on the methods approved for the analysis of water and waste water; information on the accuracy and precision of the method is available from EPA publications, as is full information on required QA/QC procedures. A listing of the methods used by the primary laboratories during first quarter 1992 is given below along with the source for the method description. Many, if not all, of these sources include presentations of representative accuracy and precision results.

<u>Method</u>	<u>Used to Analyze</u>	<u>Source</u>
EPA120.1	Specific conductance	EPA EMSL 1983
EPA150.1	pH	EPA EMSL 1983
EPA160.1	Filterable residue (total dissolved solids)	EPA EMSL 1983
EPA160.2	Nonfilterable residue	EPA EMSL 1983
EPA180.1	Turbidity	EPA EMSL 1983
EPA200.7	Trace elements	EPA EMSL 1983
EPA206.2	Arsenic	EPA EMSL 1983
EPA208.2	Barium	EPA EMSL 1983
EPA239.2	Lead	EPA EMSL 1983
EPA245.1	Mercury	EPA EMSL 1983
EPA270.2	Selenium	EPA EMSL 1983
EPA279.2	Thallium	EPA EMSL 1983
EPA300.0	Inorganics, non-metallics	EPA EMSL 1991
EPA310.1	Alkalinity	EPA EMSL 1983
EPA325.2	Chloride	EPA EMSL 1983
EPA335.3	Cyanide	EPA EMSL 1983
EPA340.2	Fluoride	EPA EMSL 1983
EPA353.1	Nitrogen, nitrate-nitrite	EPA EMSL 1983
EPA353.2	Nitrogen, nitrate, nitrite, or combined	EPA EMSL 1983
EPA353.3	Nitrogen, nitrate-nitrite, or nitrite only	EPA EMSL 1983
EPA354.1	Nitrogen, nitrite	EPA EMSL 1983
EPA365.1	Phosphorus, all forms (reported as total phosphates)	EPA EMSL 1983
EPA365.2	Phosphorus, all forms (reported as total phosphates)	EPA EMSL 1983
EPA375.4	Sulfate, turbidimetric	EPA EMSL 1983
EPA376.2	Sulfide	EPA EMSL 1983
APHA403	Alkalinity	APHA 1985
EPA413.1	Oil & grease	EPA EMSL 1983
APHA415A	Iodine	APHA 1985
EPA415.1	Total organic carbon	EPA EMSL 1983
EPA418.1	Petroleum hydrocarbons	EPA EMSL 1983
EPA420.1	Phenolics	EPA EMSL 1983
EPA420.2	Phenolics	EPA EMSL 1983
APHA7-5	Total alpha-emitting radium	APHA 1985

<u>Method</u>	<u>Used to Analyze</u>	<u>Source</u>
ASTMD3869C	Iodide	ASTM 1992
APHA5320	Dissolved organic halogen	APHA 1989
EPA6010	Metals	EPA 1986
EPA7041	Antimony	EPA 1986
EPA7060	Arsenic	EPA 1986
EPA7421	Lead	EPA 1986
EPA7470	Mercury	EPA 1986
EPA7740	Selenium	EPA 1986
EPA7841	Thallium	EPA 1986
EPA8010	Halogenated volatile organics	EPA 1986
EPA8020	Aromatic volatile organics	EPA 1986
EPA8080	Organochlorine pesticides and PCBs	EPA 1986
EPA8140	Organophosphorus pesticides	EPA 1986
EPA8150	Chlorinated herbicides	EPA 1986
EPA8240	GCMS VOA	EPA 1986
EPA8270	GCMS semivolatiles	EPA 1986
EPA8280	Dioxins and furans	EPA 1986
EPA9012	Total cyanide	EPA 1986
EPA9020	Total organic halides	EPA 1986
EPA9030	Sulfides	EPA 1986

An example of the available method-specific QA/QC information is that for the analysis of metals by EPA Method 6010/200.7 (EPA, 1986/EPA EMSL, 1983). The primary laboratories, General Engineering Laboratories (GE) and Roy F. Weston, Inc. (Weston), use this inductively coupled plasma (ICP) atomic emission spectrometric method.

The following precision and accuracy data are based on the experience of seven laboratories that applied the ICP technique to acid-distilled water matrices that had been dosed with various metal concentrates. (Note: not all seven laboratories analyzed all 14 elements.) The references give results for samples having three concentration ranges; the results here are for samples having the lowest values, similar to actual groundwater results for SRS.

ICP Precision and Accuracy Data

<u>Element</u>	<u>True value (µg/L)</u>	<u>Mean reported value (µg/L)</u>	<u>Mean percent RSD^a</u>
Aluminum	60	62	33
Arsenic	22	19	23
Beryllium	20	20	9.8
Cadmium	2.5	2.9	16
Chromium	10	10	18
Cobalt	20	20	4.1
Copper	11	11	40
Iron	20	19	15
Lead	24	30	32
Manganese	15	15	6.7
Nickel	30	28	11
Selenium	6	8.5	42

<u>Element</u>	<u>True value (µg/L)</u>	<u>Mean reported value (µg/L)</u>	<u>Mean percent RSD^a</u>
Vanadium	70	69	2.9
Zinc	16	19	45

Note: In EPA (1986), the column heading is Mean Standard Deviation (%).

^a Relative standard deviation.

As another example, EPA Method 601/8010 (EPA, 1991/EPA, 1986) is used by both GE and Weston for analyses of halogenated volatile organics. In the presentation of the method in both references, the following table gives method-specific accuracy and precision as functions of concentration. Contract laboratories are expected to achieve or at least approach these limits.

Accuracy and Precision as Functions of Concentration for EPA Method 601/8010

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Accuracy as recovery, X'^a (µg/L)</u>	<u>Single analyst precision (µg/L)^b</u>	<u>Overall precision (µg/L)^c</u>
Bromodichloromethane	1.12C - 1.02 ^d	0.11X + 0.04 ^e	0.20X + 1.00
Bromoform	0.96C - 2.05	0.12X + 0.58	0.21X + 2.41
Bromomethane	0.76C - 1.27	0.28X + 0.27	0.36X + 0.94
Carbon tetrachloride	0.98C - 1.04	0.15X + 0.38	0.20X + 0.39
Chlorobenzene	1.00C - 1.23	0.15X - 0.02	0.18X + 1.21
Chloroethane	0.99C - 1.53	0.14X - 0.13	0.17X + 0.63
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether ^f	1.00C	0.20X	0.35X
Chloroform	0.93C - 0.39	0.13X + 0.15	0.19X - 0.02
Chloromethane	0.77C + 0.18	0.28X - 0.31	0.52X + 1.31
Dibromochloromethane	0.94C + 2.72	0.11X + 1.10	0.24X + 1.68
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0.93C + 1.70	0.20X + 0.97	0.13X + 6.13
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	0.95C + 0.43	0.14X + 2.33	0.26X + 2.34
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0.93C - 0.09	0.15X + 0.29	0.20X + 0.41
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.95C - 1.08	0.09X + 0.17	0.14X + 0.94
1,2-Dichloroethane	1.04C - 1.06	0.11X + 0.70	0.15X + 0.94
1,1-Dichloroethene	0.98C - 0.87	0.21X - 0.23	0.29X - 0.40
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.97C - 0.16	0.11X + 1.46	0.17X + 1.46
1,2-Dichloropropane ^f	1.00C	0.13X	0.23X
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene ^f	1.00C	0.18X	0.32X
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene ^f	1.00C	0.18X	0.32X
Methylene chloride	0.91C - 0.93	0.11X + 0.33	0.21X + 1.43
1,1,2,2-Tetrachlorethane	0.95C + 0.19	0.14X + 2.41	0.23X + 2.79
Tetrachloroethylene	0.94C + 0.06	0.14X + 0.38	0.18X + 2.21
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.90C - 0.16	0.15X + 0.04	0.20X + 0.37
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.86C + 0.30	0.13X - 0.14	0.19X + 0.67
Trichloroethylene	0.87C + 0.48	0.13X - 0.03	0.23X + 0.30
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.89C - 0.07	0.15X + 0.67	0.26X + 0.91
Vinyl chloride	0.97C - 0.36	0.13X + 0.65	0.27X + 0.40

^a X' = expected recovery for one or more measurements of a sample containing a concentration of C, in µg/L.

^b Expected single analyst standard deviation of measurements.

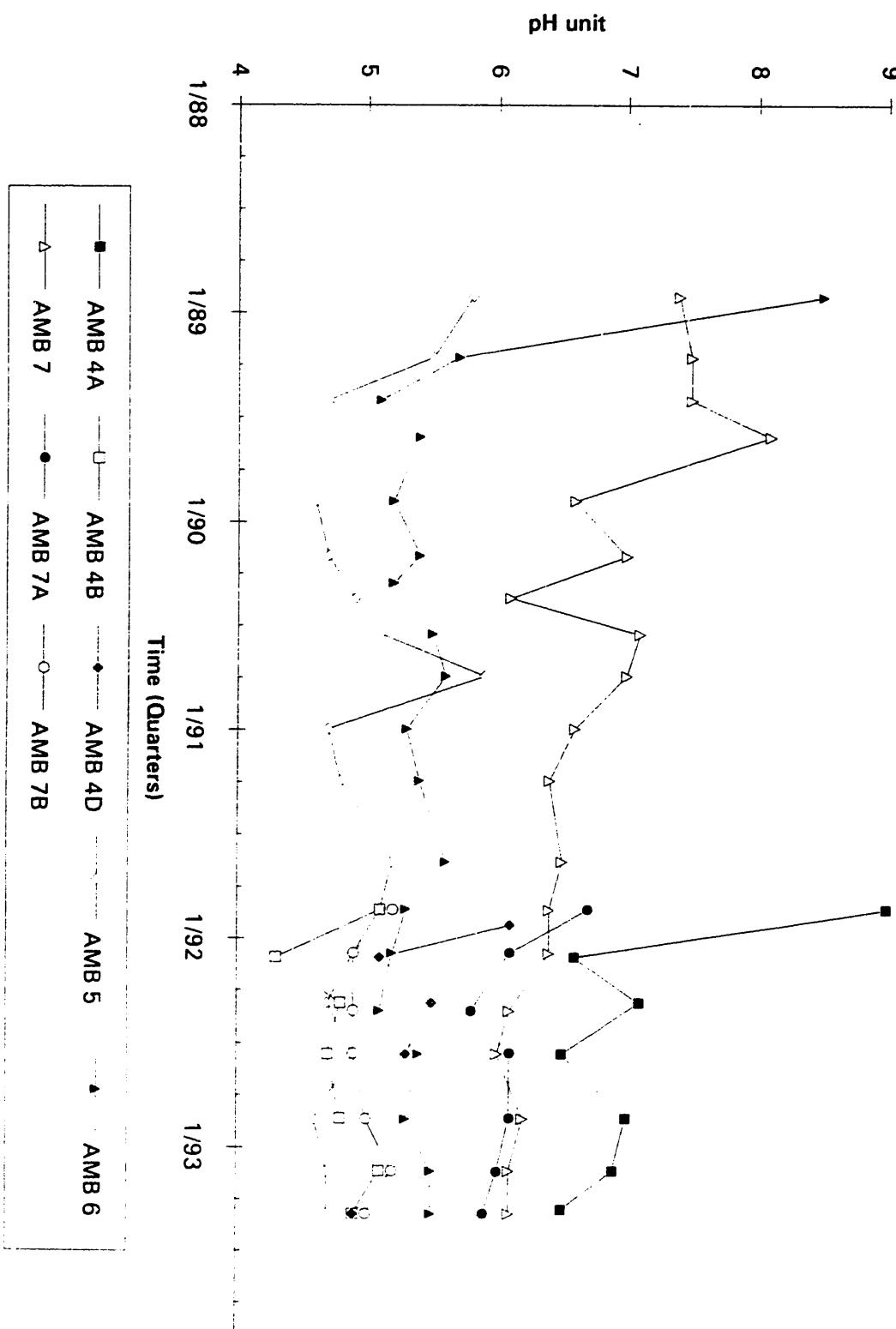
- ^c Expected interlaboratory standard deviation of measurements.
- ^d C = true value for the concentration, in $\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$.
- ^e \bar{X} = average recovery found for measurements of samples containing a concentration of C , in $\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$.
- ^f Estimates based on performance in a single laboratory.

References

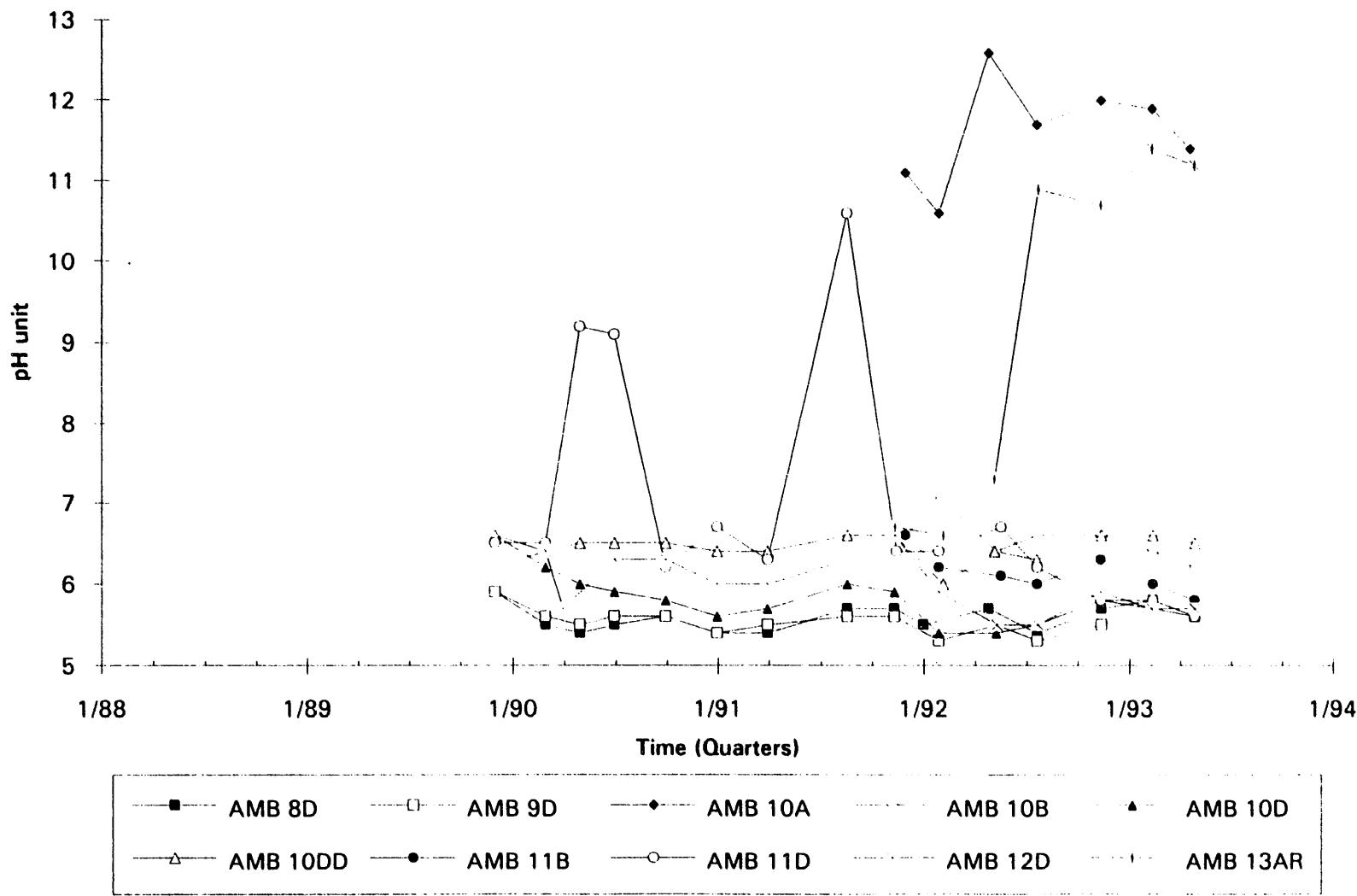
- APHA (American Public Health Association), 1985. **Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater**, 16th edition. Washington, DC.
- APHA (American Public Health Association), 1989. **Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater**, 17th edition. Washington, DC.
- ASTM (American Society for Testing and Materials), 1992. **1992 Annual Book of ASTM Standards**, Volume 11.02, Water (II). Philadelphia, PA.
- EPA (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency), 1986. **Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste (SW-846)**, Volumes IA-IC. Washington, DC.
- EPA (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency), 1987. **Data Quality Objectives for Remedial Response Activities**. PB88-131870; EPA/540/G-87/003. Washington, DC.
- EPA (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency), 1988a. **Contract Laboratory Program Statement of Work for Inorganics Analysis, Multi-Media, Multi-Concentration**. SOW No. 788. Washington, DC.
- EPA (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency), 1988b. **Contract Laboratory Program Statement of Work for Organics Analysis, Multi-Media, Multi-Concentration**. SOW No. 288. Washington, DC.
- EPA (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency), 1990. **Guidance for Data Useability in Risk Assessment**. Interim Final. EPA/540/G-90/008. Washington, DC.
- EPA (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency), 1991. *Guidelines Establishing Test Procedures for the Analysis of Pollutants, Code of Federal Regulations*, Title 40, Part 136, Appendix A. Revised July 1, 1991. Washington, DC.
- EPA EMSL (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Environmental Monitoring and Systems Laboratory), 1979. **Handbook for Analytical Quality Control in Water and Wastewater Laboratories**. PB-297 451; EPA-600/4-79-019. Cincinnati, OH.
- EPA EMSL (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Environmental Monitoring and Systems Laboratory), 1983. **Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes**. Revised March 1983. Cincinnati, OH.
- EPA EMSL (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Environmental Monitoring and Systems Laboratory), 1991. **Test Method, The Determination of Inorganic Anions in Water by Ion Chromatography – Method 300.0**. Revised August 1991. Cincinnati, OH.

Appendix F – Time Series Plots

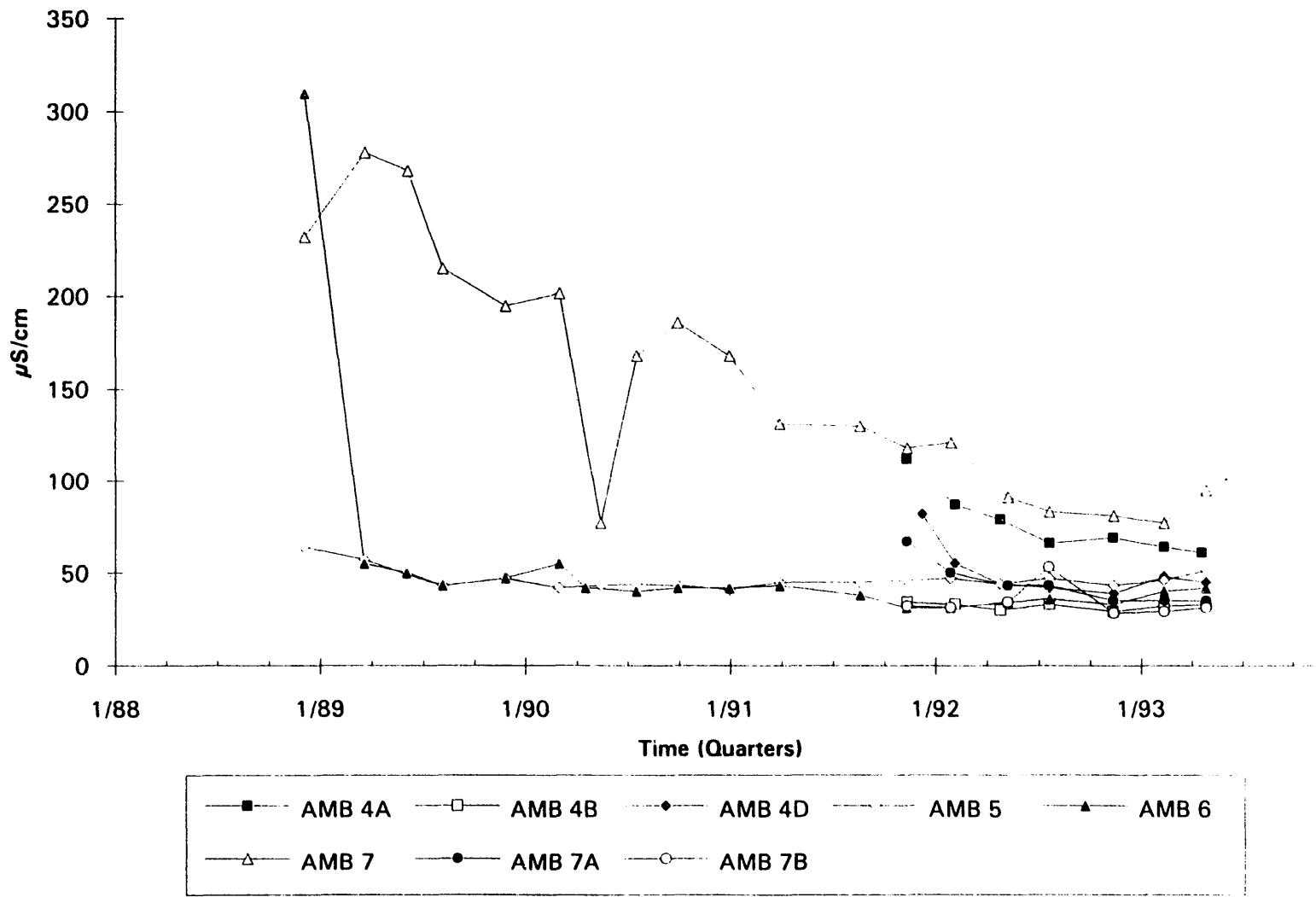
Time Series Plot of Field pH for Wells AMB 4A Through AMB 7B



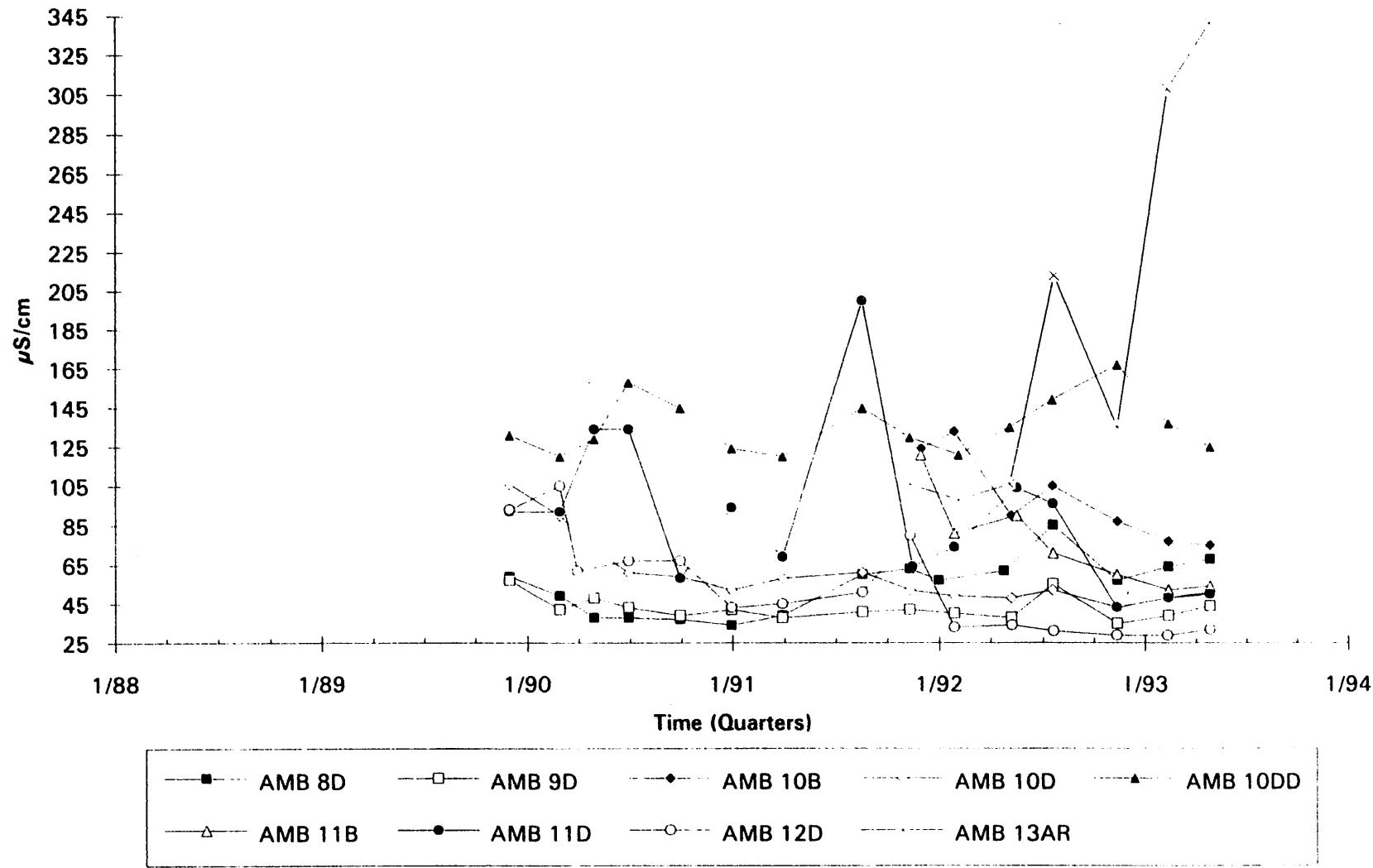
Time Series Plot of Field pH for Wells AMB 8D Through AMB 13AR



Time Series Plot of Field Specific Conductance for Wells AMB 4A Through AMB 7B

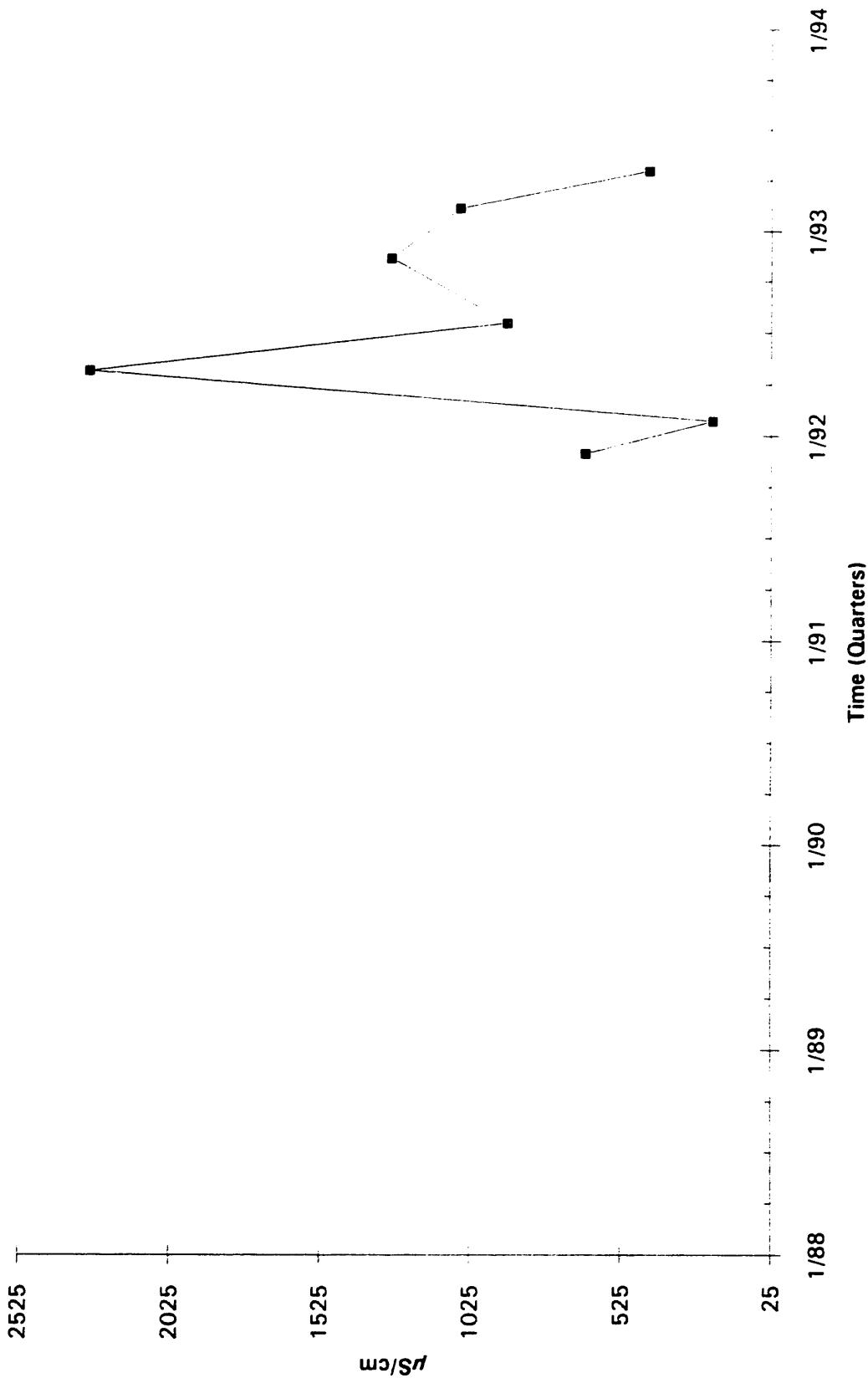


Time Series Plot of Field Specific Conductance for Wells AMB 8D Through AMB 13AR

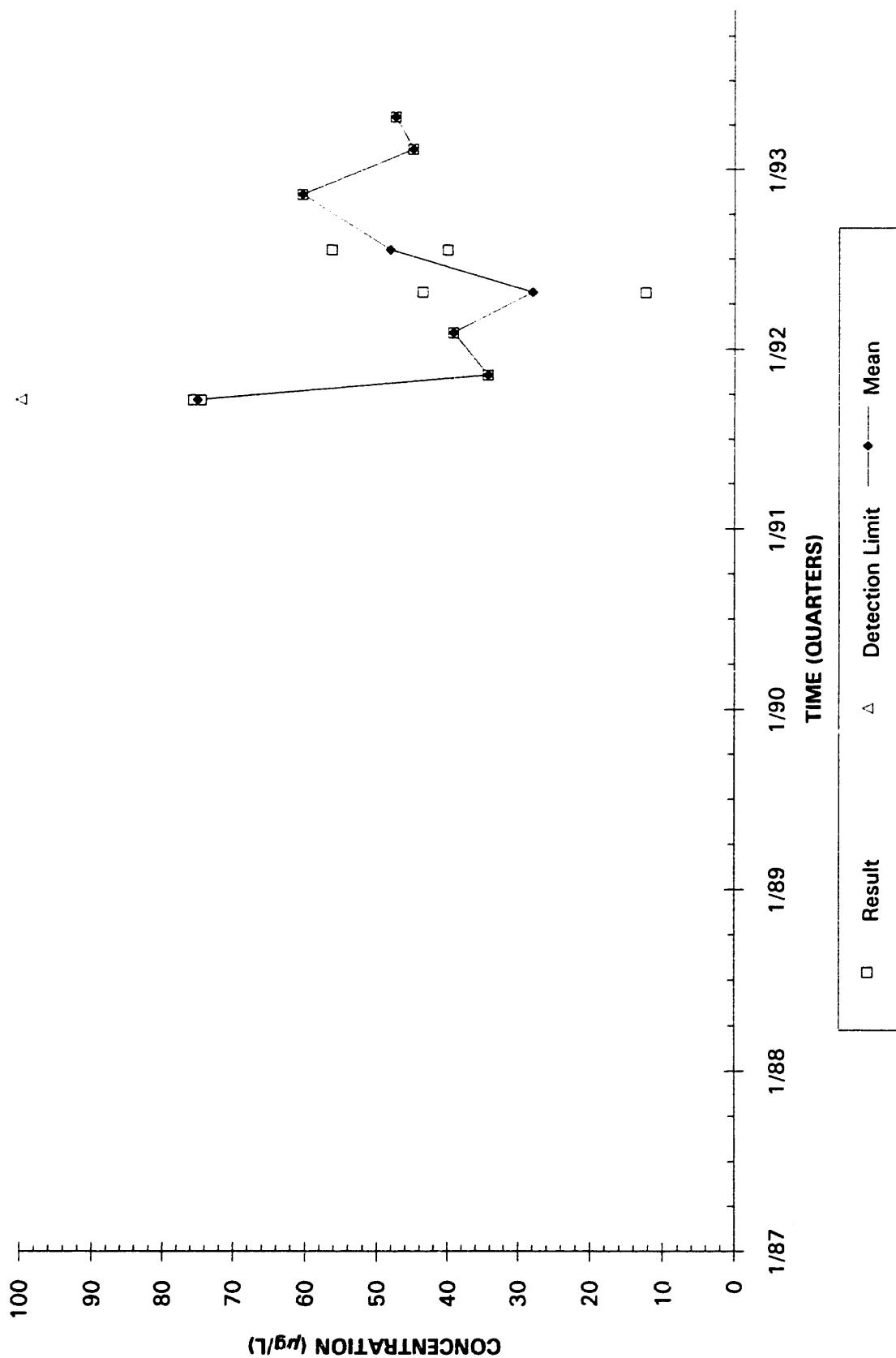


AMB 10A is plotted separately because its values distort the scale of this chart.

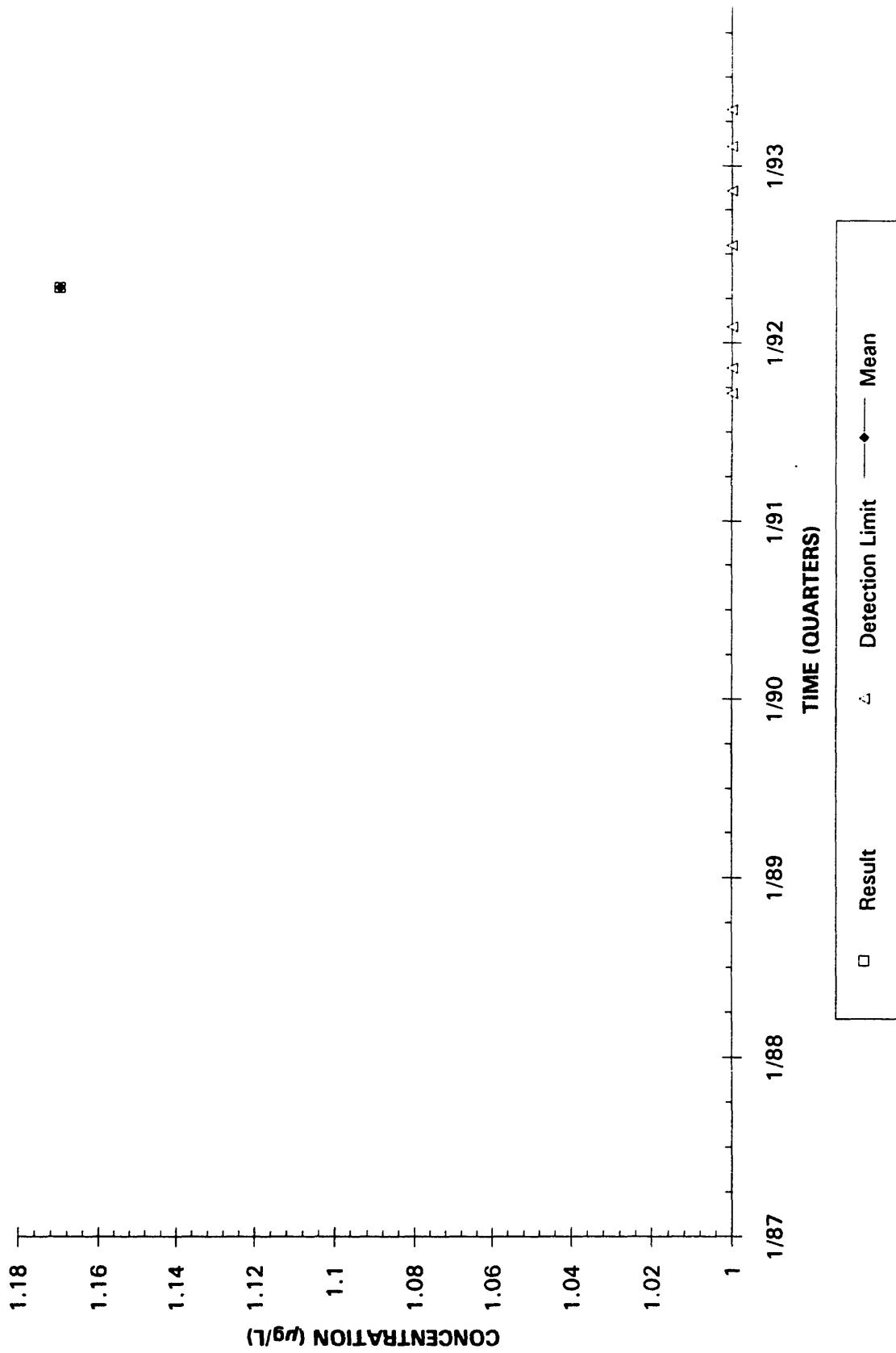
**Time Series Plot of Field Specific Conductance
for Well AMB 10A**



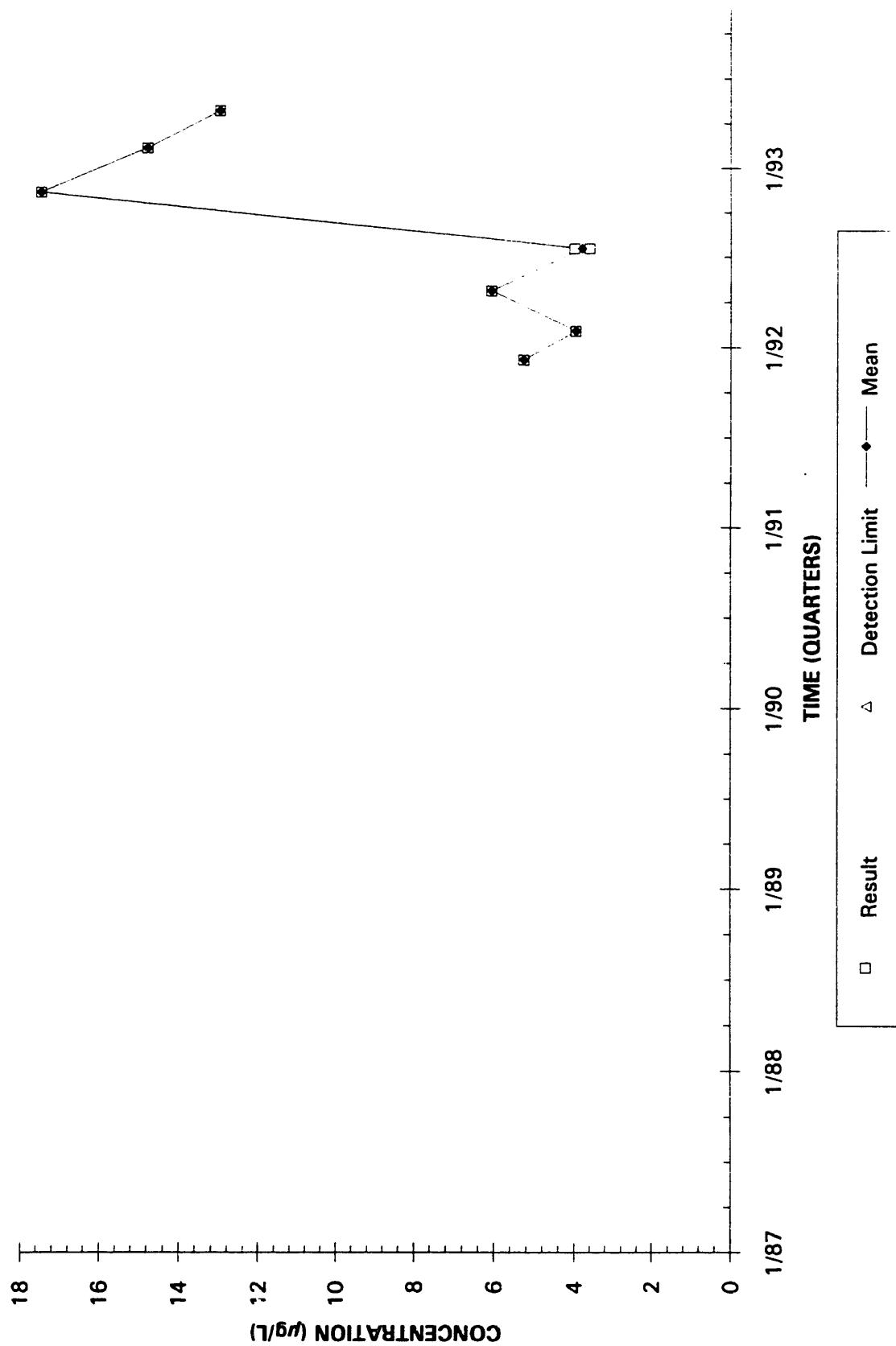
**Tetrachloroethylene Concentrations
W_{II} AMB 4A**



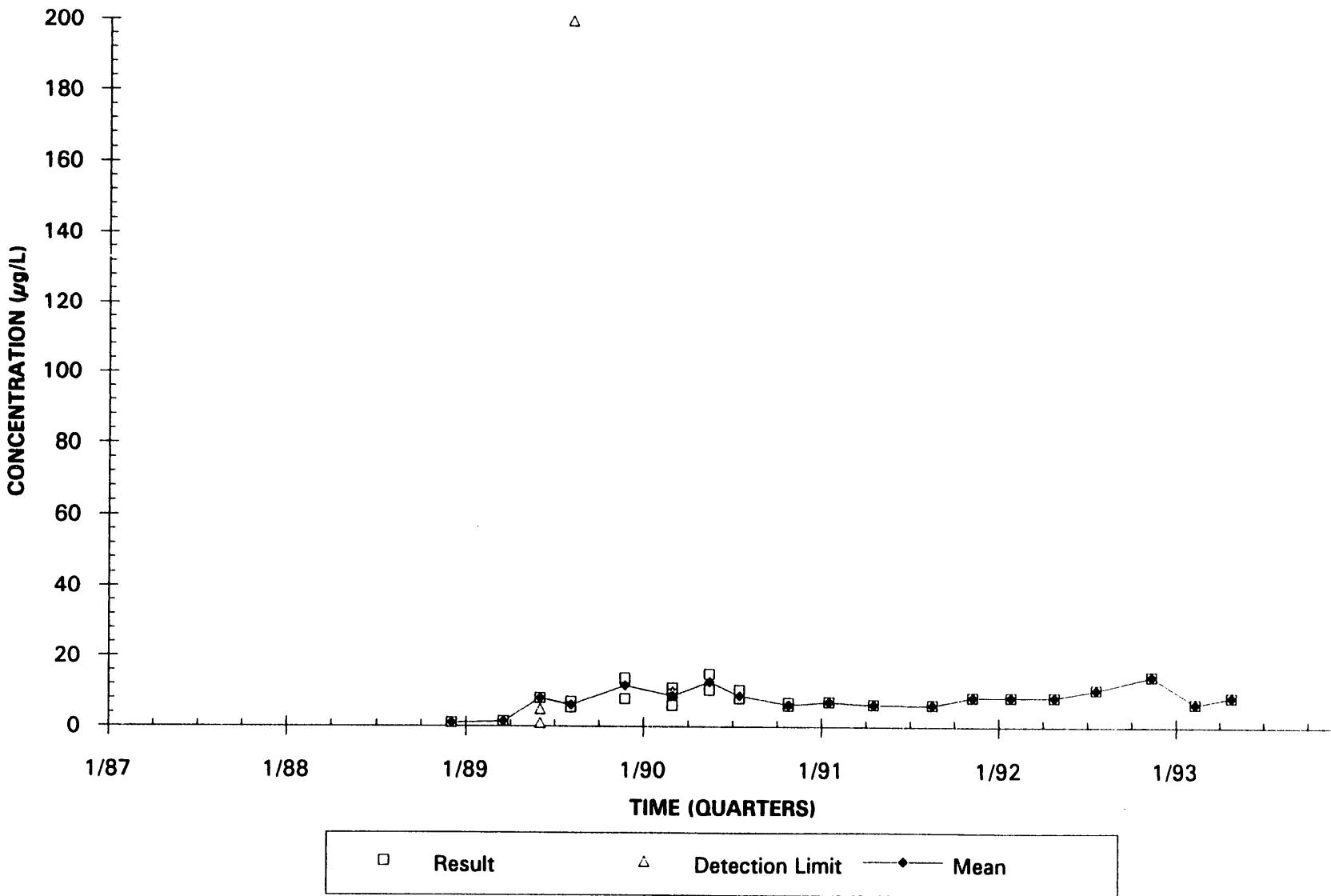
Tetrachloroethylene Concentrations
Well AMB 4B



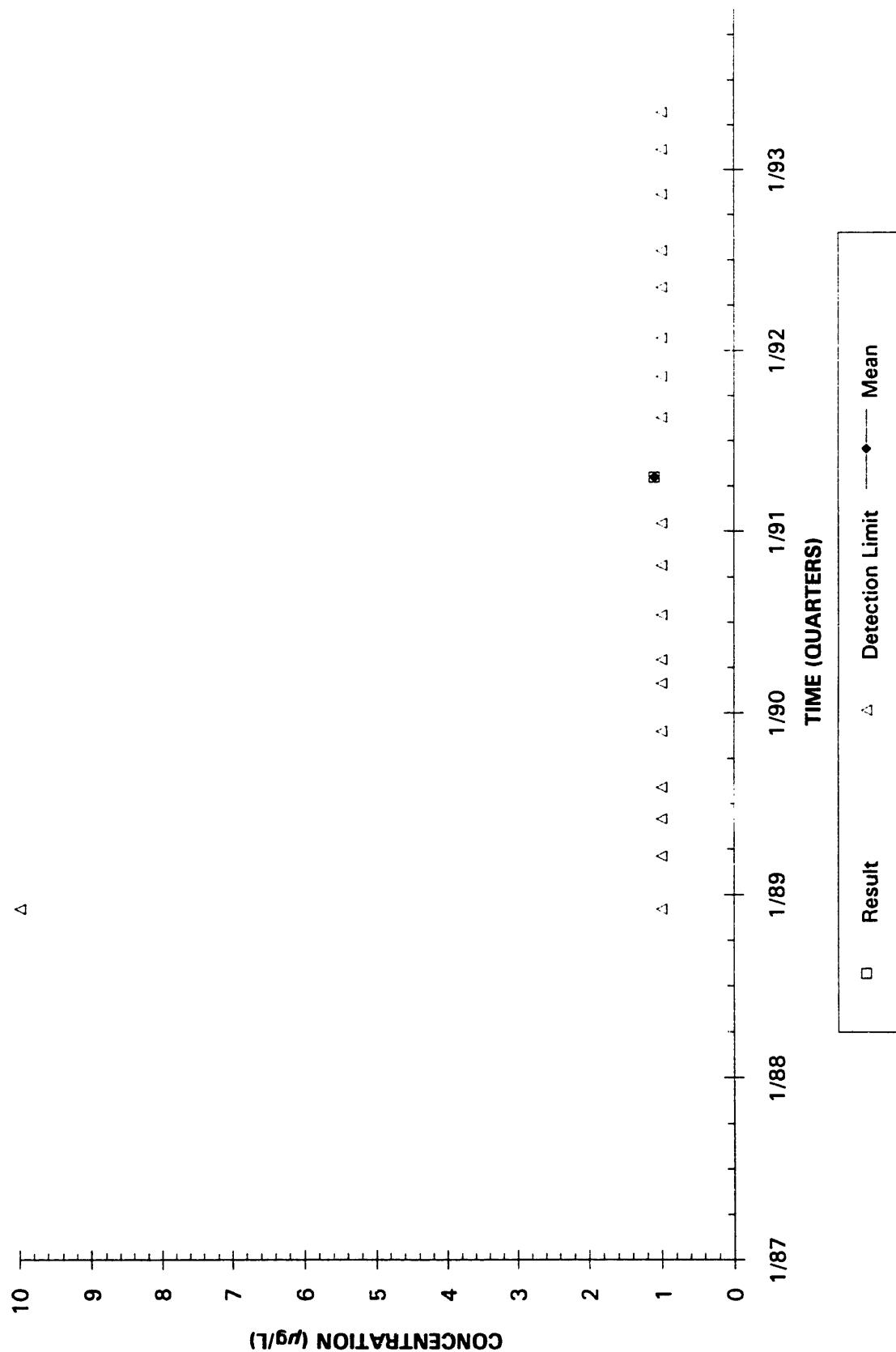
**Tetrachloroethylene Concentrations
Well AMB 4D**

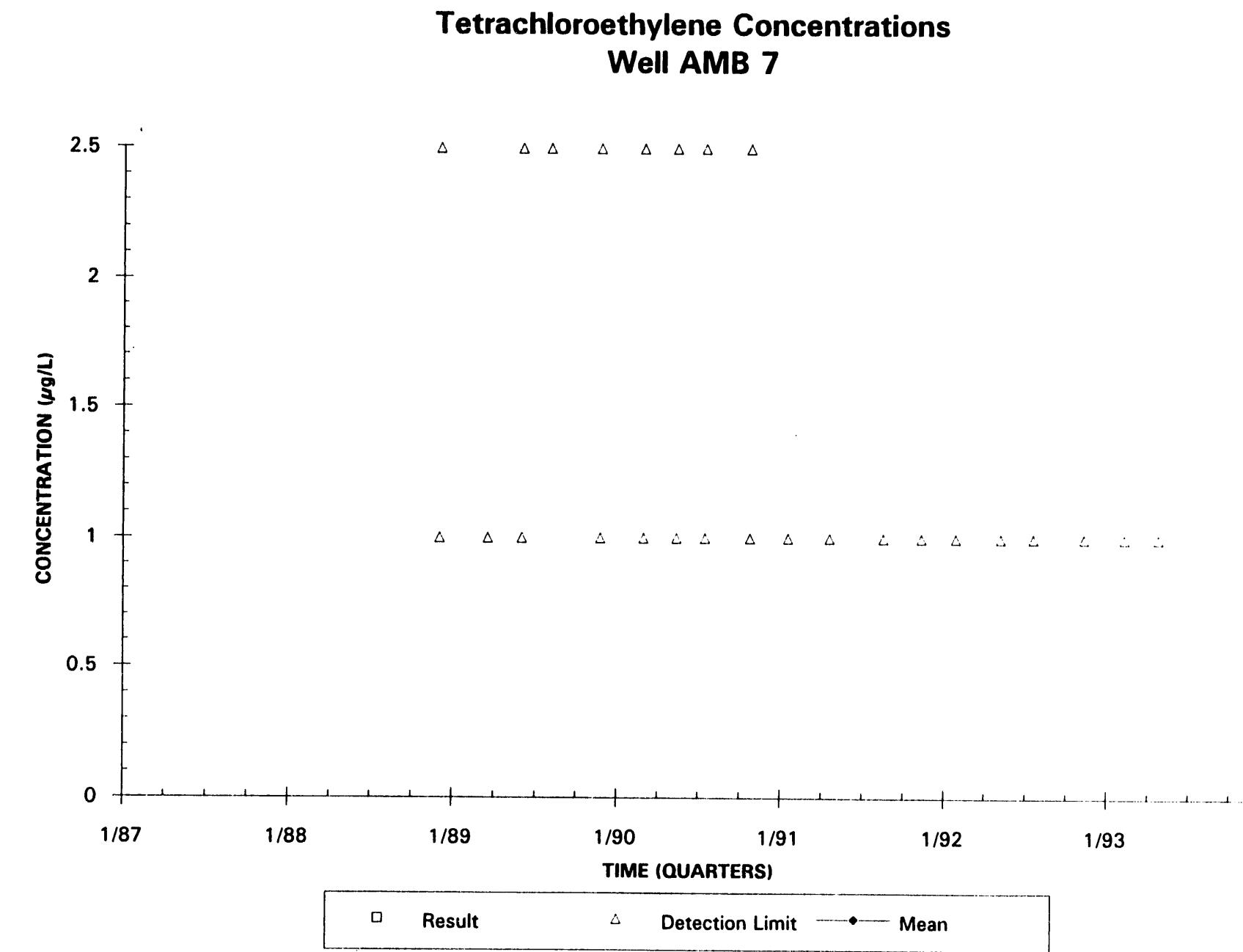


Tetrachloroethylene Concentrations Well AMB 5

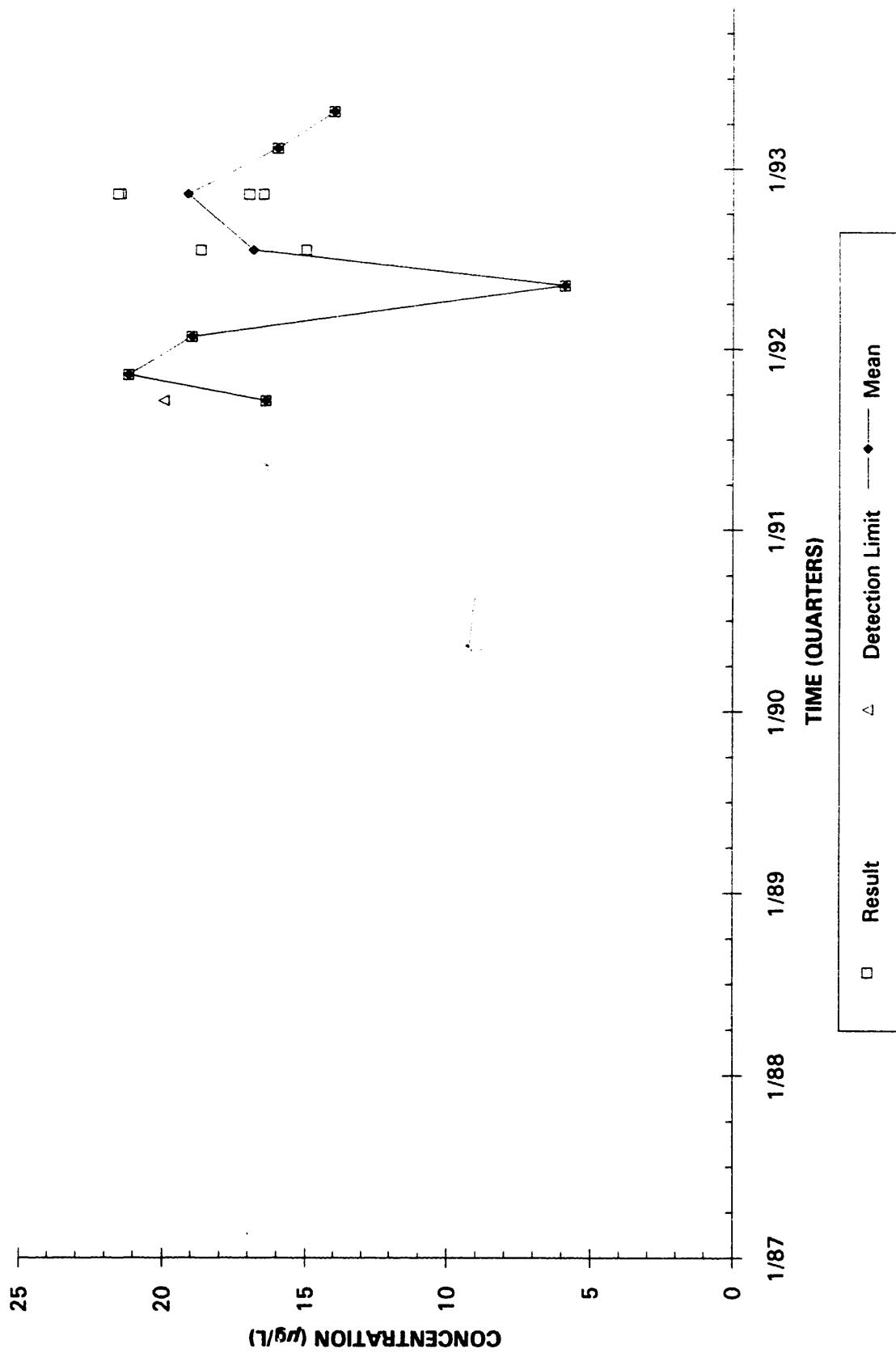


**Tetrachloroethylene Concentrations
Well AMB 6**

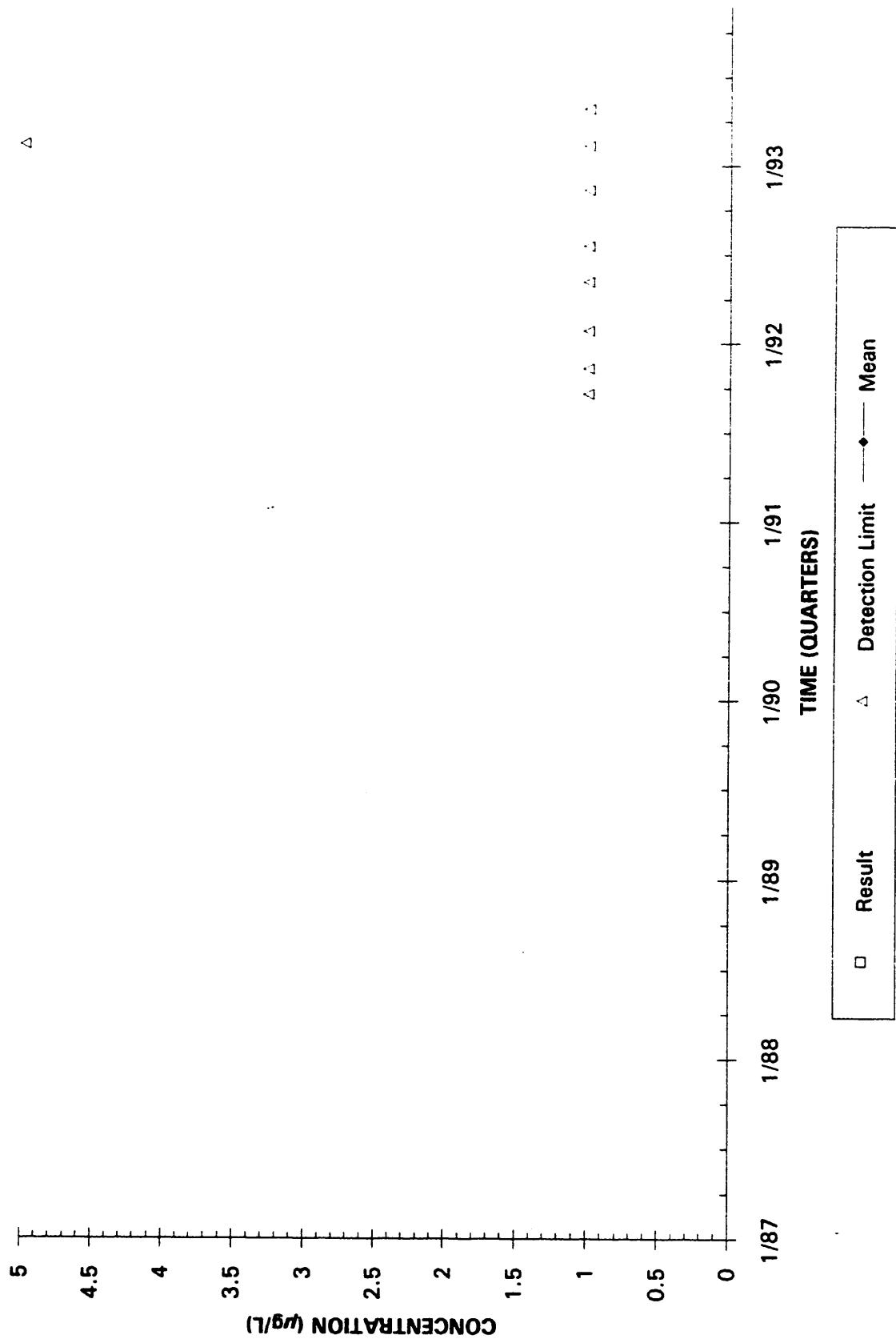


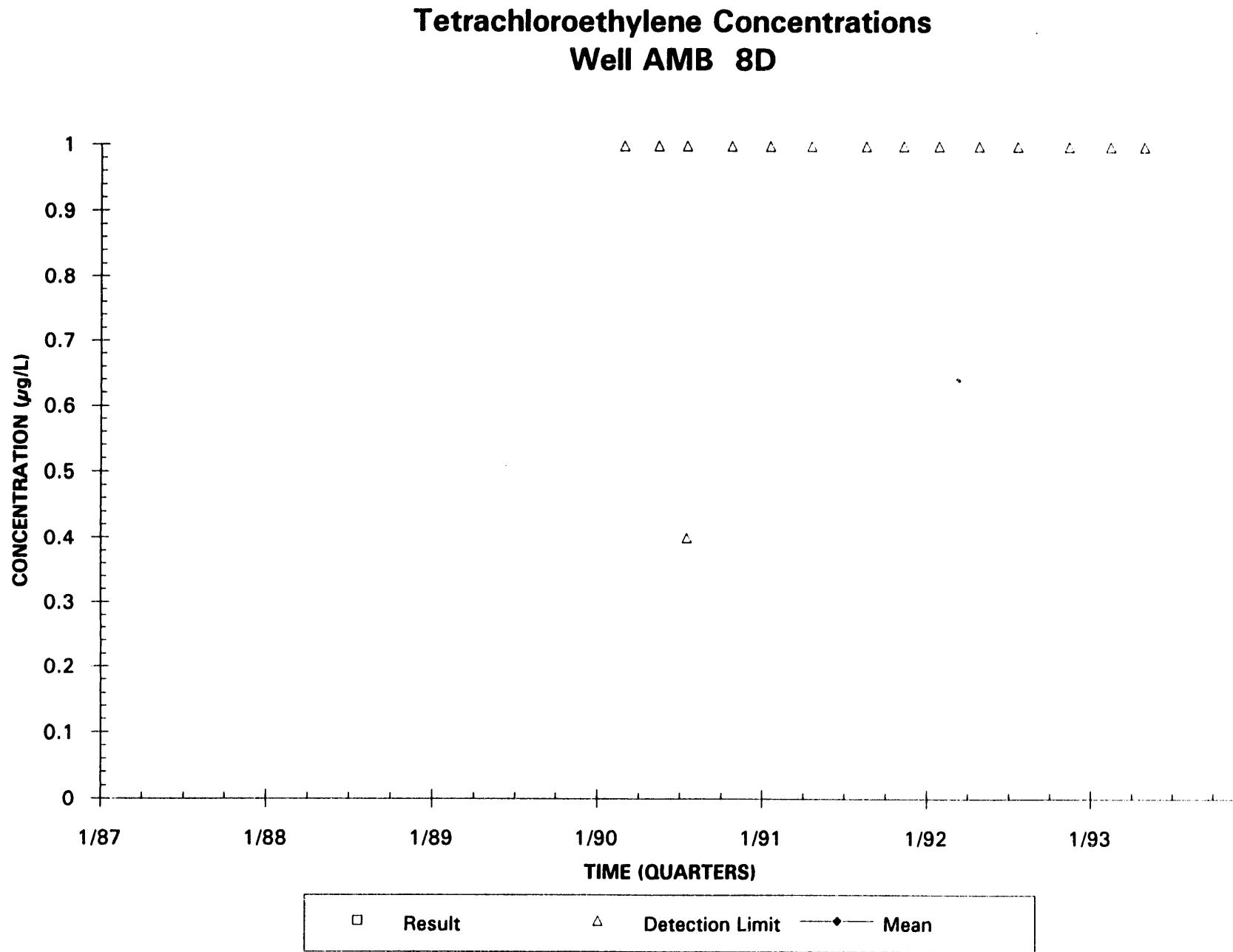


**Tetrachloroethylene Concentrations
Well AMB 7A**



**Tetrachloroethylene Concentrations
Well AMB 7B**





OF

1.0 1.25 1.4 1.6 1.8 2.0 2.2 2.5 2.8

1.0 1.25 1.4 1.6 1.8 2.0 2.2 2.5 2.8

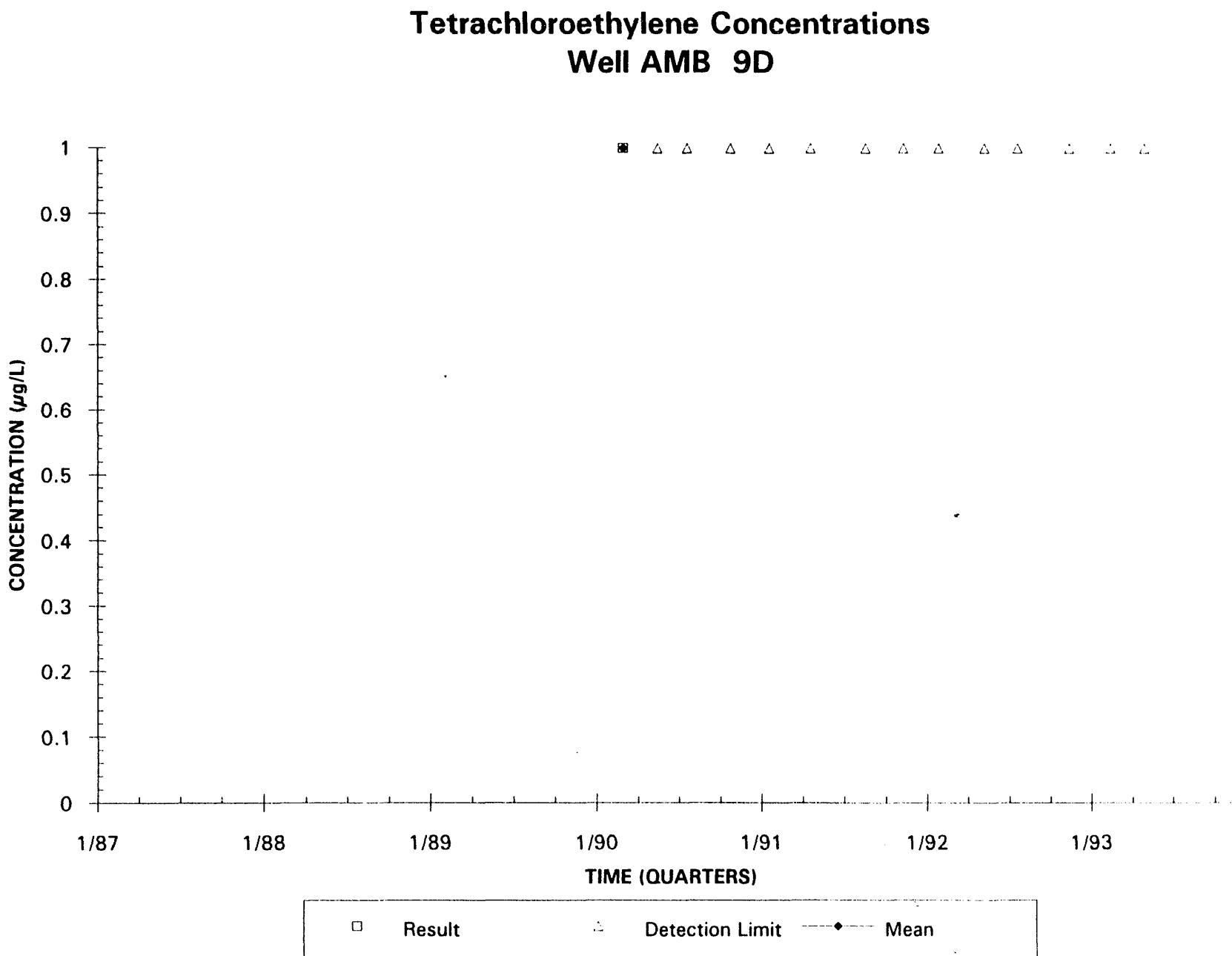
1.0 1.25 1.4 1.6 1.8 2.0 2.2 2.5 2.8

1.0 1.25 1.4 1.6 1.8 2.0 2.2 2.5 2.8

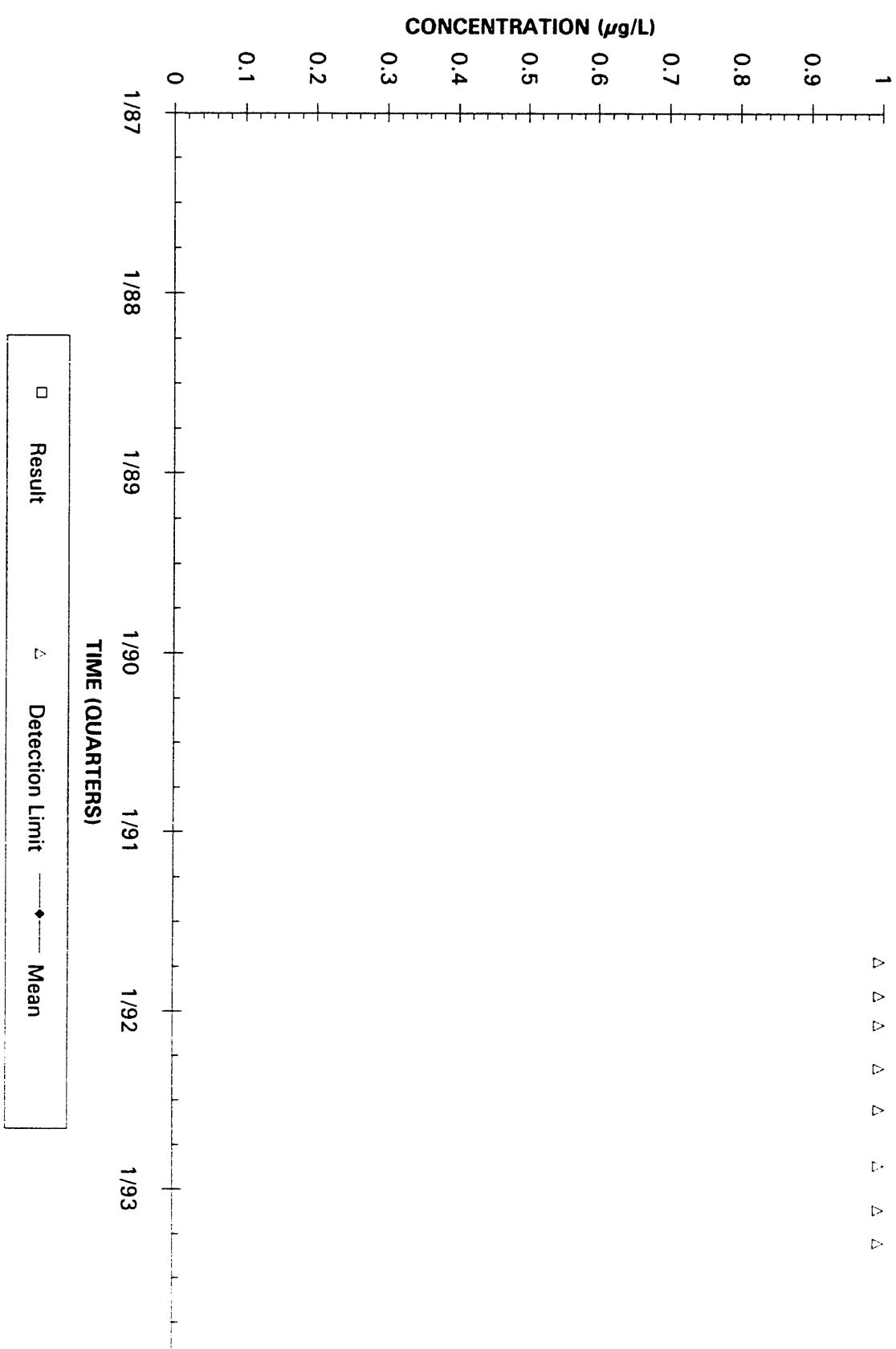
1.0 1.25 1.4 1.6 1.8 2.0 2.2 2.5 2.8

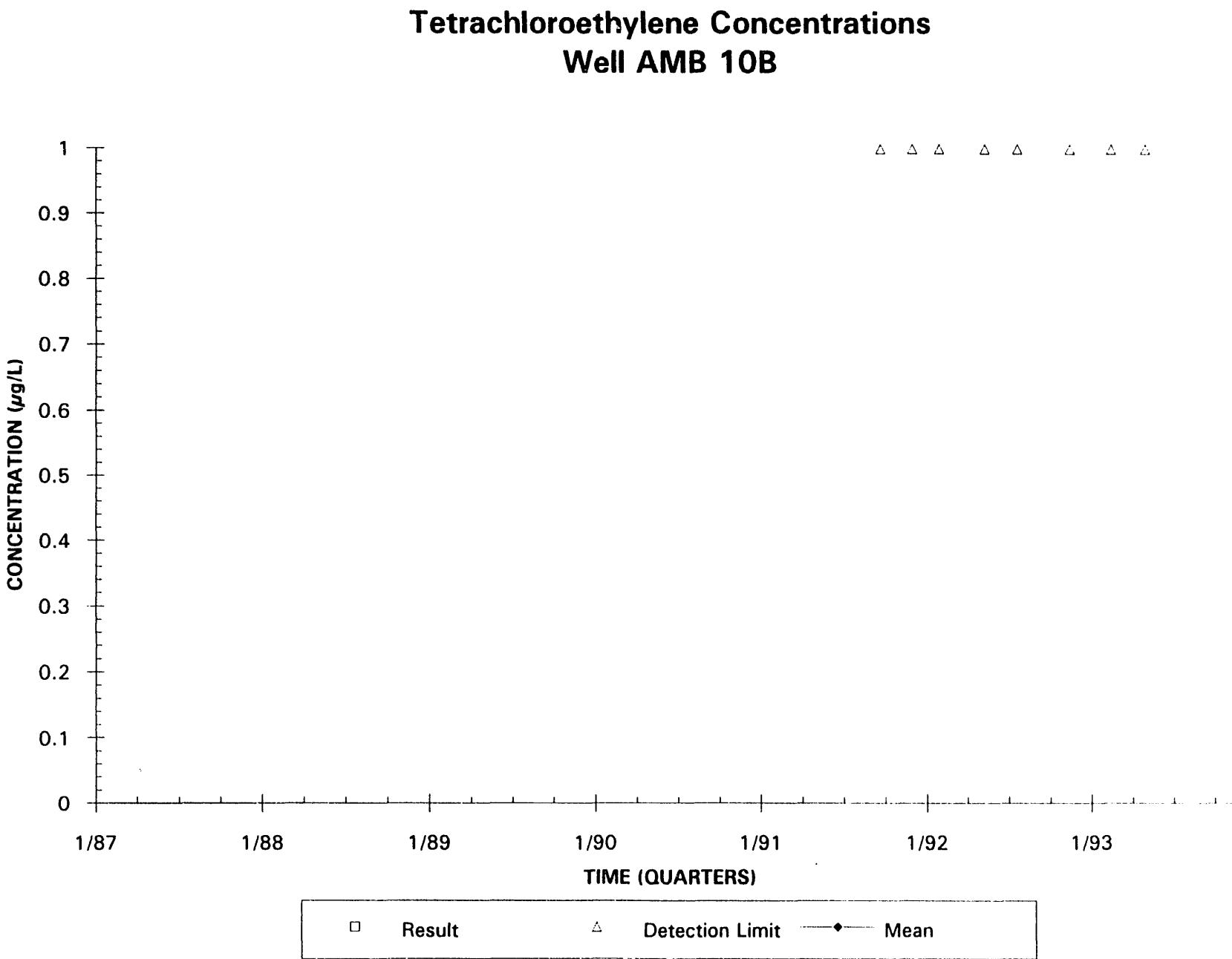
1.0 1.25 1.4 1.6 1.8 2.0 2.2 2.5 2.8

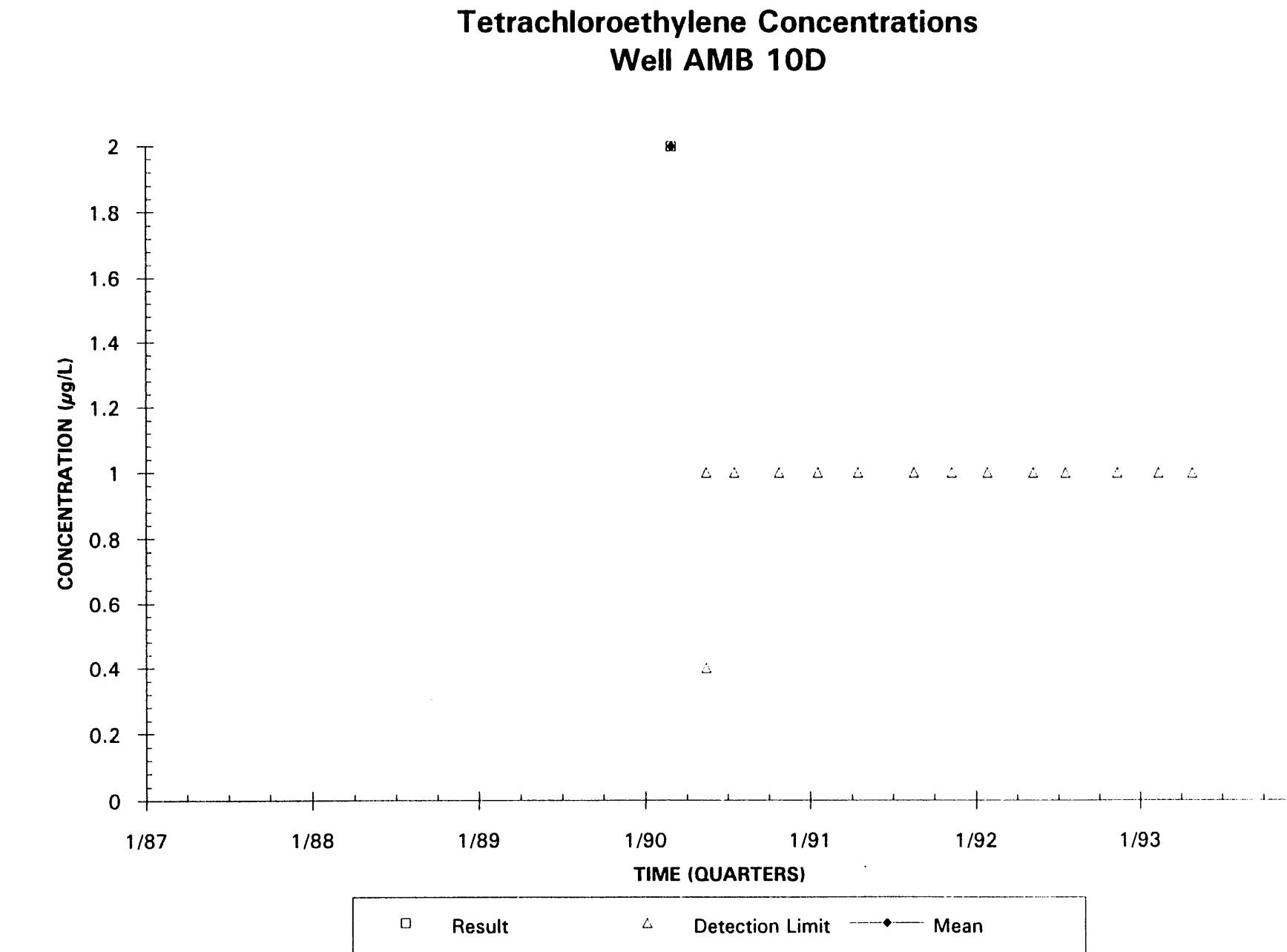
1.0 1.25 1.4 1.6 1.8 2.0 2.2 2.5 2.8



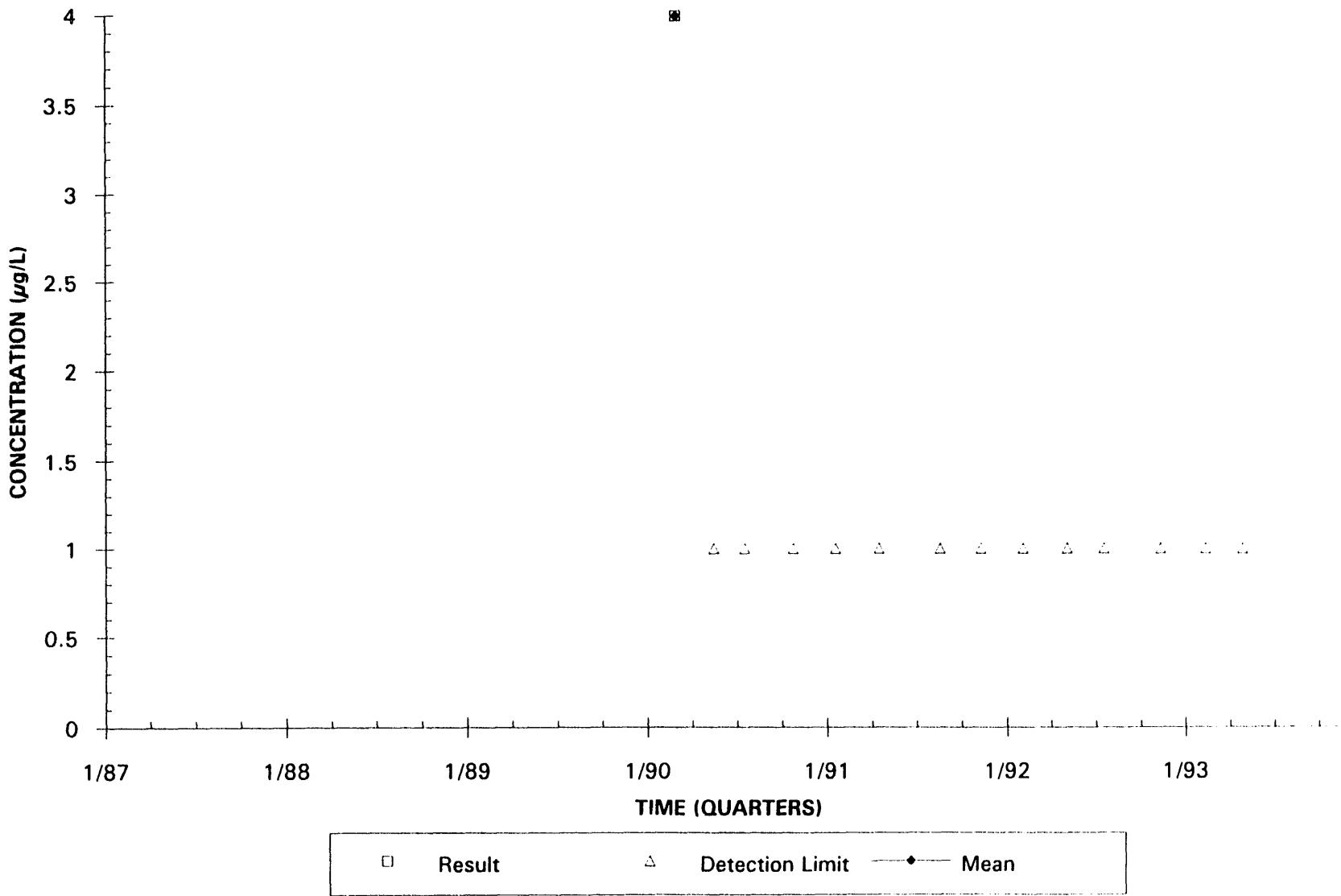
Tetrachloroethylene Concentrations Well AMB 10A



