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## INSTALLATION PACKAGE FOR A SOLAR HEATING SYSTEM

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For the U. S. Department of Energy


## U.S. Department of Energy

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# SYSTEMOPERATION \& MAINTENANC: 

A.

GENERAL
This is an air type solar system deṣigned for heating during the winter and is very simple to operate. Basically the system is completely automatic and will function without further..adjustment when the control switch is in the "Winter Mode" and the manual override switch is in the automatic position. NOTE: This siwtch must be left in the automatic position and should only be changed by an authorized serviceman. Upon conclusion of the heating season, the control switch is placed in the Summer Mode which activates the attic fan and ventilates the collector and attic: NOTE: The soffit vents located above the front door must be opened in this Mode to insure adequate ventilation. If the vent mode is not operating properly, an alarm has been provided which guards against inadequate ventilation and warns the occupant of this fact. A local serviceman should then be called to rectify said problem. A third switch has been provided to manually turn off the attic fan during overcast days or night time and is clearly marked as such. There is also a system On-Off switch which controls the power to the entire system and is provided for servicing the system.

The moving parts consist of Fans No. 1, No. 2, the attic fan, dampers and damper motors 1-5. Normally the only reason why the system will not operate will be be cause of the lack of
electricity caused by a burned out fuse, or because the driving belts have parted or slipped. These two faults can easily and quickly be determined.

If the system does not shift to the proper operating mode it may be because of lack of power to the damper control systems and this should be checked. (See damper maintenance section). Failure of sensors or jamming of operating motors or solenoids may make the dampers and the control system inoperative and the serviceman should be called. (see list of authorized servicemen).

## B. FILTERS

Fan No. 2 is equipped with a standard fiberglass air filter which should be routinely checked and replaced when dirty. (see M-4 of working drawings for filter placement). This will normally be about once each month. Naturally, the air filters on the conventional unit should be checked and replaced, as per usual operation. Large mesh screening filters will be installed on the inlet and outlet to the rock storage pit and these should be checked occasionally to remove any insects or other material which may have accumulated.

## C. COLLECTORS

The collectors should be self cleaning if there is normal rainfall. However, during extended dry periods it may be necessary to hose down the tops to remove accumulated dust. In all events, the local serviceman should check collector cleanliness at least once per month to ensure efficient operation. Periodic checks for water leaks evidenced by obvious rusting and caused by Tedlar damage should be conducted. New Tedlar should be ordered (see collector manufacturer) and rusted areas properly cleaned and repainted. Other than this, there is very little that should go wrong with the collector, although an annual inspection by the local serviceman is advisable to see if anything inordinate has happened.
D. DUCTS

Ducts should be checked for air leaks, cracks, or separations. Duct insulation should also be checked and repaired or replaced as necessary.
E. SITE DATA ACQUISITION

The Site Data Acquisition system should not be touched in any way. This has nothing to do with the actual operation of the SEECO beating system but merely consists of a series of temperature and flow sensors which collect and transmit data to a general computer processing and recording point by a private telephone line which is connected to the transmitter in the house.

Maintenance to dampers, damper motors, fans and the control panel is explained in detail in the following pages. Control diagrams showing the various operating modes are also provided as well as a list of servicemen to contaçt in the event any complications should develop.

36" VERTICAL BELT-DRIVE POULTRY FAN
AMCA Certified Air Deliveries. $1 / 2 \mathrm{HP}$, Ball Bearing, TE Motor Included Shipping Crate Can Serve as Installation Frame. Shipped Completely Assembled


Completely assembled $36^{\prime \prime}$ belt-drive erhast fan with certified air delivery licensed by AMCA Shipped in a wood censed by which is specially designed for fast, easy installation in farm buildings such as poultry and livestock houses, as such as poultry and livestock houses, as easily removed from crate for installadion in factories, warehouses, greenhouses, laundries, etc. Rugged construe. frame has heavy -gauge tubular supports for vibrationfree performance. Balanced six-wing fan blade is embossed for strength and rigidity. Self-aligning. Sealed, ball bearing pillow blocks. Fan has $1 / 23 \mathrm{HP}$, $1725 \mathrm{RPM}^{2}, ~$
1150
Hz , totally enclosed, ball bearing, split phase, Dayton motor with automatic reset thermal phase, protection. Cast iron dr is shed es wis to ill ow paled. Sturdy motor base has slotted holes to allow proper belt adjustment when necessary. enturi tram
Dayton Electric Mfg. Co. certifies that the fan shown here is licensed to bear the AMCA seal. The ratings given are based on tests made in accordance with AMCA Standard 210 and comply with the requirements
of the AMCA Certified Ratings Program.
Mo. 3 C270 Fan. Retail \$231.20. Each........................ $\$ 138.45$


## MAINTENANCE

MDTDR - Check wiring for secure connections. Oiling IS NOT REQUIRED AS THIS MOTOR HAS SEALED

BEARINGS.
PULLEY- Check pulleys for secure fit and alignment. bel $T$ - Check belt for wear and replace as necessary.

Adjust belt tension making sure all motor
MOUNTING BOLTS ARE SECURE UPON COMPLETION
OF MAINTENANCE INSPECTION.
FAN
HOUSING-CHECK HOUSING FOR SECURE WALL ATTACHMENT.

## F-2 FANMOTOR

## 1/8 to 3/4 HP FURNACE \& BELT-DRIVE BLOWER MOTORS



${ }^{\circ}$ ) Nos. $6 \mathrm{~K} 463,6 \mathrm{~K} 362$ have NEMA 48 frame body mounted on NEMA 56 frame cradle base, bave $11 / 2=$ long. $1 /{ }^{\circ}$ dia. shaft and are supplied with ${ }^{3} / /^{\prime \prime}$ split steel shaft bushing.
( $\dagger$ Mounting base has 48 and 56 frame mounting holes. Mowr ahaft height $3^{\prime \prime} ; 11 / 2^{\circ}$ long, $1 / 2^{\circ}$ dia. shaft, supplitad with $\%^{\circ}$ split steal ahaft bushing.
MAINTENANCE
MDTOR - Check wiring for secure connections.Oiling
IS NOT REQUIRED AS THIS MOTOR HAS SEALED
BEARINGS.
PULLEY -Check pulley for secure fit and alignment
BE T - Check belt for wear and replace as necessary.Adjust belt tension making sure all motormounting bolts are secure upon completionOF MAINTENANCE INSPECTION,

# SINGLE INLET BELT-DRIVE DUCT BLOWERS Air Deliveries Based on Standard Test Codes of AMCA 



9, $10^{5}{ }_{8}$ \& $12!^{\prime \prime}$, Single-Width, Multi-Vane Wheels Adjustable on-the-Job to Any Discharge Position Very Quiet. Adapts to Many General Applications

Economical single-inlet blowers with inlet unobstructed, for general duct ventilation, exhausting, air conditioning, processing and industrial use. Comes with bottom horizontal discharge which can be altered on the job to any required discharge position by drilling new holes and rotating blower housing on base and bolting in position. Adjustable top motor mount quickly changed from top to rear mounting.

Rugged construction of heavy gauge steel throughout. Very quiet. High volume at low velocity. Over-sized ball bearings for long life and dependable operation. Finished in baked-on gray enamel. Motor not included.

Air deliveries of blowers listed below are based on standard test codes of AMCA.

(*) Overloaded below $1 / 0^{*} S P$. ( +1 Overlooded of this SP at specified $H P$.

| Model No. | Wheel Dia. | Size W | Shaft Dia. | BLOWER DIMENSIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | A | 8 | C | D | E | F | G | H | J | K | L | M | 0 | P | R | 5 |
| $2 \mathrm{C887}$ | 9 | $41 / 2$ | 5/8 | 105/8 | $103 / 4$ | $61 / 2$ | 9 | 613/16 | $5 \mathrm{~s} / 8$ | $713 / 16$ | $71 / 8$ | $61 / 4$ | $41 / 2$ | 815/16 | $73 / 4$ | $83 / 4$ | $11 / 2$ | 7/16 | $95 / 8$ |
| $2 C 888$ | $105 / 8$ | $51 / 4$ | $3 / 4$ | 123/4 | $113 / 4$ | 8 | $111 / 2$ | 71516 | 611/16 | 93/16 | 81/16 | 7 | 51/8 | 915/16 | $91 / 2$ | 101/2 | $11 / 2$ | 7/16 | $111 / 8$ |
| 2C800 | $121 / 2$ | $61 / 2$ | $3 / 4$ | $163 / 8$ | $131 / 4$ | $95 / 8$ | 143/4 | 101/8 | $81 / 4$ | $111 / 2$ | 101/2 | $81 / 4$ | $63 / 8$ | $131 / 4$ | 111/8 | 123/4 | 2 | 9/16 | 17 |



## E-3 BOOSTERFAN



MAINTENANCE
MDTOR - Check wiring for secure connections.Oiling IS NOT REQUIRED AS THIS MOTOR HAS SEALED BEARINGS, PULLEY -Check pulley for secure fit and alignment belt - Check belt for wear and replace as necessary. Adjust belt tension making sure all motor MOUNTING BOLTS ARE SECURE UPON COMPLETION OF MAINTENANCE INSPECTION,

TEMPERATURE CONTROLS ME. Heating and Air Conditioning Service 7321 North Bdwy., Ckla. City, Okla. 731i6 Telephone: AC 405-848-8573

CONCHO INDIAN SCHOOL<br>SOLAR PROJECT<br>TC77-13

OPERATIONS \& MAINTENANCE MANUAL

This page is copyrighted. For information on the Control Damper contact Ruskin Mfg Co, P. O. Box 129, Grandview, MO 64030.

## ENVIRONMENTAL SYSTEMS

 GENEKAL INSTwUCTIUNSSolid State Thermostats Proportional Controlling

GENERAL INFORMATION: The TP 8101 design is such that it can be mounted directly to a $2 \times 4$ handy box located on the wall. It is a self-contained unit which includes a sensing element and amplifier. The unit has three pigtails for connection of the power supply and control signal to the given controlled device, such as a solid state actuator drive. The red and blue wires are used to supply the 20 VDC to the controller. The yellow and blue wires are used to connect the variable output signal from the controller to the input of the controlled device. It is capable of operating several contiulled devices.