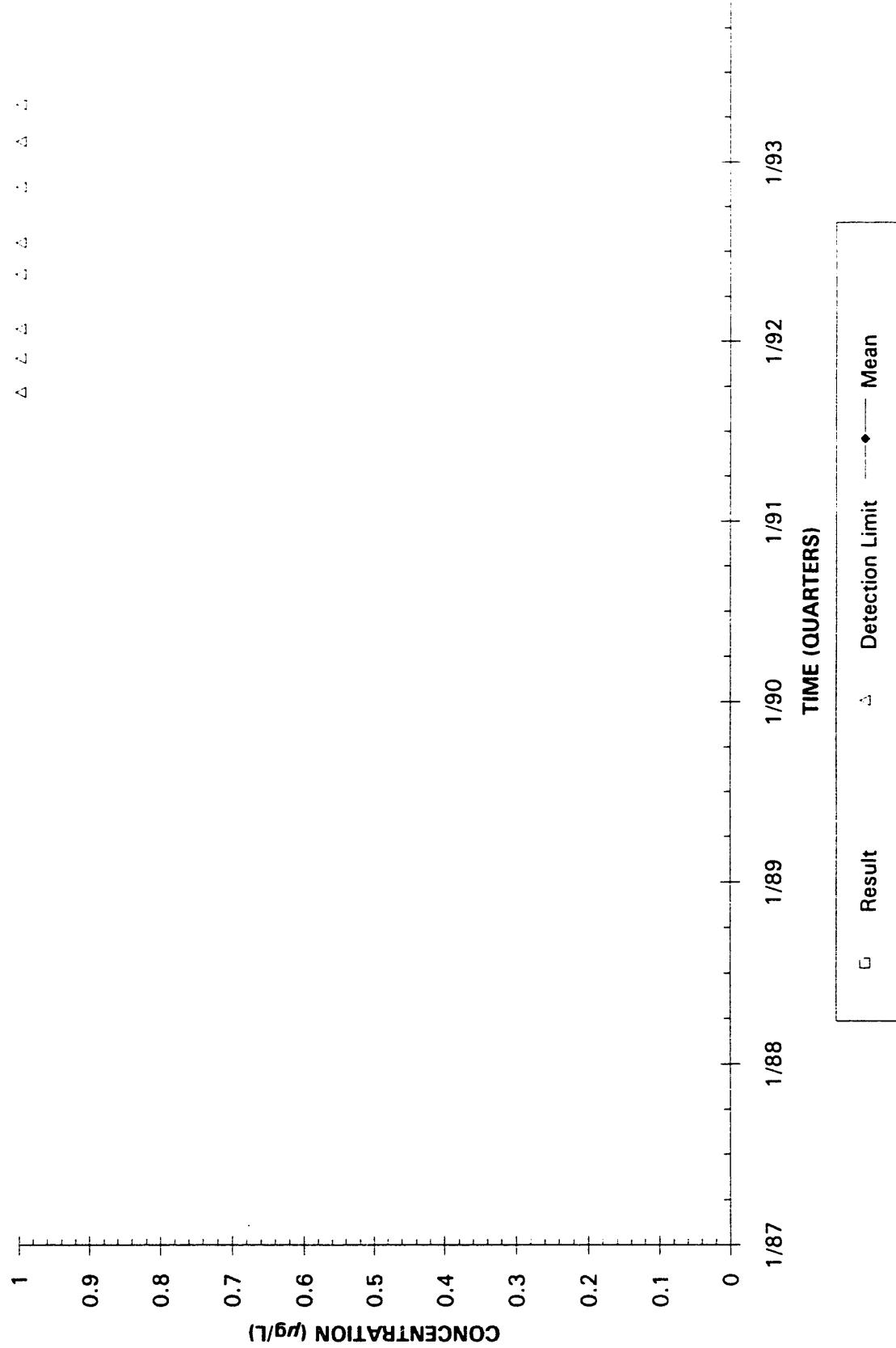




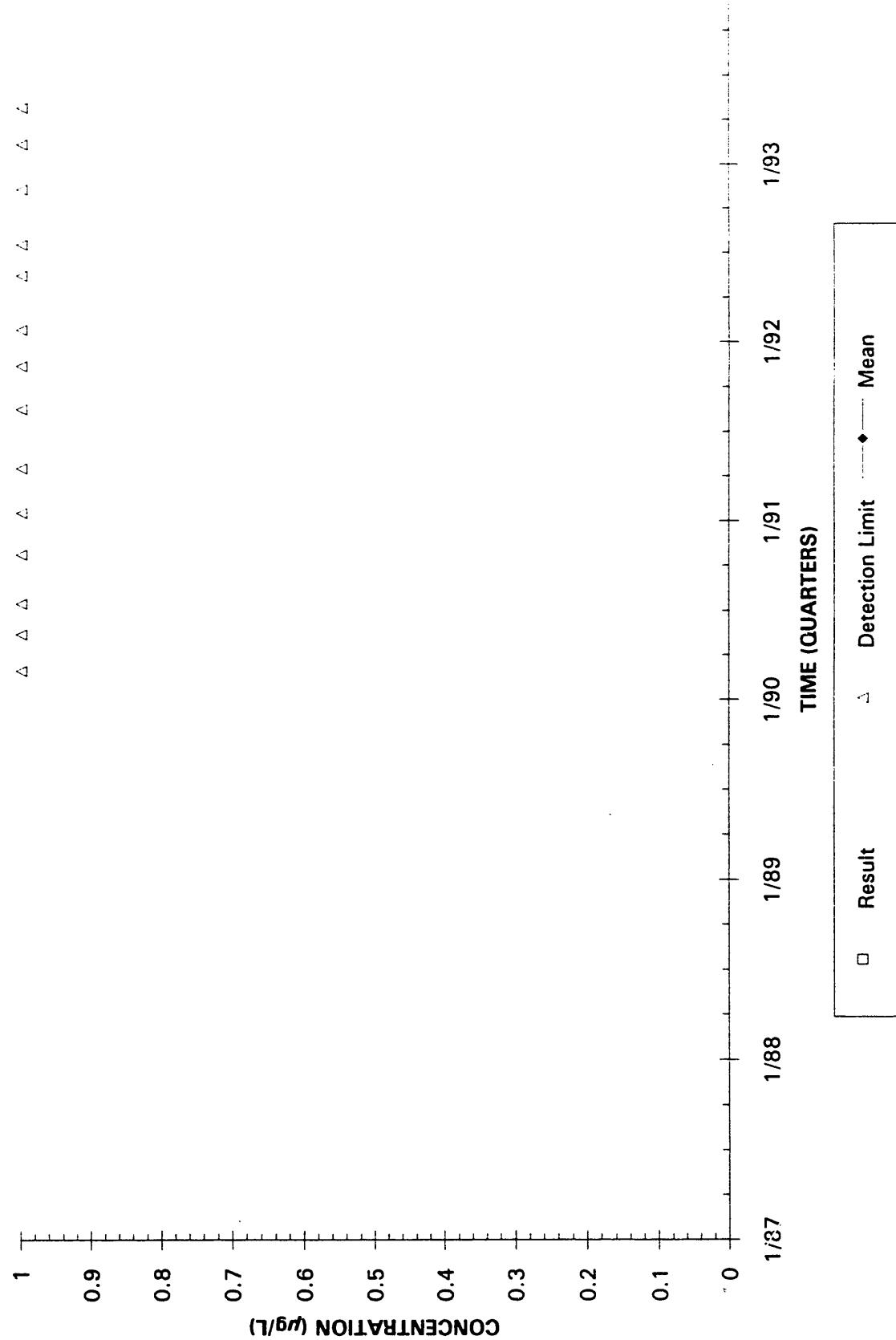
Tetrachloroethylene Concentrations Well AMB 10DD



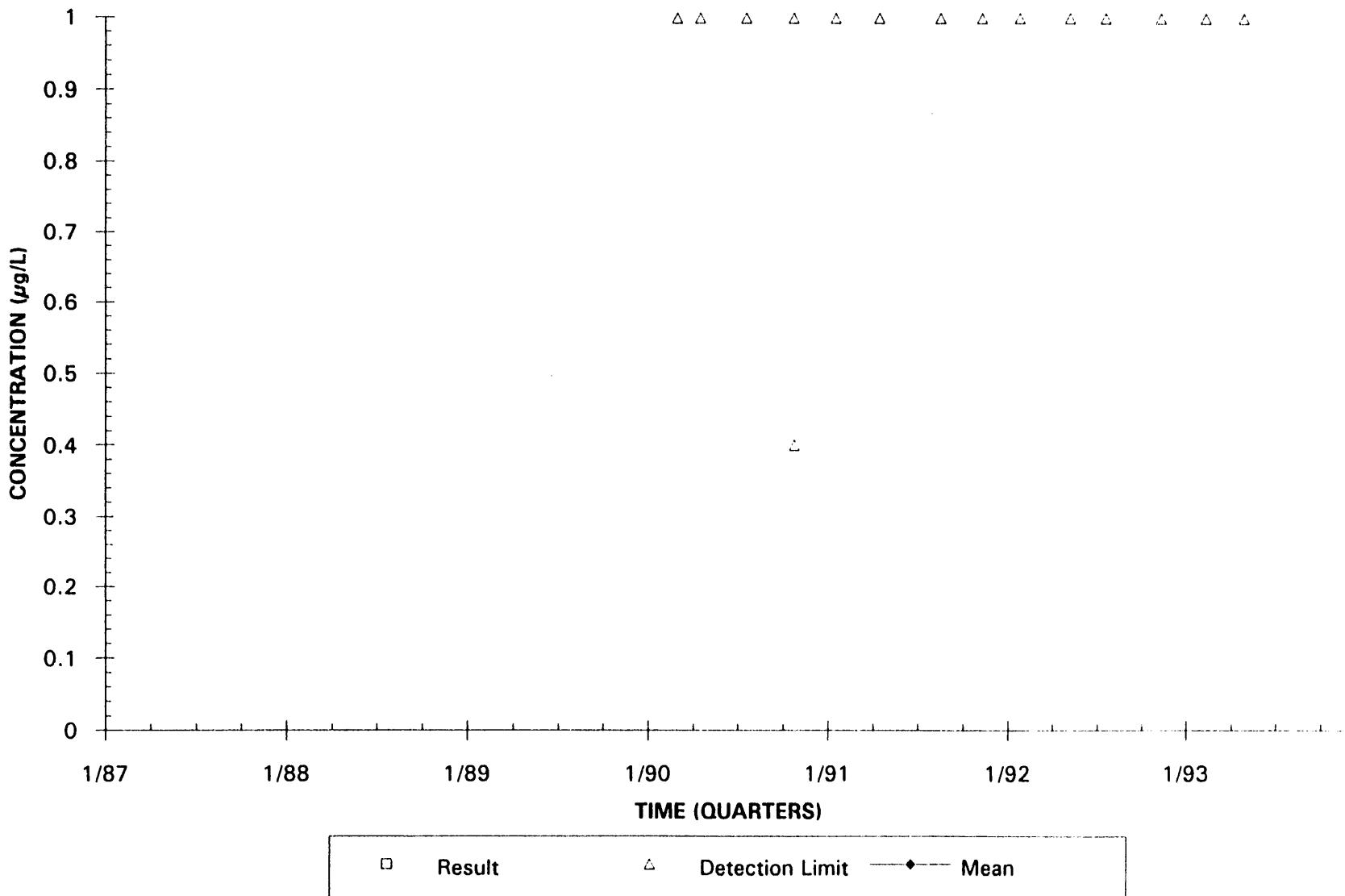
**Tetrachloroethylene Concentrations
Well AMB 11B**

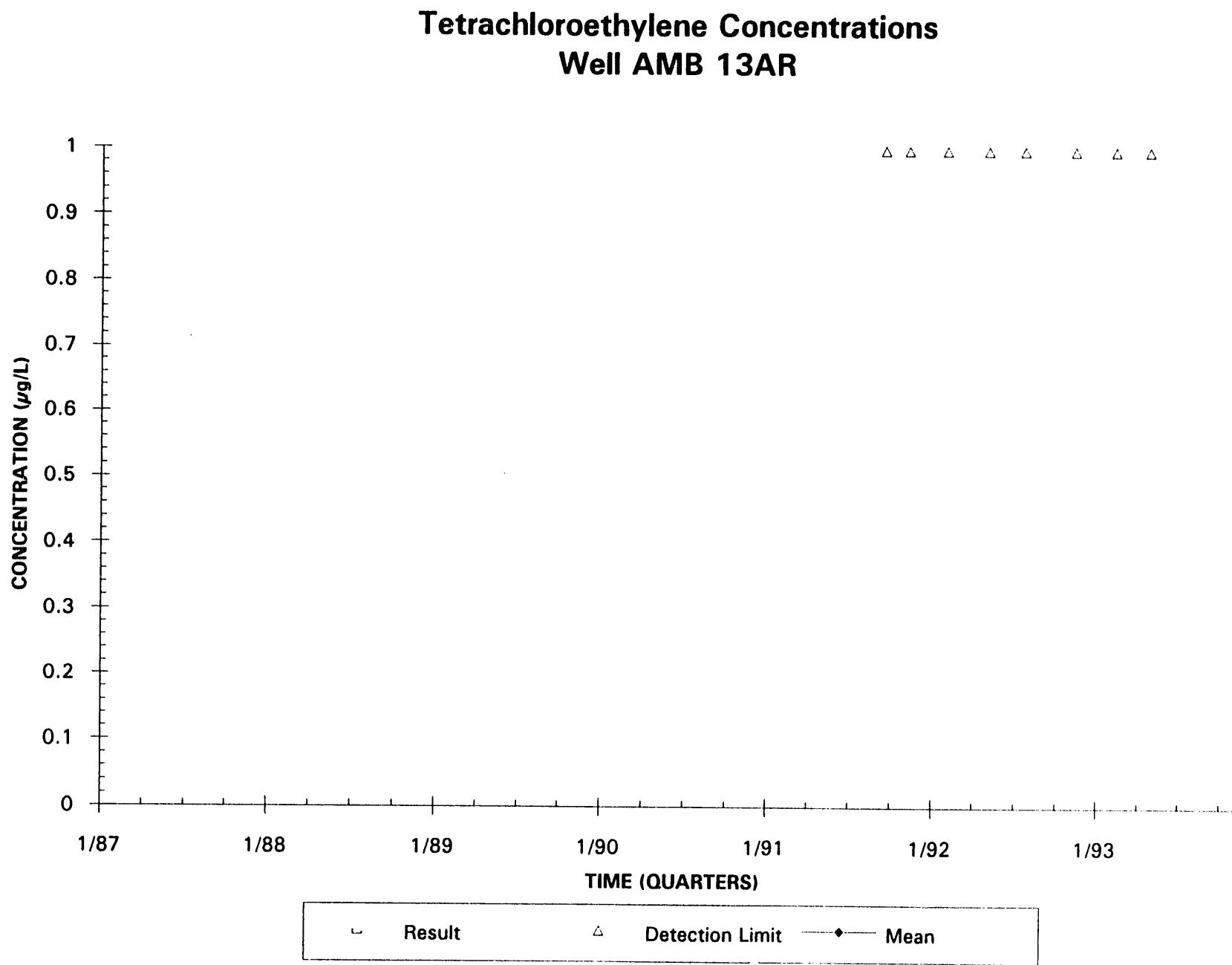


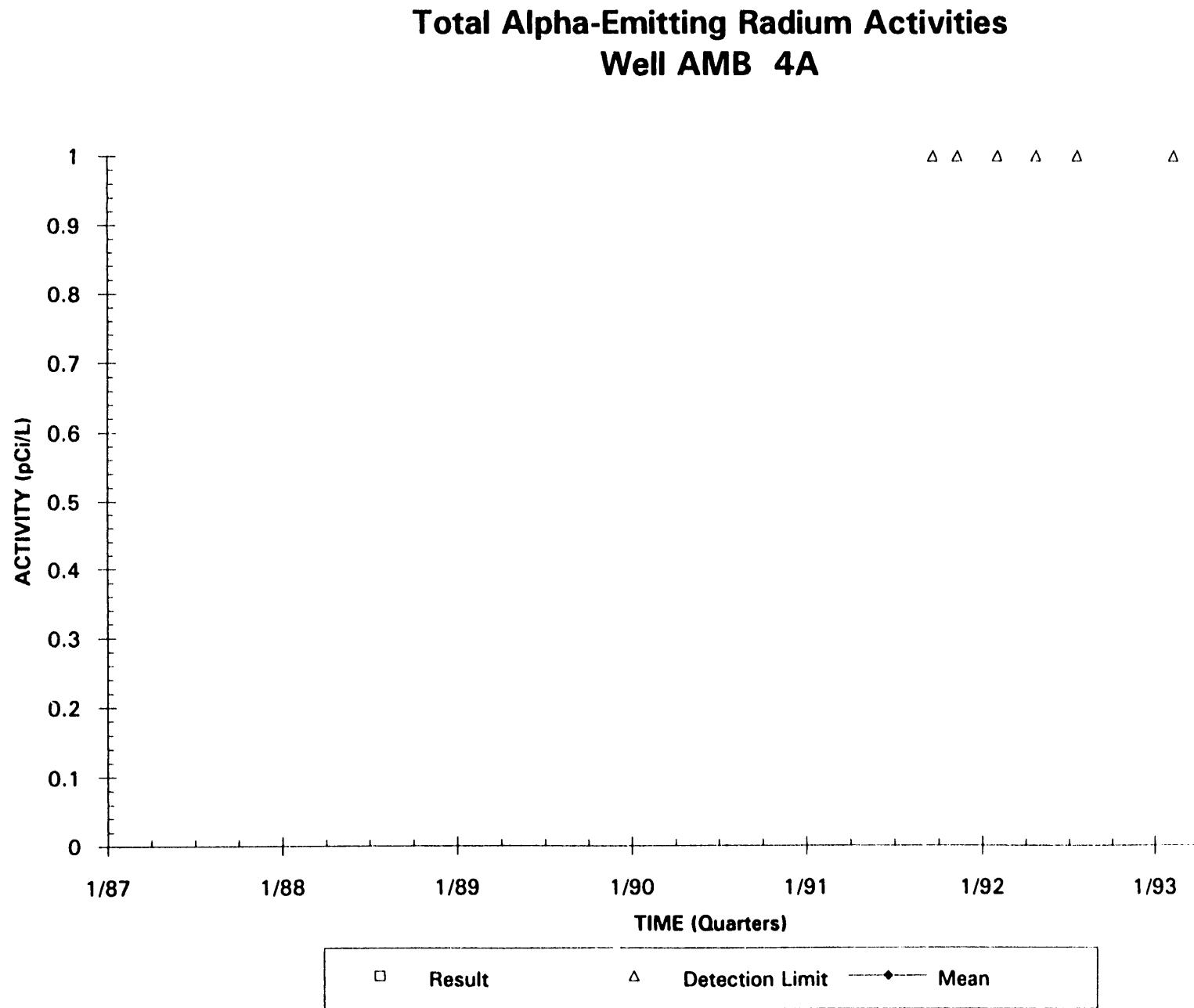
**Tetrachloroethylene Concentrations
Well AMB 1D**

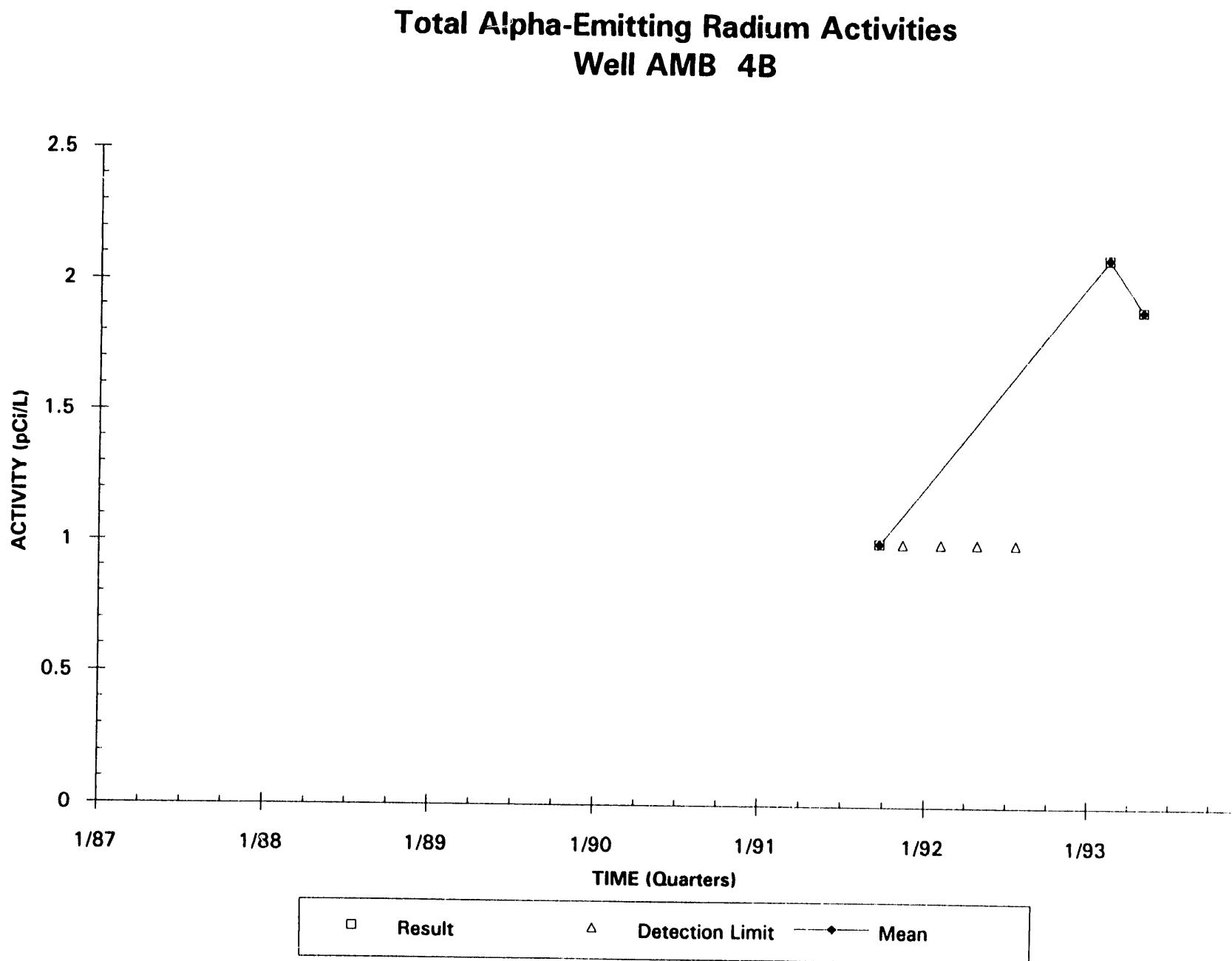


Tetrachloroethylene Concentrations Well AMB 12D

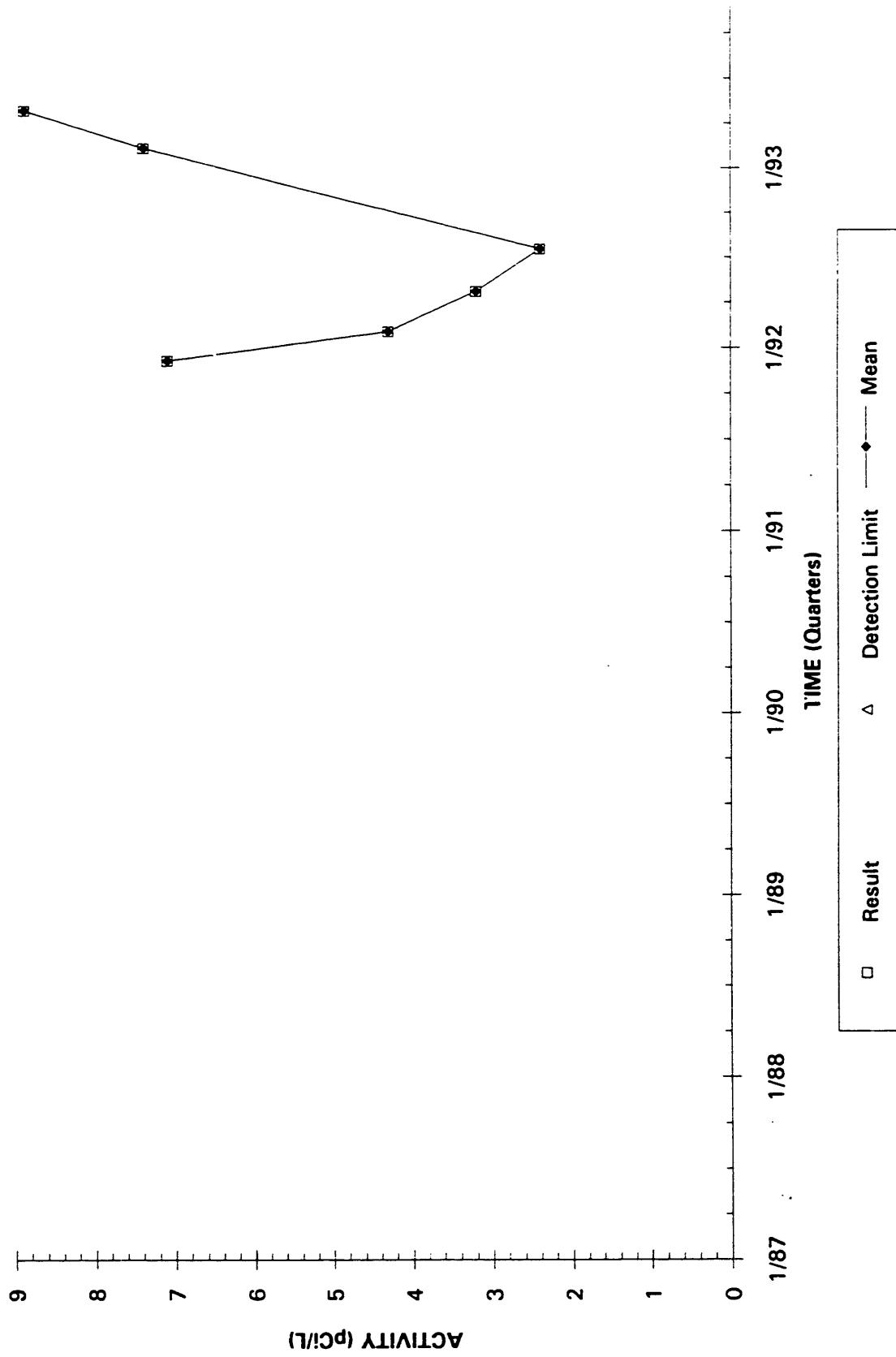




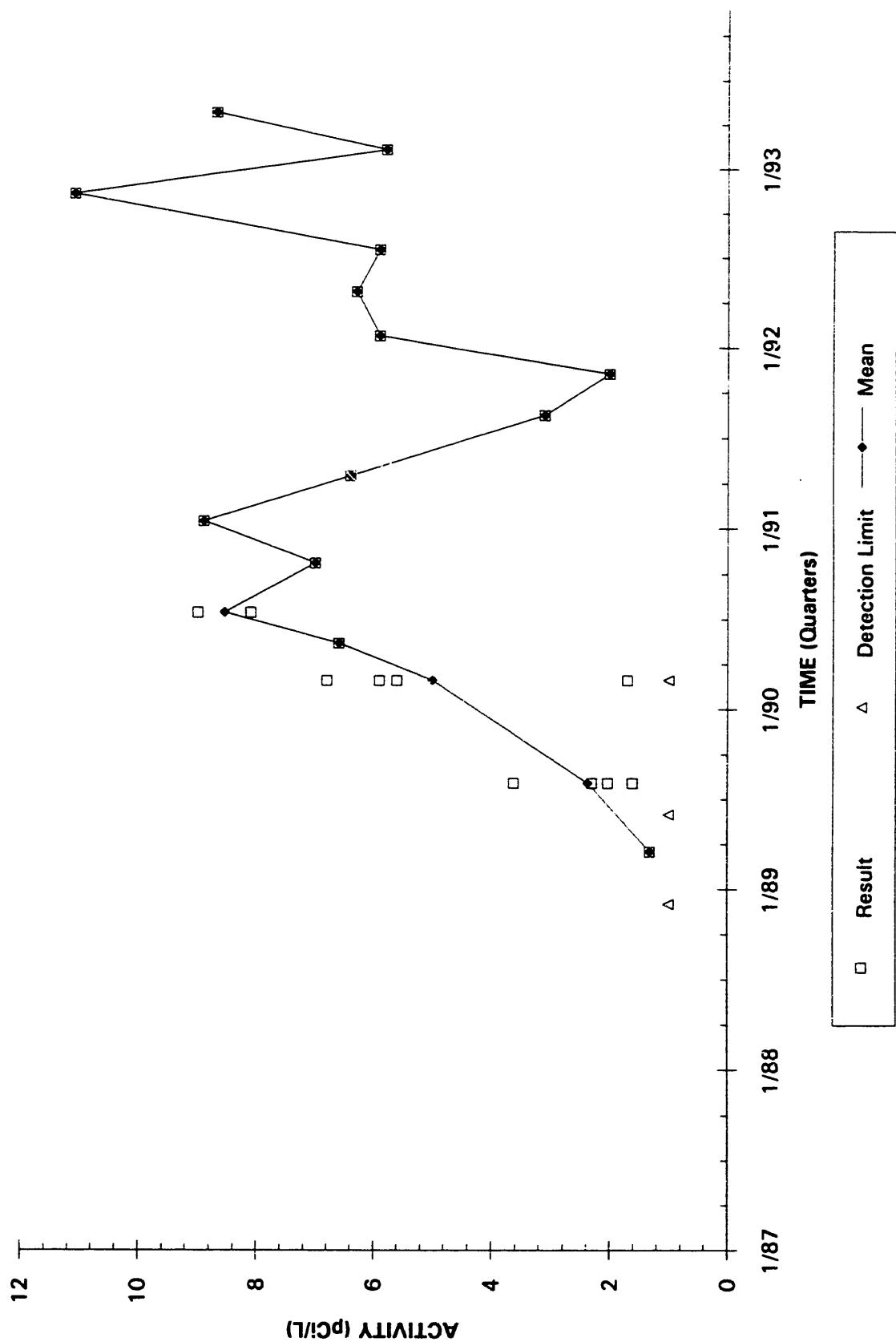




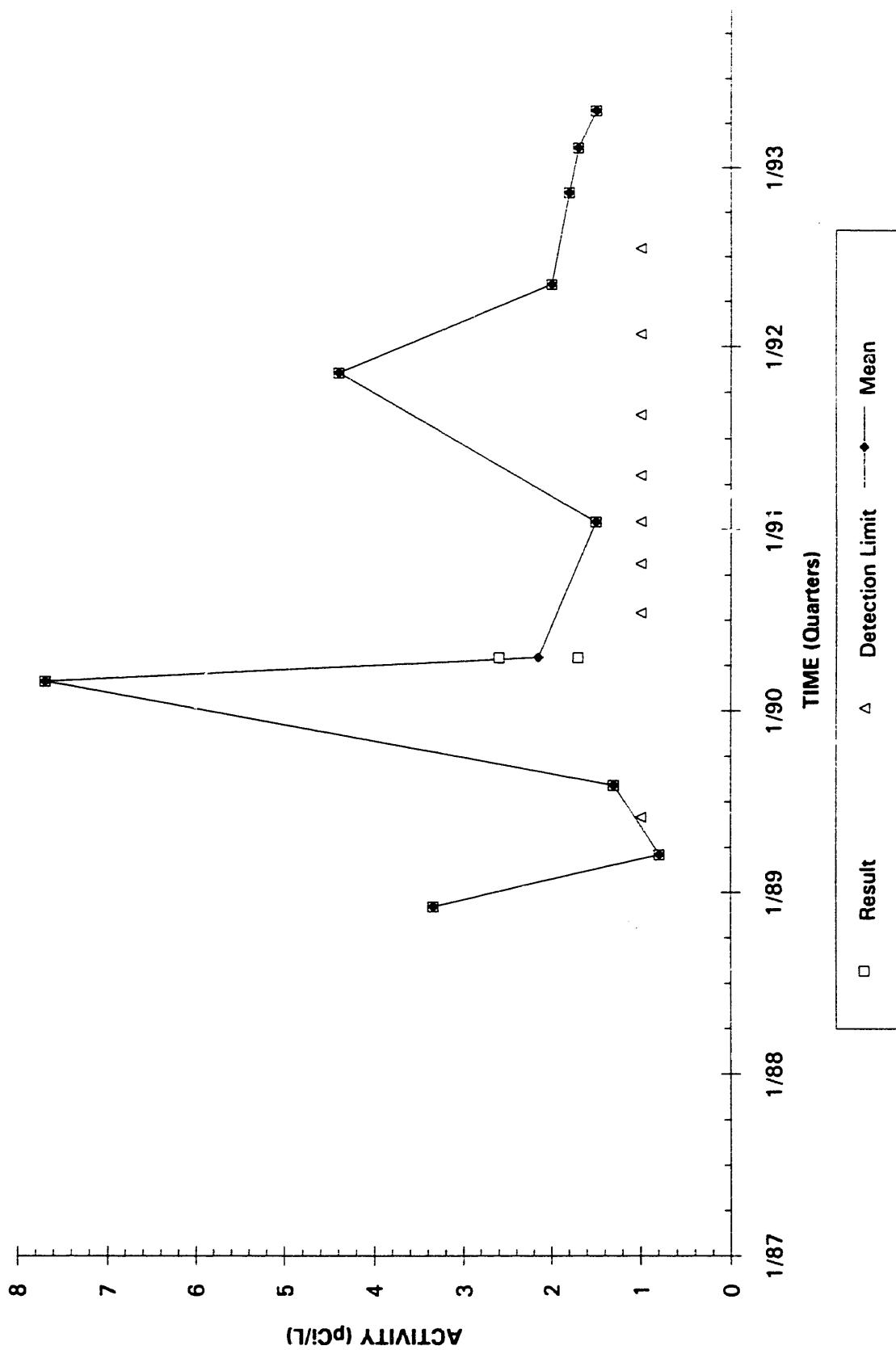
Total Alpha-Emitting Radium Activities
Well AMB 4D



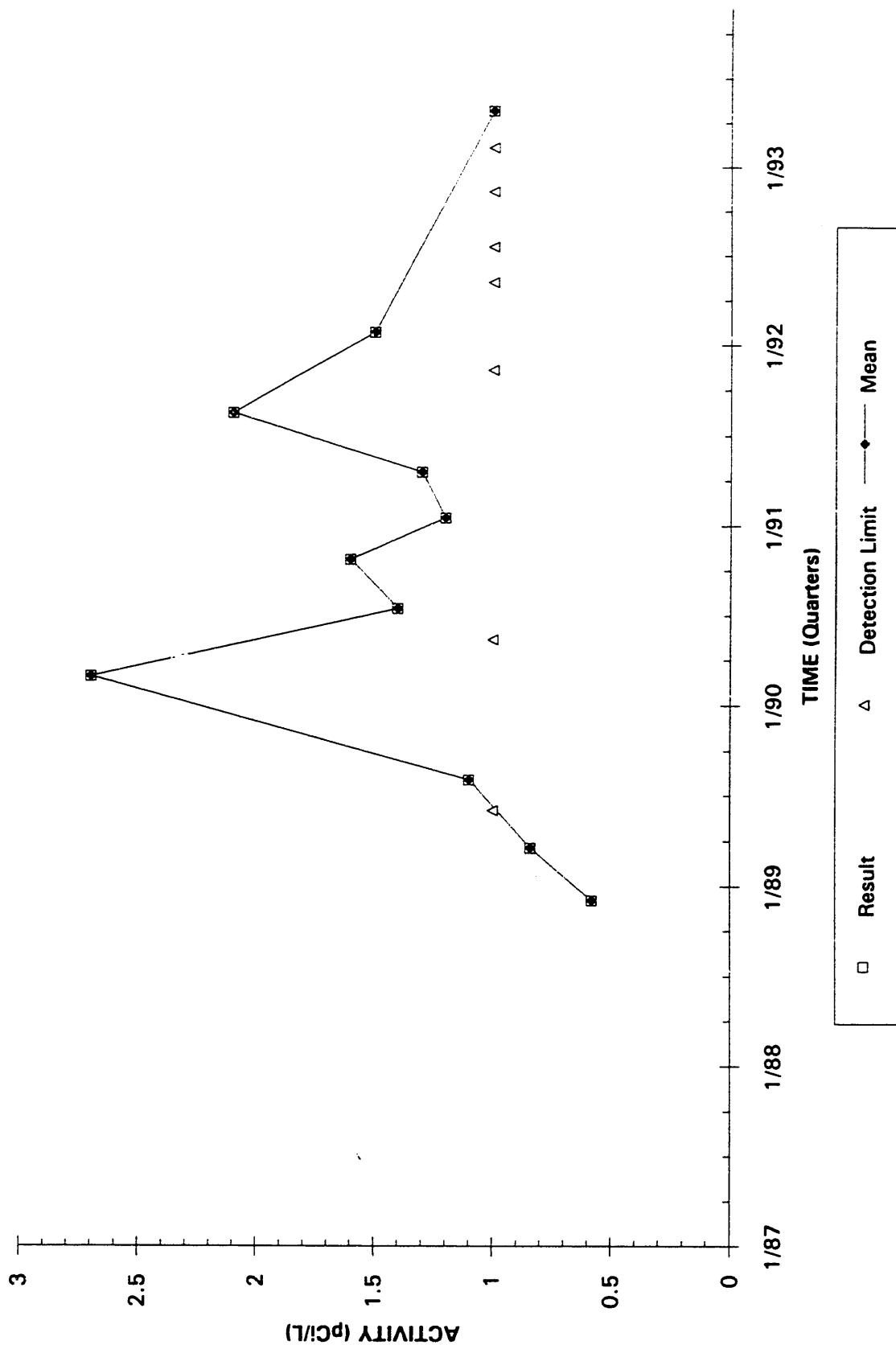
**Total Alpha-Emitting Radium Activities
Well AMB 5**

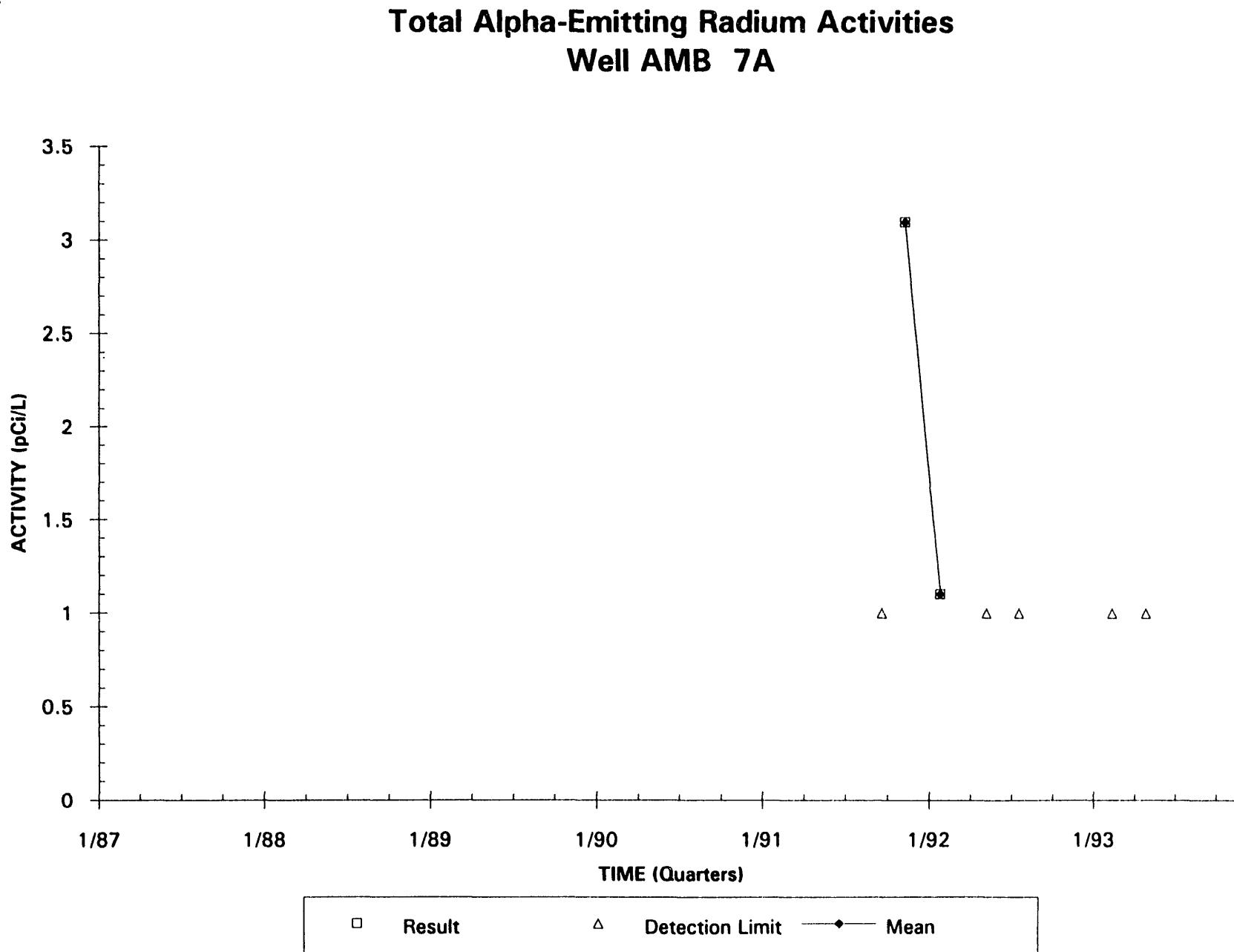


Total Alpha-Emitting Radium Activities
Well AMB 6

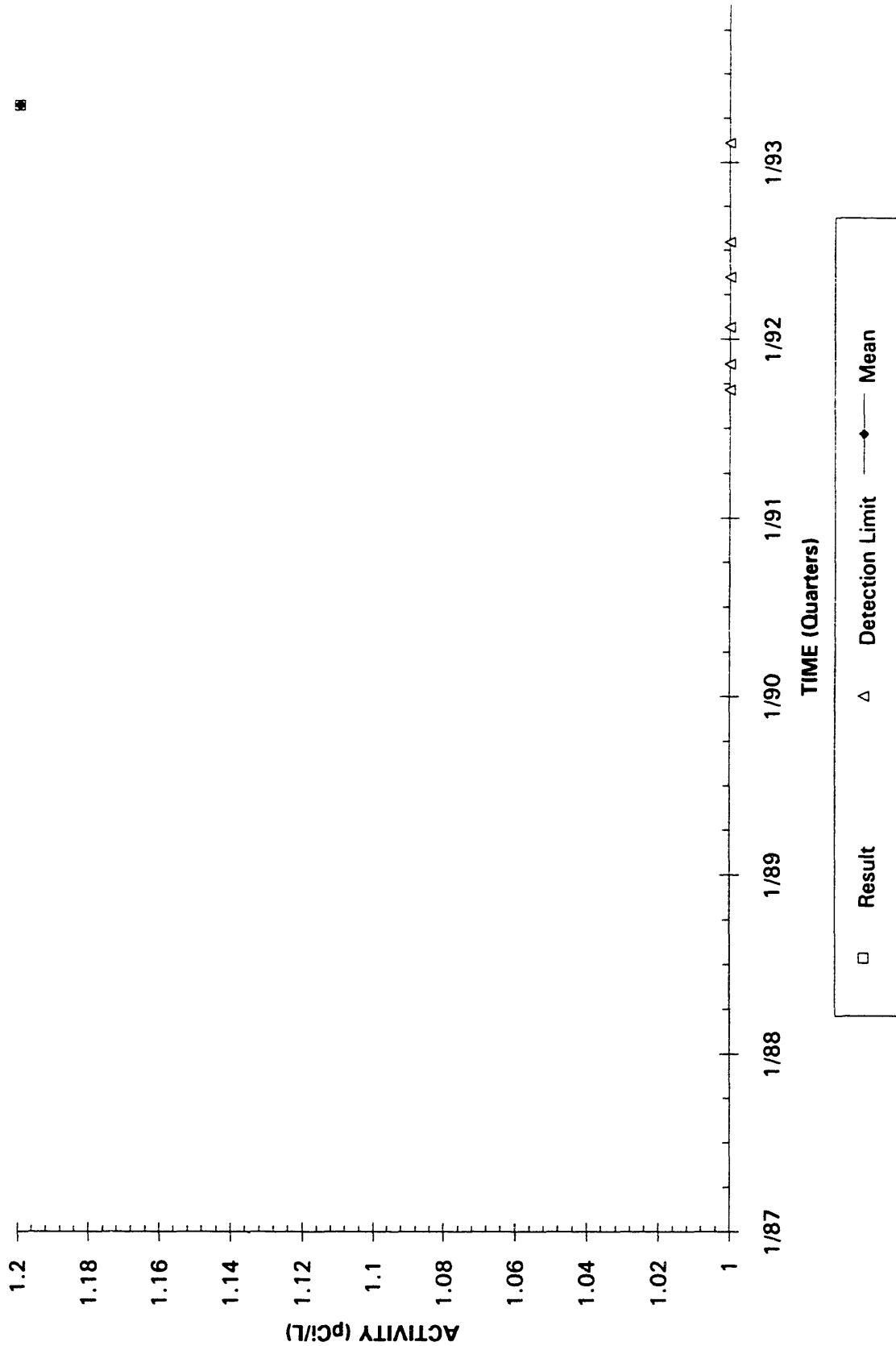


**Total Alpha-Emitting Radium Activities
Well AMB 7**

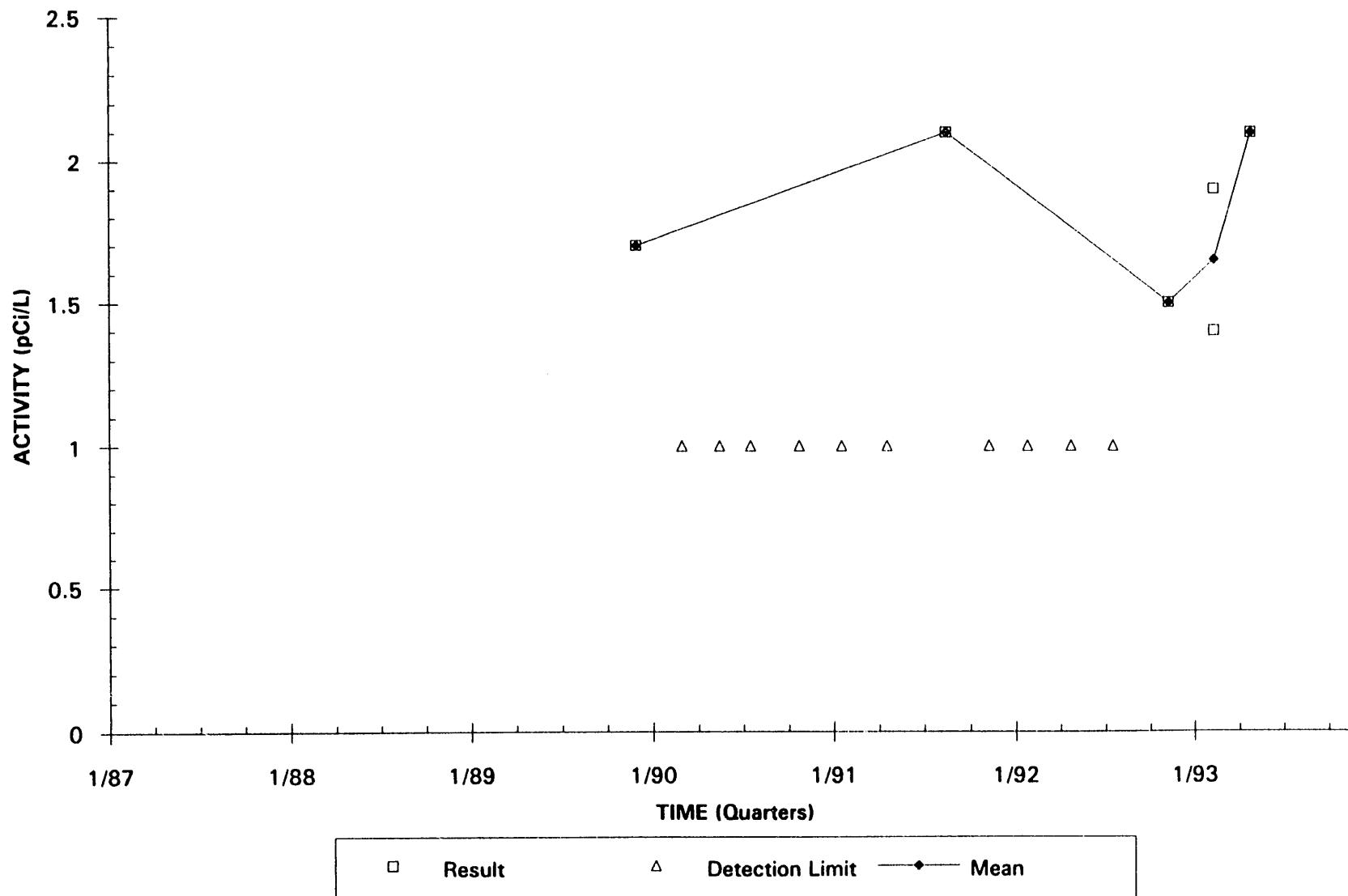


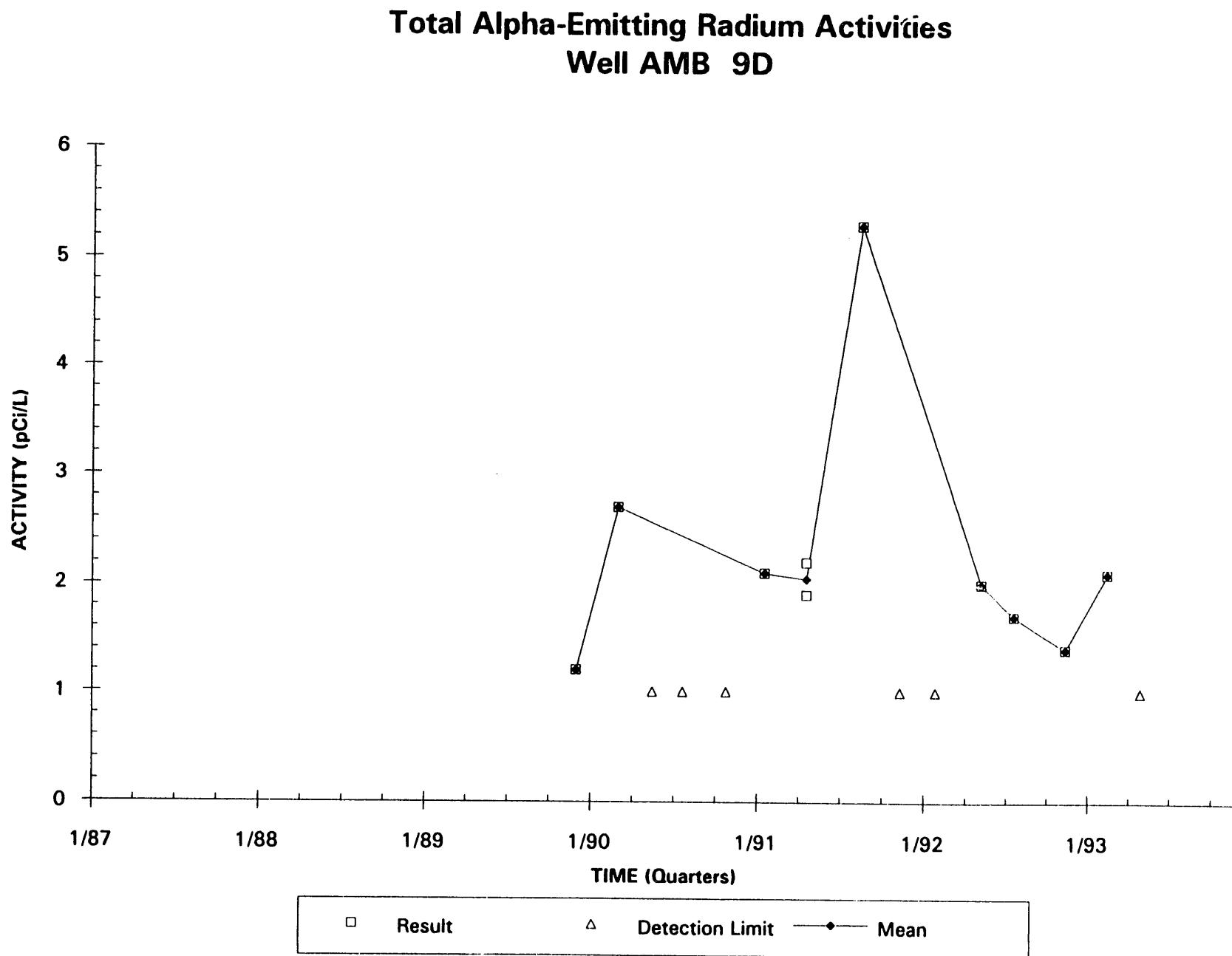


Total Alpha-Emitting Radium Activities
Well AMB 7B

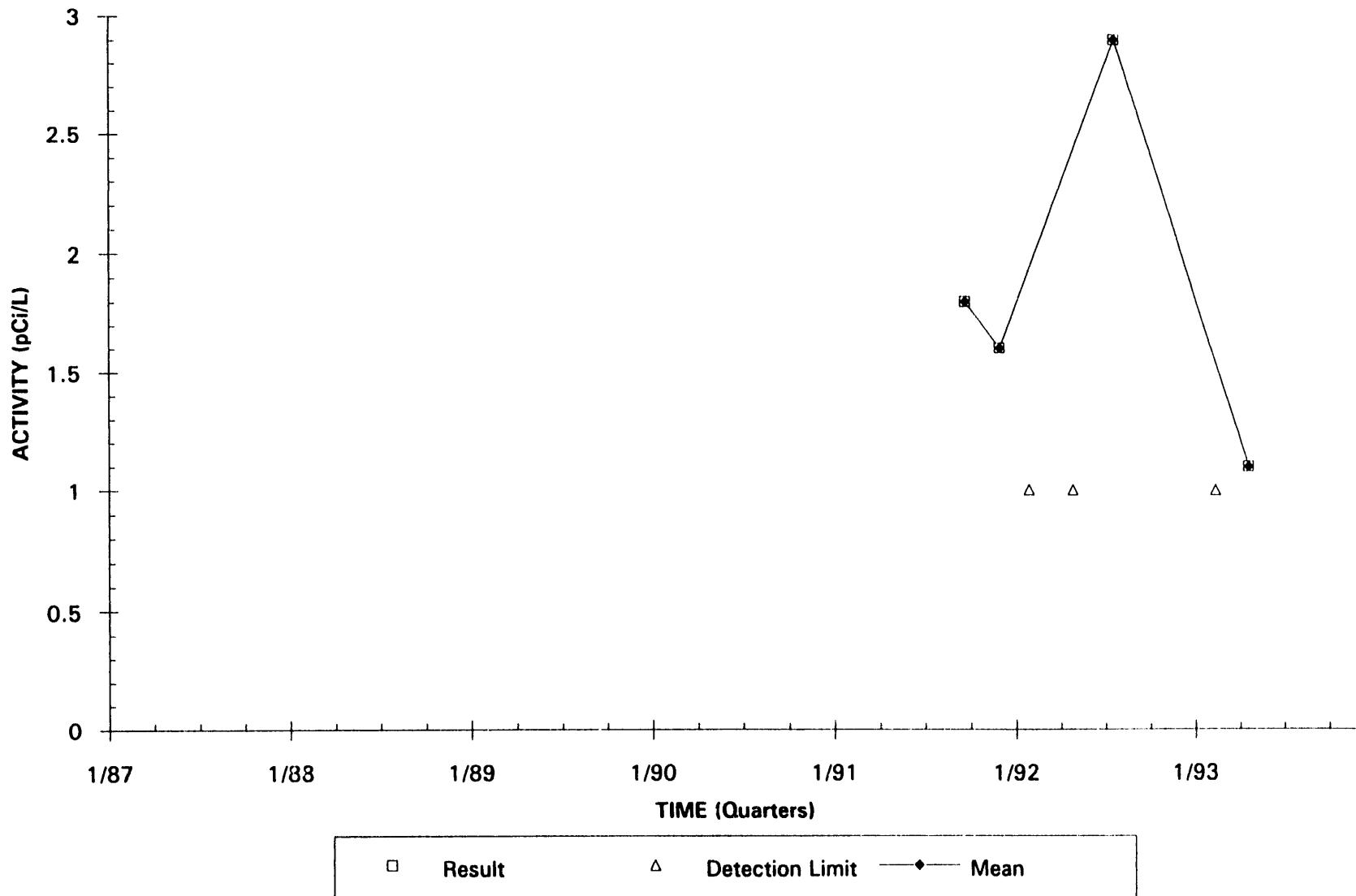


Total Alpha-Emitting Radium Activities Well AMB 8D

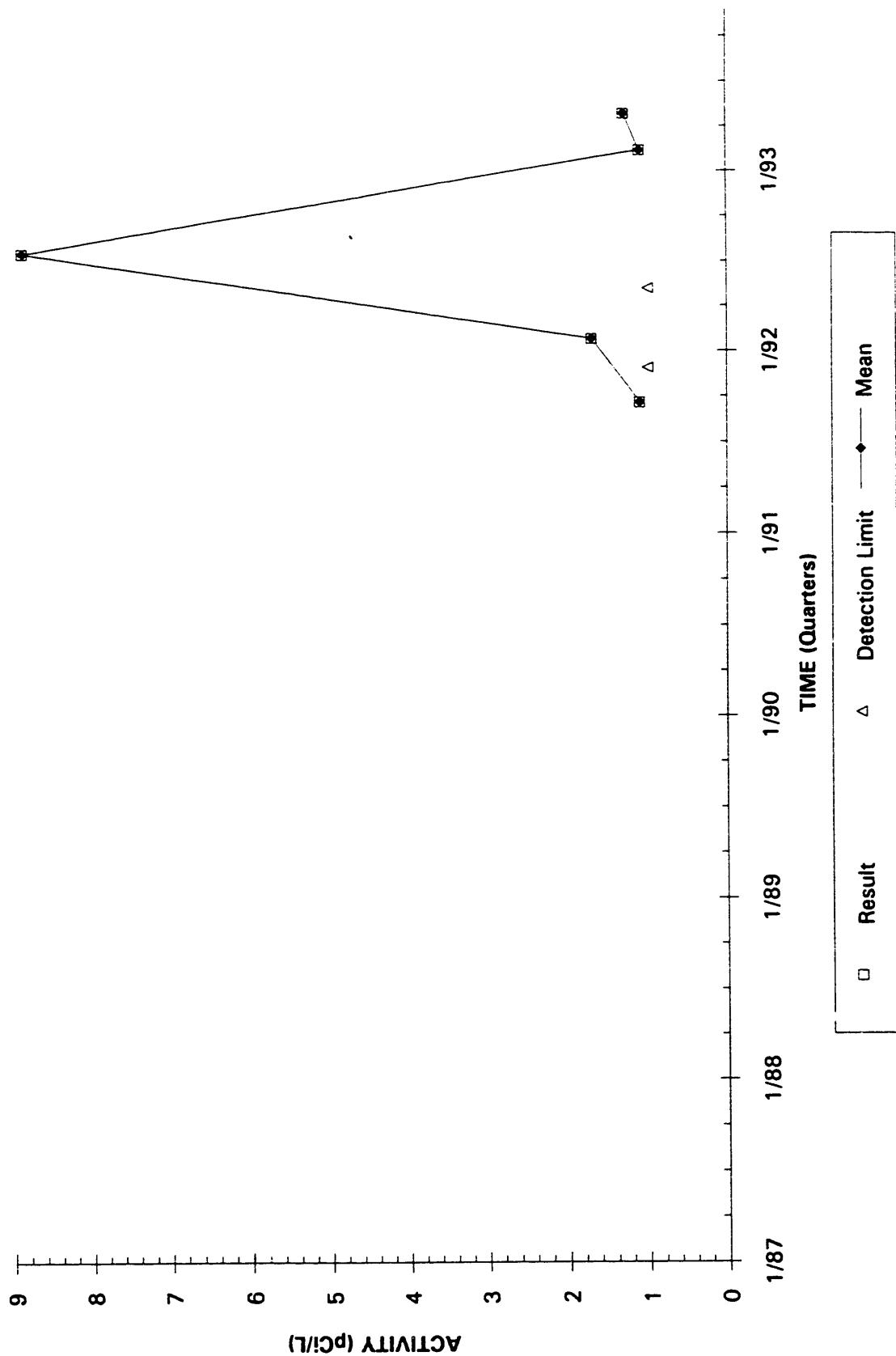




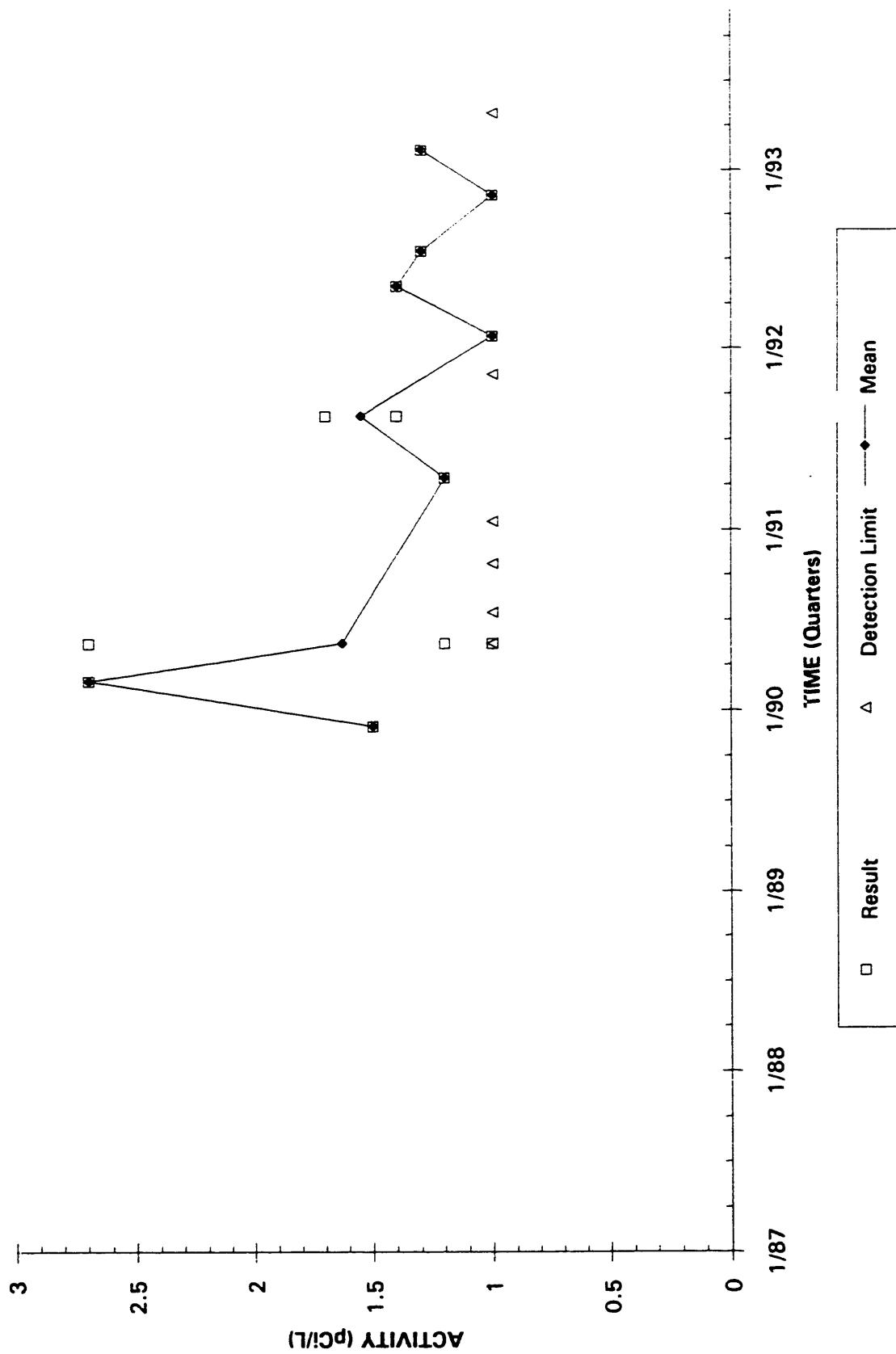
Total Alpha-Emitting Radium Activities Well AMB 10A



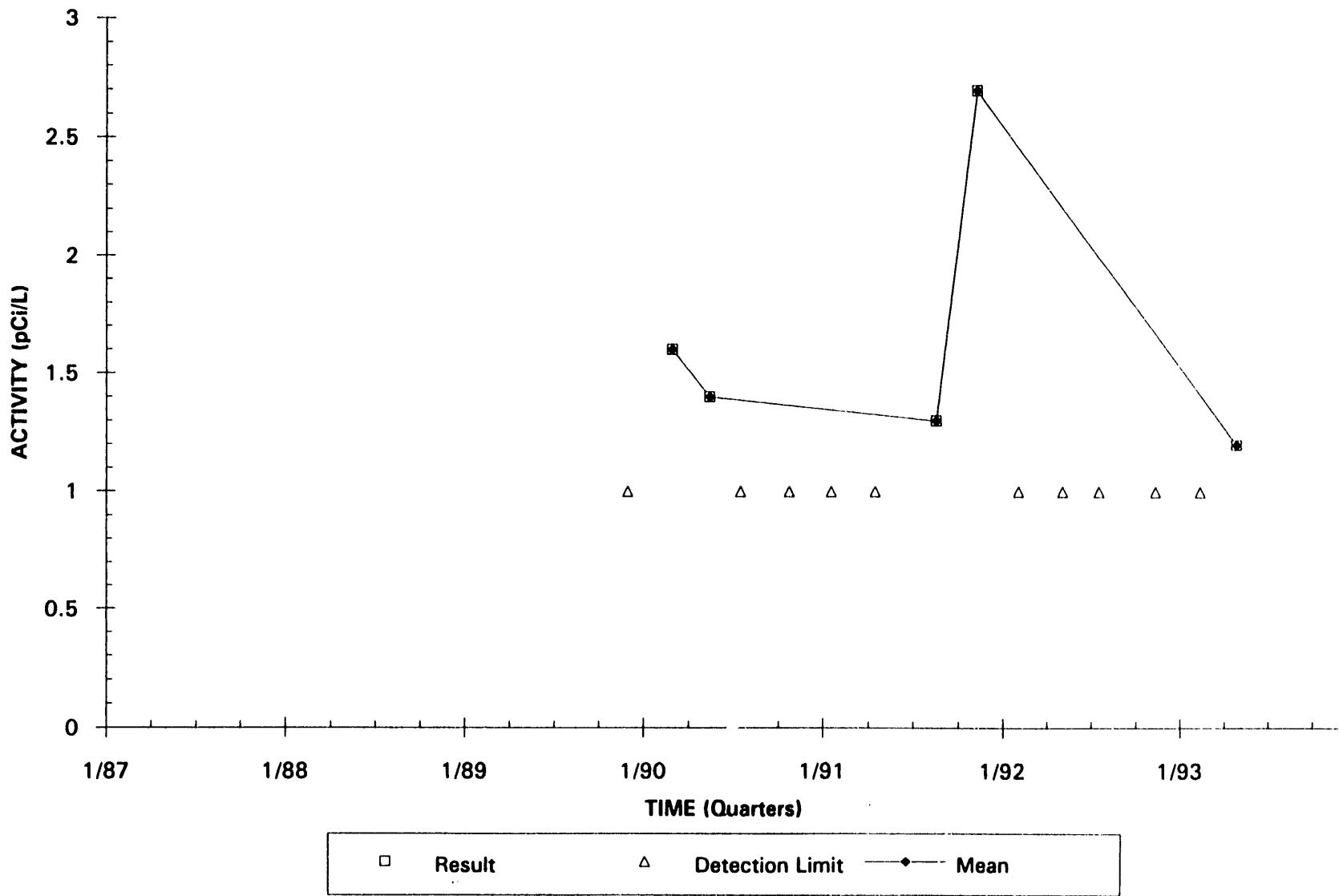
**Total Alpha-Emitting Radium Activities
Well AMB 10B**



**Total Alpha-Emitting Radium Activities
Well AMB 10D**

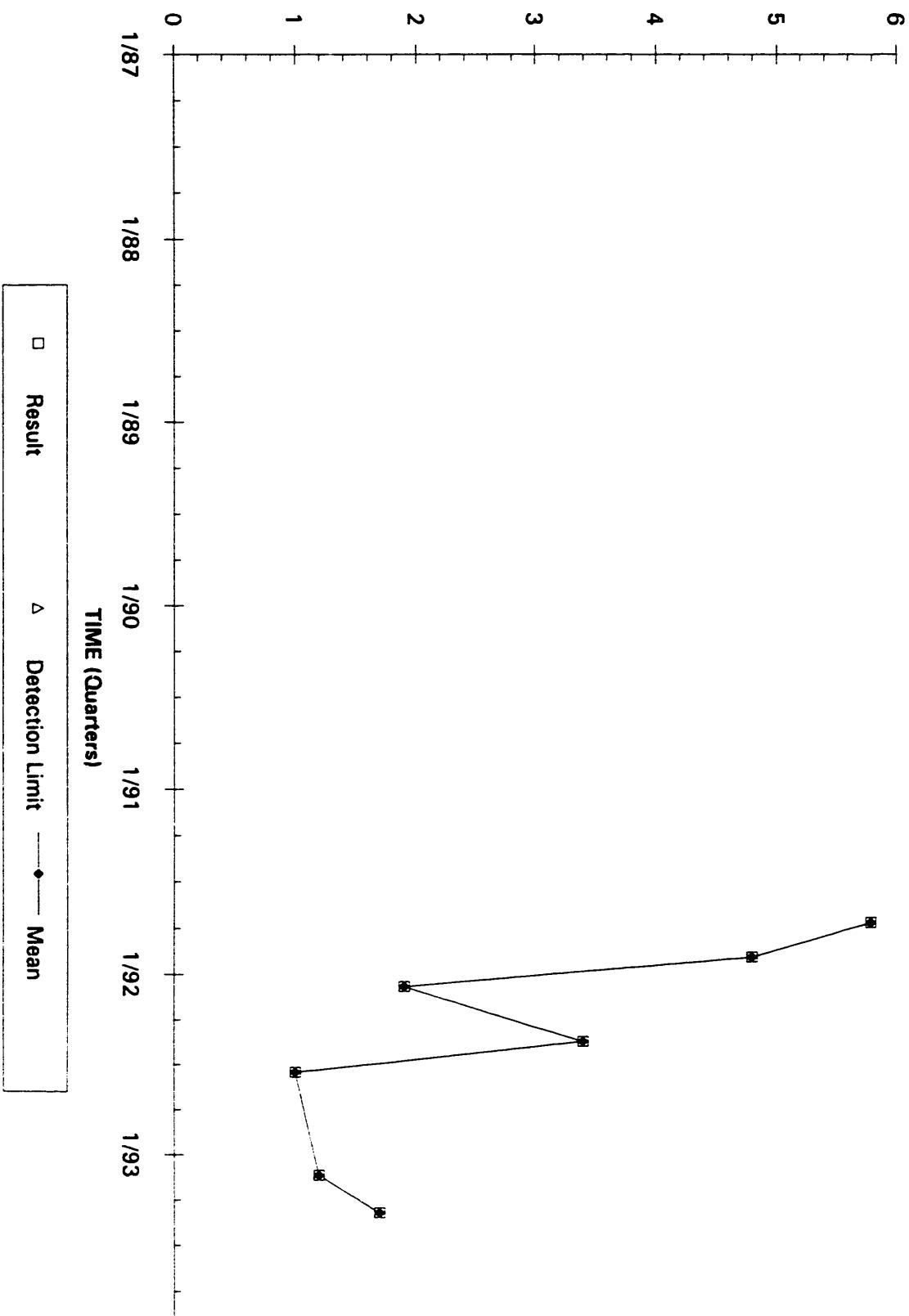


Total Alpha-Emitting Radium Activities Well AMB 10DD

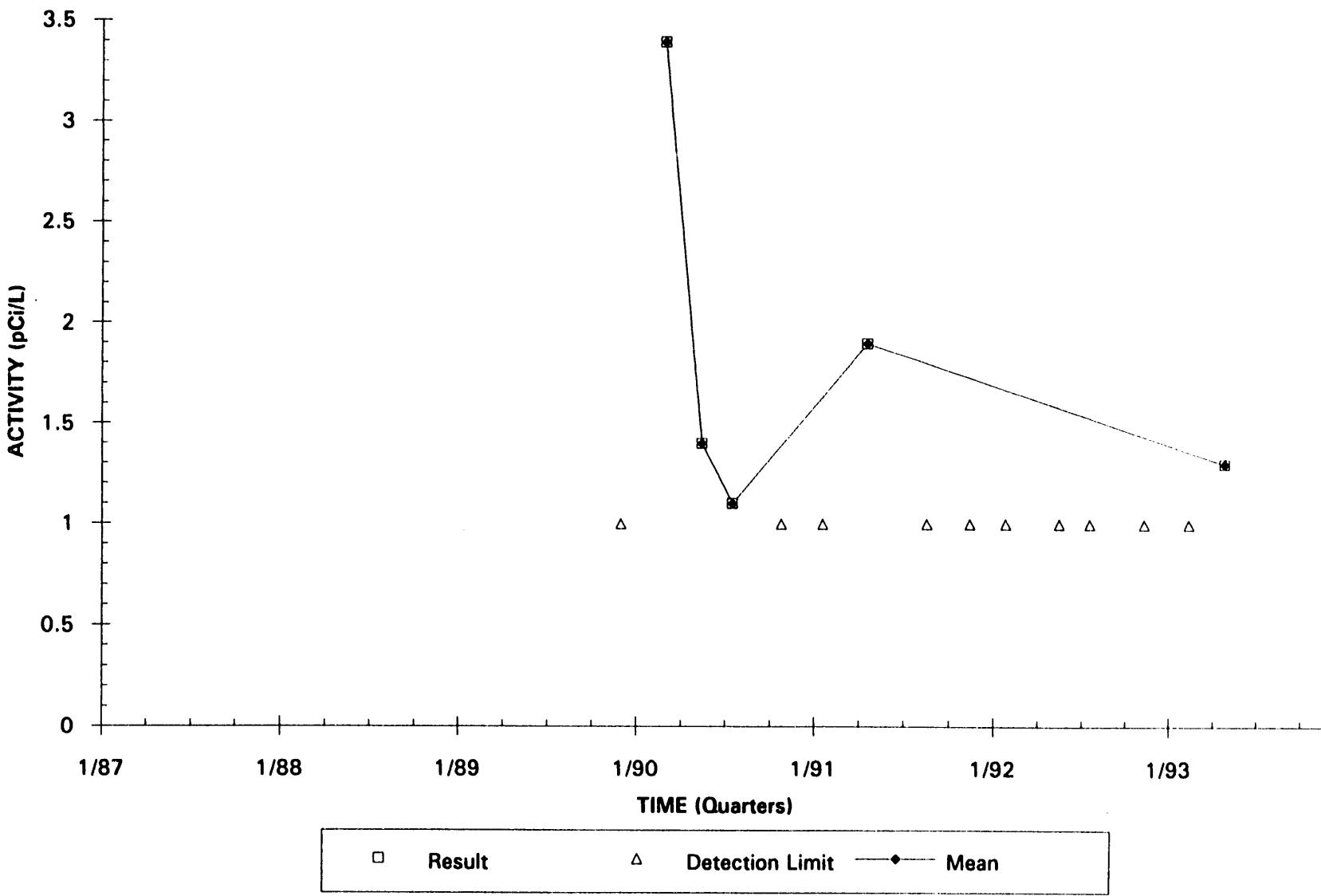


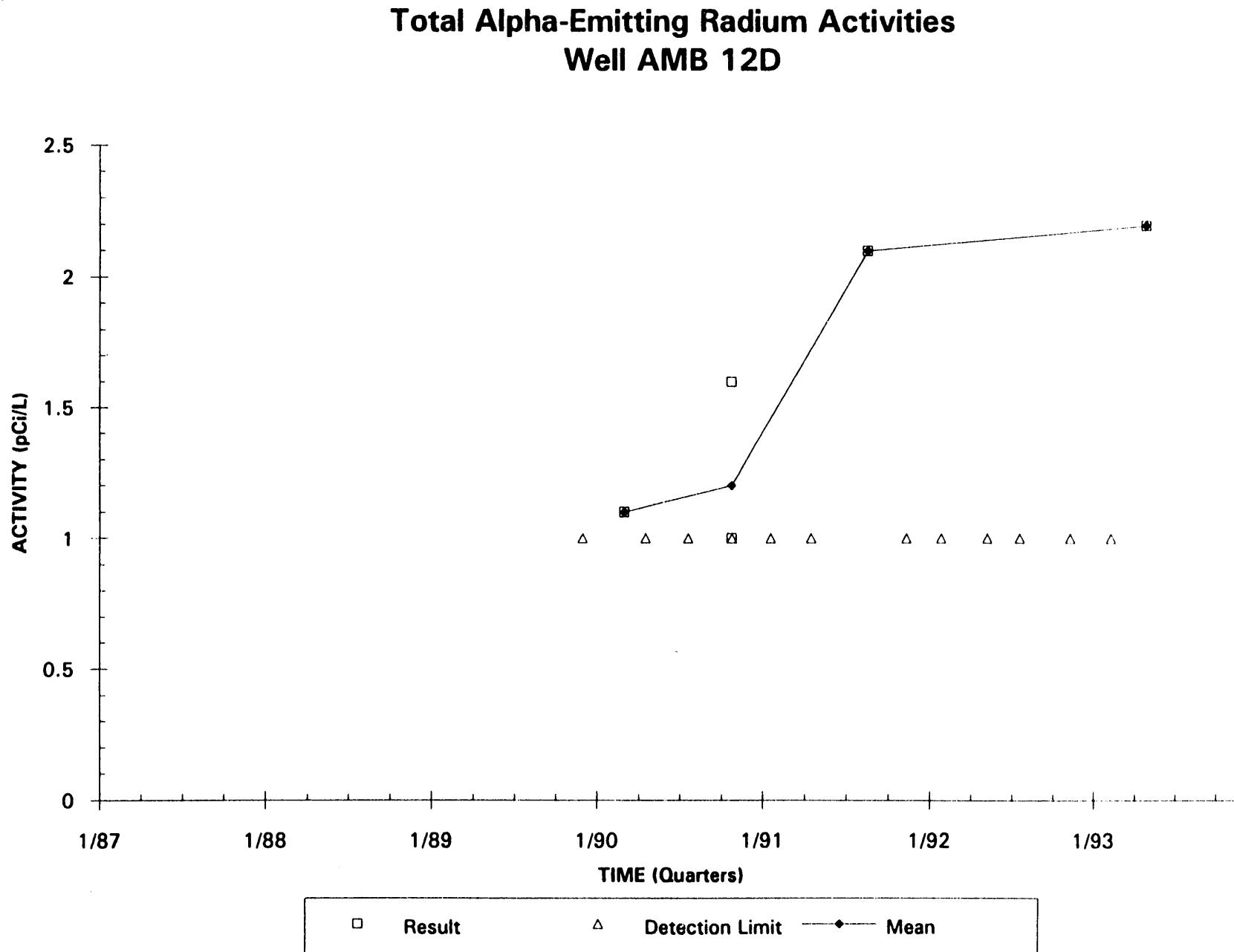
**Total Alpha-Emitting Radium Activities
Well AMB 11B**

ACTIVITY ($\mu\text{Ci/L}$)

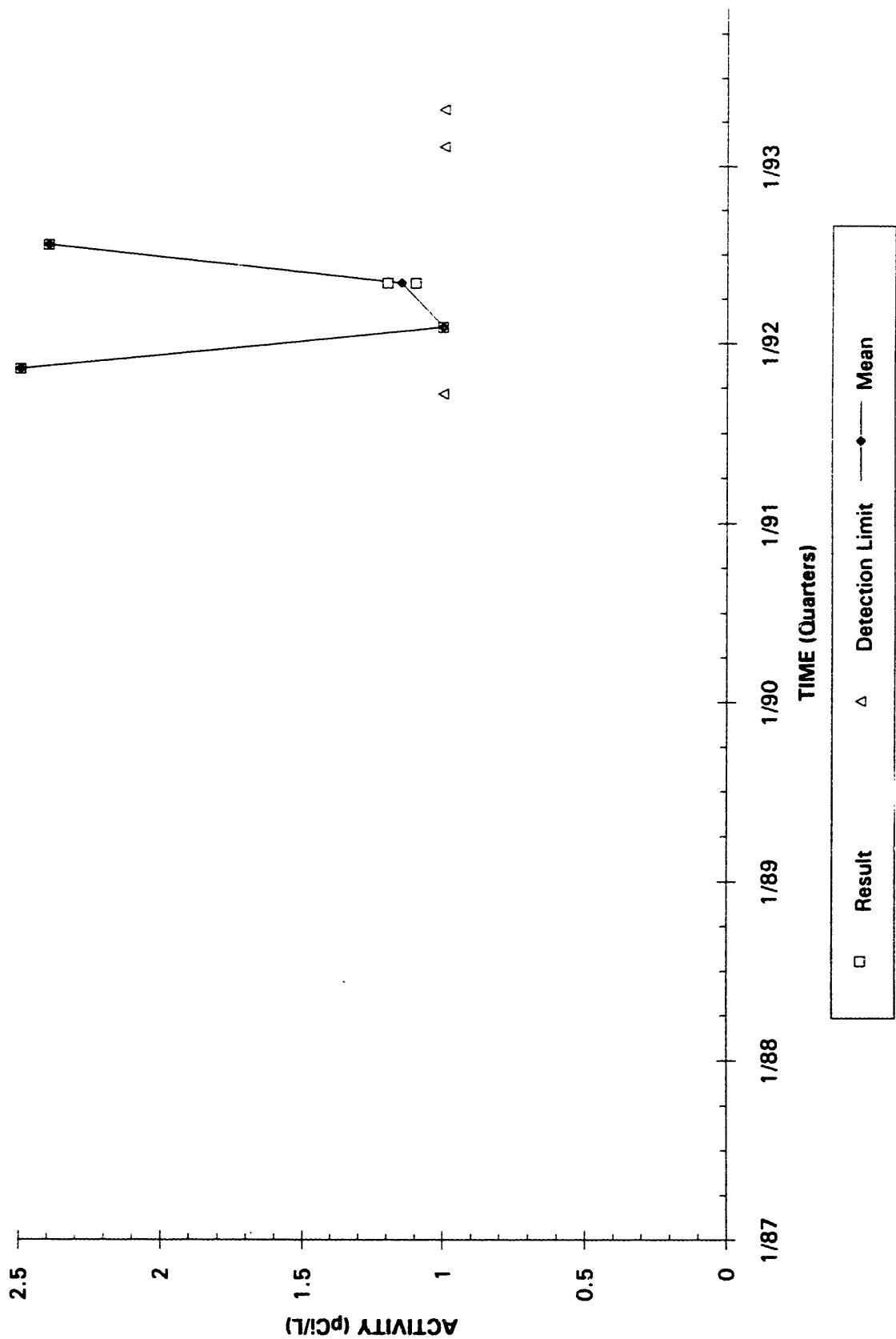


Total Alpha-Emitting Radium Activities Well AMB 11D

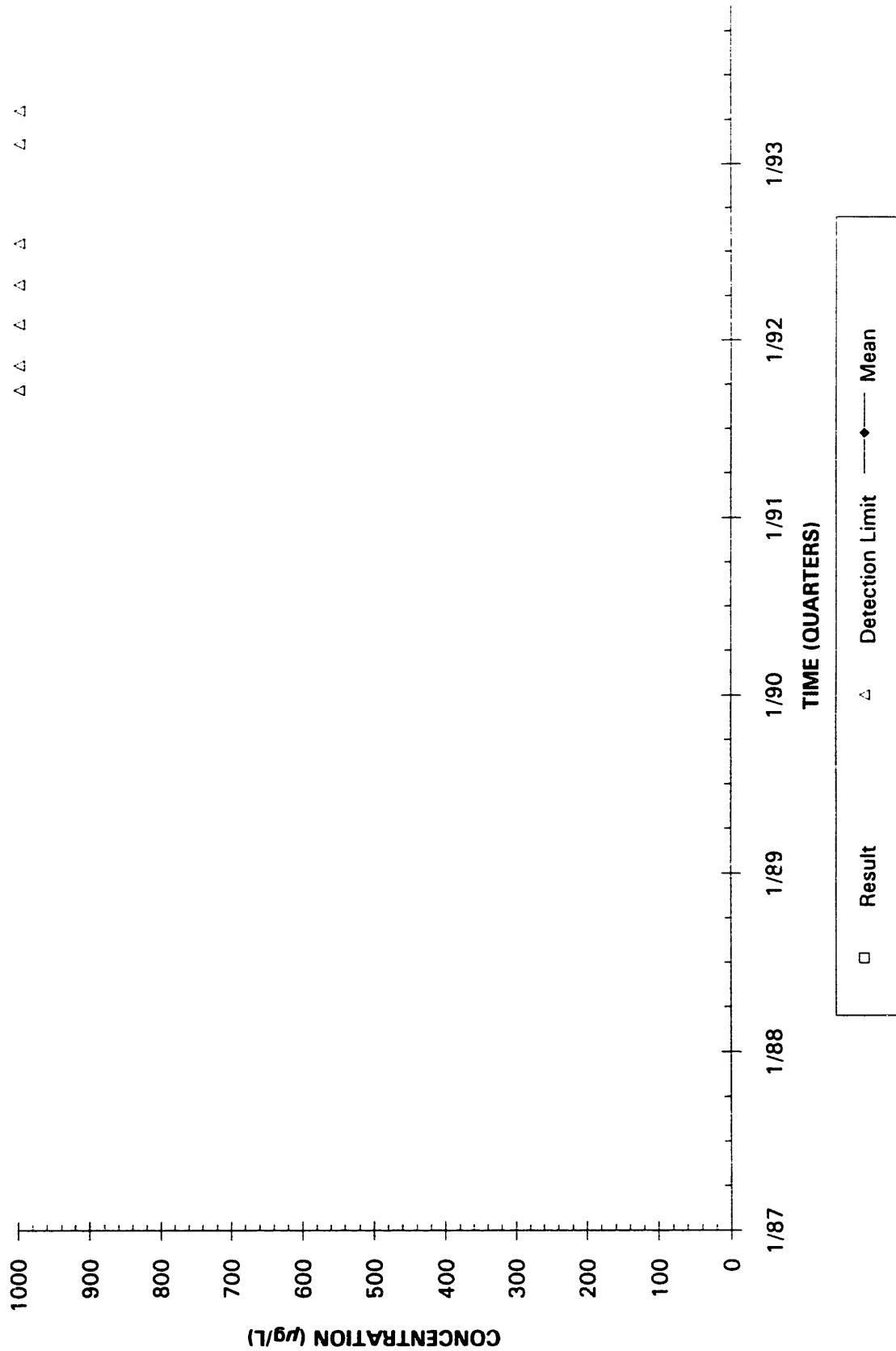


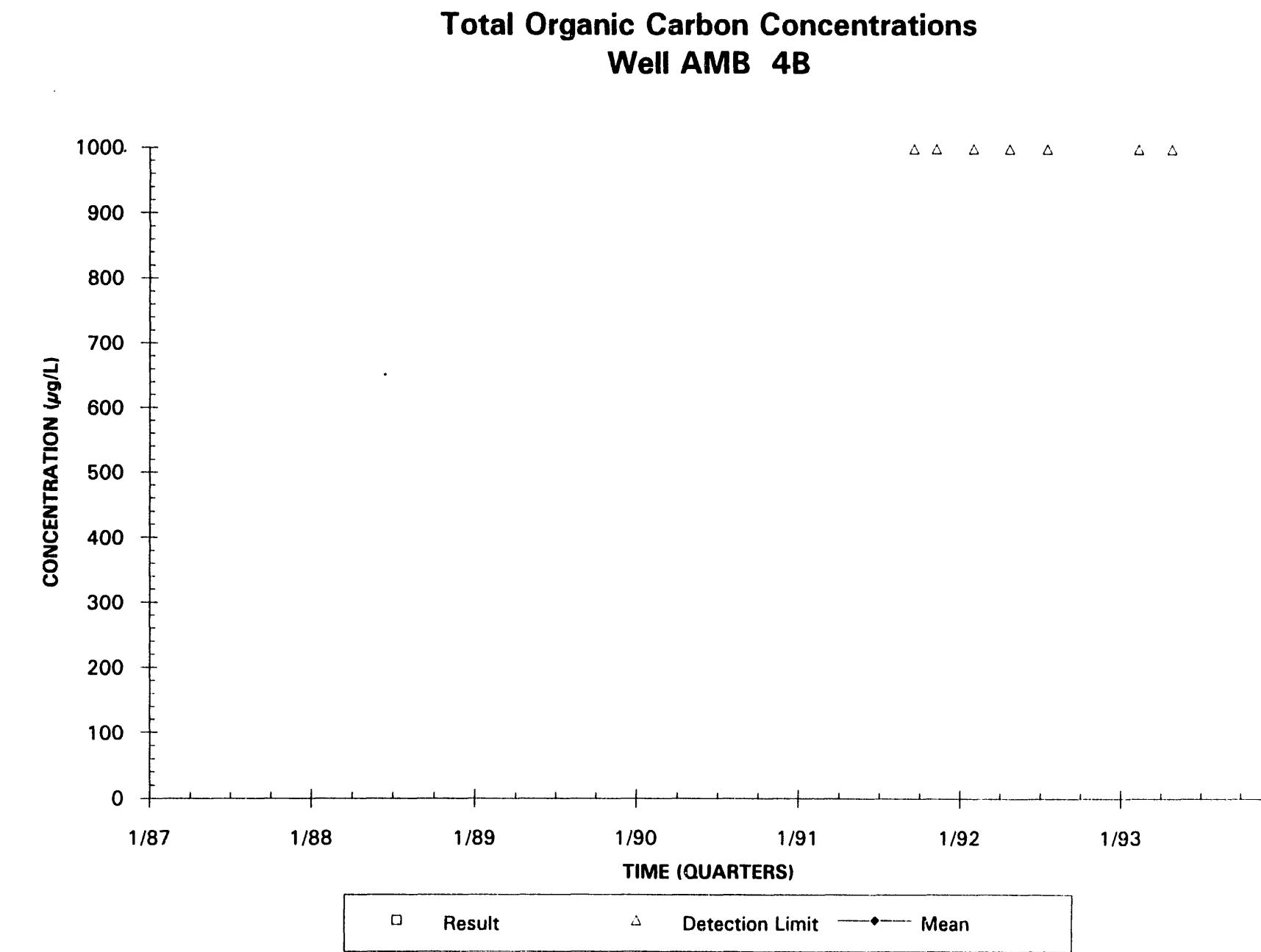


Total Alpha-Emitting Radium Activities
Well AMB 13AR

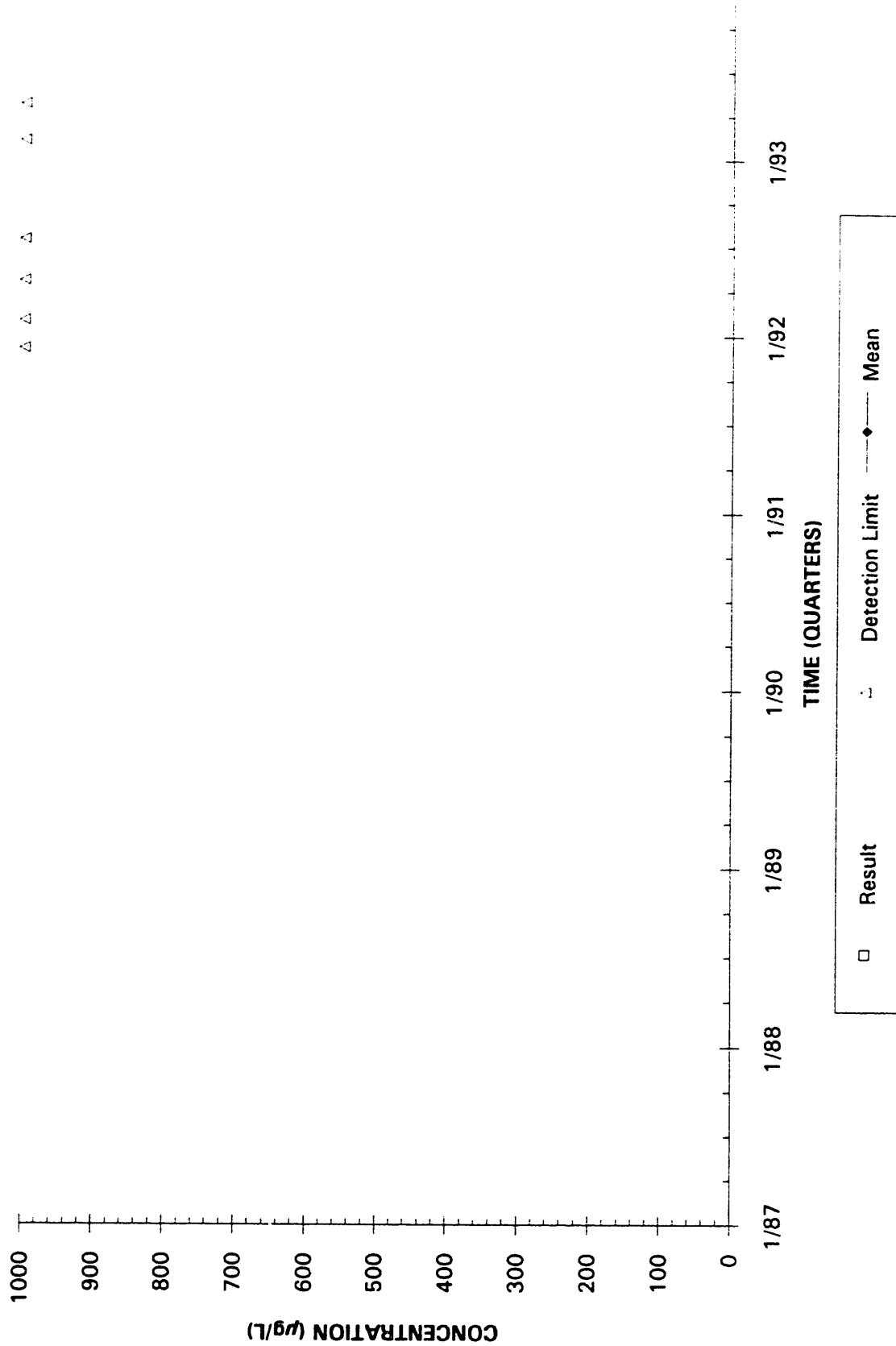


**Total Organic Carbon Concentrations
Well Alm~~B~~ 4A**

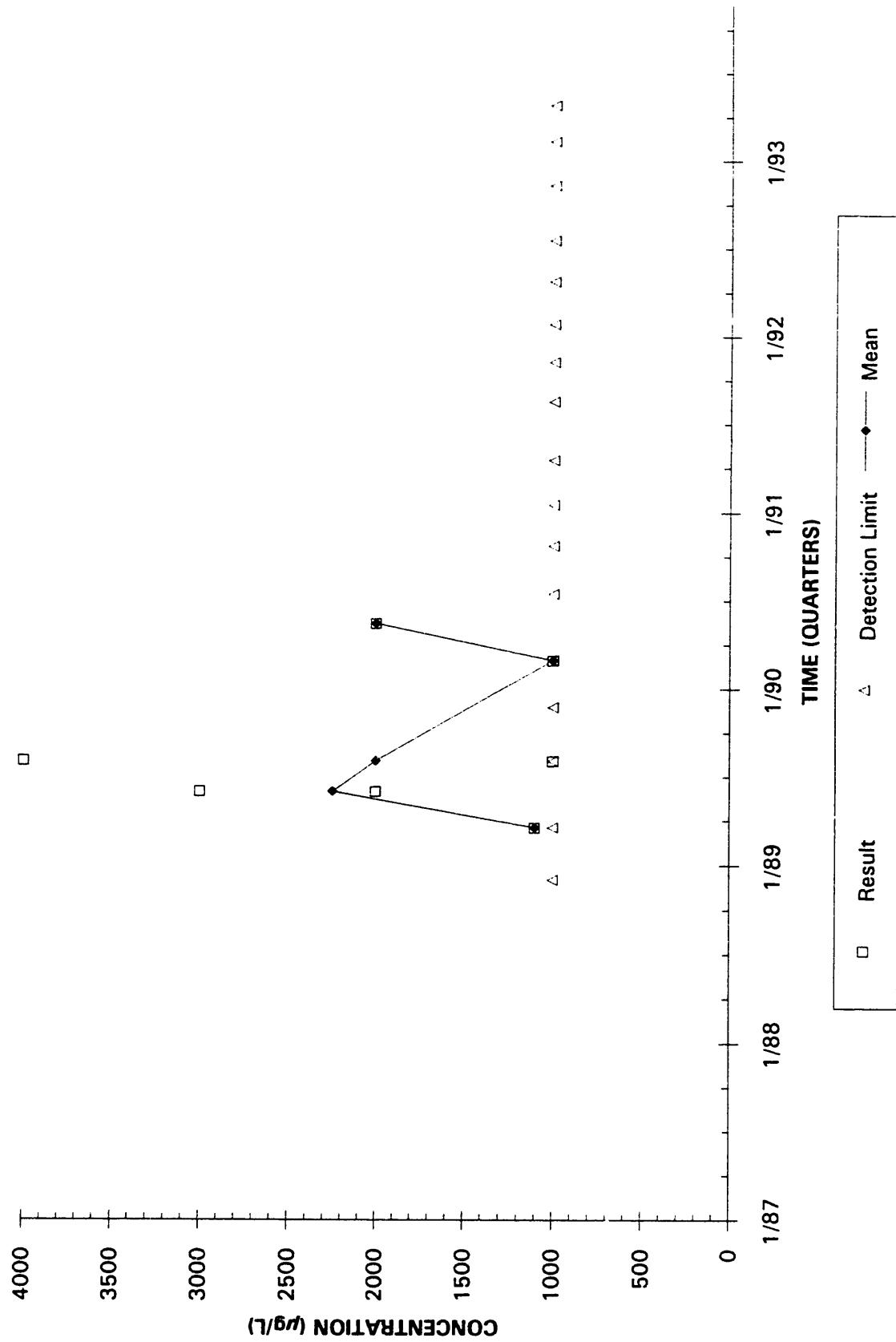




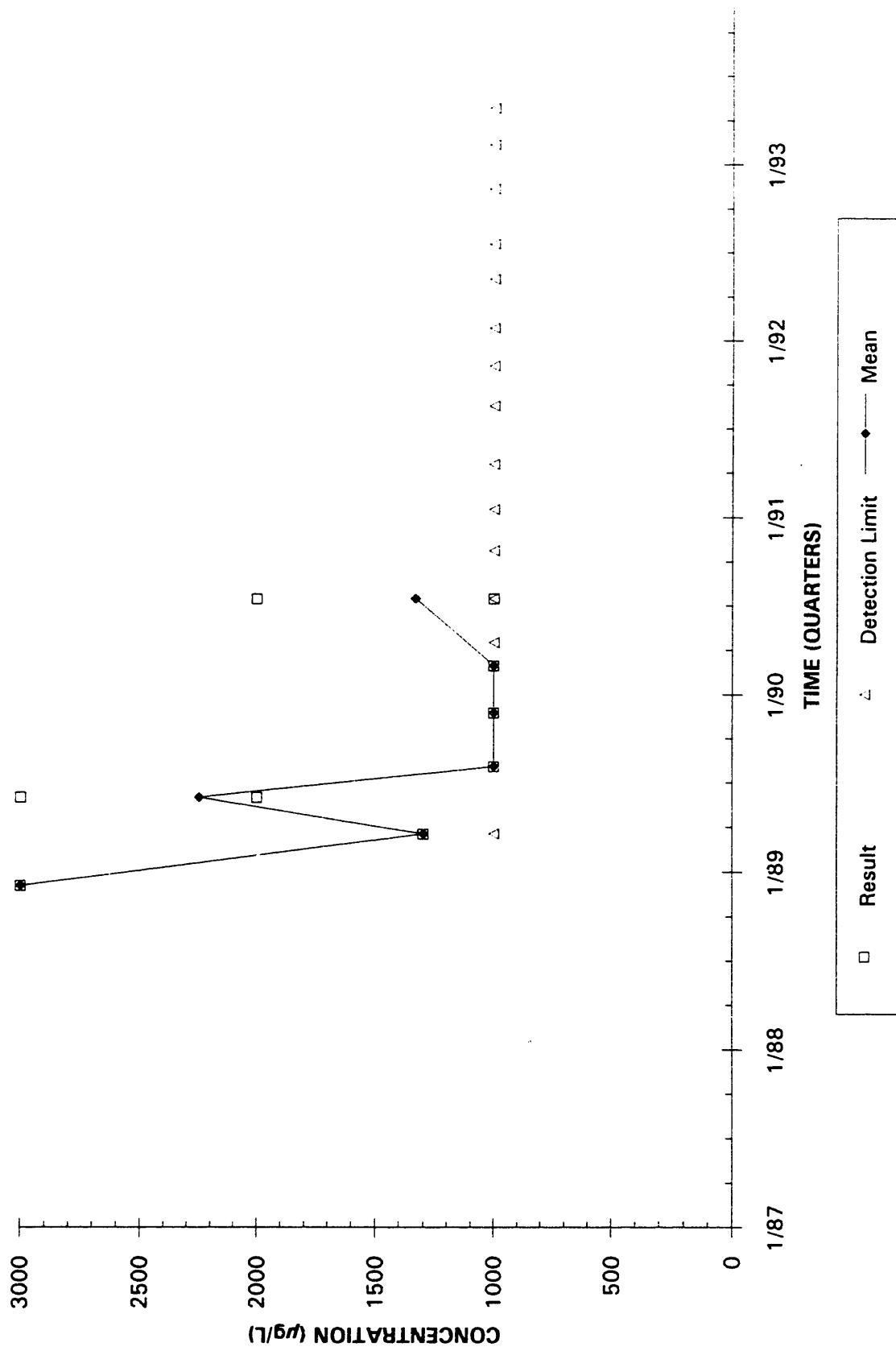
Total Organic Carbon Concentrations
Well AMB 4D



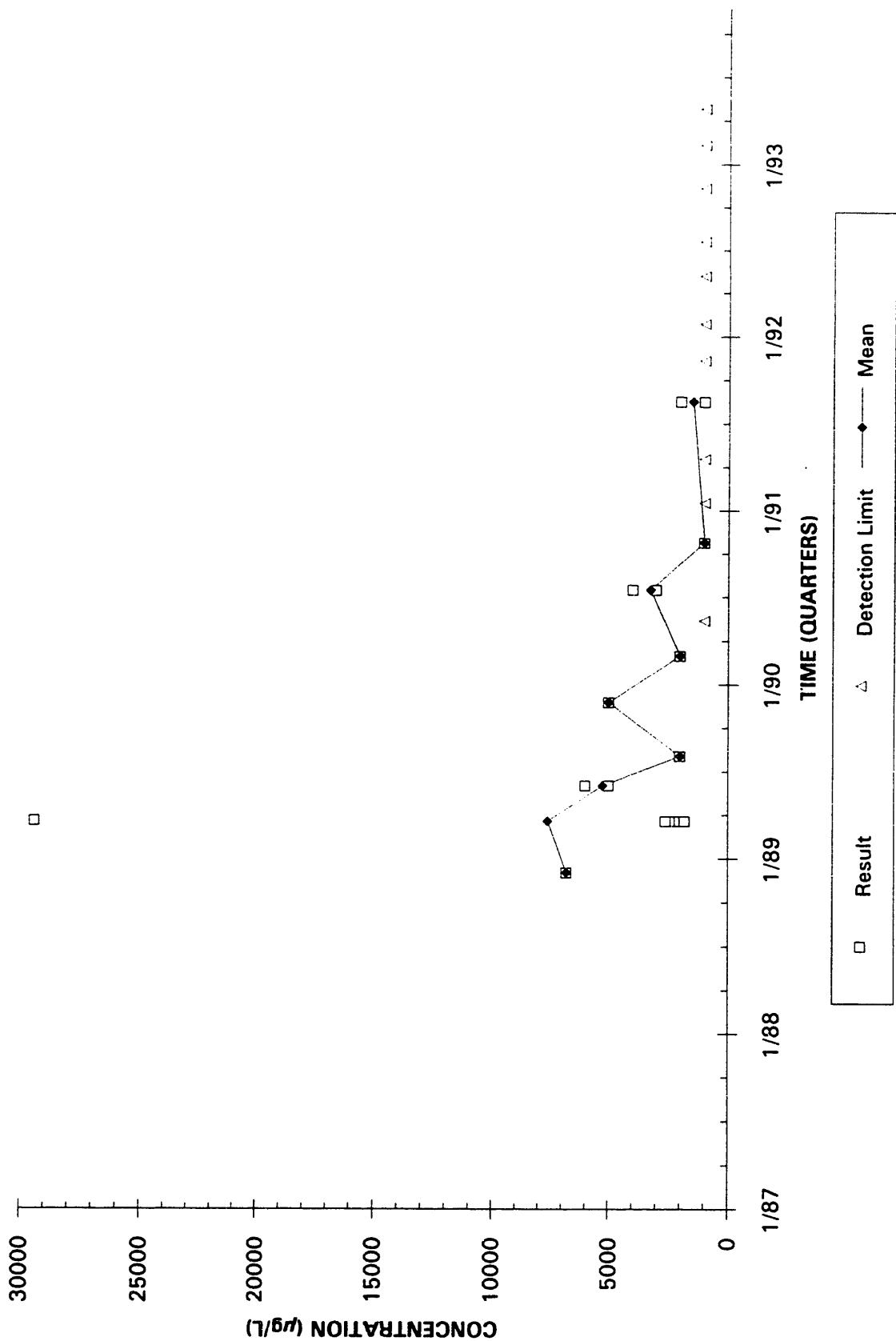
**Total Organic Carbon Concentrations
Well AMB 5**

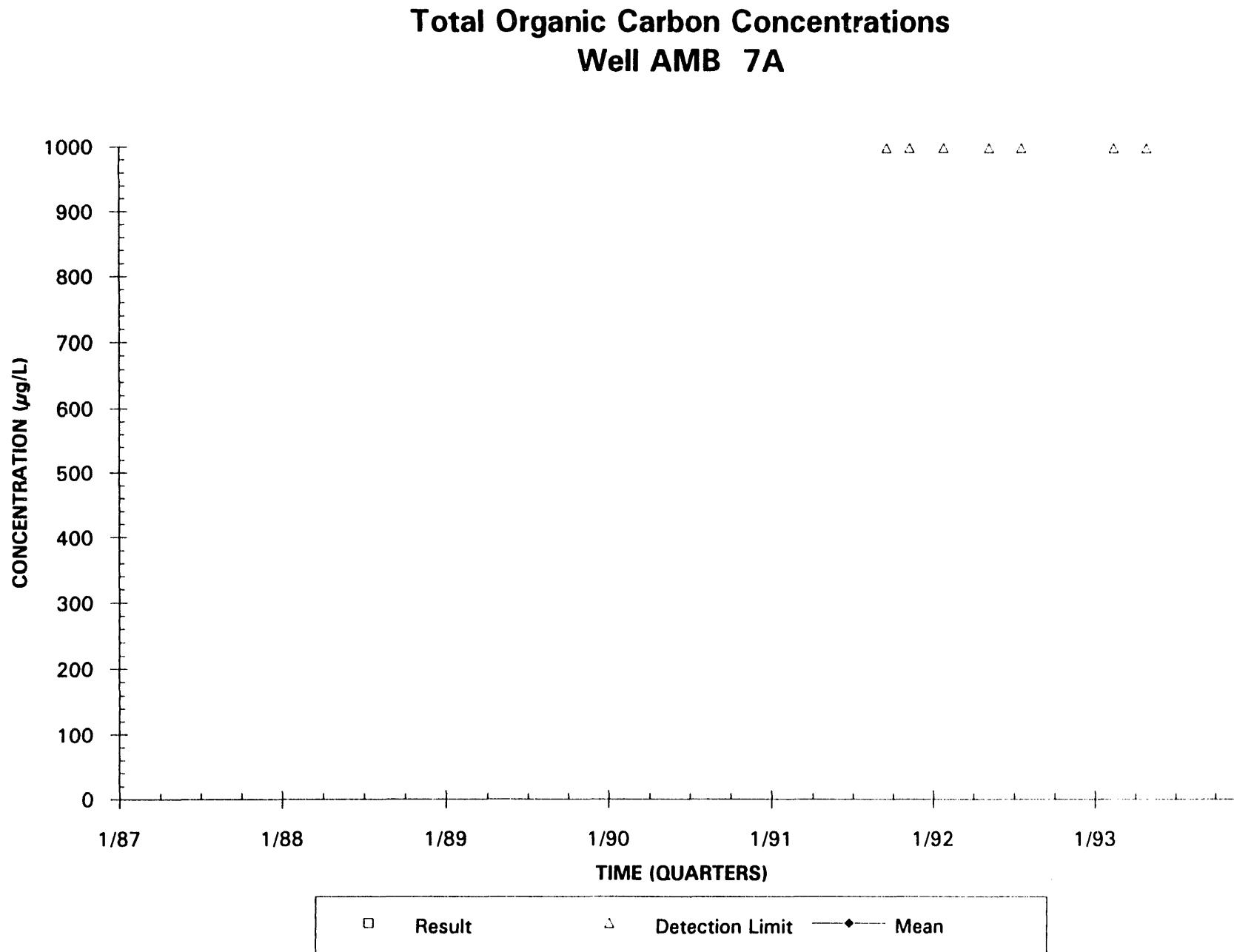


**Total Organic Carbon Concentrations
Well AMB 6**

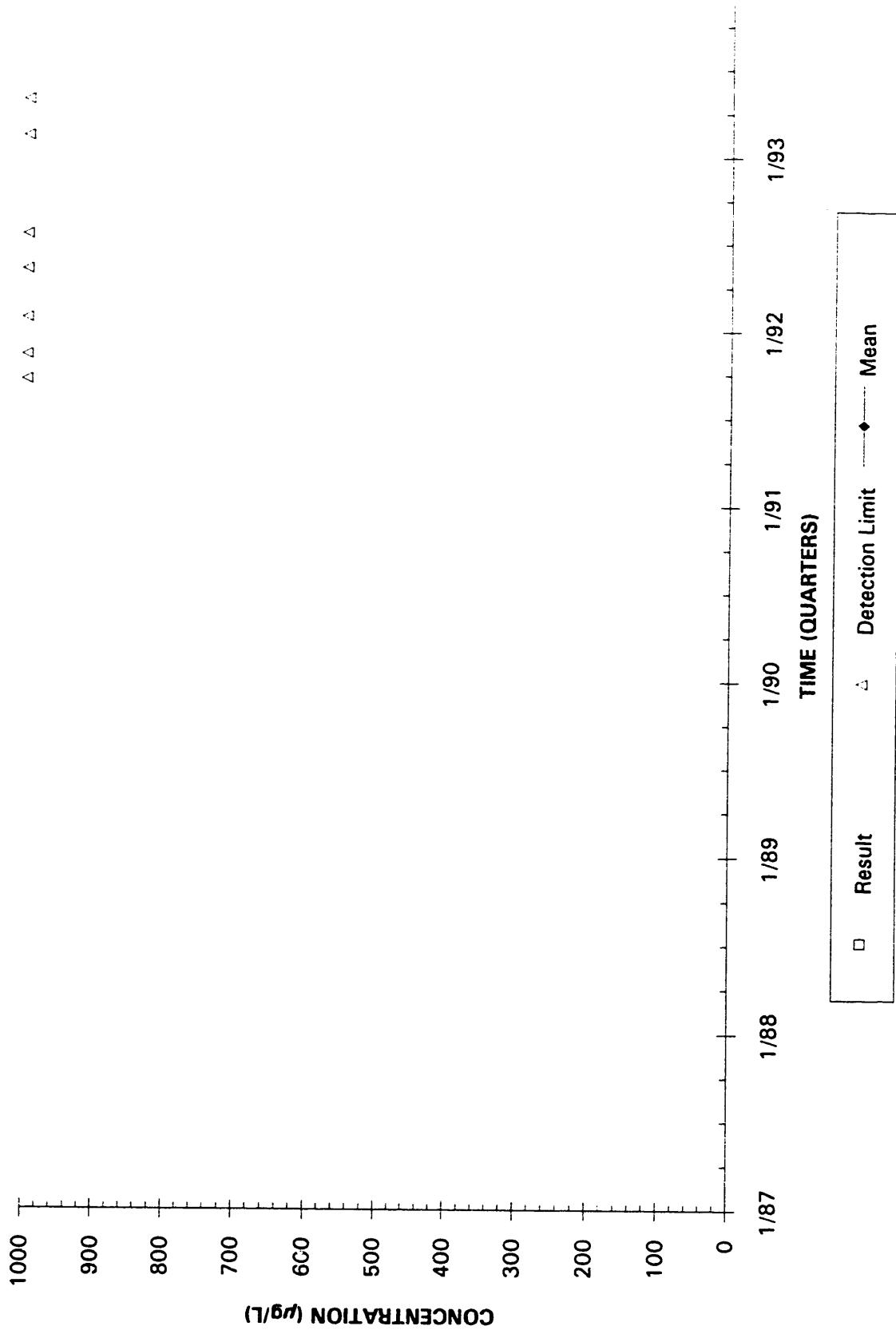


**Total Organic Carbon Concentrations
Well AMB 7**

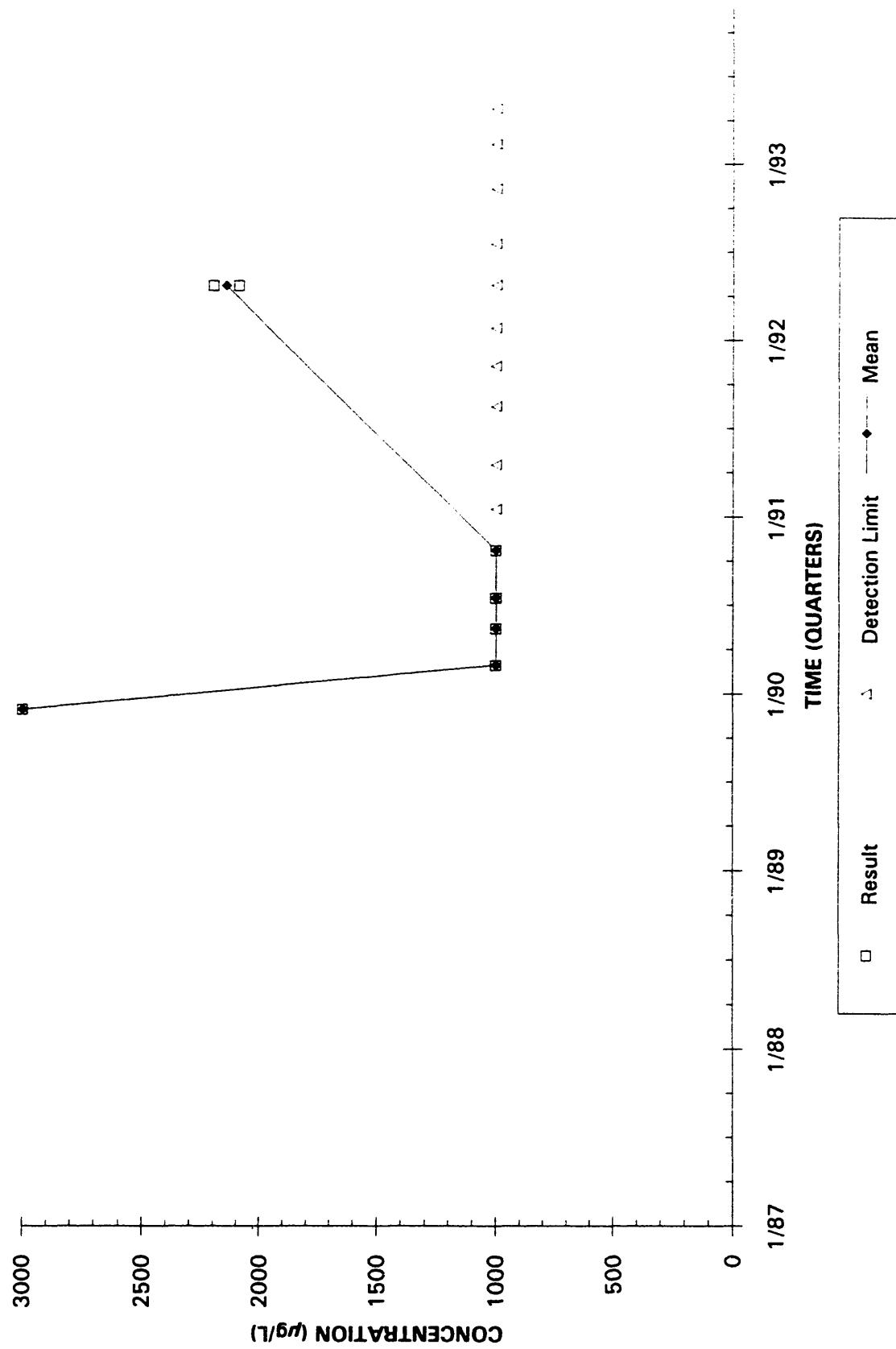




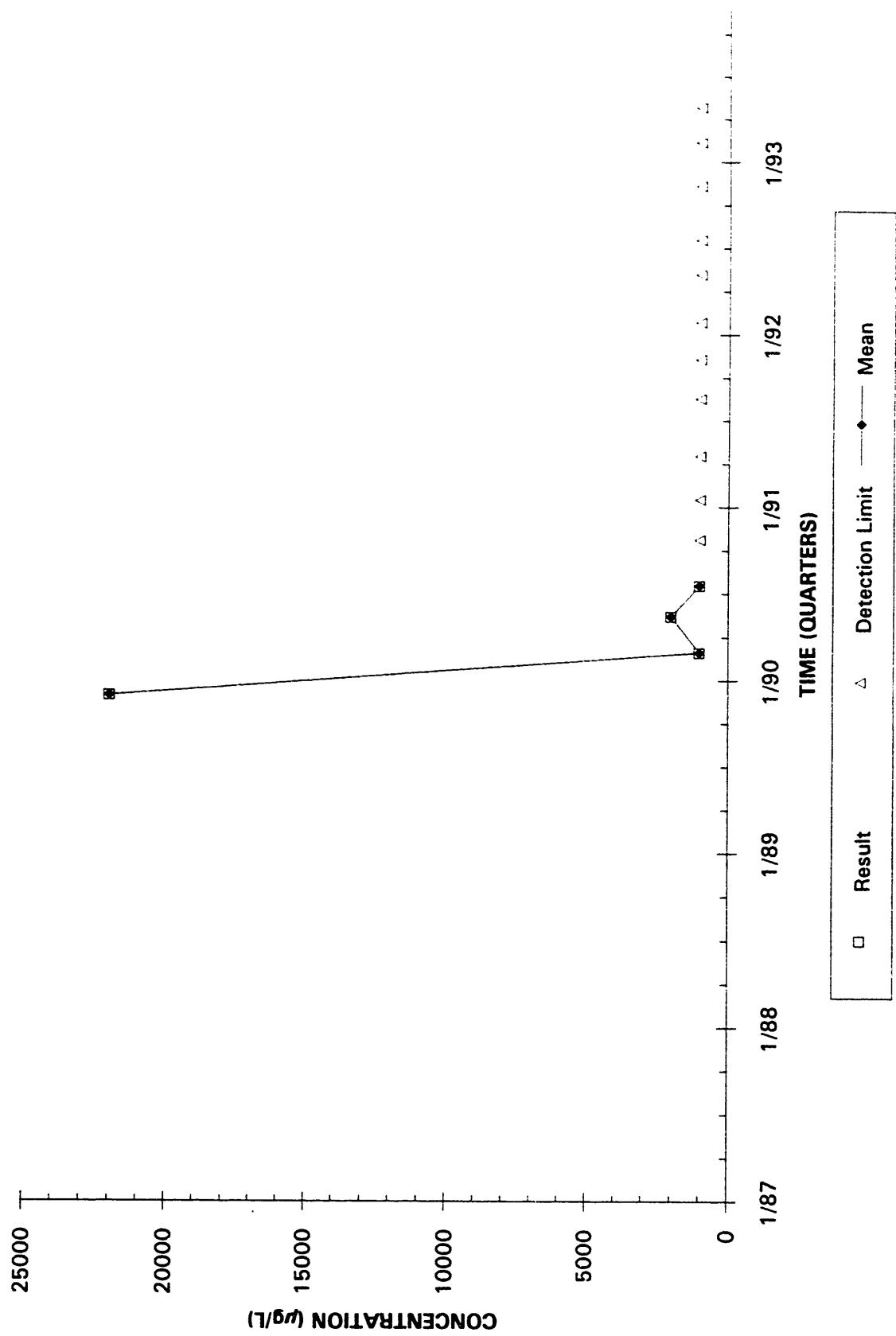
Total Organic Carbon Concentrations
Well AMB 7B



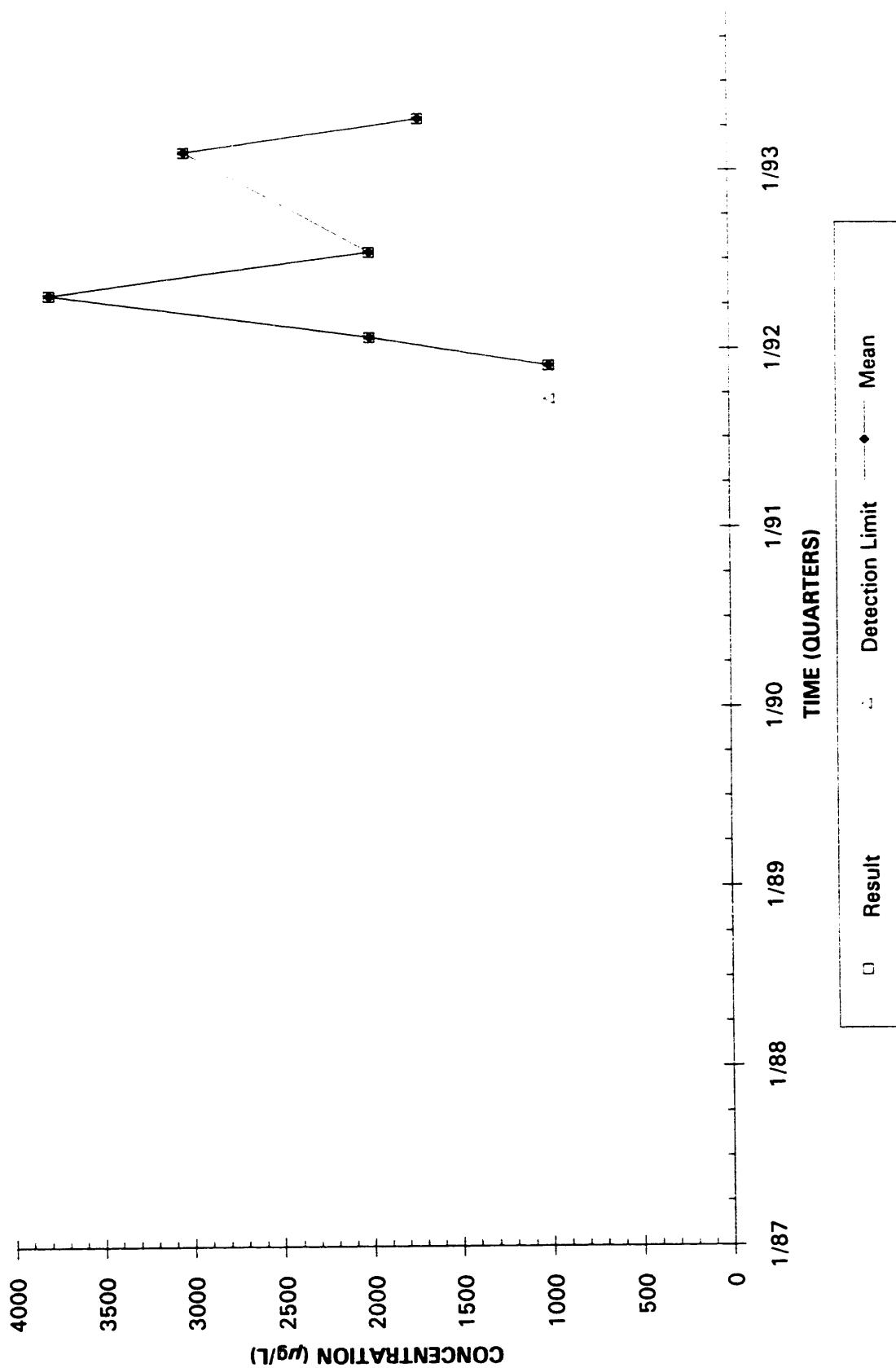
**Total Organic Carbon Concentrations
Well AMB 8D**



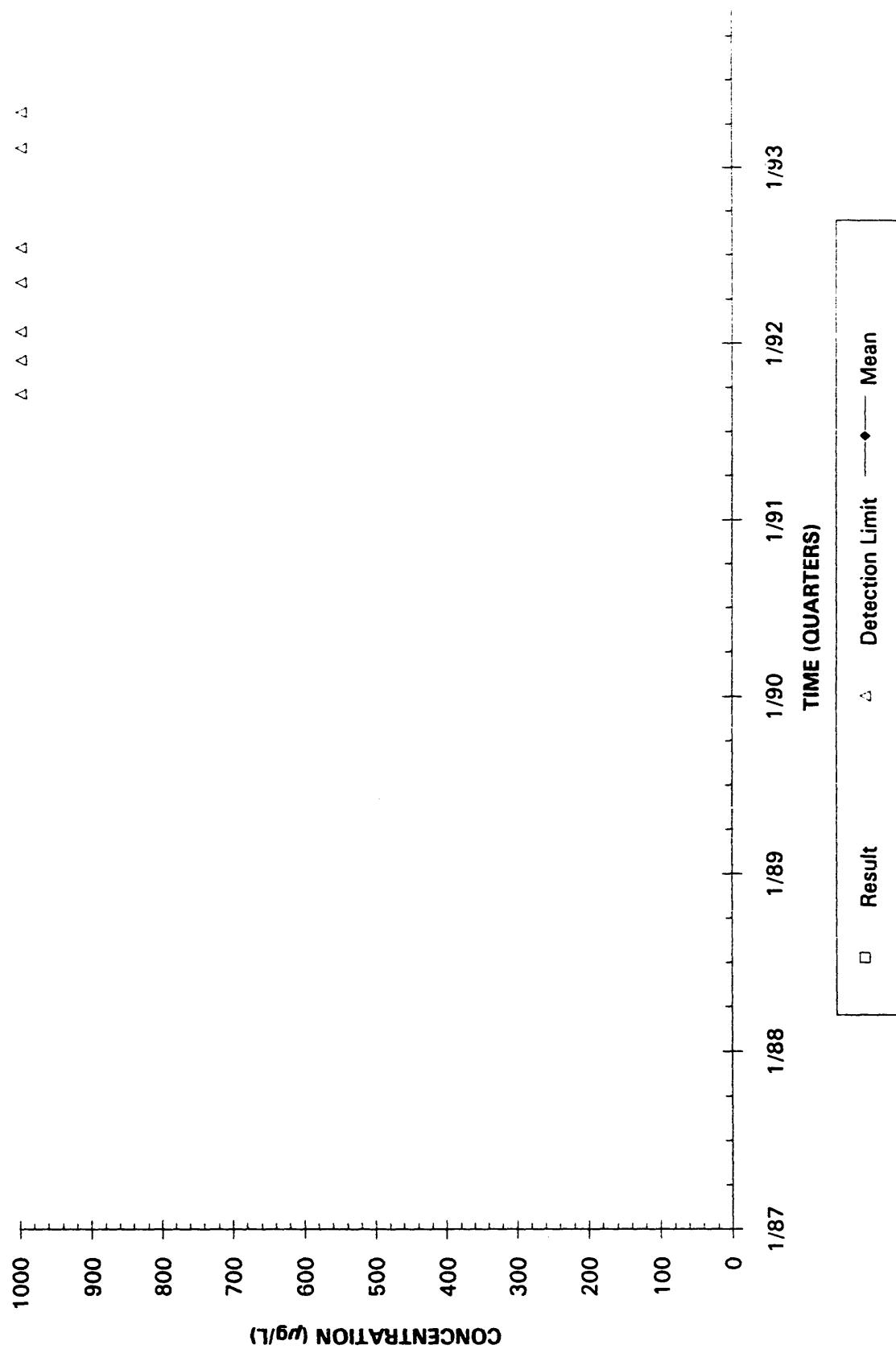
Total Organic Carbon Concentrations
Well AMB 9D



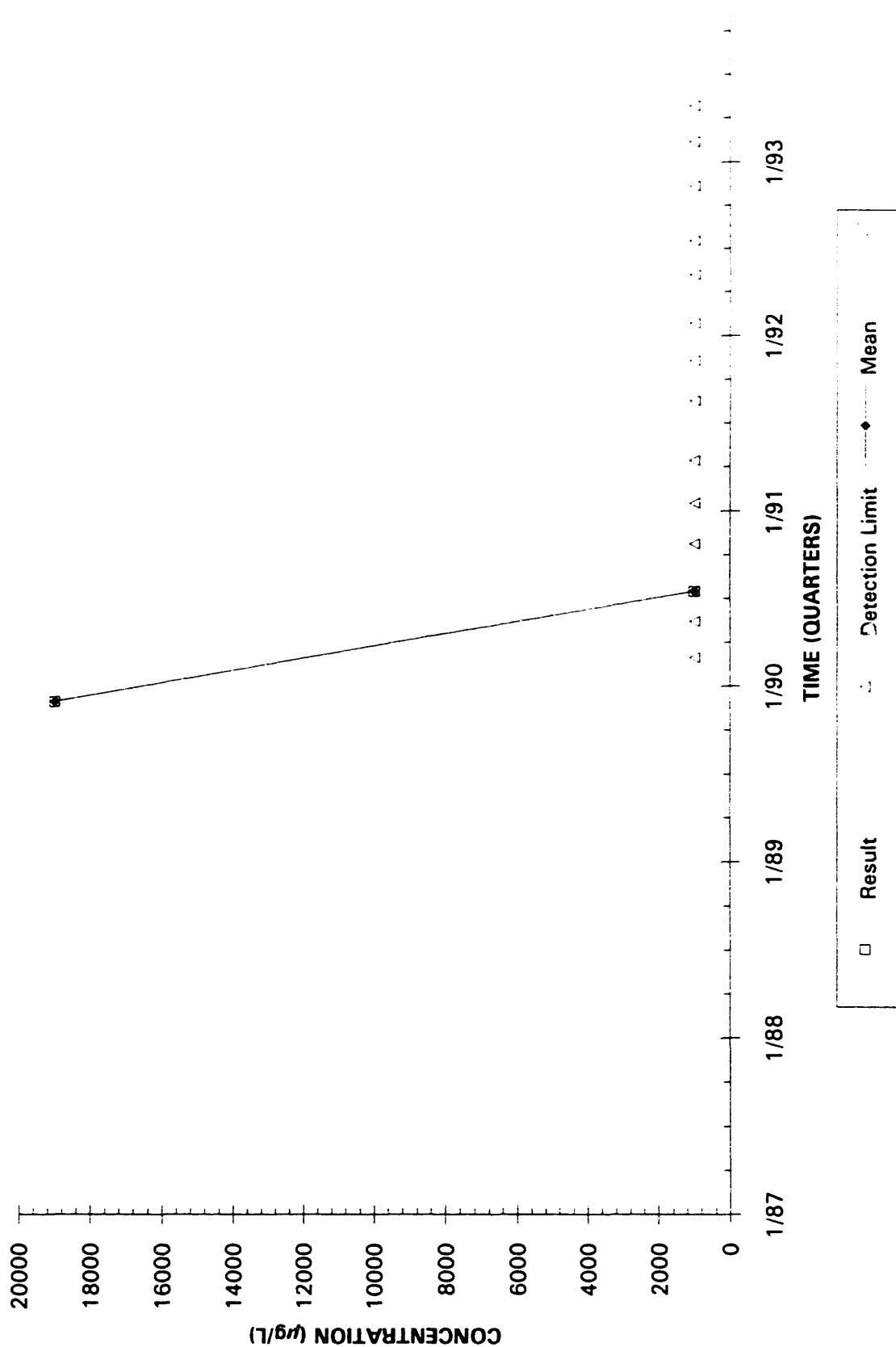
**Total Organic Carbon Concentrations
Well AMB 10A**