The room controller is completely factory calibrated and requires no field calibration. The throttling range is adjustable from $2-20^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ by selecting the proper throttling range pin. The unit contains a combination setpoint and calibration potentiometer with a range of $55-85^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.

Terminals are available on the back of the unit to accomplish the following options: remote setpoint. remote sensing, summer-winter changeover and auxiliary selective ratio elements.

## ACCESSORIES:

1. The AD-8951 mounting assembly is an accessory provided to permit easy panel mounting and wiring of the TP-8101 room controller. It includes a $11^{\prime \prime} \times 4^{\prime \prime}$ piece of vinyl mounting track. See Figure 4 for wiring information.
2. Remote setpoint adjuster (AT-8158), see Figure 2 for wiring.
3. Auxiliary selective ratio element (TS-8601), see Figure 3 for wiring.

## INSTALLATION INFORMATION:

Location: Locate the controller where it will be exposed to unrestricted natural air circulation and to the average conditions of the controlled space. Do not locate it near sources of heat or cold (such as lamps, motors, sunlight, radiators, and concealed pipes or ducts within the wall) which might affect the control point.

## Ambient Temperature Limits:

Maximum $+135^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
Minimum $+40^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$

TYPE: TP-8101


Wiring: Pigtails are provided for wiring to the controlled device. Large, coded, screw type terminals are provided for all other electrical connections. Make all electrical connections to the element in accordance with installation wiring diagrams for the job. Comply with National and Local Electrical Codes. No. 18 3-conductor thermostat cable may be used. Low voltage Class 2 wire is acceptable but No. 18 or larger 600 V wire should be used if splices are to be made in the same junction box with line voltage wiring.
The controller may be installed on either a flush switch box or surface switch box. To install, proceed as follows:

1. "Pull" all wires that are required.
2. Connect all control wiring to thermostat terminals.
3. Make electrical connections to any remote sensing elements with a conductor cable.
4. Remove the thermostat cover. To do so, loosen the screw at the bottom of the cover, pull the cover out from the bottom and up to disengage from the base.

## 5. Fasten the base to the box with the provided captive

 screws.6. Replace cover and tighten cover screw.
7. Remote Setpoint: Remove dial knob from the TP-8101, Figure 1, and install the AT-8158 remote setpoint adjustor between terminals $1,2 \& 7$. This is used for applications where the setpoint adjustment is mounted remote from the TP 8101 controller.
8. Remote Sensing: Remove the internal 1000 ohm sensor, Figure 1, and install the remote sensor (TS-8000 series) between terminals $7 \& 8$. This is used for applications where the sensor is mounted remote from the TP-8101 controller.
9. Summer-Winter Changeover: The controller operates in either the DA or RA mode.

Jumper 4 to 5 - DA (Direct Acting) = temperature increase causes output voltage increase

Jumper 3 to 4 - RA (Reverse Acting) $=$ temperature increase causes output voltage decrease


Fig. 1 - TP. 8101 Component Locations


Fig. 2 - TP-8101 Terminal Arrangement Etc.


ENSIVGELEMENT
IS 8601 SELECTIVE RATIO OISCHARGE
Fig. 3 - Wiring Schematic
in Figure 3 This s used for room and discharge control appl cations.

## Adjustments:

The TP 8101 has been factory calibrated to produce a 7.5 VDC output signal when he setpoint and the temperature at the sensing element agree.

Throttling range settings of $2,3,6 \& 20$ are available by placing the T.R. jumper on the proper selector pin, see Figure 1.

## Service:

1. Check wiring per job wiring diagram
2. Measure with VOM
A. Power Supply 20 VDC • Red ( + ) to Blue ( $(-)$ wire
B. Output 1-15 VDC - Yellow ( + ) to Blue ( - ) wire
C. Sensor 1000 ohm remote or internal
3. Consult EN III for additional service information


Fig. 4 - TP. 8101 Mounting on AD-8951


Fig. 5 - TS-8601 Ratio Discharge Sensor

SOLID STATE ADAPTORS<br>Seq./Par./Rev. Module Hi-Lo Selector Module

General Information: Specific adaptor modules are designed to meet system applications such as sequencing/paralleling/reversing, and high-low signal selection. By placing these modules between the controller and the controlled device, complex cycles of operation can be accomplished. The design of the module centers around the use of integrated circuits and discrete type components arranged on printed circuit boards and snapped into vinyl track for mounting in a local control panel.

The high-low signal selector module, Figure 1, is designed to accomplish either high or low signal selection, depending on the pin arrangement underneath the cover, Figure 3. The device is calibrated at the factory and requires no field calibration. It has the capability of selecting either the highest or lowest signal from up to six zones. The output signal then responds to either the highest or lowest zone thermostat, depending on the application.

The sequencing/paralleling/reversing module, Figure 2, is a device which conditions the signal supplied by the controller and provides sequencing, reversing, or parallel operation to the controlled device. In the sequencing mode, the output is adjustable above or below the output voltage of the controller, permitting sequencing of two controlled devices. In the reversing mode, the output of the module is reversed with respect to the input, i.e., a $1-15$ volt input provides a $15-1$ volt output. In the paralleling mode, several controlled devices can be operated in parallel from the signal produced by the sequencing/paralleling/reversing module.

Installation Information: The module is designed to be track mounted and located in a local control panel. The unit is provided with a $7-1 / 2$ " piece of mounting track to permit quick and easy panel mounting, in a horizontal or vertical position. Location should be such that the unit is not subjected to severe vibration, shock, or ambient temperature conditions.

Make all connections in accordance with job wiring diagrams, complying with all national electrical codes. Wiring terminations are made at screw terminals located on the end of the printed circuit board, Figures 4 and 6 .


Figure 1


## Ambient Temperature Limits:

Minimum - $+40^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
Maximum $-+135^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
Construction: The AD 8101, and 8201 adaptor modules are designed primarily for track mounting in a local or central control panel. However, they can also be located inside the AD 8910 enclosure for remote field mounted installations.

Adjustments: High-low selector module - this module is factory calibrated to provide a $1: 1$ ratio so that with a 6-9 volt input a $6-9$ volt output is obtained. An adjustment is available so that the output of the high-low selector module can be changed $\pm 4$ volts $D C$ with respect to the input signal, Figure 3.


Adjustments: Sequencing/paralleling/reversing module is calibrated at the factory to provide a $1: 1$ ratio so that with a $6-9$ volt input, a 6.9 volt output can be obtained. The sequencing/paralleling/reversing module has an adjustment so that the output signal may be changed $\pm 5$ volts with respect to the input signal, Figure 5.


## Service:

1. Check wiring per job wiring diagram.
2. Me sure with VOM:
A. Power supply 20 VDC, terminals +20 and COM.
B. Output 1-1 VDC terminals OP1 and COM.
C. Input 1-15 VDC terminals IV1 through IV6 and COM.
3. Consult EN 111 for additional service information.


Figure 4

## Service:

1. Check wiring per job wiring diagram.
2. Measure with VOM:
A. Power supply 20 VDC terminals +20 and COM.
B. Output 1-15 VDC terminals OP1 and COM.
C. Input 1-15 VDC terminals, IV1, IV2 and COM.
3. Consult EN 111 for additional service information.


Figure 6

Product Information

Solid State Controlled Device<br>Single Stage Relay<br>Time Proportioning Relay

TYPE:

General Information: Staging relays, Figure 1, are offered in various configurations which include single stage, dual stage, and dual stage with one stage containing heat anticipation. These staging relays require 120 volts AC for power source and contain a 20 volt $D C$ regulated power supply which is used to supply power to other modules, such as controllers and adaptors. The staging relay receives a $1-15$ volt DC input signal and by means of adjusting the drop-out voltage of each stage, the relays may be made to operate at any voltage in this $1-15$ volt span. The differential of the relay is adjustable by selecting the proper pin on the printed circuit board.

The time proportioning version of the staging relays can be used to control heating-cooling applications. The heating side is built with a heat anticipation circuit which provides time proportioned control of electric heat. The second relay in the module can be used for cooling which would be connected to a single stage DX coil.

Adjustments: The staging relay has a potentiometer which will set the drop-out point of each relay between 2-12 volts DC. It also contains fixed deadband (pull-in to drop-out) of $1 / 2,1,2$, and 4 volts DC, Figure 2. Pull-in point represents drop-out voltage plus deadband voltage setting.

## Ambient Temperature Limits:

Minimum $+40^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$; Maximum $+135^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.
Installation Information: The module is designed to be track mounted and located in a local control panel. The unit is provided with a $7-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ piece of mounting track to permit quick and easy panel mounting, in a horizontal or vertical position. Location should be such that the unit is not subjected to severe vibration, shock, or ambient temperature conditions.

Make all connections in accordance with job wiring diagrams, complying with all national electrical codes. Wiring terminations are made on screw terminals located on the end of the printed circuit board. See Figure 3, 4, 5 for module wiring.
Construction: The CC 8101,8102 , and 8103 relays are designed primarily for track mounting in a local or central control panel. However, they can also be located inside the AD 8910 enclosure for remote field mounted installations.


Figure 1


Figure 2


FACTORY SET: (NON-ADJUSTABLE) 6 VDC INPUT - 100\% DUTY CYCLE
7.5 VDC INPUT - $50 \%$ DUTY CYCLE ( 45 SEC)

9 VDC INPUT - 0\% DUTY CYCLE

## Calibration:

1. Apply power to relay module.
2. Connect VOM to input terminals IV1, IV2 and COM.
3. Set input voltage to desired drop-out voltage (IV1).
4. Adjust stage one for relay drop-out (R1).
5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 for stage two (R2).
6. Set differential to desired setting.

## Service:

1. Check wiring per job wiring diagram.
2. Measure with VOM
A. Power 120 VAC terminal L1 and L2.
B. Power supply 20 VDC terminal +20 and COM.
C. Input 1-15 VDC terminal IV1, IV2 and COM.
3. Consult EN 111 for additional service information.