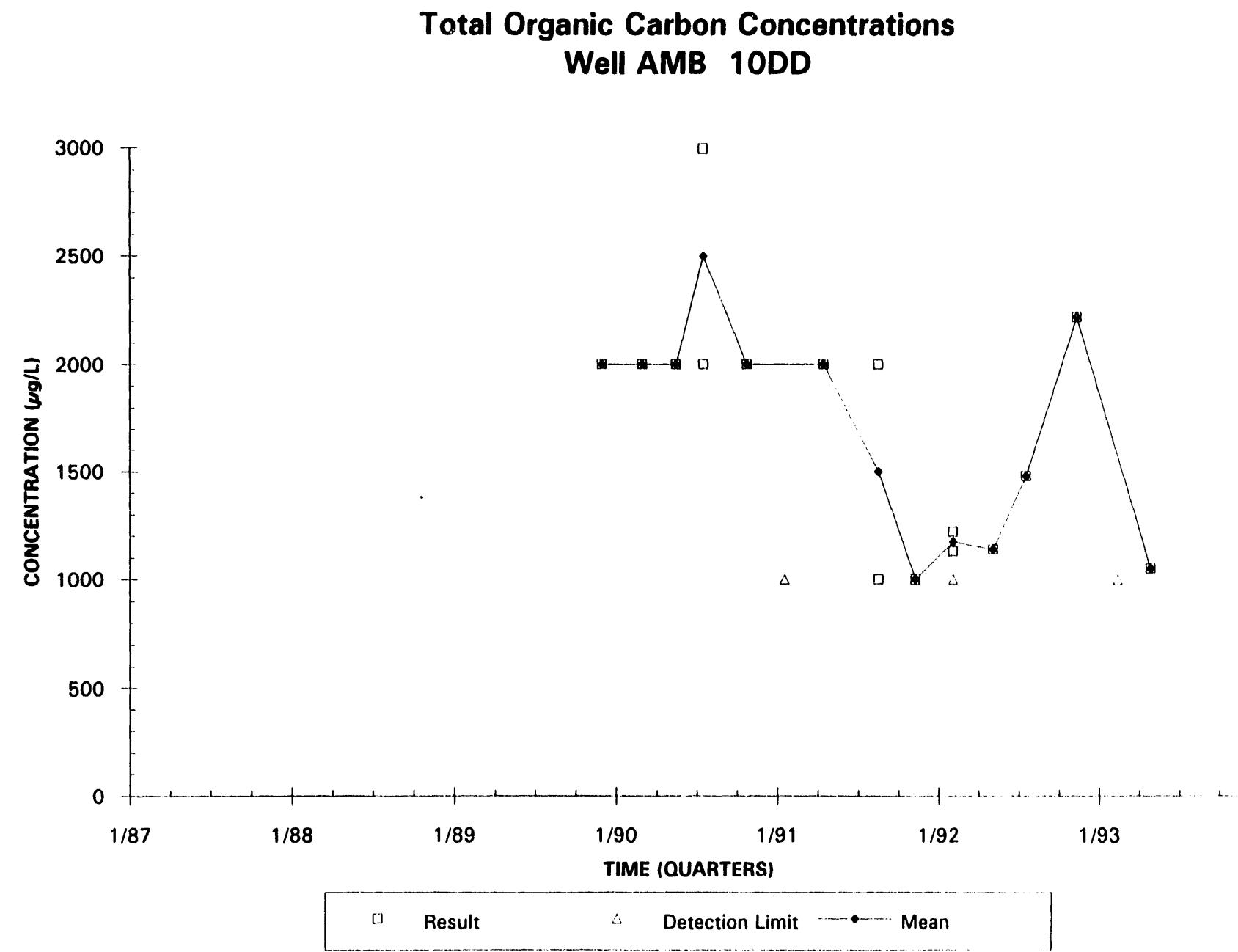


Total Organic Carbon Concentrations
Well AMB 10B

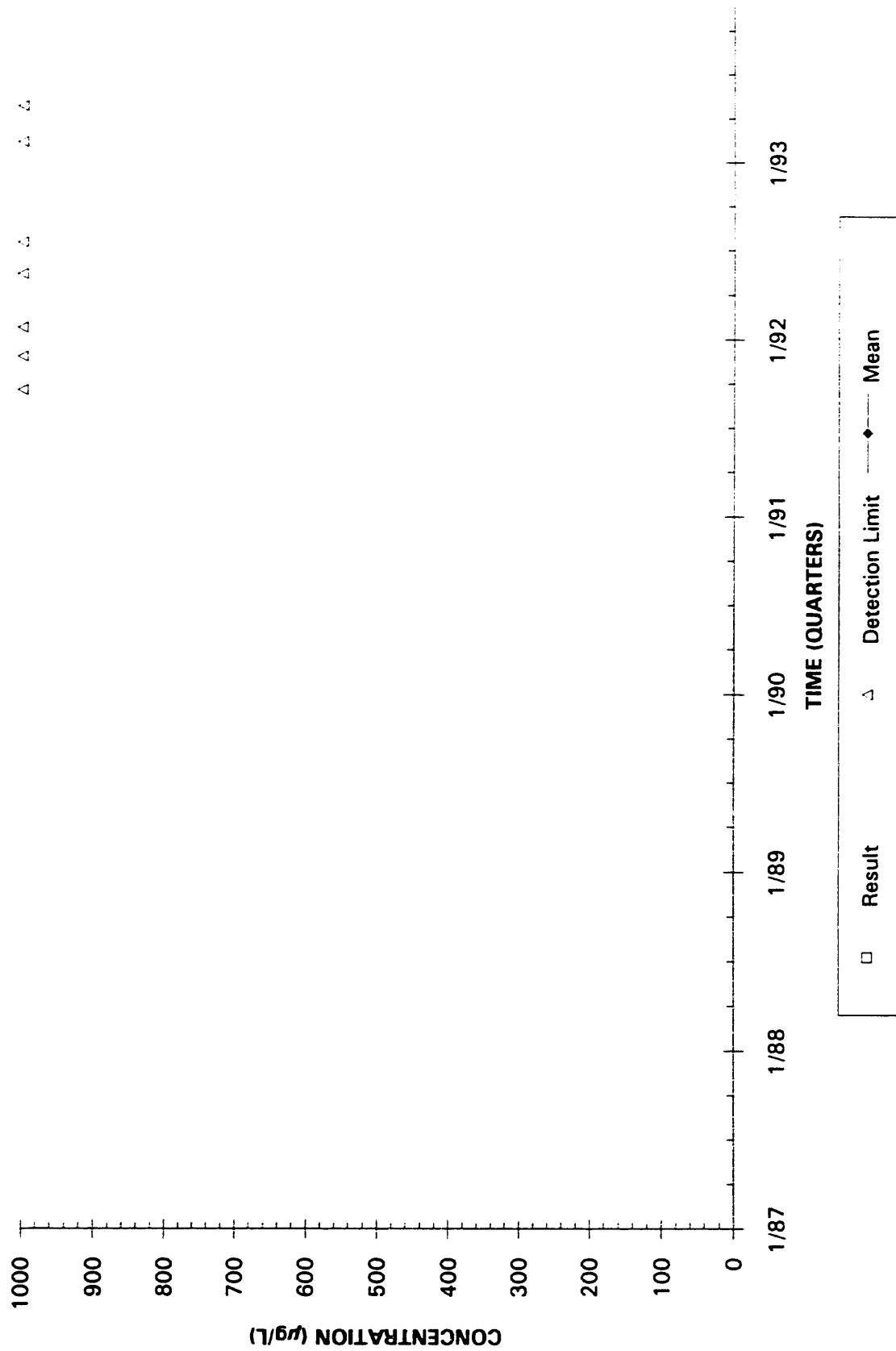


Total Organic Carbon Concentrations Well AMB 10D

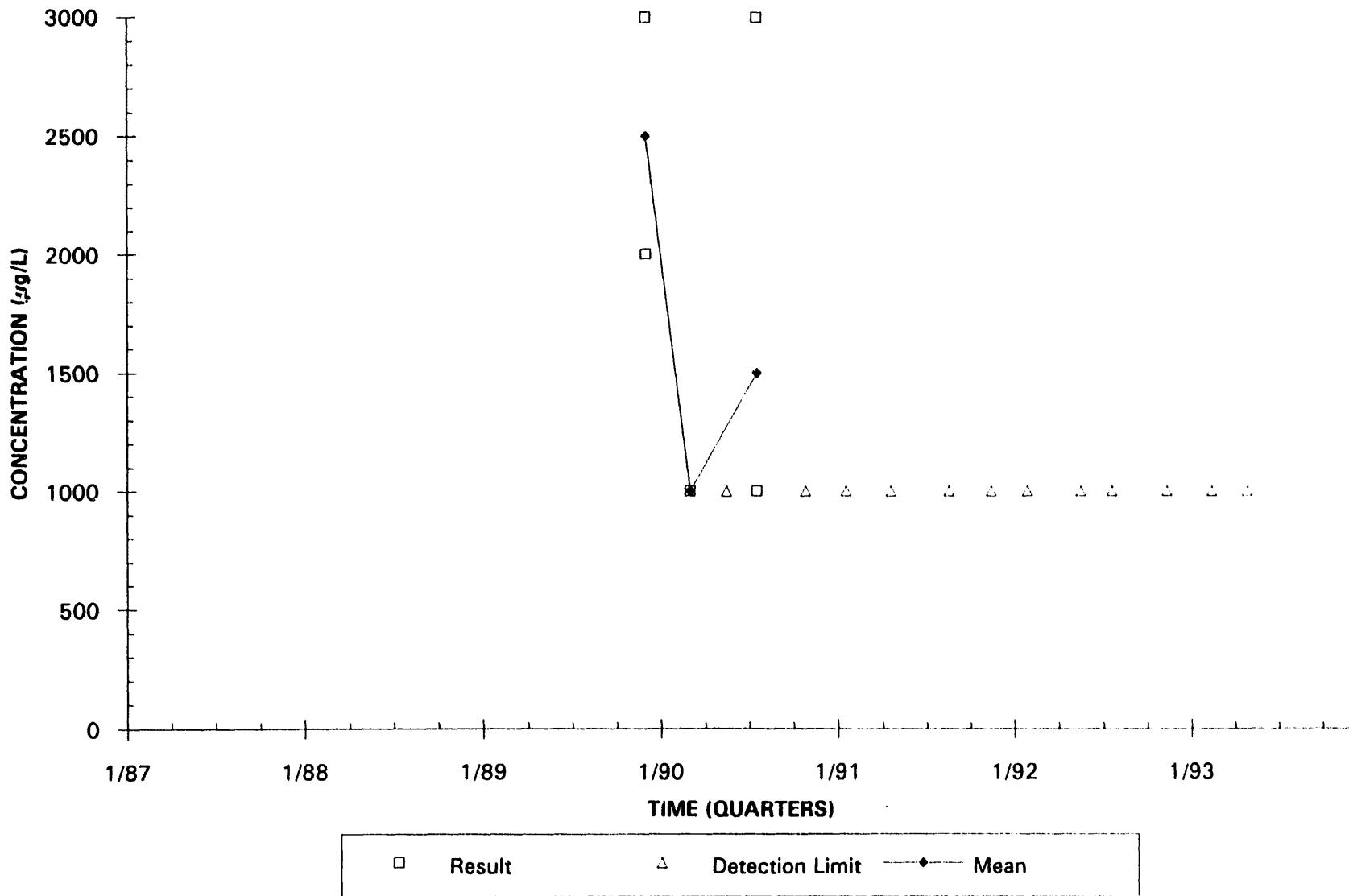


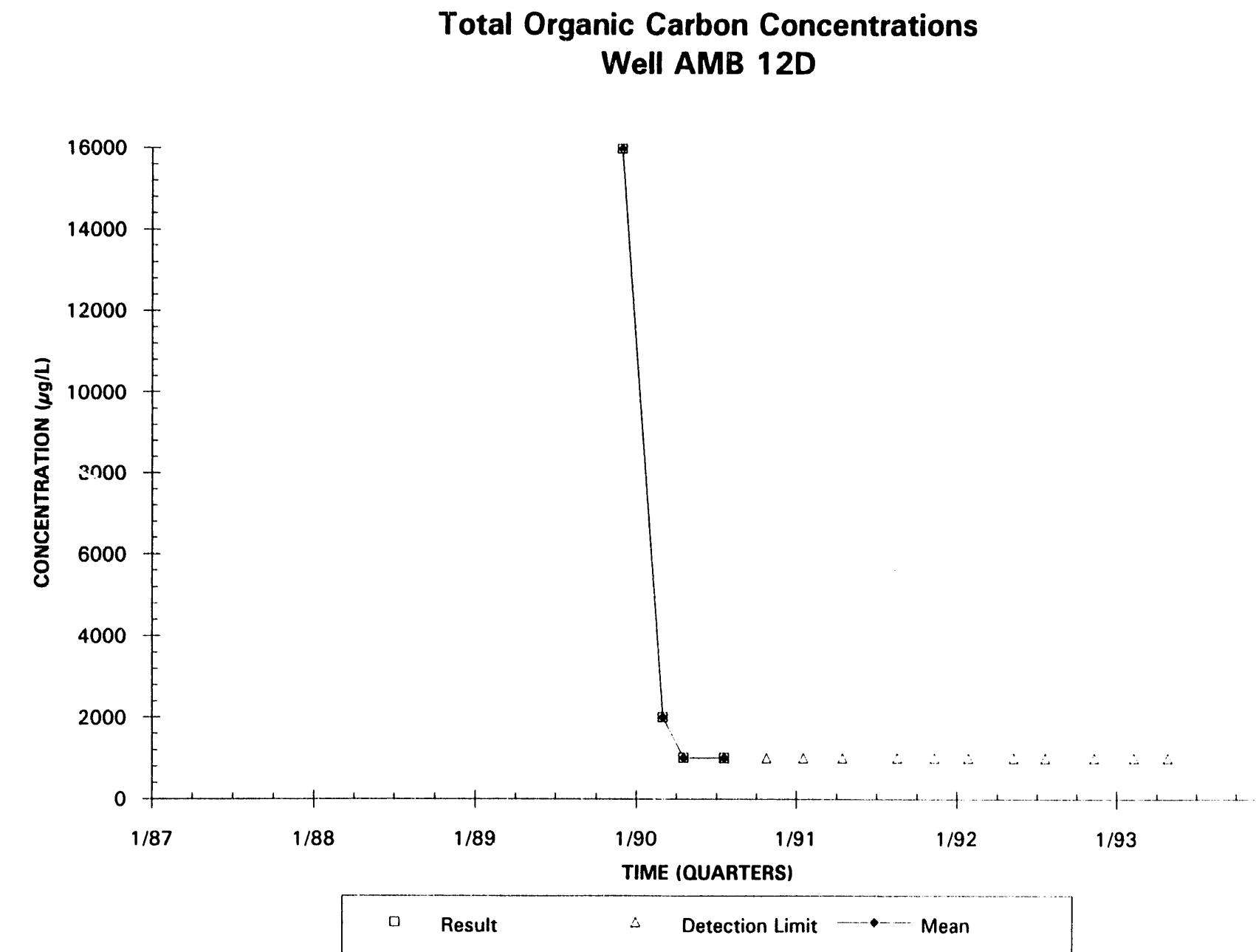


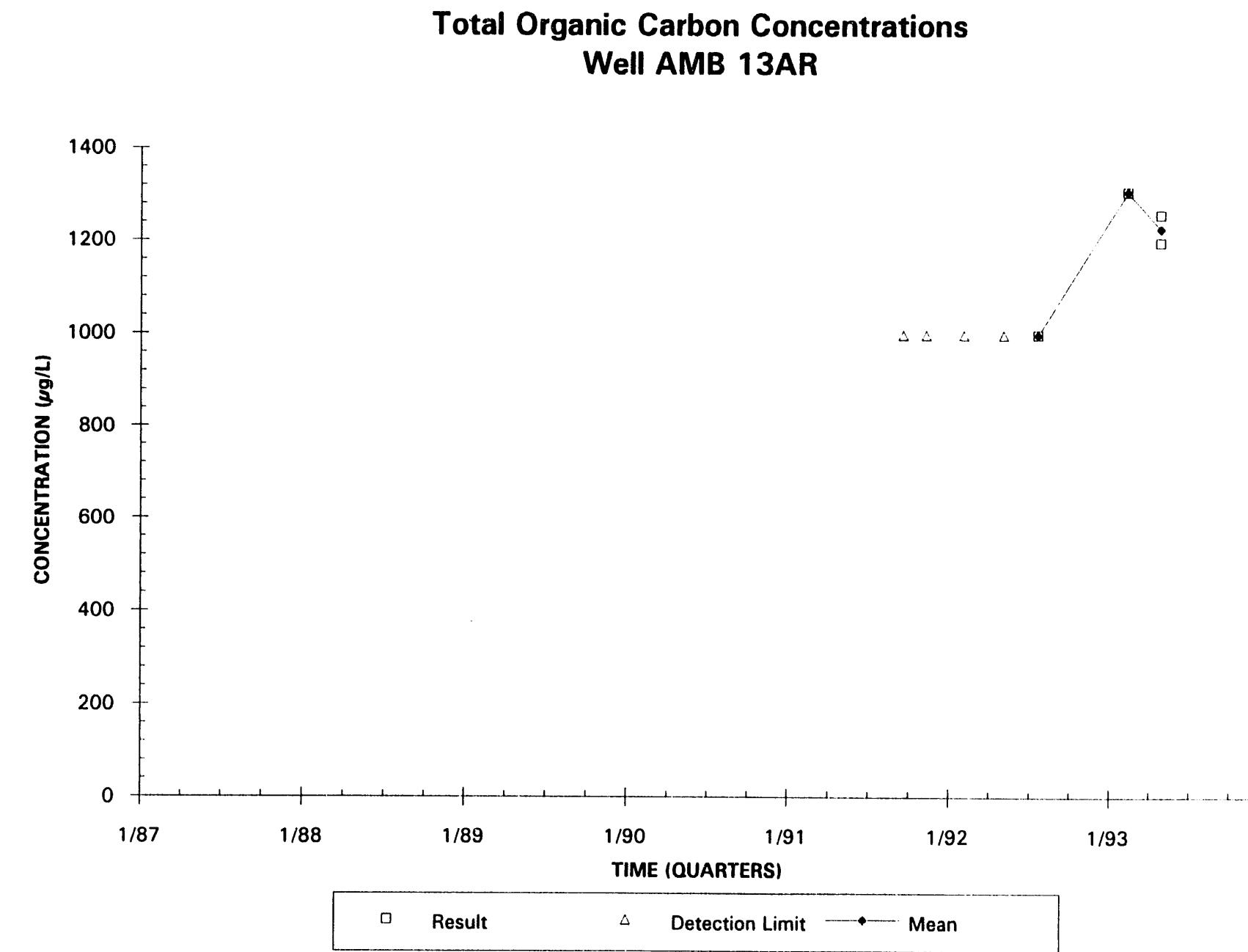
Total Organic Carbon Concentrations
Well AMB 11B

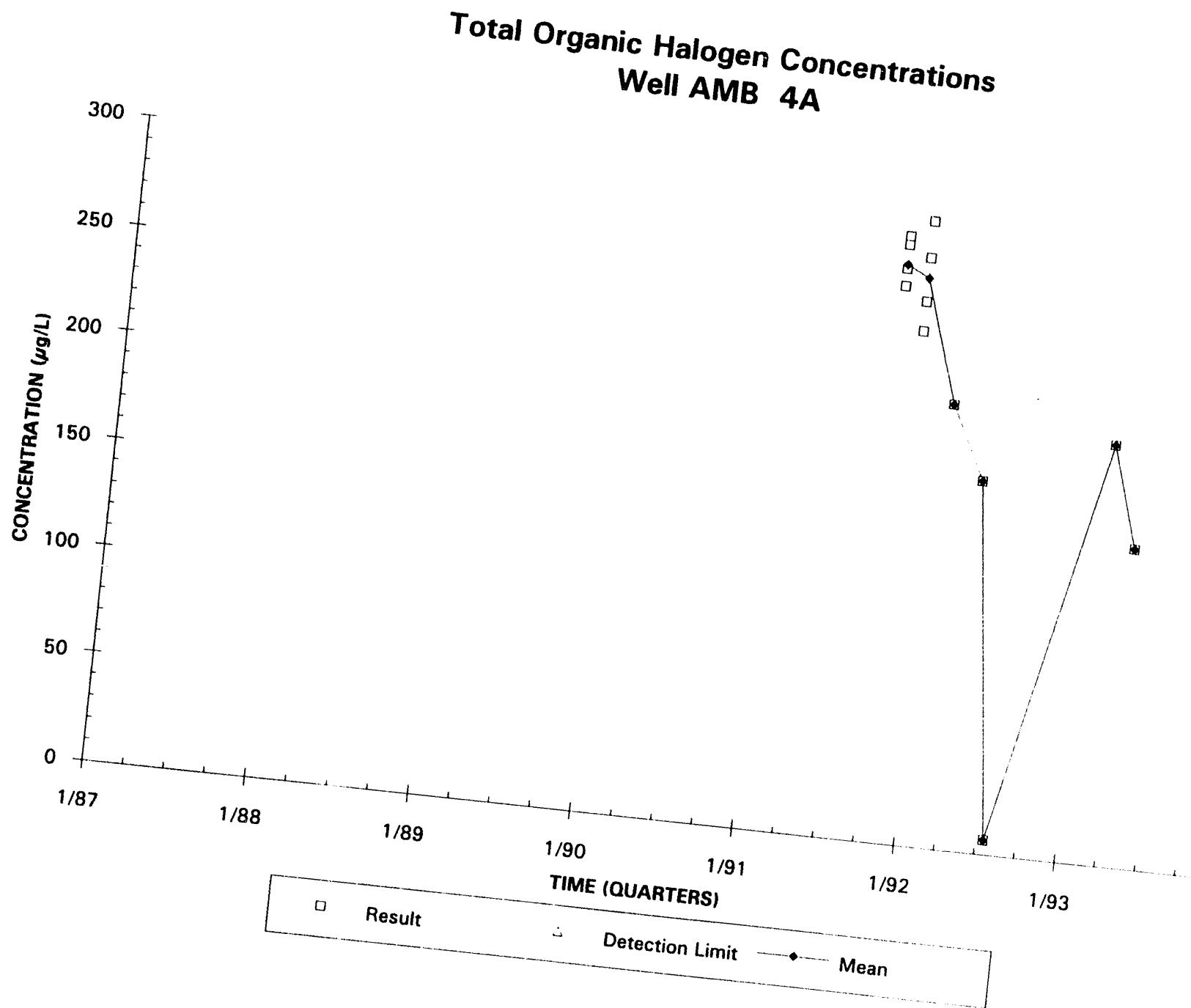


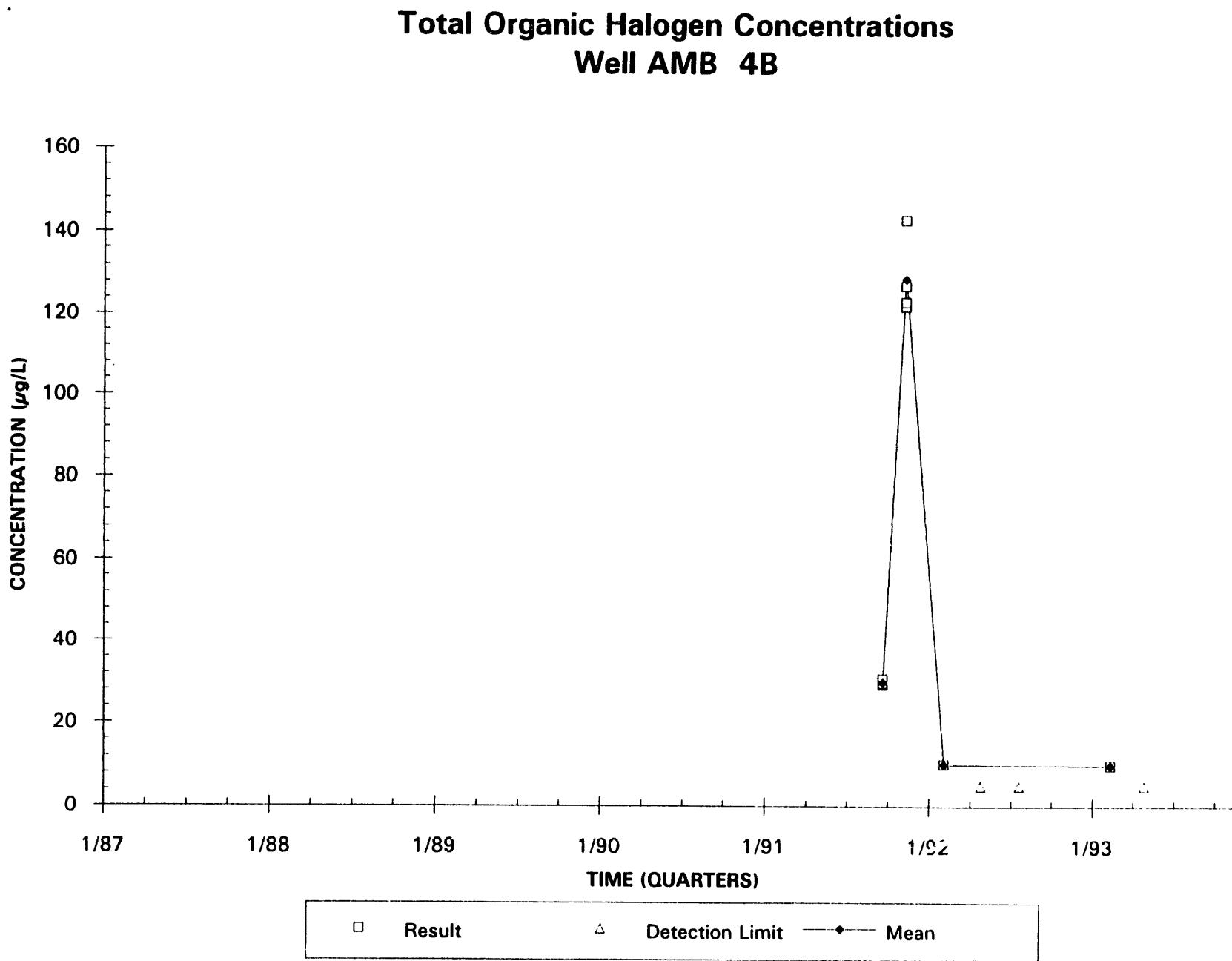
Total Organic Carbon Concentrations Well AMB 11D



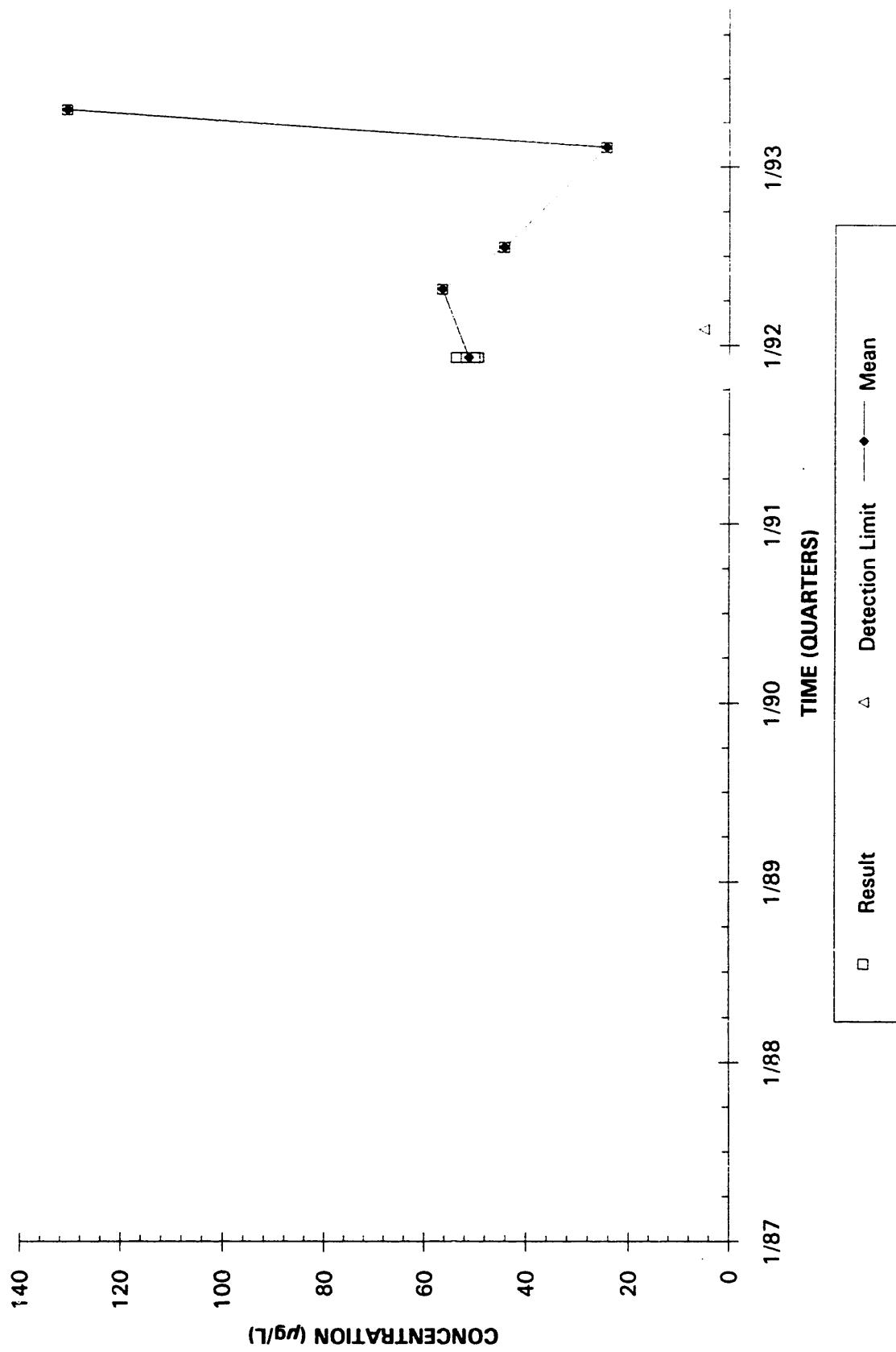




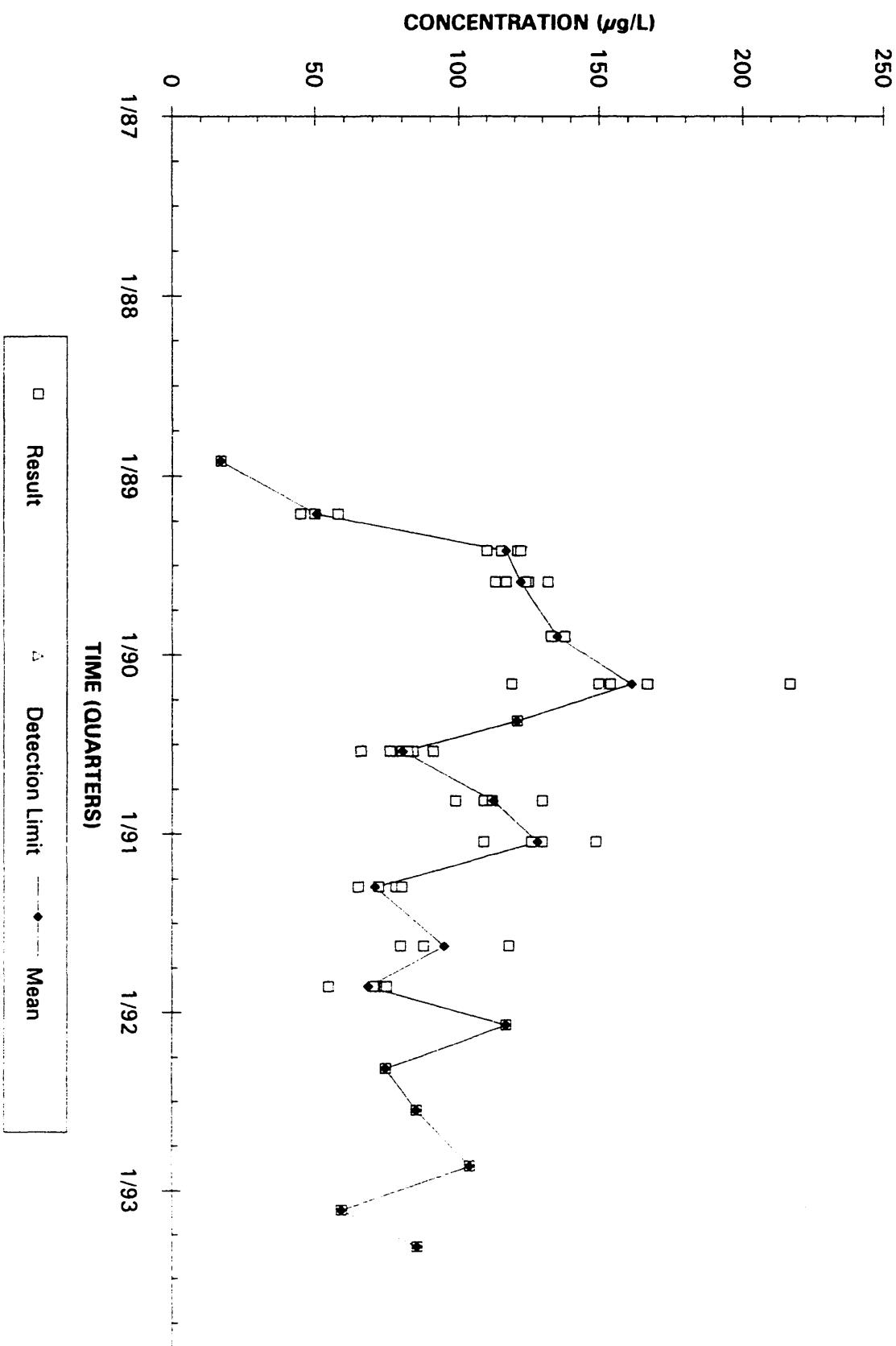




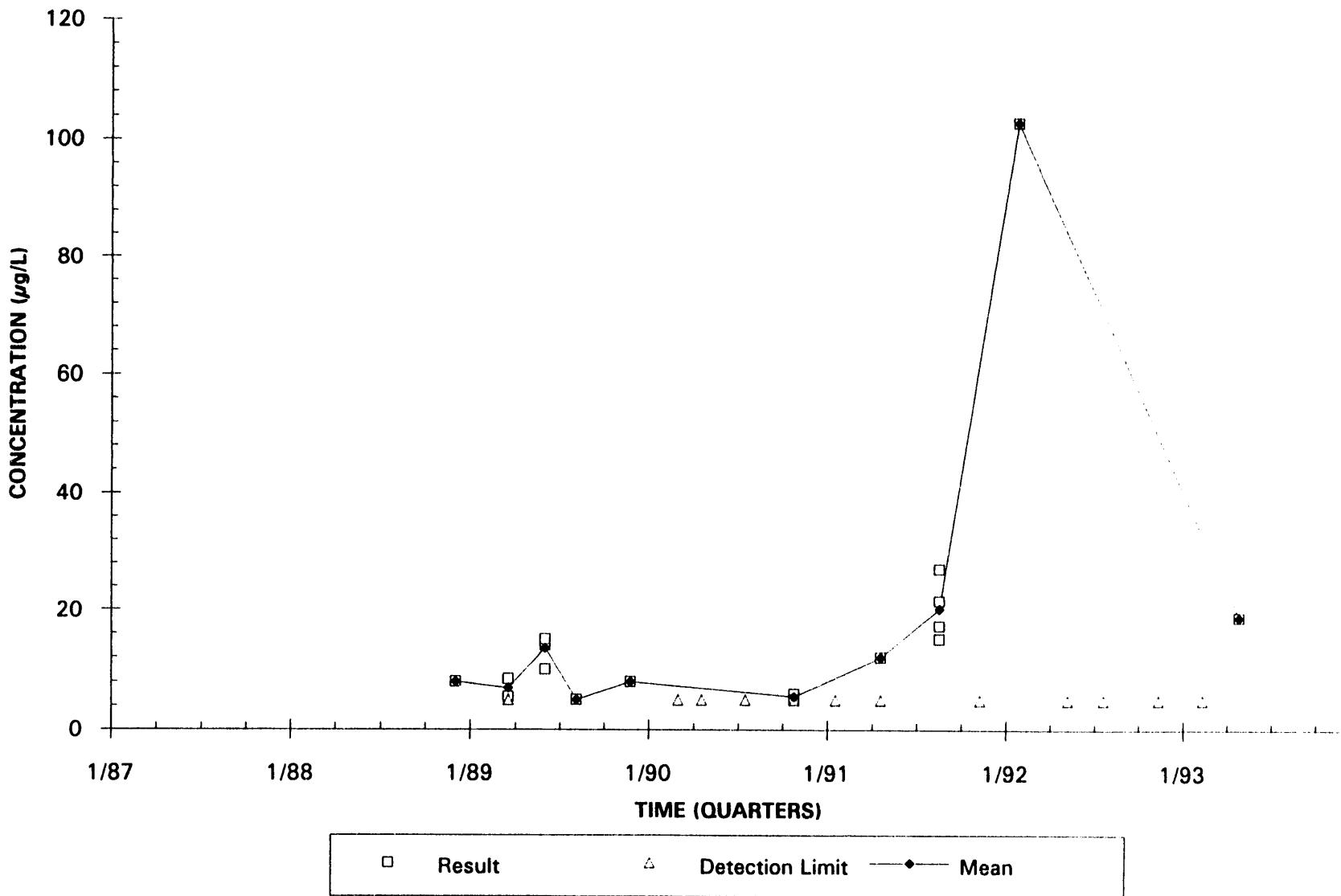
Total Organic Halogen Concentrations
Well AMB 4D



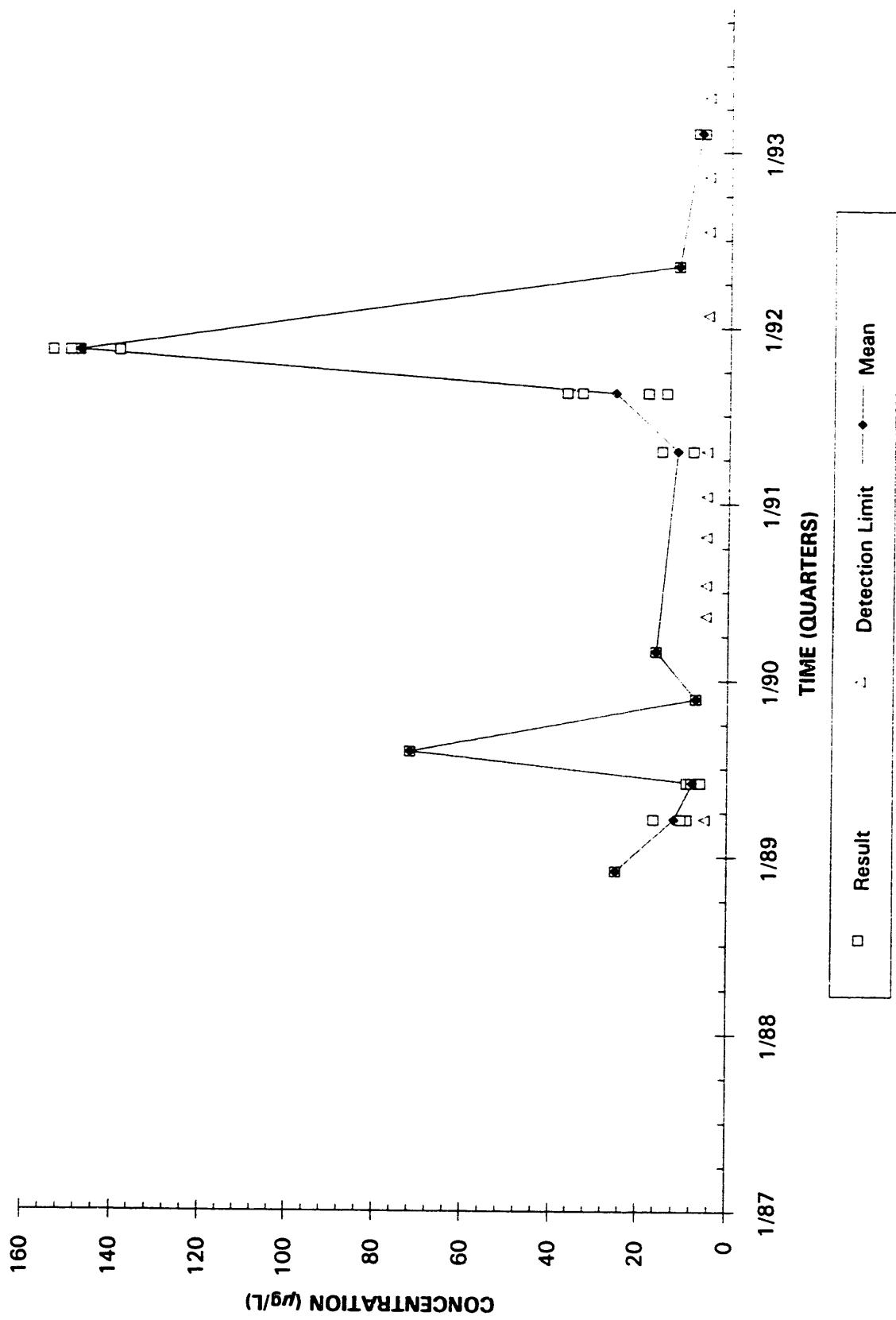
Total Organic Halogen Concentrations Well AMB 5



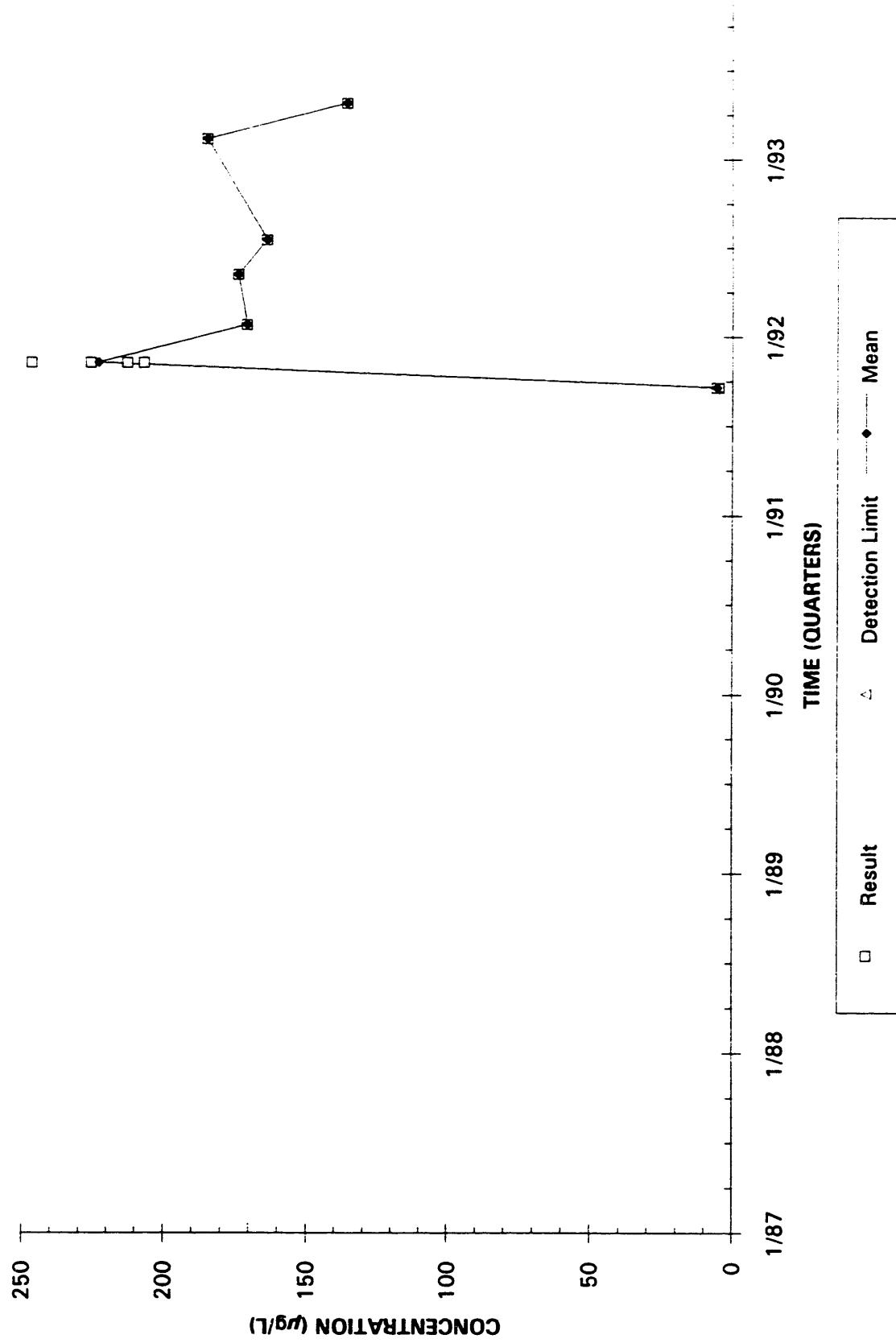
Total Organic Halogen Concentrations Well AMB 6



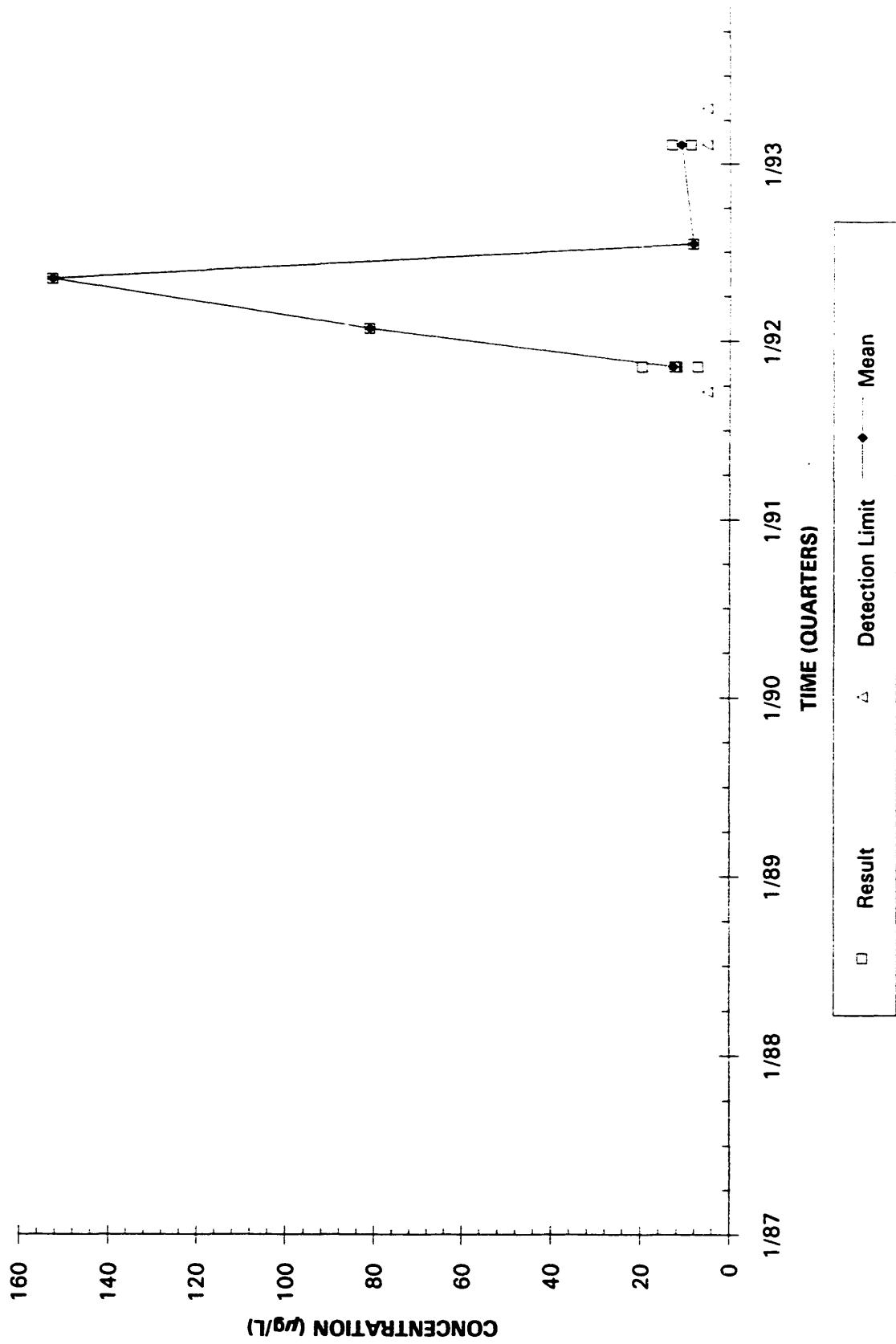
Total Organic Halogen Concentrations
Well AMB 7



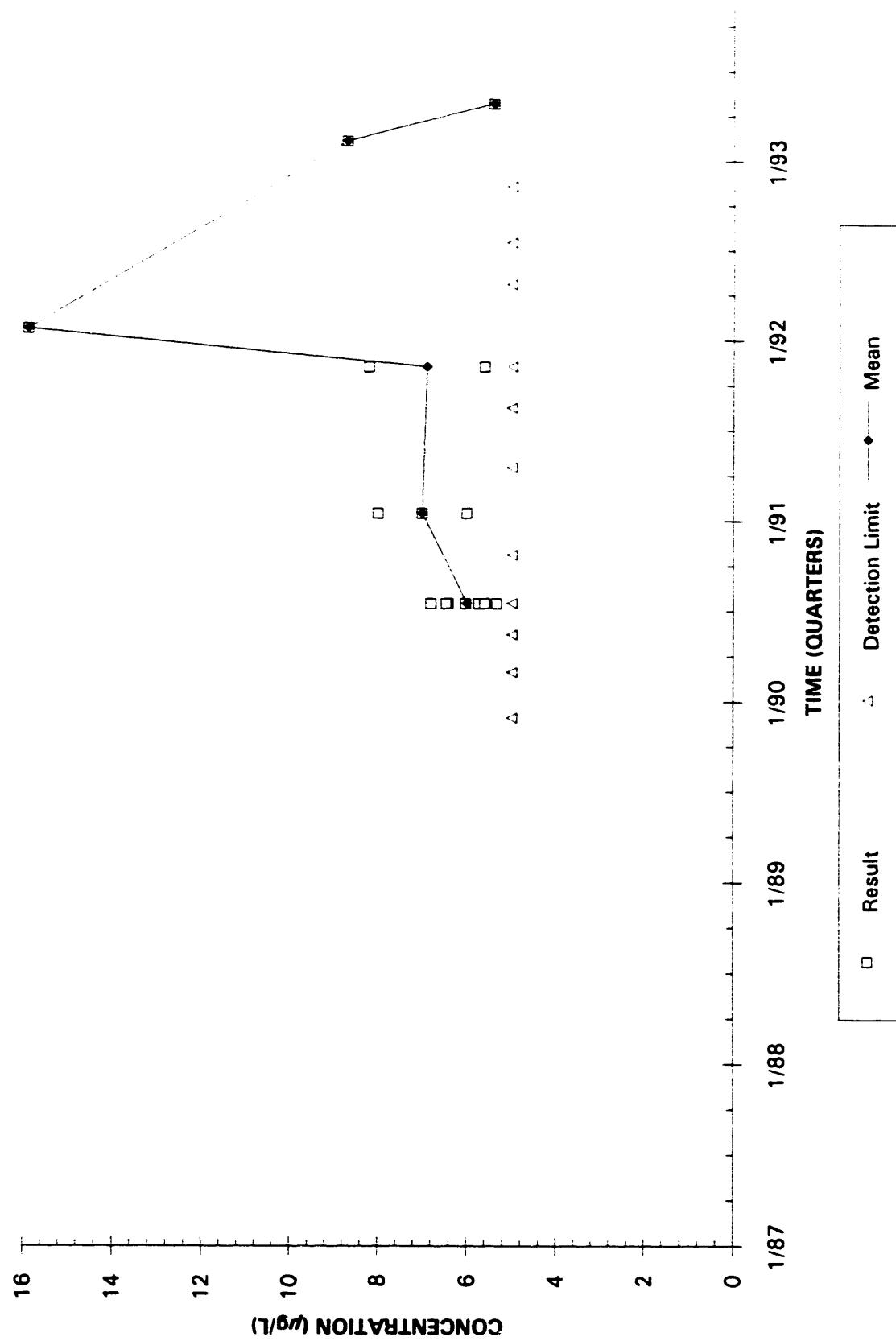
Total Organic Halogen Concentrations
Well AMB 7A



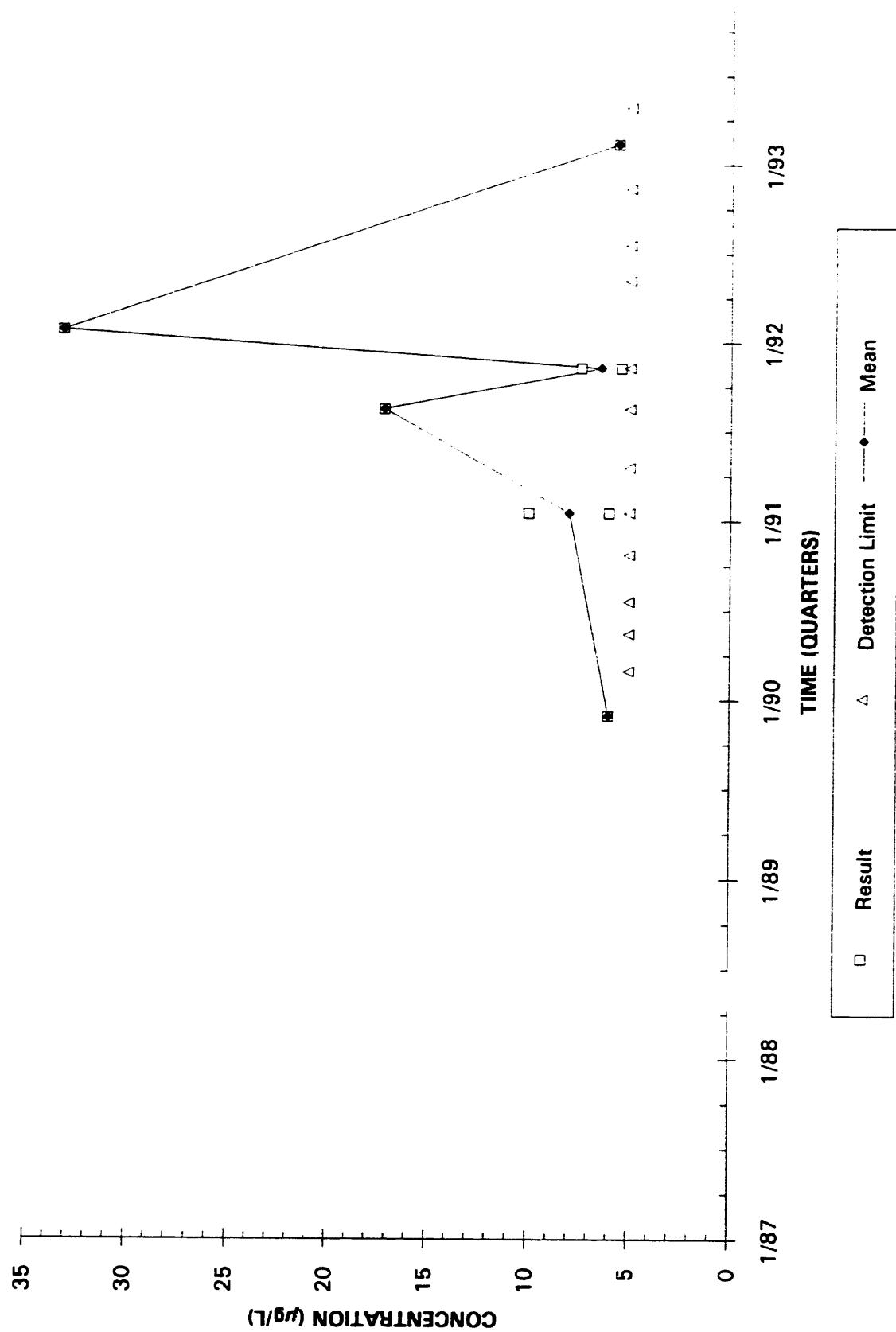
**Total Organic Halogen Concentrations
Well AMB 7B**

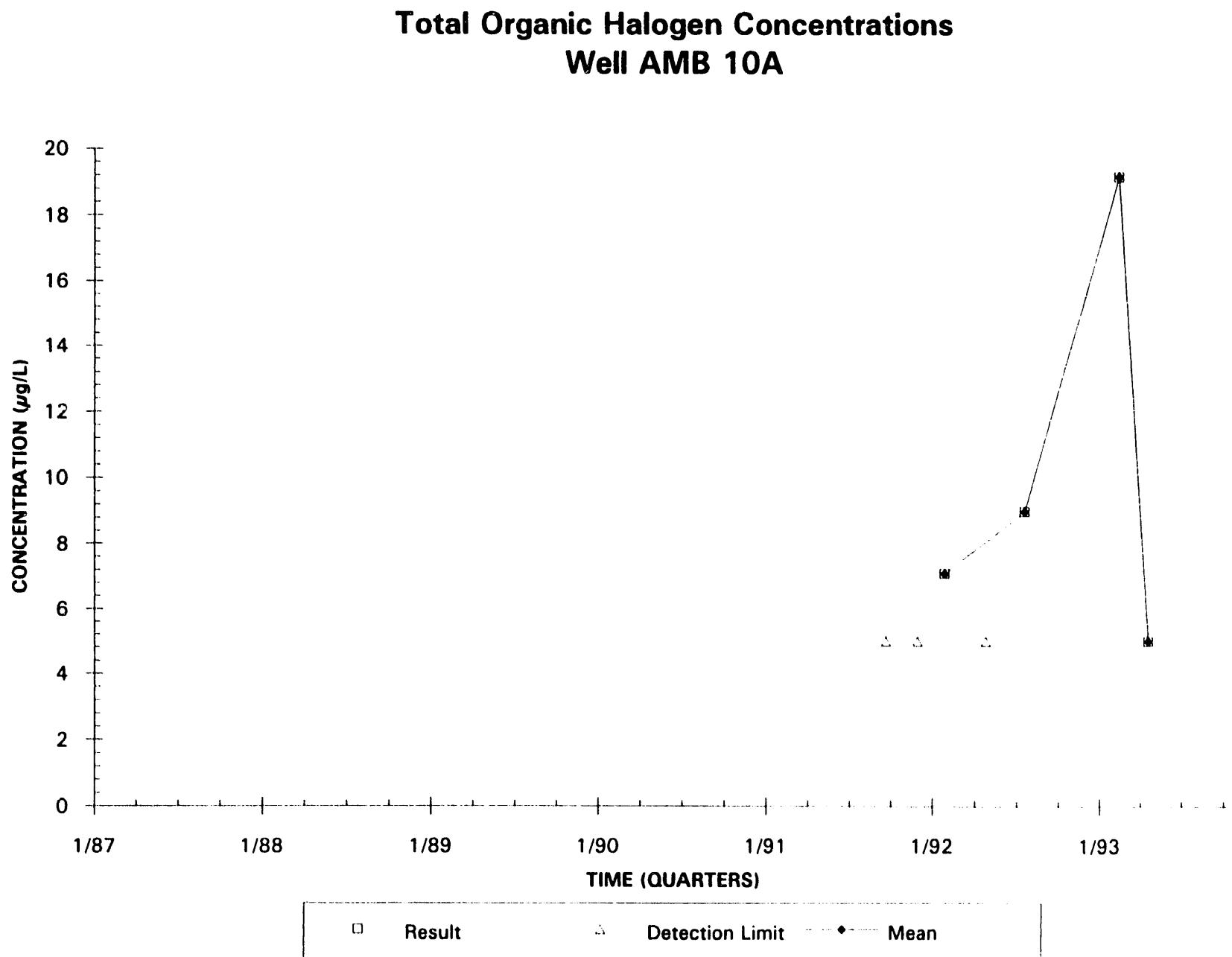


**Total Organic Halogen Concentrations
Well AMB 8D**

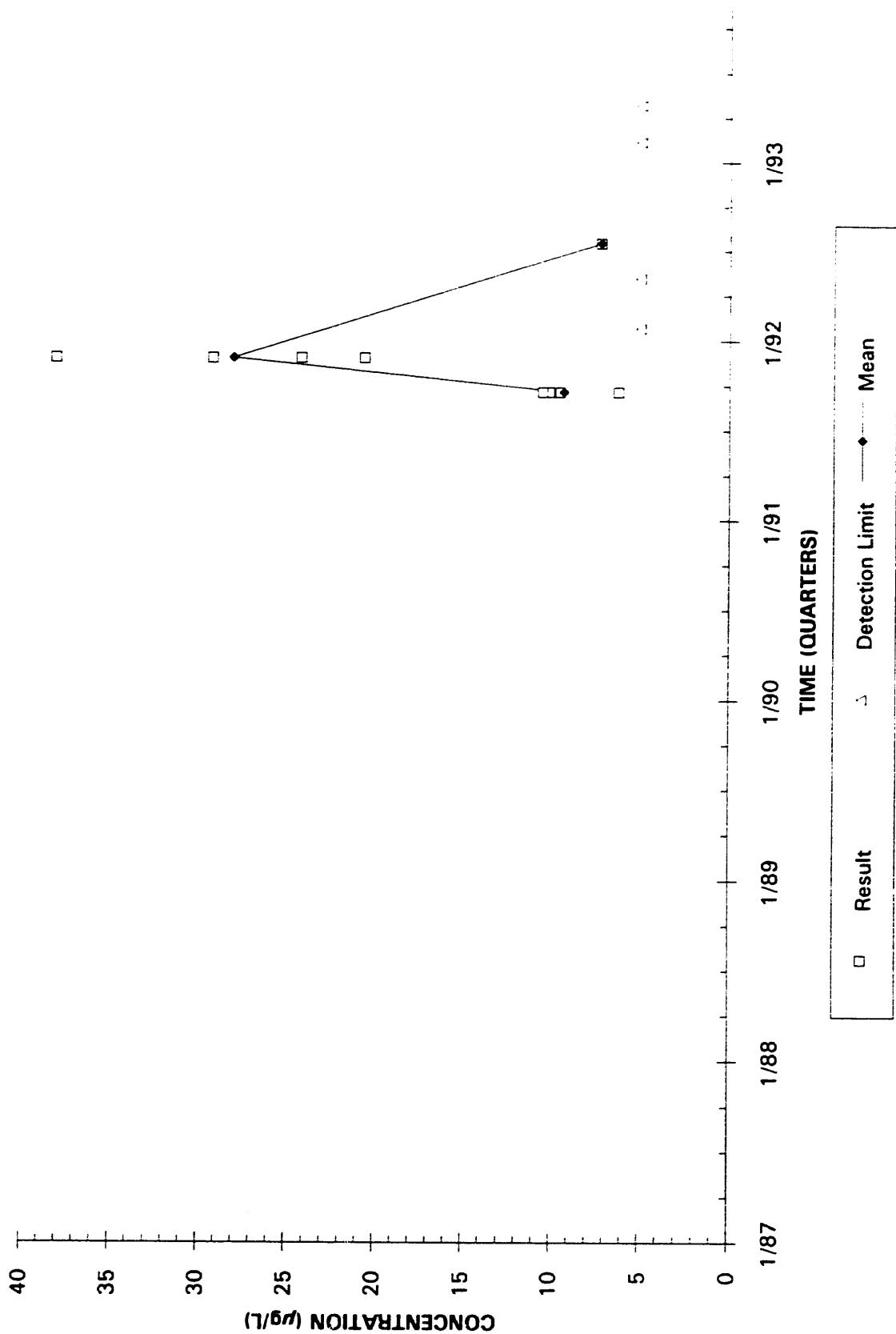


**Total Organic Halogen Concentrations
Well AMB 9D**

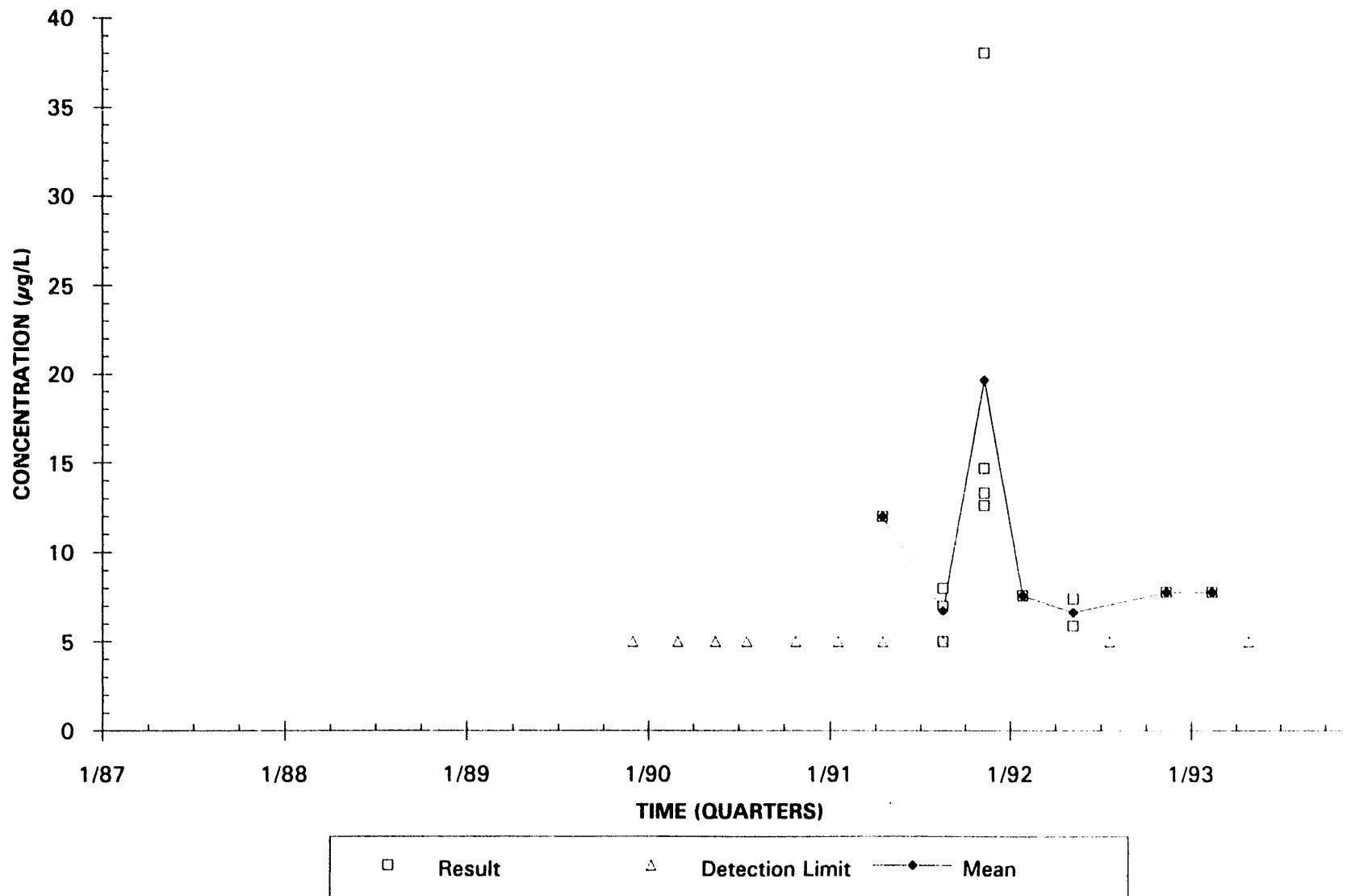




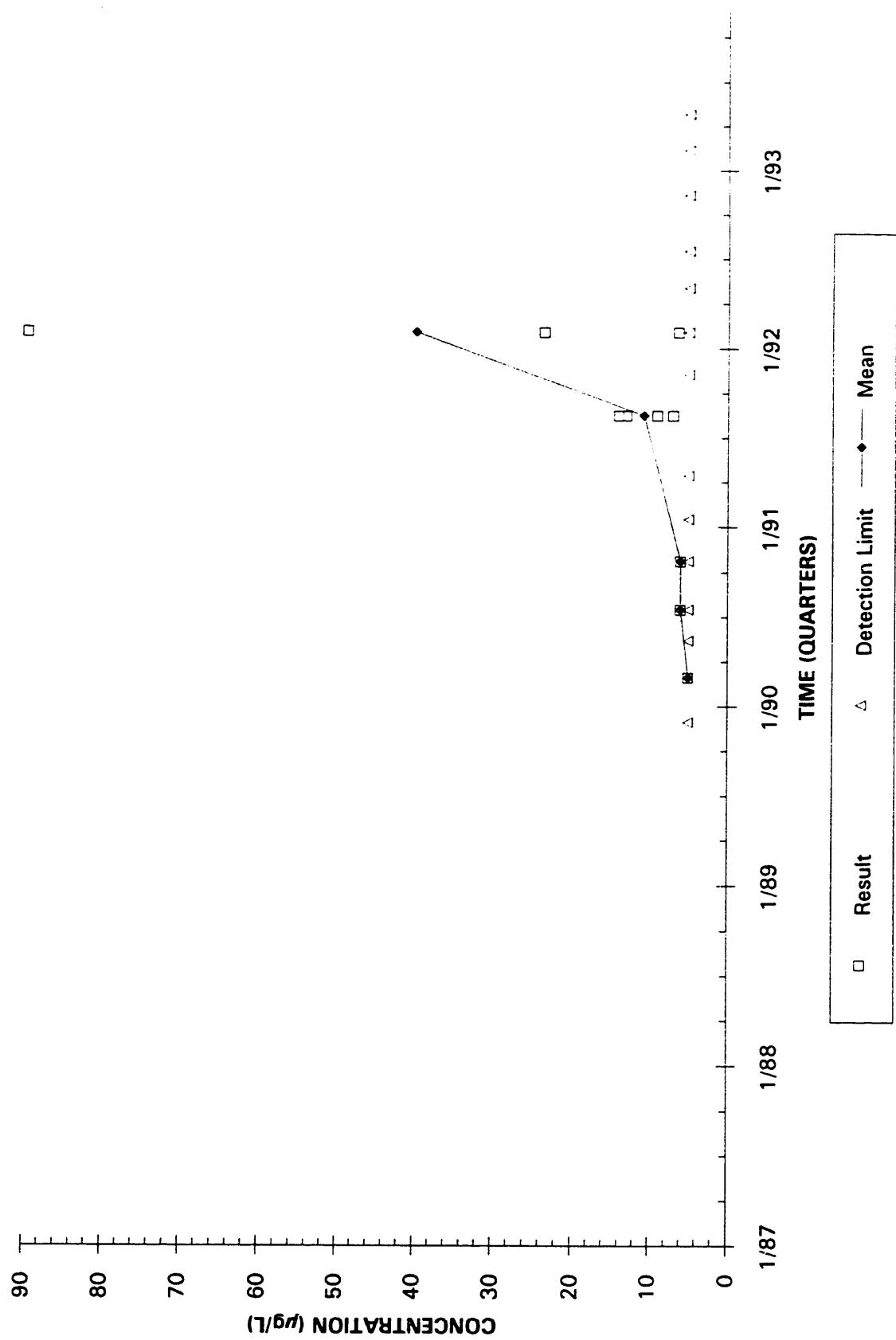
**Total Organic Halogen Concentrations
Well AMB 10B**



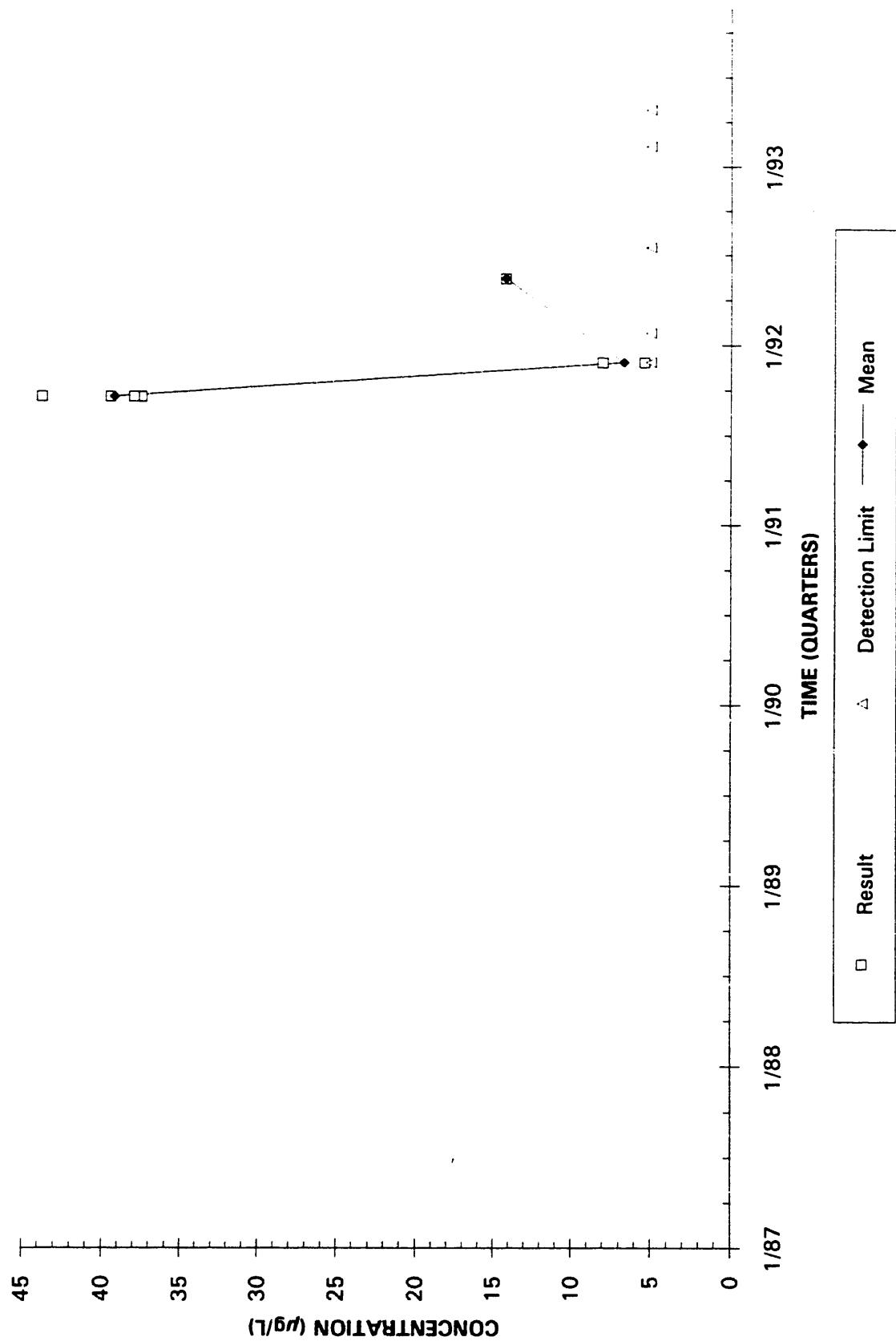
Total Organic Halogen Concentrations Well AMB 10D



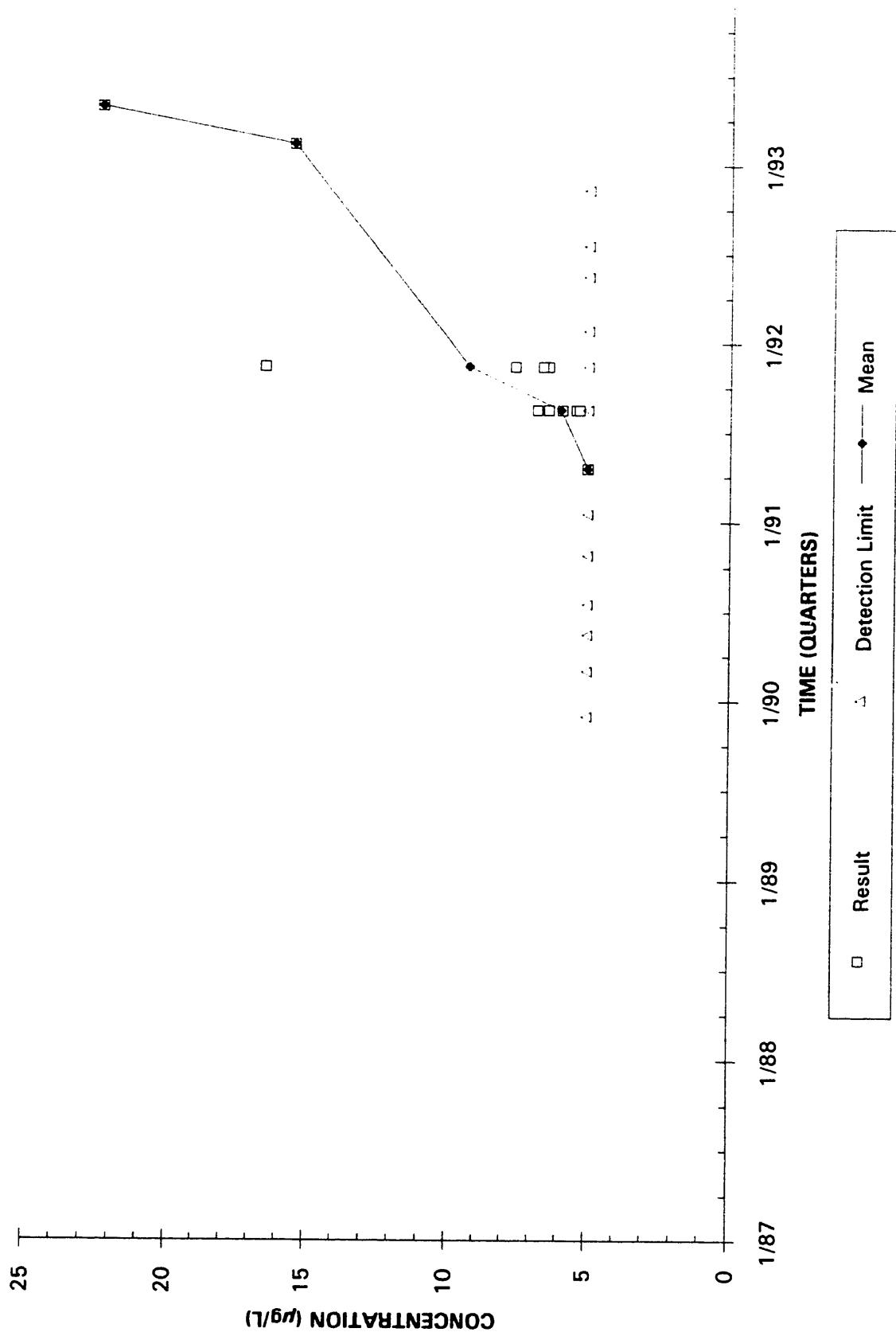
**Total Organic Halogen Concentrations
Well AMB 10DD**