# Barber.Colman Compan4 CONTROLS DIVISION 

1300 Rock Street, Rockford, Illinois, U.S.A., 61101

Proportional and Two-Position Hydraulic
Actuators for Dampers and Valves

## DEVICE INFORMATION

## Identification

Members of this group may be easily identified by referring to the part number displayed around the center of the cylinder. The date of manufacture (numerically, the week followed by the year) is stamped in ink on every actuator.

This General Instruction Sheet is concerned with all MP-5200 Series actuators bearing the part number suffix "-0-0-1" and all MA- 5200 Series actuators. Actuators with the part number suffix " 500 " have a built in adjustable SPDT switch. When working with actuators manufactured before this series, refer to your obsolete literature file for previous GI's. F-11943-3 deals with the obsolete MP-5200 Series. F-12766-1 is the previous sheet on MA-5200 Series actuators.

MA and MP-5210 Series: These actuators are two position and proportional valve actuators, respectively.

MA and MP-5220 Series: These actuators are two position and proportional damper actuators, respectively.

## Pre-Installation

MA and MP-5210 Series: These valve actuators are supplied without additional linkage or hardware. Valve bodies or linkage must be ordered separately.

MA and MP-5220 Series: These damper actuators are supplied with mounting bracket, and integral damper linkage. Also required for installation will be three $1 / 4$-inch diameter bolts or other fasteners to mount the actuator. Additional hardware normally required for linking the damper would be:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { AM-132-0-0-1 } & \text { balljoint connector } \\
\text { AM-122-0-0-1 } & \text { - straight connector } \\
\text { AM-125 } & \text { 5/16-inch link rod } \\
\text { AM-111 thru } 115 \text { - damper shaft crank arms }
\end{array}
$$

When actuators have the optional auxiliary switch, an XDDH-132 adjusting wrench is available for adjustment.

Before mounting the device check for dents, bent parts and signs of oil leakage. Also check supply voltage against requirements, shown below:

Voltage
Part No. Requirements (VAC)

MA-5200 and MP-5200-0-0-1 Series
$\longrightarrow$



Figure 2. Dimensional Drawings

## INDIALLAIIUIV

## Requirements

These actuators will operate correctly in any position and are unaffected by normally encountered environmental conditions. Ambient temperature limitations: For MA Series, minimum is zero and maximum is $140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. For MP-5220 Series, minimum is minus $20^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ and maximum is $135^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. Power required is 10 watts.

## Procedure

1. Before installing the device, check to be sure that it operates properly.

MA (two position) actuators: When the proper AC voltage (Figure 4) is applied, the actuator motor should run causing the actuator to extend.

MP (proportional) actuators: These actuators require the proper input voltage (Figure 3) and a control voltage of 1 to 15 VDC. As the control voltage goes through a nominal 6 to 9 VDC range, the actuator should travel through its stroke with the proper valve or damper linkage. For this checkout step, the AD-8301 manual positioner may be used to supply the control voltage.
2. Install and connect the device physically.

Damper actuators: Position actuator and mark mounting holes using the actuator bracket as a template. When mounting the actuator allow 10 inches space for wiring, and leave adequate room for linkage. Allow $2-1 / 4$ inches to remove actuator from integral linkage.

The best position for the actuator is with the actuator crank arm and the crank arm on the driven shaft, at a $90^{\circ}$ angle to the linkrod at midstroke. It may be necessary to swivel the actuator linkage to arrive at the best mounting location.

Allow adequate working space to wire the actuator into the system.

Drill mounting holes for the appropriate $1 / 4$-inch diameter mounting fasteners and mount the actuator. The actuator must be mounted firmly enough to prevent excessive actuator movement under normal damper loading. If there is excessive actuator movement, the damper may not fully open or fully close.

Valve actuators: Remove the valve body from the actuator by loosening the $1-5 / 8$-inch flange nut.

Pipe the valve body into the system. Note: Be sure that the actual flow is in the same direction as the arrows on the valve body indicate. Allow 3 inches above the actuator case for reattachment and removal.

Reattach the actuator to the valve body.
3. Wire the actuator into the system.

Low voltage units wired to NEC codes may use Class
Two wiring. Wire line voltage units wired to NEC


Figure 4. MA Wiring

codes. A maximum of 12 inches of $1 / 2$-inch flexible conduit between the actuator and conduit box with standard 18 -inch actuator leads. All actuator wires must be contained in the conduit.

POWER WIRE SIZE PER ACTUATOR

| Actuator <br> Voltage <br> (VAC) | Wire Size <br> (Ga) | Maximum Two Wire <br> Run <br> (Feet) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24 | 14 | 300 |
|  | 12 | 480 |
| 120 | 14 | 7000 |

To determine the allowable maximum run for multiple actuator wiring, divide the maximum run shown above for a given wire size and voltage by the number of actuators on that run.

Use wire nuts on power leads from a Class A power source. Power lead colors are shown as follows: Black - common to all voltages that follow. White - for 120 VAC. Black with blue tracer - for 24 VAC. Black with brown tracer - 208 VAC. Black with yellow tracer 240 VAC. All leads 18 inches except 24 VAC units which are 48 inches.

MP (proportional) actuators: Actuator wires are connected as shown in Figure 3. Barber-Colman approved, three conductor twisted 18 AWG wire has 600 volt PVC insulation and should be used from the controller. Also acceptable is any three wire ( 18 ga .) cable with Class 1 lead insulation insulated in conduit separate from line voltage (Figure 3).

MA (two position) actuators: These are wired as shown with the thermostat or switching device controlling the off-on status of the actuator motor (Figure 4).
4. Finish the damper actuator mechanical hook-up.

After wiring, assemble the straight connector, linkrod, balljoint connector, and damper shaft crank arm as shown (Figure 5).

Tighten both the actuator connector to the linkrod and the damper crank arm to the damper shaft. Both crank arms should be approximately $90^{\circ}$ to the linkrod at midstroke. Normally dampers are linked to full heat with the actuator retracted.
Extend and retract the actuator by applying approximately a 6 to 9 VDC control signal and required voltage. The actuator crank arm will rotate $80^{\circ}$.
Determine the proper radius on the damper shaft crank arm to fully open and close the damper.
Tighten down the connector to the damper crank arm and the linkrod.

The installation is now complete.

## Auxiliary Switch

Hydraulic actuators may be ordered with a built-in adjustable SPDT auxiliary switch (Figures 6 and 7). This switch must be ordered as part of the actuator and cannot be field installed. Note: For MP Series actuators only, the switch common wire is internally connected to the black power lead. Because of this, the switch must be wired to control the same voltage as the actuator itself. Switch rating is 10 amperes at $120 / 240$ VAC. Leads are 18 inches except 24 VAC units which are 48 inches.

The switch's brown wire is normally open and the orange wire is normally closed. The switching point is adjustable over the entire actuator stroke and is factory set to occur at the retracted end. Use XDDA-132 to adjust the switch point.

## CHECKOUT

The actuator is now installed and should run properly when the system is energized. The following checks can be easily performed to see if the device is operational.
MP Series Actuators: First, the actuator motor should run continually when power is applied. If the motor is not running, something is wrong with either actuator or the supply voltage. Second, the damper or valve should go from full heat to full cool as the control signal goes approximately from 6 to 9 VDC.

## NOTE

At very low ambient temperatures (around minus $20^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) the actuator may run slowly until the oil warms up. This condition may exist for 30 minutes.

MA Series Actuators: When the proper voltage is supplied to the actuator terminals the actuator motor should run, causing the actuator to extend.
If the actuator fails to function properly, refer to the section on repairs.

## RUN/ADJUST

No adjustments are made at the actuator. All adjustments are made at the controller.


Figure 6. MA Series Actuator


Figure 7. MP Series Actuator

## Theory of Operation

See Figures 6 and 7. The permanently sealed oil filled case (1) contains a movable hydraulic piston assembly (2) and an electric pump (3) for the hydraulic system. The pump generates a fluid pressure which is transmitted to the top of the piston. Opposing the hydraulic force is the spring of the valve or damper linkage.

MA Series Actuators: The electric pump (3) is powered by the input supply voltage and runs whenever the voltage is applied. When power is removed, the oil flows back through the pump by means of check valve (6) and the actuator retracts.

MP Series Actuators: The electric pump (3) is powered by the input supply voltage, and runs continuously. An unregulated power supply (4) is powered by a transformer winding from the pump motor winding. The power supply produces 20 VDC which powers the controller. The controller returns a 1 to 15 VDC control voltage to the actuator transducer (5). This controls the internal pressure and the resultant actuator action.

## MAINTENANCE

The power unit of the actuator is sealed in oil and requires no maintenance.

## REPAIR

## MA Series Actuators:

1. Check the actuator by applying the proper supply voltage.
2. The motor should run when power is applied, if not, the actuator is defective and should be replaced.
3. The actuator should extend, if it does not, check the mechanical linkage. Either the mechanical linkage prevents proper action or the actuator is defective.
4. If the linkage moves properly, but the actuator does not extend, replace the actuator.
5. If applying power causes the actuator to perform correctly, the actuator and linkage are functional and the wiring and thermostat should be checked.

MP Series Actuators: Repairs to this device consist mainly of checking the unit wiring and replacement of the power supply. Other field repairs are not recommended. Use the procedure below to locate a malfunction.

1. The actuator motor should run continually. If it does not run, check the supply voltage and the unit wiring.
2. Voltage between the blue $(-)$ and red $(+)$ leads should be $20 \pm 1 \mathrm{VDC}$.
3. Input voltage on the blue ( - ) and yellow ( + ) wires should be between 1 and 15 VDC. If it is not, refer to EN-111 3.1.2 for service information.

Product Information

## Seven Day Time Clock

| Part <br> Number | Clock <br> Motor | Switch Rating |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| AE-174 | $120 \mathrm{~V} ., 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | 1 ho at $120 / 240$ Volts, <br> a.c. Only. |
| AE-178 | $120 \mathrm{~V} ., 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ <br> Bilot Duty 690 VA. <br> Battery <br> carryover | Non-Inductive 40 amps at <br> 120 or 240 volts. <br> a.c. only. |

## Interval Timer



AE-174
AE-178


For automatic switching of a building control system from "Day" to "Night" and then back to "Day" on a selectable program. Device: Heavy duty, sealed, permanently lubricated, synchronous timing motor drives a large seven day dial. Graduation of dial at 30 minute intervals enables accurate setting of switch trippers. Switch trippers (7 on and 7 off) may be easily installed around the outer rim of the dial to provide various (on and off) timings. By not installing trippers for a specific day of the week, that day "on'" operation is automatically omitted. Entire mechanism can be snapped out of case for installation in a central control center. Unit has large, coded, scew-type terminals. Case is 187 mm wide, 276 mm high and 92 mm deep (7-3/8 inches wide, 10-7/8 inches high and 3 $5 / 8$ inches deep). Three 6 mm [1/4-inch] diameter mounting holes in back of case. Top mounting hole centered 203 mm [8 inches] above two bottom holes which are 127 mm ( 5 inches) apart. Combination 13 mm ( $1 / 2$-inch), 19 mm ( $3 / 4$-inch) knockouts provided. AE.178: This device includes a battery driven 8 hour carryover feature. The Ni-cad battery charge is continuously maintained by a built-in charger. Initial charge time is 48 hours. Upon power. interruption a battery driven motor maintains clock operation. The battery is automatically recharged upon power resumption. Input: 120 volts, 60 Hz . Output: Four single-pole, single throw switches. Snap-acting. Two normally open; two normally closed. Formed brass jumpers included readily permit modifying switch action to SPDT, DPST and DPDT.

SPST, N.O., 6 hr., spring operated, for standard outlet box mounted. Includes wall plate and knob. Electrical rating: 20 amps at 120 volts, $1 / 3 \mathrm{hp}$.

## Transformers



AE-203.223



Figure 1


For supplying low voltage power to operate control equipment. Primarily for mounting in control centers in conjunction with disconnect switch and overload circuit breaker. Device: AE-206 and AE-249 are provided with a plate on the primary side for mounting on standard 4 -inch outlet box. Secondary connection is screw terminals for AE206 and provision for flexible conduit connection on the AE249. All 170 VA transformers are provided with mounting feet for panel mounting, and wire leads.


Figure 2

| Part Number | Capacity VA | Primary Voltage | Sec. Volt. | Frequency ( Hz ) | Fig. | Dimensions: mm (Inches) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | A | B | C | D | E |
| AE-203 | 170 | 120 | 24 | 60 | 2 | $95[3-3 / 4]$ | 80[3-1/8] | 108 [4-1/4] | $83[3-1 / 4]$ | 71 [2-13/16] |
| AE-206 | 10 | 120 | 24 | 60 | 1 | $48[1-7 / 8]$ | - | - | - | - |
| AE-223 | 170 | 240 | 24 | 60 | 2 | 95[3-3/4] | 80[3-1/8] | 108[4-1/4] | 83[3-1/4] | $71[2-13 / 16]$ |
| AE-249 | 50 | 480/277.240/208 | 120 | 60 | 1 | 111 [4-3/8] | - | - | - | - |



Clapper type with screw terminals. Contact Rating: 1 hp . 16 amps at 120 volts, 8 amps at $240 \mathrm{Vac} ; 25 \mathrm{amps}$ noninductive at $120 / 240$ Vac. Optional enclosure available. Order AE-300 separately.

## Time Delay Relay

AE-347
For control of circuits requiring 3 to 5 second time delay Device: Two single pole double break relays having separate electronic time delay circuitry. All components mounted on a printed circuit board which includes screw type terminals. Complete with screws and spacers for panel mounting (not illustrated). Coil: 24 Vac Contacts rated at 5A/120 Vac, 2.5A/240 Vac.

## Power Boxes



AE- 253
AE-273
For supplying an electrically protected and enclosed low voltage power supply to operate control equipment. Device: A step-down transformer with a disconnect switch in the primary side and a manually reset circuit breaker in the secondary side. Mounted in a surface type steel cabinet with four convenient 13 mm (1/2 inch) conduit knockouts and painted finish 203 mm ( 8 inches) wide, 152 mm ( 6 in ches) high 89 mm (3-1/2 inches) deep. Installation: Surface mount through four holes in the back of the cabinet.

| Part <br> No. | Capacity <br> VA | Primary <br> Voltage | Secondary <br> Voltage | Frequency <br> $(\mathbf{H z})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AE-253 | 170 | 120 | 24 | 60 |
| AE-273 | 170 | $240 / 208^{*}$ | 24 | 60 |

$\cdot 240 / 208$ Volt Pówer Boxes are normally factory wired to 240 volt winding

## Barber-Colman Compan4 CONTROLS DIVISION

1300 Rock Street. Rockford. Ilinois. U.S.A. 61101

F-16449 BK

For convenient mounting of pre-assembled or field assembled control panels. Cabinets may be used for pneumatic or electric controls. Device: SYZE-630 and SYZE-631 are 18 gage steel. SYZE-632 is 16 gage steel. All size cabinets have knockouts for 3/4inch and 1 -inch conduit. Knockouts are aligned so that a short nipple may be used to couple the paneis together, and also for interconnecting wire. The door(s) consist basically of a frame and insert. The frame is made of extruded aluminum and comes mounted with six self-tapping screws. Door(s) supplied with key lock. Standard cabinets are painted steel with beige finish. Installation: Cabinets are shipped from the factory completely assembled and ready for mounting. They may be installed flush or surface mounted. Legs are available for floor mounting. Options: See charts for equipment description and proper part number. Ordering: See chart for cabinet sizes available and part numbers. Sub-panels must be supplied locally.


| Description | Cabinet Size |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $16^{\prime \prime} \times 24^{\prime \prime}$ | $24^{\prime \prime} \times 32^{\prime \prime}$ | $42^{\prime \prime} \times 36^{\prime \prime}$ <br> Double Door |
| Complete Cabinet (without sub- <br> panel) Painted Steel | SYZE-630 | SYZE-631 | SYZE-632 |
| Painted Steel Legs for floor <br> mounting above cabinets | SYZE-633 | SYZE-633 | SYZE-634 |
| Bracket to accommodate light <br> fixture | N/A | SYZE-600 | SYZE-600 |
| $18^{\prime \prime}$ Fluorescent Fixture | N/A | $*$ | . |

[^0]| Dimensions (Inches) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cabinet |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Sub-Panel |  |  |  |  |
| W | H | A | B | C | D | E | F |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | 24 | 21 | 13 | $91 / 4$ | $61 / 2$ | 22 | 14 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 | 32 | 29 | 21 | $131 / 4$ | $101 / 2$ | 30 | 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 42 | 36 | 33 | 39 | $161 / 2$ | 18 | 34 | 40 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Switches, Mounting and Position Indicating Plates (Order All Parts Separately)


| Switch Action | AC Rating |  | Switch Type | Switch Part No. | Mounting Plate (Flush) | Indicating Plate |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Part No. |  |  | Position Markings | Size (inch) |  |
|  | Amp | Volt |  |  |  |  | Width | Height |
| DPDT | 10 | 250 | Toggle 2 Position | CYZP-11-1 | SYZE-52-3 | SYZE-74-1 <br> SYZE-75-1 <br> SYZE-76-1 | On-Off Summer-Winter None | 1-1/0 | 2-1/16 |
| 4PDT | 5 | 24 | Toggle 2 Position | CYZP-105 |  | SYZE-189-1 <br> SYZE-271-1 <br> SYZE-300-1 | Open-Close <br> Manual-Auto Occupied-Unoccupied |  |  |
| OPDT <br> (Center Qff) | 10 | 250 | Toggle 3 Position | CYZP-268 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SYZE-212-1 } \\ & \text { SYZE-255-1 } \end{aligned}$ | On-Off-Automatic Summer-Off-Winter | 1-7/8 | 21/16 |
| 4PDT <br> (Center Off) | 5 | 24 | Toggle 3 Position | CYZP-427 |  |  |  |  |  |
| SPST N.O. | 5 | 125 | Push ButtonMomentaryContact | CYZP. 346 |  |  |  |  |  |
| SPST N.C. |  |  |  | CYZP. 347 |  |  |  |  |  |

NOTE: All switches mount to standard switch box. 1/2" mounting hole required.

| Part Number | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| AY7P.A3-2 | Circuit Breaker 10 Amp (Illustrated) |
| BYZP. 145 | 12 Circuit Terminal Block (Illustrated) |
| BYZP. 146 | Marker Strip \#1-12 |
| BYZP. 252 | Marker Strip \%13-24 |
| BYZP. 253 | Marker Strip *25-36 |
| BYZP-269-2 | Mig. Bracket for Circuit Breaker \& Switch (Illustrated) |
| BYZP. 599 | Terminal End (Illustrated) |
| BYZP.600 | Terminals (Approx. 4 per inch) (Illustrated) |
| BYZP. 601 | Terminal Channel (3') (Illustrated) |
| BYZP. 602 | Terminal Clamp (Illustrated) |
| BYZP. 603 | Terminal Marker (25') (illustrated) |
| CYZP-183-1 | Burnishing tool for Electric Contacts |
| CYZR-818-2 | Arc Suppressor for SPDT Floating Switching |
| EYZP-504-1 | Lamp, 24V, 0.073 Amp, 1.7 Watts |
| EYZP-504-2 | Lamp, 120V, 0.025 Amp, 3.0 Watts |
| EYZP.504-3 | Lamp, 48V, 0.053 Amp, 2.5 Watts |
| EYZP. 721 | Lamp Socket with Clip |
| EYZP.722.1 | Lens, Red |
| EYZP.722-2 | Lens, Green |
| EYZP.722-3 | Lens, Amber |
| EYZP.722-4 | Lens, Blue |
| EYZP.722.5 | Lens, White |
| SYZE-81-1 | Blank Nameplate 1-7/8' $\times 9 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |
| SYZE-82.1 | Blank Nameplate 2-1/2' $\times 3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ |
| SYZE-83-1 | Blank Nameplate $4^{\prime \prime} \times 1-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ |
| SYZE-299-1 | Tie Strap, plastic, for lacing wires, $4^{\prime \prime}$ long |



## Barber-Colman Compan4 CONTROLS DIVISION

1300 Rock Street, Rockford, Illinois, U.S.A., 61101

## Type: Single Stage <br> Two Stage TC.4211 <br> Dual Bulb <br> TC-4151 <br> TC-4152

## DEVICEINFORMATION

## Identification

Two position bulb thermostats are for on-off control of media temperature in ducts, tanks, liquid lines, etc.