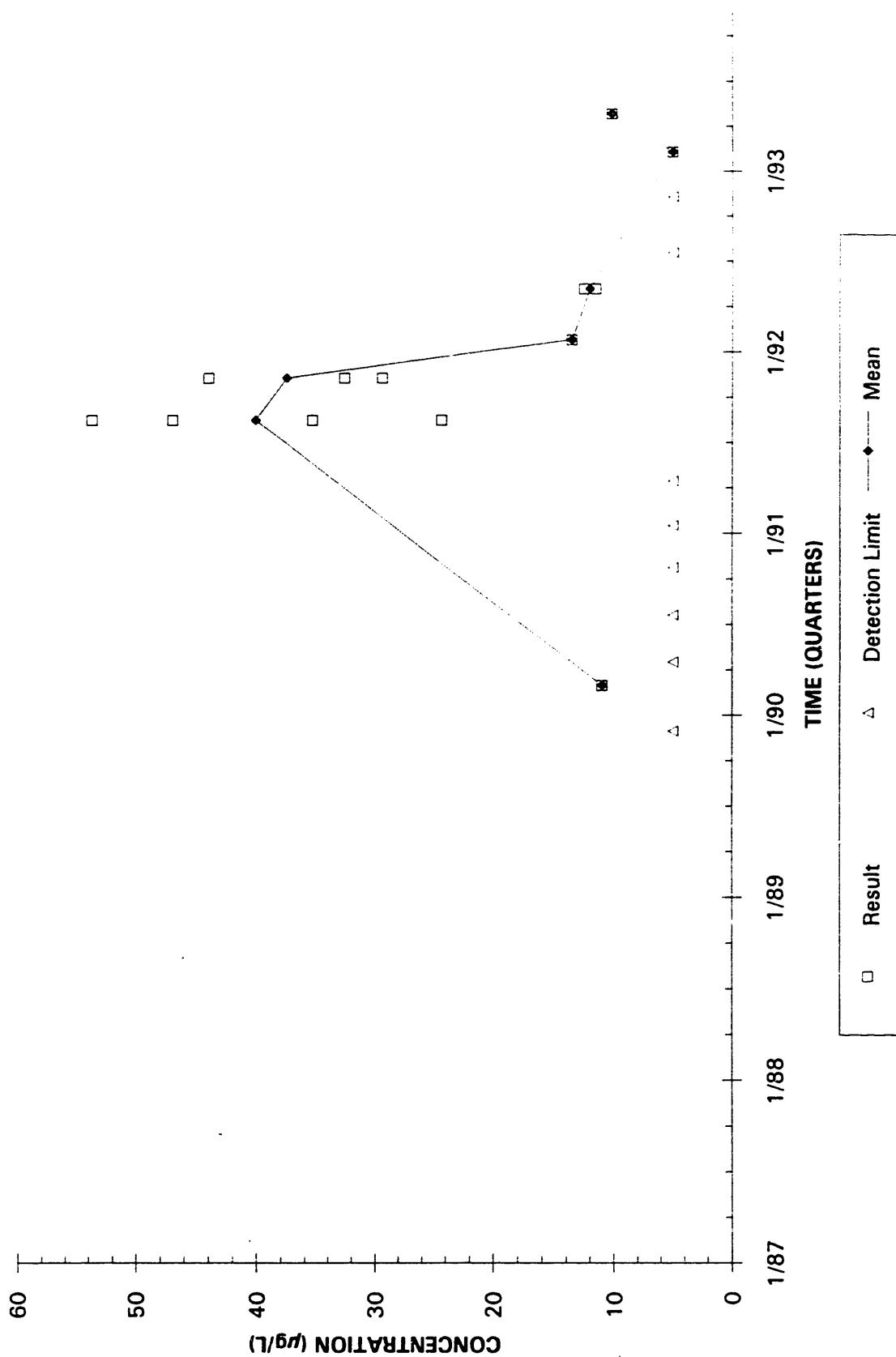
Total Organic Halogen Concentrations
Well AMB 11B

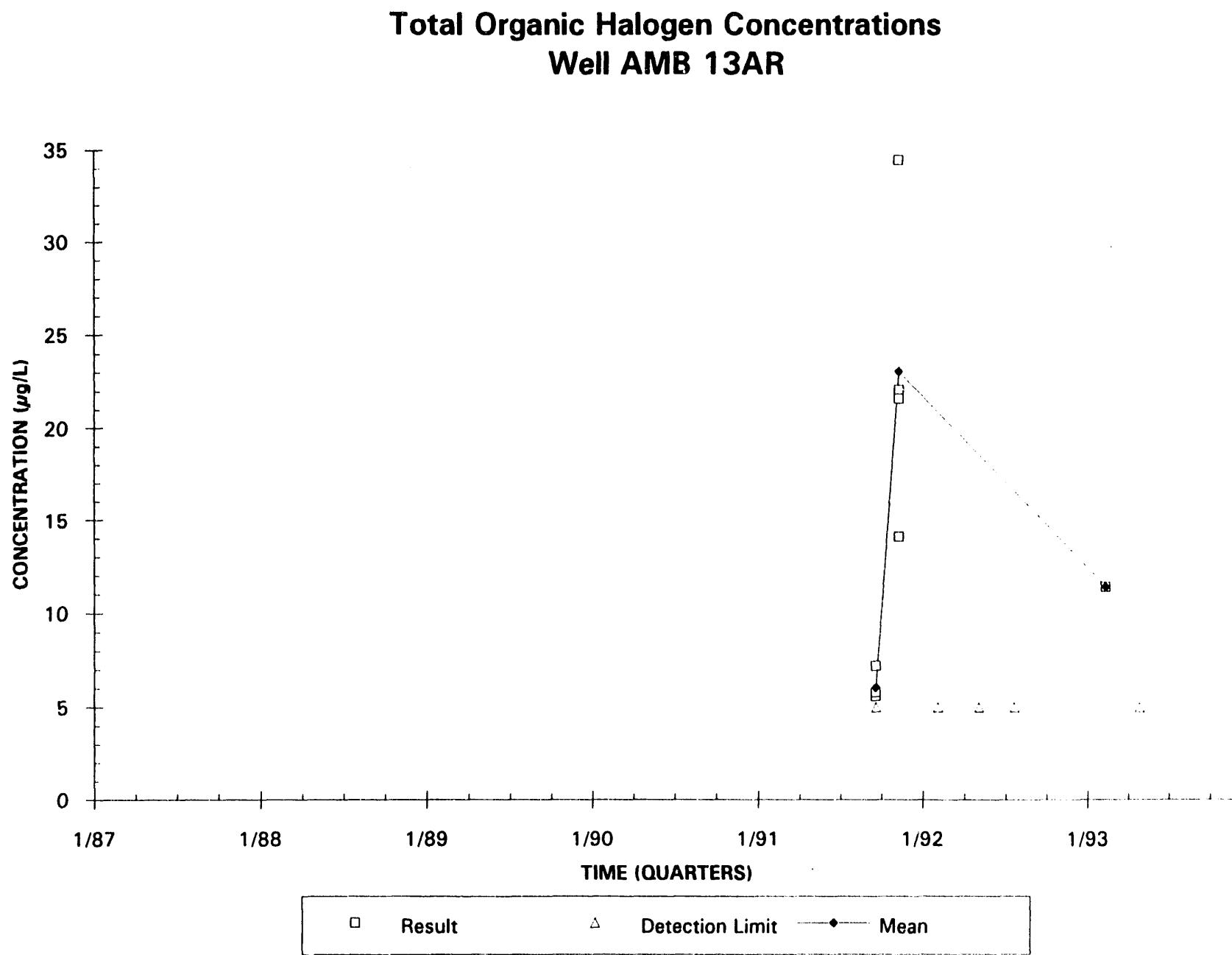


Total Organic Halogen Concentrations
Well AMB 11D

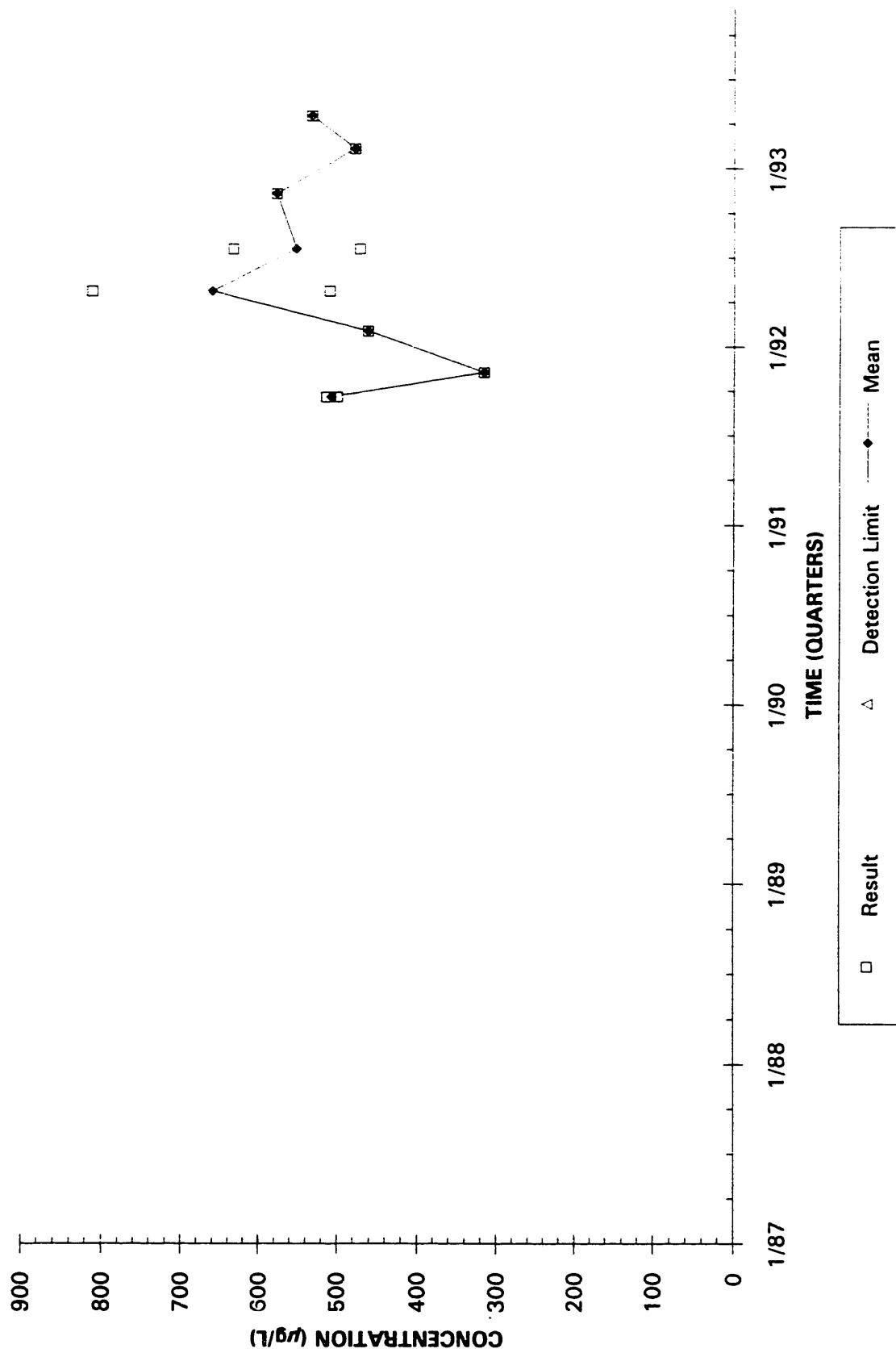


**Total Organic Halogen Concentrations
Well AMB 12D**

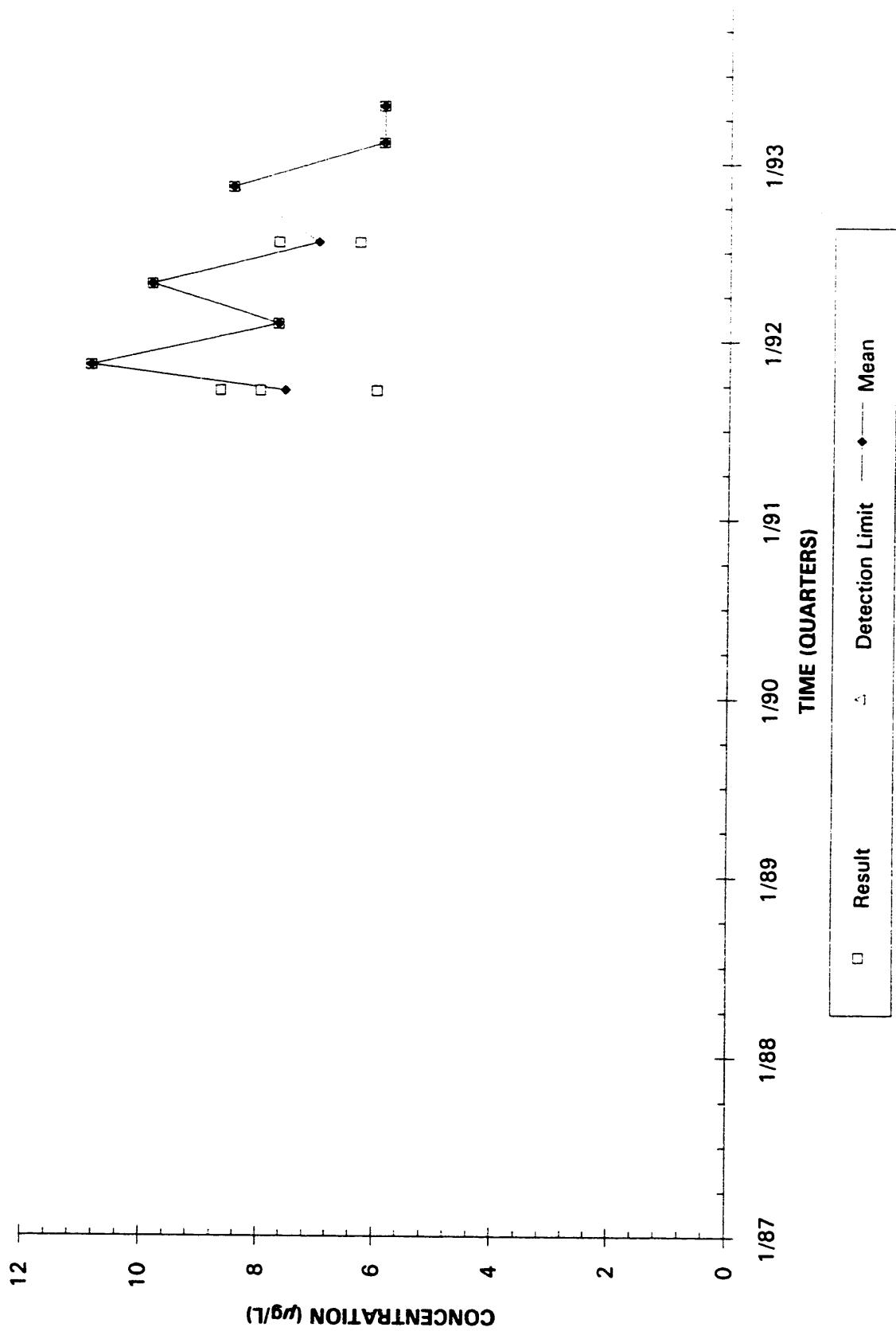




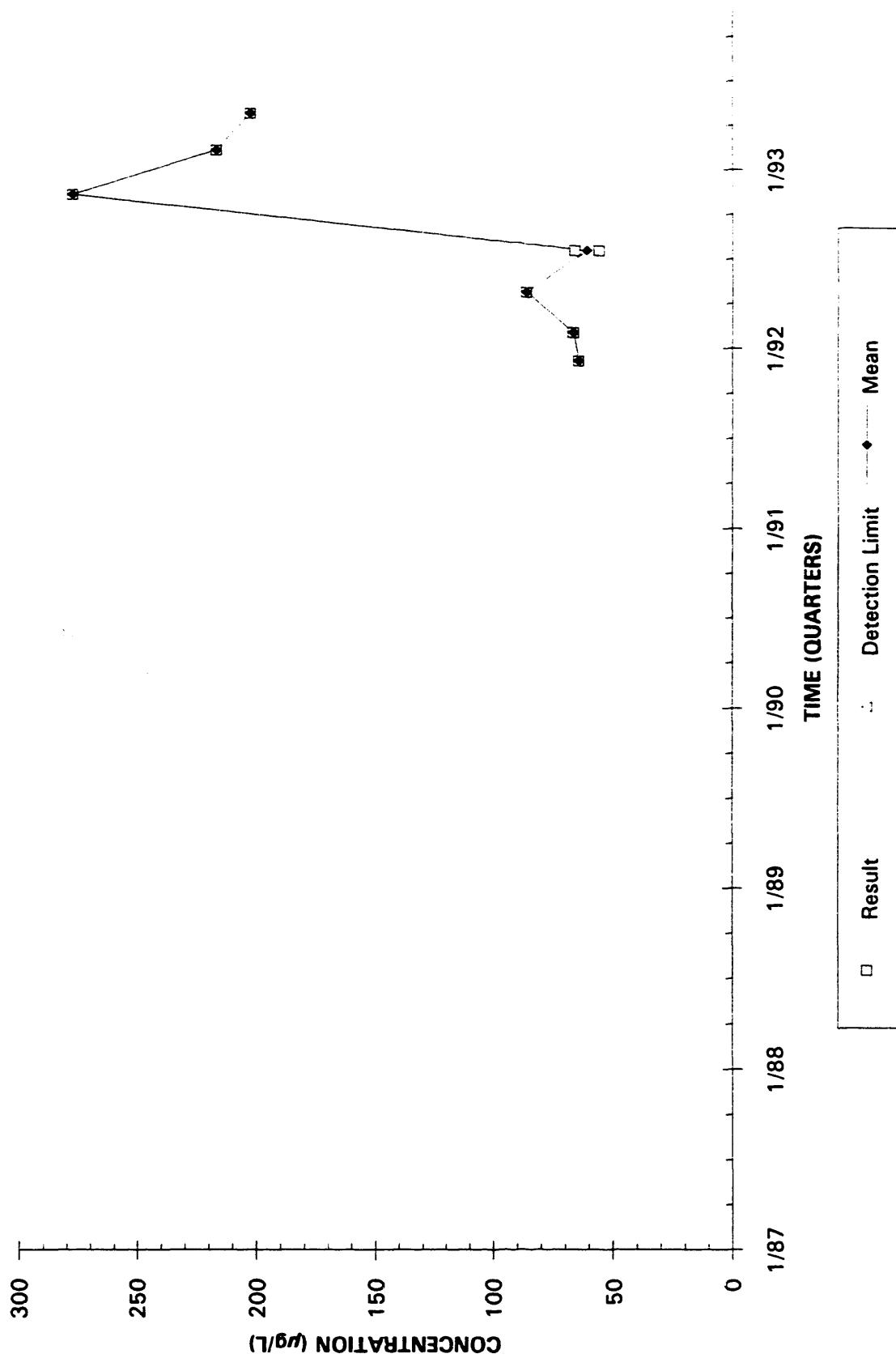
**Trichloroethylene Concentrations
Well AMB 4A**



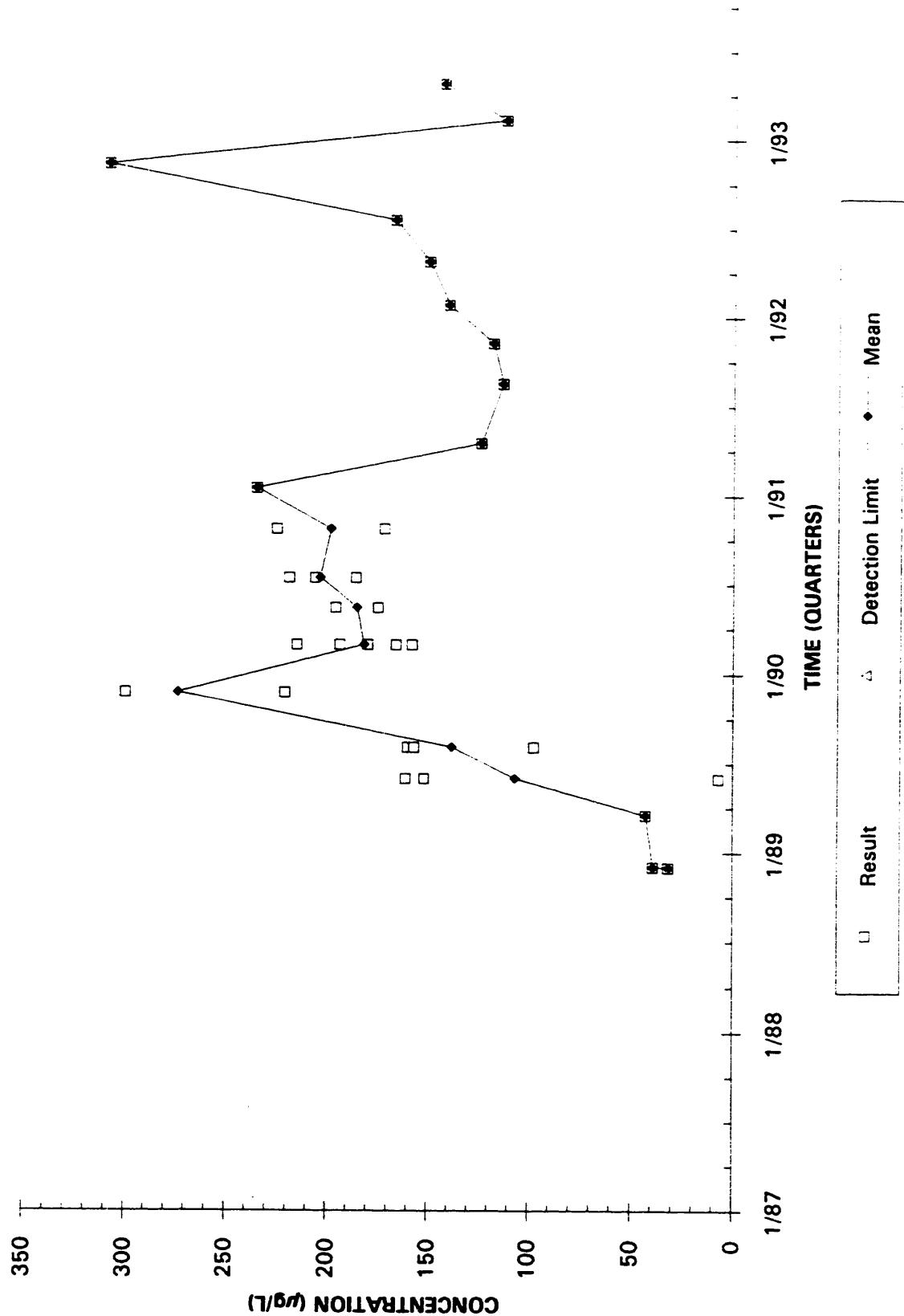
**Trichloroethylene Concentrations
Well AMB 4B**



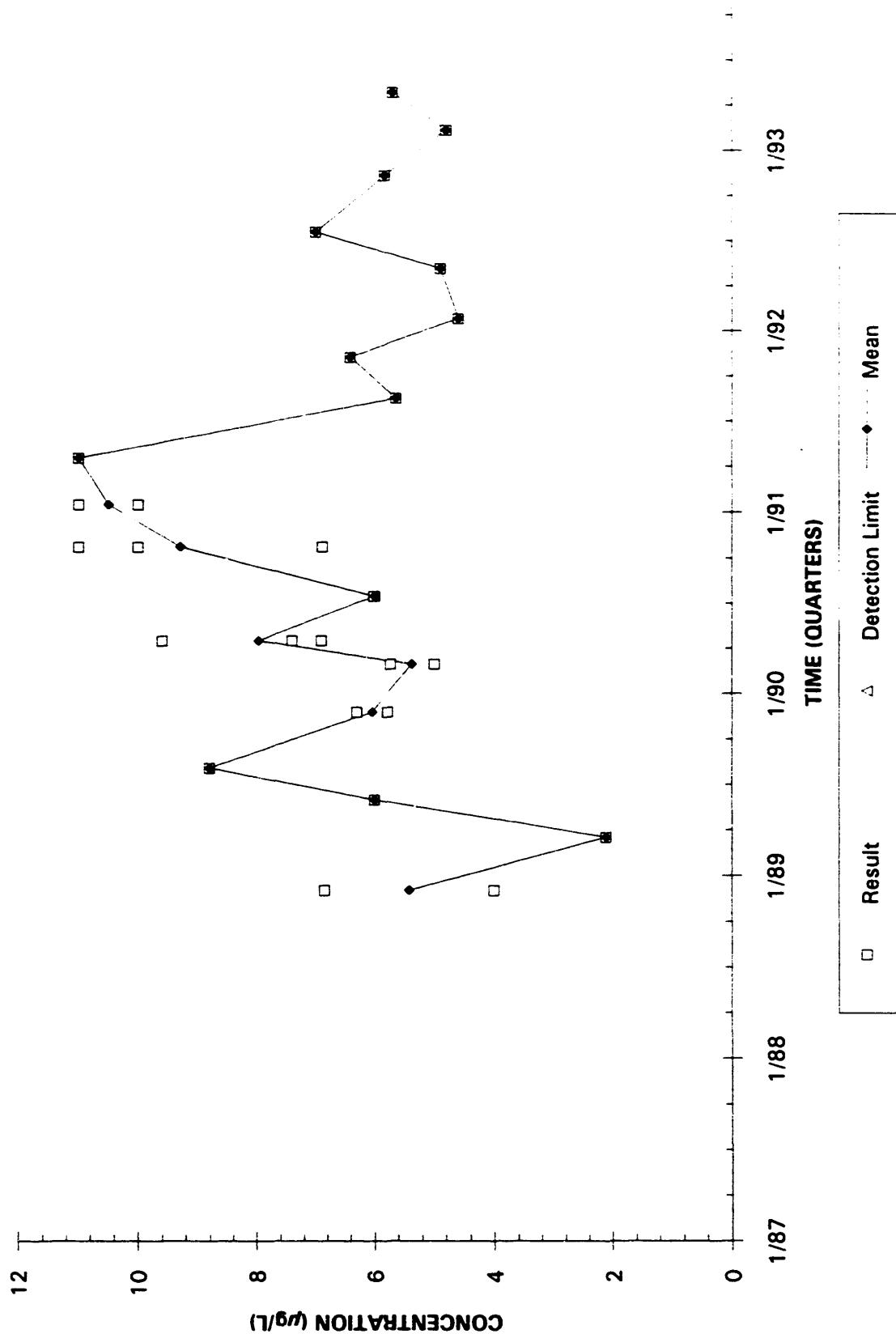
Trichloroethylene Concentrations
Well AMB 4D



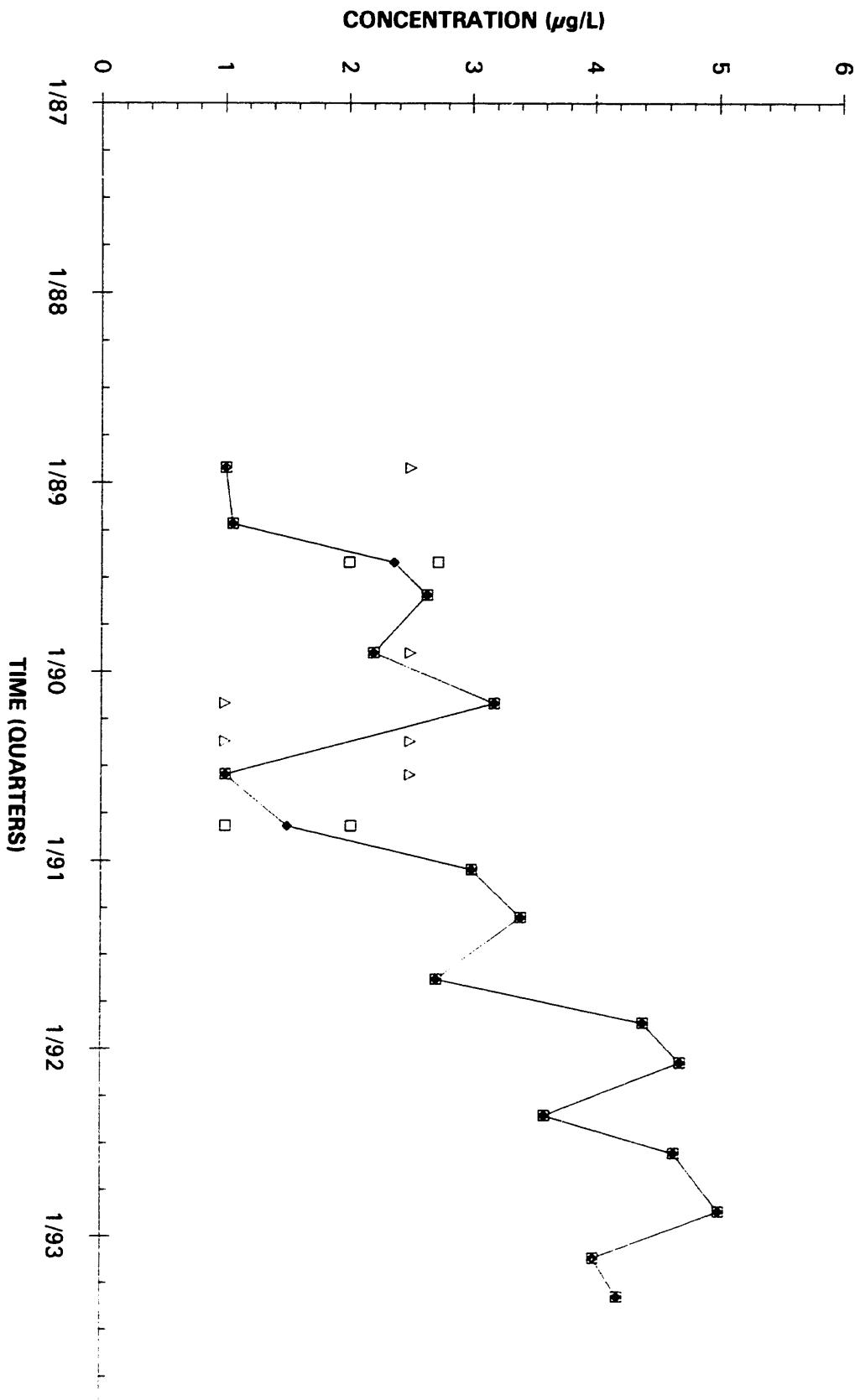
**Trichloroethylene Concentrations
Well AMB 5**



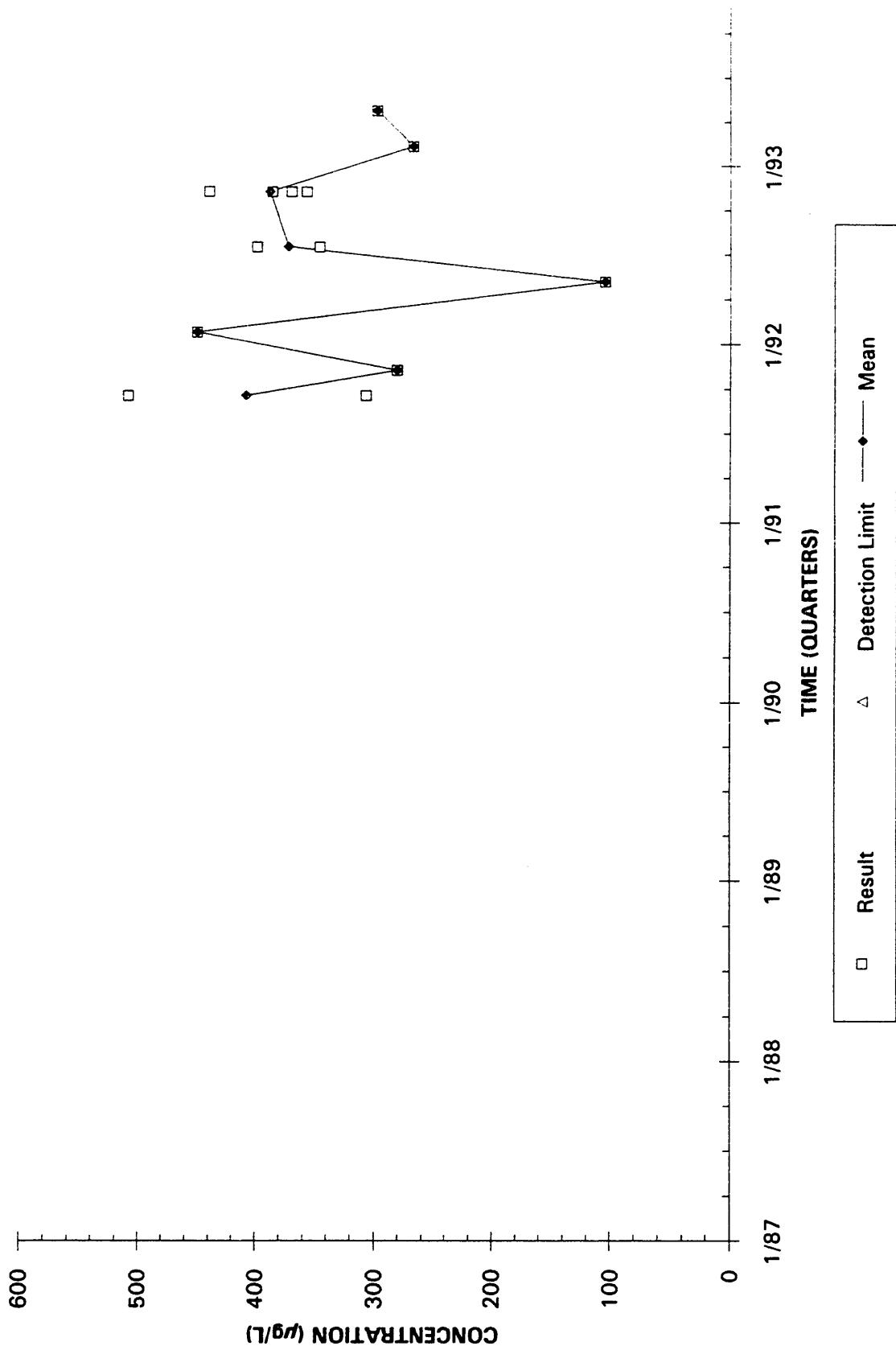
Trichloroethylene Concentrations Well AMB 6

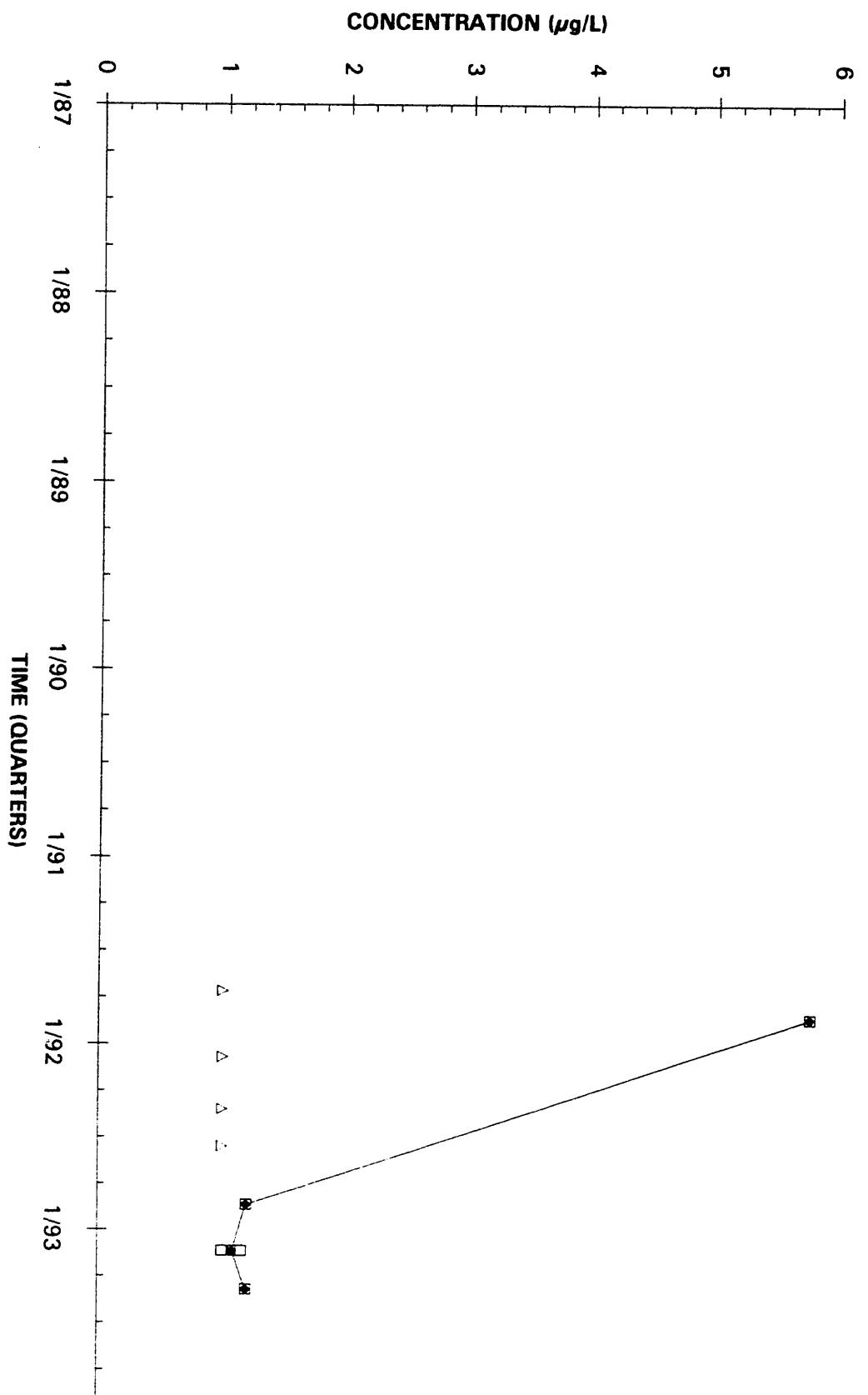


Trichloroethylene Concentrations Well AMB 7



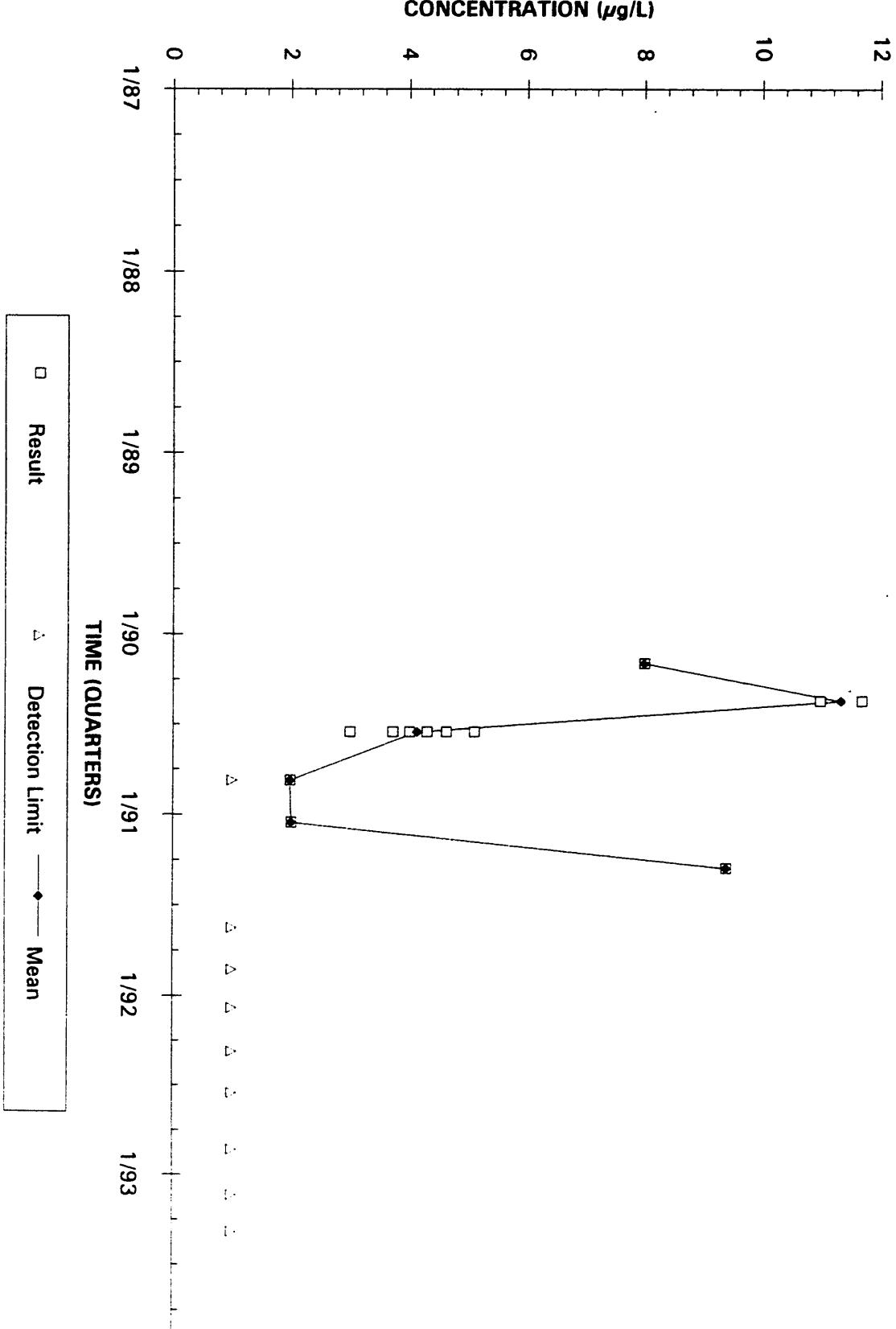
**Trichloroethylene Concentrations
Well AMB 7A**



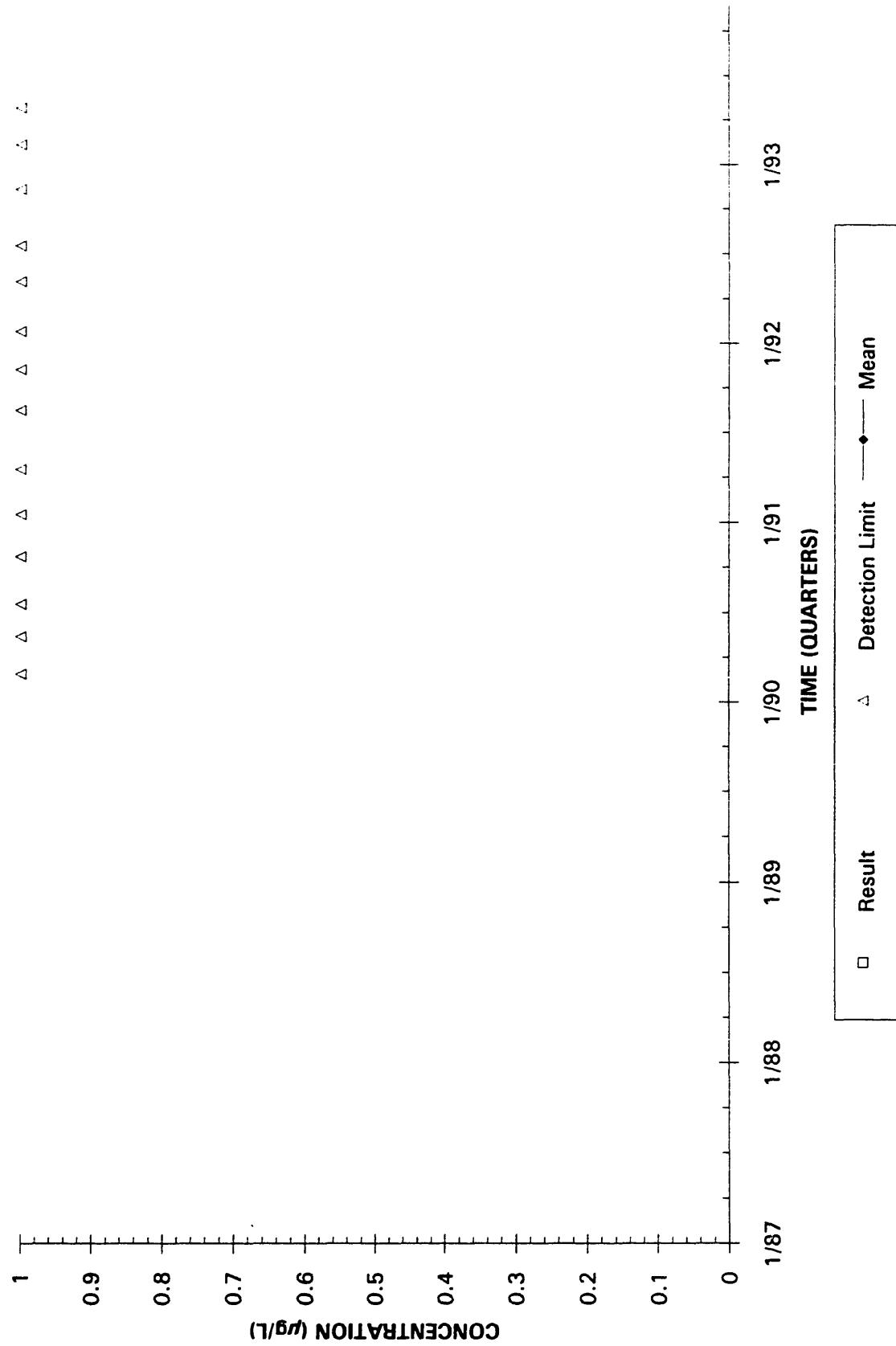


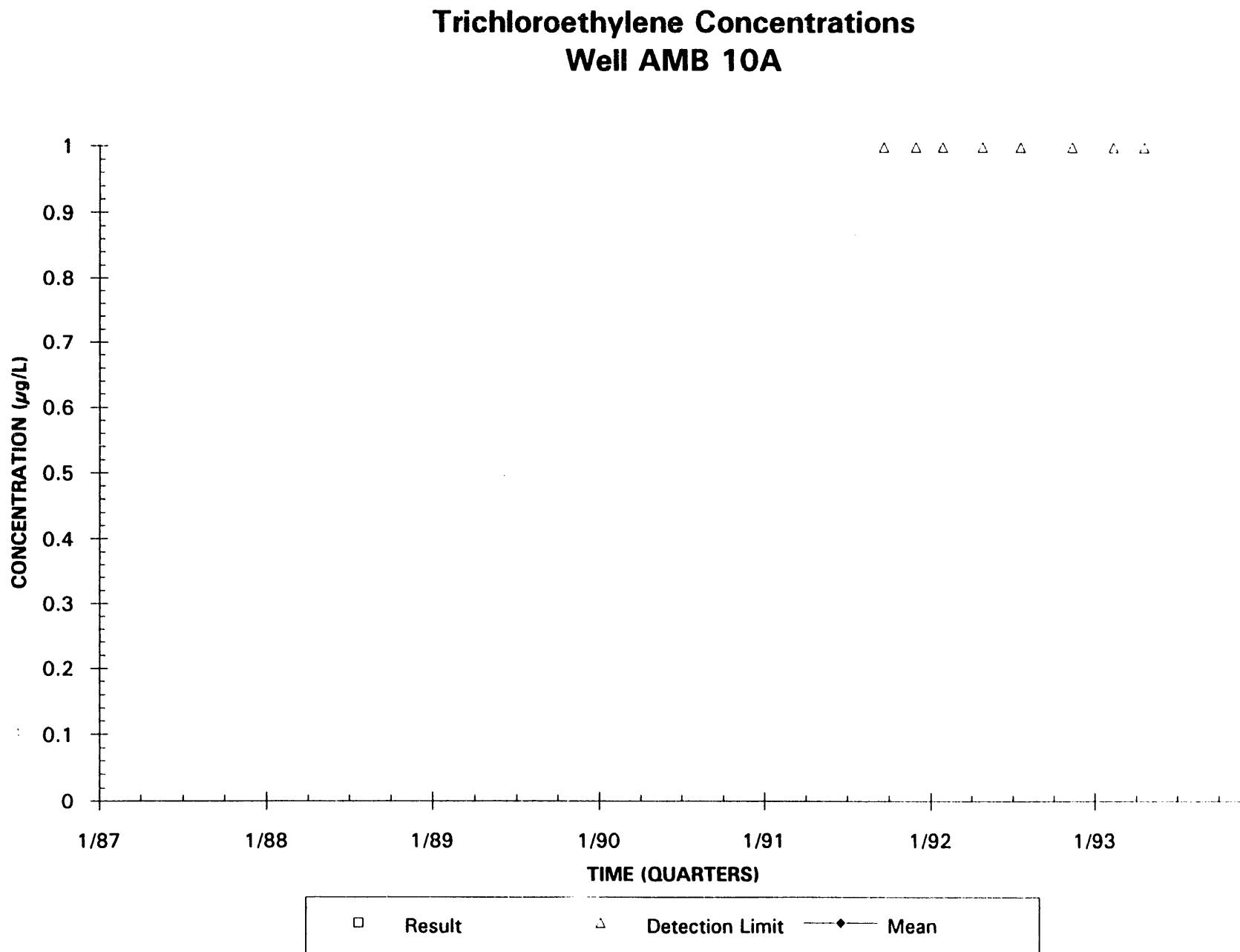
**Trichloroethylene Concentrations
Well AMB 7B**

Trichloroethylene Concentrations Well AMB 8D

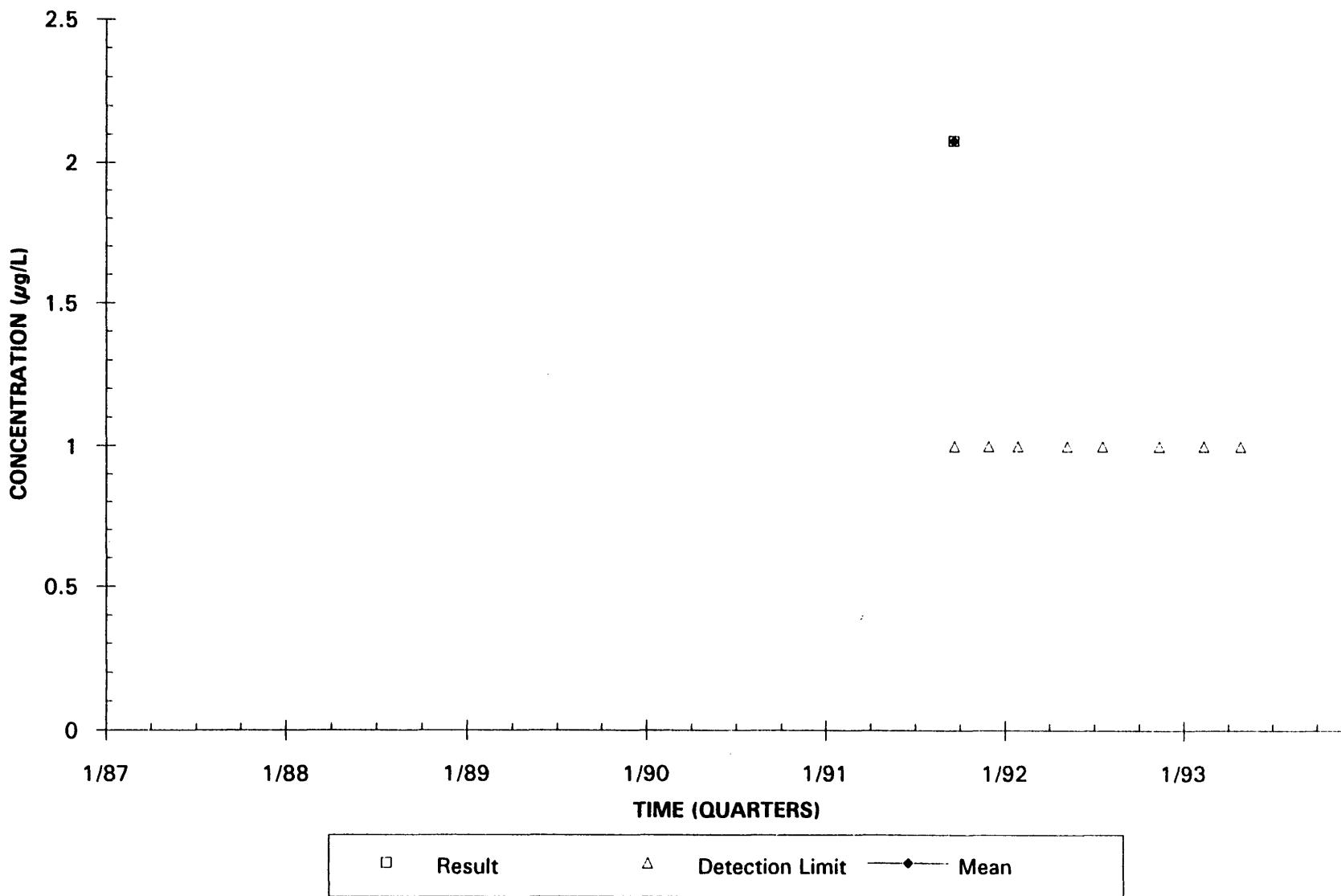


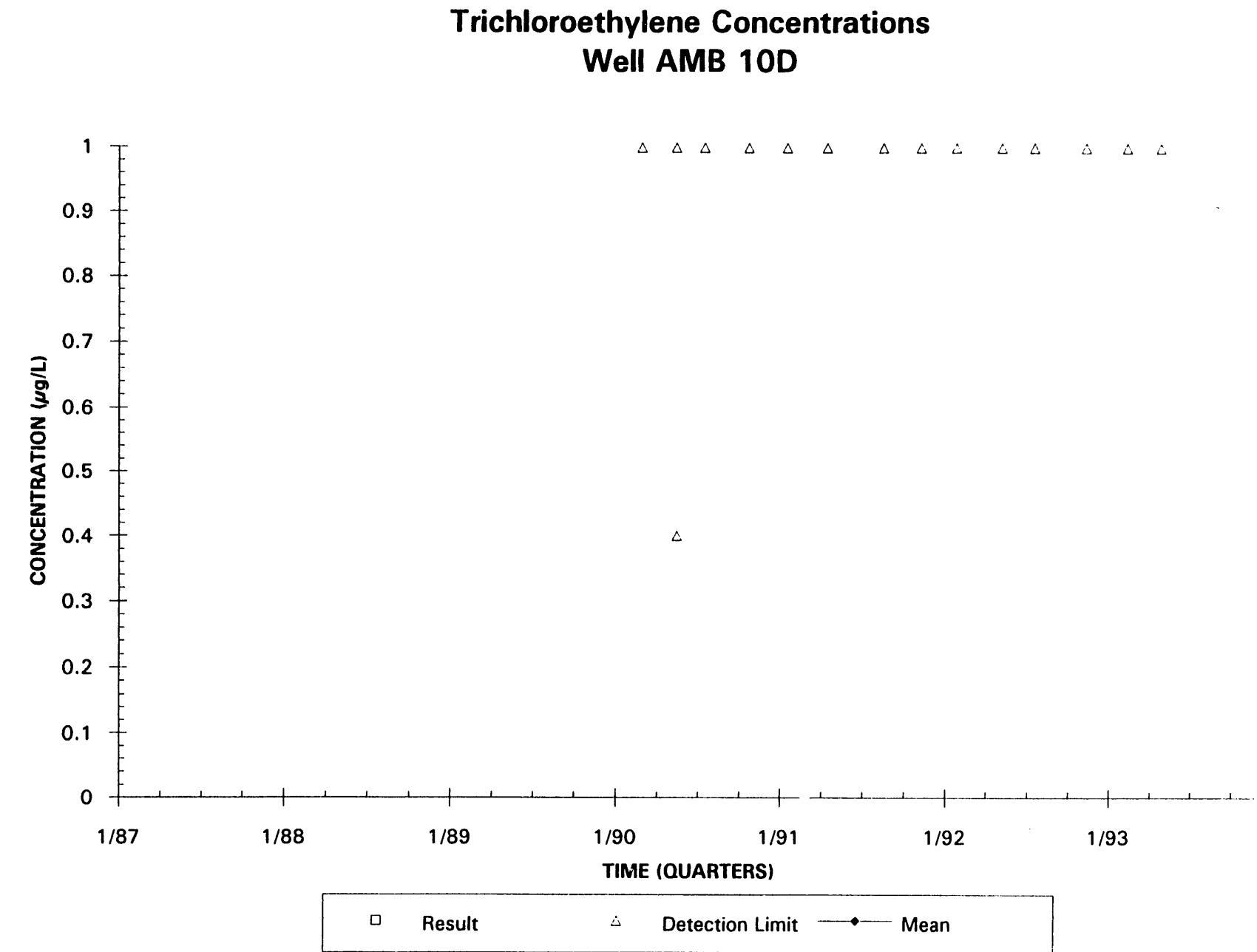
**Trichloroethylene Concentrations
Well AMB 9D**

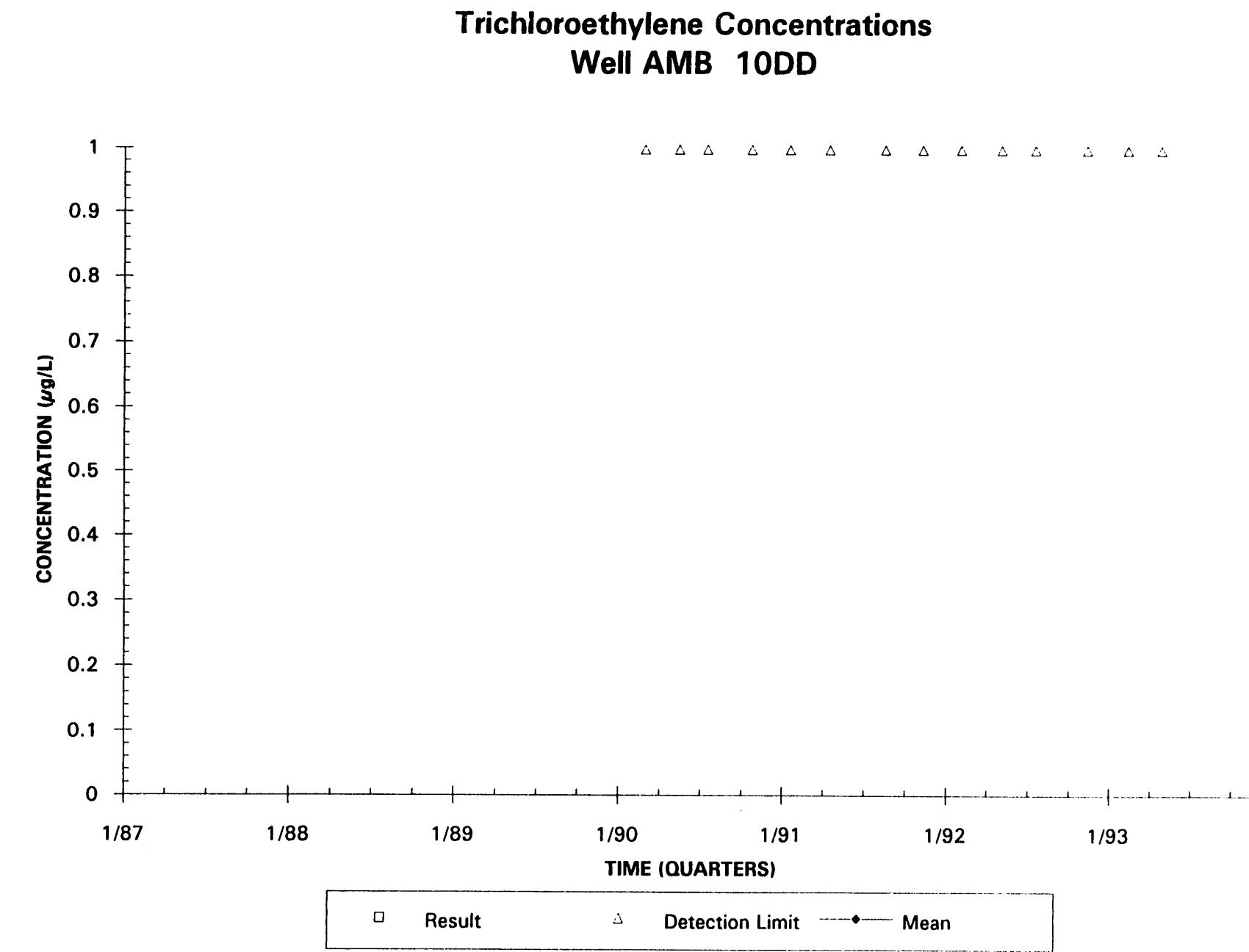


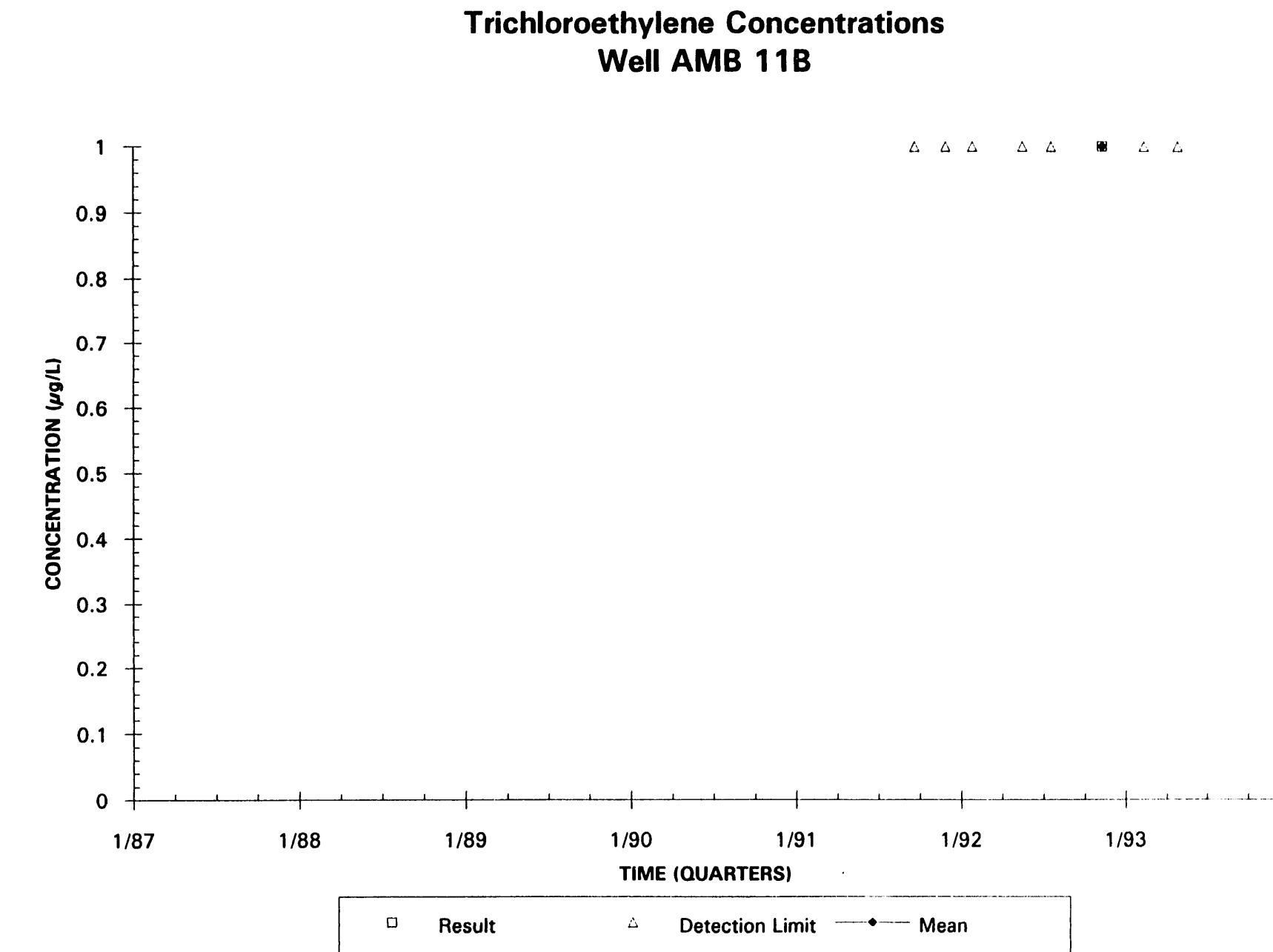


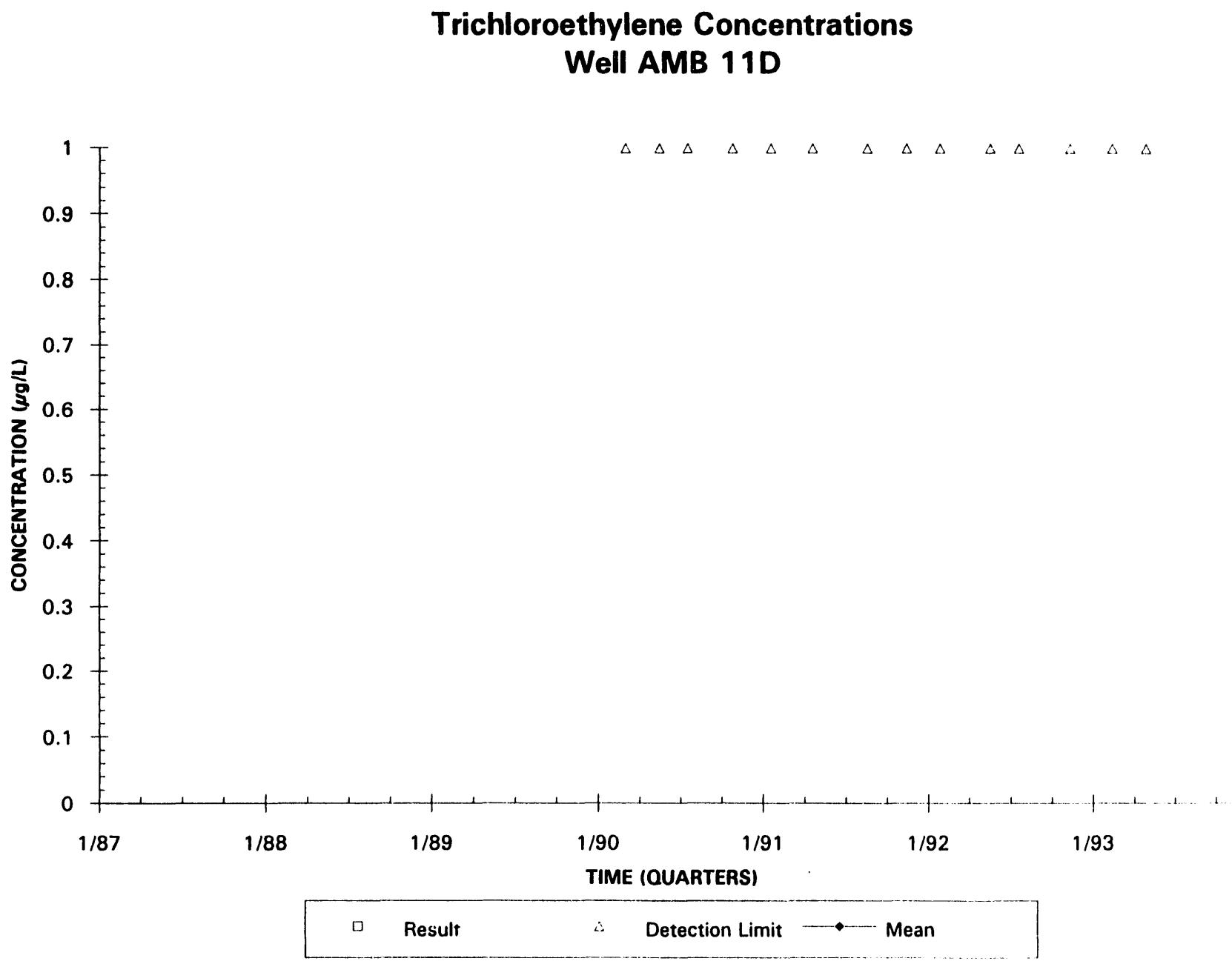
Trichloroethylene Concentrations Well AMB 10B