TC-4100 Series one slage units control one electrical circuit.

TC-4211 two stage units control two electrical circuits in sequence.

TC-4151 and TC-4152 dual bulb units vary the control point of the controlled media as function of outside air temperature. One bulb senses the controlled media, the second bulb senses the outside air temperature.

## Pre-Installation - All Devices

Refer to the INSTALLATION and Performance Data applicable to the part number of the device being installed. Make a visual inspection of the device for obvious signs of damage. Avoid locations where excessive moisture, corrosive fumes, vibration or high ambient exists.

## INSTALLATION

## Requirements

Locate the device allowing proper distance to the bulb location. The case can be mounted in any position. Refer to Figure 1 for case dimensions.

## Procedure

## Case Mounting

Ambient Rating: $-40^{\circ}$ to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-40^{\circ}\right.$ to $\left.140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$

1. Remove cover and provide 2 holes for \#10 round head screws using the housing as the template or by using the dimensions shown in Figure 1.
2. Partially insert the mounting screws in the screw holes. Fit the housing over the screws, slide housing down on the screws and tighten the screws.

Wiring: The thermostat has one $1 / 2$-inch to $3 / 4$-inch conduit opening in bottom of housing. Make all electrical connections in accordance with the job wiring diagram and in compliance with national and local electrical codes. Terminal coding and switch action is shown in Figure 2, and Figure 3 shows two stage switching sequence.



Figure 1. Case Dimensions


Figure 2. Terminal Coding and Switch Action


Figure 3. Two Stage Switch Sequence

## Bulb Mounting

Maximum insertion length 152 mm ( 6 inches). Maximum safe bulb temperature $28^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(50^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ above scale range. For dual bulbs, total of indoor and outdoor bulb temperatures must not exceed $138^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(280^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.

Duct : Install bulb with AT-208 kit as shown in Figure 4.


Figure 4. Duct Mounting With AT-208.

## Outdoor:

Install with AT-211 kit as shown in Figure 5.

1. Mount bulb to outside wall or surface with bulb clip.
2. Place shield over bulb and fasten to mounting surface.


Figure 5. Outdoor Mounting With AT-211

## Liquid Line and Tank

Install with AT-209 kit as shown in Figure 6. A bulb well is recommended, see Figure 7 for preferred installation and limitations. The thermal bulb is suitable for immersion mounting with 150 psig maximum pressure and/or 4 fps fluid velocity.

1. A $3 / 4$-inch NPT hole is required.
2. Place packing nut, washers and packing over bulb support section as shown in Figure 6.
3. Install bulb well or adaptor from AT-209 kit into the 3/4-inch NPT opening.
4. Insert bulb into well or adaptor.
5. Push interlocking washers and packing into well or adaptor and tighten packing nut until firmly seated.


Figure 6. Liquid Line or Tank Mounting With AT-209


Tee Mounting
Elbow Mounting


|  | Application Limitations at 250 <br> Fluid Temp. <br>  <br>  <br> Flax. $350^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bulb Well <br> Part No. | Max. Recommended <br> Velocity (FPS) | Max. Recommended <br> Static Pressure (psig) |
| AT-201 | 11 | 250 |
| AT-203 | 20 | 500 |

Figure 7. Bulb Well Installation

Electrical Rating: All Units Except TC-4115

| Switch Rating $\mathbf{( 5 0 1 6 0 ~ H z )}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 V}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 0 V}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 0 V}$ | $\mathbf{2 7 7 V}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Load Amps | - | 9.8 | 8.0 | - |
| Locked Rotor Amps | - | 58.8 | 48.0 | - |
| Pilot Duty | 60 | 360 | 360 | - |
| Non-Inductive Amps (Resistive) | - | - | - | - |
| Single Stage | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 |
| Two Stage | 16 | 16 | 8.3 | 7.2 |

## CHECKOUT

After installing a thermostat, make an initial check of the switching action. Verify the switch action by listening to the switch contacts.

1. Turn the setpoint dial to a temperature above ambient. This should cause the thermostat to switch, making orange to brown.
2. Turn the setpoint dial setting down gradually. Orange to brown must break, making orange to red.
3. Compare the differential of the device to the differential shown on the performance charts by turning the dial. The differential of the devices is the difference in dial reading between the make of orange to brown and the make of orange to red on single switch units.

## RUNIADJUST

## Setpoint

Screwdriver adjustment. Scales dual marked ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ on front and ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ on back. To change scale, remove spring retaining ring, select scale and replace retaining ring.

## DIFFERENTIAL

The differential is adjustable by turning the adjustor located on side of device.

Single stage: Each line represents approximately $1.6^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ $\left(3^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ change.


Switch
Terminais
heating application WIRING

Two stage: Each notch represents approximately $1.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ $\left(2^{\circ} F\right)$ change between stages. (Differential per switch is fixed.)

To adjust differential:

1. Disconnect power to unit.
2. Remove cover.
3. Turn adjustor to approximately desired position.
4. Check out by turning dial and noting dial readings where switch contacts make.
5. After changing differential-recalibrate.

## CALIBRATION

1. With all power disconnected, soak bulb(s) for 10 minutes at known temperature (must be $70^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ for dual bulb).
2. Turn dial and note where switch contacts make.
3. Turn dial midway between click points.
4. Turn the calibration nut (located under dial) until the temperature of the bulb is indicated on the dial.
Note: On two-stage units follow above procedure on "LO" switch.

## REPAIR

Field repair is. not recommended. Replace defective device.


TYPICAL HEATING OR COOLING APPLICATION FOR TC.4111, TC-4111-020, TC-4121, TC.4122, TC-4123, TC-4151 AND 4152.
Second Stage HI
TYPICAL HEATING APPLICATION WIRING
FOR THE 2.STAGE TC-4211

Performance and Selection Table

| Type | Part Number | Setnoint Adjustmesnt liange ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ | neral <br> Bu4n <br> Ratio | Dimensions |  |  | Differential |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Gapillary ronper | Bulb Coppor |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fariory } \\ \text { Sel } \end{gathered}$ | Adjustable |
| Single Stage | TC-4111 | $\begin{gathered} -401049 \\ (-40 \text { to } 120) \end{gathered}$ |  | $1.8 \mathrm{M}\left(6^{\prime}\right)$ | $\begin{gathered} 10 \times 100 \mathrm{~mm} \\ \left(3 / 8 \times 4^{\prime \prime}\right) \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 16^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \left(3^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.6 \text { to } 8.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \left(3 \text { to } 16^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | TC-4111-020 |  |  | $6 \mathrm{M}\left(20^{\circ}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | TC.4115* |  |  | 1.8M(6) |  |  |  |  |
|  | TC.4121 |  |  | $3 \mathrm{M}\left(10^{\circ}\right)$ Armored |  |  |  |  |
|  | TC-4122 | $\begin{gathered} 3810127 \\ (100: 0260) \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | TC-4123 | $\begin{gathered} 88 \text { to } 176 \\ (190 \text { to } 350) \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dual Bulb |  | $\begin{gathered} 211049 \\ (70 \text { to } 120) \end{gathered}$ |  | 9M (30') Each Bulb | Outdoor | Indoor | $\begin{aligned} & 1.6^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \left(3^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8105.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ \left(11 / 21010^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | TC-4151 |  | 1:11/2 |  | $\begin{gathered} 10 \times 100 \mathrm{~mm} \\ \left(3 / 8 \times 4^{\circ}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \times 140 \mathrm{~mm} \\ & \left(3 / 8 \times 51 / 2^{\prime \prime}\right) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | TC-4152 |  | 1:1 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \times 100 \mathrm{~mm} \\ & \left(318 \times 4^{\circ}\right) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \times 100 \mathrm{~mm} \\ & \left(3 / 8 \times 4^{\circ}\right) \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1.6 \text { to } 8.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \left(3 \text { to } 16^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right) \end{aligned}$ |
| Two Stage | TC-4211 | $\begin{gathered} -40 \text { to } 49 \\ (-40 \text { to } 120) \end{gathered}$ |  | 1.8M (6') | $\begin{gathered} 10 x \\ 13 / 1 \end{gathered}$ | $0 \mathrm{~mm}$ $\left.4^{\circ}\right)$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.6^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \left(3^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right) \end{aligned}$ | Per Stage Fixed <br> Between Stages <br> 1.1 to $5.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (2 to $1^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) |

-TC-4 115 for System 8000 and dry circuit switching. Electrical Rating: 1.0 amp at 24 Vac : 25 Amp al 24 Vac
*TC-4151 - For $1 / 1 / 2: 1$ ratio reverse bulbs and use extra dial supplied with unit.

## Dual Bulb Selection

To select Ratio it is necessary to know only: (1) Outdoor design temperature. (2) Maximum water temperature at outdoor design temperature, and (3) Desired water temperature at 70 F outdoors.
Example Select ratio for parel installation with a -10 F design temperature and estimated supply water temperatures of 75 F at 70 F outdoors, and 125 F at -10 F outdoors.