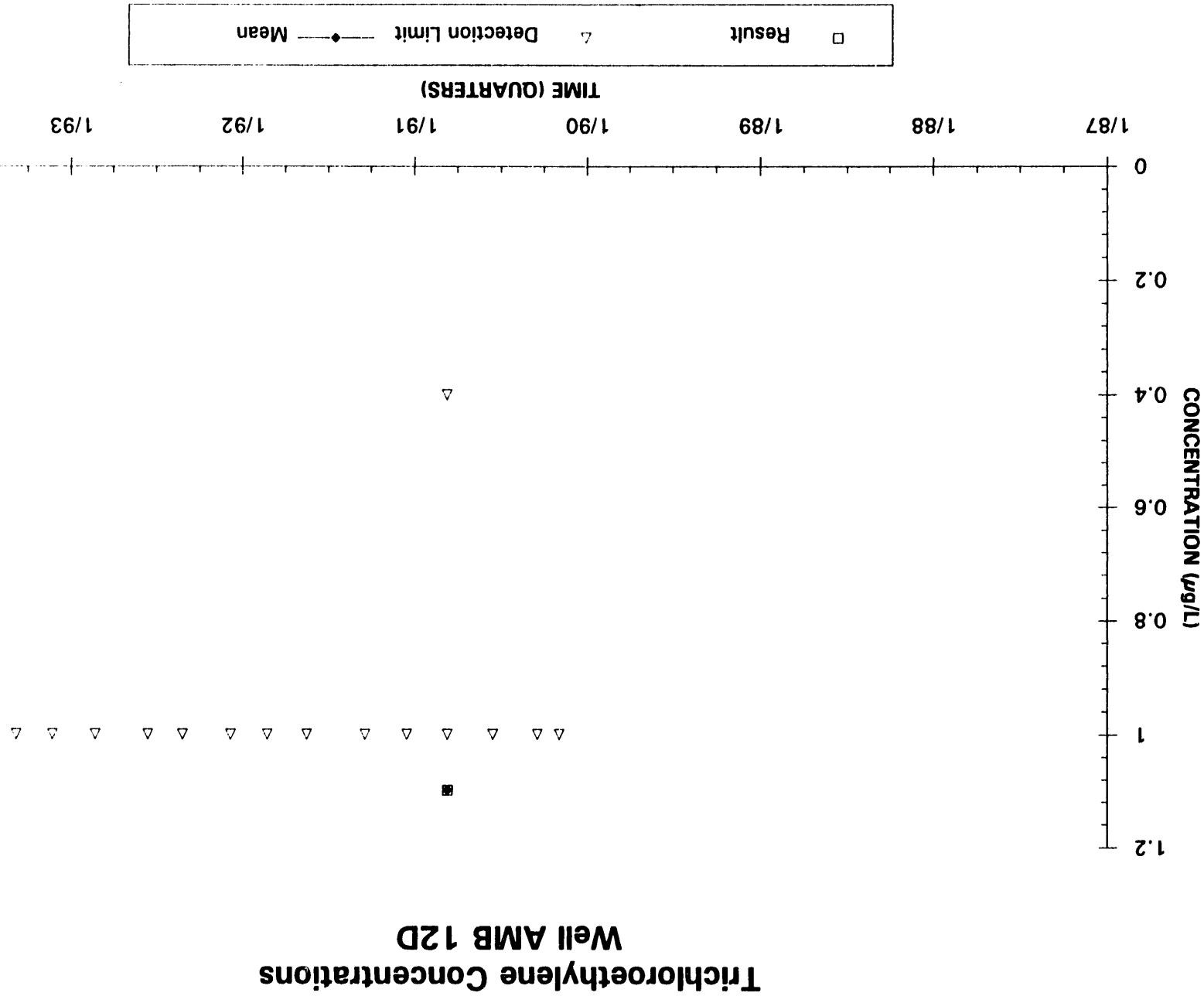




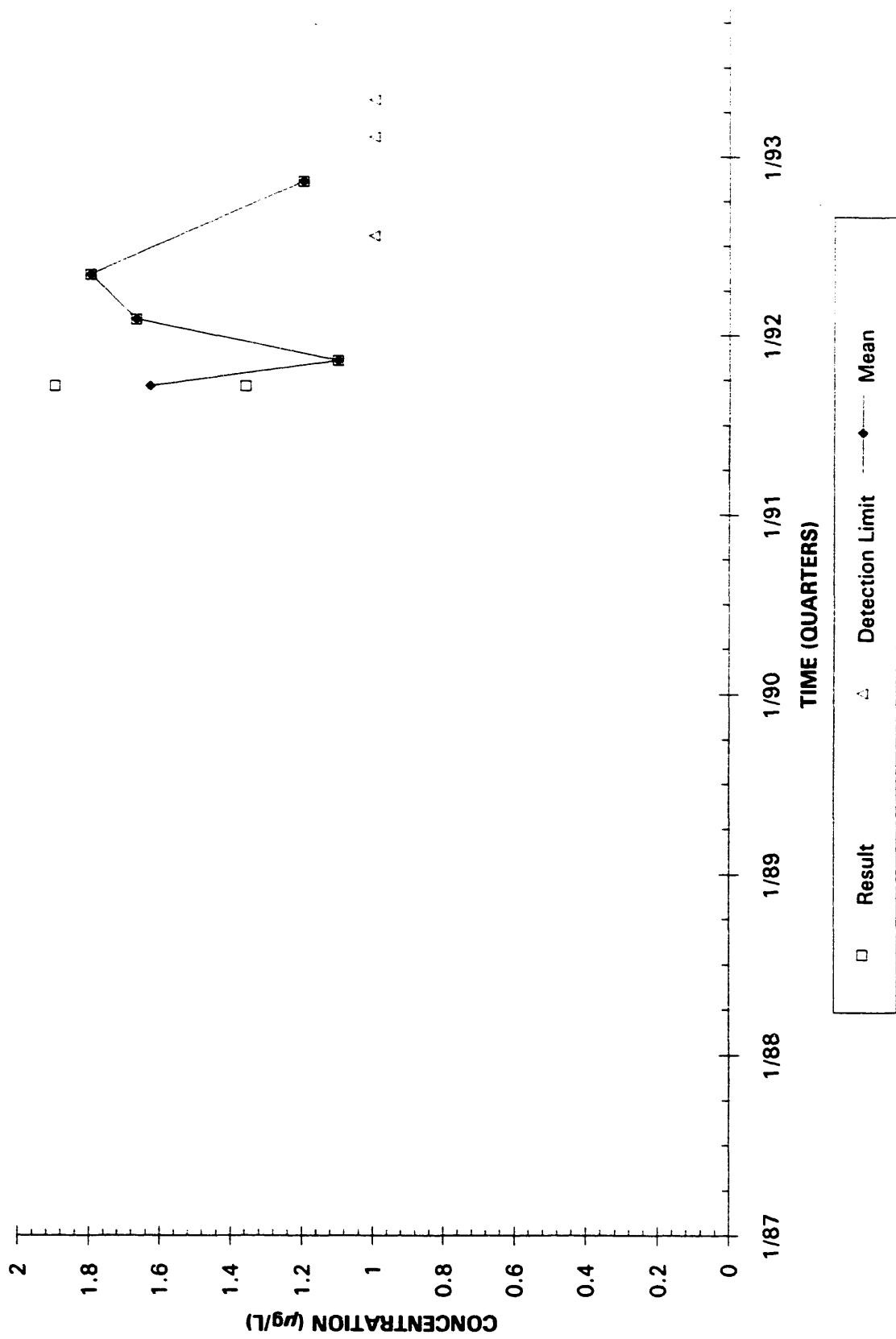






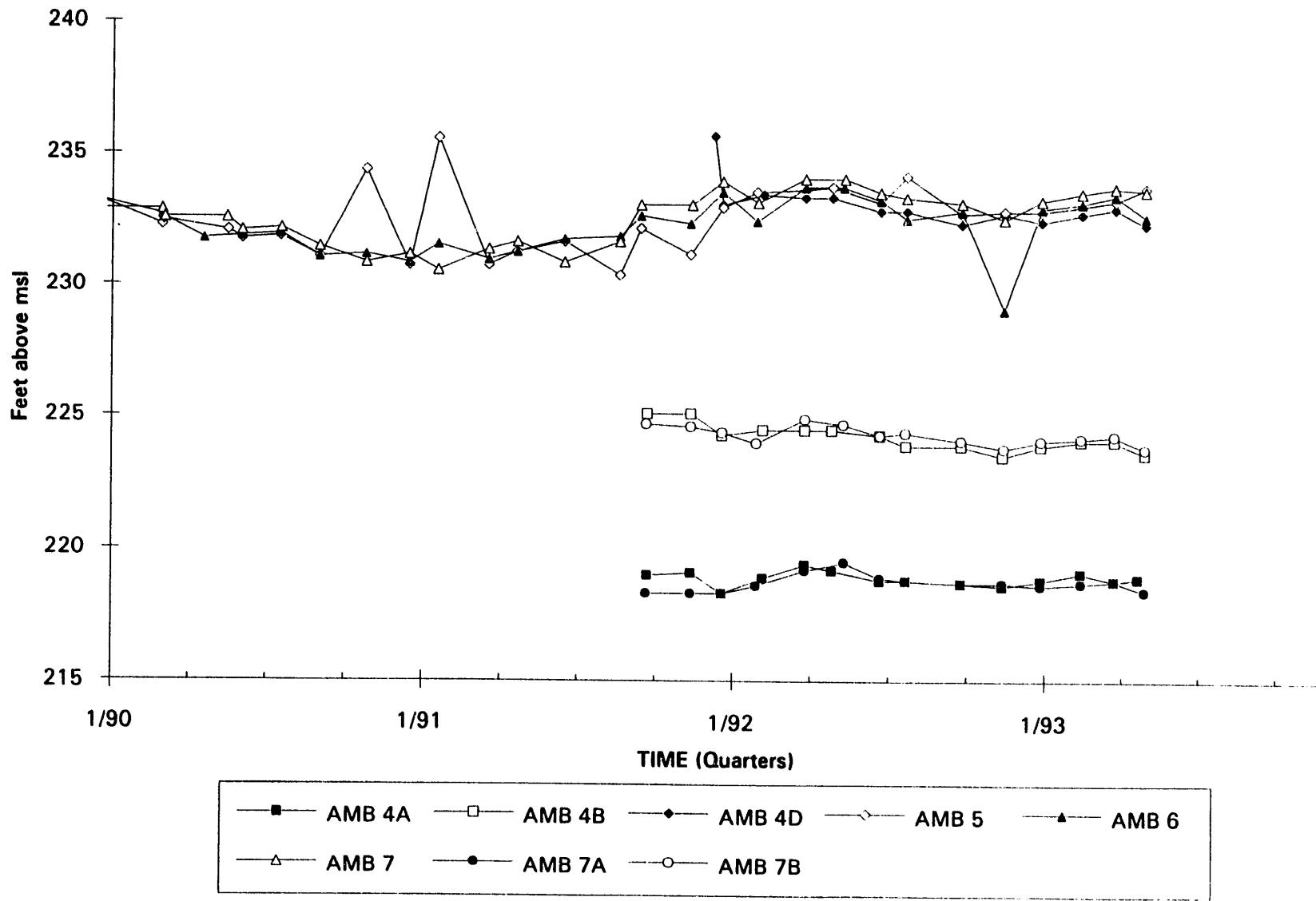


**Trichloroethylene Concentrations
Well AMB 13AR**

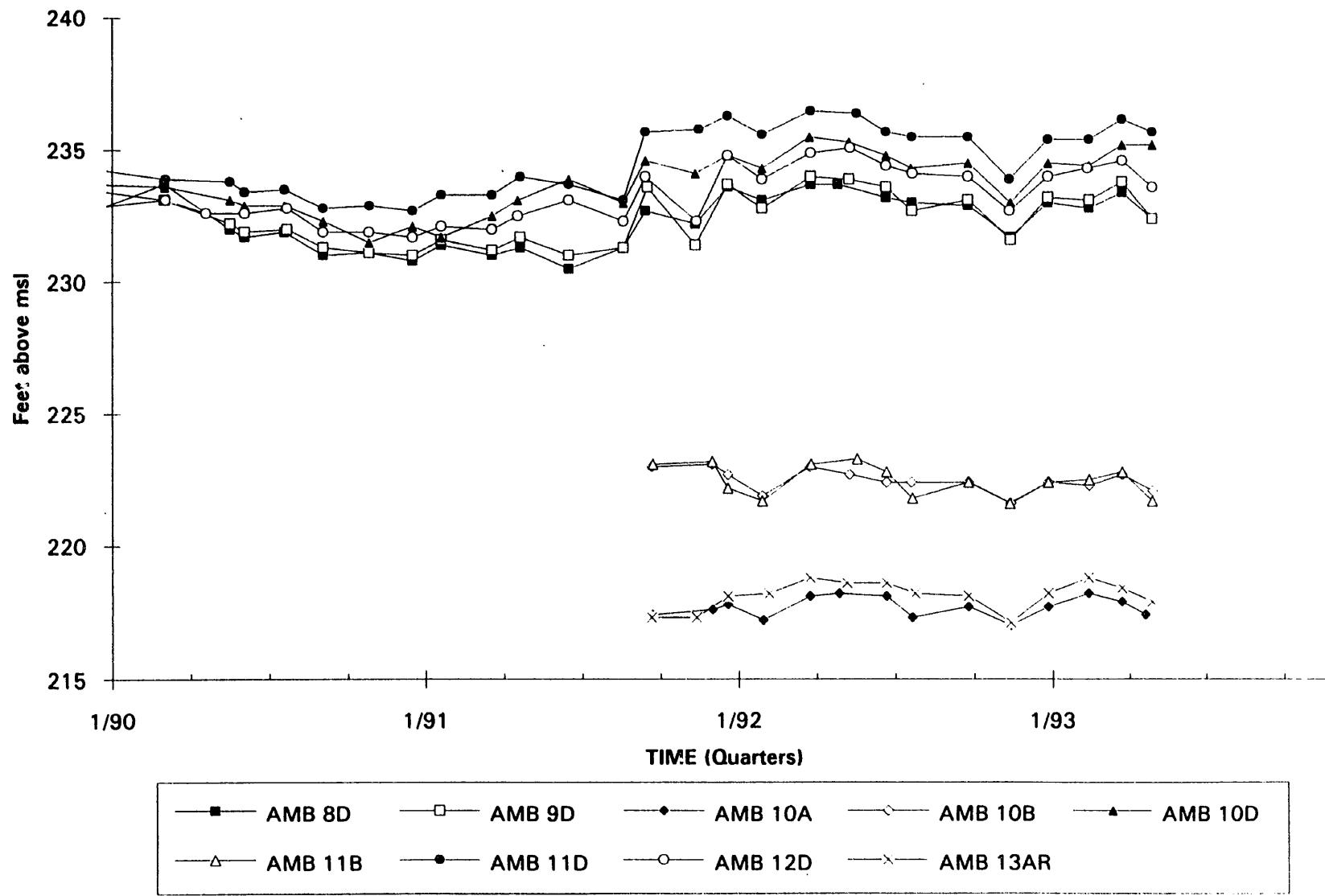


Appendix G – Hydrographs

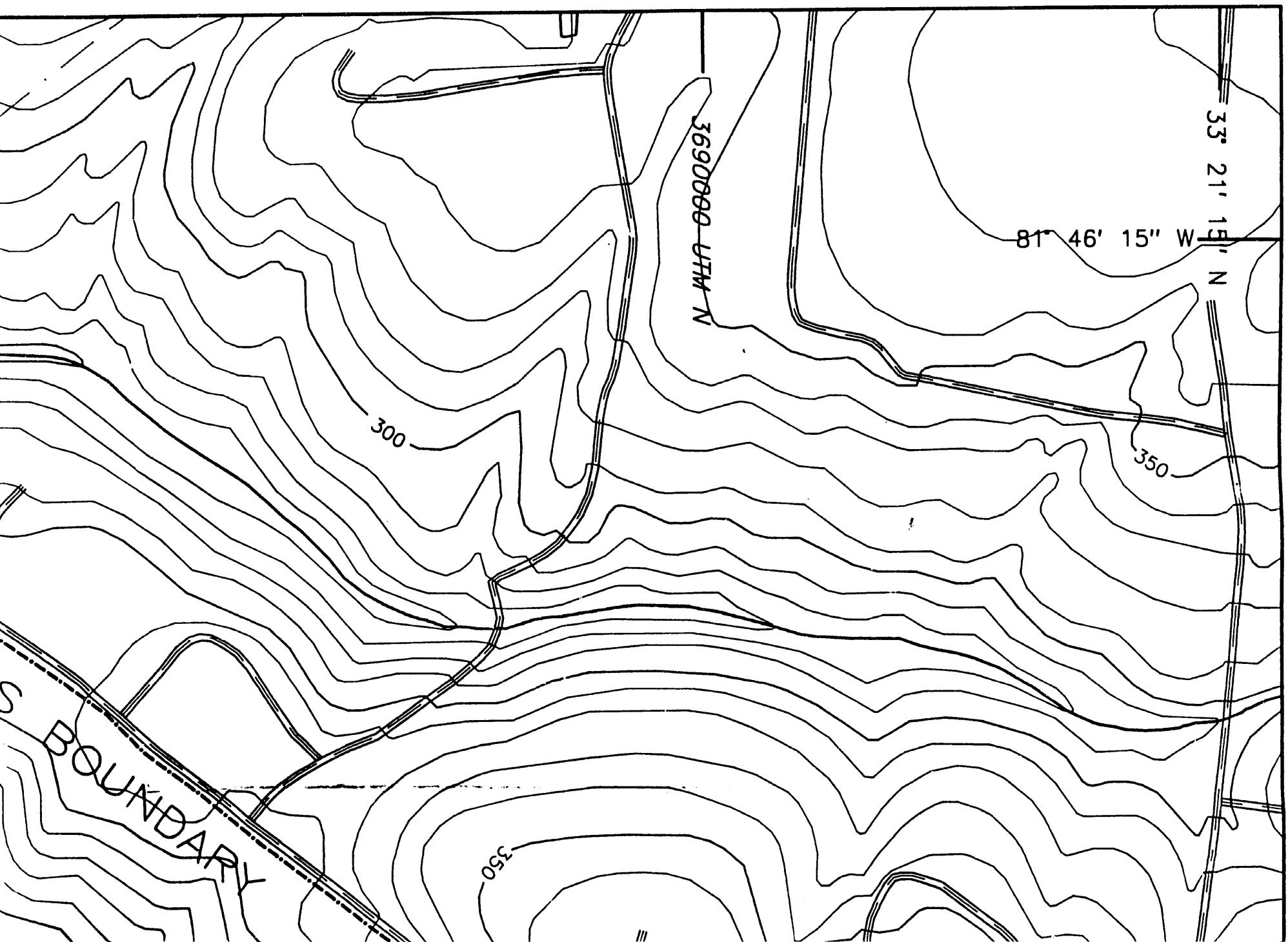
Hydrograph for Wells AMB 4A Through AMB 7B

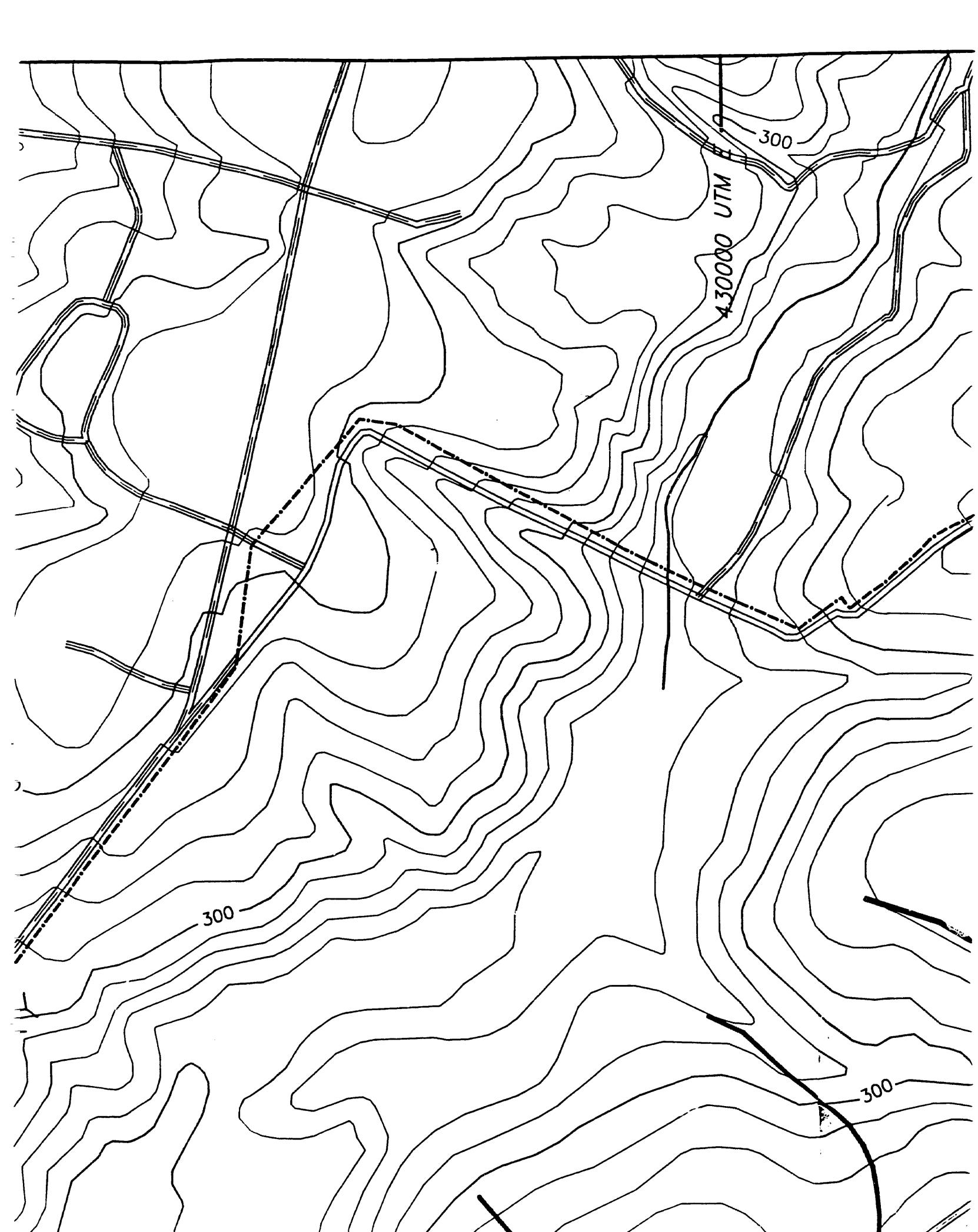


Hydrograph for Wells AMB 8D Through AMB 13AR



Appendix H – Water-Elevation Contour Maps





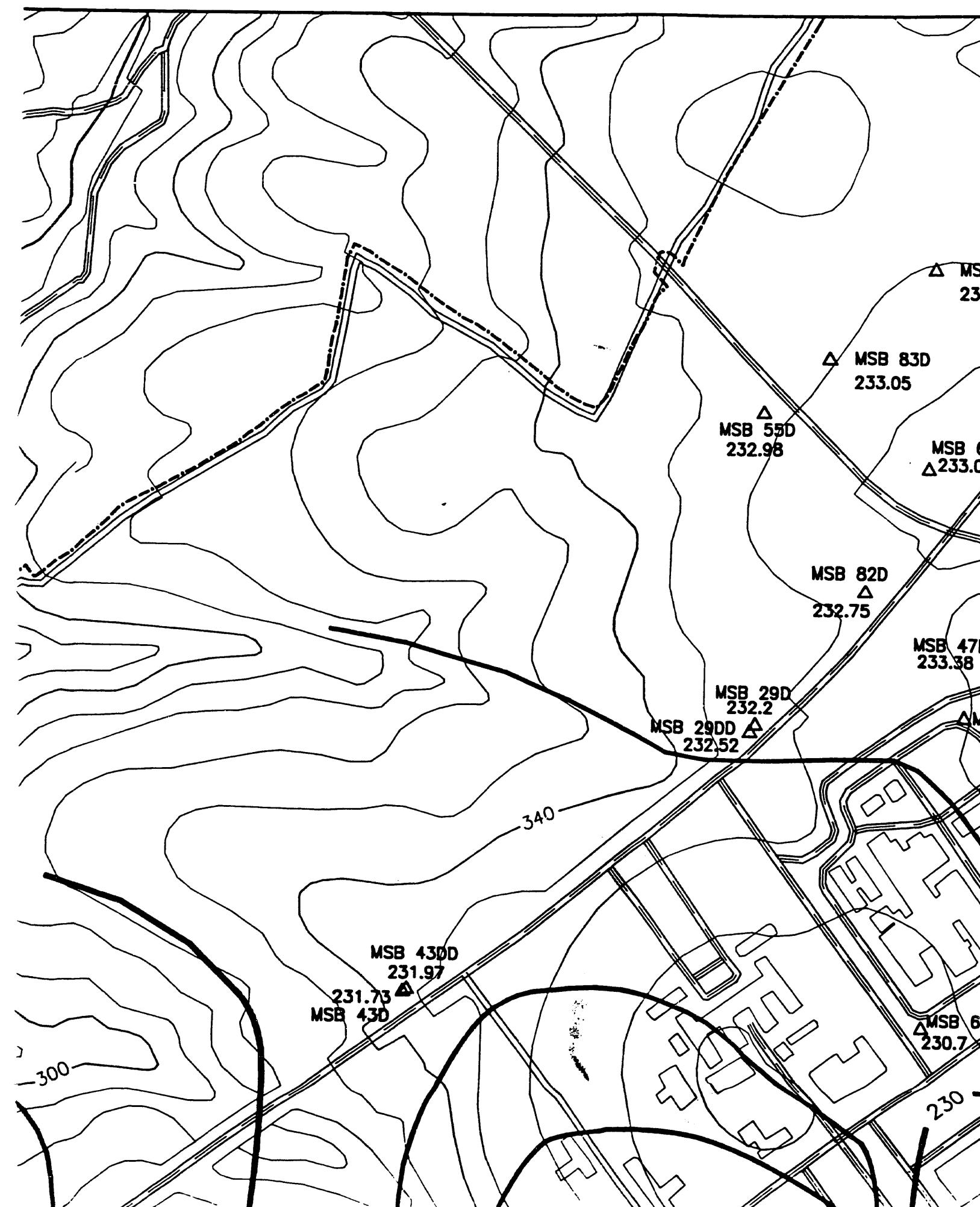
300

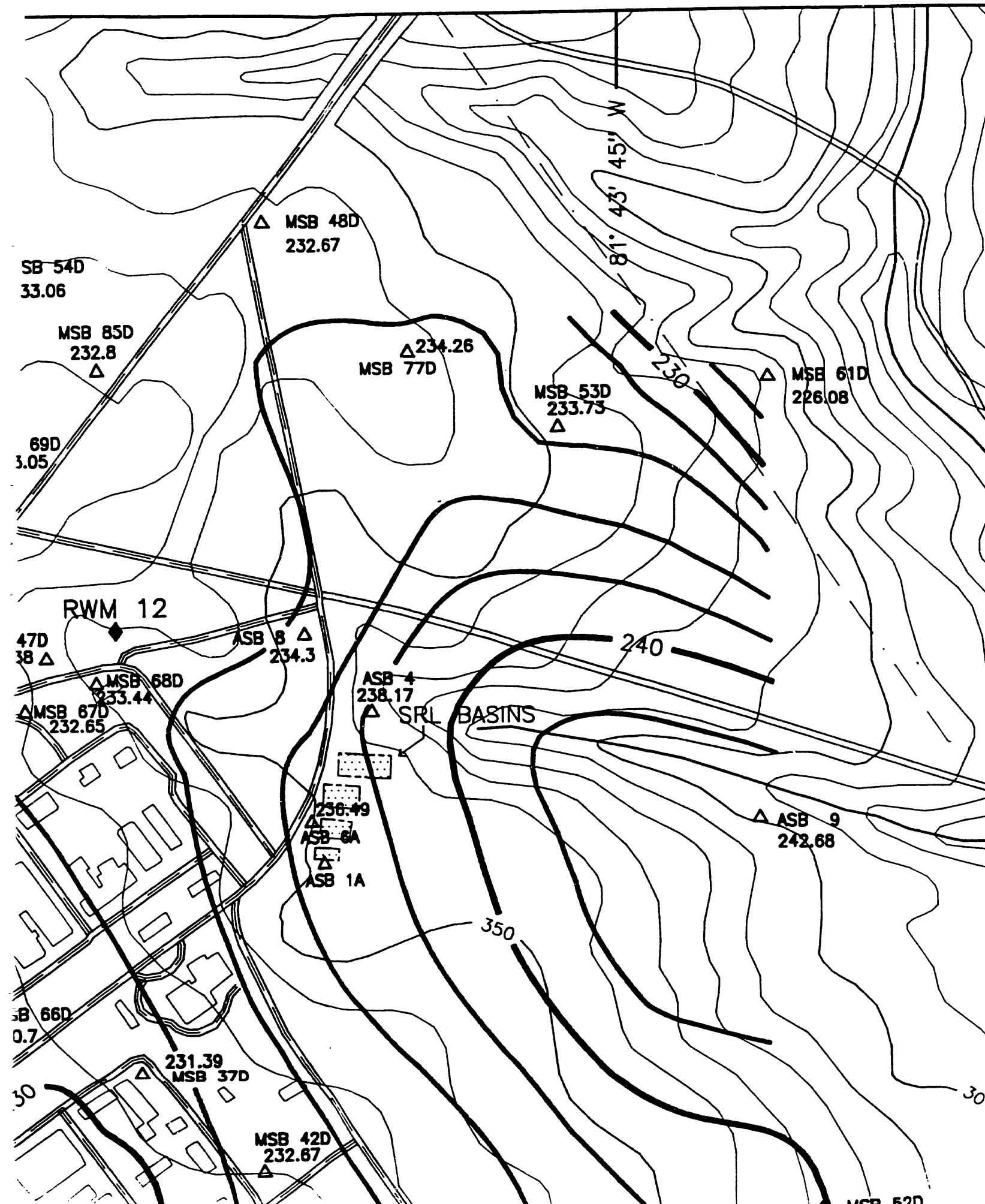
300

430000 UTM

300

300





433000 UTM E

Small Arms
Training Range

350

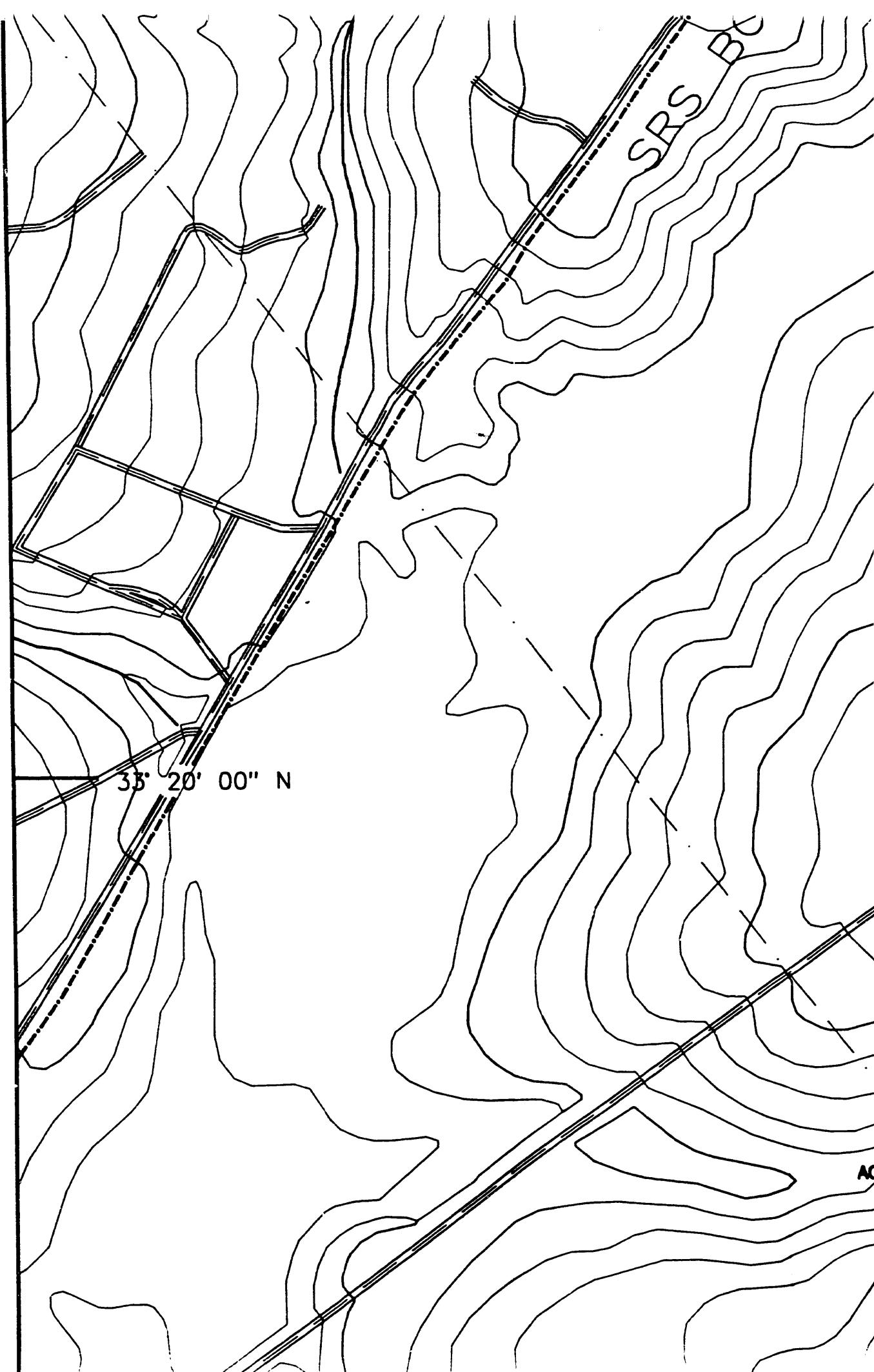
300

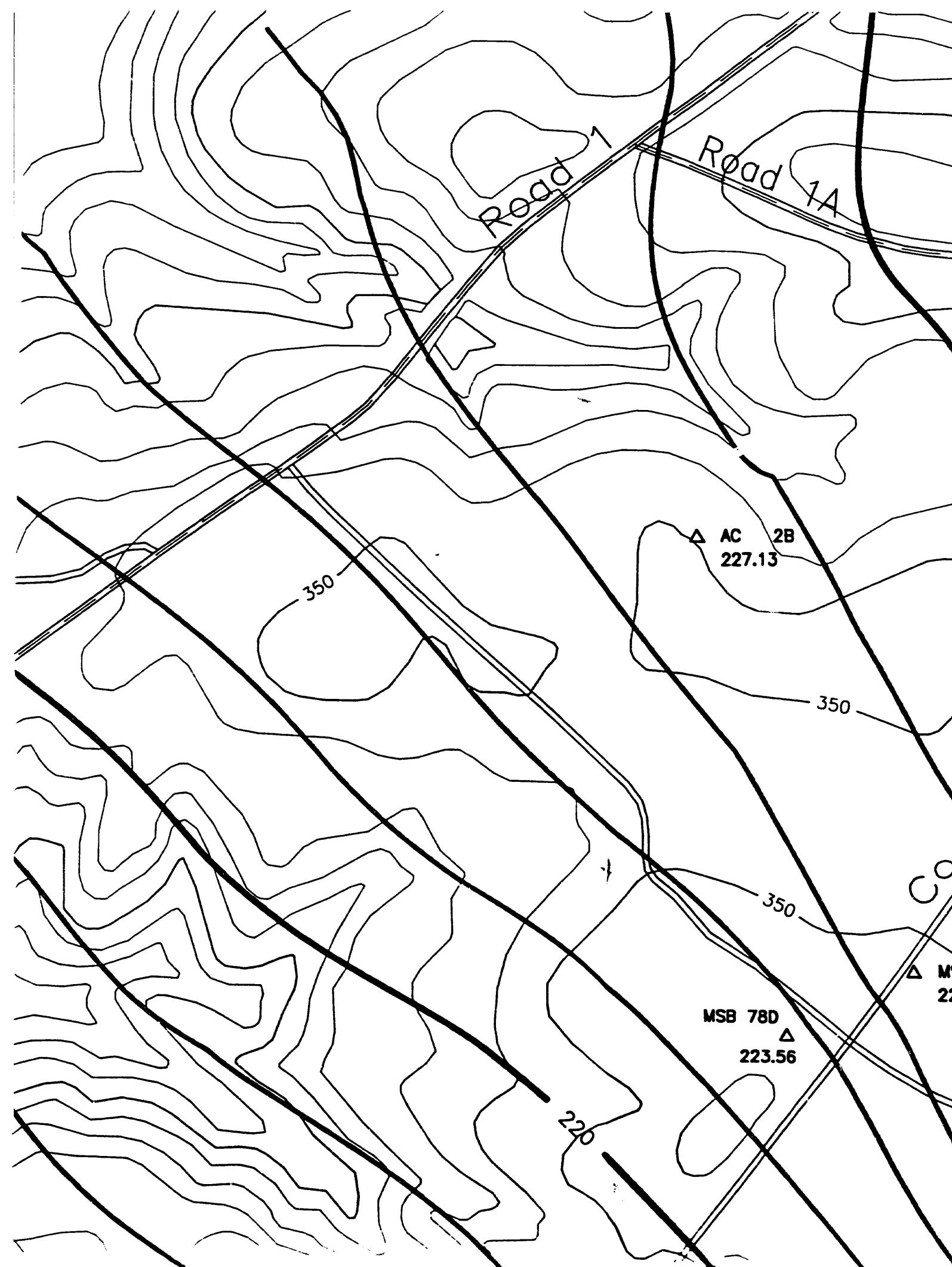
250

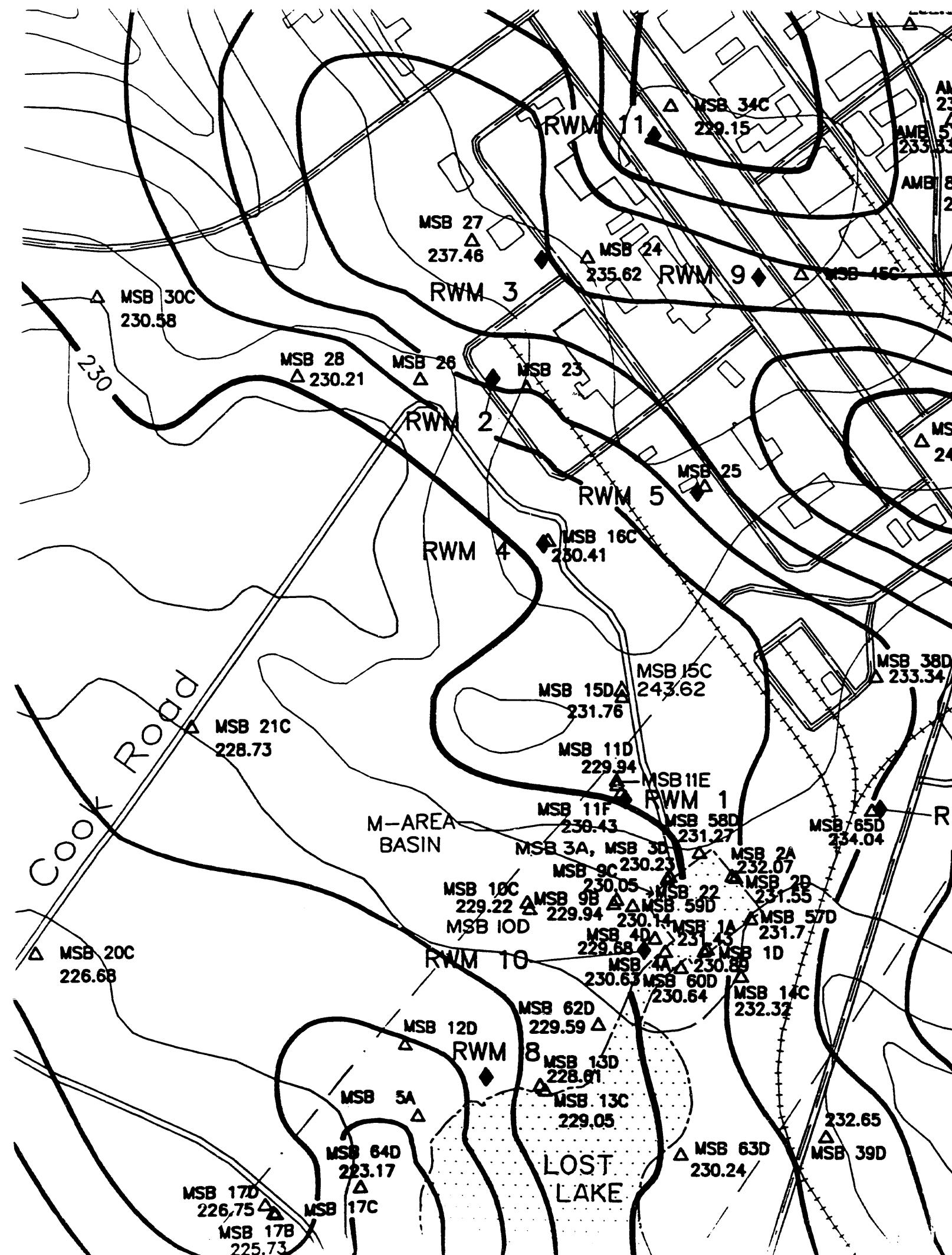
33° 21' 15" N

3690000 UTM N

350

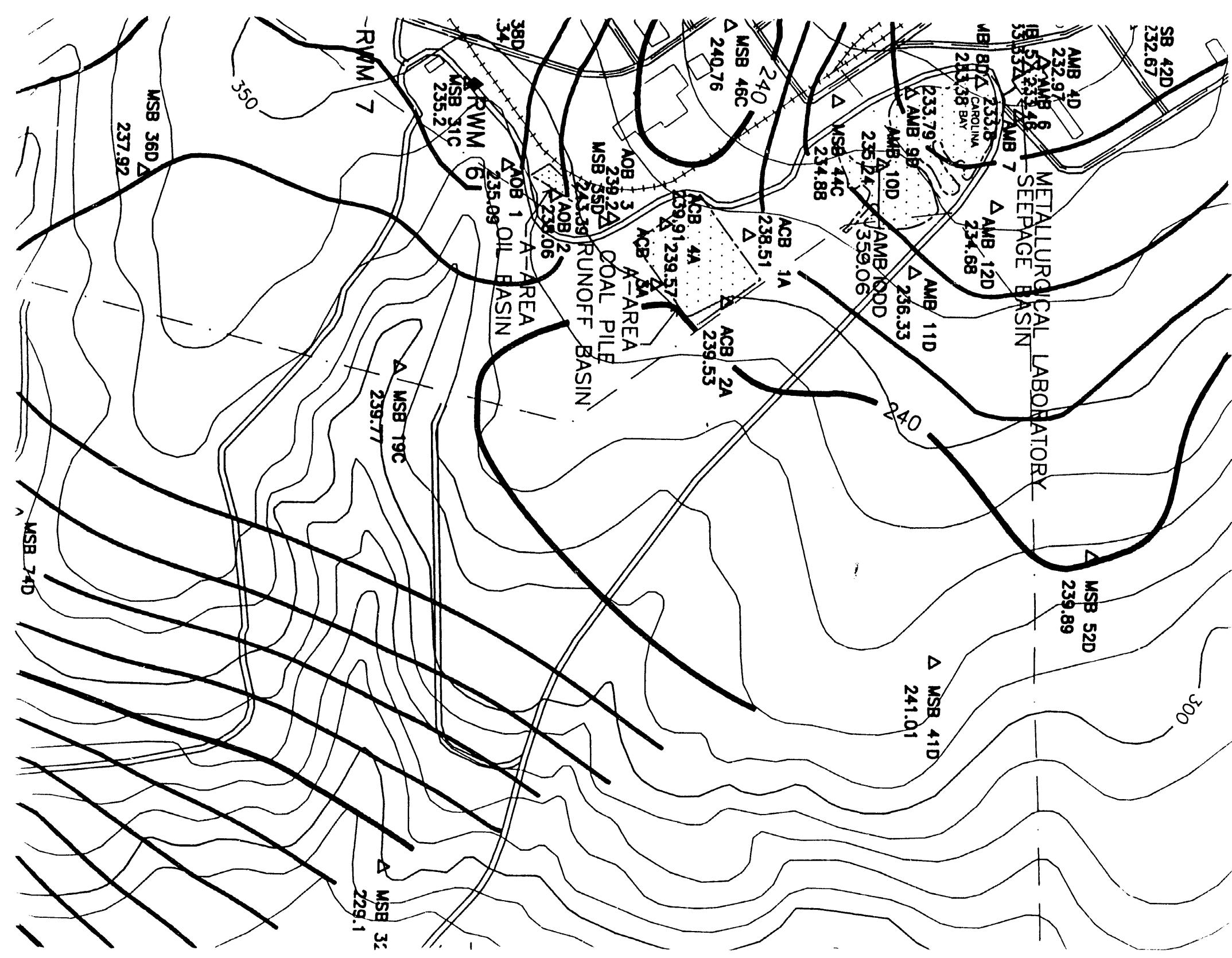


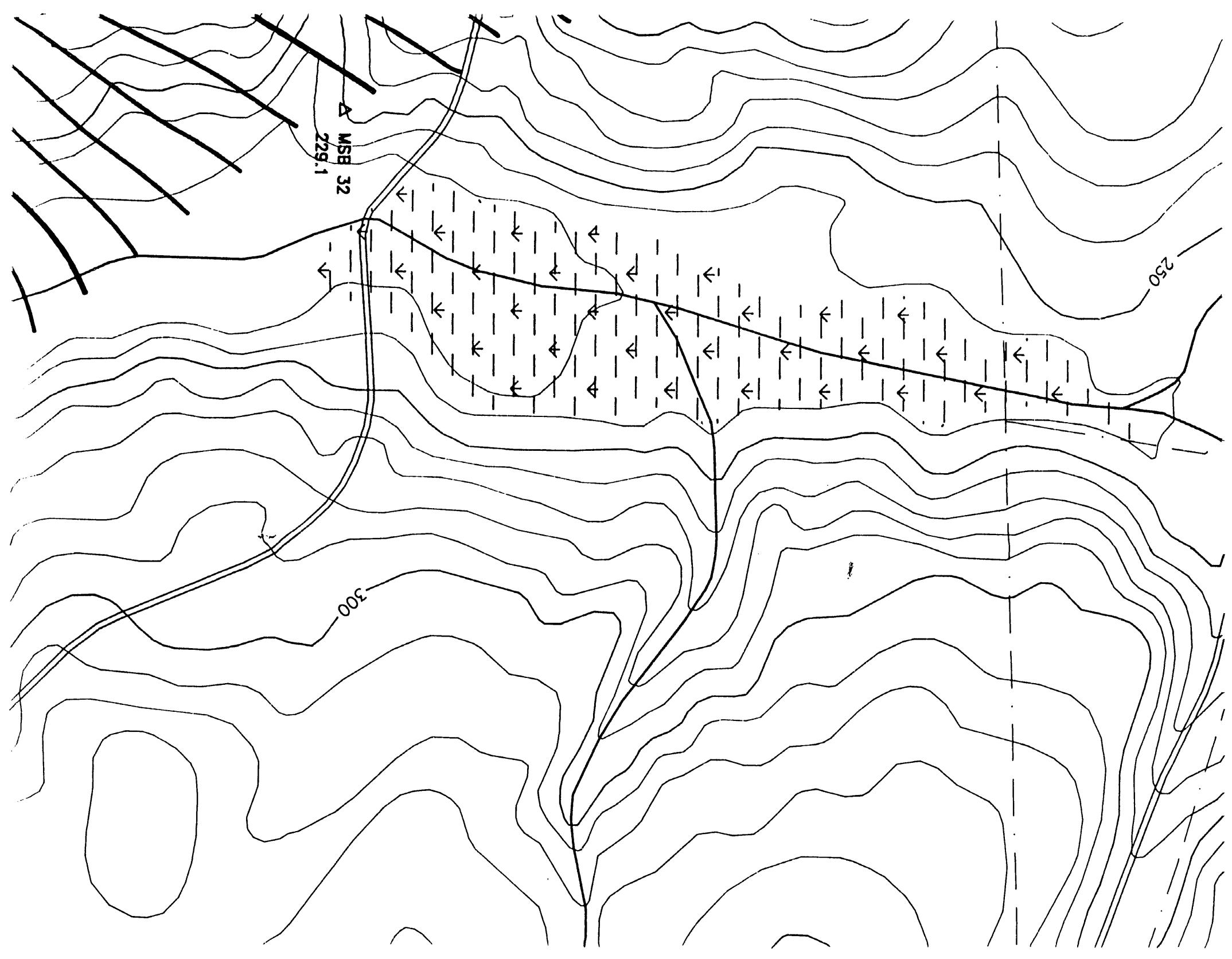


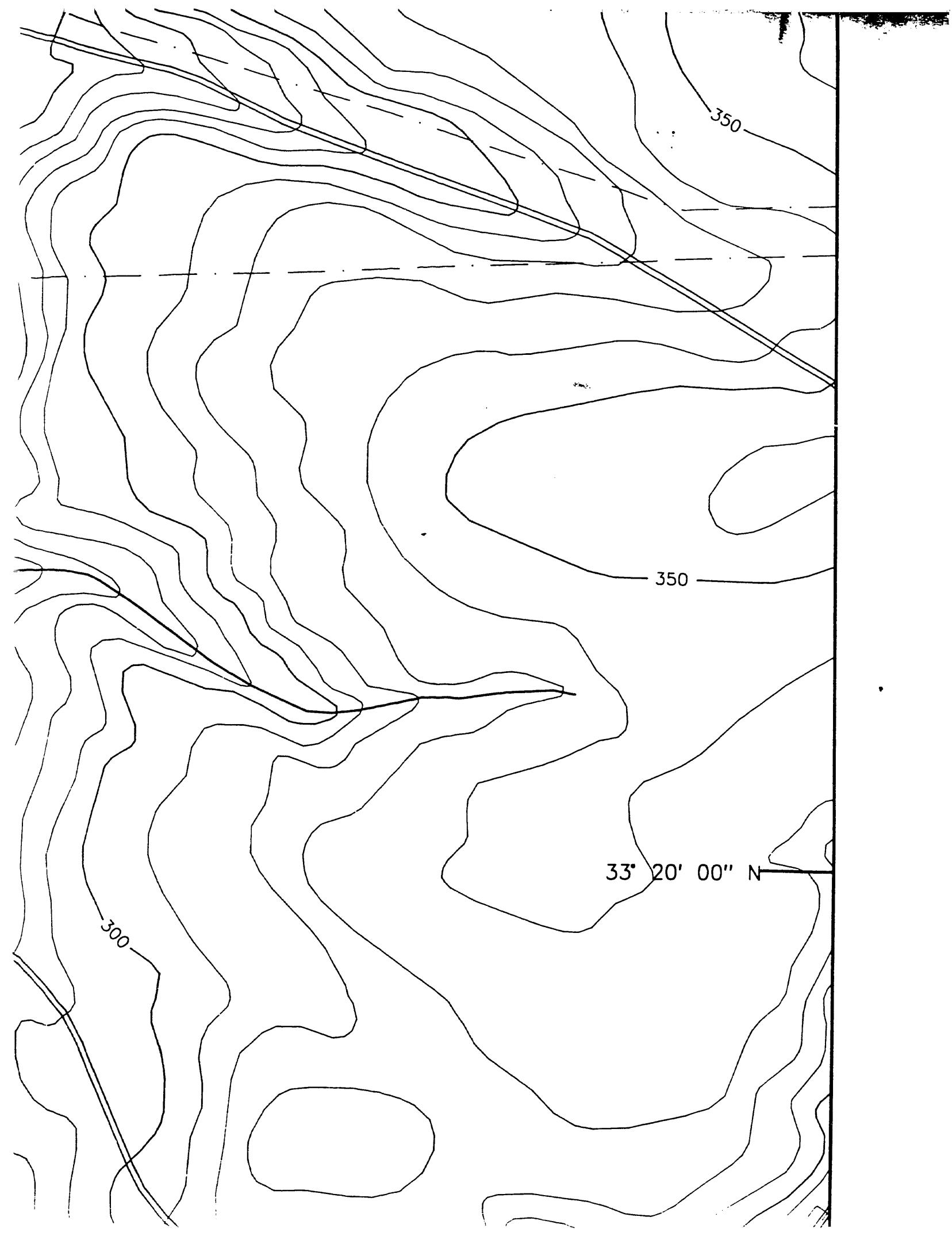


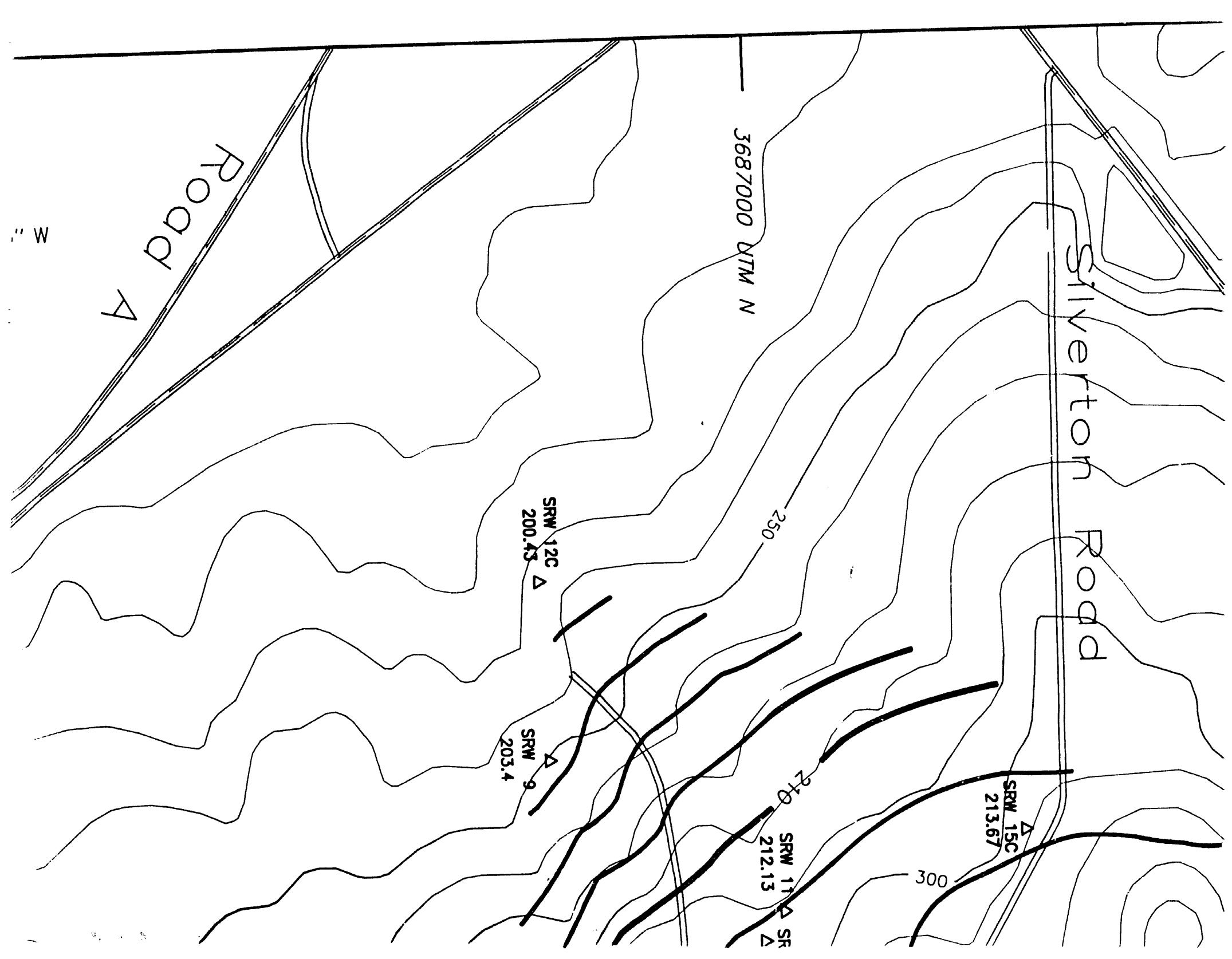
OF

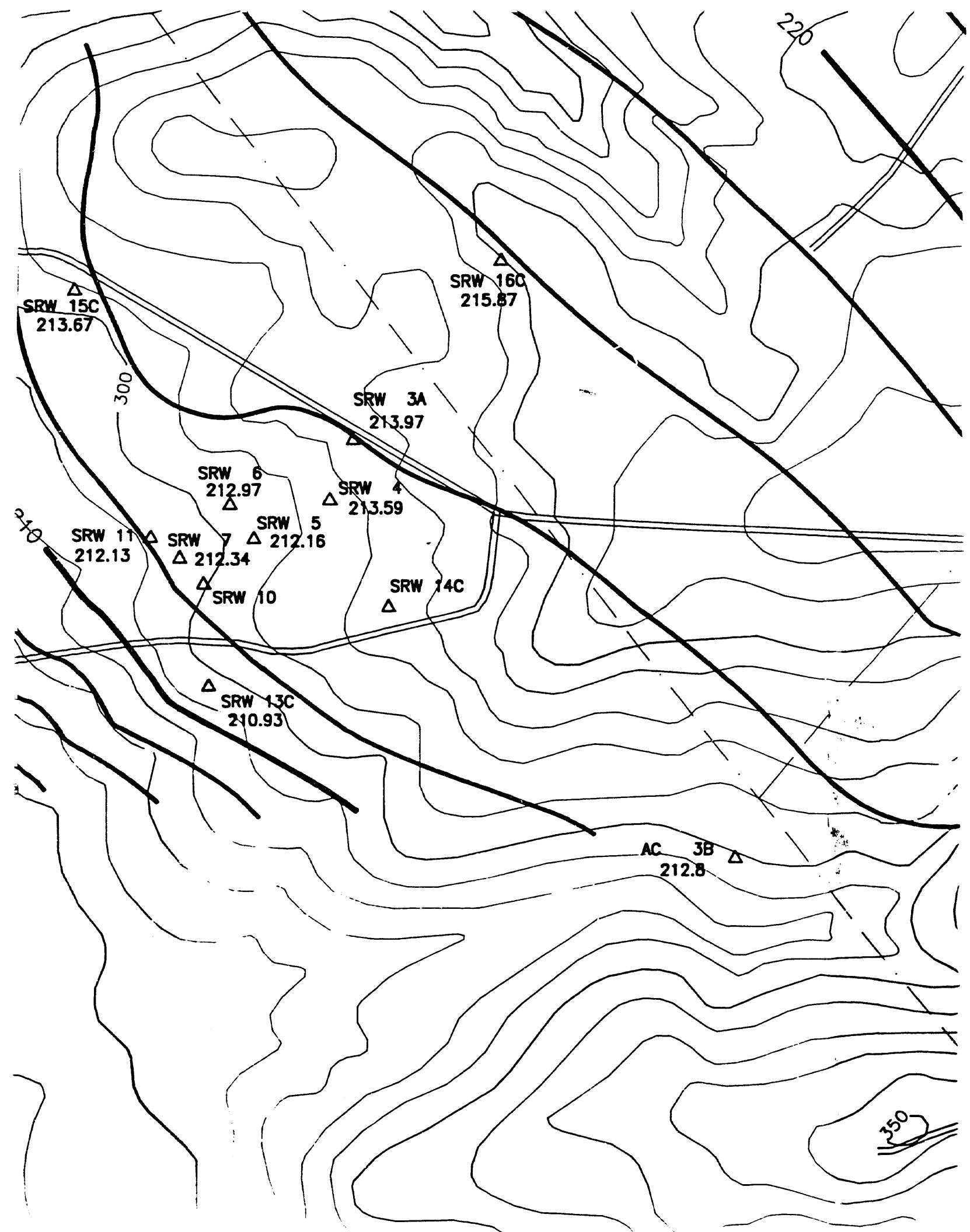


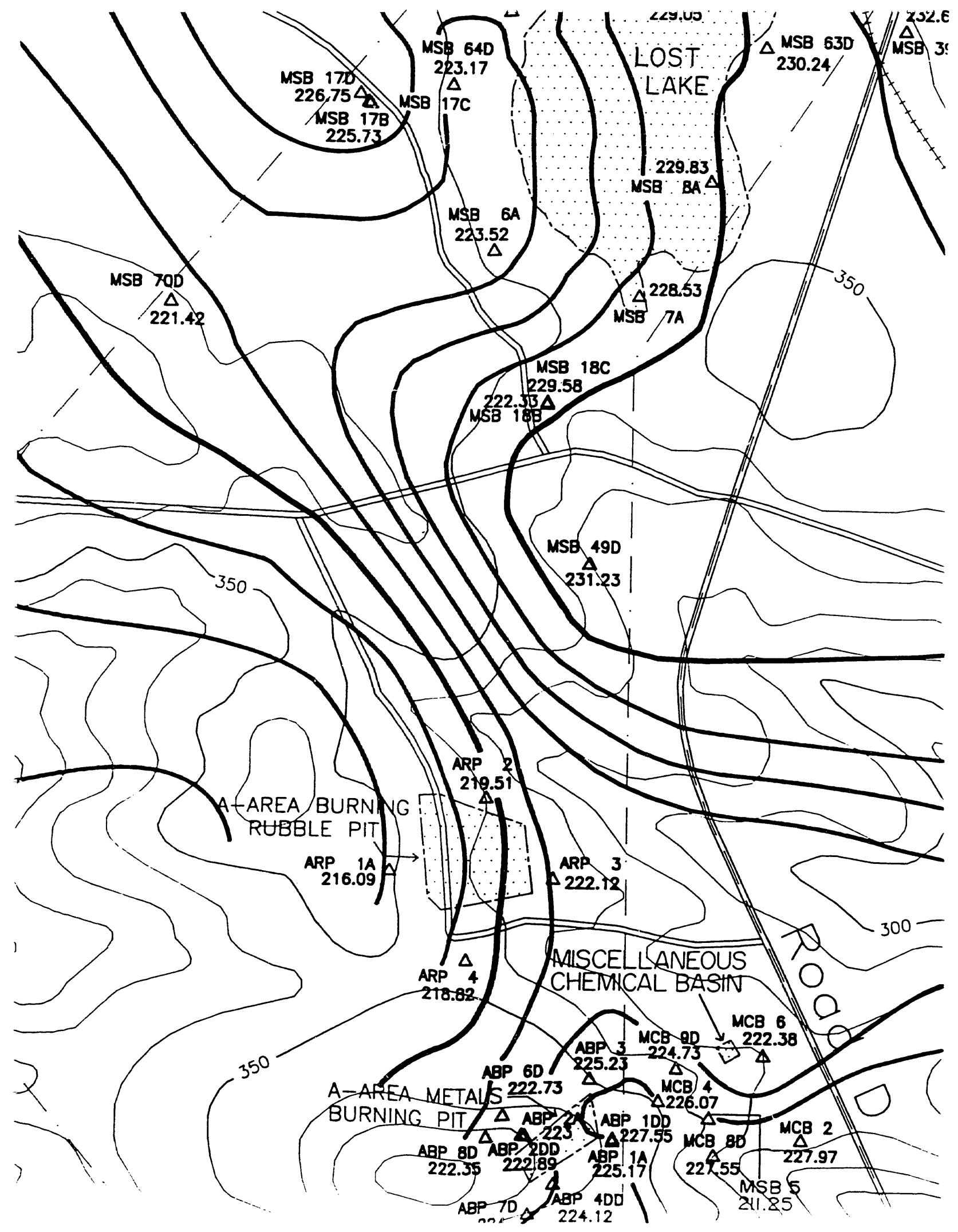


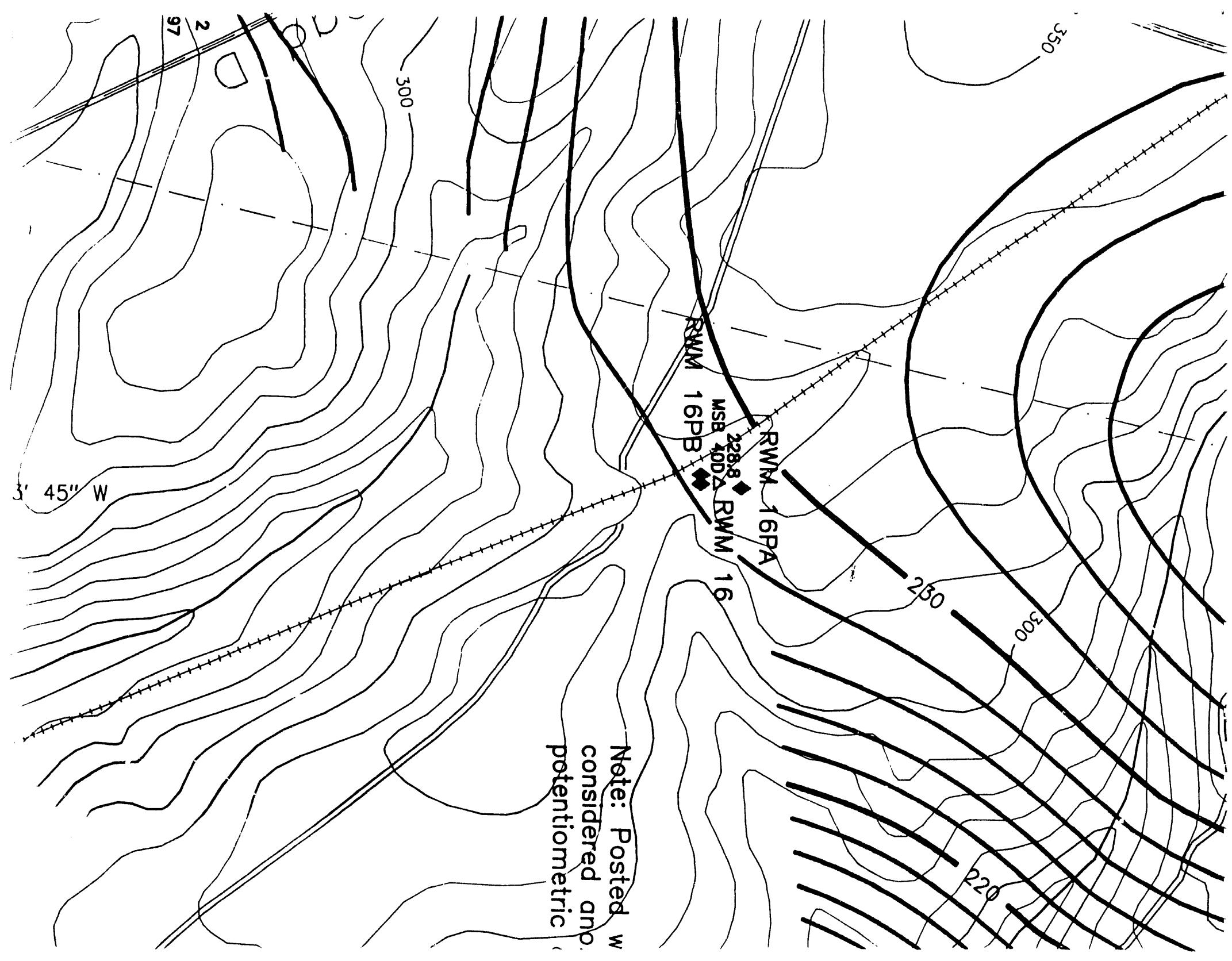


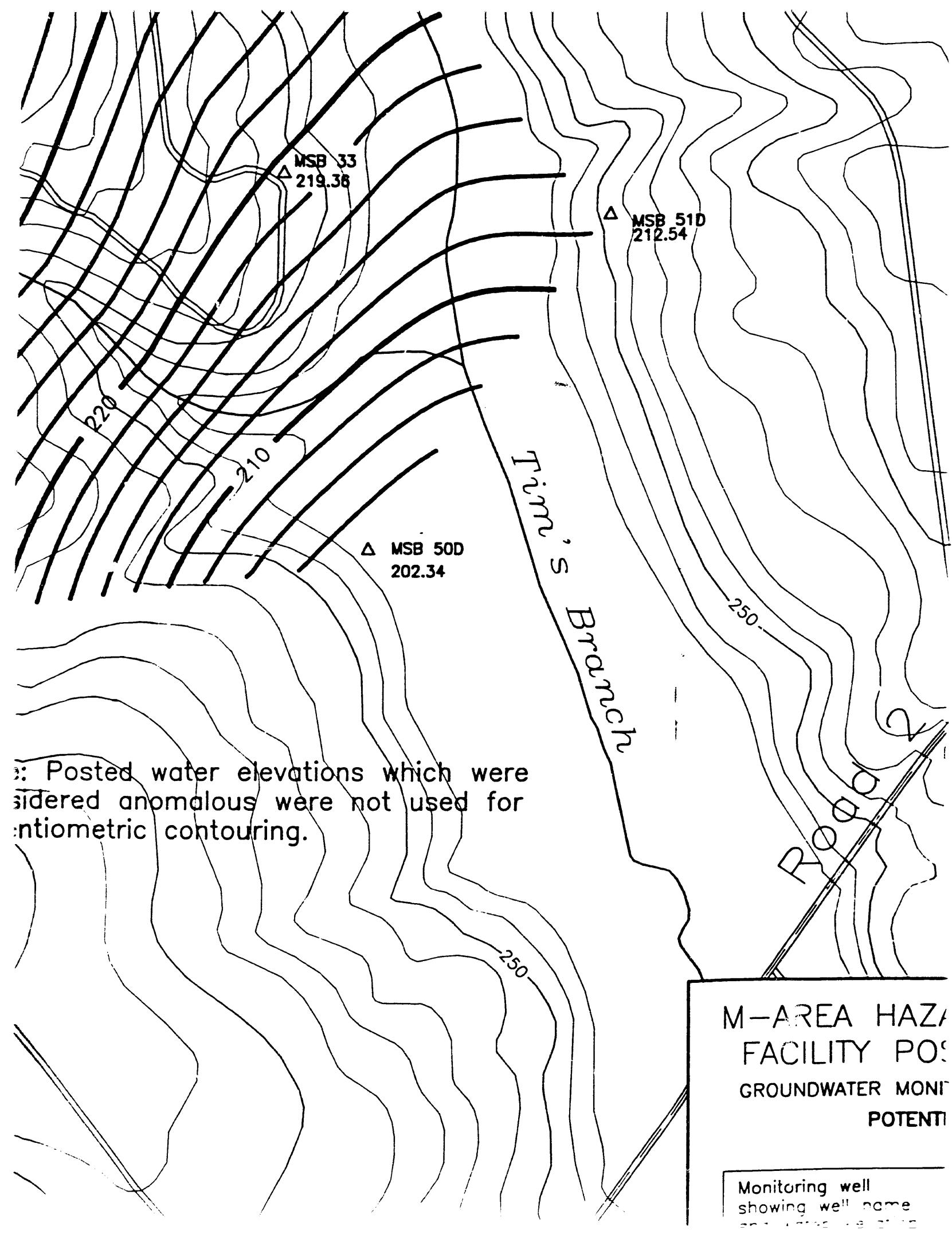


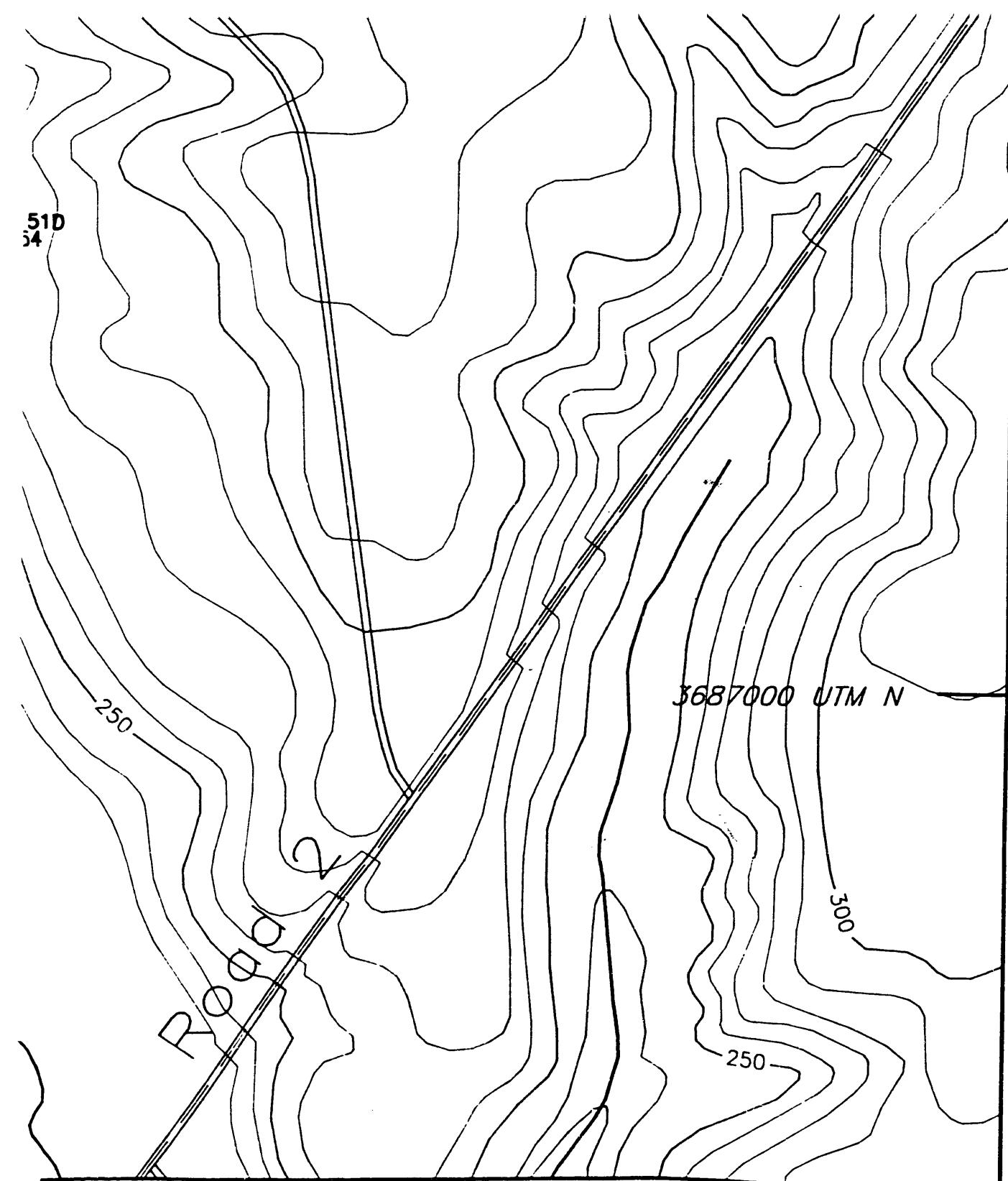












M-AREA HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITY POST-CLOSURE CARE PERMIT

GROUNDWATER MONITORING AND CORRECTIVE ACTION PROGRAM

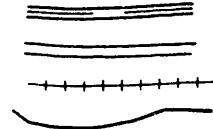
POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP (2Q93)

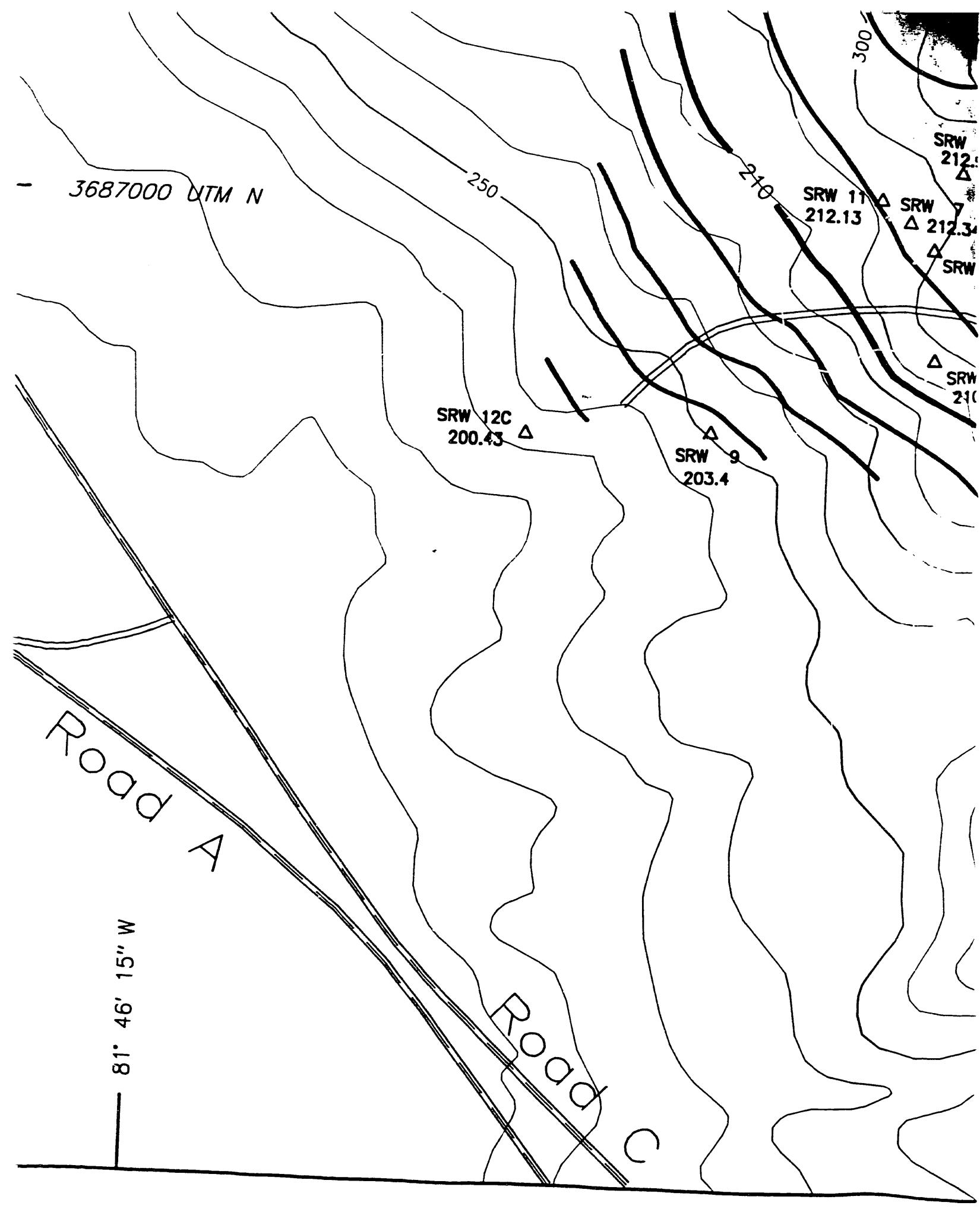
WATER TABLE UNIT

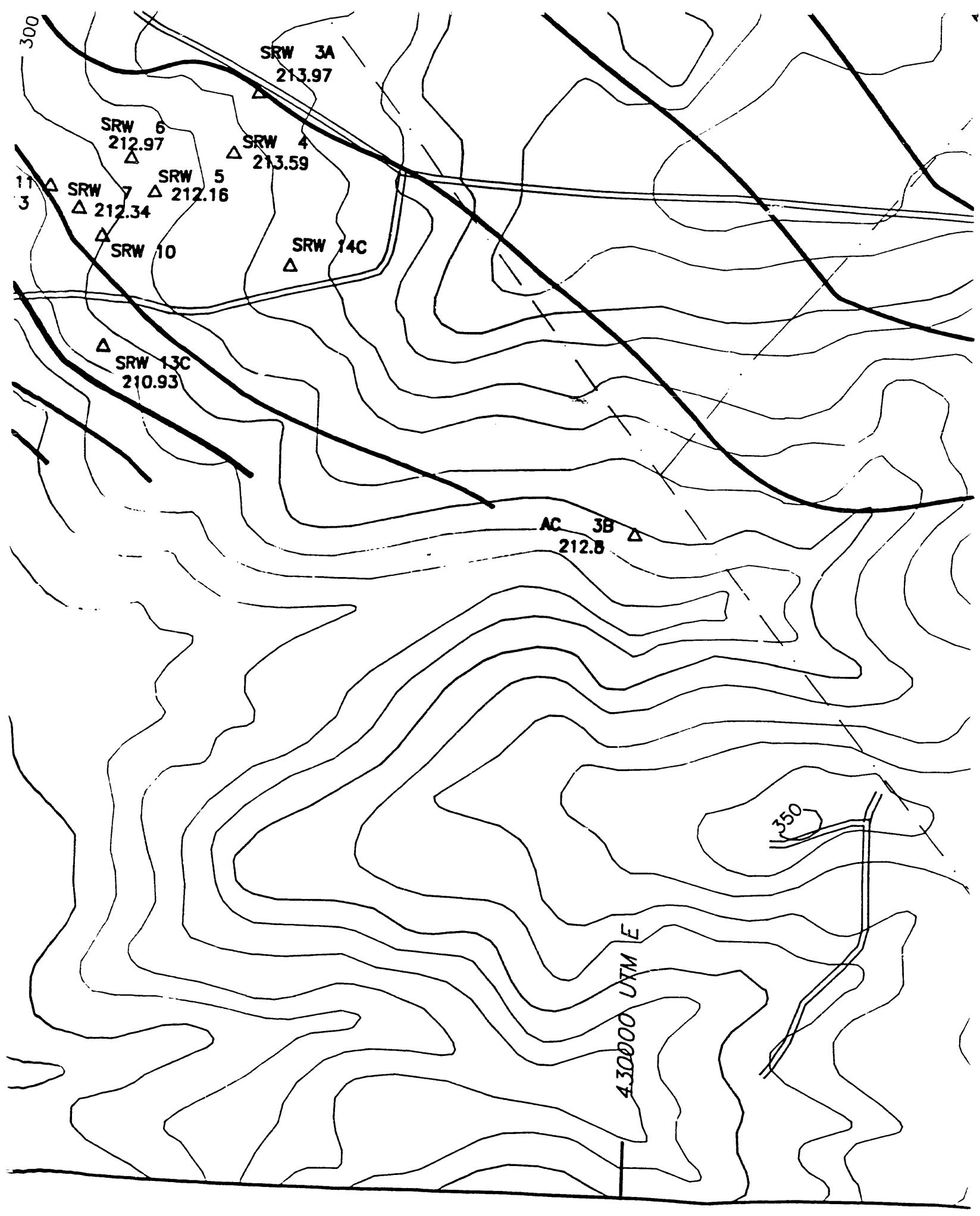
Monitoring well
showing well name
and water elevation
in feet msl

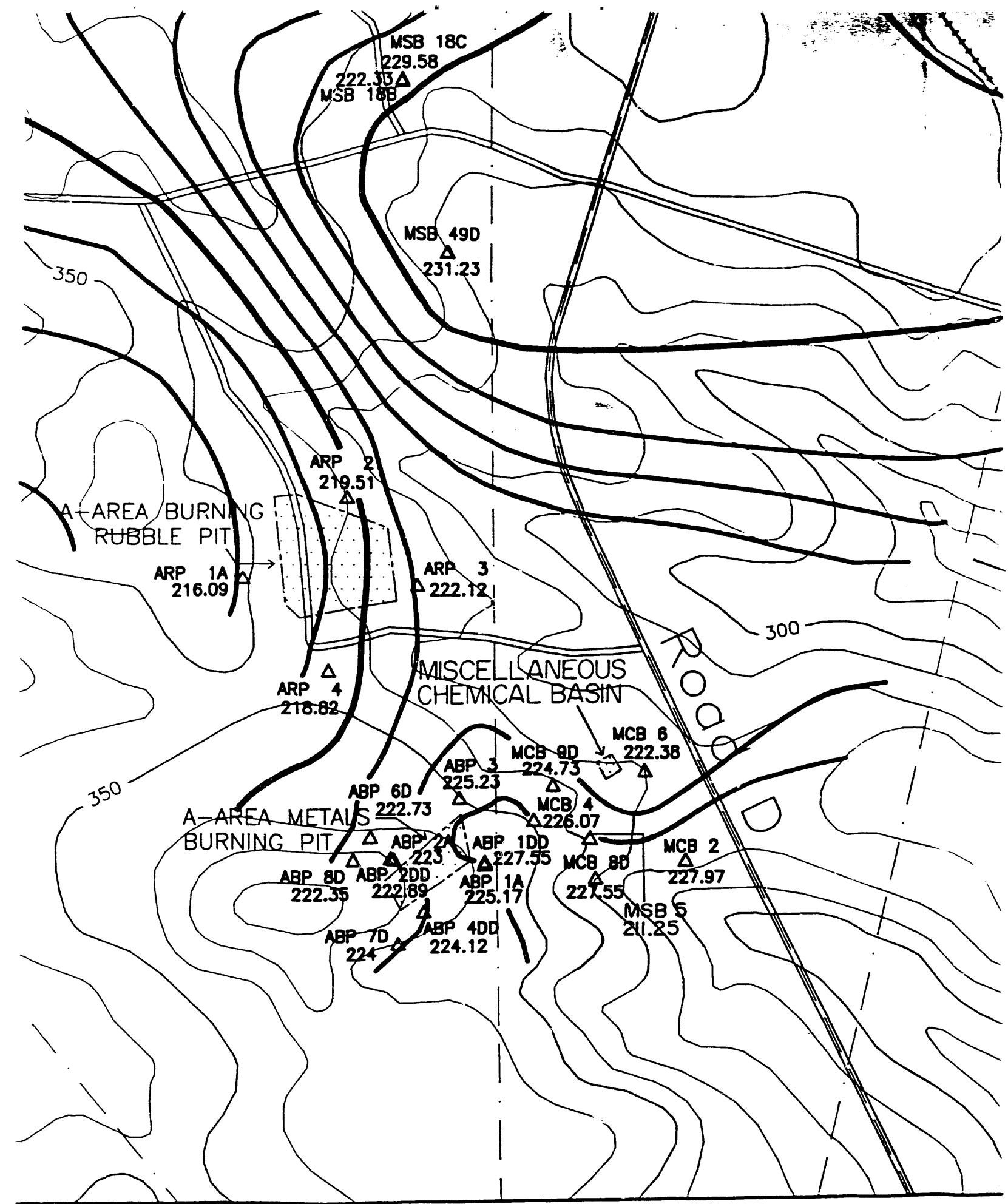
MSB 85D
△
230.42

Paved road
Dirt road
Railroad
Streams
Power line









81° 43' 45" W

433000 UTM E

Note: Posted water elevations which were considered anomalous were not used for potentiometric contouring.

16PA

16

△ MSB 50D
202.34

Tum's
Branch

J

S

N

E

△ MSB 50D
202.34

Tim's Branch

ions which were
re not used for

250

250

368

M-AREA HAZARDOUS WASTE M
FACILITY POST-CLOSURE CAR
GROUNDWATER MONITORING AND CORRECTIVE AC
POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP (2Q
WATER TABLE UNIT

Monitoring well
showing well name
and water elevation
in feet msl

MSB 85D
△
230.42

Water elevation
contour interval: 2 feet

Recovery well
showing well name

RWM 2
◆

Topographic
contour interval: 10 feet

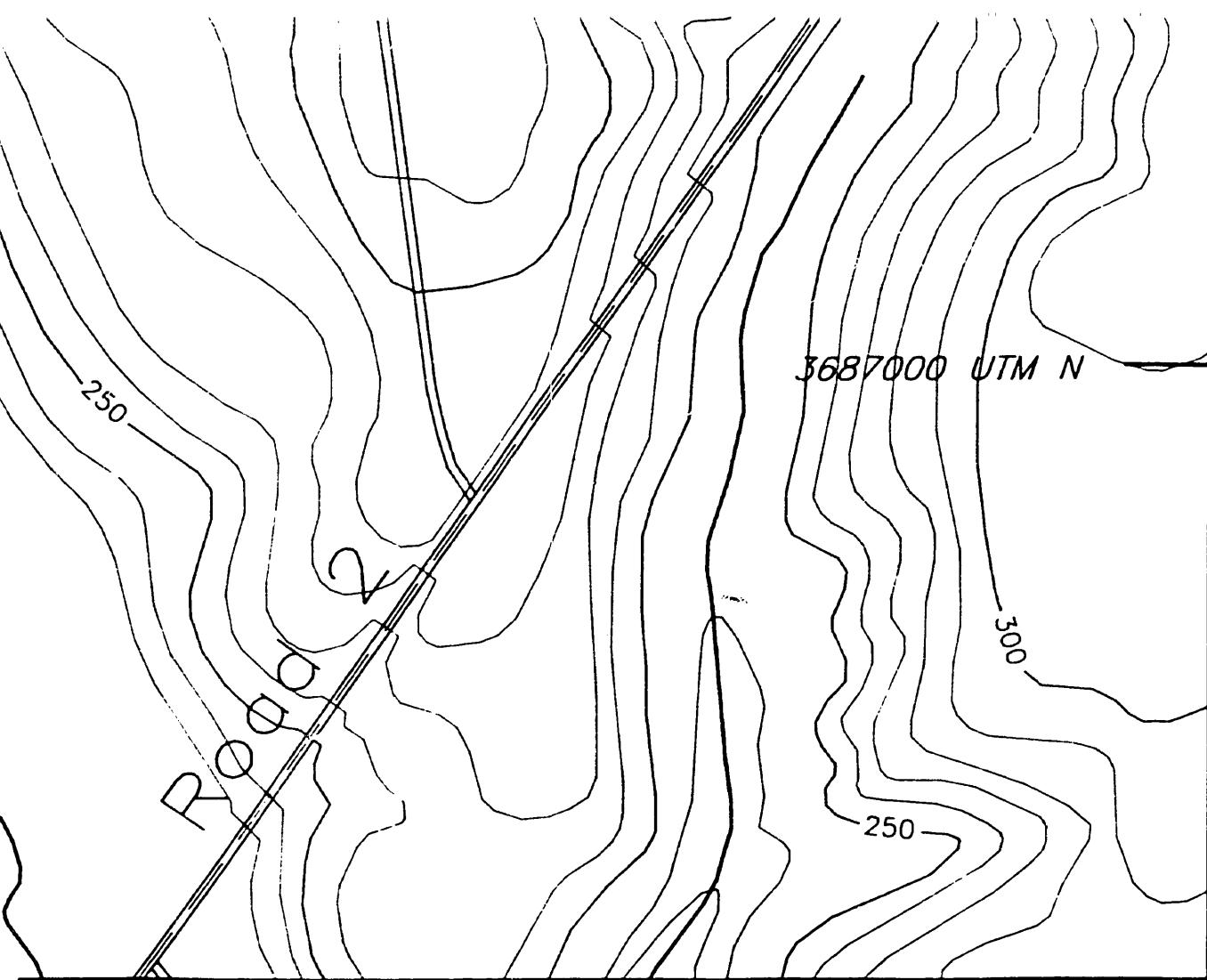
Paved ro
Dirt road
Railroad
Streams
Power lin
Waste ur
Site boundary
Topograp
Potentiometr
contour

Scale in feet

0 250 500 1000 0 100 200

Scale in meters

Source: USGS 7.5 minute quadrangle maps for New Ellen
Jackson, SC. Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) project
Latitude/Longitude ticks in plain text, UTM ticks in italics



M-AREA HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT
FACILITY POST-CLOSURE CARE PERMIT
GROUNDWATER MONITORING AND CORRECTIVE ACTION PROGRAM
POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP (2Q93)
WATER TABLE UNIT

Monitoring well
showing well name
and water elevation
in feet msl

MSB 85D
△
230.42

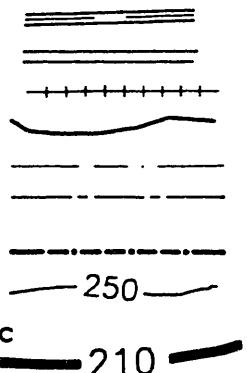
Water elevation
contour interval: 2 feet

Recovery well
showing well name

RWM 2
◆

Topographic
contour interval: 10 feet

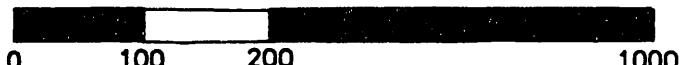
Paved road
Dirt road
Railroad
Streams
Power line
Waste unit
Site
boundary
Topography
Potentiometric
contour



Scale in feet



Scale in meters



Source: USGS 7.5 minute quadrangle maps for New Ellenton SW and Jackson, SC. Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) projection, Zone 17.
Latitude/Longitude ticks in plain text, UTM ticks in italics.

33° 21' 15" N

81° 46' 15" W

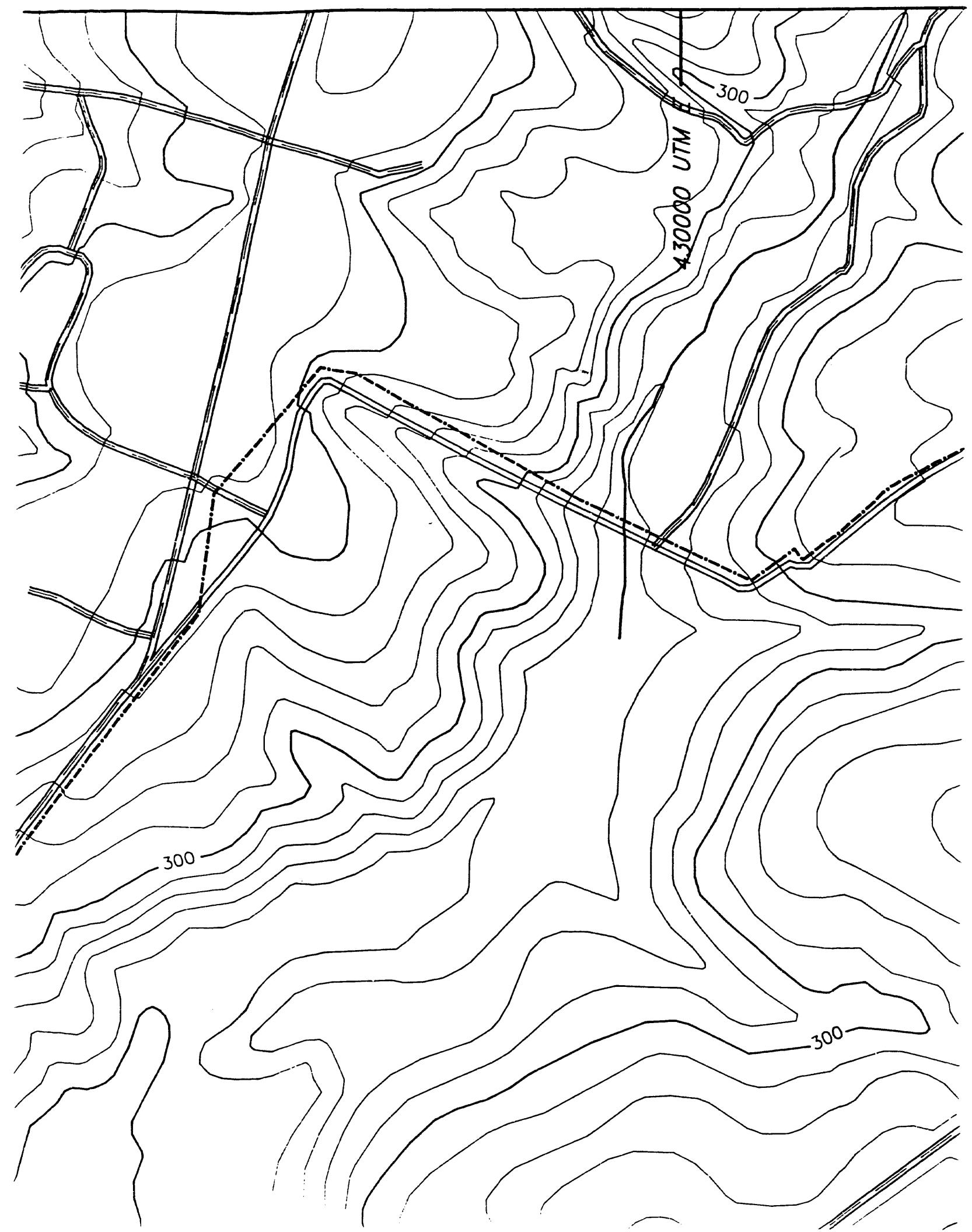
3690000 UTM N

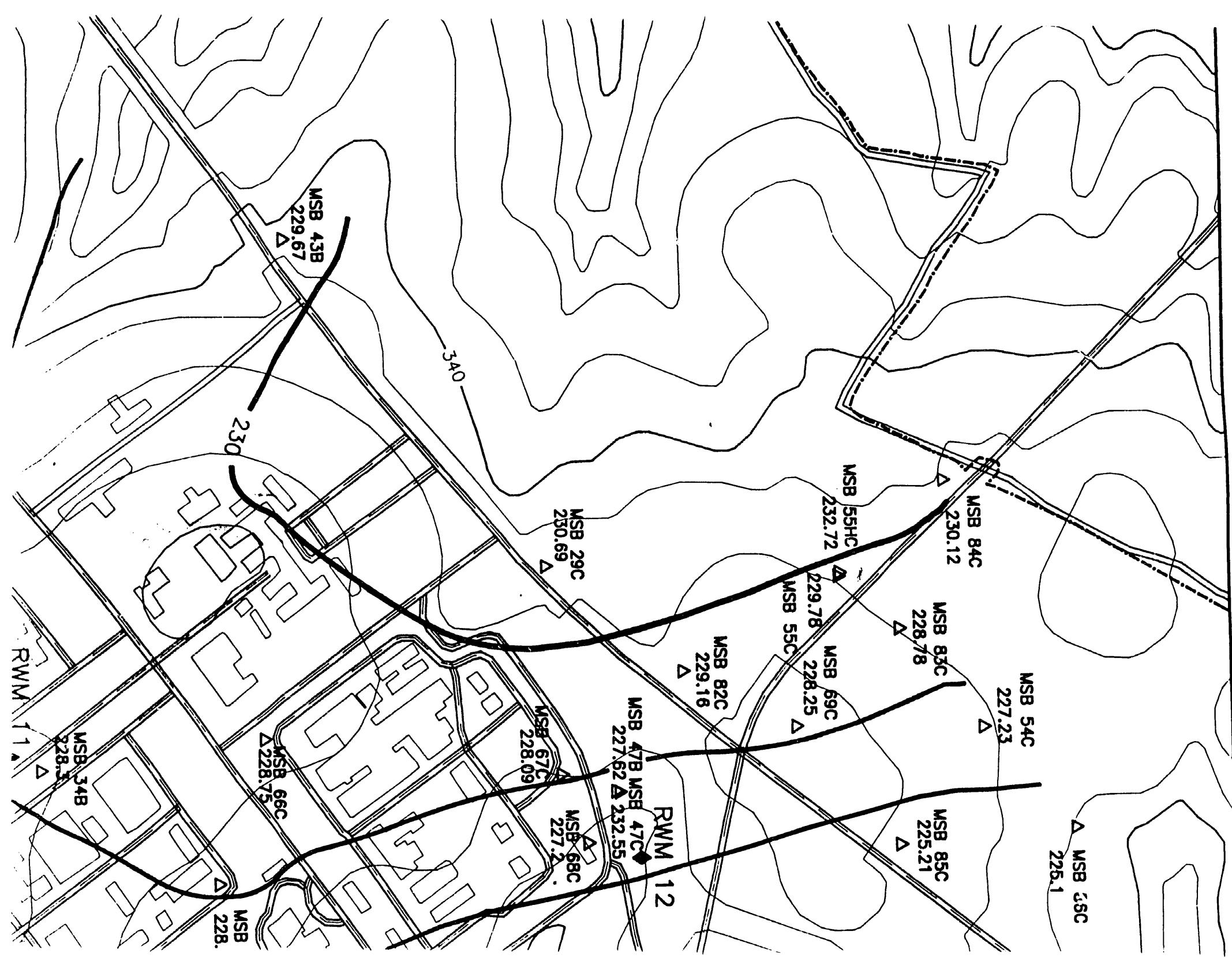
350

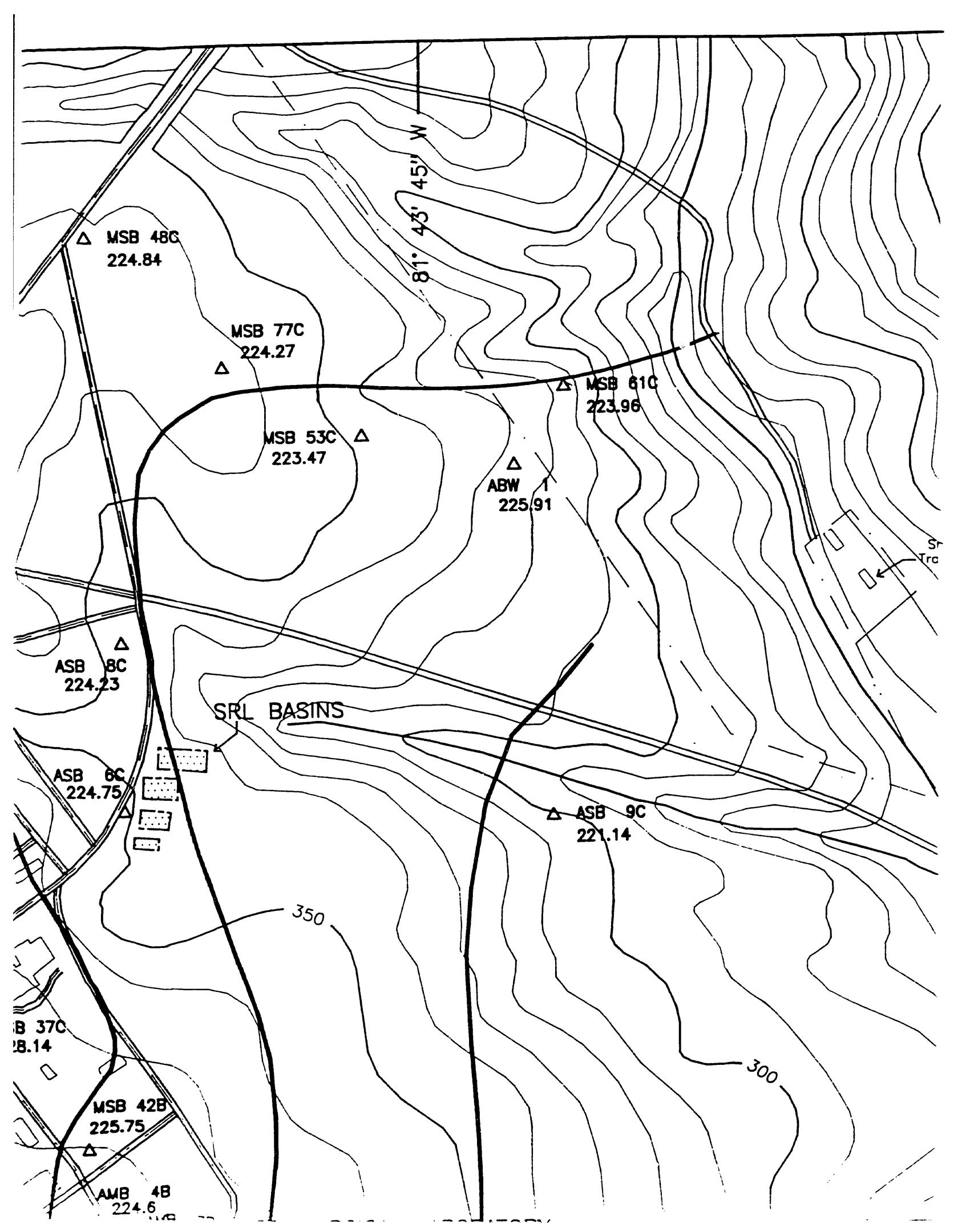
300

350

SRS BOUNDARY







433000 UTM E

Small Arms
Training Range

350

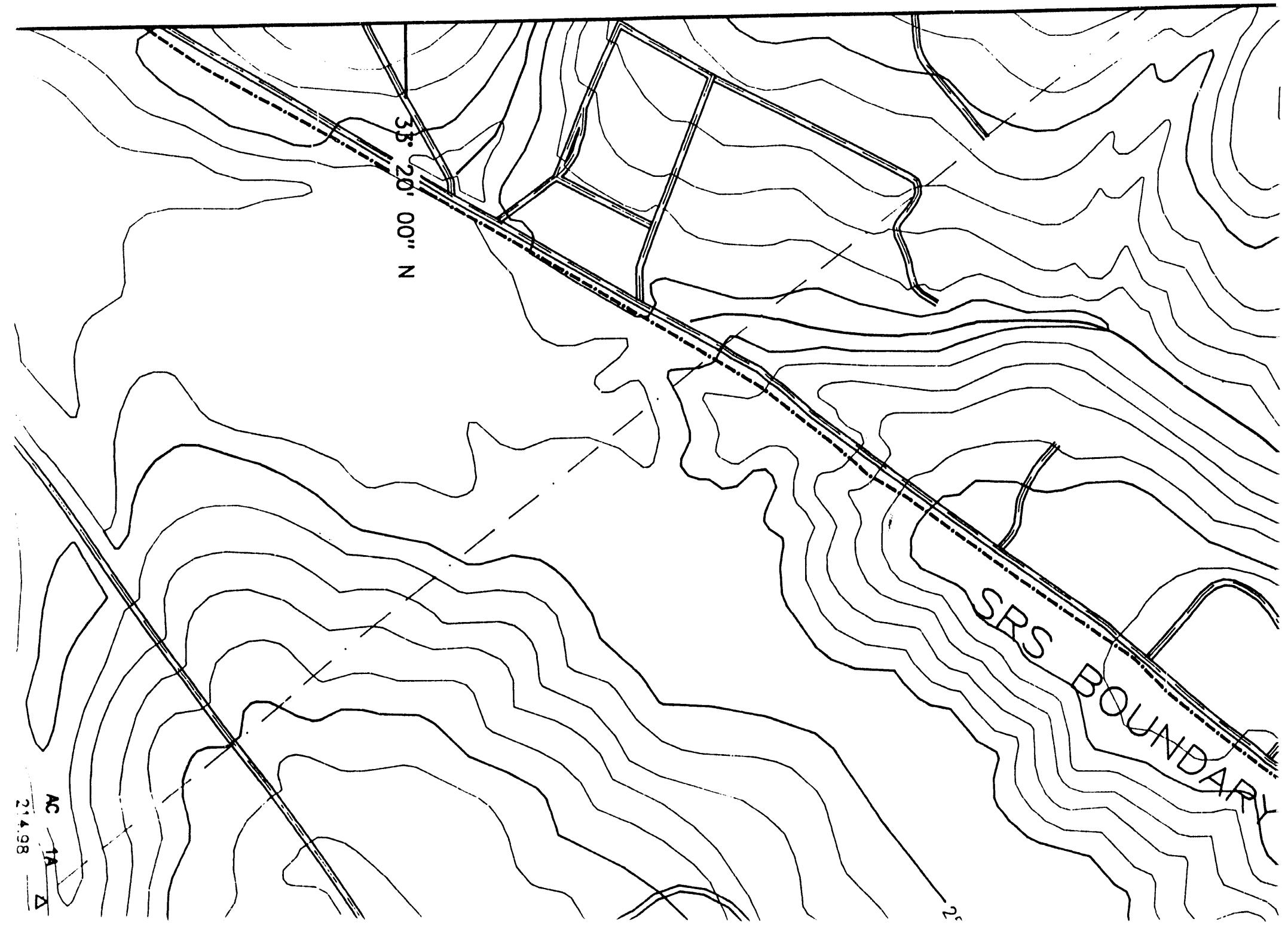
300

250

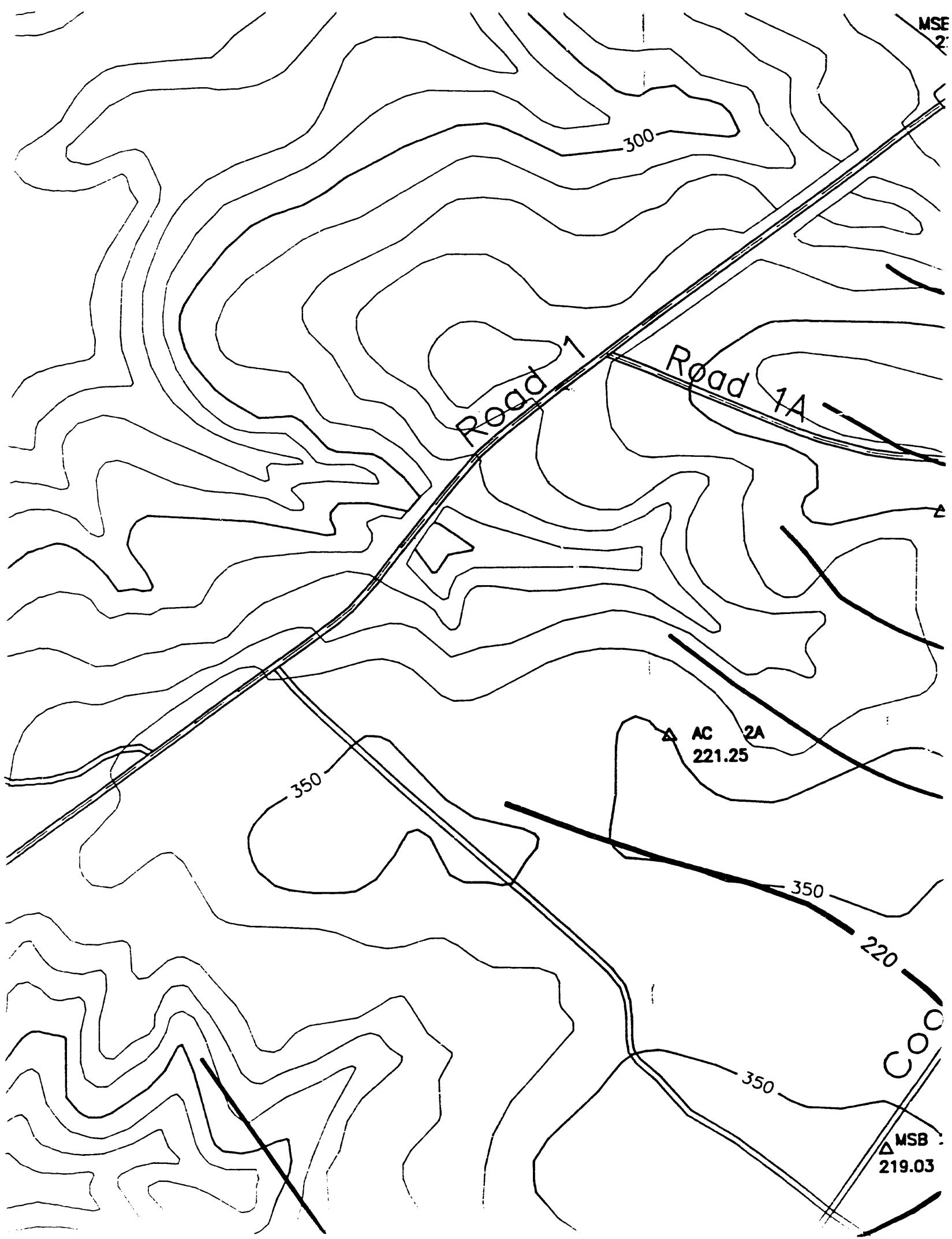
33° 21' 15" N

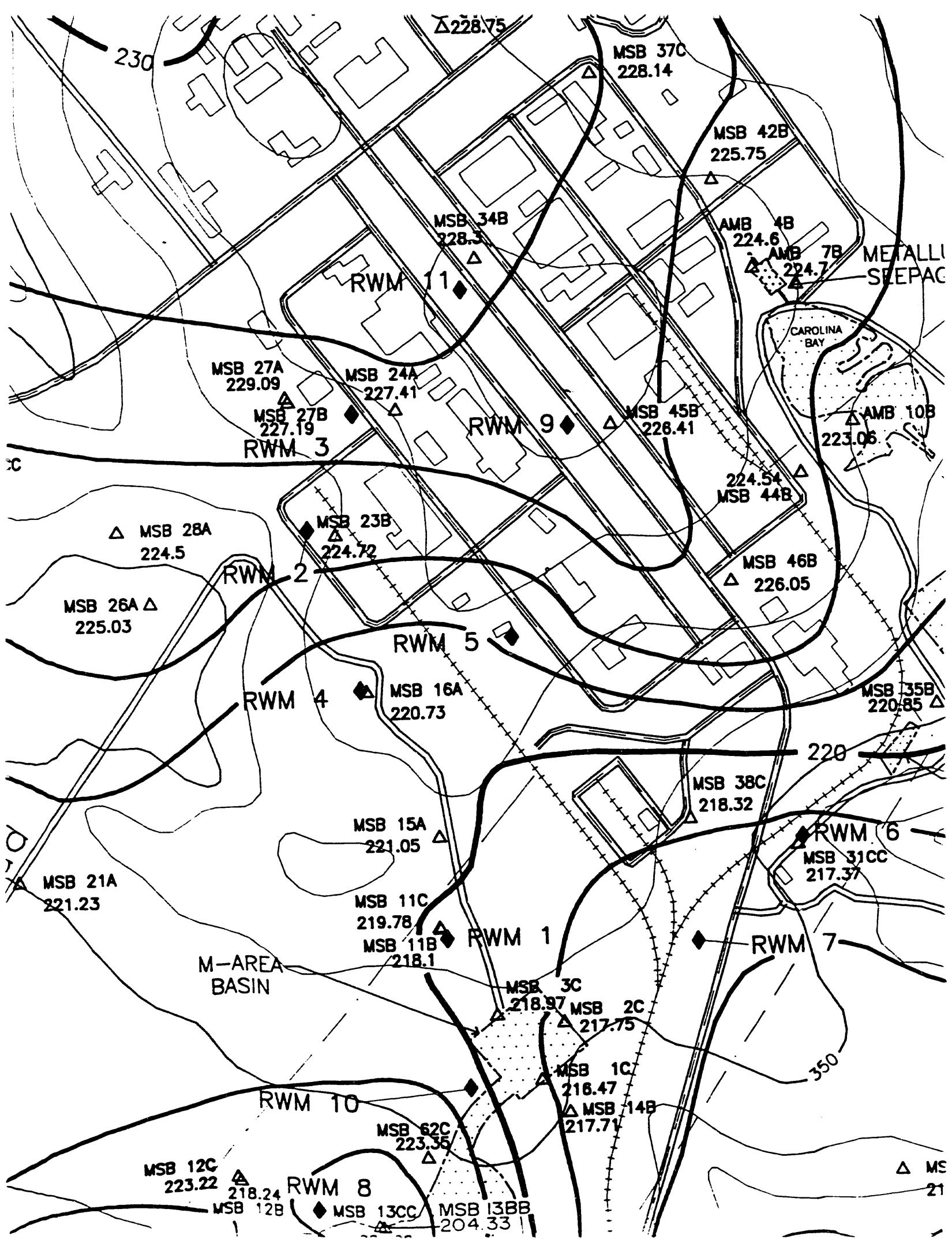
3690000 UTM N

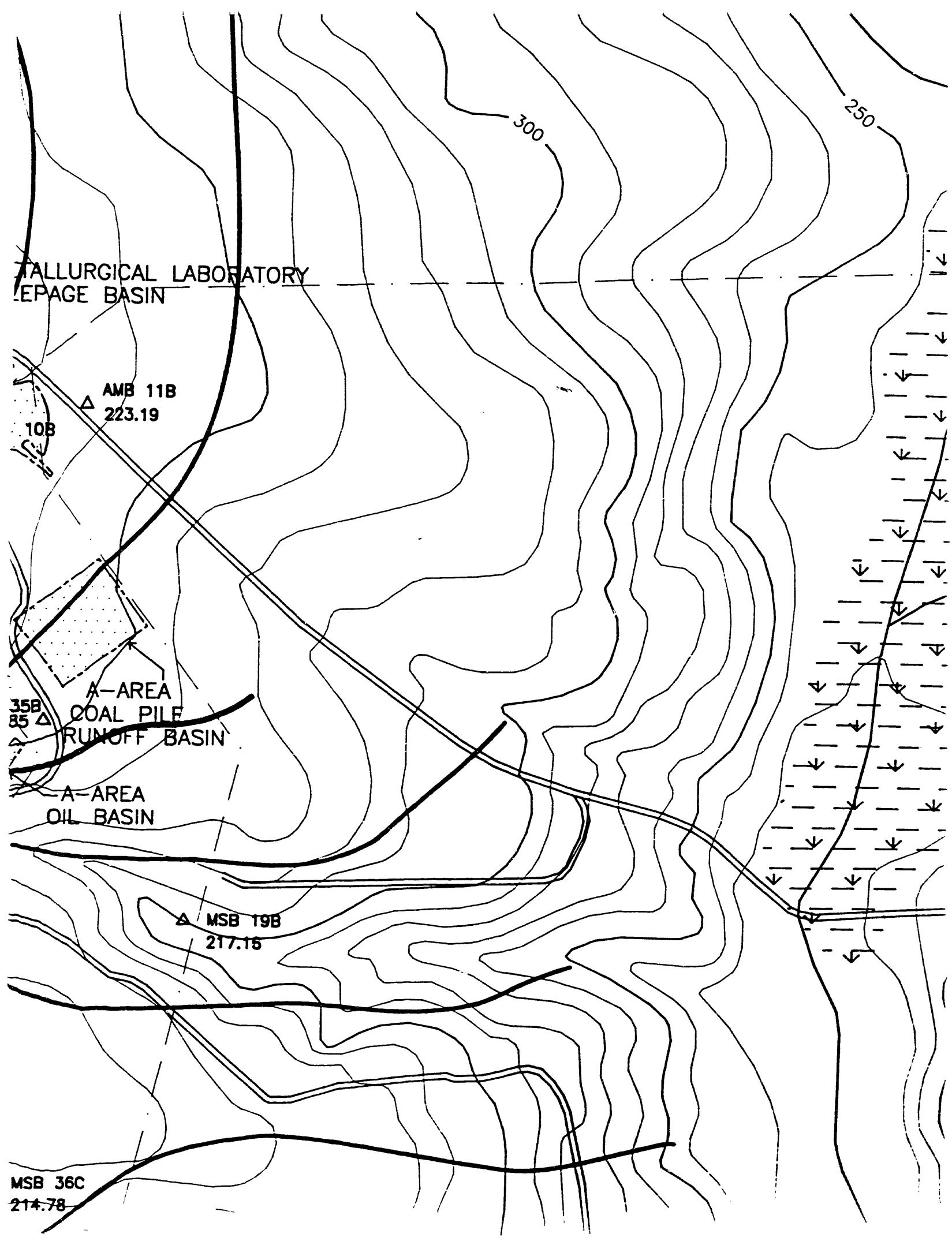
350

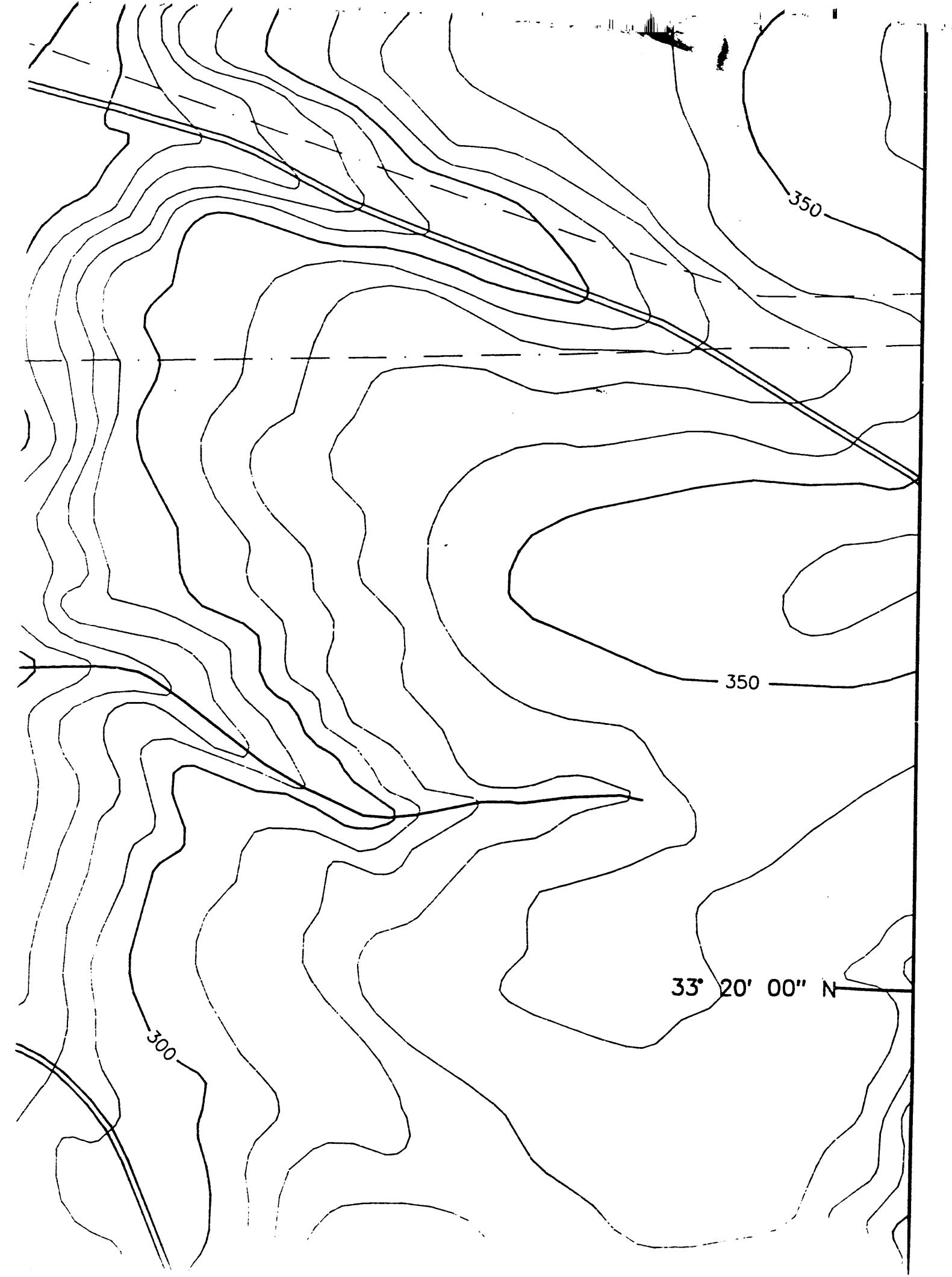


MSE
2'









Silverton Road

AC 1A
214.98

SRW 15B
211.18

210

250

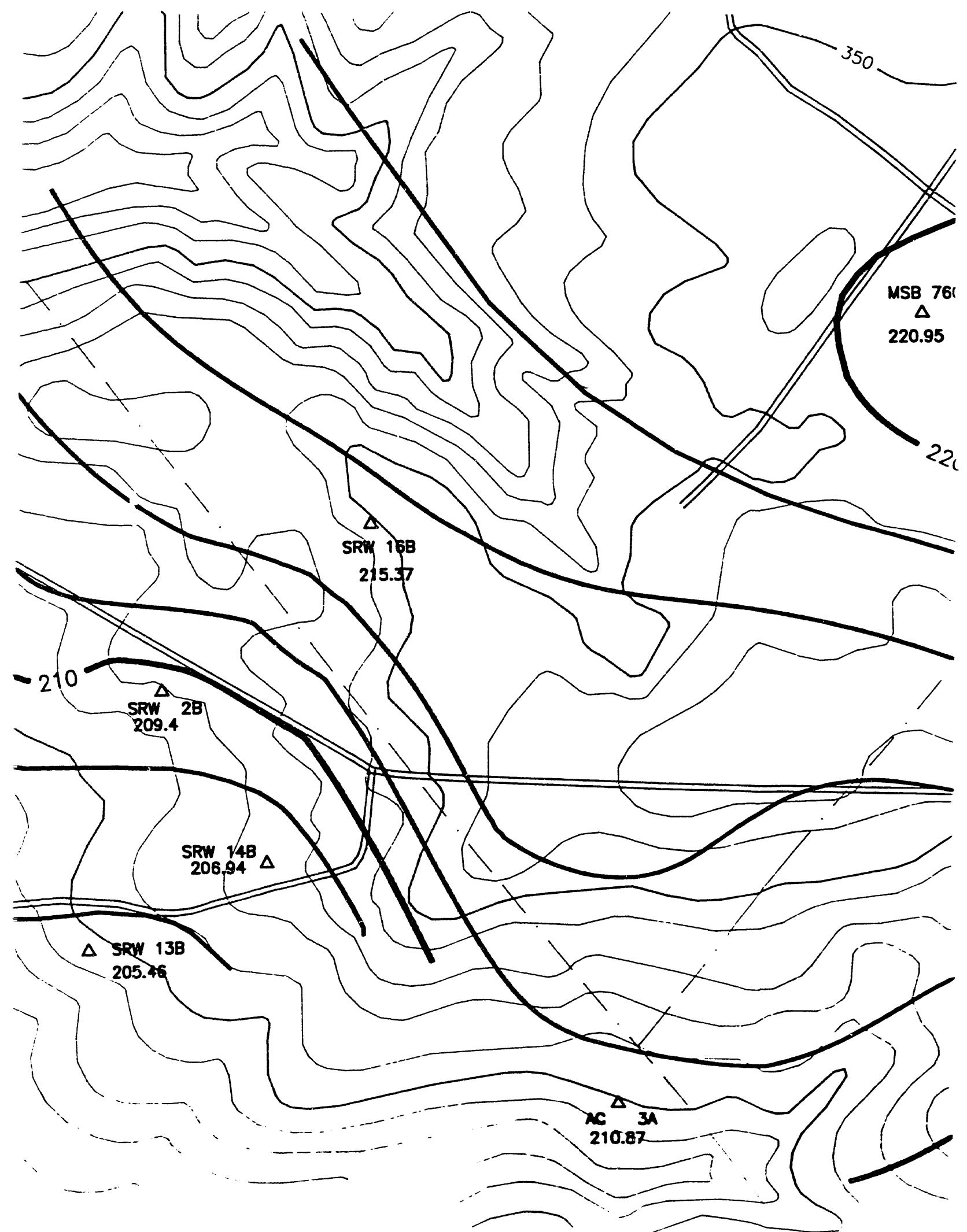
- 3687000 UTM N

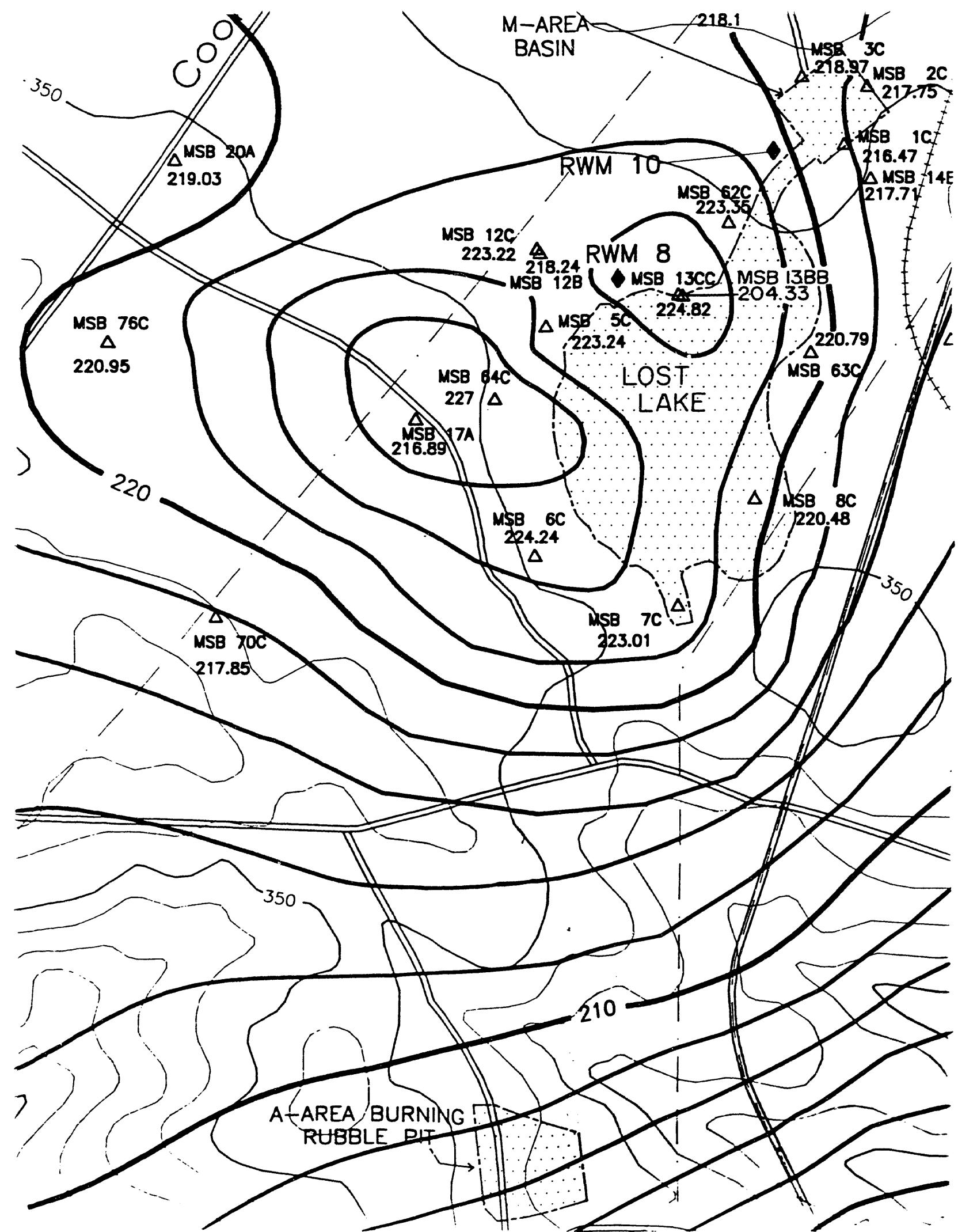
SRW 12B
192.02

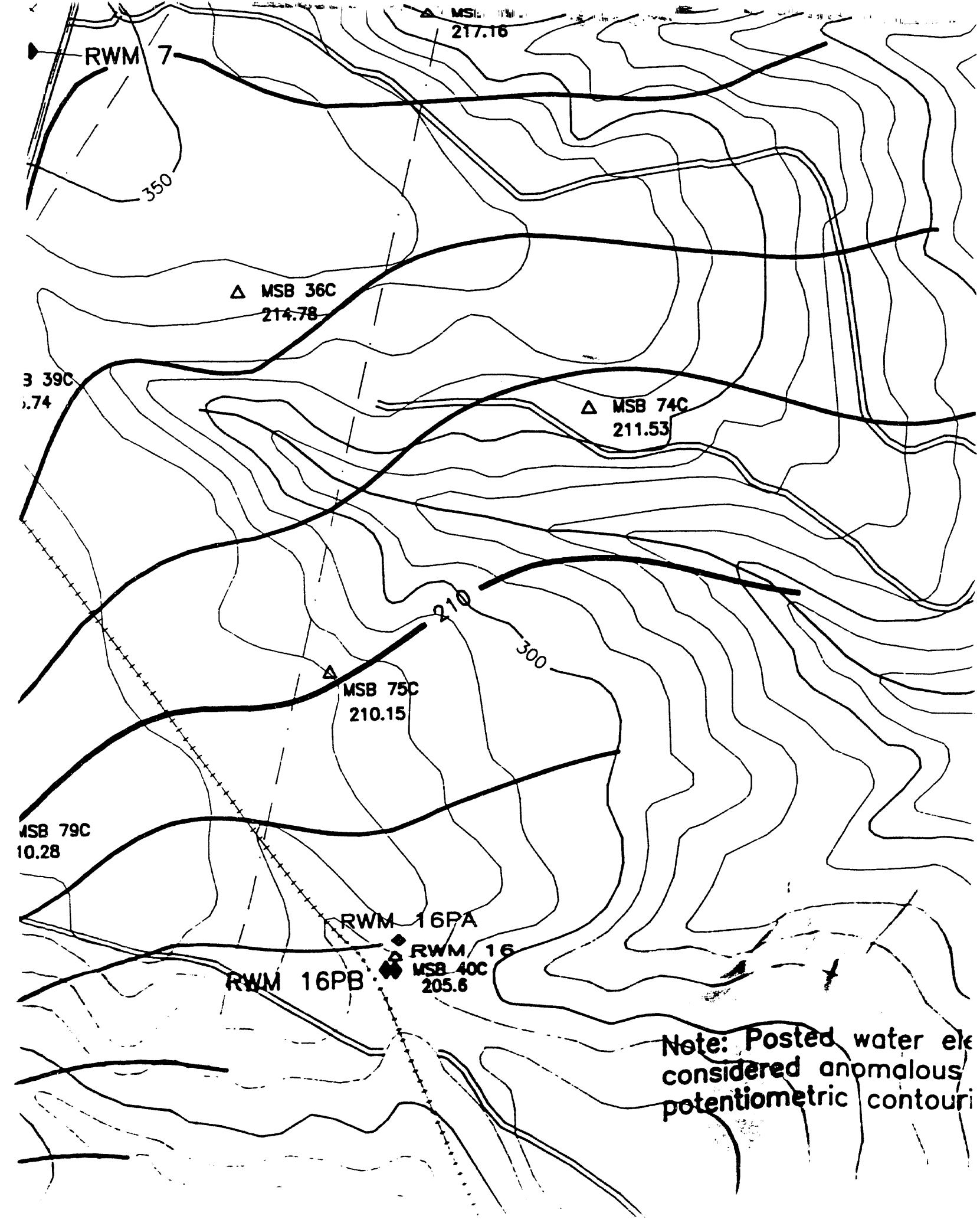
200

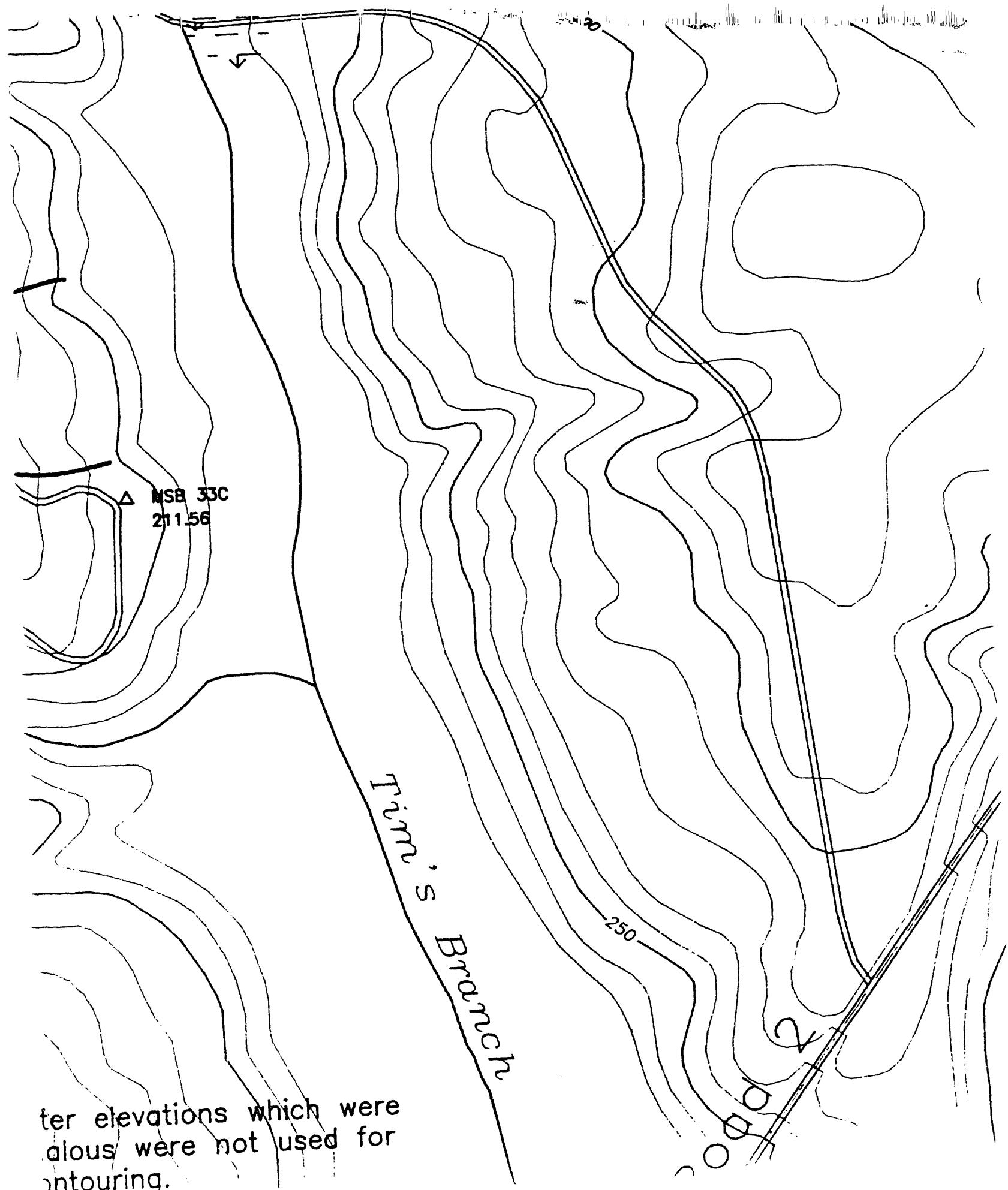
SRW 98
203.2

R









33° 20' 00" N

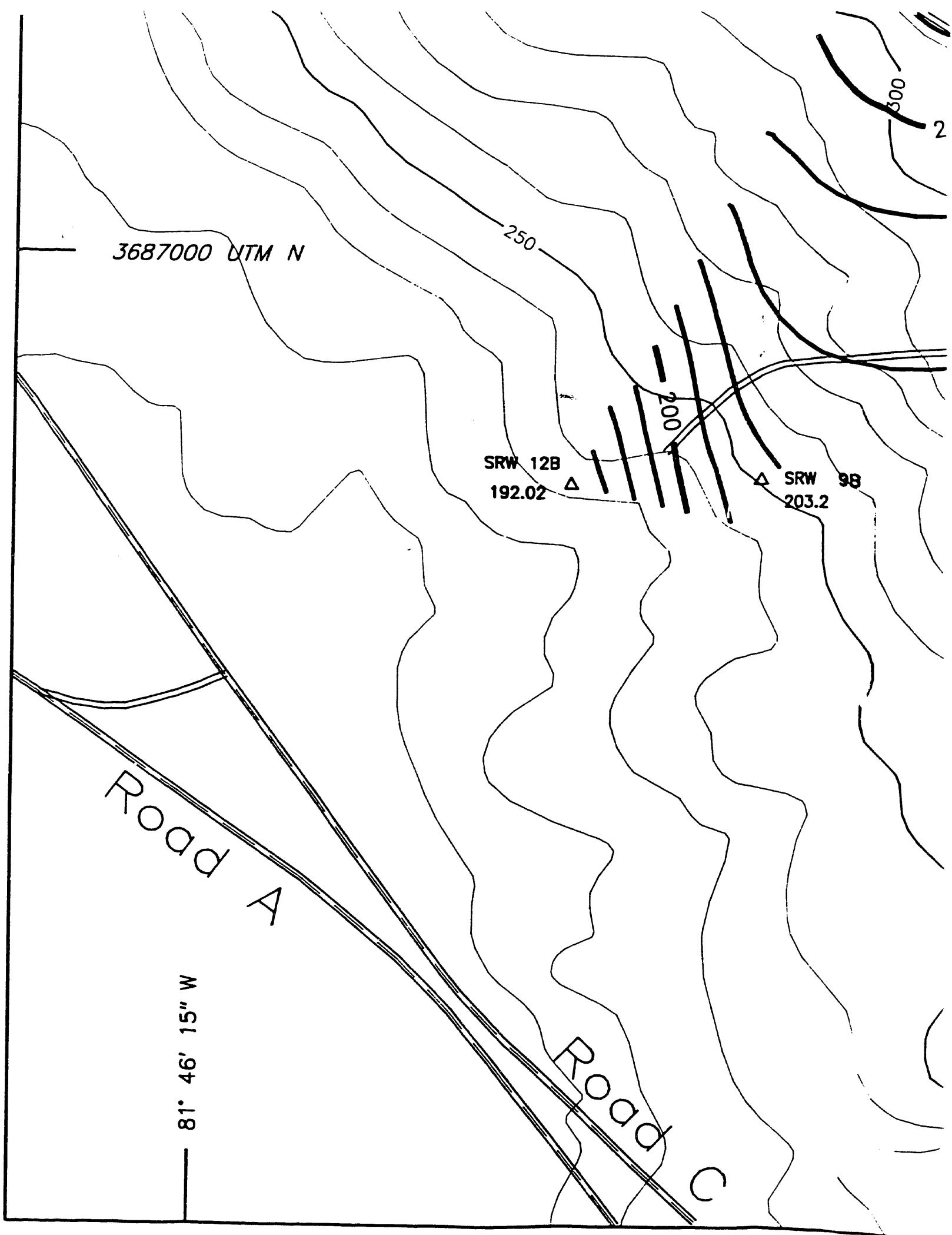
300

250

3687000 UTM N

300

n m ch



300

210

SRW 2B
209.4

SRW 14B
206.94

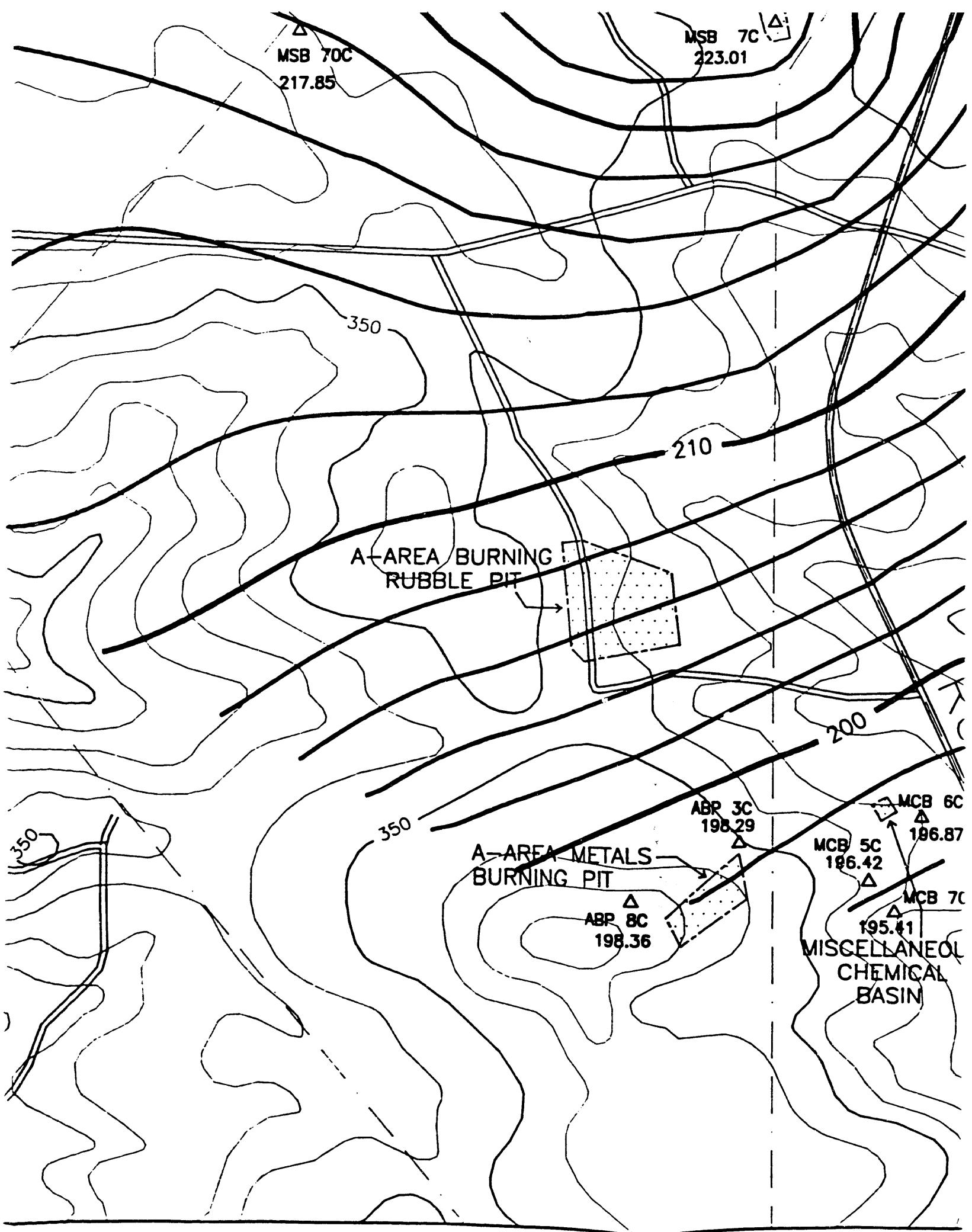
△ SRW 13B
205.46

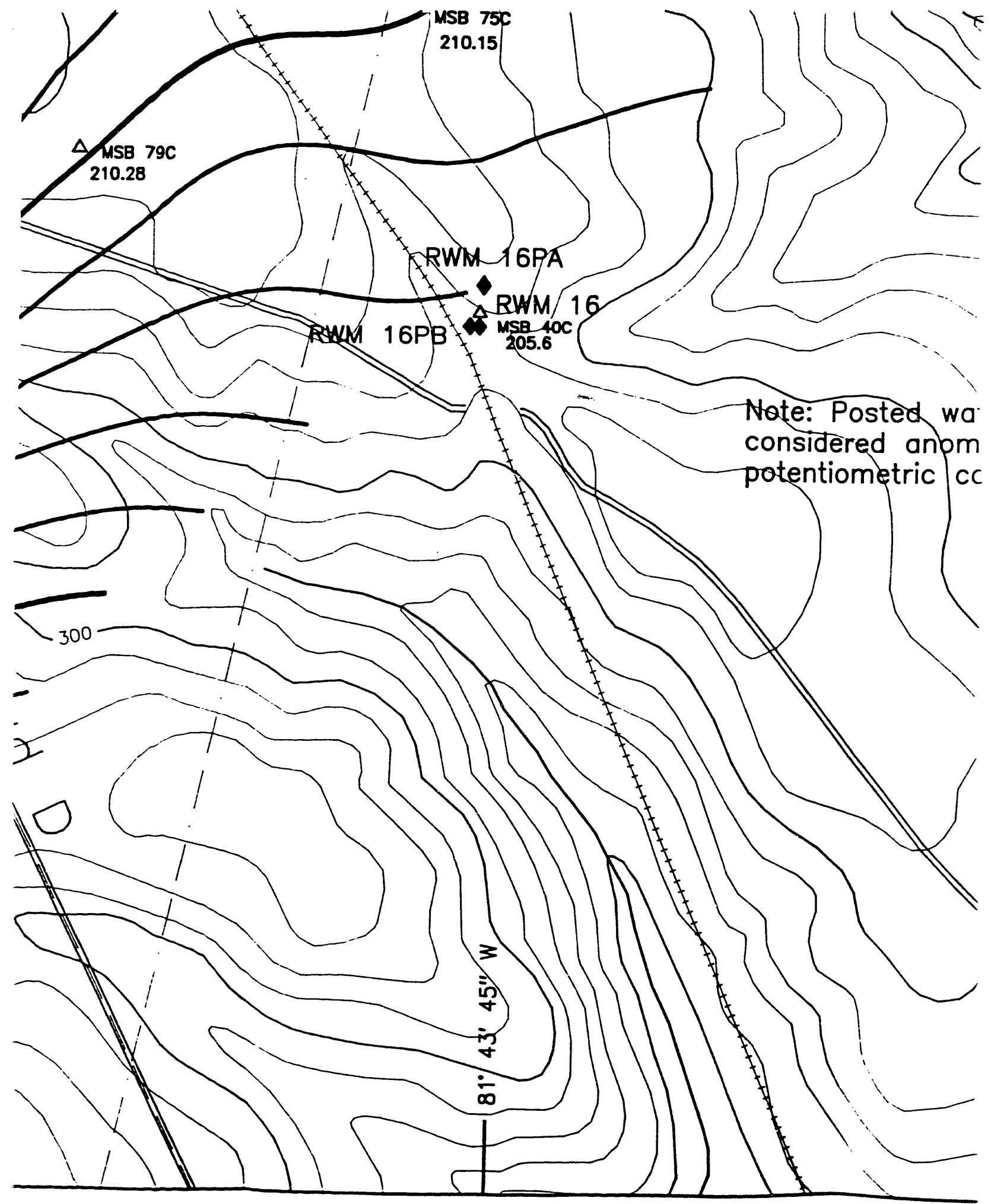
SRW 9B
203.2

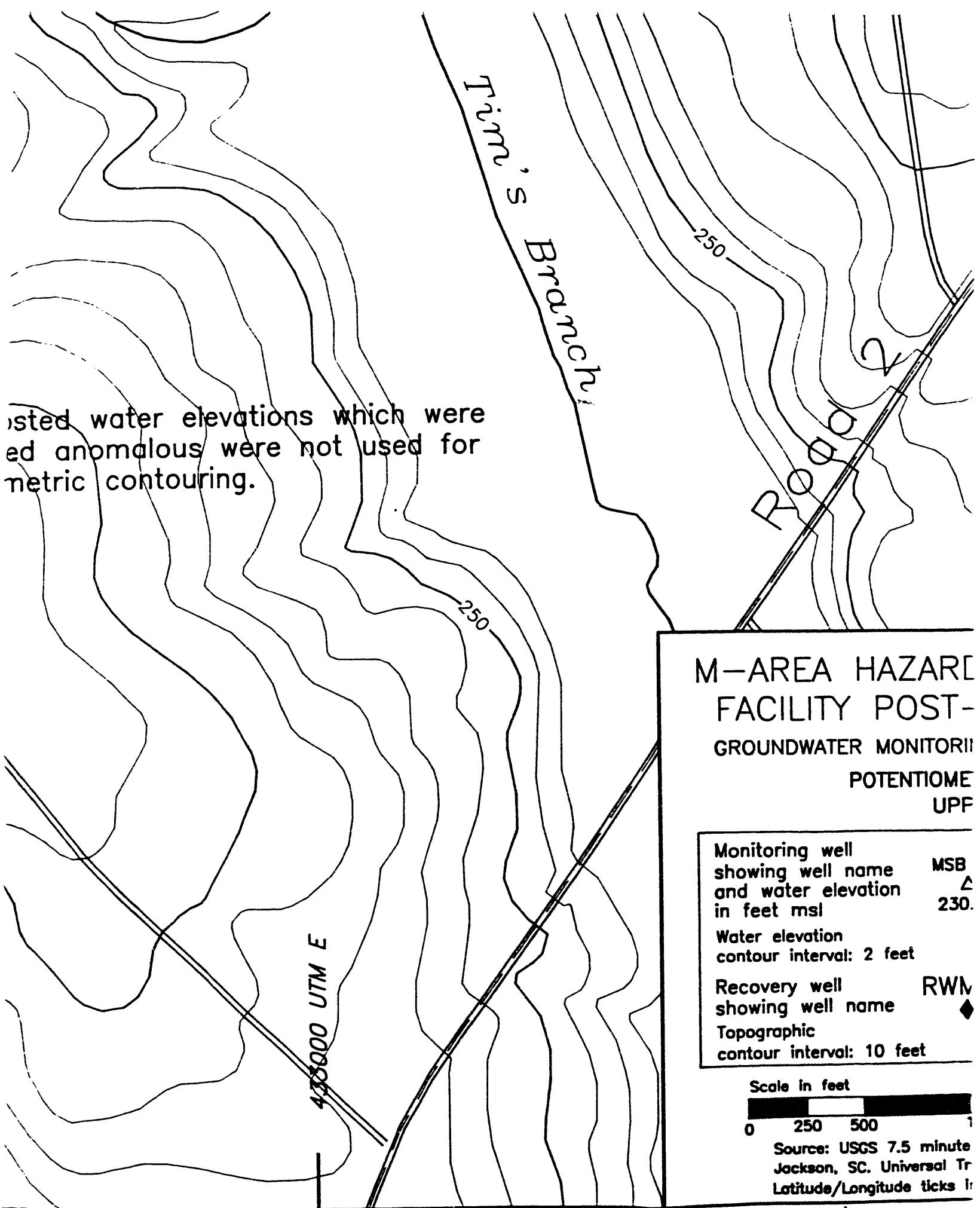
AC 3A
210.87

4.30000 UTM E

C







250

3687000 UTM N

300

250

M-AREA HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT
FACILITY POST-CLOSURE CARE PERMIT
GROUNDWATER MONITORING AND CORRECTIVE ACTION PROGRAM
POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP (2Q93)
UPPER CONGAREE UNIT

Monitoring well
showing well name
and water elevation
in feet msl

MSB 85D
△
230.42

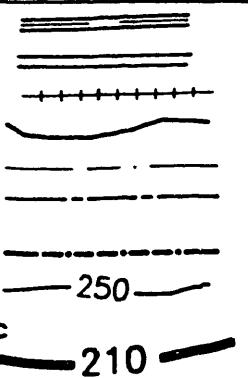
Water elevation
contour interval: 2 feet

Recovery well
showing well name

RWM 2
◆

Topographic
contour interval: 10 feet

Paved road
Dirt road
Railroad
Streams
Power line
Waste unit
Site boundary
Topography
Potentiometric
contour