From chart below, -10 F for $11 / 2$ to 1 ratio, note by interpolation ( 70 F to 123 F with dial at $70 \mathrm{~F} ; 80 \mathrm{~F}$ to 133 F with dial at 80 F ) that water temperature varies from 75 F to 128 F as outdoor temperature drops from 70 F to -10 F, when dial is set al 75 F .
By similar means. note that a control with 1 to 1 ratio would result in water temperatures varying from 75 F to 155 F . For this application the $11 / 2101$ ratio should be selected.

| Outdeor Temperature (F). | Ratio | Change in Water Temporature for Dilferont Ratios as Outdoor Temperature Drops from $70 F$ to Design Temperature |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Dial Set at 70F | Dial Set at 80F | Dial Sot at 90F | Dial Sot at 100F | Dlal Sot at 110F | Dial Set et 120F |
| -30 | $11011 / 2$ | 7010220 | 80 to 230 | 9010240 | 10010250 | 110 10 260 | 120 10 270 |
|  | 1101 | 7010170 | 8010180 | 9010190 | 10010200 | 11010210 | $12010220^{\circ}$ |
|  | $11 / 2101$ | 7010137 | 8010147 | 9010157 | 10010167 | ................. |  |
| -20 | $11011 / 2$ | 7010209 | 8010215 | 90:0225 | 10010235 | 110 to 245 | 12110255 |
|  | 1101 | 70 to 160 | - 8010170 | 9010180 | 10010190 | 110 to 200 | 120 to 210 |
|  | $11 / 2$ 10 1 | 7010130 | 80 to 140 | 9010150 | 100 to 160 |  |  |
| $-10$ | $11011 / 2$ | 7010190 | 8010200 | 9010210 | 100 to 220 | 110 to 230 | 12010240 |
|  | 1 101 | 7010150 | 8010160 | 9010170 | 10010180 | 110.10190 | 120 to 200 |
|  | $11 / 2101$ | 7010123 | 80 to 133 | 9010143 | 10010153 | , |  |
| 0 | $11011 / 2$ | 7010.175 | 80 to 185 | 9010195 | 10010205 | 11010215 | 12010225 |
|  | 1101 | 7010140 | 8010150 | 9010160 | 10010170 | 11010180 | 12010190 |
|  | $11 / 2101$ | 70 to 117 | 80 to 127 | 9010137 | 100 to 147 |  |  |
| $+10$ | $11011 / 2$ | 7010160 | 8010170 | 9010180 | 100 to 190 | 11010200 | 12010210 |
|  | 1101 | 7010130 | 8010140 | 9010150 | 10010160 | 11010170 | 12010180 |
|  | $11 / 2101$ | 7010110 | 80 to 120 | 9010130 | 10010140 |  |  |
| $+20$ | $11011 / 2$ | 7010145 | 80 to 155 | 9010165 | 10010175 | 110 to 185 | 12010195 |
|  | 1101 | 7010120 | 8010130 | 9010140 | 10010150 | 110 to 160 | 12010170 |
|  | $11 / 2101$ | 7010103 | $80: 10113$ | 9010123 | 10010133 |  |  |
| $\cdots+30$ | 1 1011/2 | 7010130 | $80: 10140$ | 9010150 | - 10010160 | 11010170 | 12010180 |
|  | 1 101 | 7010110 | 8010120 | 9010130 | 10010140 | 110 to 150 | 12010160 |
|  | $11 / 8101$ | 701097 | 8010107 | 9010117 | 100 to 127 |  | ................. |

## AIR FLOW CONTROL

## APPLICATION

This control detects air flow or the absence of air flow in ducts, responding only to velocity of air movement. It can be wired to open one circuit and close a second circuir (SPDT) for either safety or interlock purposes.

## INSTALLATION

The F62AA can be mounted on top, side or bottom of a duct. Mount so the paddle weight does not assist or oppose the spring force which sets the CFM flow required to activate the switch.

Install in a horizontal duct whenever possible and where ambient temperatures do not exceed $180^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. Avoid locations close to elbows, dampers, fans and duct openings or other areas where excessive turbulence occurs. Control should be mounted away from such areas at least five times the distance of the smallest duct dimension. Example: $3^{\prime \prime} \times 8^{\prime \prime}$ duct mount at least $15^{\prime \prime}$ from the nearest bend. The standard paddle fits into ducts of $3^{\prime \prime} \times 8^{\prime \prime}$ minimum. The paddle may be crimmed for installing in ducts as small as $3^{\prime \prime} \times 6^{\prime \prime}$.

To install proceed as follows:

1. Select the proper location.
2. Use the mounting plate gasket as a template and mark hole positions.
3. Drill or punch screw holes.
4. Cut center hole large enough for the paddle to pass through.
5. In horizontal duct the case must be level with the paddle at approximately a right angle to the air flow.
6. When the horizontal duct is not horizontally true, check with a level and place a shim under the control mounting plate (see sketch.)


Fig. 2 - Internal view of Air Flow Contral. Note adjusting screw.


Fig. 1 - Type F62AA Air Flow Control.

CAUTION: If necessary to install in a vertical duct with downward air flow, the control must be readjusted. To readjust, turn the range screw clockwise until switch operates with no air flow. Then, adjust screw one additional turn clockwise.

## Wiring

All wiring should conform to the National Electrical Code and local regulations. The Pennswitch terminals are color coded as follows: Red is common, Red closes to Yellow on air flow increase, Red closes to Blue on air flow decrease (no flow).


The circuit between the red and yellow terminals will close when the required air flow velocity is reached in the duct where the control is installed. The warning light or signal, when used, will be activated when the air flow decreases or ceases.

## ADJUSTMENT

The flow control is factory set at the minimum flow rate shown in the graph.
To adjust:

1. Remove conirol cover.
2. For highor flow rate - rurn adjusting screw clock wise.
3. For lower flow rate - turn adjusting screw counterclockwise.


Air flow velocities in PP required to actuate switch for any gisen duct size are shown in the graph curves. (Bas d on standard ar density of 0.075 pounds per cubic foot.)

## CHECKOUT PROCEDURE

Before leaving the installation, a complete operating cycle should be observed to see that all components are functioning properls.

## REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT

Field repairs are not recommended. Flow control requiring attention should be returned to the nearest Penn-Baso Counterline Wholesaler or the factory.
\%

POTTER \& BRUMFIELD KU SERIES RELAYS


## KU-KUP-KUB

# versatile, low cost relays with many optional features 



KU
KUP


KUB

## ENGINEERING DATA

KU, KUP and KUB Series relays have been engineered for reliability, ease of installation and an excellent cost-toquality relationship. An exceptionally wide choice of optional features is available with each Series. Their quickconnect/solder terminals are a substantial cost saver on modern production lines. KU and KUP Series fit four types of custom nylon sockets, making the series convenient plugin relays.
Three general types, the KU open series, the KUP enclosed series and the KUB dual coil latching relays are available.

Standard relays are furnished with $.187^{\prime \prime}$ terminals; . $205^{\prime \prime}$ terminals are available upon request. The KU open series can be furnished with either a $.218^{\prime \prime}$ or a $.125^{\prime \prime}$ long locating tab and with or without a mounting stud.
Two styles of clear polycarbonate dust covers are available for the KUP Series relays. One is plain, for use when the relay is mounted in a socket. This case also can be furnished with a stud-and-locating-tab plate mounted on the end opposite the terminals. The other case has two stotted flanges for bracket mounting the relay directly to a chasis. The bracket-mount case is not suitable for socket mounting.
Relays with either type of dust covers (except the model with stud on end of case) can be furnished with a handy external push-button for checking circuits by manually op-
erating the movable contacts. A hold-down spring can be furnished for socket-mounted KUP Series (not applicable to screw terminal sockets). When desired, the KUP 120 V and 240 V AC types can be supplied with a neon lamp wired in parallel with their coils to indicate power is reaching the relay. All optional features are listed on Page 8.

Reliability and long life of the KU/KUP/KUB Series are enhanced by long contact arms and a unique method of staking the stationary contacts, as well as barriers molded into the front.

Several types of custom nylon sockets are available. They accommodate all open KU* Series and plain case KUP Series when these relays have $.187^{\prime \prime}$ terminals. These socket types are: solder, printed circuit, quick-connect, quick-connect with terminal barriers, and screw terminals (DPDT only). All are rated 10 amperes. Chassis layouts for these types of sockets are shown in the outline drawings on Page 6.
KU and KUP series are recognized under the Component Program of Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc., File No. E22575. Only stundurd Kll and KUP series are included. Any electrical or meshamical deviations from standard relays are subject to reexamination by $U / L$.
*Caution should be exercised in handling socket-mounted open relays due to the inherent shock hazard.

AVAILABLE WITH A WIDE CHOICE OF OPTIONAL FEATURES


KU-KUP-KUB series are equipped with quick-connect terminals punched for soldering. . $187^{\prime \prime}$ terminals are standard but .205" are available. Molded barriers meet U/L and CSA requirements.


All KUP relays (except with stud on end of case) are available with push-to-test button which operates the movable contacts for manually checking circuits.


A neon lamp wired in parallel with its coil to indicate that power is reaching the relay is available on KUP 120 V and 240 V AC types.


Two styles of heat and shock resistant polycarbonate dust covers can be furnished. One plain. the other with slotted flanges for direct-to-chassis mounting.


Several socket types can be supplied for the KU and KUP (plain case) series making them plug-in relays. See page 6 .

## SPECIFICATIONS

## GENERAL:

Description: Versatile, low cost 5 or 10 amperes general purpose relays with many optional features.
Insulating Materials: Molded phenolic.
Insulation Resistance: 100 megohms minimum.
Expected Life: Mechanical: 10 million operations.
Electrical: 100,000 operations min . (II) rated load.
Breakdown Voltage: 1500 volts rms 60 Hz between all elements; 500 volts rms 60 Hz between open contacts.

## Temperature Range:

* KU open relays: AC:

1 and 2 poles $-45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
3 poles $-45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
DC: $-45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
KUP enclosed: AC:
1 and 2 poles $-45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
3 poles $-45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
DC: $-45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Time Values: (approx.): Operate: 15 milliseconds Release: 10 milliseconds
Weights: KU open relay: 2.3 ozs. KUP enclosed relay 3.0 ozs .
Operate: AC: $85 \%$ of nominal voltage (@) $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
DC: $75 \%$ of nominal voltage @ $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Enclosures: Two styles of heat and shock resistant, clear plastic polycarbonate. Please see Page 7.
Terminals: $.187^{\prime \prime}$ standard, or $.205^{\prime \prime}$ quick-connect. Both are punched for solder-connecting.

## CONTACTS:

Arrangements: Please see chart, Page 4.
Material: Gold-flashed fine silver and silver-cadmium-oxide is standard. Tungsten and $: 32$ " gold alloy available.
Ratings: 5 or 10 amps (@) 28 volts DC resistive, or 240 volts AC. $80 \%$ PF.

## COILS:

Voltage: DC: to 110 volts. AC: to 240 volts 60 Hz .
Power: DC: 1.2 watts. AC: 1 and 2 poles $2.0 \mathrm{VA} ; 3$ poles 2.7 VA.

Resistance: Please see coil data table below.
Duty: Continuous.
Treatment: Centrifugally impregnated with high quality electrical varnish.
Mounting: A wide choice of mountings. Please see drawings on Page 7.

## CUSTOM SOCKETS:

Standard: All are rated 10 amperes. Will accept $.187^{\prime \prime}$ terminals of all KU and plain case KUP relays. Please see Page 6.

## OPTIONAL FEATURES FOR KU/KUP RELAYS

SCREW TERMINAL SOCKET*
*Will accept 2 pole relay only.


## CHOICE OF NYLON SOCKETS

27 E043 with
Solder Terminals

27 E046 with
Printed Circuit Term.
27E067 with
Quick-Connect Term.
27E067

27E088 with
Terminal Barriers
27 E097 with
Quick-Connect Term.
and Term. Barriers

27E049 with
27 E 088
Screw Terminals

20 C 228 KUP HOLDDOWN SPRING**
**Not designed for KUL.


COIL DATA FOR STANDARD KU AND KUP RELAYS

| DC COILS |  |  | AC COILS-1 \& 2 POLEE (50 60 HI2) |  |  | AC COILS-3 POLE (50 60 HZ ) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Voltage | DC <br> Resistance <br> In Ohms | Nummal Current In Milliamperes | Voltage <br> 50601 lz | D) <br> Resistance In Ohms | Nummal Current In Milltamperes | Voltage <br> $50 \mathrm{60Hz}$ | I) (: <br> Resistance In Ohms | Nominal Current In Milliamperes |
| 6 | 32.1 | 188 | 6 | 6.0 | 3335 | 6 | 4.2 | 460 |
| 12 | 120 | 100 | 12 | 21 | 168 | 12 | 18 | 230 |
| 24 | 472 | 51 | 24 | 75 | 84 | 2 | 72 | 115 |
| 48 | 1.800 | 26.6 | 120 | 2.2501 | 17.5 |  | 1.700 | 24 |
| 110 | 10.000 | 11.5 | 240 | 9.1111 | 8.5 | 240 | 7.200 | 12 |
| 220 | Use 110 V relay with a $10,000 \mathrm{OHM}$ 5W wire-wound resistor in series. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

# dual coill <br> - latching relay 



## ENGINEERING DATA

Especially designed for overload or memory work, the KUB Series is a dual coil mechanical latching relay. A momentary impulse to one of the coils operates the relay to set the latch; a second pulse to the other coil releases it. Coils may be specified to operate on the same or different voltages. (See Coil Data chart for latch and release voltages.)
These positive-latching relays are mounted on a rigid zinc-alloy die-cast base to protect the relay adjustment during wiring and to provide for stable alignment of the latch bars. Relays can be furnished with contact arrangements to 6PDT (3PDT each coil).

GENERAL:
Insulating Material: Molded and laminated phenolic.
Insulation Resistance: 100 megohms.
Expected Life: Mechanical: 500,000 operations. Electrical: 50,000 operations min. @ rated load.
Breakdown Voltage: 1,500 volts rms between all elements. 500 volts rms between open contacts.
Temperature Range: AC and DC : $-45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ min. $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ max. (intermittent duty).
Time Values: Operate: 25 milliseconds.
CONTACT ARRANGEMENTS FOR KU, KUP, KUB AND KUL RELAYS

| DESIGMATOR | FORM | Arrangement | KU/ KUP | KU8 | KUL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 Form A | SPST-NO | - | - | - |
| 2 | 1 Form 8 | SPST-NC | - | - | - |
| 5 | 1 Form C | SPDT | - | - | - |
| 7 | 2 Form A | DPST-NO | - | - | - |
| 8 | 2 Form B | DPST-NC | - | - | - |
| 11 | 2 Form C | DPDT | - | - | - |
| 12 | 3 Form A | 3PST-NO | - | - | - |
| 13 | 3 Form B | 3PST-NC | - | - | - |
| 14 | 3 Form C | 3PDT | - | - | - |
| 15 | 4 Form A | 4PST-NO |  | - |  |
| 16 | 4 Form B | 4 PST -NC |  | - |  |
| 17 | 4 Form C | 4PDT |  | - |  |
| 18 | 5 Form A | 5PST-NO |  | - |  |
| 19 | 5 Form B | 5PST-NC |  | - |  |
| 20 | 5 Form C | 5PDT |  | - |  |
| 23 | (2) 3 Form C | 6PDT |  | - |  |

Approx. Weight: Open: 9.0 ozs.
Operate: AC: $85 \%$ of nominal voltage @ $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
DC: $75 \%$ of nominal voltage @ $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Terminals: $.187^{\prime \prime}$ standard, or $.205^{\prime \prime}$ quick-connect. Both are punched for solder-connecting.

## CONTACTS:

Arrangements: AC and DC to 6 Form C (6PDT) (3PDT each coil). Please see chart below.
Material: Gold-flashed fine silver and silver-cadmium-oxide is standard. Tungsten and "tso" gold alloy available.
Rating: 5 or 10 amps @ 28 volts DC resistive, or 120 volts AC. $80 \% \mathrm{PF}$.

## COILS:

Voltage: To 110 volts DC; to 240 volts AC. Specify voltage for both latch and release coils. Please see Coil Data chart below.
Resistance: Please see Coil Data chart below.
Power: DC: 2.5 watts min., 4 watts max.
AC: 5.0 volt-amps to 4 -pole; 7.8 volt-amps to 6 -pole.
Duty: DC: Continuous to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. $\mathrm{AC}:$ Intermittent.

COIL DATA FOR KUB SERIES
Please specify coil voltage for both latch and release coils

| DC Coils |  |  | AC Coils ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Up to 6 Pole Relays |  |  | Up to 4 Pote Relays |  |  |
| Volts | Resistance in Ohms | Av. Current Milliamperes | Voits | Resistance in Ohms | Av. Current Milliamperes |
| 6 | 13.1 | 460 | 6 | 2.3 | 850 |
| 12 | 52.0 | 230 | 12 | 10 | 425 |
| 24 | 230 | 104 | 24 | 42 | 210 |
| 48 | 850 | 56.5 | 120 | 1030 | 44 |
| 110 | 4560 | 24 | 240 | 4100 | 22 |
| 220 | Use 110 volt relay with 5000 Ohms, 5 watt resistor in series |  | For 5 and 6 pole relays |  |  |
|  |  |  | 6 | 1.8 | 1300 |
|  |  |  | 12 | 7.2 | 650 |
|  |  |  | 24 | 27 | 325 |
|  |  |  | 120 | 700 | 68 |
|  |  |  | 240 | 2750 | 34 |



## small, shunting magnetic latching relay

## ENGINEERING DATA

The KUL is a small, commercial, magnetic latching relay that occupies approximately half the space of mechanically interlocking latching relays. The use of a permanent magnet in parallel with the normal magnetic circuit accounts for the relay's small size.

Reset is accomplished by reversing the voltage polarity in a single coil relay or by energizing the reset winding in a dual-wound coil relay. If overvoltage should occur during reset, the magnetic circuit is designed to prevent false operation of the contacts.

Relays with single or dual-wound coils are available for either AC or DC operation with contact arrangements up to 3 Form C rated 5 or 10 amperes at 28 volts DC, resistive, or 120 volts AC; $80 \%$ P. F.

A variety of nylon sockets is available that includes a choice of solder, printed circuit, quick-connect or screw terminals. All sockets are rated at 10 amperes.

A good memory stability is offered by the KUL relay which will provide a continuous latch condition during loss of power.

Continuous duty coil operation is pratical because of the relay's low power requirements. This feature provides for the coil to remain energized in the latch position without damage to the relay.

The various features designed into the KUL Series make it ideal for applications as diverse as alarm systems and machine tools, battery chargers and protective devices, process controls and business machines.

## GENERAL:

Description: Small, commercial magnetic latching relay.
Insulating Material: Molded phenolic.
Insulation Resistance: 100 megohms minimum.
Expected Life: Mechanical: 10 million operations.
Electrical: 100,000 operations minimum © rated load.

## Breakdown Voltage:

1500 volts rms 60 Hz between all elements.
500 volts rms 60 Hz between open contacts.
Temperature Range: AC and DC : $-45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

Time Values:
Operate: 25 ms max. @ nominal voltage @ $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Reset: 10 ms max. @ nominal voltage @ $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Weight: 3.4 ozs. approximately.
Operate: AC: $85 \%$ of nominal voltage @ $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
DC: $75 \%$ of nominal voltage @ 25 C .
Enclosures: Clear plastic polycarbonate heat and shock resistant case.
Terminals: . $187^{\prime \prime}$ standard, or $.205^{\prime \prime}$ connect. Both are punched for solder-connecting.

## CONTACTS:

Arrangements:
DC single coil: 1 Form C, 2 Form C and 3 Form C.
DC dual coil: 1 Form $C$ and 2 Form $C$.
AC single coil: 1 Form C, 2 Form C and 3 Form C.**
Material: Gold-flashed fine silver and silver-cadmium-oxide.
Ratings:
5 or 10 amps @ 28 volts DC resistive,
or 120 volts AC. $80 \%$ P. F.
COILS:
Voltage: To 110 volts DC; 120 volts AC.
Resistance: Please see Coil Data chart.
Duty: Continuous.

COIL DATA FOR KUL SERIES

| DC Single Coil |  | DC Dual Coil* |  | AC $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ AC coil with diodes** |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ( $\begin{gathered}\text { Nominal } \\ \text { Voltage }\end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Coil Resistonce } \\ & \pm 10 \% \\ & \pm 25 \cdot c \end{aligned}$ | Nominal Voltage | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Coil Resistance } \\ & \pm 10 \% @ 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \text { Letch Reset } \end{aligned}$ | Nominal Voltage | DC coil <br> resistonce <br> @ $25 \times 10$ <br> ¢ |
| 6 | 32.1 | 6 | $22 \quad 22$ |  |  |
| 12 | 120 | 12 | $90 \quad 90$ |  |  |
| 24 | 472 | 24 | $350 \quad 350$ |  |  |
| 48 | 1,800 | 48 | 14001400 |  |  |
| 110 | 10,000 |  |  | 120 | 3700 |

*Dual coil available only with 1 or 2 Form C contacts. On standard dual coil relays, the latch and unlatch voltage must be the same. For unlike voltages, please consult factory.
**Diodes included inside relay for 1 or 2 Form C contacts. For 3 Form C, the customer must wire diodes and resistor outside relay.