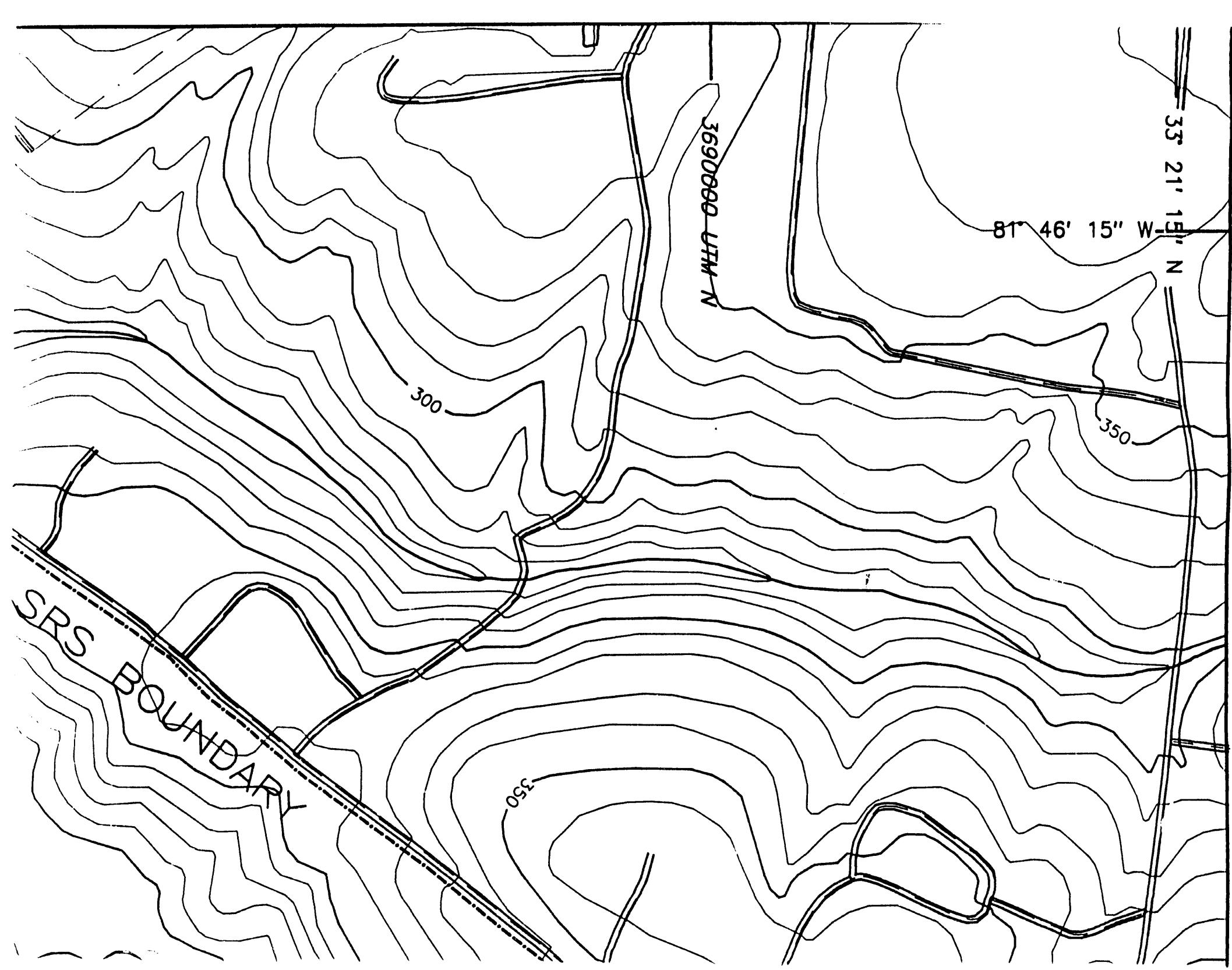
Scale in feet

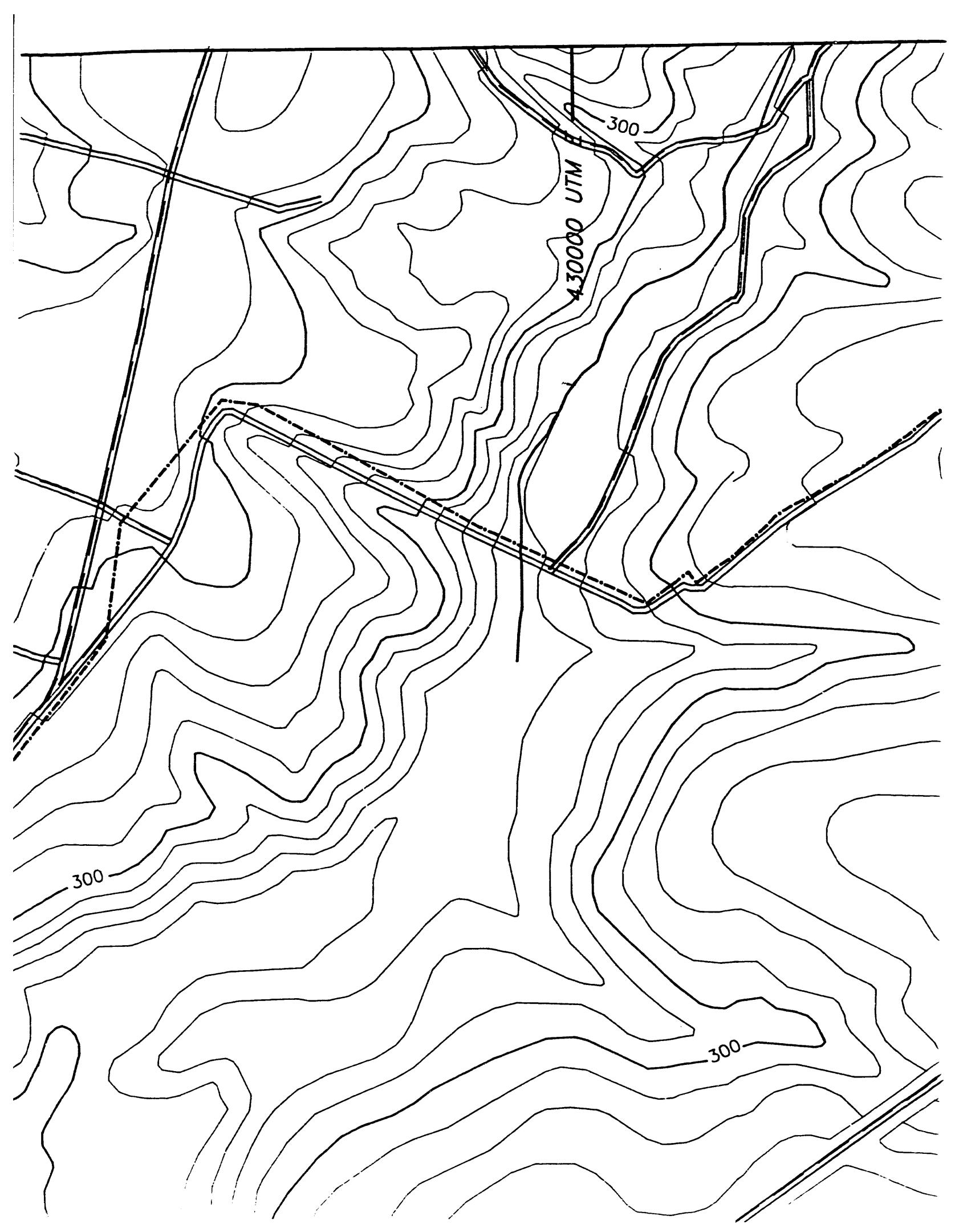


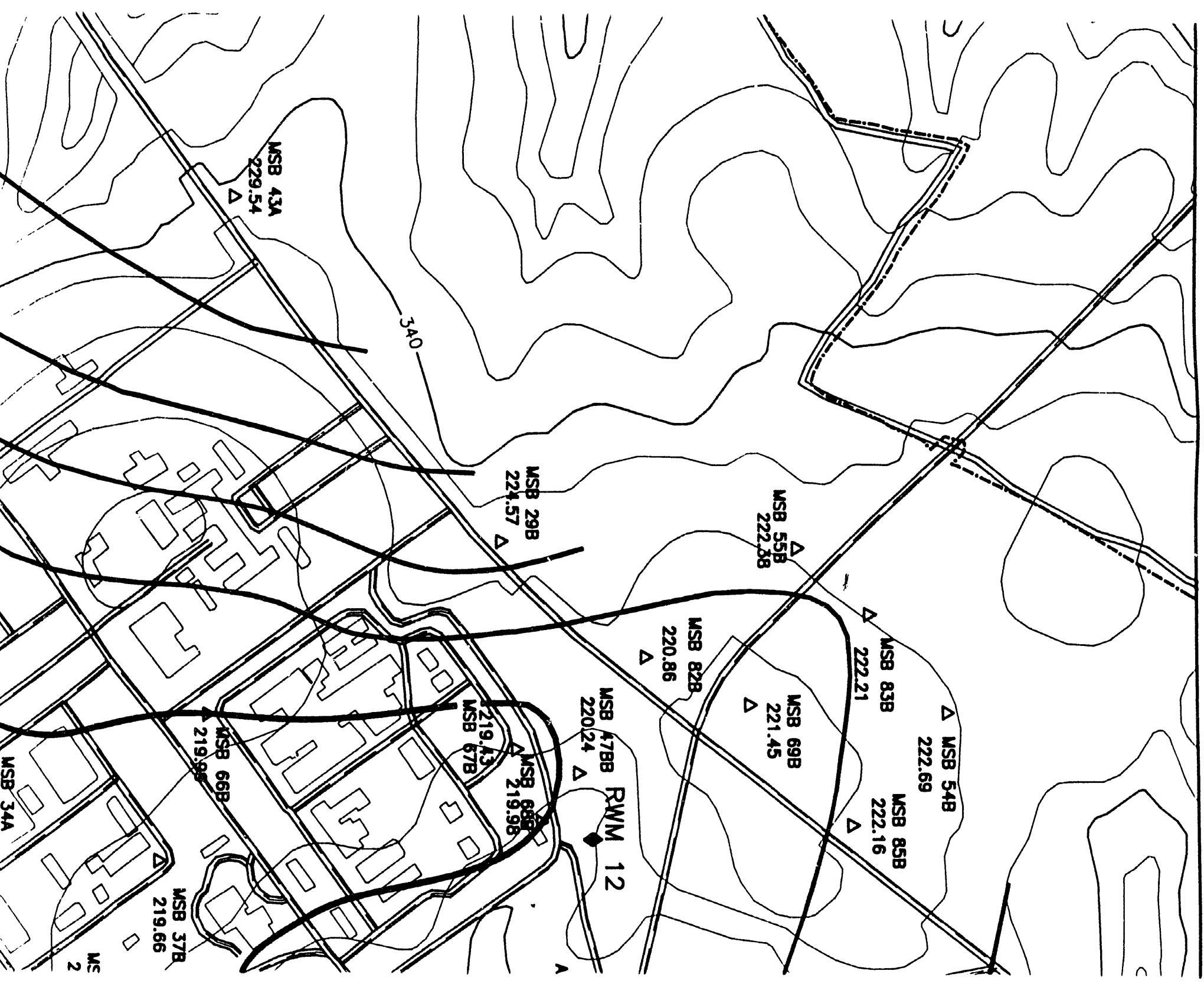
Scale in meters

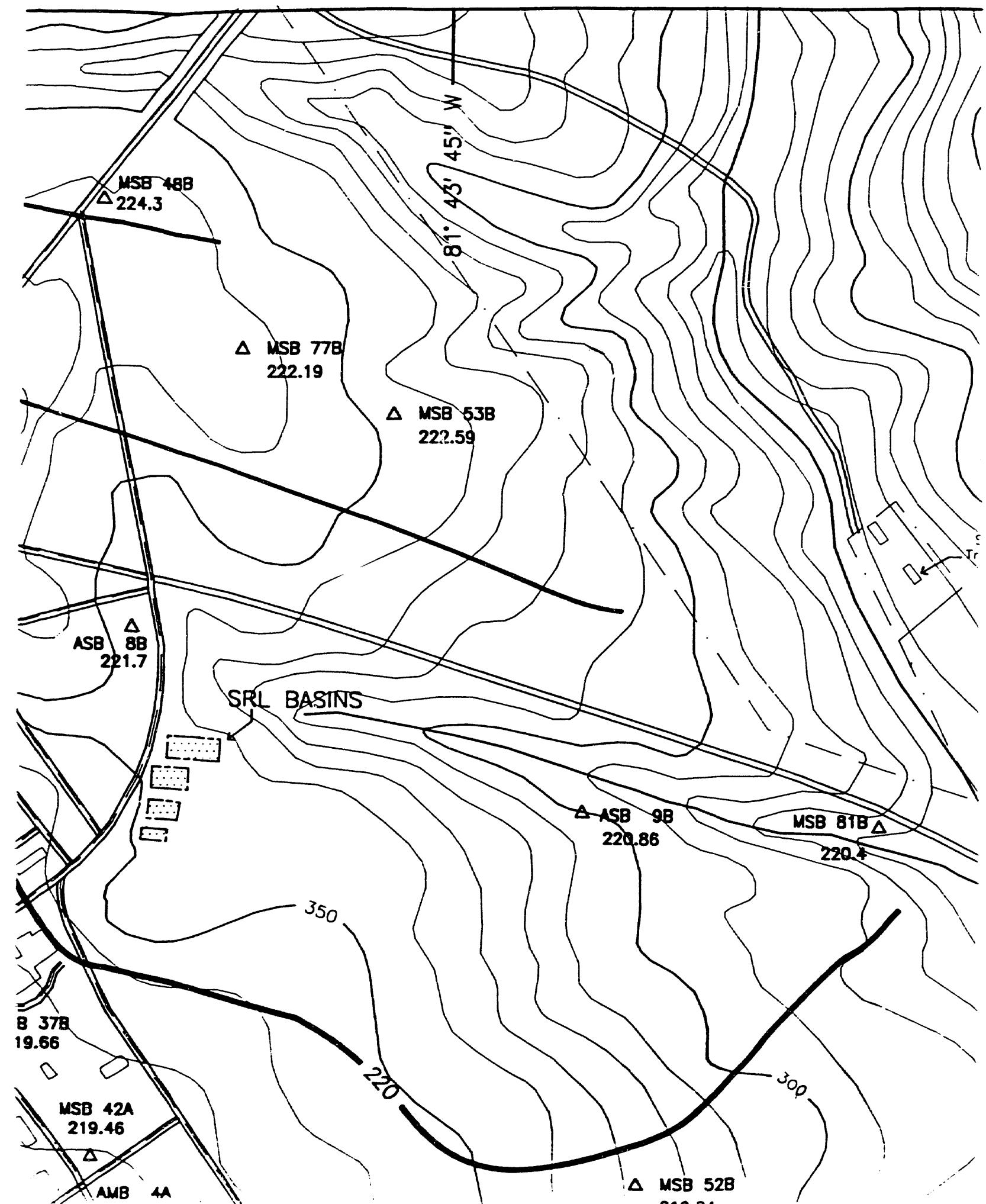


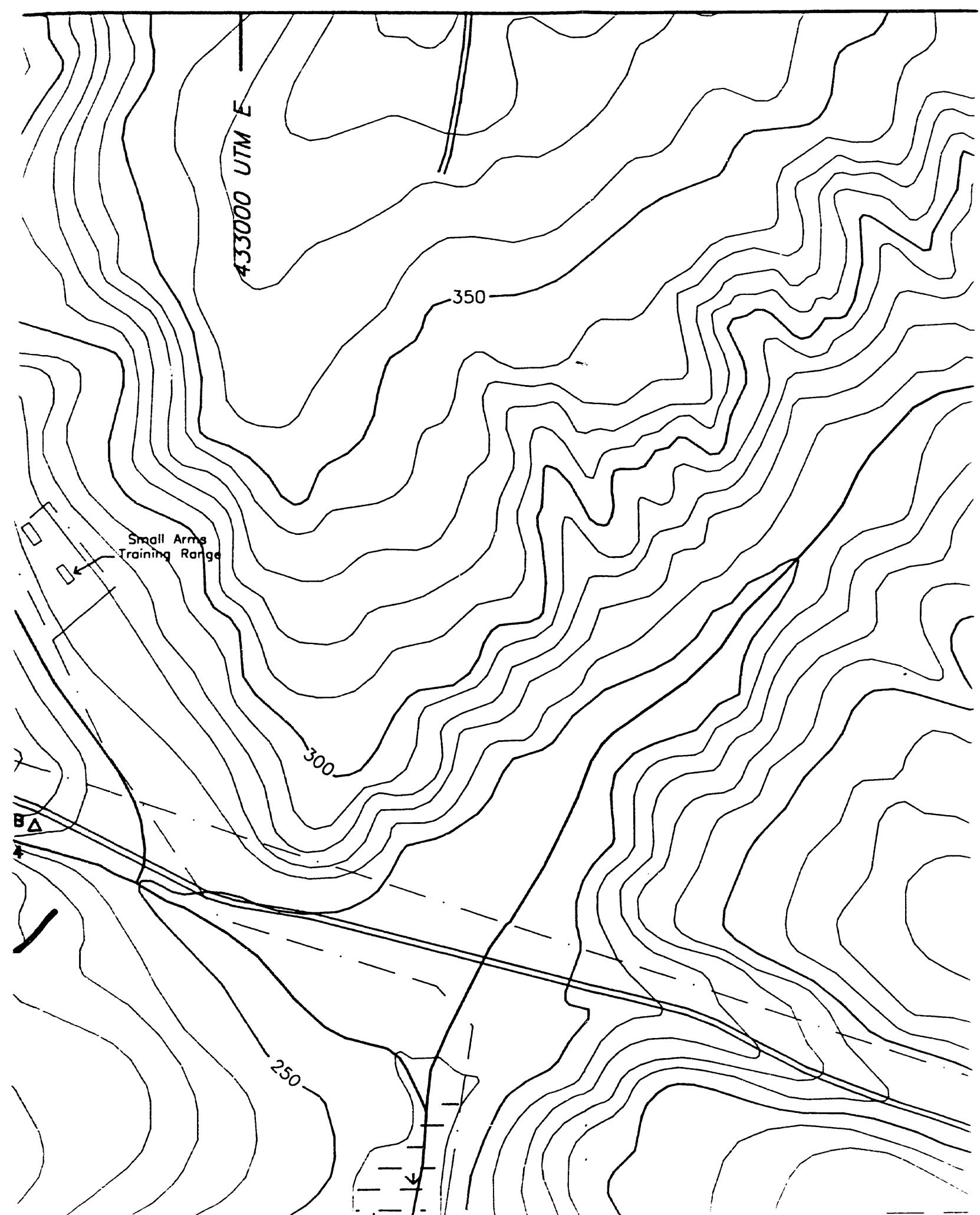
Source: USGS 7.5 minute quadrangle maps for New Ellenton SW and Jackson, SC. Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) projection, Zone 17.
Latitude/Longitude ticks in plain text, UTM ticks in italics.







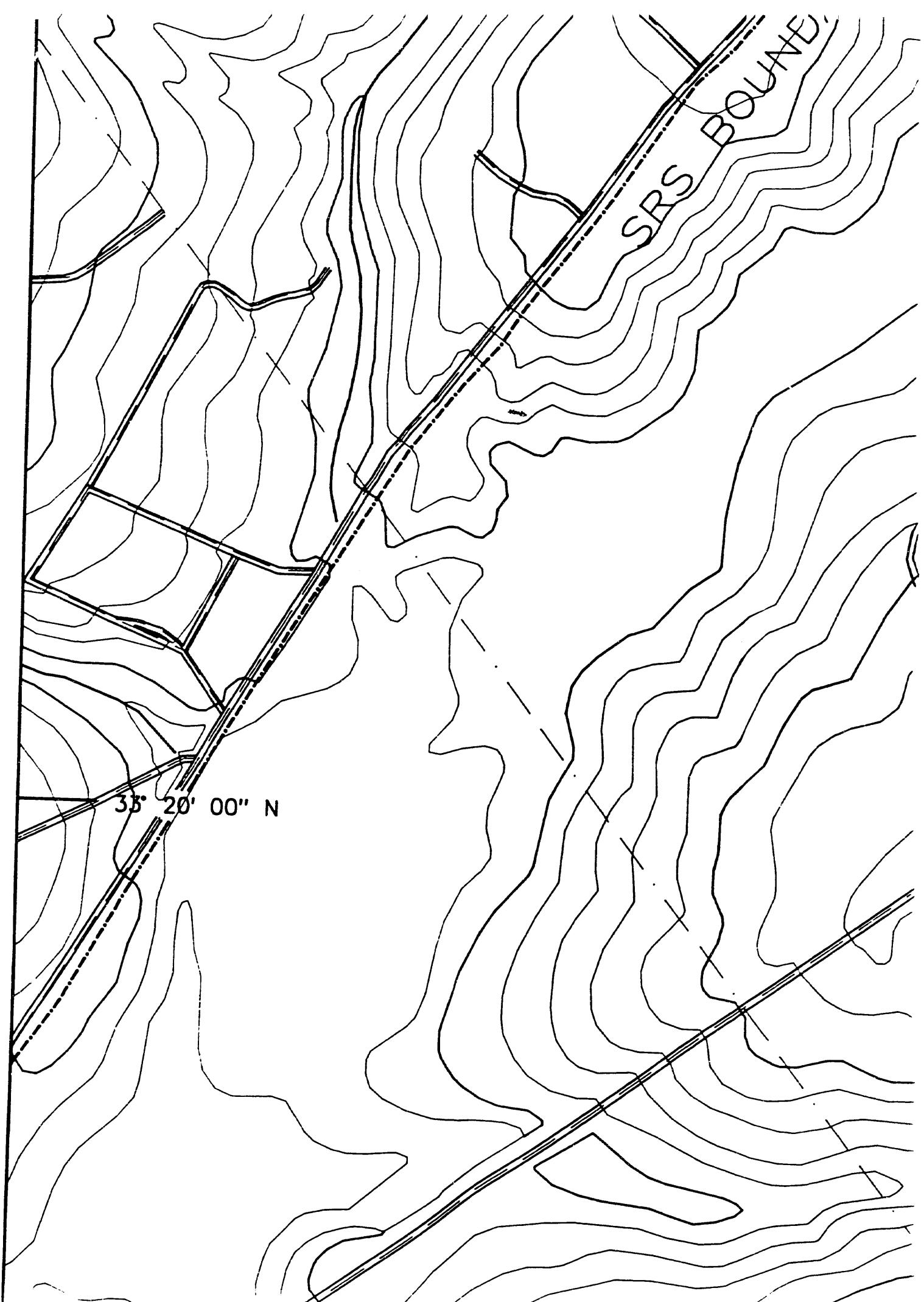


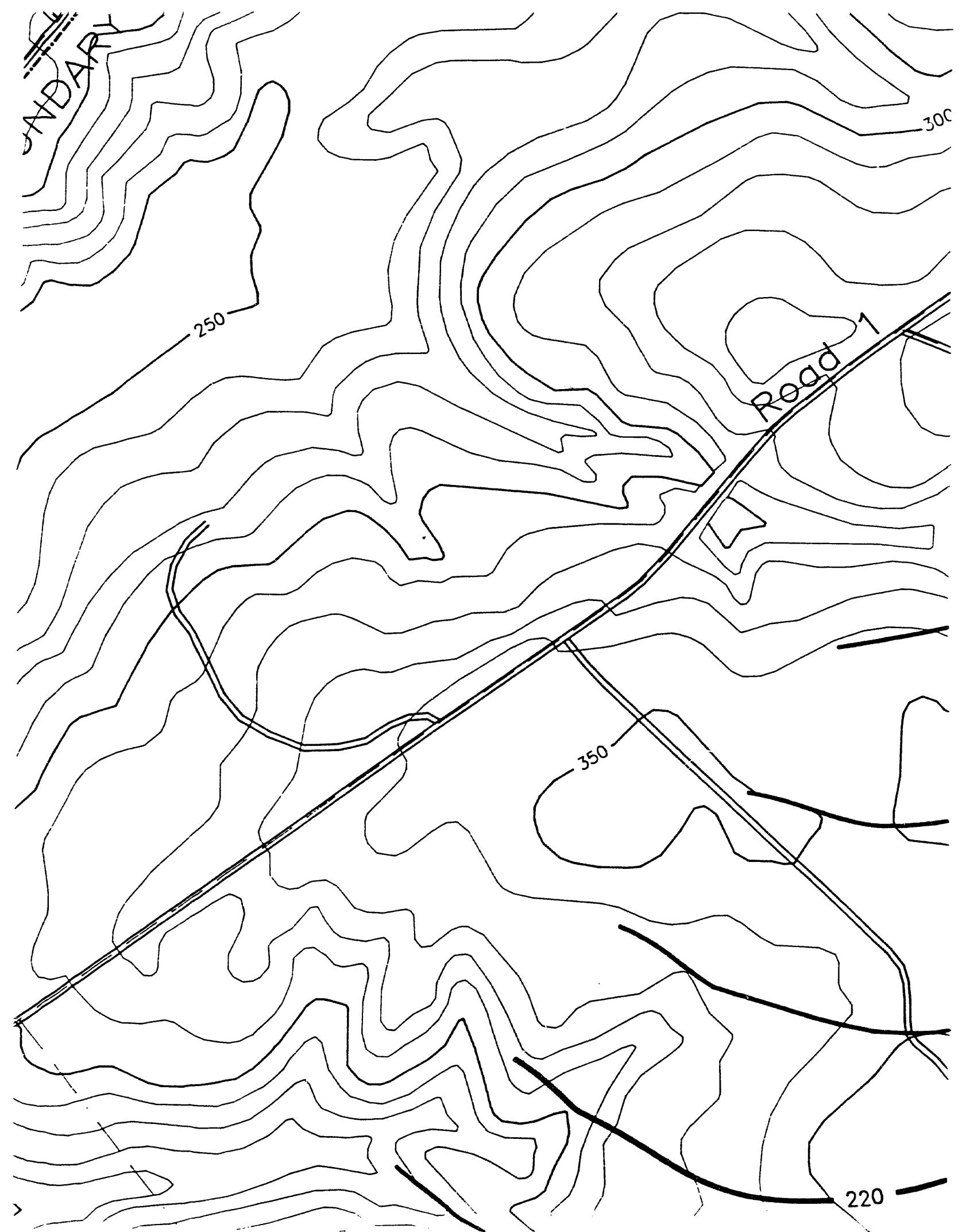


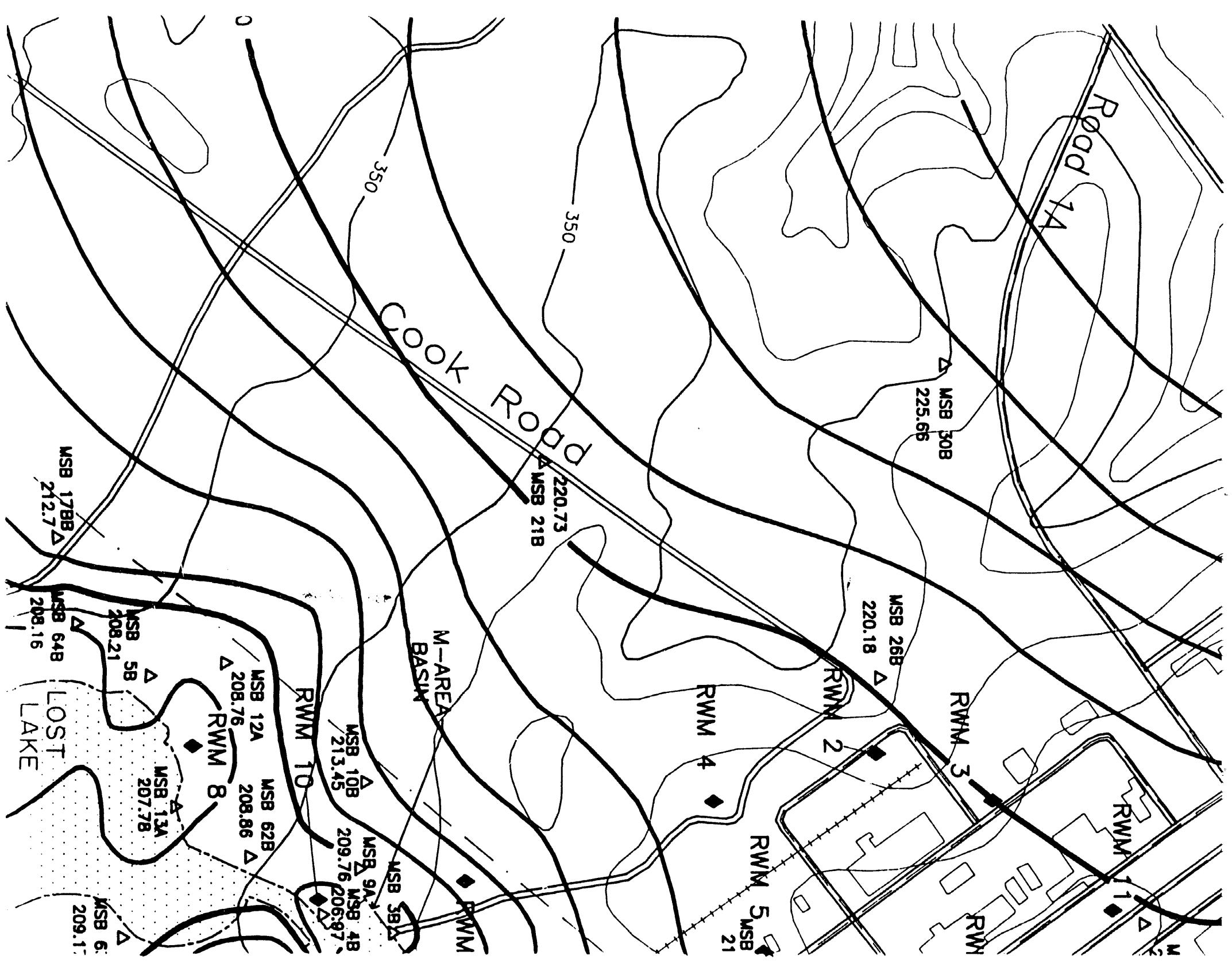
33° 21' 15" N

3690000 UTM N

350







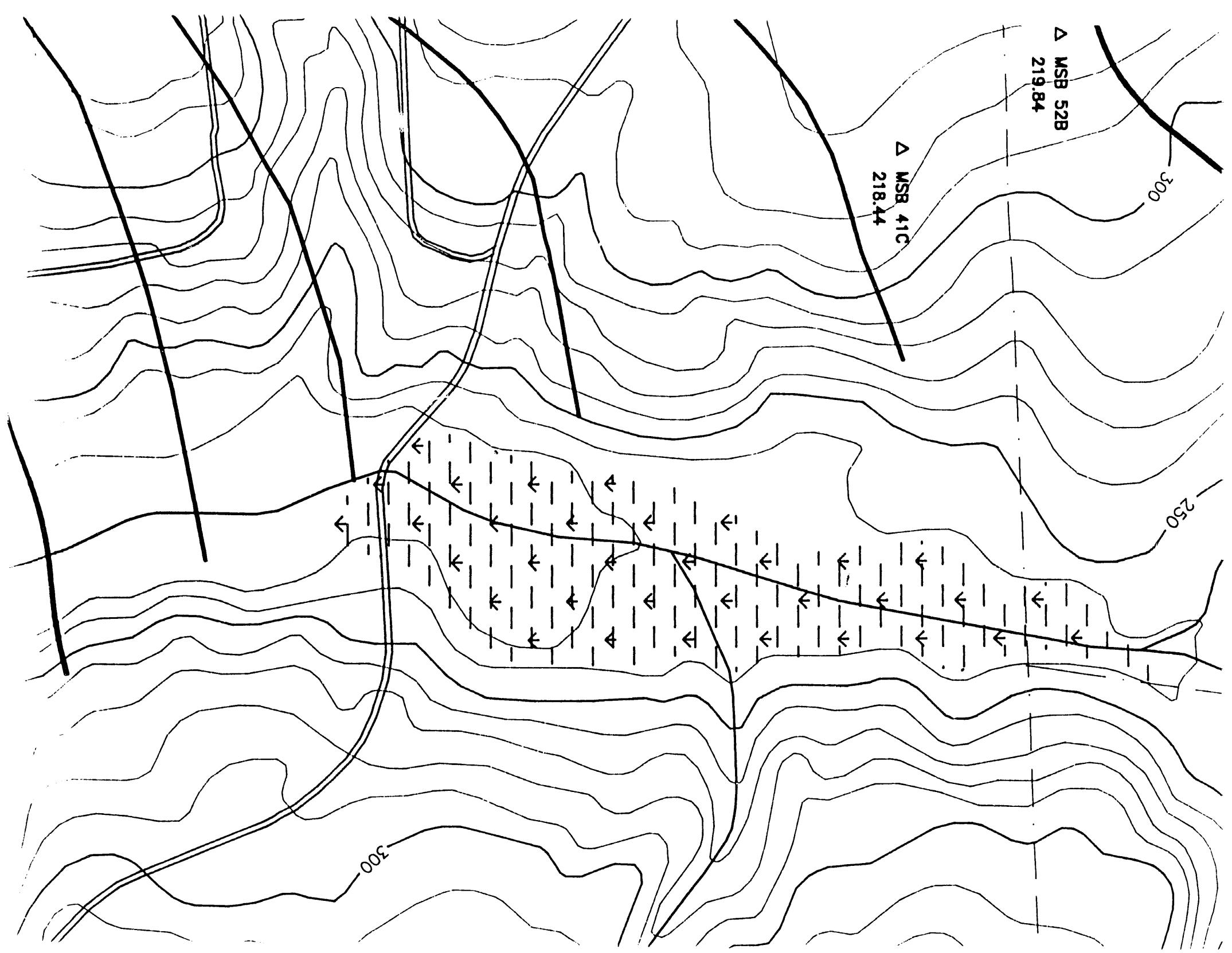
△ MSB 52B
219.84

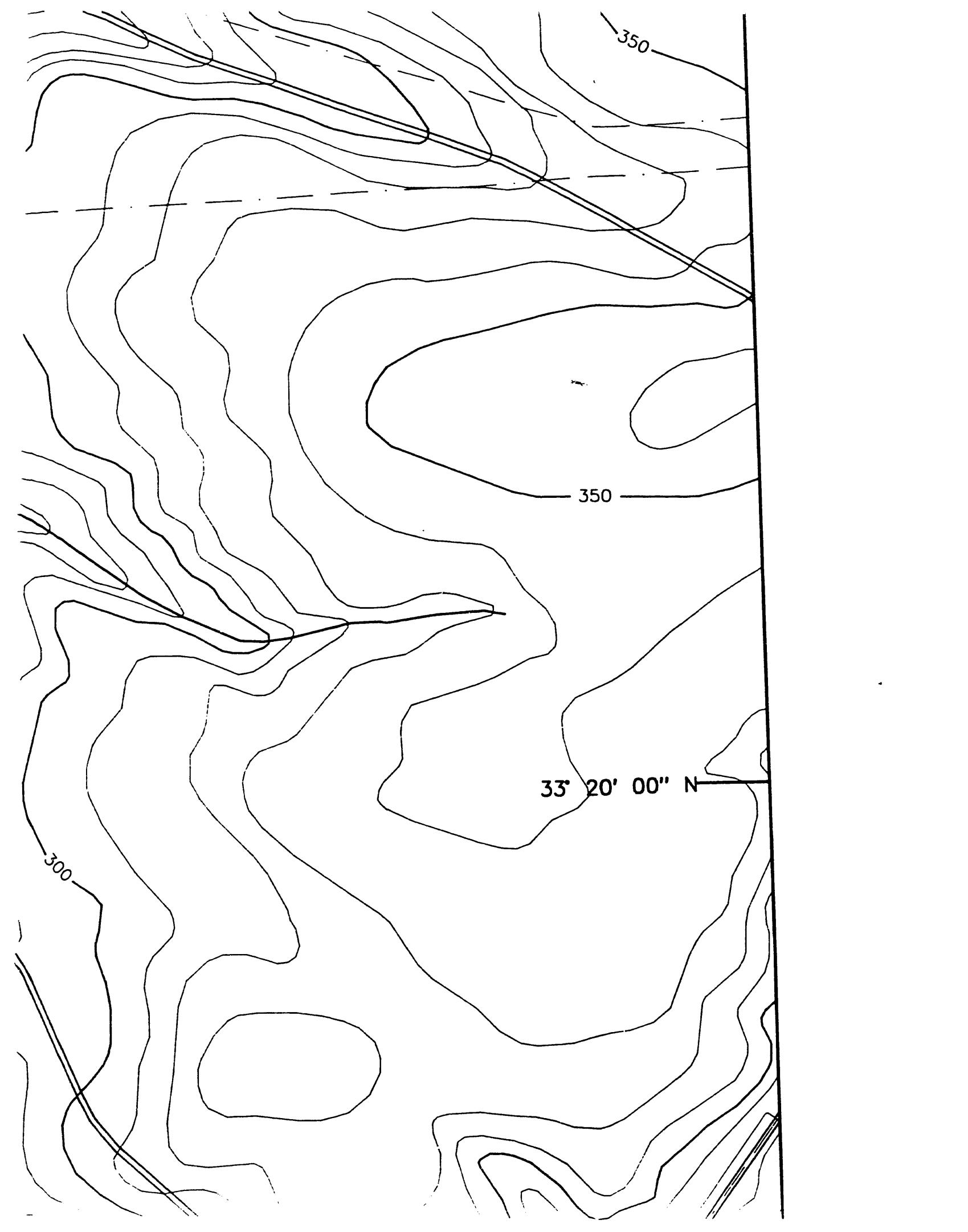
△ MSB 41C
218.44

300

250

300



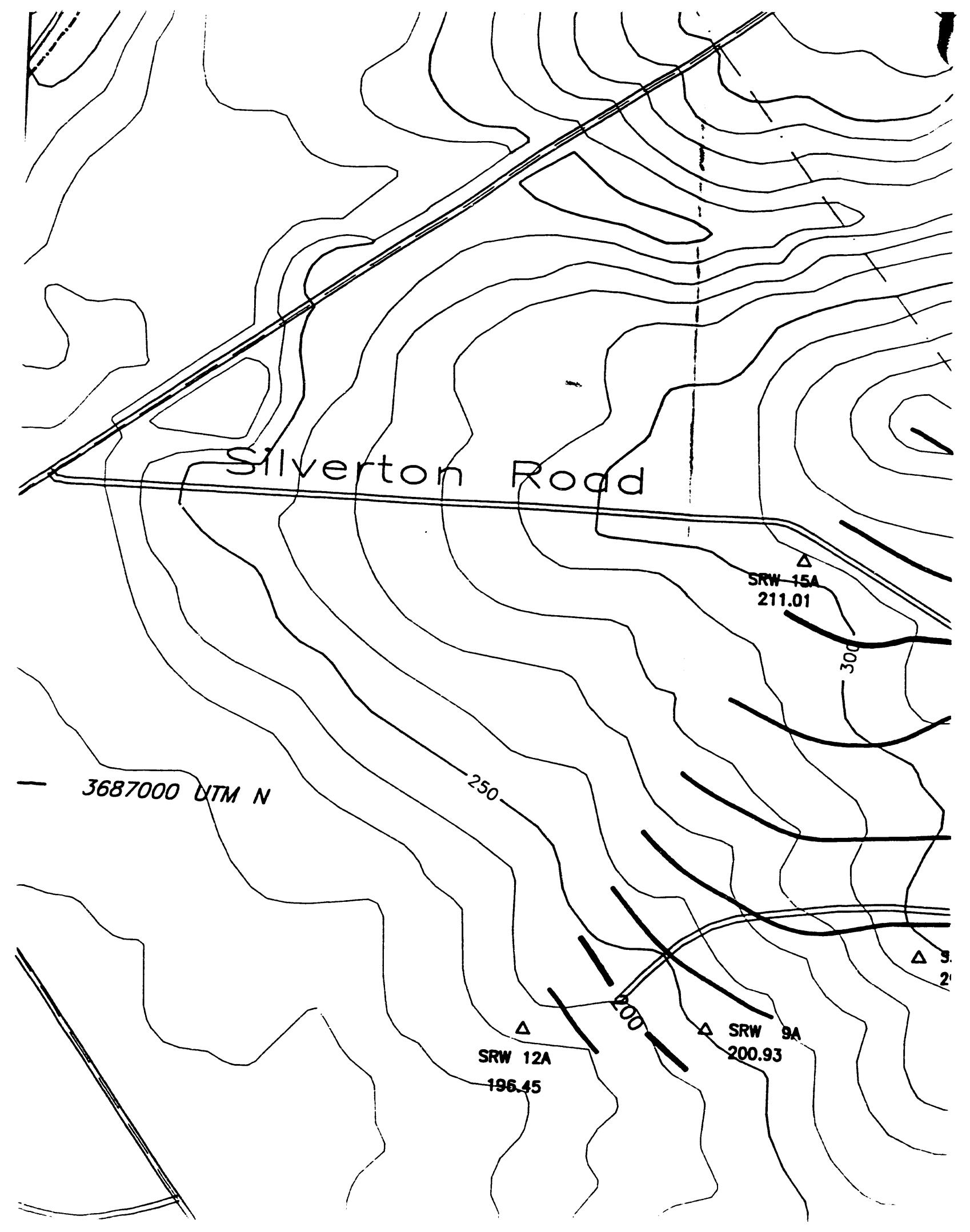


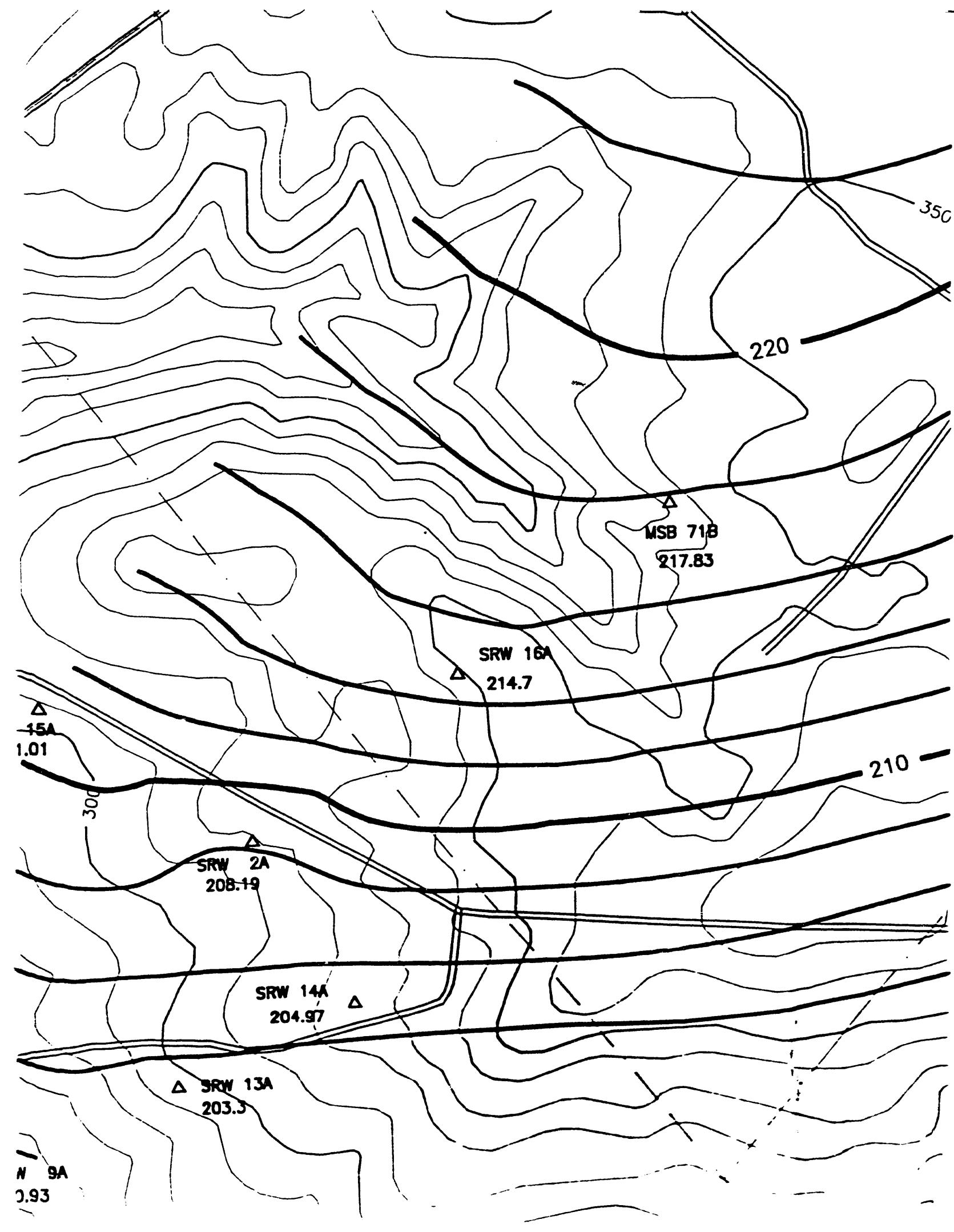
350

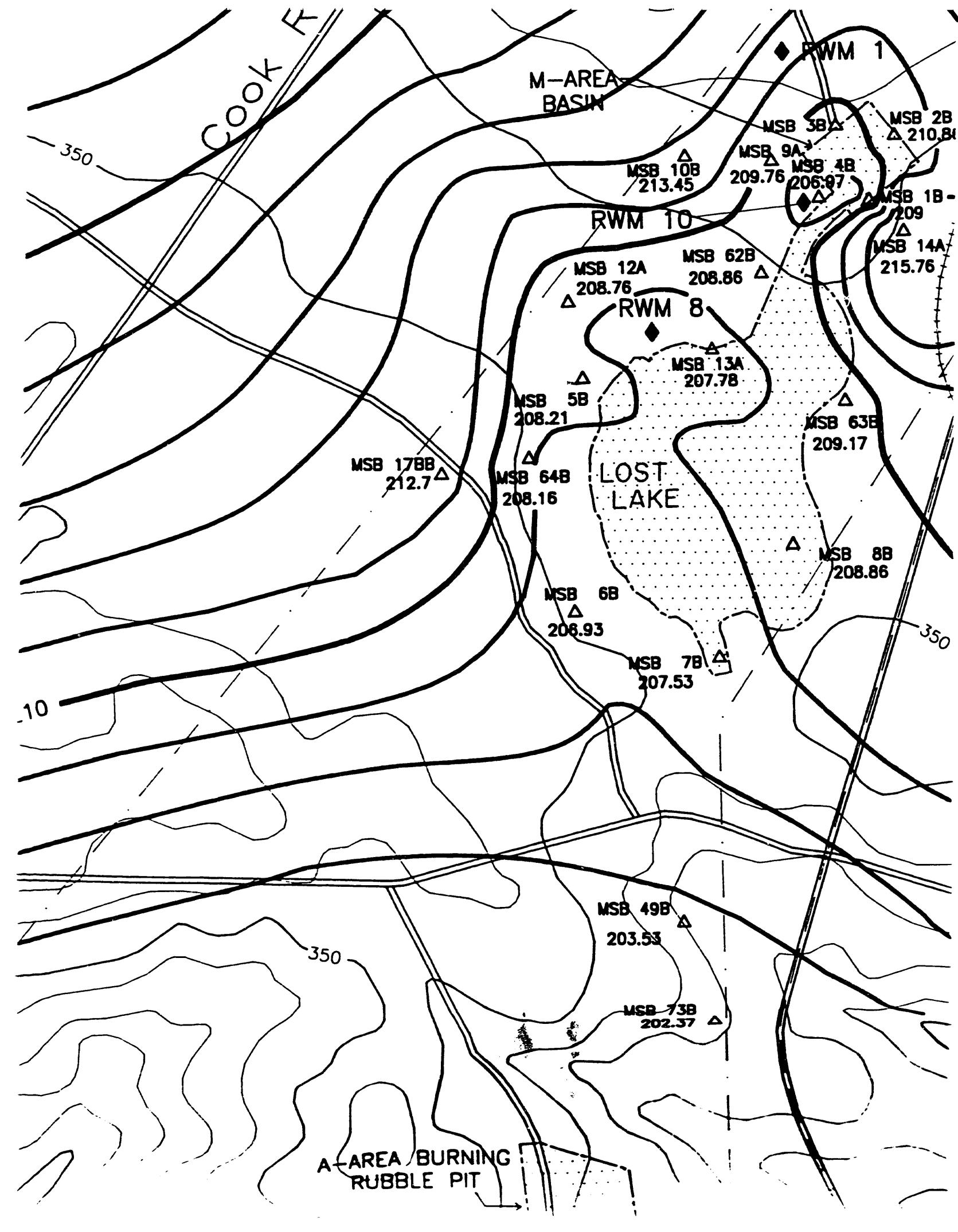
350

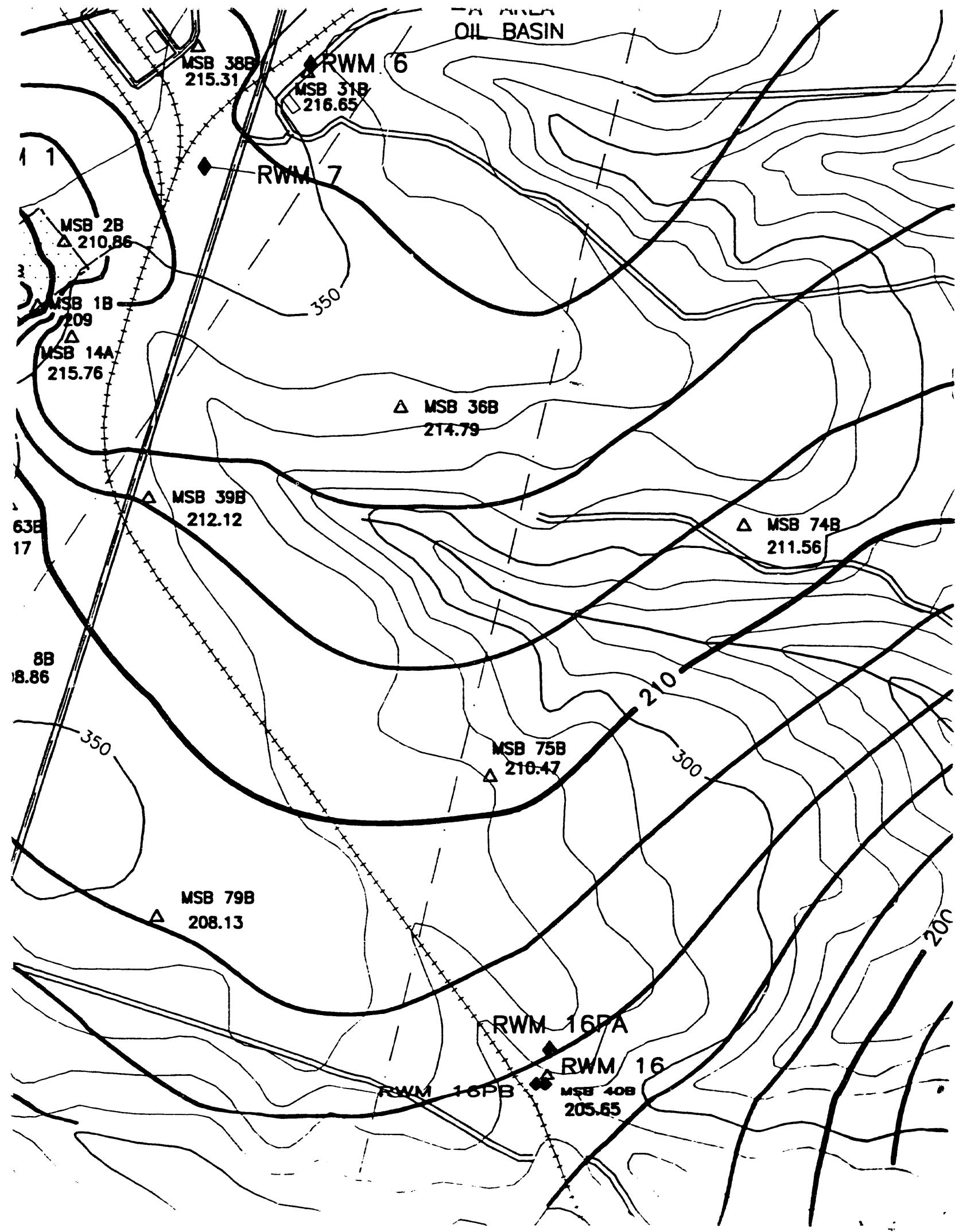
300

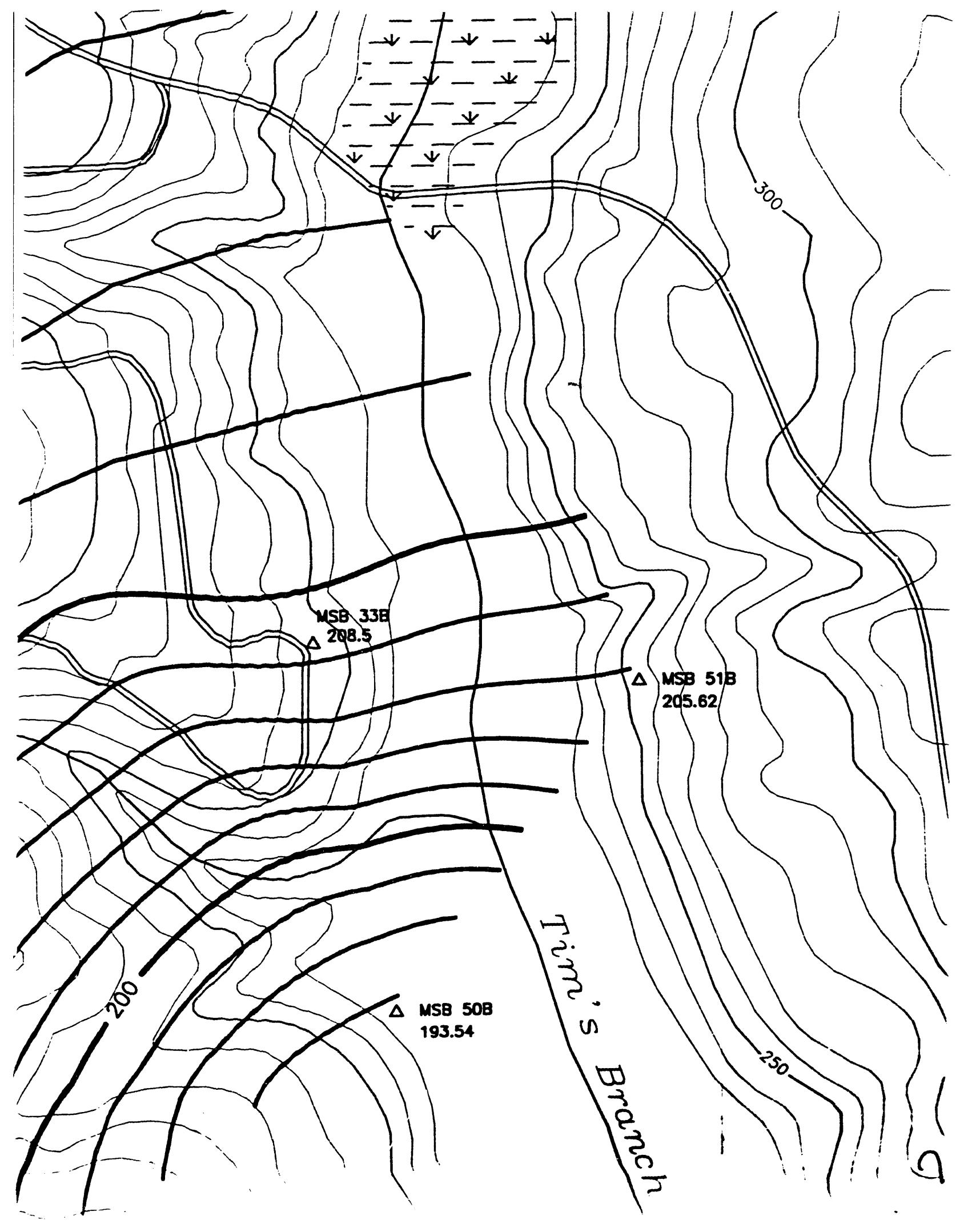
33° 20' 00" N











33° 20' 00" N

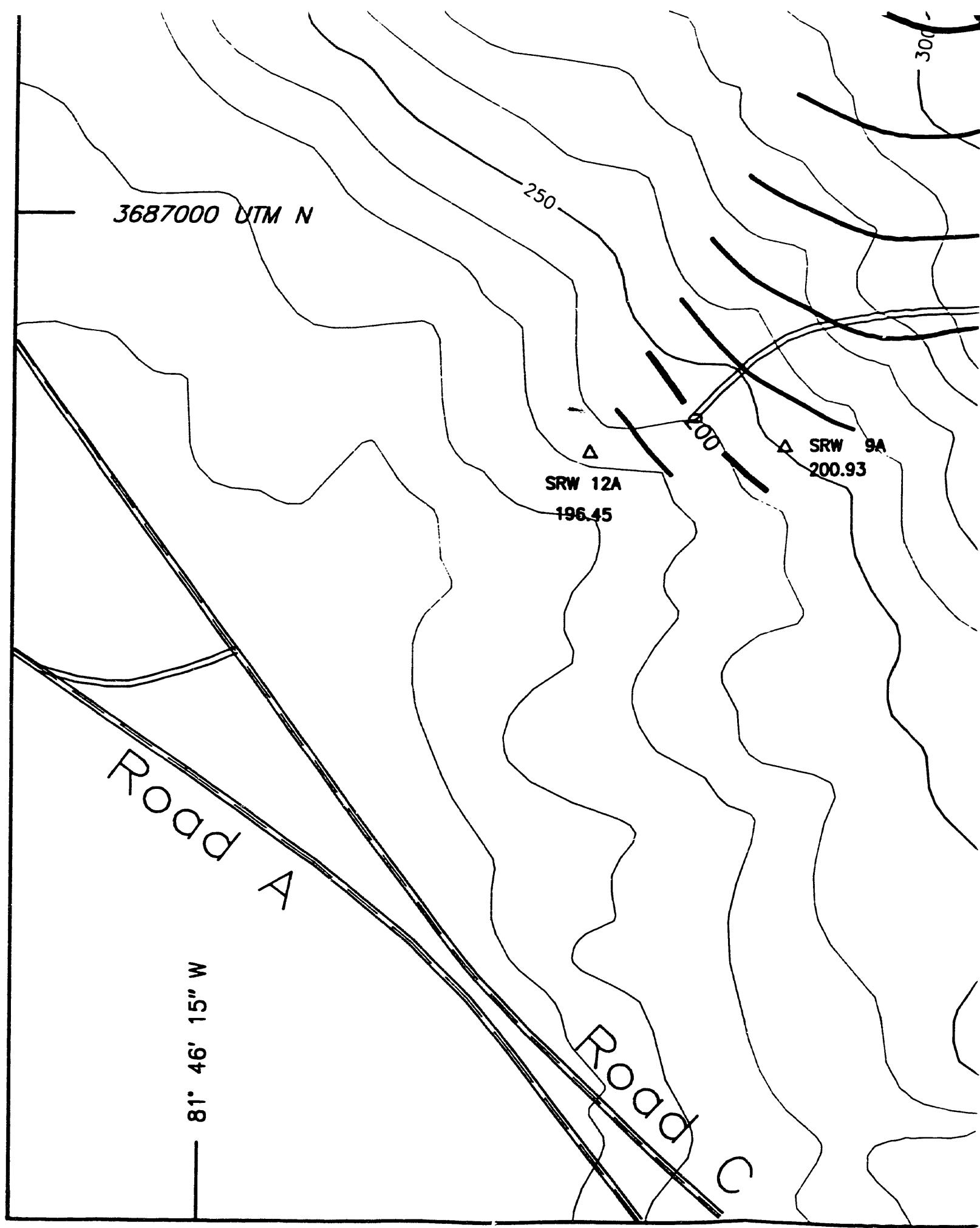
300

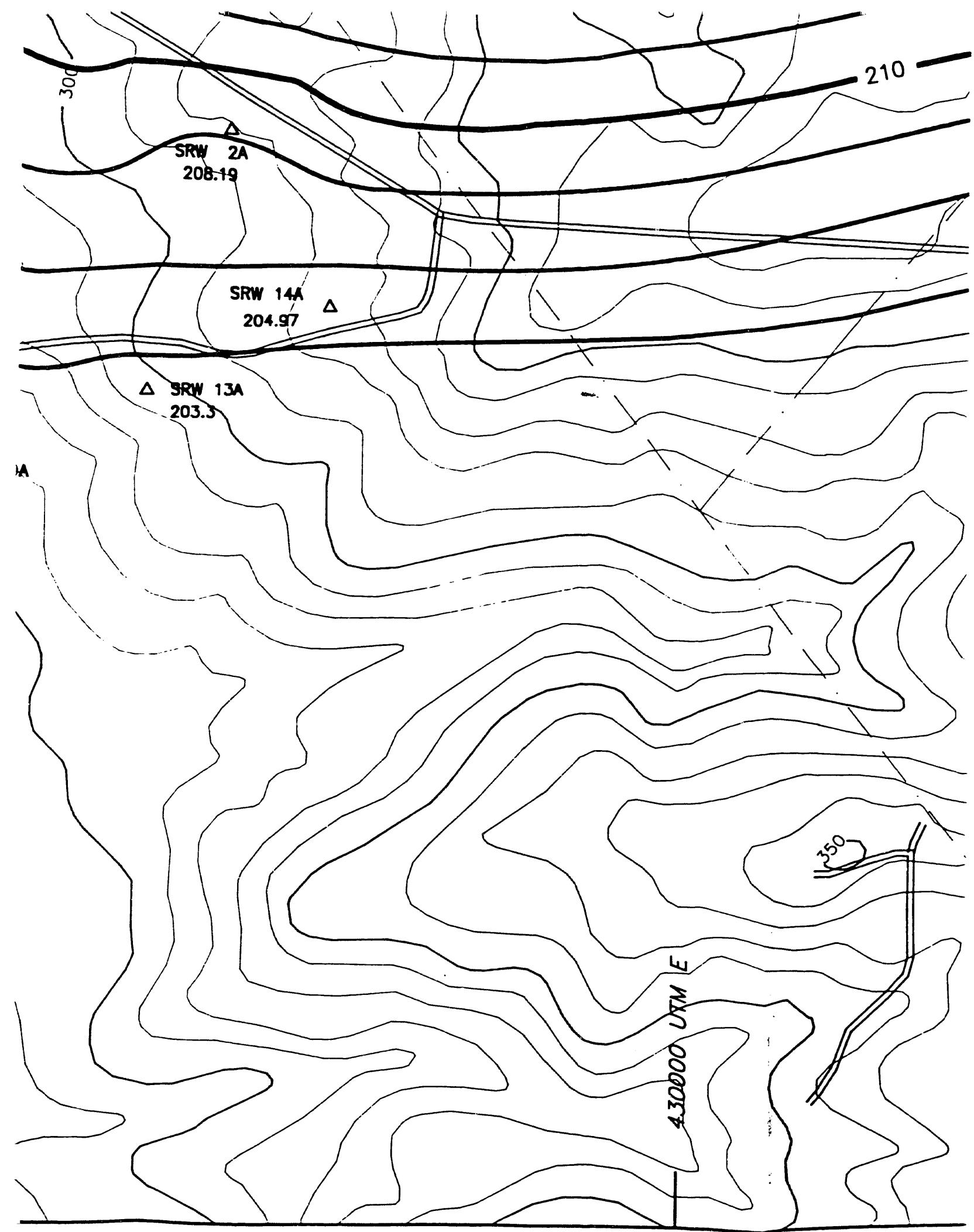
△ MSB 51B
205.62

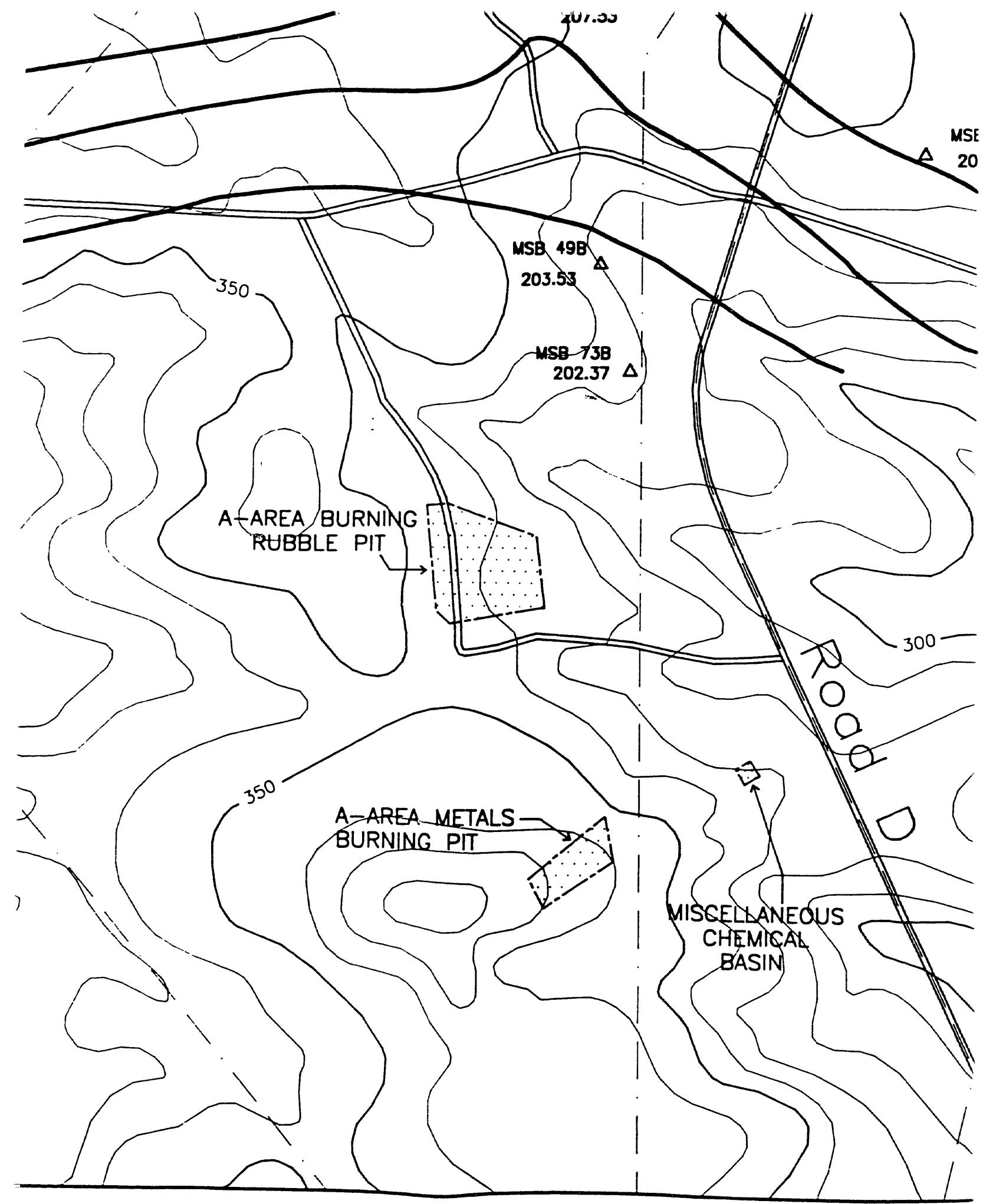
250

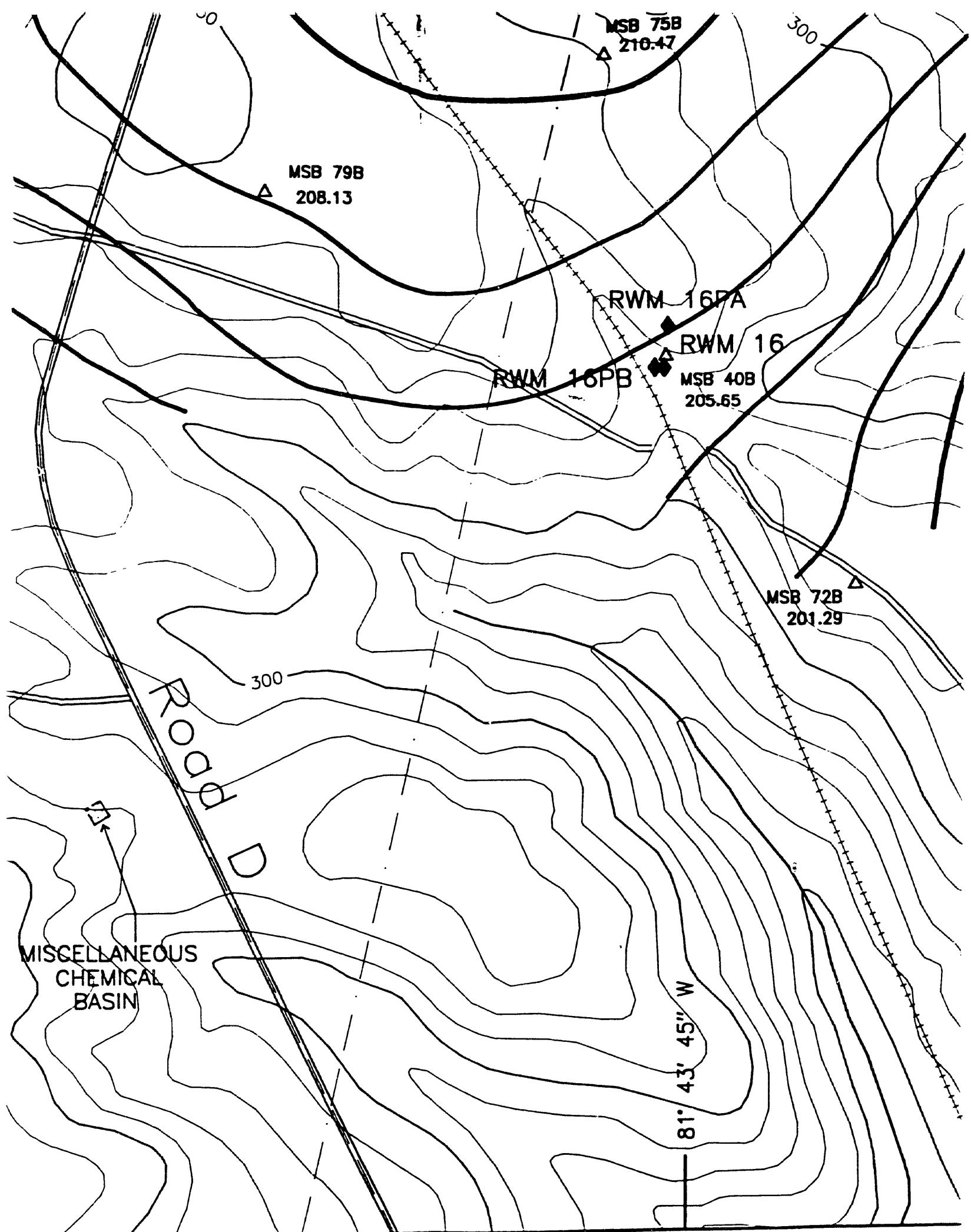
3687000 UTM N

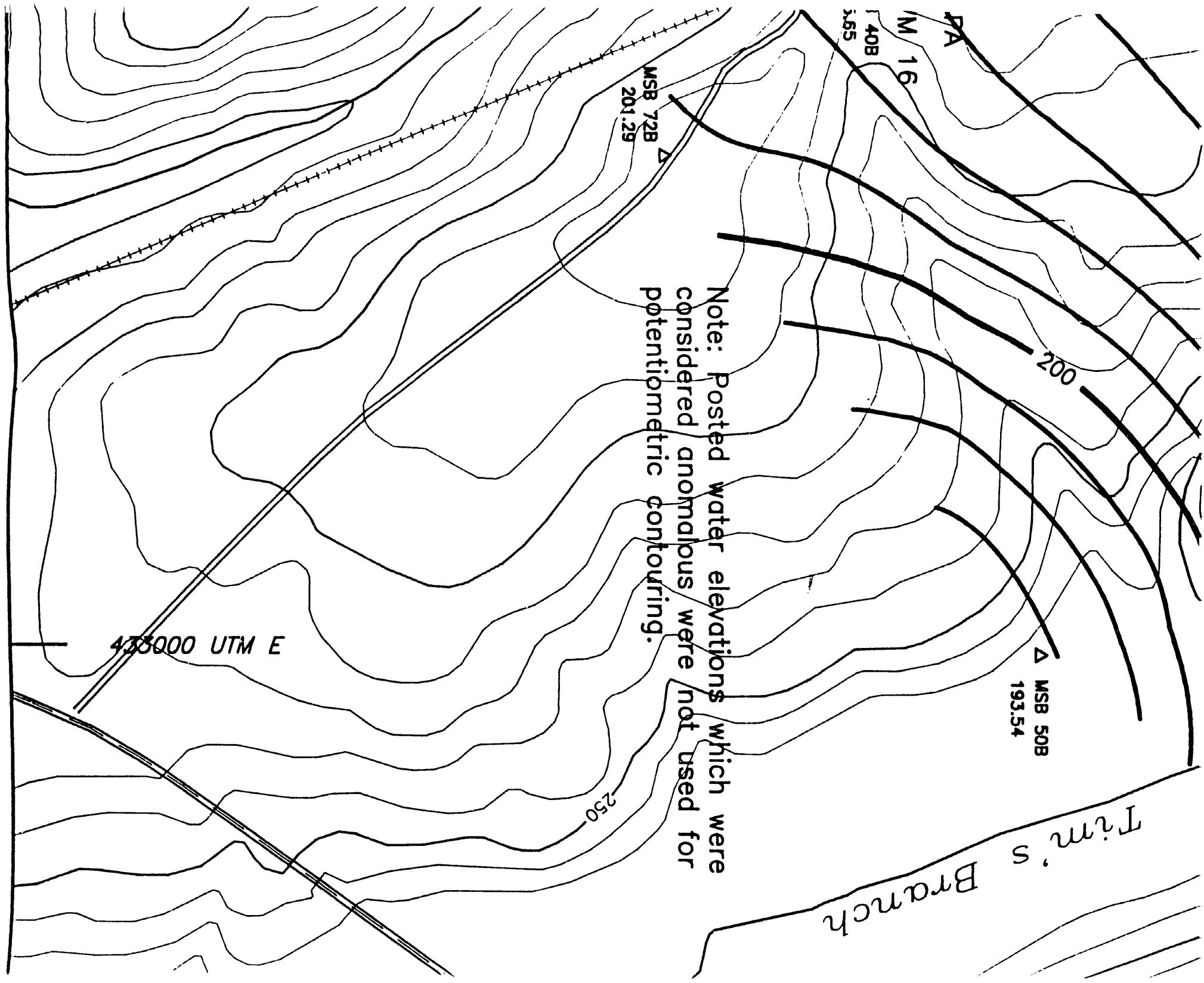
Bran











3687000 UTM N

Ranch

M-AREA HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT
FACILITY POST-CLOSURE CARE PERMIT
GROUNDWATER MONITORING AND CORRECTIVE ACTION PROGRAM
POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP (2Q93)
LOWER CONGAREE UNIT

Monitoring well
showing well name
and water elevation
in feet msl

MSB 85D

△
230.42

Water elevation
contour interval: 2 feet

Recovery well
showing well name

RWM 2

Topographic
contour interval: 10 feet

Paved road

Dirt road

Railroad

Streams

Power line

Waste unit

Site boundary

Topography

Potentiometric

contour

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

—

Scale in feet

0 250 500 1000

Scale in meters

0 100 200 1000

Source: USGS 7.5 minute quadrangle maps for New Ellenton SW and
Jackson, SC. Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) projection, Zone 17.
Latitude/Longitude ticks in plain text, UTM ticks in italics.

1973/3/19

DATE
FILED
MAY 1973