## SOCKETS FOR KU/KUP

## WITH SOLDER TERMINALS-27E043



The chassis layout for sockets with solder terminals (27E043) is identical with the chassis layout for quick-coninect terminals (No. 27E067), shown

Socket Punch: Greenlee Part No. 5018855.0 socket punch for either P\&B socket No. 27 E043 or No. Ea7E067 is available from Cruenhec Tuol Co., RockIord, Illinois.

## WITH QUICK-CONNECT TERMINALS <br> 27E067 AND 27E097



WITH PRINTED CIRCUIT TERMINALS-27E046


27E046 Socket with Printed Circuit Terminals


Suggested PC BOARD 1 AYOUT for Printed Circuit Socket (27E046)

WITH SCREW TERMINALS-27E049

Tolerances on this page unless otherwise specified:
$0 . X X= \pm .03^{\prime \prime}$
$0 . X \times X= \pm .01 \sigma^{\prime \prime}$


Schematic for DPDT 27E049


RUP BRACKET MOUNT RELAYS


WIDTH 1.531 MAX.


PIU SER'ES OPEN RELAYS
KU BRACKET T•PE

$X$ is for $.187^{\prime \prime}$ and $.205^{\prime \prime}$ terminal dimensions. See termina! drawings be!ow.

*Also available with .125 " 10 cating tab, as well as without stud and locating tab.


TERMINAL DIMENSIONS


Tolerances on this page unless otherwise specified:
$0 . X X= \pm .03^{\prime \prime}$
$0 . X X X= \pm .010^{\prime \prime}$

SEATED HEIGHTS:
1.391" FOR *6.32 STUO WITH .218" LOCATING TAB.
1.52 FOR 2-BRACKET WITH .6-32 TAPPED CCRE.
1.282" FOR .6-32 TAPPED CORE WITH . $125^{\prime \prime}$ LOCATING TAB OR . $218^{\prime \prime}$ LOCATING TAB.

OPTIONAL FEATURES AND CODE EXPLANATION OF KU/KUP/KUB/KUL.


## meywell



R7412A-F

## SPECIFICATIONS

## TRADELINE MODELS

Tradeline models are selected and packaged for ease of stocking, $\therefore$ ease of handling, and maximum replacement value. Tradeline specifications are the same as those of standard models except as noted below.

TRADELINE MODELS AVAILABLE:
R7412F Differential Temperature Controller.

TRADELINE FEATURES:
Includes frecze and overtemperature protection and an auxiliary relay driver.

Tradeline pack with cross reference label.

STANDARD MODELS

| MODEL | DIFFERENTIAL <br> TEMPERATURE <br> CONTROL | FREEZE <br> PROTECTION | OVERTEMPERATURE <br> PROTECTION | AUXILIARY <br> RELAY <br> DRIVER |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| R7412A | Yes |  |  |  |
| R7412B | Yes | Yes |  |  |
| R7412C | Yes | Yes |  | Yes |
| R7412D | Yes |  | Yes |  |
| R7412E | Yes |  | Yes | Yes |
| R7412F | Yes | Yes | Yes |  |

TRMDERATURE SETTING RANGES:
Operating Range as dofined by the temperature of the low temperature. sensor)--
0 to plus 210 F [minus 18 to 99 C .
Differential Temperature Controller--
Adjustable ON and OFF differentials from minus 10 to plus 40 F [minus 5.6 to plus 22.2 C$]$. Factory-set at $18 \mathrm{~F}[10 \mathrm{C}]$ temperature difference ON and $3 \mathrm{~F}[1.7 \mathrm{C}]$ temperature difference OFF. Plugin resistors vary settings (see Table 1, page 16 ).
Freeze Protection
Adjustable settings at 37,42 , or $47 \mathrm{~F}[3,6$, or 8 C$]$.
Factory-set at 37 F [ 3 C$]$.
Overtemperature
Adjustable in $5 \mathrm{~F}[3.2 \mathrm{C}]$ increments from 140 to $190 \mathrm{~F}[57$ to 89 C$]$. Factory-set at 140 F [66 C]

## ELECTRICAL RATINGS:

Input Voltage--120V ac, 60 Hz ; at 220/240 Volts, 50 Hz .
Load Relay Contacts--
1 N. O. Pole-- 12 AFL/72 ALR at 120 V ac.
1 N. C. Pole -125 VA at 120 V ac.
Auxiliary Relay Drive--5 VA max at 24V ac, 60 Hz .
Power consumption--7 watts maximum.

AMBIENT TEMPERATURE RANGE:
Controller--20 to 115 F [minus 7 to plus 46 C ].
Temperature Sensor--
minus 50 to plus 450 F [minus 46 to plus 232 C$]$.

## MOUNTING:

Controller--two screw holes in opposite corners of case.
Mounting screws not included.
Temperature Sensor--High temperature sensor either mounts with an accessory clip or sensor has a flattened end with a mounting hole.

## ADJUSTMENTS AND CHECKOUT

## DIFFERENTIAL TEMPERATURE SELECTION

The control settings may be adjusted by changing the ON and OFF plugin resistors (see Fig. 8). The R7412 is factory-set for pull-in at 18 F [10 C] temperature difference with a 4750 ohm ON resistor. Dropout is set for 3 F 1.7 C temperature difference with a 9760 ohm OFF resistor.

To change the setting, refer to Table 1 to select the resistors needed. See Fig. 9 to prepare resistor for installation. Remove the old ON resistor and plug in the replacement. Repeat for the OFF resistor. Be sure the correct resistor is inserted in the proper position. Use $1 / 8$ watt, 1 percent resistors, available locally.

## FREEZE PROTECTION TEMPERATURE SELECTION

On models with adjustable freeze protection, the setting may be adjusted by changing the freeze protection plug-in resistor R 23 (see Fig. 8). The R7412 freeze protection is factory-set at $37 \mathrm{~F}[3 \mathrm{C}]$

To change the setting to $37 \mathrm{~F}[3 \mathrm{C}]$, simply remove the freeze protection resistor and leave it open circuited. For a setting of 42 F [6 C] install a 110 kilohm resistor using the resistor preparation indicated in Fig. 9. Use a 48.7 kilohm resistor to change the freeze protection setting to $47 \mathrm{~F}[8 \mathrm{C}]$.

## OVERTEMPERATURE SETTING SELECTION

On models with adjustable overtemperature protection, the setting may be adjusted by changing the overtemperature protection resistors, OT1 (R41) and OT2 (R26). The R7412 overtemperature limit is factory-set at $140 \mathrm{~F}[66 \mathrm{C}]$

To change the setting, refer to Table 2 to select the resistors needed.
See Fig. 9 to prepare resistor for installation. Remove the old overtemperature resistors and insert the correct resistor in the proper position. Use $1 / 8$ watt, 1 percent resistors, available locally.


FIG. 8--ADJUSTMENT COMPONENTS OF THE R7412.


FIG. 9--PLUG-IN RESISTOR PREPARATION. DIMENSIONS IN INCHES [MILLIMETRES IN BRACKETS].

TABLE 1--DIFFERENTIAL TEMPERATURE CONTROL

| FOR TEMPERATURE DIFFERENCE OF: |  | USE RESISTANCES BELOW FOR BOTH ON AND OFF RESISTORS (IN OHMS) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F -10 | C -6 | 27500 |
| -5 | -3 | 15400 |
| 0 | 0 | 11500 |
| 1 | 0.6 | 11000 |
| 2 | 1 | 10500 |
| 3 | 1.7 | 9760 |
| 4 | 2.2 | 9310 |
| 5 | 3 | 8870 |
| 6 | 3.3 | 8250 |
| 7 | 4 | 7870 |
| 8 | 4.4 | 7500 |
| 9 | 5 | 7150 |
| 10 | 6 | 6810 |
| 12 | 7 | 6340 |
| 14 | 8 | 5620 |
| 16 | 9 | 5230 |
| 18 | 10 | 4750 |
| 20 | 11 | 4220 |
| 25 | 14 | 3570 |
| 30 | 17 | 2430 |
| 35 | 19 | 1750 |
| 40 | 22 | 1210 |







Dpen
collector header-soffit vent


OUTSIDE AID


NOTE, IN THE VENT ADDE, THE YERT MIST BE REHOVED.


## LIST OF SERVICEMEN

## ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR

BELCO INC.
10450 Shields
Oklahoma City, OK Phone 405/794-4435
CONTROL CONTRACTOR - BARBER COLEMAN CONTROL
R \& B Temperature Controls Inc.
7321 Broadway Estension
Oklahoma City, OK Phone 405/848-8573
HONEYWELL
Honeywell Service Line Center6600 N. Broadway ExtensionOklahoma City, OK Phone 405/848-2811
COLLECTOR HARDWARE
The Binkley CompanyBuilding Products DivisionWarrenton, Missouri 63383 Phone 314/456-3455
SOLAR CONTRACTOR
Solar Engineering \& Equipment Co. Inc.3305 Metairie RoadMetairie, Louisiana 70001 Phone 504/837-7313



Appendix A

$$
S O L A R \quad H E A T I N G
$$

DESIGN DRAMINGS
FOR

$$
\begin{array}{rl}
C O N C H O & S H O O L \quad B U I L D I N G \\
& E L ~ R E N O, ~ O K L A H O M A
\end{array}
$$

$$
\text { CONTRACT NAS } 832247
$$

SOLAR ENGINEERING \& EQUIPMENT CO. INC.
$\qquad$

INDEX OF DRAWINGS

| S-1 | Module Cross Section |
| :---: | :---: |
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[^0]:    -UB 115. SIM/KAR light fixture. Purchase from local distributor, or direct from SIM/KAR Lighting Fixture Co. Philadeiphia. Pa. 19134. Phone 215-425-7200.

